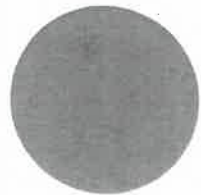


• UB/00283/

OIGT SOW



2/5/97

A

verklaar onder eed in Afrikaans

1.

Ek is n Adjudant Offisier in die Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie, verbonde aan die Veiligheidstak en gestasioneer te Piet Retief.

2.

Op 1985-11-28 en omstreeks 04h45 het ek patrolliediens verrig op die Piet Retief - Houdkop - Kemp pad.

3.

Ongeveer 8 kilometer vanaf Houdkop grenspos het ek n voertuig voor my in die pad opgemerk. Die voertuig het in dieselfde rigting beweeg as die waarin ek gereis het.

4.

Ek het terby die voertuig gery en aan die bestuurder die teken gegee om sy voertuig tot stilstand te bring.

5.

Die ander voertuig het stadiger beweeg en die volgende oomblik is daar vanuit die voertuig op my gevuur. Ek het vinniger gery terwyl die ander voertuig tot stilstand gebring is.

6.

Ek het hierop ook stilgehou, uitgespring en die vuur beantwoord. Die bestuurder van die ander voertuig het sy voertuig probeer terugdraai, maar het in n sloot langs die pad beland. Daar was steeds vanuit die voertuig op my gevuur.

7.

Drie swart mans het hierna uit die voertuig gespring met vuurwapens in hulle hande. Die drie het al skietende weg beweeg van die voertuig af en in die rigting van die Swaziland - R.S.A.-grens, wat ongeveer n kilometer vër is, beweeg.

8.

Ek het hierna met my voertuig na n plaaswoning daar naby gegaan om hulp te gaan ontbied aangesien dit duidelik was dat ek met terroriste te doen het.

9.

By die plaaswoning het ek vyf S.A. Weermag lede aangetref. Ek het n rapport aan die lede gemaak aangaande die skietvoorval waarop hulle radio kontak gemaak het met n ander groep van vyf Weermag lede wat ongeveer n kilometer vanaf die woning langs die grens aan diens was.

10.

n Gesamentlike soektog na die drie terroriste is toe van stapel gestuur. Naby die R.S.A./Swaziland grens het ons die drie terroriste weer opgemerk. Hulle het dadelik op ons gebin vuur en ons het die vuur beantwoord. Al drie terroriste is gedood.

11.

In die sak van die tweede terroris het ek n bewysboek Nr. 1-5485057-5 uitgereik ten gunste van Mandela Fakude met n foto

A.

van die oorlelene daarin gevind. Verder het ek een F1, een RGD 5 en een RGD 42 handgranate in sy sakke gevind. By die liggaam het ek ook 'n AK 47 geweer met twee vol en een leë magasyn gevind.

12.

Al die genoemde wapens, handgranate en dokumentasie het ek aan A/O Pienaar oorhandig en ek het ook die liggaam aan hom uitgaken.

13.

Ek het die liggaam na die lykshuis te Piet Retief vervoer en die liggaam het geen verdere beserings opgedoen nie.

14.

Ek is vertrouwd met die inhoud van die bostaande verklaring en begryp dit Ek het geen beswaar teen die aflê van die voorgeskrewe eed nie.

Ek beskou die voorgeskrewe eed as bindend op my geweté.

PIET RETIEF
1985-11-29
15h00

[Handwritten signature]
C.J. DOHA

Bostaande verklaring deur my geneem :

.....*[Signature]*.....
F.J. PIENAAR

[Faded stamp and text]
A/O.
1985. 11. 29.
Piet Retief
angestuur RSA en gelêd aan SWA.

FREDERIK JOHANNES PIENAAR
Suid-afrikaanse Politie.
Ratmaso gelow.
Piet Retief.

Verklaar onder eed in Afrikaans

1.
Ek is Nr 76217108BT n Korporaal in die Suid-Afrikaanse Weermag verbonde aan die Dan Pienaar Regiment wat tans grensdiens op die RSA/Swaziland grens te Amsterdam verrig.

2.
Op 1985-11-28 was ek in bevel van n seksie (5) manne wat observasie diens verrig het te Roburnia naby Houdkop grenspos.

3.
Omstreeks 04h45 het A/O C.J. Botha wie n lid van die Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie is by ons observasiepunt opgedaag. Hy het n rapport aan my gemaak.

4.
As gevolg van hierdie rapport het ek radio kontak gemaak met Korporaal W. Badenhorst wie ongeveer 1 kilometer vanaf my opunt ook n observasie punt gehad het. Ek het aan Korporaal Badenhorst n rapport gemaak.

5.
Ek en my seksie het hierna saam met A/O Botha in dié rigting van die Piet Retief/Houdkop/Kemp pad beweeg. Vanaf die grootpad het ons verder in die rigting van die RSA/Swaziland grens beweeg.

6.
Terwyl ons nader aan die grens beweeg het, het daar skielik skote voor ons begin klap. Ek het drie swart mans skuins voor ons opgemerk. Die swart mans was met gewere bewapen en hulle het op Korporaal Badenhorst se seksie gevuur. Ek het my seksie beveel om dekking te neem en om te vuur.

7.
Na n skietgeveg is al drie die swart mans gedood. Ek het gemerk dat al drie die swart mans met AK 47 gewere asook handgranate bewapen was.

8.
Ek is vertrouwd met die inhoud van die bostaande verklaring en begryp Ek het geen beswaar teen die aflê van die voorgeskrewe eed nie. Ek beskou die voorgeskrewe eed as bindend op my gewete.

PIET RETIEF
1985-11-29
14h00

.....
THEO JOHAN VICTOR

Bostaande verklaring deur my geneem :
F.J. PIENAAR

Pienaar
A/O.
1985.11.29. *Piet Retief*
Amptelike RSA en gebied van S.A.

FREDERIK JOHANNES PIENAAR
Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie.
Kalmaco gelow.
Piet Retief.

WILLEM DURAND BADENHORST

Verklaar onder eed in Afrikaans

1.

Ek is Nr. 80399272ET n Korporaal in die Suid-Afrikaanse Weermag verbonde aan die Dan Pienaar Regiment wat tans grensdiens op die R.S.A./Swaziland grens te Amsterdam verrig.

2.

Op 1985-11-28 was ek in bevel van n seksie (5) manne wat n observasiepos op die RSA/Swaziland grens te Roburnia beman het.

3.

Omtreeks 04h50 het ek n radio boodskap van Korporaal Victor ontvang aseok n rapport oor drie gewapende swart mans wat in die omgewing is.

4.

Ek het my seksie onttrek vanaf die observasiepunt en ons het in die rigting van die Piet Retief/Houdkop/Kemp pad beweeg.

5.

Nadat ek en my seksie alreeds n ent beweeg het, het ek drie gewapende swart mans voor ons opgemerk. Die swart mans moes ons ook gewaar het want hulle het onmiddellik dekking gesoek en op my en my seksie begin vuur.

6.

Ek het bevel gegee om terug te vuur. Op hierdie stadium het ek ook gemerk dat Korporaal Victor se seksie skuins van agter op die drie mans begin vuur. Al drie die swart mans is in die daaropvolgende skermutseling gedood.

7.

Na die skietgeveg het ek opgemerk dat elkeen van die swart mans gewapen was met AK 47 gewere en dat hulle ook handgranate gehad het.

8.

Indien die swart mans nie op my en my manne begin vuur het nie sou ek ook nie die vuurbevel gegee het nie.

9.

Ek is vertrouwd met die inhoud van die bostaande verklaring en begryp dit. Ek het geen beswaar teen die aflê van die voorgeskrewe eed nie. Ek beskou die voorgeskrewe eed as bindend op my gewete.

PIET RETIET
1985/11/29
14h30

W. Durand Badenhorst
.....
WILLEM DURAND BADENHORST

Bostaande verklaring deur my geneem : ... *P. J. Pienaar*
P.J. PIENAAR

<p>2. I certify that the contents of this statement are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.</p> <p><i>P. J. Pienaar</i></p> <p>Commissioner of Police</p> <p>1985-11-29</p> <p>Piet Retief</p>	<p>2. I certify that the contents of this statement are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.</p> <p><i>P. J. Pienaar</i></p> <p>Commissioner of Police</p> <p>1985-11-29</p> <p>Piet Retief</p>
---	---

F. J. Pienaar
Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie
Roburco gelow.
Piet Retief

Commissaris P.S.A. en die gebied van S.A.

VERHOOR

1.

Ek is n Adjutant Offisier in die Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie, verbinde aan die Veiligheidstak en gestasioneer te Piet Retief.

2.

Op 1985/11/28 het ek van A/O Botha die volgende wapens, ammunisie en handgranate ontvang : -

3 A1 47 gewere, 1 RFD (5) swaarloop masjiengeweer, 460 rondes ammunisie, 15 magasynne, 2 F1 handgranate, 1 RGD 42 handgranaat, 3 RGD 5 handgranate.

Al hierdie genoemde wapens en handgranate is afkomstig vanuit die Oos blok lande.

3.

Ek het ook 45 afgevuurde doppies op die toneel van die skermutseling gevind. Die hoë gras het egter die soektog bemoeilik.

4.

Die liggame van die drie swart mans is ook aan my uitgeken deur A/O Botha waarop ek die liggaam aan Konst Wepener uitgeken het as die van Mandla Fakude.

5.

Die oorledene is n bekende opgelicde lid van die verbode African National Congress en het sy opleiding in die buiteland gehad.

6.

Ek is vertrouwd met die inhoud van die bostaande verklaring en begryp dit.

Ek het geen beswaar teen die aflê van die voorgeskrewe eed nie. Ek beskou die voorgeskrewe eed as bindend pp my gewete.

PIET RETIEF
1985-11-29
15h00

.....
F J PIENAAR

Handwritten signature: *F. J. Pienaar*

Handwritten signature: *Piet Retief*

1985-11-29

Handwritten text: *Ampshalwe Rsn en die gebied van SWA.*

*Cornelius Johannes Retief
Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie
Ratmaco Gebou
Piet Retief*

REPORT BACK On THE EXHUMATION OF THREE MK CADRES WHO WERE KILLED ON 27TH NOVEMBER 1985 AND BURIED IN PIET RETIEF LOCATION CEMETERY

1. Richard B. Molokwane buried in Grave No. 1070
2. Vincent Sekete buried in Grave No. 1071
3. Victor Khayeyane buried in Grave No. 1072.

The exhumation date was as set for the 7th November 1997 and the parents of the deceased had already been notified and attended the exhumation on that day. The exhumation went very well. The Pathologist from Pretoria also attended because the TRC requested them also to be present during this exhumation.

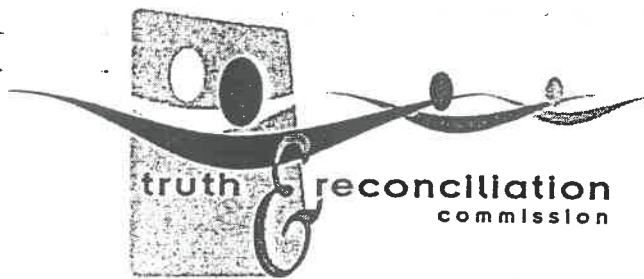
Premier Phosa, the speaker of the day, Ntsebeza, the Mayor of the Town Andries Gumedede, the Station Commander of Piet Retief Supt. Goosen, the Area Commissioner Brig. Alberts, the Executive Committee of Piet Retief and Mpumalanga also attended the exhumation which took place in Thandakhanya Cemetery.

The three deceased were buried under false names and during the exhumation in the grave of Richard B. Molokwane, Grave No. 1070, a pair of shoes were found which were identified by the deceased's brother as being those he bought for his brother before he left for Swaziland. He also had a photograph of his brother wearing the same shoes. In Grave No. 1072 of Victor Khayeyane, 1 shirt, 1 striped brown and yellow skipper and one blue overall which was identified by deceased's wife, mother and two children as belonging to him. Before the killing the wife stated that she even washed the overall and the skipper before he went away, this being the last time she saw these items of clothing and now again for the first time. After the exhumation the remaining bones were taken by Safas Undertakers, Mr du Toit, the Manager to Thandakhanya Community Hall for a memorial service the same day. The Memorial service was well attended by the community of Thandakhanya. There were more than 5 000 people who attended this. From there the remaining bones were taken by Mr du Toit to Safas Undertakers in Piet Retief.

Myself, Captain Malopo, the family and the ANC officials from Shell House, Masheko, Precious and Mmamosinge attended a meeting in Safas offices where a date was set for the reburial of the three deceased. Victor is going to be reburied in Bethal on 22nd November 1997, Richard and Vicent will be reburied in Soweto on 29th November 1997.

The TRC are requested to pay the R2 500,00 to the families for this reburial. I requested them to come to the office because until now I do not know to whom the cheque is to be made payable to.

TRC will not be involved in this reburial. Our work has been successfully completed.



PO Box 1158
Johannesburg
2000
Tel : (011) 333-6330
Fax : (011) 333-4808

21st October 1997

The Premier of Mpumalanga
Fax : (013) 755-2613

Dear Sir

Permission is hereby requested to exhume the bodies of 3 MK soldiers who were killed on 28/11/1985 by the Security Police of Piet Retief and buried in Thandakokhanya cemetery.


The names of the deceased are as follows:


1. Richard B. Molokwane was buried in grave no. 1070
2. Vincent Sekete was buried in grave no. 1071
3. Victor Khayeyane was buried in grave no. 1072

The exhumation date will be 7/11/1997. The parents of the deceased have already been notified of this.

Can permission for the above please be faxed by return.

Yours faithfully


ADV. A. STEENKAMP
Chief Investigator
Investigation Unit - Gauteng


CAPTAIN F. MOLAPO
Investigator
Investigation Unit - Gauteng

BARNEY MOLOKOANE & ORS 2/9/97
Born 27/8/1957 Died 27/11/1985

Sometimes in December 1985, my home
4-07 Tladi received a telegram from
-usaka reporting the death of Barney
Molokoane, who had since disappeared in
1976. What followed thereafter was unending
visits by a convoy of police who would
search for Barney and they impounded his
reference book at John Vorster Square,
and they pleaded with us if we see Barney
we must inform them, we just made empty
promises to do that, and we never told
them anything about Barney.

Then in 1986 a painstaking consultation
process began with Priscilla Jana who is
an attorney, she was assisted by Richard
Spoor. I used to go at their office almost
daily during lunch times. After some times
a breakthrough was achieved in Middleburg
Priscilla Jana referred us to the attorney in
Middleburg who in turn was to present us
to a Colonel Visser. Mr Visser tried his
utmost to be difficult and rude to us, trying
hard to persuade us that the Corpses we
were to identify were not those we were
looking for. But we kept insisting that Priscilla
Jana had said the Corpses were there. Eventually
Mr Visser spread three photos on the table,
all three different parents identified their
photos, and Visser was disappointed. The
only difference was the names accompanying
these photos were strange names unknown
to us.

Then Mr Visser told us to go back to our attorney Priscilla Tana, she would inform us where the bodies were buried. After some brief spell three Comrades' graves were traced in Piet Retief, as the attached document indicates at the cemetery of a small locality called Thanda ku Khanya. Graves numbers 1070, 1071, and 1072 respectively. The alleged deceased were Barney Molokoone, Victor Chayiyana and Vincent Sekete. The Curtains has fallen on them. These reminds me of the oldswana adage "Lebitla la monna le tse theko ga tsela," The least we did as Barney's parents we organised a bus and family members, slaughtered an ox and visited the graves we also invited the Vincent Sekete's family to join us. The photos I have now is the visible testimony of our debut at the graves.

My Cornern to the T.R.C, is based on the surviving Comrades that were travelling in a other vehicle with Barney and Co, before they died. I am told by my uncle Mathew Semelane of 17 Mzimoni Township Bethel that before Sasol at Secunda was sabotaged by Barney and his six Comrades. They slept at his place and Barney was in Command of the operation. Two vehicles were used, each vehicle ferried three occupants, amongst those who survived there is a guy called Faku Senzakakhona, he is now a Colonel in the SANDF.

These Faku man I am made to understand has been provided with hospitality by Mathew at Bethal and Swaziland many times during their most dangerous operations with Barney and other. To this day ~~faku~~ has not even made a brotherly gesture of "ubuntu" to thank my uncle Mathews Semelane or just to see Barney's family face to face and tell a story what went wrong in that botched up operation. Incidentally Mathews Semelane daughter Nokuthula Semelane disappeared in South Africa during 1983 from Swaziland to date we don't know what happened to her. Barney Molokoane family and Semelanes have been crippled by a double tragedy. After the unbanning of the A.N.C we entertained hope from Faku to help trace Nokuthula but all in vain.

In my closing may I attach a copy of a report that details the events of that fateful day. This report was signed by the following Cornelius J. Botha, Theo J. Victor, Willem W. Badenhorst, Frederik J. Pienaar, Hendrik F. Wepers and Johannes Van Z. Kotze. I presume these are the security officers who could tell the TRC more

(3)

Why Barney's vehicle was overtaken and forced to stop by the Security police?
Was there any tip-off from some collabors?
Was Barney's unit infiltrated?
Whilst I was reading through the City Press of September 1, 1996 my eye caught something of interest which might help TRC with their investigations.

JJ Frederick Pienaar features in Barney's and Co. Report. Check these man up about Barney's mysterious deaths. Hoping that the remains of Barney and his comrades will also be exhumed in consultation with family members for a decent reburial.

phoko Molokwane (brother) Tel 371 3900
Iuy Dladla (mother) Home 980 6920

DIETLOF OLMESDAHL & BOTHA

DIETLOF SIEGFRIED MARÉ OLMESDAHL
ANDRIES STEPHANUS BOTHA B.A.

Prokureurs — Attorneys
Notaries — Notaries
Akteur — Ardigers — Conveyancers
Waardeerders — Appraisers
(Attorneys — Swaziland)

14 BÖHMER CENTRE / BÖHMERSENTRUM 14
DE WETSTRAAT / STREET
Tel. "DEAS"

(01343)
2171/2
2376

29
&
136

Piet Retief
2380
TRANSSVAAL

Verw. Mr. Olmesdahl/EvD.
Ref.....
U Verw.
Your Ref.....

25th March, 1986.

Ms Priscilla Jana,
P.O. Box 61875,
JOHANNESBURG
2000.

4/4/86

Madam,

re: RICHARD MOLOKWANE & ORS.

We confirm our further telephonic advice to the effect that the security police have now advised us that they have traced the bodies of the deceased and that they are to be found in Thandakukanya cemetery, Piet Retief, which falls under the control of the local Administration Board.

The grave numbers are 1070, 1071 and 1072.

We trust this will assist you.

Yours faithfully,
DIETLOF OLMESDAHL & BOTHA.

P.S. Molokwane in 1072
Sekete in 1071
Khayigane in 1070.

POST OFFICE TELEGRAPHS

This form and envelope should accompany any enquiry

POST OFFICE

This form and envelope should

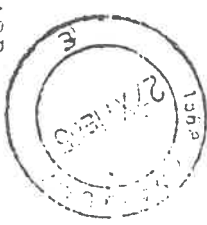
NNNN
74229B KXU SA

COL 1407 31791 219656/7

WE REGRET TO INFORM YOU OF THE UNTIMELY DEATH OF RICHARD
MOLOKOANE NEAR PEIT RETIEF. PLEASE ACCEPT OUR HEARTFELT
CONDOLENCES. FOR FURTHER DETAILS CONTACT BOX 31791 LUSAKA
ZAMBIA TEL. 219656/7.
ALFREDJNZO

MRS MOLOKOANE
1407 TLADI LOCATION BOX
KMAKUMA / JOHANNESBURG RSA

12/27 1122
ZCZC ATX217 LUJ174 TXR659
SAJX CO ZALU 044
LUSAKA 44/42 27 1000



Further dirty deeds named

By DESMOND BLOW

THE SPECIAL police squad led by Colonel Ivor Human, which is investigating hit squad activities, has other evidence against Eugene De Kock which was not included in the 121 counts brought against him in his trial.

The evidence includes two massacres of eight young ANC and Indian Congress Party exiles who were enticed back to South Africa from Swaziland and were shot dead in ambushes near Piet Retief.

Attorney General Jan D'Olivier is expected to charge a number of policemen involved in the two incidents once the De Kock matter is disposed of.

On Friday Leslie Kobanhra Naidu, brother of one of the victims, Surenda "Lenny" Naidu (22), told the Truth Commission in Durban that he believed his brother was murdered in cold blood by De Kock, C-10 unit member Almond Butane Nofomela and

Warrant Officer Frederick Pienaar and others.

He said a two-year inquest that returned the verdict that police could not be held responsible for the death of his brother and the others was a fraud.

"The police were not only murderers but also thieves," he said.

He said his brother was carrying a large amount of money at his death and was wearing gold jewellery - none of which was forwarded by police to his family.

Pienaar, who was mentioned by the brother, was originally charged with De Kock for the abduction and assault - and eventual murder - of Japie Maponya.

The Attorney General withdrew the charge, but is likely to reimpose it when he brings further charges against Pienaar and other policemen, including charges relating to the two Piet Retief incidents.

Naidu, a member of the Indian Congress Party, was one of four young Durban people who were

shot to death in a car on June 8, 1988 in the first incident. In the second incident four days later another four were killed in a similar manner.

Those killed in the first incident were Naidu, Nontsikelelo Cotozo (25), Makhosi Nyoka (25) and Lindiwe Mthembu (21).

Those killed in the second incident were also from Durban: Boxer Joseph Mtembu (28), Jabulani Sibisi (28), Bruce Nkositlhi Thenjwayo (22), and Sififo Nxumalo.

At an inquest into the first incident at Piet Retief in 1990, evidence was given that none of the four young people were armed when they were ambushed and Advocate Marumo Moerane, who represented the family of some of the victims, read a press report in which two former police constables in Piet Retief, Theuns Grobler and James Stevens, described the eight bodies when they were brought into the police station as looking

state hit squads - was incorrect.

On Friday the ANC welcomed the guilty judgment in the De Kock case, but said the judgment and the evidence led during the trial challenged the veracity of claims made by De Kock that his involvement

like "chicken wire," because they were so riddled with bullets. Grobler said that in the second incident a sergeant had told him that a young woman had jumped out of the vehicle and screamed "Please Nkosi, please!" but she had been shot dead.

In the first incident 49 bullet holes were counted in the body of the car alone. This did not account for the bullets that shattered the windows of the car and those that missed.

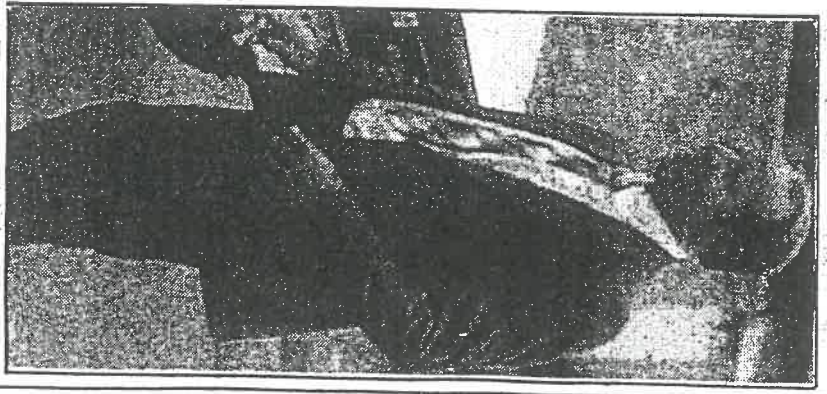
Branch security officer Warrant Officer Pienaar, denied to the inquest court that the police had wanted to kill the suspects and not arrest them.

He also denied that the police had placed firearms in the car after the massacre.

De Kock, who led the raid, admitted to the inquest court that he had personally pulled the trigger of his Uzi sub-machine gun nine times.

could not talk, and blew his body up so he could not be identified. De Kock and his men then shared the money paid by the police for the information that led to their prevention. The inquest court said that the information was

and of teargassing him in his mouth, but he was not found guilty of his murder.



ACCUSED... Warrant Officer Frederick Pienaar.

The judge also found that General Krappies Engelbrecht, then chief of SAP Criminal Intelligence Services, had played a role in the

IT HAD to Khumalo a high-profile to wake up In the afterslaying of K dead in Ork four men h police comm has been g once more. He has s plans to de ing away at include beef spontaneous blocks, firm man and so The sad well-meant a all been said Promises crime wave: past - and MEC for Salsic Duarte, ir top of the pre like this is th By Friday, evidence of l lice and arm to blitz Gaut However, increased nu

De Kock to tell all

By DESMOND BLOW

HIT-SQUAD-murderer Eugene de Kock, who was found guilty of 189 crimes this week, "will spill the beans and name names" of senior police officers who were aware of

The former Vlakplaas commander feels he has nothing to lose and is angry because he has had to carry the can alone so far. This was confirmed by his counsel, Flip Hattingh, shortly after the

On Friday the ANC welcomed the guilty judgment in the De Kock case, but said the judgment and the evidence led during the trial challenged the veracity of claims made by De Kock that his involvement

could not talk, and blew his body up so he could not be identified. De Kock and his men then shared the money paid by the police for the information that led to their prevention. The inquest court said that the information was

and of teargassing him in his mouth, but he was not found guilty of his murder.

IT HAD to Khumalo a high-profile to wake up In the afterslaying of K dead in Ork four men h police comm has been g once more. He has s plans to de ing away at include beef spontaneous blocks, firm man and so The sad well-meant a all been said Promises crime wave: past - and MEC for Salsic Duarte, ir top of the pre like this is th By Friday, evidence of l lice and arm to blitz Gaut However, increased nu

Is named

On June 8, ...
tent.
ent four days
re killed in a
first incident
celelo Cozoza
ka (25) and
1).

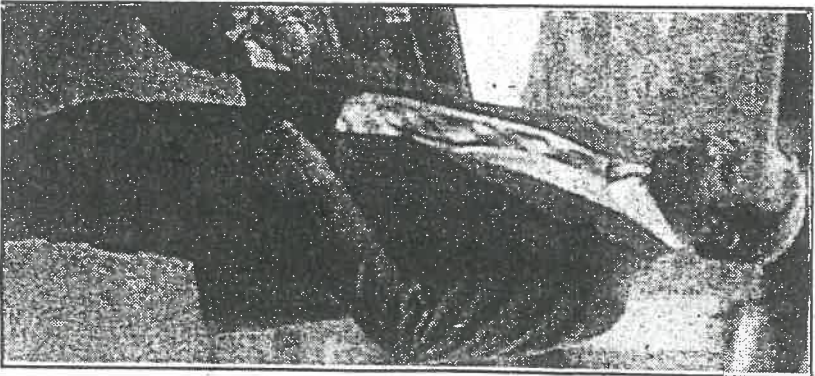
like "chicken wire," because they were so riddled with bullets.
Grobler said that in the second incident a sergeant had told him that a young woman had jumped out of the vehicle and screamed "Please Nkosi, please!" but she had been shot dead.

In the first incident 49 bullet holes were counted in the body of the car alone. This did not account for the bullets that shattered the windows of the car and those that missed.

Branch security officer Warrant Officer Pienaar, denied to the inquest court that the police had wanted to kill the suspects and not arrest them.

He also denied that the police had placed firearms in the car after the massacre.

De Kock, who led the raid, admitted to the inquest court that he had personally pulled the trigger of his Uzi sub-machine gun nine times.



ACCUSED ... Warrant Officer Frederick Pienaar.

Hotel ally

could not talk, and blew his body up so he could not be identified.

De Kock and his men then shared the money paid by the police for the information that led to them mentioning the hotel ally.

and of teargassing him in his mouth, but he was not found guilty of his murder.

The judge also said that General Kruppies Engelbrecht, then

We've all got to say 'no' to it

By CHARLES MOGALE
Assistant Editor



IT HAD to take the death of Pro Khumalo and a couple of other high-profile persons for the police to wake up to the reality of crime.

In the aftermath of the senseless slaying of Khumalo, who was shot dead in Orlando East, Soweto, by four men hijacking his Jetta car, police commissioner George Fivaz has been galvanised into action once more.

He has spelled out some lavish plans to deal with this cancer eating away at our community, which include beefing up the manpower, spontaneous and increased road-blocks, firing uninterested policemen and so on.

The sad thing about Fivaz's well-meant approach is that it has all been said and heard before.

Promises to crack down on the crime wave have been made in the past - and although Gauteng MEC for Safety and Security, Jesse Duarte, insists the police are on top of the problem, it does not look like this is the case.

By Friday, there was hardly any evidence of the "hundreds" of police and army personnel called in to blitz Gauteng.

However, we do not only need

me - and yourself - into trouble."

Once, in the United States, I had the experience to see our escort lose his temper when a fellow traveller from somewhere in north Africa innocently threw a cigarette stub on the pavement.

"You will get locked up if you do this!" he warned hysterically.

Back home in South Africa, it is hardly surprising to see a man urinating against an electric pole in full view of the public. South Africans think nothing of opening the window of a moving car and throwing chicken bones out.

By conditioning, we ignore the chicken bones. We ignore things thrown out of windows, and only start yelling when people throw their girlfriends out of high-rise windows.

We ignore "petty" crime such as littering, and only start raising eyebrows when so-called squatters move into our neighbourhoods.

Abused women and children are thrown out of police station charge offices because the usual attitude is that the police will not interfere in "family affairs". When the same perpetrators start knocking society in general, we start moaning.

We ignore taxi drivers who overload their unroadworthy vehicles, and drive well into the night with-

Ca ne by

CALDOON
vourite at 2
but convince
R75 000 N
cap run o
Turffontein
Trained
Steward Pe
stable jocke
doone again
esis of Flyir
off as the fa
to settle for
The ten ri
start and ti
Express soo
favourite F
two were fi
charlie and
of third last
the price.
Marrakesh
field into t
straight but

GEREGTELIKE DOODSONDERSOEK: WET 58 VAN 1959
INQUEST: ACT 58 OF 1959

Gehou te Held at PIET RETIEF in die distrik in the district of PIET RETIEF
voor by A.P. MARAIS Landdros van genoemde distrik en Magistrate for the said district
met with as assessor(e) op die 11de dag as assessor(s) on the 11th day
van Desember 1985 aangaande die omstandighede in verband met die dood van ondergenoemde persoon.
of into the circumstances attending the death of the person mentioned below.

Bevindings ingevolge artikel 16 van die Wet:
Findings in terms of section 16 of the Act:

- (a) Identiteit van die oorledene Identity of the deceased person: MANDLA FANUDE Swartman 30 jaar, Id. No. 1-5485057-5
(Meld volle naam, ras, geslag, ouderdom en beroep/State full name, race, sex, age and occupation)
- (b) Datum van sterfgeval Date of death: 28.11.1985
- (c) Oorsaak of waarskynlike oorsaak van dood Cause or likely cause of death: Skok met bloeding as gevolg van skietwonde opgedoen in 'n skermutseling met SAP en SAW.
- (d) Of die dood veroorsaak is deur 'n handeling of versuim, wat 'n misdryf aan die kant van iemand insluit of uitmaak Whether the death was brought about by any act or omission involving or amounting to an offence on the part of any person: Nee.

Datum 11.12.1985.
Date

Wnde. Landdros/Magistrate

OPMERKINGS.—1. Artikel 16 (3) van die Wet bepaal dat indien die Landdros nie in staat is om enige van die bevindings hierbo vermeld aan te teken nie, hy dié feit moet boekstaaf.
NOTE.—1. Section 16 (3) of the Act provides that if the Magistrate is unable to record any of the findings set out above he shall record that fact.

2. Wanneer die notule van verrigtinge ingevolge artikel 18 (1) van die Wet aan 'n regter voorgelê word, moet die prosedure voorgeskryf in paragraaf 12 van die Kode Geregte Like Doodsondersoeke gevolg.
12 of the code "Geregte Like Doodsondersoeke" should be followed.

DIE PROKUREUR-GENERAAL
THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL

Ingevolge artikel 17 (1) van die Wet op Geregte Like Doodsondersoekte, 1959 (Wet 58 van 1959), word die notule van verrigtinge hiermee voorgelê.
In terms of section 17 (1) of the Inquests Act, 1959 (Act 58 of 1959), I submit herewith the record of proceedings.

Datum
Date

Landdros/Magistrate

Die stukke gaan hiermee terug vir liassering. My verwysingsnommer is
The record is returned herewith for filing. My reference number is

Datum
Date
Certified a true copy of the Original
in Gewaarmerkte Afskrif van die Oorspronklike
CLERK OF THE COURT
KLERK VAN DIE GEREKTE

Hoofklerk van die Prokureur-generaal
Chief Clerk to the Attorney-General

VERSKYNNINGS INGEVOLGE ARTIKEL 11 VAN DIE WET
APPEARANCES IN TERMS OF SECTION 11 OF THE ACT

As Staatsaanklaer:
As Public Prosecutor:

en
and

namens
on behalf of

Die volgende beëdigde verklarings is ingevolge artikel 13 (1) van die Wet toegelaat:
The following affidavits were admitted in terms of section 13 (1) of the Act:

CORNELIUS J. BOTHA A

THEO J. VICTOR B

WILLEM D. BADEHORST C

* FREDERIK J. PIENAAR * E & E.

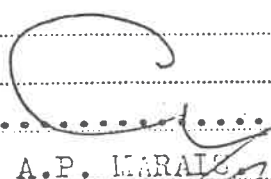
HENDRIK F. WEPENER F

JOHANNES VAN Z. KOTZÉ G & H.

Die volgende mondelinge getuienis is afgeleë:
The following oral evidence was adduced:

Op 11.12.1985.

Geen verskynings namens naasbestaandes.



A.P. MARAIS
Wnde. Landdros.

11.12.85.