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\* 1987 NEW YEAR MESSAGE

THE EDUCATION DEBATE - OUR VIEW

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accessarily coincide with those of the Black Consciousness Movement of Azania.

BOMA UK Region, SM Bez 4830 LOMBON, WCLN 3XX

# AZANIA

# **Black Consciousness Movement**



CDE MOSIBUDI MANGENA Chairperson B.C.M. (A)

Comrades and Compatriots 1

The revolutionary upsurge at the Aganian people has reached such mighty proportions that both the white racist settlers and their impenalist backers are reeling under its pressure. The white settler-colonialists are worned about their substantial properties as well as their life and limb. The western impenalist powers on the other hand are extremely nervous about the future of their massive economic investments in our country. That's why the Boers and their impenalist masters are plotting day and highly against our revolution. They are making some nice-sounding pronouncements which suggest they have sympathy for our cause. In fact, their only desire is to blunt our revolutionary teal and abort our revolution.

This is the time to be vigilant so that no one cheats us of the victory we deserve. Our courage, determination and sacrifices of the past should not be allowed to amount to nothing. The pain we experienced from the enemy's teargas, sneeze machines, siamboks, guns, etc. should not have been in vain. The blood of our martyrs — the Tiro's, Monapi's, Biko's, Shezi's, Peterson's and many others shot in the ghetto streets by the murderous army and police of the Pretoria racist regime — should not have been shed in vain. We owe them and ourselves complete victory. Let us therefore be firm and steadfast until final victory.

Power and Solidarity!

Victory is Certain!

# A-Statement of Reaffirmation

The B.C.M. (A) cadreship, ardently committed to the revolutionary antional liberation war of the black Azanian masses, in the form of a people's war; firmly based on the principle of self-reliance and resolutely upholding the right of the Azznian masses to self-determination; thoroughly schooled and trained in the theoretical, ideological, organisational, operational and military sauthods of scientific socialism and imbued with a burning spirit to liberate Azznia; stubbornly opposed to colonialism and neo-colonialism, zionism, suction and fascism, capitalism and imperialism, declares that:

- It is very clear to everybody that in the long search for a probable lasting solution to the major contradiction posed by a situation of racist settlercolonialism in Azznia, all the other methods have proved clusive and totally futile;
- 2. The granting of unlimited powers of search, arrest, torture and execution to the blood-thirsty bandit army of occupation, under the pretext of the so-called declaration of the state of emergency, is the final crowning testimony to, and an affirmation of, the optroctness of the assessment and conclusion that armed struggle, in the form of a people's war, is the only way, out remaining for the Azansan masses;
- '3. Since the racist settler-colonialists are not alone, but are sided, abbetted and propped up by their predetory imperialist affies and masters as led by the USA and UE in this case, in their perpetration of heinous and berbarous crimes, not only against the black Azanian masses but also against the peoples of independent frontine states; apart from declaratory oratory, the situation now calls for the most concerted, determined and concrete display of francesal solidarity and militant strategic afficance not only of the peoples of Southern Africa alone but of the whole progressive anti-colonial and anti-imperialist forces of the world.

4. And to all those who eye our country covetously, those who see in it only the so-called geographic, mineral and military strategic importance we says Azama is not a prostitute!

### In these circumstances

- (a) We call upon all the revolutionary Azanian masses in their respective mass organisations to, continue torusmask and overwhelmingly oppose, reject, frustrase and wreck all reforming, revisionist and reactionary inclusionist schemes designed to side-step the resolution of the fundamental contradiction in Azania, the contradiction posed by the existence of racist settler-colonialism which is nothing site but at naked national question through and through;
- (b) We call upon all the sections of the Azanian masses to rally firmly around the black working class, the vanguard of the Azanian revolution as it strengthens its organisational formations, tightens its discipline and heightens its vigilance in preparation for the intensification of the political and economic bettles geared at a single goal — the conquest of political power by the black working class;
- (c) We call upon all the sections of the oppressed Azanian masses to participate exclusionizally and assist in every possible way in advancing the Azanian people's revolutionary war; the young workers and students should come up in their millions to swell the ranks of the Azanian National Liberation Army there is room for all because it is the people's war! others must contribute in ever so many ways.

We are resolute and confident that we shall completely smash the racist settler-colonial regime and frustress the imperialists' wild imaginations and machinations about our country.

Forward with the revolutionary Azznian National Liberation War!

Phambile as BCM(A)!

Phambile as AZANLA forces!

Azania ke ya rosa!

BLACKMAN, YOU ARE ON YOUR OWN!

"Courades and Patriots, Revolutionary Greetings!

Show more we can look back to an eventful year in the Azanian revolution. Shows twists and turns we vitnessed in the past year provide us with invaluable experiences and lessons for the road ahead. As we look forward to the dawning of 1987, we should spare a moment to look back at those events of the past year which will play a role in shaping our struggle in the future. We should assess our actions as well as those of the enemy in order that we may correct our mistakes and sharpen our methods and means of struggle in the future.

### EDUCATION

As in previous years, the Black Educational scene has continued to be intensely linked to the other struggles of the people. Several areas of urban Black concentration have not seen lengthy periods of school life. if any at all. In its desperation, the racist regime has resorted to closing schools in the affected areas, and leaving students and teachers We all know that no single aspect of the struggle can in the streets. find a solution to its problems which is independent of the overall solution of our political problems. The problems that Black students, teachers, nurses, pensioners, workers and other interest groups experience derive from our political oppression by the racist, settler-colonia; minority regime. The solutions to all these problems will come through the totality of revolutionary action by our people in all spheres of our experience and occupation. It cannot be the workers alone, or the students alone or any other single class or group on its own, who will bring about our national emancipation. The racist regime must therefore not be allowed to close Black schools and deny our children education. similarly not be allowed to close hospitals, churches or any other service - cultural or social institutions - which serve our people in one way It should therefore, be our aim to have students back in or another. school in the new year. Once there, the students should work hard to acquire basic skills, and continue to mobilise for liberation just as the workers are mobilising in the factories, mines, farms etc. Getting our students back to school must be a significant factor in the strategy and tactics we adopt in the new year.

# BANCTIONS

There is no doubt that the campaign to mobilise the international commumity to impose economic sanctions on the racist white minority is gaining momentum. The Mon-Aligned Movement, the Commonwealth, the European Economic Community and many individual countries have all decided to impose

sanctions in one form or another on the Pretoria regime. This does not mean that the world is only now awakening to the evils of the obnoxious Apartheid system which has brutalised our people for many years. To the Boers, the imposition of sanctions is even more perplexing because they think and say they are in the process of moving away from some of the crudest aspects of their inhuman policies. We know, however, that Barclays Bank, Eodak, General Motors, IBM and other multinational corporstions are pulling out of Azania because we have intensified our struggle for liberation to such an extent that they no longer sleep soundly at night. We know that their pious declarations against Apartheid are hypocritical. They have quietly taken advantage of the oppressive system to exploit our people for decades and accumulated massive super-profits. Had we not dared to struggle, they would not be pulling out. Our brothers and sisters in the Pront-Line States, taking into account the intensifying campaign, have been urgently working on plane to lessen the inter-dependence of their economies with that of the racist regime. A particular area of activity has been the development of alternative transport routes for the land-locked Pront-Line States of Botswana, Zambia and Zimbabwe. The racist Boers did not take kindly to this and, in part this produced the desperation that propelled them to murder President Samora Machel of Mozambique. The racists had probably calculated that the assassination of Comrade Machel would produce absolute chaos in Mozasbique, which would in turn render the use of Mozambican ports and transport routes impossible. That has clearly proved to have been a miscalculation. The assassination has cemented the unity of the people in the Front-Line States and strengthed their collective resolve to defeat every evil machination the racist Pretoria regime might raise against them. But the new lesson the death of Cde Machel has brought home to us is that the racist Boers are prepared to go to the extent of murdering the leader of an independent state if they believe that the act would be in the interest of their oppressive Thus, nobody is safe in Southern Africa until the iniquitous white minority regime in Pretoria is destroyed. The noble duty to rid our country and our region of the racist menace is ours, and we shall honourably perform that duty.

### ATTACES ON BCH

A section of the Azanian liberation movement has embarked on an unfortunate campaign to violently liquidate the BCM component of the liberation movement. To this end, scarce limpet mines, hand grenades, guns and other weapons have been employed in attacks on BCM militants, their relatives and homes. As a result, parents and children of BCM activists have been abducted and murdered, tortured and mutilated. Houses have been burnt down with people inside and in some cases subjected to the notorious

"nesting". The BCN is a product of the Azanian revolution. To try to till it is to try to till the Azanian revolution, and that will not succeed. The Boers have tried for many years to till the BCM. They have benned some of its mass organisations in 1977 and tilled many of its prominent activists such as Steve Biko, Abram Tiro, Mapetla Mohapi, Mthuli ta Shezi and bundreds of others, buttheir attempts failed to till the BCM. Even this attempt by a section of the liberation movement will fail. We appeal to this section of the liberation movement to stop this campaign before it is too late.

UNITY

The BCR has always stood for maximum unity and solidarity in the ranks of the oppressed. It is even more important at this stage of our revolution that we close ranks so that we may maximise our efforts and confront the enemy more effectively. Therefore, it is essential that all genuine organisations of the people, irrespective of ideological differences, be mobilised against the racist, settler-colonial regime. Unity, as a fundamental principle of struggle, should be pursue; by all genuine revolutionaries. For the sake of unity, all parochial sectional tendencies must be avoided.

AZAMIAN MATICHAL LIBERATION ARMY 'AZAMLA'

In the past year, the AZANLA forces have worked and fright well alongside the people. They will be aiming to intensify and expand their revolutionary activities in the dawning 1987. We commend them to those of our people who have not yet had occasion to interact with them, for the AZANLA forces are a true army of the people, desirated to nothing but service to the revolutionary goals of the AZANLAN people. The AZANLA forces will go into combat with the enemy, and will shun black-on-black violence. They will respect the community, respect elders in the community, foster respect by the young for their parents and combat any ill-treatment of the community for whatever reason or purpose. Let us all, therefore, join hands with the AZANLA forces and march together towards the final victory and the dawn of ouranti-racist socialist AZANIA.

V1va B.C.M.(A)!

Vive AZAMLA forces!

Pambili no manyano!

Phanei ne Botha-Halan Junta!

Phanei ne Bantustan quislings!

Phanei ne Black-on-Black Violence! ..

Azania ke ya Rona!!

# MOSIBUDI MANGENA

Chairperson

# SAMORA MACHEL



# STATEMENT ON THE DEATH OF COMRADE SAMORA MACHEL, POUNDER PRESIDENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF MOZAMBIQUE.

Comrade Samora Machel, President of PRELIMO and of the People's Republic of Mozambique is dead. The vast majority of grief-stricken and angry people in Southern Africa are pointing an educated accusing finger at the immoral and inhuman raciets in Pretoria. Indeed, indications are that it would be surprising if the Boers did not have a direct and physical hand in the crash. Let us consider the following:

- Por a few weeks before the crash, racist Magnus Malan, the man in charge of the murderous Pretoria army had been issuing menacing threats against Mozambique and Cde Machel personally.
- Shortly before the crash, the authorities in Moszambique had announced the discovery of plans to assassinate Cde Machel.
- 3. The purpose of the trip to Zambia which Cde Machel had undertaken on that fateful day, was to continue attempts on the part of the front-line states to reduce economic dependence on racist South Africa. That certainly brushes Pretoria's hair in the wrong direction.
- by radar from as far as Zimbabwe air space. The plane would certianly have been watched even more closely when it turned away from the direction of Maputo and entered the South African air space. Yet the Boers pretend to have been unaware of the plane crashing on the South African soil until they were notified by the Mbuzini villagers.
- 5. It is reported that on arrival at the scene of the crash, the Boers were unconcerned about the injured passengers. Instead they were eagerly grabbing briefcases and the documents they contained.
- 6. The raciete took an amazing nine hours to inform the Mozambicans about the crash. What were they doing during these nine hours'
- 7. Why did the plane turn away from Maputo towards South Africa? Could it be that the Boers manipulated the plane electronically as has been suggested? Most probably!

Denials by the Pretoria regime of involvement in the plane crash means mothing. They have not often been known to tell the truth in the past. Their denial of ownership of the MMR bandits illustrates this point. It is compellingly clear that the cowardly murder of Cde Machel and his entourage is part and parcel of the Pretoria regime's destabilisation campaign against Mozambique in particular and Southern Africa in general.

The Boers in Pretoris are vile, evil and filthy.

The trial and tribulations of the great people of Mozambique seem to know no end. For the last twenty years they have continuously fought three wars - their war of liberation, the war against the white settlers in the then Rhodesia and now the continuing war against the Pretoria sponsored HOR bandits. Matural disasters such as drought and flood combined with wars to intensify the difficulties of the people of Mozambique. Now President Machel dies at a time when the Pretoria regime is intensifying the war against the people of Mozambique through its bandits. We hope and trust that the heroic people of Mozambique will continue to evince the strenght and resilience which were their hallmark in the past. We urge them to wipe the tears from their grieving eyes as quickly as possible so that they do not blur their vision of the road ahead. We hope they will not only overcome the immediate difficulties caused by the untimely death of their eminent President, but that they will emerge stronger than ever before to vanquish all their enemies, especially the faceless Pretoria directed bandits.

### INTENSIFY THE STRUGGLE

The tragic and untimely death of Cde Samora Machel has once more reinforced the fact that no one in Southern Africa is safe and free as long as the racist monster exists in Pretoria. The people of Azania, with support from their brothers and sisters in Southern Africa, must intensify the atruggle to liquidate the white racist settler-colonial regime in Pretoria. Let the people of Southern Africa unite to sweep the racist filth from their area.

Fower and Solidarity!

Aluta Continua!!

# STOP PRESS

We congratulate the people and government of Mozambique and their ruling party, PRELIMO, for the rapid solution of the problem of finding a new President and national leader to replace comrade Machel. Comrade Joschim Chimano, the new President, is a veteran of all the phases of the struggle Mozambique has gone through since the early 1960's. He also led the interim government that ran Modambique between the collapse of the Portuguese Colonial regime in 197% and the founding of the People's Republic of Mozambique in June 1975. He has subsequently been Mozambique's Poreign Affairs Minister for the past eleven years.

# THE EDUCATION DEBATE - OUR VIEW

the theory of scientific socialism consistently teaches us that, when we look at any phenomenon, whether big or small, we must always see and appreciate the difference between the thing itself in its entirety and the parts that make it up; it teaches us to carefully study the inner composition and workings of the thing itself and its relationship with other things outside of it. In short, our approach towards things, be they animate or inanimate, must be broad, objective and all-sided as opposed to a narrow, biased and one-sided approach. This is the scientific method of approach to and solution of problems. Using this method, we shallnow proceed to look at the question of the so called national educational crisis.

Is there a "national educational crisis" prevailing in the country today. In our view, a national educational crisis can be said to obtain when the following basic conditions prevail:

- 1. When the preponderant majority (if not all) of the student and pupil population rejects Bantu Education to the extent that they refuse to go to school unless and until the present hated system of education has been scrapped and replaced by another;
- 2. When the vast majority of the teachers refuse to continue in the employ of the present authorities not only because they support the students but mainly because they themselves are convinced that the system must go and are therefore committed to the struggle for its complete and thorough destruction;
- 3. When the overwhelming majority of the suffering masses understand the nature of the problem of education and link it with the other social problems facing them and therefore actively and consciously support and encourage the students in their struggles;
- 4. When the oppressors have completely lost the initiative in the matter and it has become abundantly clear to them that there is very little, if anything at all, they can do about the matter.

In a word, we can only talk about a national educational crisis when the system has been rendered unworkable. Since these main conditions have not yet been fulfilled, we therefore categorically and correctly aver that there is no national educational crisis prevailing in the country today. Before we part our lips to solemnly proclaim a "national educational crisis", before we hastily establish a National Education Crisis Committee and self-righteously declare it the sole and authentic representative of the grievance of these students, we must first seriously strive for the fulfulment of these conditions.

And more, viewed from the standpoint of the country as a whole, it is as clear as noonday, even unto a simpleton, that the school boycotts are sporadic and not concerted throughout the country. Such is the case in each of the four provinces: In the OPS as a whole there are no sustained boycotts; in the Cape Province, such concerted boycotts are only limited to Port Elizabeth and the surrounding small towns, even there, this does not apply to all the schools; in Matal the boycotts were mainly confined to Umlazi and Pietermaritzburg; in the Transvaal one cannot speak about any sustained and concerted school boycotts except for a few schools in Soweto and Mamelodi. This bird's-eye-view of the country clearly shows that there exist no grounds at all for any sane person to talk about a "national educational crisis" in the country let alone the establishment of the committee of the same name. It is when we look at this issue from this angle that we clearly see how some people mistake a part for the whole - what is happening in Soweto is happening in the whole country!

# MATIONAL EDUCATION CRISIS COMMITTEE

By requesting ("demanding" if you like) that the DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING be handed over to them, and promising that only then will the "national educational crisis" be resolved, the MECC has completely revealed its whole hindquarters for all to see and betrayed its ignoranace of the actual problem in education - it fails miserably to comprehend how the education question links up with the other social problems in the struggle for self-determination and national liberation. for, the education question cannot find any final solution for as long as settler-colonalism persists. So therefore, the final solution of the education problem can only be ushered in by the total national social emancipation and not by the handing over of the DET by the NP (Nationalist Party) and its acceptance by the MECC. This request of the MECC exposes their naked quest and yearning for inclusion in the NP government. What else'

# CO-ORDINATED MASS ACTION

The question of education must be seen and treated in its own right, it is true; but it must also be seen and linked up with all the other aspects of our oppression. For a national education crisis to obtain, both the subjective considerations and objective conditions must be ripe. That is to say, the people must be consciously determined to wreck the system and also, the material conditions must just no longer be able to carry the system forward - they must just be at the point of tottering. The political, economic, social and cultural forces of the masses must reinforce the students struggles. In other words, mass organisations and masse actions must be co-ordinated. Student organisations, parents' and

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tenching' addications must act together - but not necessarily all focusing at one question, the education question. However, it is clear that the students, teachers and parents must co-operate and co-ordinate their actions on this question.

### STUDENT POLITICS IN PERSPECTIVE

So therefore, it is wrong for the students to harass and intimidate the teachers; it is wrong for them to try and bully the parents. The students must correctly understand their role in the struggle. They should not confuse student politics with the politics for national liberation, hence the ill-fated and disreputed slogan: Liberation now, Education later! And from there all they do is mostly loot and burn, and indiscriminately destroy (the properties of the masses). As youth, the students must understand that:

"In our sturggle for liberation, which is a struggle to establish a socialist Azania, black youth enter the struggle as cadres, militants and catalysts and not as leaders of the revolutionary process. for, in the struggle to establish a socialist Azania the leadership of the struggle is a monopoly of the working class.

Although they may physically appear to be the leaders of the struggle. The fact of the matter is that they cannot objectively become the vanguard of the revolutionary process, for the long term content and direction of the revolutionary struggle is primarily influenced and determined by the historical base in the black working class and not by the youth."

The reactionary sentiment that schools must be boycotted until liberation day does not enjoy the popular support of the students, teachers and the broad makes of our people now, therefore it must be dismissed with the contempt it deserves. It is only those parents whose children attend posh private schools and who sit in the NECC who encourage this misdirected notion, who enjoy the embarasement of being told by a racist judge that their children enjoy the comfort and safety of white schools.

# PULLSCALE MOBILISATION

In order to bring about a real crisis in this field, we must engage ourselves in patient politicisation, relentless organisation and fullscale
mobilisation of the three main and relevant sections of our people: the
students, teachers and parents. We should never bully the people, we
must patiently explain everything we do to the masses. That is the correct
way to go about revolutionary work among the people, otherwise the dictum
"liberation is the act of the people themselves" becomes traversed. In
order to politicise the masses we need an advanced political movement
expossing a revolutionary theory and ideology and not a liberal reformist
sovement; and in order to organise and mobilise the masses we need militant

and revolutionary cadres and not arrant left-wing extremists.

It is imporative therefore that in addition to the student organisations which already exist that teachers' and parents' associations must be formed as a matter of urgency and, they must be imbued with a revolutionary theory. These three sections of the community, to a great extent can ably, adequated and satisfactorily handle all questions relating to the education problem to the best of their interests. We therefore call upon the revolutionary student movement to oppose all methods and style of work which only help to retard the struggle by antagonising and alienating the masses from the revolutionary process.

The students must completely divest themselves of the mistaken notion that they know all; they must accept that they have a lot to learn from the manages.

Let us conclude by casting a quick glance at the boycott action and the grievances advanced by the students in the affected areas in the past two years. First, the boycott action a boycott action is/a form of struggle, it is a weapon, an instrument if you like. Arel we struggled in order to advance our cause and we use our weapons to hit at the enemy. If, however, a method of struggle does not help to advance but on the contrary retards the progress of our cause, then we must change that method or simply throw it overboard; if the weapons we use hurt us rather than the enemy, we must certainly cast them away. Some of the demands which have been raised by the students have been acceeded to, others not. Then what sust be done'. Continue with the boycott' Certainly not. That would be like hitting our heads against the wall. We must stop to evaluate the progress. Yes we must. And we must realise that the revolution in Azania does not revolve around the question of education and school boycotts and therefore if the school boycotts are discontinue the revolution will not be lost. No. not at all. The real issue arous which the revolution revolves is the land question in the first places and the equitable redistribution of the wealth and resources of our country in the second place. There are surely other methods of tackling education al problems, boycott is not the one and only way out. Those who adve cate and agitate for the indefinite class boycotts are the same author of the ill-fated slogan: Liberation now, Education later! The slog itself tells us much about the grey matter of its authors. The indefini boycott of classes and examinations is totally counter-productive a unacceptable and must therefore be opposed and combatted at all costs.

So, BACK TO SCHOOL!

# SPEECH DELIVERED BY COMRADE MOSIBUDI MANGENA AT THE THIRD MATHABA CONFERENCE IN TRIPOLI

Our deepest gratitude goes to our revolutionary brothers in the Jamahiriys and the leader of the lat of September revolution, brother Missmar
Quidhafi, for making this splendid gathering of African revolutionaries
rpossible. Viewed against the background of continuing acts of aggression
by imperialists against revolutionary countries and movements in Africa,
this gathering assumes special significance. Since our common enemy,
imperialism, is, one and united, we should come together in solidarity
and formulate strategies and common practical programmes to fight imperialism more effectively. It is the hope of the BCN that this conference
will not only be a forum for the exchange of ideas and revolutionary experiences but that it will come up with decisions that will unite all
the revolutionary forces on our continent. The BCN hopes that at the
end of this conference, revolutionaries in Africa will cooperate much
more closely on a practical level than ever before in their struggle against
all forms of oppression and exploitation.

### INTERNATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ARMY

The previous Mathaba conference took some important decisions which were geared at the consolidation and enhancement of practical unity and cooperation among revolutionaries. These decisions must have caused imperialists and their apologists a great deal of anxiety. No doubt these decisions must have played a role in Reagan's decision to bomb, Libya in an obvious attempt to kill brother Muanmar Qadhafi and his family. terrorist Reagan only succeeded in murdering innocent children and destroying the properties of our brothers and eleters in the Jamahiriya. bombings were a recognition by the American imperialists of the leading role brother Qadhafi is playing in the African revolution as well as in the international Mathaba. We must now move quickly to implement the decisions of the Mathaba not only to strengthen the position of the Jamahirys but also to advance and enhance the march of revolutionary forces in Africa. In particular, a decision was taken by Mathaba to form an international revolutionary army to confront imperialism in our part of the The leader of the Mathaba, brother Qadhafi, repeated the call Aligned Movement Summit in Harare, in his address on the 17th anniversary of the 1st of September revolution and on many other occasions. form or another, the idea of the formation of such an African army has been argued for by other progressive leaders in Africa such as Mugabe of Zimbabwe and Museveni of Ugands. Those revolutionaries who are of like mind as far as this matter is concerned, should come together and bring this army into being. The formation of this army is an urgent

matter in view of the imperialist acts of aggression against our Libyan brothers. We know we are already together and united with our brothers and sisters in the Jamahiriya. But our solidarity must also mean fighting together to defend ourselves against the evil actions by imperialist forces. There can be no freedom without defence.

# INTENSIFY ARMED STRUGGLE

The racist whites occupying Azania are butchering blacks at the rate of four a day and committing all sorts of atrocities against the people. In addition, the murderous Pretoria army crosses borders occasionally to kill children, women, old people and destroy property in the frontline states of Angola, Botswana, Mozambique, Zambia and Zimbabwe. Together with the Reagan administration. the racist regime recruitsk, trains, arms and directs bandit groups such as the MNR and UNITA to cause death. destruction, economic sabotage, hunger and general destabilisation in Southern Africa. It is crystal clear to all of us that unless the fascist regime in Pretoria is destroyed Southern Africa in particular will not know peace, progress and development. Brother Qadhafi, in his speeches in Zimbabwe, Libya and other places, has called for the intensification of armed struggle to liberate Azania and has called 1986 the year of the intensification of armed struggle in Azania. That's surely a call we all echo and a call we should all support through practical revolutionary The defeat of the racist regime in Pretoria will represent a major African victory against racism, Zionism and imperialism.

A crassical revolutionary situation exists right now in settler-ruled Azania. The white settler-colonialists are in deep political and economic crisis while the masses of oppressed black people are determined to break loose from the shackles of oppression, dehumanisation and exploitation. To gain freedom they are daily shedding blood and dying from the bullets of the trigger-happy racist army. The situation in Azania therefore does not call for negotiations or any other form of cap-in-hand sweet talk. It calls for the intensification of armed struggle to confront the racist regime more fiercely. It demands revolutionary fire and thunder. BAPTISH OF FIRE

The struggle in Azania is not an anti-apartheid one, for apartheid is only a superficial manifestation of the essence of our oppression. The problem in Azania is white racist settler-colonialism. The whites stole our land in 1652 and called it their own. Our struggle is therefore to reconquer our land and restore it to its rightful owners, and we SHALL CET OUR LAND BACK. The white racist settlers are not Azanians and the so called settler colony. White folks can only become Azanians through baptism by the fire of black revolution and freedom. A huge unitrained

and of black militants exists right now in Azania. That army is confronting the recist army and police right now with stones and bold courage.

All the African progressive forces need to do right now is to train and arm that army so that it may wage revolutionary war with greater efficacy.

And of course the liberation of Azania will mean automatic freedom of the oppressed but fighting people of Mamibia.

# STORTER SABOTAGE

Comrades, Brothers and Sisters, it should pain all of us that imperialism is making fresh inroads into the belly of our continent through the growing activities of Lionist Israel. Surely, those African countries who are now establishing diplomatic, economic, cultural and other ties with Zionist Israel are sabetaging the cause of African revolution. With resolve and determination we should struggle to banish Zionist influence from Africa.

Imperialism, racism, and Zionism might be strong, but united, African revolution is invincible.

# ERRATUN

p.14.

so called South Africa is not independent and sovereign 
it is a settler colony. White folks can only become Aganians

through baptism by the fire of black revolution and freedom.

A huge untrained

# A HIGHER LEVEL OF STRUGGLE BY PROPESSOR CARL STONE, POLITICAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT, UNIVERSITY OF THE WEST INDICE PUBLISHED IN THE DAILY GLEANER 25 SEPTEMBER 1985, KINGSTON JAMAICA...

The political equation is rapidly changing in South africa but it would be premature to believe that the battle against white minority rule is close to victory.

The edifice has been cracked and the white racial regime is under severe pressure. Many who had long given up hope that this victous system of racial oppression could be destroyed are now hopeful that it could in their lifetime.

What has made the difference in south africa is the fact that a new generation of young blacks are willing to die in the struggle to change that system. Their courage has activated and put on public view the repressive and brutal character of the Pretoria government. This has served to put the issue on the agenda of international public opinion, forced white liberals all over the world to rally in support of the black cause, and intensified adverse public opinion pressures on foreign governments which have aided and abetted the racist regime.

Ever. Ronald Reagan who many US blacks regard as being a racist has been forced by liberal US public opinion to now come out against South African pass laws and to impose limited sanctions which he was stoutly refusing to consider up until quite recently.

Other important developments favouring increased pressure on the Pretoria government have also emerged.

# REMARKABLE

Plight of capitol and disinvestment of capitol by foreign corporations have threatened the economy and sharpened the division of interests between the South African capitolists who want a stable society to make their profits and the Africaner government and white racist support who are willing to use murder, harasement and naked violence to try to stifle black protests. The sharpening of this division weakens the long run capability of the pagime to resist change.

The progressive churches are rallying to the black cause and giving it international respectability while growing black trade union membership and power providean important supportive voice to that of the militant youth.

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Met in semiciable about the struggle in South Africa is the obsence of constrained leadership and the fact that the community based character of the novement's leadership beens it going at full strength even after identifiable hational leadership are locked away by the racist regime.

International pressures are forcing token concessions on Pretoria but each winor concession strengthens the confidence of the black movement that victory can be theirs eventually.

Perhaps the strongest signal of weakening international support was the failure of the South African government to get the financial bail out it was beging for from European financiers to ease its debt problems.

## PAR PROM VICTORY

Even white liberals worldwide are now beginning to understand that the real issue is not simply dismantling the recist aparthied laws (which upsets their liberal sensibilities) but the larger question of black majority political control. In the final analysis the apartheid system is merely a powerful means to preserving white minority political control. As a consequence idealistic notions of trying to humanise the South African society by gradual desegregation of aspects of social and working life now seem futile even to white liberals an foreign business interests who had hoped to exercise a liberal progressive influence on the society.

But the struggle is still far from victory. Black demands for reforms and negotiated settlements while tactically necessary have to be seen against the herek reality that power in South Africa can only pass through violence. The Africaener are not going to run away code their power at the bargaining table. Some would rather destroy the country in an orgy of racial-communal vidience them give majority political control to blacks. The longer and more violent and bitter will be the political struggle the more that is likely to make it impossible to mehieve any future accompanion between the traces. A prolonged race war accompanied by genocidal strategies of violence by both eides some unavoidable unless the blacks back off and septile for some mild demogration reforms of the apartheid system.

To take gover from the Africanner white minority regime requires more than the courant level of protest politics which dramatises issues and activates intermittaned pressures but cannot really bring down the government. The protest politics has to give way to serious and systematic guarrilla fighting on A large that can impose hareb and high human and property design costs

on, the vastes.

The blacks have yet to acquire the necessary resources and capability to whake Pretoria by the sheer impact of destructive violence. The balance of terror is heavily in favour of the highly armed and equipped South African security forces. Unless that changes, the struggle will not get beyond the present stage.

To acquire those resorces and that capability within the black sovement will demand considerable external help. The white liberals will back sanctions but will not aid black people in South Africa to wipe out their white oppressors. Third world and communist interests who can assist have so far not ventured in on any significant scale.

### TARES TIME

The white minority government in South Africa is by no means invincible. But black majority numbers mean nothing unless there exists a network of guerrilla fighters with the resources, skill, training and capability of those in Lebanon who gave even the tough Israelis a run for the money. There has to be a violent atrike force which can disable and main the South African security forces, even with substantial outside help it takes time to develope that level of military guerrilla capability.

Unlike the Portuguese empire in Africa or the white racist regime in the now liberated Zimbabwe. African blacks deeply fear the military capability of the South African whites. Pretoria's muscle-flexing border raids into neighbouringAfrican countries are designed to reinforce those fears.

Time is a key factor. Protest sovements dont last forever. Where they fail to make progress over prolonged periods of time they often degenerate into hopelessness and cynicism. Witness for example the downswing from heightened protest and black confidence among US blacks to a retreat into passivity and silence in today's USA.

# THE BIG QUESTION

Unless the blacks acquire the capability to sting Pretoria with some serious guerrills violence without too much delay the white Africanner's balance of terror advantage could be decisive in slowing down the momentum of continued black protests. Further, should racial confrontation occur before the blacks acquire a higher level of capacity for violence, wholescale carnage and genecidal tactics by whites could sap the movement's confidence.

The edifice has cracked but it has not fallen. Only disillusionment and hopelessness can follow premature efforts to give the impression that the struggle is about to enter the final stages towards liberation.

political, pressures can make life difficult for the government but saily by force of violence which can ismobolise Pretoria's ability to govern that the stage can be set for a real possibility for black majority sails.

The big question, therefore, is which countries currently southing platitudes shout recism in South Africa are willing to stand behind the black sovement's progression into higher level of struggle than is now occurring there.

# WHAT IS WRONG WITH BLACK CONSCIOUSNESS? (Some common questions and answers)

# 1. What is Black Consciousness, for a start'

In our context, black Conscioueness is Azanian Nationalism in its most analytical form. It is a collective assertion by those who have been colonised by the foreign white minority that they are entitled to define and obtain their own liberation. Black people, the so called Bantu, Indians and coloureds, who recognise that they are oppressed, exploited and discriminated against, have been rallied around this philosophy since the late 1960's to fight for liberation without guidance or advice from whites, liberal, or otherwise. This position was best defined in the Policy Manifesto of the South African Students Organisation (SASO) of 1971 as follows:

- (11) The basic tenet of Black Consciousness is that Black people must reject all value systems that seek to make them foreigners in the country of their birth and reduce their basic human dignity:
- (111) Black people must build their own value systems and see themselves as self-defined, not defined by others.
- (iv) Black Consciousness implies the awareness by Black people of the power they wield as a group, both economically and politically, hence group cohesion and solidarity are important facets of Black Consciousness.

# 2. But not all Blacks are poor and exploited. And what about Blacks who are against the struggle, or who collaborate with the State'

A very small number amongst the colonised have accumulated some money or property. Compared to the monopoly capital in the hands of Raymond Ackerman, Sol Kerzner and of course, the Oppenheiner empire, these assetts are a pittance. Also the money owned by these Blacks is not enough to shelter than from the regular abuses that the state, and whites in general, subject them to. They cannot influence state policy, for instance, as international bank owners, real capitalists, are able to. Lastly, collaborators amongst sh oppressed are not necessarily from the middle trading, managerial elements. Amongst students, amongst the workers and throughout the ranks of the oppressed one finds people who are brainwashed and who work for

the interests of the whites. Elements such as informers, the police and . participants in the divisive policies of ethnic institutions. SASO and \* E in general dubbed these NON-WRITES. These are people who collaborate in their oppression for a variety of reasons. Some people are extremely poor and are restricted by the system to places where there are very few ways to make a living. They collaborate because they see no other immedi-Others fail to recognise that living under oppression is not ate hope. a matural situation. So they do not struggle against it, and when the state makes offers, they do not resist. Lastly, some who understand issues and who are not desparately poor collaborate out of greed, or cowardice. Black people are, therefore, not simply those who are born into the ranks of the colonised but those who recognise the facts of oppression and are prepared to define and carry out measures to rectify the situation.

yant to be out friends? Does BC deny that they exist in Azania' ::
not, does it deny that they have a role in the liberation struggle'

We do not deny that a few whites may exist in our country who do not simply oppose the present government because they think it is so openly crude and oppressive that it pushes Blacks into the struggle, (in the manner of people such as Mrs Suzman of the parliamentary PPP) but whites who want a dismantling of the colonial state, and a return of the land and the wealth to its rightful owners, and who want to take part in the process which will make this possible, regardless of the costs to their families and relatives. The real experience of our struggle has revealed very few In fact, they are so few that it would be unproductive for of these. Blacks dying under the wheels of colonial oppression to spend valuable time away from organising their fellow oppressed, in search of these rare people whose impact on the struggle is not going to be decisive. With both Black and white recruits to the revolution, there is always the risk of infiltration. Black infiltrators have been easier to expose because we have ready access to their backgrounds through freinds, families and relatives, the majority of whom will report on suspicious movements such as visits to, and by the police. We do not have the same level of access or cooperation in white society, and organisations which opened their ranks to whitee will testify to the proportion of instances when infiltrators have penetrated into senior positions in their ranks. This does not deny that whites of true commitment can play a role in the liberation struggle. They can cultivate, or heighten awareness among their fellow whites. This is a hard and often thankless task, but then such is the work of strug-Braft evasion is one example of useful political work whites can gle. Sabotage within the army and the military-industrial complex undertake. is mother. These, and many other options would be much bigger contribu-

tions than the intellectuals meddling in Black organisations will ever

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behiere.

4. If Black Consciousness does not recognise Capitalism as being the centre of appression, will it not lead to the same type of exploitative Black rule that is found in places such as Kenya, Laire, and Swaziland?

This question is based on incorrect information. The constitution of the B.C.M. (A) in clause (b) v of the pressure states. "Capitalism and imperialism form the basis of oppression and exploitation of our people.

Thus, our struggle is both anti-capitalist and anti-imperialist". B.C. organisations such as the National Porum Committee and AZAPO have also given capitalism priority in their basic documents. Black Consciousnees takes Capitalism into account, as it is in Azania, and as it is thoughout the world these days when it has become International Finance/Monopoly Capitalism, or Imperialism, to use Lenin's summary title of this borderless power. Black Consciousness also realises that Azania was colonised before the rise of Capitalism in Europe, by Mercantile (trading) Imperialism, in the service of European Monarchies and Aristochracies. It therefore takes into account that our oppression has a colonial character, besides its capitalist and racist character. In this age of Imperialism, all the theoroticians of the revolution, who were also active practitioners of successful struggles. Lenin. Stalin. No Chi Min. Mao Ze-dong. Kim II Sung. Robert Mugabe etc. recognise the nationalism of the oppressed worldwide, as the most potent weapon in the fight to weaken and defeat Imperial-Because Arania is a hightly industrialised country, the working class is going to be the principal factor in the Mational Liberation stage of the truggle. By this, we do not mean that the State will be defeated by trade unions. Trade Unions are the means by which workers defend themselves against super-exploitation. They do this by struggling collectively for better wages, for safe and healthy working conditions. Many unions also address themselves to problems which Black workers, as part of an oppressed nation, face outside their employment situation. Involvement in the various struggles is advancing the political awareness of the workers Conscious education in political economy, anti-colonial struggles and class struggle will advance the class consciousness. Thus Black workers and their allies will be better able to build fighting structures especially especially to promote their interests as a class, and in preparation to seize State power, and to retain it. If we prepare to create such a scenario, then a neo-colonial arrangement, such as found in Kenya, etc; is not on the agenda.

5. Should white workers not be mobilised by us so that we can polarise white society and divide it along class lines, since it is also not made up of one class?

White society in South Africa is, indeed, divided into classes. It would be foolish to see these classes in the same way in which classes exist

in other societies. The white wage earner is accorded many economic benefits, social privileges and political rights which are denied to Black people At the work place, white workers are treated as a labour aristocracy which benefits from job-reservation, discriminatory injury compensation, artificial seniority, generous pensions and many other fringe benefits. Their children have state-funded education up to high school, with far superior facilities and pupil-teacher ratios to the children of Black people.

All rou,d the super-profits shared between white Industry & Commerce and the State are used to the benefit of the white sttlers in general. This is why the more openly fascistic organisations such as the conservative Party, the Herstigte Masionale Party and the Afrikaaner Vecrstand Beveging, not forgetting thewhite Mine Workers Union, all draw the bulk of their support from white blue-collar workers. There is nothing that the Liberation Movement in Azania can do to persuade these elements to join our libera-

The moderate Anti-Apart-hate faction amongst the whites, those who want to persuade the government to make petty concessions and reforms, but who oppose any solid action taken against the regime either by the masses internally, or the governments and people of other countries, are the multi-millionaires such as Mr Gavin Relly and his colleagues, on the mining houses whose companies also own all the "critical" English language newspapers such as The Star, the Sowetan, The sunday Times etc. The white career activists who always want to interfere and lead in Black organisations are always university students and staff, or other people with professional occupations. That in brief is the reality of the disposition to the struggle, on the part of the various classes in white South African society. Anyone who does not see that is an idiot or a liar.

Yiew, with emphasis on such things as "Black to Beautiful", cultural nationbalish and the idealisation of Black entertainers such as Nichael Jackson and Michael Spinks?

The question needs to be answered from the end. It is not wrong to be Black, and an entertainer, although we oppose the idea that Black people should be projected as being only good as singers, dancers, and sports-stare. Certain entertainers such as Cicely Tyson, Patrick "Ltd" Holals, Mirian Makeba and Letta Mbulu have made very positive contributions to the struggle, either through promoting and strengthening the cultural boy-soft of South Africa, by making substantial financial contributions to the struggle, and by projecting positive and dignified images which the Black youth can look up to as role models. In addition, it should not forgotten that BC has highlighted achievements of Africans and other Black societies in the building of ancient civilizations of Ethiopa, Egypt,

Zimbabwe, Ghana, India and the Mapungabwe (Northern Transvaal), befor Buropean settlement. BC has publicised achievements by Black people home and abroad, in the fields of Engineering, Medicine, Technology, exploy tion, and literature, all attained in the face of a hostile European domina ted environment. The importance of upholding these achievements is break the intellectual chains, with which white South Africa, and it allies in racism, tie Black people to the idea that everything imports to human society was established by whites. In other words BC has waged a struggleagainst the slave mentalities and inferiority complexes which previously caused many of our people to accept foreign domination. As dis December 1985, black people in Azania were spending over eleven million Rand (R11 000 000, 00) per annum on chemicals meant to process their hadmi to make it look closer to that of whites in texture, and sometimes, is colour. Besides being a criminal waste of money from a struggling community! these chemicals are a great danger to the health of the user. It is only in the 1980s that Black women are learning that they suffer from kidney diseases caused by the skin lightening creams they were encouraged to use in the 1950s and 1960s. No white, or integrationist organisation has ever fought these types of externally imposed self-abuses amongst black people. We have therefore employed cultural nationlism which is aimed at us daily? through white controlled magazines, television, films, books, white pictures of Jesus and the Virgin Mary, radios and the works. S.A.SO used to refer to this area of the struggle as sental liberation. It takes such changes ! ob\_attitudes to enable some people to be active and combative.

# 7. But has this type of campaign not served its purpose now that half the population is involved in the struggle at one level or the other?

Not at all !! During the spells when BC organisations have faced crises such as mass arresteor been declared illegal, or when there has been a lapse in the emphasis of cultural awareness, the consciousness of a number of white consumer culture, or by the tireless white liberals who have made themselves 'guardians' of our interests, and who always want to convince us that without their patronage, we will not be able to make a success of our struggle and retain morally just standards. There are enough turn-costs from the early S.A.S.O. -B.P.C. days around today to prove this point beyond doubt!

# 8. So, what is generally wrong with the philosophy of Black Consciousness as a pletform for liberation in Azania?

Nothing really. BC does present some shocks to Azanians who are allienated, especially intellectuals who have spent a large part of their lives prepart to make themselves more acceptable to white society, when they suddenly realise that increasingly white values do not really matter. Of course

it presents an absolute horror to those whites who have made careers out of boing intellectual beacons for Black people who must wage the actual struggle, and suffer most of the casualties. Who can forget the know-all warnings of liberal journalist Allister Sparks to S.A.S.O. back in 1972? Up to now Mr Sparks, who cautioned about " creating a racial monster they would not be able to control..", is regarded as one of the most enlightened advocates of justice amongst South African liberals.

If one is on the side of the oppressed Black masses, then Black Consciousness is not a problem. It is the solution.

BCH(A) STATEMENT CONCERNING BLACK-ON-BLACK VIOLENCE.

The SMC(A) condemns, as it has always done, the escalating violence between SMC militants and the Charter adherents. In paticular we condemn the harrassment, abductions and killing of the parents and relatives of SMC militants. We call upon all organisations of the people both inside and outside Azania to condemn this violence and to take all practical steps to bring it to an immediate stop. This type of violence is not politically justifiable and all it achieves is to retard and give the struggle a bad name.

We call upon all militants and their organisations to do honest political work in the guettoes and villages and to shun the harrassment and killing of the oppressed black people. Such black on black violence carries neither glory nor honour but only ignominy for the perpetrators.

# ERRATUM

p.24.

<sup>\*</sup> the consciousness of a number of people has been eroded either by the dominant white consumer culture or by the tireless white liberals who have made themselves 'guardians' of our interests.

# DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES

- (1) The National Democratic Revolution is based upon the minimum demands of the oppressed masses of Azania, namely, the reconquest of all our land and its resources and the attainment of full democratic rights.
- (2) The Black Consciousness Movement recognises that the national oppression of our people is a direct result of capitalism and imperialism and thus our struggle is both anti-capitalist and anti-imperialist.
- (3) The Black Consciousness Movement consequently adopts the theory and practice of scientific socialism to guide it in the struggle.
- (4) However, because of the structural and institutionalised nature of racism in the South African social system, the class struggle continues and will continue to manifest itself in colour terms, and for this reason, we continue to believe in the mobilising role of Black Consciousness in the struggle in which the black people rally against their common oppression.
- (5) In response to the popular struggles of the masses for political, social and economic emancipation the current strategy of imperialism as represented by the South African regime is shifting emphasis from expressing itself in purely

- race terms to a sharper class content, as witnessed by its overtures to the black middle class. This underscores the class essence of the struggle against national oppression
- (6) The Black Consciousness Movement of Azania recognises that the black workers are the most oppressed and exploited section of our society, and, therefore, constitute the major force in our struggle. Thus the strategy for the revolution should be based on the historical, political and organisational experience of the black working class.
- (7) Organisationally, the Black Consciousness Movement will be guided in its functions and conduct of the struggle, by a form of discipline, which develops out of a consciousness which itself is a product of internalised revolutionary principles: criticism and self-criticism; democratic centralism; collective leadership; the principles of recall and active participation.
- (8) In order to advance the Azanian struggle against imperialism on a global scale, the Black Consciousness Movement will seek to establish and maintain fraternal links internationally with progressive and revolutionary forces, governments, liberation movements and solidarity groups.

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