

HOMELANDS — CISKEI — GENERAL  
1983

3 MAY — 30 JUNE

3 MAY 1983

105

D. DISPATCH

# Transkei Govt's pleas upheld

UMTATA — The Supreme Court here has upheld two Transkeian Government special pleas in claims instituted against the government.

Mr Justice Hefer dismissed with costs claims by the former diplomatic representative of the government, Mr Humphrey Berkeley, and a separate claim by the former managing director of the Transkei Development Corporation, Mr James Skinner.

In a written judgment handed down, Judge Hefer also postponed three other hearings in which Mr Berkeley is suing the government, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, and the Minister of Finance, Mr Sydney Qaba. The hearings have been postponed to a date to be arranged.

A Swiss firm, Dreyton Advisory Services, is cited as first respondent and Mr Skinner as second respondent in the special plea in the hearing in which R118 250,34 was being claimed against the government.

Advocate D. Gordon, S.C., and Advocate Jeremy Pickering submitted the plea on behalf of the government on the grounds that the terms of the Transkei

Constitution Act had not been met when the claim was instituted.

Zurich-based Dreyton Advisory Services and Mr Skinner contended that their services had been wrongfully terminated.

Dreyton Services claimed 175 000 Swiss francs while Mr Skinner claimed R28 350 as compensation in lieu of a furnished house with servants and services and a car and driver for the balance of the contract period.

The claims were instituted in 1979.

The R169 419,73 claim by Mr Berkeley, which was dismissed with costs, had also been instituted on the grounds that the government wrongfully and unlawfully repudiated the contract in which Mr Berkeley had been appointed diplomatic representative at a salary of one hundred thousand US dollars a year, payable in advance on a contract of three years.

Judge Hefer upheld the special plea submitted on the grounds that the terms of the Transkei Constitution Act section governing institution of claims against the government, had not been complied with.

In the postponed hear-

ings, Mr Berkeley is suing the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, for R20 000 for alleged libel in a report which appeared in the Afrikaans newspaper, Die Beeld, in 1979.

In the case against Mr Qaba, Mr Berkeley has instituted a R15 000 libel claim over a report in the Daily Dispatch also in 1979 in which Mr Qaba reacted to an allegation by Mr Berkeley about the government's London office.

In the third action, Mr Berkeley is suing the Minister of Justice and three policemen jointly for R30 000.

The action arises out of an incident in which Mr Berkeley alleged he was abducted and beaten up by security policemen on the night of February 15, 1979.

The hearings for the three postponed cases are to be on a date still to be arranged. — DDR.

# Ciskei squatter rate increasing — Godden

DAILY MATCH  
rate 105

F 4 MAR 1983

EAST LONDON — The squatter problem at Anorlton, was growing at an alarming rate, the Director of Planning in Ciskei, Mr G.F. Godden said

Mr Godden was commenting on the scores of people who are moving into Ciskei land in an area that has come to be known as Blue Rock. They are settling there in the hope of gaining accommodation at Mdantsane where occupants of the shack village are to be resettled in the future.

"We are looking into the matter. We are still investigating," Mr Godden said.

He said he did not think drought in the rural areas had anything to do with the growth of the squatter settlement.

An East Cape Administration Board official

in Port Elizabeth, Mr E.J. Mathee said weekly inspections conducted at Duncan Village had not shown an increase of squatters since the beginning of the year.

However, the chairman of the community council, in Duncan Village, Mr D.D. Makatala said he had noticed an increase in backyard shacks in the Juliwe section of the township. These wood-and-iron shacks had been built mostly by residents who did not qualify for removal to Mdantsane.

Meanwhile, the chief fire officer in East London, Captain W. E. Kenny has warned inhabitants of squatter camps about fire hazards, especially with the approach of winter.

He said they built their shacks too close together and used flim-

sy, highly inflammable material.

"Inhabitants of these dangerous structures should never clean their pressure stoves with metal polish, because it wears the metal down so that it cannot take the pressure. Pressure stoves should not be overpumped as this could cause an explosion," Mr Kenny said.

Mr Kenny said they are called to Duncan Village squatter settlements at least once a month in summer and twice a month in winter.

"With winter at the door, I want to warn inhabitants not to bring braziers into their shacks as it always results in carbon monoxide poisoning. I appeal to all inhabitants of shacks, not only Duncan Village, to take care," he said. — DDR

Amenities Act of 1953 gave the council the sole discretion to decide whether to ban "certain people" from parks.

The leader of the PFP in the city council, Mr Tertius Spies — who is also the PFP candidate in Waterkloof — said the parks ban would definitely influence the result of the Waterkloof by-election

On Saturday the PFP had an information table at a shopping centre in the constituency and many people were highly critical of the neutral stance taken on the issue by the National Party candidate in Waterkloof, Dr Org Marais

Dr Marais said earlier he did not think it "proper" for an MP to interfere in the affairs of local government and said he believed the council took the decision only after "thoroughly investigating" the situation.

Mr Donsie Khumalo, national organiser of NGWU, said his union was seeking legal advice about getting a supreme court interdict granted to prevent the city council from enforcing the ban

## TV actor charges PW.

PRETORIA — A charge of crimen injuria has been laid against the Prime Minister, Mr P W Botha, by a television actor, film director and producer, Mr Dries Alberts

The charge arises from a National Party meeting last Wednesday in Waterkloof, at which Mr Alberts alleges Mr Botha

referred to him as the man with a "face like an orangoutang"

Brooklyn police confirmed Mr Andries Hendrik Alberts of Coleman Street, Cosmos, Har-tebeespoort Dam, he laid the charge on Saturday and that a docket had been opened.

In his statement to the police, Mr Alberts said

that during Mr Botha's speech he had risen to make a request but before he could say anything, the Prime Minister made the remark which referred to him personally. This was done intentionally to belittle him in front of the audience. The remark had affected his honour and dignity. — SAPA.

## Unionists prosecuted

EAST LONDON — Charges would soon be preferred against four detained trade unionists, the commander-in-chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe said.

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# Unionists to be prosecuted Sebe

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detained trade union-  
ists, the commander-  
in-chief of Ciskei State  
Security, Lieutenant  
General Charles Sebe  
said

General Sebe said an

allegation that they were  
on hunger strike was un-  
founded. He had made  
investigations, he said

Mrs Cecilia Bottoman,  
Mr Thembinkosi Matutu,  
Mr Mlulami Xofa and Mr  
Khululekile Jacobs have  
been in detention since  
March — DDR

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## DAILY DISPATCH

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# White extremists story surprises

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D. DISPATCH

EAST LONDON — The announcement by Ciskei President Lennox Sebe that Ciskei Intelligence had uncovered a group of white extremists in King William's Town whose aim it was to destroy Ciskeians, was greeted with surprise by the Divisional Commissioner for the SA Police in the Border, Brigadier Jim Bekker, and the mayor of King William's Town, Mr Erich Weyer.

President Sebe said during the Foreign Affairs budget vote in the National Assembly on Monday that the

group, which he called "white Saawu", had been unmasked by Ciskei top intelligence.

He did not elaborate.

Brigadier Bekker said Ciskei had not informed him of the uncovering of the group, or that they were investigating a group of whites in King William's Town.

"The announcement came as news to me," he said.

"If Ciskei authorities were involved in activities in King William's Town it would have been

correct procedure for them to inform me. This was, however, not done," Brigadier Bekker added.

Mr Weyer said the announcement "came as news" to him.

"The report in the Daily Dispatch was the first I heard about this," he added.

"I telephoned President Sebe's office first thing after reading the report and I am now waiting for my call to be returned," Mr Weyer said. —DDR.

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# Prospects good for a technikon in Ciskei

D. DISPATCH

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BISHO — The chairman of the commission looking into the possibility of

establishing a multiracial technikon at Mdantsane. Prof J. A. Lamprecht, was convinced that Ciskei had an opportunity of building the college

President Sebe said he would receive an in depth report shortly from the commission.

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President Lennox Sebe said he got this feedback from Prof Lamprecht who said if the project was handled "correctly and boldly" it would result in great benefit to Ciskei and the whole area.

In a letter to President Sebe, Prof Lamprecht said he had already appointed a committee which had mapped out a plan of action with the view of bringing detailed recommendations to him at an early stage. He had received much support and many offers of help. — DDR.

# Seymour farmers: Ciskei mobilising

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**BISHO** — The Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said yesterday he was mobilising his forces to move onto farms in the Seymour district to impound all white farmers' cattle grazing on them.

General Sebe confirmed he had been instructed by President Lennox Sebe to impound cattle grazing on the released farms that have not yet been handed over to Ciskei.

On Monday, President Sebe told the National Assembly that a large number of stock from white farms in the Cathcart and Stutterheim districts were being sent onto the farms to devastate grazing.

But the chairman of the Seymour Farmers' Association, Mr. N. L. Graham, said the only stock being grazed on the farms belonged to farmers who lived on the land.

He denied that stock was being brought onto the land by farmers living outside the area.

The Ciskei Government has sent telegrams to the South African Government asking that the released farms be handed over to Ciskei.

President Sebe said he had not received any reply to the requests, and members of Ciskei's National Assembly have been strongly critical of the delay in the handing over of the land.

Mr Graham said he had read President Sebe's comments, but was adamant there was no "foreign stock" involved.

He said some farms in the area had been leased to farmers who lived and grazed on them.

"They do not just bring stock to graze here. They live on the land," he said.

One farmer leasing land in the area, Mr Leonard Rau, said that he and two other farmers, Mr A. Nel and Mr G. Peinke, had handed over their farms a couple of years ago and had since leased the land back.

They had had continuous occupation of the land for at least two years.

"Our leases all run until July 31. I have actually applied for an extension of my lease. I am running a lot of stock — cattle and sheep." Mr Rau said.

He said the South African government had also bought back some farms and these had been leased until July 31.

Mr Rau said he had been visited by four Ciskei cabinet ministers last week, including the Minister of Agriculture, Mr T. L. Fani.

They had made no "unfriendly remarks", he said, but they had expressed impatience over the hand-over of land which originally was scheduled for the end of last year but had been extended to July 31.

Mr Graham discounted the Ciskei threat.

"With this drought, there is no grazing anyway." — DDR

(105) ROOM  
Sebe's jet  
on the way

4/5/83  
Mail Correspondent

EAST LONDON. — Ciskei's Presidential Jet, bought in Israel early this year, arrives at Ben Schoeman Airport, East London, tomorrow, the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lt-Gen X C Sebe, said yesterday.

The pilot would motor to the Ciskei Airport at Bisho to see if the runway was suitable for the jet. If he found it suitable he would fetch the plane from East London.

Gen Sebe said he was sending Ciskeians abroad for training as pilots.



105 DISPATCH

# Department caters for all — Takane

BISHO — The Department of Justice was a service department which catered for nearly every need of the individual or body corporate, the minister of the department, Mr D. M. Takane, said yesterday.

Delivering his policy speech in the Assembly he said it was the window through which the public eye saw the noble aspirations of the government of the day. This was a department the purpose of which was by no means the acquisition of prestige or status, but rendering all substantial service to the people, "regardless of race, colour, creed or religion for as long as this will dovetail with the sacred principles embodied in the celebrated ten point programme as envisaged by President Lennox Sebe," he said.

He said magistrates' offices were the backbone of his department in that it was here that matters of personal con-

cern vis a vis the government were initiated. It was a feeder section of his department.

All districts were headed by Ciskeians since February except the Mdantsane Magisterial district. It was not the attitude, however of his department to promote its officials for the sake of promotion. The yardstick was merit and nothing else. This meant that an official in his department was expected to throw his full muscle into the fray in order to qualify for promotion, therefore these gallant heads of districts deserved not only praise but also support from their countrymen.

Mr Takane said the beginning of this year had seen the withdrawal of seconded officials from his department with a view to a simultaneous replacement by suitable Ciskeians to take root and grow, instead of making or creating dis-

gruntled passengers out of them. One should not lose sight of the maintenance of standards in the perpetuation of this exercise.

He told the House that a Ciskeian who attended a 12-week inspector's course in Pretoria last year had been promoted in January to Director-General for Justice, duly assisted by a deputy Director-General, also a Ciskeian. These two each had government service spanning nearly two decades.

A number of Ciskeian young men were taking advantage of the call to better their academic qualifications.

He thanked the Department of Manpower Utilisation for its untiring endeavours to upgrade the standard of the youth by offering courses to them.

To attract officers to study, a number of bursaries had been offered. — DDR.

## Ciskei needs a second judge.

BISHO — Because of the volume of cases, it was imperative to appoint a second permanent judge in Ciskei, the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, said in the Assembly yesterday.

No less than four acting Judges had come to assist in the Supreme Court between August and October last year.

From October 1, 1981, to December 31, 1982, 68 criminal cases were recorded, 481 civil cases, 60 criminal appeals, 11 civil appeals and 567 automatic reviews. The Supreme Court was also handling divorce cases.

Mr Takane said a Ciskeian had been appointed as Registrar of the Supreme Court since January this year. He was also the first Ciskeian to have been appointed Sheriff as well as Master of the Supreme Court. The man was coping well and this office was in full swing.

A King William's Town sworn appraiser had been appointed in the absence of a suitable Ciskeian to assist in the valuation of assets in deceased estates.

He said the Attorney-General was assisted by two advocates. The Attorney-General was not only prepared to fight crime in the courtroom, but also extramurally. Last year he addressed Nicro at Mdantsane on crime prevention.

Mr Takane said the deeds registry section had also been established since 1981. Before independence this section dealt only with township properties which were regulated by certain proclamations.

It now dealt with all property within Ciskei, and was under the guidance of a seconded official.

The office of the law

adviser was also operating under the guidance of a seconded official. A Ciskeian was being trained to take over. This was one of the most demanding jobs in terms of intellect but also experience. The duties entailed the giving of advice on the subject of law, he said.

Also in full swing was the office of the State Attorney who was a seconded official. Owing to the dearth of suitably qualified attorneys, no suitable Ciskeian had yet been appointed.

Mr Takane said his department had been faced with an acute shortage of office accommodation during the past years, but this had been to extent eliminated in Zwelitsha as the old offices moved to the new complex.

Magistrates' offices in Mdantsane and Keiskammahoek were nearing completion.

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## New jet to land at EL

BISHO — Ciskei's presidential jet bought in Israel early this year arrives at Ben Schoeman Airport, East London, tomorrow, the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lt-General X. C. Sebe, said yesterday.

The pilot would motor to the Ciskei Airport here to see if the runway was suitable for the jet. If he found it suitable he would fetch the plane from East London and land it here.

General Sebe said he was sending six Ciskeians abroad for training as pilots.

President Sebe told the assembly that the House would resume later in the afternoon for

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# Rive introduced in the Assembly

BISHO — A one-man commission to inquire into the economic development of Ciskei was announced in the Assembly by President Sebe yesterday.

The commissioner is Mr Louis Rive, who was introduced to MPs in the Assembly.

Mr Rive is the South African Government's special adviser on improving black living conditions in Soweto and the Eastern Cape.

His terms of reference are to submit a comprehensive economic development plan to the

Ciskei Government in terms of development objectives, development policies, development strategies, and development projects taking into account the needs, potential and constraints of the Republic of Ciskei.

"Within the framework of this plan special attention should be given to the planning and the implementation instruments to ensure maximum results," the President said.

"He will have to look into steps which should be taken by the govern-

ment to modify laws, regulations, practices or organisational agreements which may be hindering or discouraging investors and entrepreneurs, whether they be Ciskeian citizens or from beyond the borders of Ciskei and any other matters which will contribute towards an improved standard of living for the citizens of Ciskei."

Mr Rive would also have to probe the relationship between the economic development of Ciskei and the economic development of the sub-continent. — DDR.

# Chief Mavuso warns House of brain drain

BISHO — The Deputy Whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, warned that if salary scales of Ciskeians holding senior posts in the Department of Justice were not the same as those of their counterparts elsewhere, the department might face a brain drain.

Chief Mavuso was speaking during the budget debate of the Department of Justice in the National Assembly.

He commended the department for the allocation of senior posts to

those Ciskeians who deserved promotions.

He asked if the salary scales compared with those of their counterparts in other countries. If it was not so they might be lured to those countries.

He said it was high time Ciskeians took their places.

He called for the motivation of the youth so that they did not think of themselves and disregard old persons who came to their offices

with problems.

He said the misappropriation of funds by officials in magistrates' offices had decreased.

Mrs F. F. Matiysane thanked the seconded officials for the good work they had done in training their Ciskeian understudies. He told the black officials that the ball was in their court. Nobody would like to hear people saying it was better when they were under the whites.

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# UCT doctor is running health care courses

MDANTSANE — A senior paediatrician at the Red Cross War Memorial Children's Hospital and the University of Cape Town's department of paediatric and child health, Dr J. D. Ireland, has come to assist Ciskei in training nurses in primary health care for children.

Since 1979, the University of Cape Town has run a number of paediatric and child health courses for nursing sisters in Ciskei. Teaching is done at Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

The present course which started on Monday, will run for four weeks. Each of the first three weeks, a tutor from the Department of Paediatric and Child Health of the University of Cape Town will fly out and do teaching for that week.

Professor H. de Vil-

liers Heese, of the University of Cape Town will conduct an examination. This time, there are 17 students from all over Ciskei, a spokesman Dr D. J. Power said.

Dr Power said Ciskei has two nursing sisters from Cecilia Makiwane Hospital training in a more advanced course under Dr Ireland. They are Sister Funeka Nkula and Sister Linda Mzilikazi.

The course, Dr Power said, has made a huge difference in all Ciskei Hospitals. Nursing staff that has done the course saw 50 to 60 per cent of paediatric patients and did full consultation, conducted a full examination, took a full history of the patients previous illnesses, inoculations and recommended treatment, he said. — DDR

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## Ciskei man detained

EAST LONDON — The Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei Security Forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, yesterday confirmed the detention of Mr Dlaki Vani, of Mdantsane

He said Mr Vani had been picked up "in Ciskei on Tuesday night after a long search by his men.

Investigations were being carried out about an arms cache found in Mdantsane this year and Mr Vani had been detained in connection with that. General Sebe said — DDR

Industrial Council: 1) Industrial Council for the Tobacco Industry (Transvaal) 2) Industrial Council for the Tobacco Industry (Oudtshoorn)

Registration: Yes

Founded:

Area of Operation: National

Officials: Secretary: Miss C. du Preez

Address: 217 York House  
57 Rissik Street  
Johannesburg  
2001

Telephone: (011) 836 9842

Year	Membership		
	African	Asian and Coloured	White
1970	600	..	..
1971	600	..	..
1972	600	..	..
1973	540	380	160
1974	530	..	..
1975	585	377	208
1976	536	321	215
1977	541	251	290
1978	600	312	288
1979	668	296	372
1980	668	296	372

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# Minister praises for Ciskei hospitals

BISHO — The Cecilia Makiwane Hospital in Mdantsane remained the Ciskei's major centre of clinical activity and was the specialist referral hospital for Ciskei, the Minister of Health and Welfare, Dr C. H. J. van Aswegen, said in his policy speech yesterday.

It provided specialist services in general medicine, surgery and obstetrics. It was also the regional hospital for the large district of Mdantsane and was commissioned to accommodate 1 450 beds of which at present 965 were in use. It also controlled and operated 19 clinics and three mobile teams and school nurses visit-

ing no less than 130 schools in the Mdantsane area. Nompumelelo Hospital in Peddie continued to come forward with a lot of original work and still managed, despite grave money problems to continue maintenance of the old age home and the rehabilitation centre for paraplegics.

Victoria Hospital which had recently been taken over from the Republic of South Africa had come into the swing of Ciskei health activities. The nursing results were excellent and the superintendent had recently initiated a local psychiatric pilot project which he hoped would

escalate and inspire a national service of this kind on a wider scale. Despite its dilapidated condition, St Matthews Hospital at Keiskammahoe remained very much part of history and tradition, and the superintendent and staff were to be congratulated on having succeeded in keeping this old war horse going despite its age and stage of disrepair.

Mount Coke hospital near here was in a state of disrepair and needed renovation. The nursing results had been the best in Ciskei, and the superintendent and staff

their tireless efforts in keeping this, yet another relic from the missionary ages, going at all costs. Hewu district medical services, with one urban clinic, 20 mobile units and two mobile units had been setting an example to the rest of Ciskei as to what could really be done by a small group of dedicated nurses and a full-time doctor assisted by a part-time practitioner in the absence of a hospital.

"It is absolutely remarkable that this vast district maintains such a high standard of clinical efficiency, despite its isolation and geographical and communications problems," he said.

"These people are to be congratulated and deserve all the support our government can offer from time to time, and they can be assured that they are top on the priority list when it comes to the provision of new hospitals in Ciskei."

He said a small "mini-hospital" was opened in Thornhill in January with 25 beds (and almost no equipment) and an utter lack of accommodation for staff. Nonetheless the staff had been able to render a major and much needed service in that locality. — DDR

## Sluggards must get out

BISHO — The Department of Health's policy was a dedicated policy of national humanitarianism, said Dr Van Aswegen.

It would therefore be his policy and wish that every employee of his department should in future see him or herself as a national humanitarian. Those of his department who would drag their feet and would not work should get out, he said.

"This means sluggards, and drunkards, weekenders, stopwatch maniacs with all watches and clocks set at 4.30 pm sharp, get out, we do not need you. Go and look for Utopia elsewhere."

He said it would be his policy to spare no energy, no time, no expense, no enterprise in order to arrange for intensive training and orientation programmes in his department, and begged the Republic of South Africa to note that their assistance would be urgently needed in a true spirit of confederalism. — DDR.

## Health campaign highly successful

BISHO — As a result of outbreaks in neighbouring states, campaigns had been conducted against cholera, polio and typhoid.

This was said by the Minister of Health and Welfare, Dr C. J. van Aswegen, during his policy speech in the assembly yesterday.

The threat of cholera surrounded the entire Ciskei and the country should be proud and grateful that only two cases, of confirmed cholera, had been reported thanks to the alertness, preparedness and dedication of the country's medical services who had conducted educational programmes directed at the prevention of cholera for the last year throughout Ciskei.

More than half a million leaflets had been dropped from the air and the department believed that the Ciskeian public were probably the best educated in Southern Africa regarding the hazards of cholera and its prevention, he said.

In the anti-cholera campaign the Department would not have succeeded at all had it not been for the able, welcome and friendly assistance of the Department of State Security who provided an aircraft and the service of their pilots as well as the Departments of Public Works, Transport and Education. The success of the campaign could be quoted as a fine example of efficient inter-departmental co-operation in Ciskei.

Ciskei had only 17 cases of typhoid reported last year. There had been no epidemiological pattern, and no epidemics were anticipated, although typhoid was endemic in most parts of Southern Africa.

Between 2 000 and 3 000 cases of pink eye occurred during the 1982 winter months, but this unpleasant disease responded well to controlling measures, he said.

As far as immunisation exercise against measles was concerned, it had proved to be successful.

# Pledge to correct department's faults

BISHO — The Minister of Health, Dr C. J. van Aswegen, pledged to correct inherent faults and inadequacies in his department and also pave the way for a long-term politically acceptable formula for success and to adhere as closely as possible to the political philosophy which President Lennox Sebe had so clearly defined in his policy speech.

He said he would aim at evolutionary departmental growth as opposed to dramatic revolutionary and costly change and progress which Ciskei could not afford.

"This department will aim at optimum security," he said.

"Security is engendered by hard and honest work, loyal intent, noble ambition and divine inspiration. And our more than 5 000 employees will be expected to respect their duties, not only as employees but as citizens of Ciskei to help safeguard the security of this land and this government by keeping our departmental house in order, keeping subversion out and

"My department undertakes to honour the concept of federalism, not only politically but departmentally and inter-departmentally in the sense that we as workers in our department must accept the principle of constant consultation and intimate co-operation interdepartmentally as well as with each other to ensure success. This is what confederalism is all about," he said. — DDR.

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Between 2 000 and 3 000 cases of pink eye occurred during the 1982 winter months, but this unpleasant disease responded well to controlling measures, he said.

As far as immunisation exercise against measles was concerned, it had proved to be successful in so far as only 49 cases were notified last year.

# Sluggards must get out

BISHO — The Department of Health's policy was a dedicated policy of national humanitarianism, said Dr Van Aswegen.

It would therefore be his policy and wish that every employee of his department should in future see him or herself as a national humanitarian.

Those of his department who would drag their feet and would not work should get out, he said.

"This means sluggards, and drunkards, weekenders, stopwatches and clocks set at 4:30 pm sharp, get out, we do not need you. Go and look for Utopia elsewhere."

He said it would be his policy to spare no energy, no time, no expense, no enterprise in order to arrange for intensive training and orientation programmes in his department, and begged the Republic of South Africa to note that their assistance would be urgently needed in a true spirit of confederalism. — DDR.

their tireless efforts in keeping this, yet another relic from the missionary ages, going at all costs.

Hewu district medical services, with one urban clinic, 20 rural clinics and two mobile units had been setting an example to the rest of Ciskei as to what could really be done by a small group of dedicated nurses and a full-time doctor assisted by a part-time practitioner in the absence of a hospital.

"It is absolutely remarkable that this vast district maintains such a high standard of clinical efficiency, despite its isolation and geophysical and communications problems," he said.

"These people are to be congratulated and deserve all the support our government can offer from time to time, and they can be assured that they are top on the priority list when it comes to the provision of new hospitals in Ciskei."

He said a small "mini-hospital" was opened in Thornhill in January with 25 beds (and almost no equipment) and an utter lack of accommodation for staff. Nonetheless the staff had been able to render a major and much needed service in that locality. — DDR.

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Scholtz:

MAY 1983

cattle  
farms

legal

D. DU PARRA

EAST LONDON — South African and Ciskei government spokesmen yesterday disagreed over the legality of farmers grazing cattle on land in the Stockenstroom area near Seymour.

The land, which has been released for incorporation into Ciskei but not handed over yet, is being leased to a number of farmers until July 31.

Ciskei has threatened to impound cattle, belonging to white farmers, found grazing on the land.

Yesterday the deputy chief commissioner for the Department of Cooperation and Development in Port Elizabeth, Mr J. Scholtz, said the white farmers on the land were there "quite legally" and were entitled to graze their cattle on the land.

But the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, rejected the claim that stock was grazing legally on the farms.

"How can there be legal grazing on land that has been handed over to the Republic of Ciskei and still being in the custody of the so-called Bantu Trust?" he said.

Mr Scholtz said there were about 16 farms in the area which were scheduled for incorporation into Ciskei, of which 10 had been leased to white farmers for the past two years.

"Six farms have not been leased and no cattle are grazing on them," he added. — DDR.

# Assault on Mrs Letlaka denied

5 MAY 1983

D. DISPATCH  
105

Year	
1970	
1971	
1972	
1973	
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1976	
1977	
1978	
1979	
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JOHANNESBURG — Two South African Transport Service employees from Volksrust told the magistrates' court here yesterday that they had not assaulted Mrs Pamela Letlaka, wife of the Transkeian Minister of Justice, on June 9, 1981.

Mr Gert Slabbert, a conductor, and Mr Gerrit van Rooyen, a controller, testified before Mr C. A. Allcock that they were on a train which departed from Park Station at Johannesburg minutes before the Trans-Natal Express on the evening of June 9, 1981.

Mr Slabbert said he had nothing to do with the passengers. "I was in the luggage van seeing to the loading of parcels." He noticed that the signal had not yet been given for the train to leave.

He said he went to the controller, his co-accused, who gave the signal.

Mr Slabbert said he was on his way back to the luggage van when "a black woman stormed after me and said 'I want your name and your number — you assaulted me'."

By then the train was starting to move and Mr Slabbert just had time to jump on. "I'd never seen her before," he told the court.

Mr Gerrit van Rooyen said that on the night in question he was in his compartment when a unknown white couple informed him there were some non-white people in a whites-only carriage who seemed lost.

He said he went down to the carriage and told them they were in the

wrong section. Nearby was an off-duty railway employee, named Vosloo, and Mr Van Rooyen told the court: "I was about to leave when I saw Mr Vosloo lash out." He said that this Mr Vosloo had subsequently been tried and convicted for that assault.

Mrs Letlaka claims that she could not find the first class passenger list. She said she got into the nearest carriage. She was asked for her ticket and when she showed the ticket, it was knocked to the ground and she was assaulted when she bent to pick it up.

Judgment will be given on May 25.

An application for the discharge of the two accused at the end of the State case was refused. — SAPA.

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du Toit  
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Address:

Officials:

Area of Operation: National

Founded: 1933

Registration: Yes



5. MAY 1983 D. SPATUW

# Ciskei pensions to be paid

BISHO — Ciskei's Department of Health had a multitude of problems which would take a lot of time and a great deal of effort and enterprise to solve.

The Minister of Health and Welfare, Dr C. H. J. van Aswegen, said this in his policy speech in the National Assembly yesterday.

He said he was foolish enough last year to believe that he would be able to set matters right in a week or two and to present the nation within a month or two with a faultless model of what a department should look like and an ultimate formula for complete perfection.

Dr van Aswegen said it was with regret and some disillusionment that he had proved the proverbial "fool who entered where angels fear to tread".

He said he remained unable to present the Assembly with a picture of perfection in his Department. It had taken him a year to realise that the department had a

multitude of problems which would take a lot of time and a great deal of effort and enterprise to solve.

Giving an insight into the physical nature, distribution and functions of his Department he said it was one of the largest, if not the largest department in the Ciskei Government. It represented almost 25 per cent of the entire public service with more than 100 physical centres of the activity distributed throughout Ciskei from Hewu to Mdantsane and from Fish River to the Border area.

Dr van Aswegen said pensions consumed more than 40 per cent of the department's entire budget and in the prevailing financial climate this presented his department with a major headache. Due to drastic cuts effected on the original estimates the Department had been able to pay current pensions only, with numerous delays.

He said 5 825 new applications had had to be deferred since January

1982, and remained unprocessed for financial reasons.

However he said as from the beginning of the present financial year, all pensioners including those who had been on the waiting list would receive their payments on a regular basis from this month.

Due to the shortage of funds some major projects had had to be shelved. — DDC.

# Sebe Ciskei not obliged to report to SAP

EAST LONDON — Ciskei was not "obliged" to inform South African authorities of intelligence operations undertaken in South Africa, the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said.

Reacting to a statement by the Divisional Commissioner of Police in the Border, Brigadier Jim Bekker, that if Ciskei authorities were involved in activities in King William's Town, it would have been "correct procedure for them to inform me", General Sebe said Brigadier Bekker did not command Ciskei intelligence operations.

Brigadier Bekker was commenting on an announcement by Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe that Ciskei intelligence had uncovered a group of white extremists in King William's Town whose aim was to destroy Ciskeians.

Reacting in "strong terms", General Sebe said Brigadier Bekker should realise that the Republic of Ciskei was "not obliged to report anything to him".

"The Ciskei intelligence organisation is not under his command. He must realise that Ciskei is fully independent."

General Sebe said Brigadier Bekker's statement that news of the

extremist group in King William's Town came as a "surprise" showed that he was not "appraised of his intelligence situation in his area"

Referring to the "mechanics of the game", General Sebe said it was not common for intelligence services to report on any intelligence operations gathered from another country to the intelligence service of that country.

"In the mechanics of the game there is a principle known as the need to know principle, and the Brigadier should acquaint himself with this principle under the circumstances."

General Sebe said the group of white extremists were not operating in King William's Town only.

"They are also in East London," he said.

Asked if the group were left-wing or right-wing extremists, General Sebe said white politics was so confused that "you get what are known as liberals which in our context we call communists".

He said that Ciskei would inform the South African authorities in due course when such liaison was "expedient".

"The proper documentation will be channelled," he said. — DDR

(011) 642 4601

Year	Membership		
	African	Asian and Coloured	White
1970	..	..	..
1971	..	..	..
1972	..	..	..
1973	718	767	690
1974	615	594	604
1975	703	642	703
1976	718	767	690
1977	615	594	604
1978	703	642	703
1979	718	767	690
1980	615	594	604
Total	703	642	703

1977 - Opens ranks to Affiliates to 1973

Registration: No

Founded: + 1920

Area of Operation:

Officials: Secretar

2000

Johannes

P.O. Box

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# Union men:

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# family deny

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# Ciskei arrest

~~105~~

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QUEENSTOWN — Relatives of Mr Dlaki Vani, who is being held by the Ciskei police, said yesterday that Mr Vani was arrested in Queenstown and not in Ciskei as Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, Commander-in-Chief of the Ciskei Security Forces, had said. The District Commander for the South African Police in Queenstown, Major C. Langenhoven, said yesterday he had no knowledge of Mr Vani's arrest.

Miss Zodidi Hangana, a cousin of Mr Vani, said she was present when Mr Vani was arrested while on their way to town.

Another cousin, Miss Monica Feni, confirmed that Mr Vani had not been back since he had been taken away by police on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr Elinda Mgodeka said he was arrested

with Mr Vani.

He said he had last seen Mr Vani when they alighted from the police vehicles at the local police station

Mr Mgodeka was released later on Tuesday.

Mr Vani is the local organiser for the African Food and Canning Workers Union (ACFWU) and Mr Mgodeka is a committee member of the union.

On Tuesday a local school teacher, Miss Notemba Irene Mayola, was also picked up at her home.

She said she was released at 2 am on Wednesday.

The general secretary of the ACFWU, Mr Jan Theron, said yesterday the Union was investigating Mr Vani's arrest.

No comment could be obtained from the Security Police in East London. —DDC

# Ciskei (105) tightens

water  
D. Disputat...  
curbs MAY 1983

ZWELITSHA — Stringent water restrictions in Ciskei were announced yesterday by the Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga.

The watering of gardens and lawns with watering cans and buckets has been restricted to Mondays and Thursdays for one hour between 4 pm and 5 pm. The use of hoses had been prohibited for some months now.

Chief Jongilanga has prohibited the watering of all sportsfields except bowling greens and cricket pitches. Both can be watered once a week.

He warned that those who did not observe the new restrictions would be liable to a fine not exceeding R500 or three months imprisonment for first offenders and R1 000 or six months for second and subsequent convictions. — DDR.

195 (105)

# Man had to pay ex-tenant's rent

MDANTSANE — A Mdantsane man, Mr Cecil Ngqanya, 38, of Zone 3, says he was made to pay R700 in rental arrears for the former tenant of a house he had applied for.

Mr Ngqanya said he had been on the waiting list for a house for seven years

He said he was called to see the Mdantsane assistant manager, Mr S Tanana, in January and told a house was available at Zone 3 but the rent was in arrears.

Mr Ngqanya said he was then called before the housing committee and told them he was interested. He said he was asked how much he

was prepared to put down as a deposit. He said he had R300.

He was told to wait outside and later sent in and asked how much he would pay per month to cover the whole R700 and he said he was prepared to pay R100 a month.

He was told to pay the amount at the Zone 3 office.

The Director General for the Department of Internal affairs and Land Tenure, Mr J. W. Grieb, declined to comment.

He referred inquiries to the Minister of the Interior, Mr B. Williams, who was not available for comment. — DDR

6 MAY 1983

105 DISPATCH

# Copter viewed by Ciskei MPs

EAST LONDON — The Ciskei Government yesterday took delivery of a helicopter and members of the National Assembly had time to view it in the early afternoon.

The Commander-in-Chief of Security Forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said the helicopter would be used mainly in drought relief services.

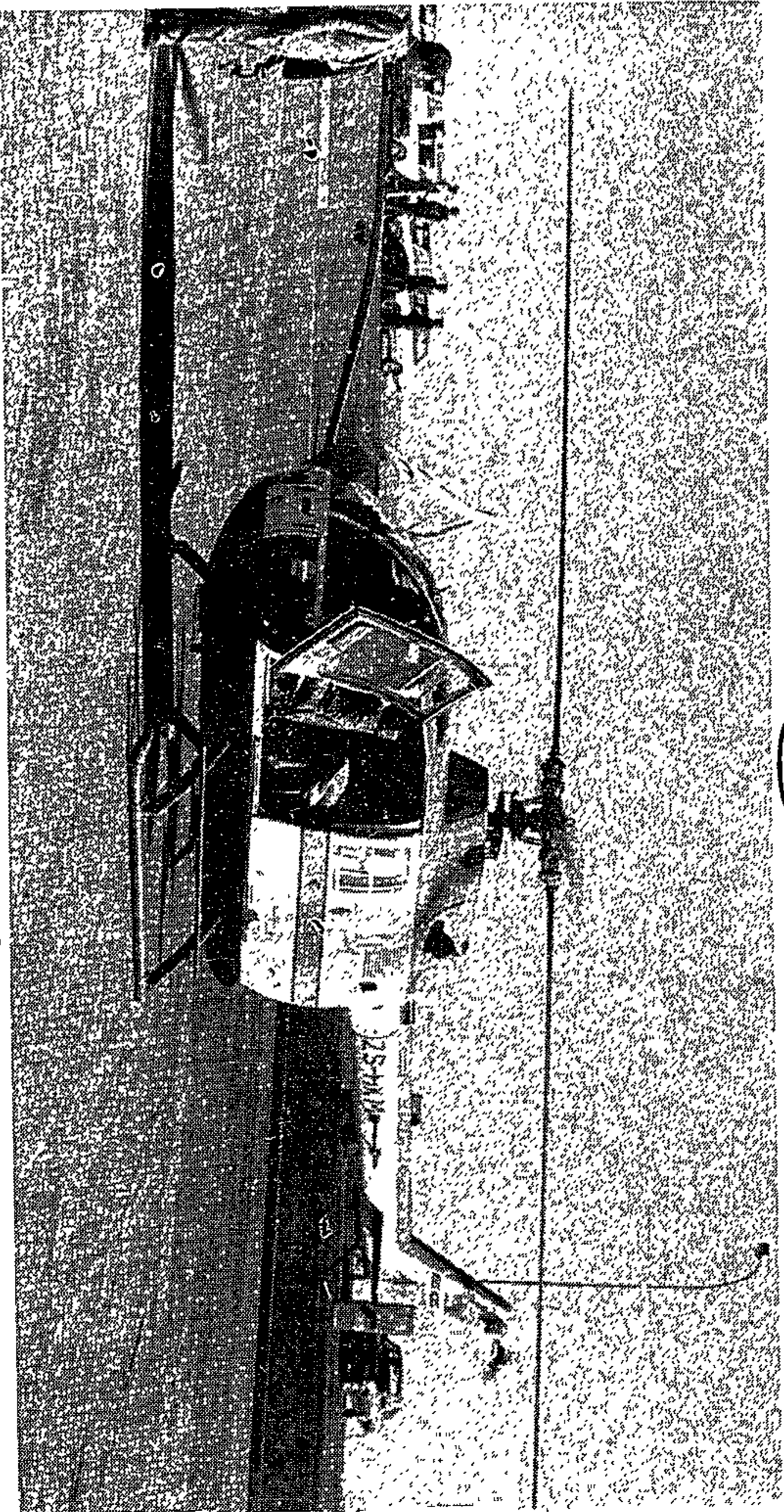
It would also help in health services, especially in getting to areas not readily accessible to road traffic. The service would be provided in times of emergency.

Gen. Sebe said it would also be used in crime-busting work, especially by the narcotics staff.

"The traffic of dagga through Ciskei from Transkei to Port Elizabeth is alarming," he said.

He quoted two instances of vehicles that had been chased long distances and cornered after driving through road blocks.

"But there are many others and we have had to give more attention to this dagga traffic," he said. — DDR



The helicopter at Bisho yesterday.

Rough  
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# Accounting was bad, says auditor

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BISHO — Unsatisfactory accounting practices brought to the attention of the Sessional Committee or departments concerned by the Auditor-General still existed, despite resolutions being taken by the committee and assurances given that steps had been taken to remedy the position.

This was reported by the Ciskei Auditor-General, Mr I. M. Mullins, in his annual report tabled in the National Assembly.

Mr Mullins said the more important unsatisfactory features were the excess expenditure on votes by account officers, unsatisfactory replies to audit queries, the non-clearance and lack of control over suspense accounts and the late submission of annual report statements and information

requested.

He said 226 queries were raised during inspections and examinations of monthly returns rendered to audit by outside offices. The undercollections and unsatisfactory financial and stores features which were brought to light could, in the majority of cases, be attributed to non-compliance with instructions in regard to internal checking and control.

Amounts recovered during the year as a result of queries arising from inspections and the examinations of monthly returns amounted to R45 276, while additional tax assessments totalling R24 197 were issued.

Two-hundred and sixty queries were raised in connection with the examination of head office and district expenditure vouchers for the finan-

cial year which had revealed a variety of "defects and shortcomings," he said.

"Amounts totalling R49 950 were disallowed during the year under review."

The shortage of audit staff remained critical. Out of a total of 48 posts on the authorised establishment in January, only 17 were filled, five by white seconded officials, leaving 31 posts vacant.

Certain aspects of the work were receiving little or no attention and without any real improvement in the staff situation. His ability to meet his statutory obligations — even at minimum level — must be regarded as being at serious risk, "let alone carrying out of efficiency audits or special investigations of any magnitude," he said. — DDR.

## Health of nation is vital — Xaba

BISHO — The Vice-President of Ciskei, the Rev W. M. Xaba, stressed the importance of making people conscious of the importance of good health during the Health and Welfare budget vote in the National Assembly yesterday.

He said the improved

health of people in developed countries had been due more to the provision of pure water supplies, adequate sewerage and waste disposal and control of air pollution than to medical discoveries.

During childhood too, the effect of housing conditions was very important. Families living in damp overcrowded houses were usually more likely to become ill, sometimes with serious diseases. Housing of an acceptable standard was therefore of top priority in a developing country, as in South Africa efforts had been concentrated on urban areas to the detriment of new independent states.

Mr Xaba said during the past 10 years or so people had become much more health conscious and this had

caused a shift of emphasis in the approach to health services. People had moved away from the short-sighted aspect of just treating the symptoms of diseases.

Heavy emphasis must be put on the neglected aspect of preventive and health promoting aspects of a modern health service. This could only be achieved if health services were built on a national network of primary health care, with adequate provision for transferring identified serious cases to more sophisticated levels of health care as hospitals and other special institutions.

He said it was very important that adequate provision was made to safeguard the health interests of every single member of the nation. — DDC

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# Mayor appeals to Ciskei over resettlement row

105 ~~307~~ E. Post 7/5/83

Weekend Post Reporter  
 AN appeal to the Ciskei Government to accept back citizens who are illegally squatting in the East London area was made today by the Mayor, Mr Errol Spring.

Ciskei has reportedly halted a massive resettlement programme from East London's Duncan Village, a project tackled jointly with the South African authorities.

Ciskei spokesmen say the housing needs of Mdantsane must be settled before resettlement can resume. This decision could

worsen the shack-dweller problem in Duncan Village, said Mr Spring.

He felt the problem of Ciskeian squatters in the East London area was the Ciskei's responsibility.

"We on the city council are very concerned about the situation in Duncan Village, which is a health hazard," he said.

"The East Cape Administration Board should take urgent steps to investigate the shack-dweller problem.

"Something should be done about those who are illegally in Duncan Village.

"Those who are legally

there should be given adequate accommodation."

Mrs Elsabie Kemp, MPC, who is chairman of the city's Housing Committee, said Duncan Village was controlled by the East Cape Administration Board.

"But we have had discussions about the Duncan Village problem with the Deputy Minister for Co-operation and Development, Dr George Morrison, who assured us an agreement had been reached with the Ciskeian Government before independence that the people of Duncan Village would be resettled," Mrs Kemp said.

Presumed des

Membership				Year
Total	White	Asian and Coloured	African	
				1980
				1979
				1978
* 149		149		1977
* 149		149		1976
* 128		128		1975
..		..		1974
* 128		128		1973
∅ 100				1972
∅ 100				1971
∅ 100				1970



# Survey shows HSL levels in homelands

S. Post  
7/5/83

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DETAILED research into the bare minimum incomes required by families in Ciskei and Transkei reveals poverty levels of R133,91 and R129,44 a month respectively.

The study, conducted by the University of Port Elizabeth's Institute for Planning Research under Professor Johann Potgieter, at the request of the Chamber of Mines, provides a valuable insight to the basic needs of the families left at home when migrant workers obtain employment.

These household subsistence levels (HSLs) are substantially lower than the HSLs calculated for the two major metropolitan areas of the Eastern Cape, Port Elizabeth (R263,52), and East London (R254,93).

However, this is accounted for by the fact that allowance has been made for the free food and accommodation provided by the mines, and also the fact

that — in accordance with international practice — allowance is made for "home production" by the migrant worker's family.

Titled *The Cost of Basic Needs of the Migrant Worker and his Family in the National States of Bophuthatswana, Kwa-zulu, Transkei and Ciskei*, the UPE survey was presented to the Chamber of Mines in November last year and has just been released to the general public with the Chamber's blessing.

In a preamble to the main findings, Prof Potgieter explains the traditional approach adopted by his institute for the past 10 years in surveying the HSL of urban centres throughout the country.

The calculation refers, he points out, "to an estimate of the theoretical income needed by an individual household if it is to maintain a defined minimum

level of health and decency in the short term.

"It is calculated at the lowest retail cost of a budget of necessities of adequate quality, comprising the total food, clothing, fuel, lighting and washing and cleansing materials required for each person, together with the fuel, lighting and cleansing materials needed by the household as a whole, the cost of rent and of workers' transport."

For comparative purposes the calculation is made for a hypothetical "average" family of six persons.

Prof Potgieter emphasises that the HSL is limited to the "short-term satisfaction of basic physiological need".

Specifically excluded is everything but the absolute bare necessities of day-to-day existence — which rules out medical expenses, education, savings, hire purchase, holidays, reading material, entertainment,



By Louis Beckerling  
Business Editor

recreation, insurance, purchases and replacement of household equipment, and incidental transport.

In translating the survey from an urban to a rural environment in which a household head was presumed at work on the mines, certain adjustments were made to the usual survey method.

Thus in the case of the head of the household no allowance was made for: food, since full board was presumed provided; fuel or light; transport; or rent. Furthermore, only half the clothing allowance was made as clothing is provided by the mines.

Certain minor adjustments were also made to other measuring standards

applied in the urban tests.

For instance, as cheese is not freely available in the homeland areas an extra allowance was made in the theoretical food basket for eggs; as houses were generally speaking small only half the allowance was made for lighting requirements, a similar 50% reduction was made in allowance for cleansing materials and no allowance was made for such items as stove polish.

The centres in Transkei and Ciskei that were then surveyed were:

- Transkei: Bizana, Lusikisiki, Ngqeleni/Umtata, and Idutywa.

- Ciskei: Alice and Keiskammahok/Middledrift.

Prof Potgieter adds the observation in his preamble that the subsistence level that his researchers then calculated "could be used as a guide for employers of large numbers of migrant labour in order to compare the wages they pay to what is regarded as the cost of the basic needs of their employees and families.

"In this context the responsible employer has a social obligation towards the wellbeing of his employees."

For details of the institute's findings, consult the table which appears with this article

TABLE 3. THE HOUSEHOLD SUBSISTENCE LEVEL FOR SURVEYED AREAS, JUNE 1982

Area	Food	Lighting	Fuel	Clothing	Transport	Total
<b>TRANSKEI:</b>						
Bizana	R133,24	R3,00	R2,50	R138,74	R13,87	R124,87
Lusikisiki	R141,10	R3,00	R2,50	R146,60	R14,66	R131,94
Ngqeleni	R135,86	R3,00	R5,00	R143,86	R14,39	R129,47
Idutywa	R141,25	R3,00	R2,25	R146,50	R14,65	R131,85
Weighted average						R129,44
<b>CISKEI:</b>						
Keiskammahok	R146,19	R2,00	R2,00	R150,19	R15,02	R135,17
Alice	R143,66	R2,00	R2,00	R147,66	R14,77	R132,89
Weighted average						R133,91

D. DISPATCH

# Removals to Mdantsane (105) suspended

PORT ELIZABETH — Ciskei has refused to accept any more blacks from South Africa — halting the resettlement programme of Ciskeian citizens to Mdantsane being carried out by the two governments.

Our Port Elizabeth correspondent was told yesterday that an official of the Ciskeian Government had informed the East Cape Administration Board that the plan to move people from Duncan Village to Mdantsane had stopped with immediate effect.

The board has been involved in resettling Ciskeians from Duncan Village to Mdantsane.

Last night the Vice-President of Ciskei, the Rev W. M. Xaba, gave the need to "sort out housing" for the people of Mdantsane as the reason for the decision.

"We told South Africa to stop moving people until the housing shortage in Mdantsane had been sorted out," he said.

Asked if he was referring specifically to the movement of people by the administration board from Duncan Village to Mdantsane, he replied: "From anywhere — the Western Cape, Duncan Village. They must stop bringing more people in until we have sorted out the long list of housing needs for the people of Mdantsane."

When contacted last night, Chief L. W. Maqoma, Ciskei's Minister of Manpower Utilisation, said he did not know whether the order had come direct from President Sebe or when it had been issued.

Mr George Reynolds, who heads a joint committee consisting of government representatives from Ciskei and South Africa, the administration board and East London municipal officials, primarily concerned with the removal of people from Duncan Village, said he "had heard of the decision," but did not know anything more about it. — DDC.

7 MAY 1988

# Sebe: private ownership <sup>(105)</sup> traditional P-DISPATCH

ZWELITSHA — The economic aspect of the Ciskei nation's life had played a major role in the country's history, President Lennox Sebe said at the official opening of the Small Business Industries complex here yesterday.

He said before independence foundations for the country's recovery and growth were laid based on the country's traditional belief in private ownership. It was a part of their culture that a man had to own property otherwise he was not a man.

He said the Ciskei Small Business Corporation was formed last year to assist in the development of economically viable small industry and agriculture

throughout Ciskei in order to stimulate economic development on as wide a scale as possible. Its first priority was to stimulate manufacturing concerns ranging from traditional handicrafts, that was cottage industries' to formalised manufacturing concerns with capital assets up to R50 000 excluding land and buildings. Concerns bigger than that were taken care of by the Ciskei National Development Corporation.

President Sebe appealed to Ciskeians to avail themselves of these opportunities acquire skills to run their enterprises on modern business lines.

He also appealed to his people to pay their taxes. — DDR

# Communication with SA rotten — Sebe

D.D.

105

May 1983

BISHO — Poor communications between Ciskei and South Africa came under strong attack in the National Assembly here yesterday.

President Lennox Sebe described the communications between the two countries as "rotten."

President Sebe likened good communications to a game of tennis where one needed a partner to return the ball.

Communications between the two republics were "rotten" because Ciskei did not have a partner. The problem was that Ciskei's partner was wearing shorts and had a tennis racket as if it was going to participate in the game. One never saw the partner in court and one realised after the game that one should have had a partner.

He asked how Ciskei could ask its youth to build the nation and be partners with the white boys if whites were not playing the game.

"We are not asking for a favour, whites need us as we need them," he said.

"If they do not need us they will perish. That is the truth."

He said the Jingqi tribe under Chief Lent Maqoma had no land

and Chief D. M. Jongilanga's had not enough land as well. Their subjects were dissatisfied.

President Sebe accused officials of the South African embassy of not being respectful by not coming back to the Assembly to listen to the discussion of the budget vote.

He said there had been an official from the Embassy during the reading of the policy speech but he had not come back to listen to the discussion. There should have been officials in the Assembly in the afternoon as well.

The Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J. T. Mabandla, asked why the South African Government had settled people in the Seymour district without the knowledge of its counterparts. He questioned their presence at Seymour without an agreement between the two governments.

He said the Ciskeian Minister of Foreign Affairs should tell the South African Government that it took great exception to its actions.

On the question of recognition by the international community, Chief Mabandla said Ciskeians were content with their way of life and

the friends they had made.

Ciskeians did not wish to be recognised more than they would be happier to know all Ciskeians had at least a meal a day. Once Ciskeians were able to feed themselves and export some produce she would be recognised.

The Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, said one of the points of irritation between Ciskei and South Africa was that although the two countries had written agreements, white officials did not fulfill these agreements.

He accused Administration Board officials of acting like robots, showing no mercy to the people and evicting people whose breadwinners had died and dumping them in Ciskei.

He said misery suffered by blacks at the hands of officials could not be tolerated. Agreements between the two countries meant that Ciskeians working in South Africa would not suffer because of independence. They would get work and even accommodation but this was not the case in some places and areas.

The agreements did not refer only to urban people but bound people working on farms as well. — DDR

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# Ciskei has made friends abroad says Pityi

BISHO — Ciskei had forged ahead to establish contacts in other parts of the world, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, said in his policy speech in the Assembly yesterday.

"Ciskei, undaunted by the biased and prejudiced condemnation in the corridors of world power, has strengthened the bonds of friendship that exist between itself and other countries not only in Southern Africa but overseas as well," he said.

Mr Pityi appealed to the peoples of the world (who should not be confused with their governments) to allow Ciskei to take its rightful place in the international community.

He said Ciskei was not recognised by any government outside Southern Africa on account of the "selective morality" exercised by member states of the United Nations.

"After all, wherein lies the significance of recognition? This much-vaunted word, recognition, has not solved the basic problems of poverty, disease, instability and ignorance in the Third World countries, despite all the public posturings regarding the independent states of South Africa.

"It is an incontrovertible fact that Ciskei is independent and cannot be wished away."

Mr Pityi said his department's objective in forging links with the outside world was to attract investments into the Ciskei and foreign aid in cash, expertise and training of personnel.

"I wish to stress that invariably all developing countries are buttressed by foreign aid in one form or another. If this foreign aid has strings attached to it,



MR PITYI

that applied to all the Third World countries that receive such aid."

Ciskei could not isolate itself from world events and for this reason his department viewed with deep concern the continuing "internecine civil war" in Zimbabwe, the war in South West Africa and the presence of Cuban forces in Angola, and the protracted war on the borders.

"It should be remembered that the business of foreign affairs is peace in the country and any signs of destabilisation cause anxiety in our minds."

Mr Pityi said it was heartening to notice that South Africa saw itself as a part of Africa and referred to the reported dialogue between South Africa on the one hand and Mozambique, Zambia and Angola on the other.

He commended the staff of the political branch of his department for the manner in which they had handled highly sensitive and confidential matters without any leakage. The diplomacy of the staff manning this branch in handling delicate issues had been instrumental in strengthening the bond that existed between Ciskei and South Africa. He also thanked the Department of State Security for giving expert advice to the branch on the handling of certain issues of a security nature.

During the past year Ciskei's ambassador based in Pretoria visited some of his counterparts in South Africa and this augured well for future ties with these countries.

Ciskei had five consuls-general based in Johannesburg, Bloemfontein, Cape Town, Durban and Port Elizabeth who catered for the needs of Ciskeians in the urban areas.

The country had an honorary Consul-General, Mr J. H. Veldthuisen, who was based in Cape Town who envisaged making efforts through American friends to establish a cultural park and a home for cripple care in Ciskei as well as visiting Europe to consult entrepreneurs and contacts to invest and establish subsidiaries in Ciskei.

Although Ciskei had no diplomatic relations with foreign countries, overseas agents had been appointed in Washington, Hong Kong, Paris, Israel and Taiwan. — DDR

# Ciskei, SA face the same threats—Sebe

E-7 MAY 1983

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D. DISPATCH

EAST LONDON — Any communist attack on South Africa was seen by the Ciskei Government as a military assault on Ciskei, the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said at the University of the Free State in Bloemfontein.

General Sebe was addressing students on the communist onslaught in Southern Africa.

In a wide-ranging speech, a copy of which was released here for publication, he said any country that harboured terrorists from communist states should be prepared to face the drastic consequences of such action.

He asked whether Ciskei and South Africa should wait for such guerillas to come to their doorsteps and

attack before retaliation.

"I say a blunt no. We must go to the enemies and fight them in their own battlefield," he said.

General Sebe discounted any solutions to the problems of Namibia, adding that the Cape Verde Islands talks were doomed.

He said Swapo would agree to free elections only if their troops would be allowed back into South West Africa to participate "in the so-called ballotbox system of election.

"In fact their manifesto will be 'vote for Swapo and war will come to an end' as they did in Zimbabwe."

Enumerating what he saw as situations providing breeding ground for communism, he put forward three factors — ra-

cial policies favourable to certain sections of the population; slum conditions like those prevailing in China before the advent of communism, and the existence of an oppressed section in society.

He called for a chance to be given to the Prime Minister, Mr P. W. Botha, to try to solve the problems of South Africa.

On the international activities of communists, he said the United Nations Organisation had served its purpose and had now become a ground for communist activities.

He said the social struggle in South Africa was not a black against white confrontation but appeared to be remotely controlled by the Soviet Union in its quest for world communist domination. — DDR.

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# Homes Ciskei's duty — mayor

9 MAY 1983

EAST LONDON — It was the responsibility of the Ciskei Government to provide squatters in Duncan Village with accommodation because they were Ciskeian citizens, the mayor of East London, Mr Errol Spring, said yesterday.

Mr Spring was commenting on a report that Ciskei would refuse to accept any more settlements from South Africa.

Mr Spring said: "There is no adequate accommodation in Duncan Vil-

lage, even for those people living there legally. Steps should be taken to provide them with accommodation."

Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, gave the need to 'sort out housing' for the people of Mdantsane as the reason for the decision.

"We told South Africa to stop moving people until the housing shortage in Mdantsane had been sorted out," he said.

## Soldiers on murder rap <sup>(105)</sup>

**TWO** members of the Transkei Defence Force appeared in the Supreme Court in Umtata last week charged with murder.

Lieutenant Ndaba Mtirara the son of Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara and Corporal Mayibuye Mditshwa pleaded not guilty before Mr Justice H Davies to the killing of Mr Dugard Ngceba, the brother of the former Transkeian commissioner of police.

Mrs Albertina Mhlana, a teacher, told the court Lieutenant Mtirara fired three shots at the car in which she, her husband, two women and Mr Ngceba were travelling from Umtata to Ngangelizwe township.

She said the two soldiers and the occupants of her husband's car had quarrelled after the soldiers had stopped the other car from passing.

The soldiers followed Mrs Mhlana's car. Mr Ngceba drove faster until he stopped near the gate of his home, Mrs Mhlana testified.

The green car pulled up behind them and the driver stepped out again. A shot rang out and Mrs Mhlana hid in the car as more shots were fired.

Mr Ngceba died later in hospital.  
The trial continues today. — Sapa.



# For chers ought

raised in a motion which  
ged the association to  
peak out on issues of the  
y even if those are con-  
versial and political in  
nature"

Another motion calls for  
e association to air its  
ows on apartheid and  
ES delegates to condemn  
as detrimental to educa-  
tion

A Cape Town motion re-  
ests an "in-depth investi-  
tion" by branches of the  
ociation into the effects  
apartheid on education

Two motions will deal  
the financial implica-  
of the De Lange  
port on Education, one  
h calls on the Educa-  
Department to give  
els more information  
the commission  
eachers' salaries and  
plight of the married  
ale teacher will also be  
ussed.

On the academic front,  
Education Department  
called on to introduce  
ect advisors in all sub-  
is and to make school  
ctions "without prior  
ning to achieve greater  
ountability".

# Two shot i hotel -acas

TORIA — A police  
stable was seriously  
ded in the stomach  
a friend shot in the arm  
g an alleged argument  
a couple in a Pretoria  
in hotel.

Two duty Constable Leon  
kins and a friend, Mr  
y Labuschagne, appar-  
y became involved in  
rgument with a mar-  
couple at the hotel on  
day evening.

38 revolver was pro-  
d and shots fired. Con-  
Larkings was hit in  
stomach and Mr Labus-  
the in the arm.

Both were taken to the  
toria West Hospital  
e Const Larkins under-  
t emergency surgery

Condition is serious.  
Labuschagne is in a sat-  
ory condition  
36-year-old man and  
year-old wife are ex-

# Small business 'is free market's base'

Political Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — Small  
businesses are the "cor-  
nerstone of the free  
market system" and  
present by far the larg-  
est potential for creat-  
ing employment, the  
Minister of Industries,  
Commerce and Tour-  
ism, Dr Dawie de  
Villiers, said today

Opening the national sym-  
posium on small busi-  
nesses in Johannesburg,  
he said in Japan small  
businesses provided  
80% of all employment  
opportunities

The small business sector  
in the US was responsi-  
ble for 66% of all new  
jobs created between  
1960 and 1970, and 75%  
of all businesses in that  
country were individ-  
ually owned.

Dr De villiers said the need  
to assist and train small  
businessmen was ac-  
centuated by the tradi-  
tional shortage of entre-  
preneurial talent and  
certain types of skilled  
labour.

"This problem has always  
been more intense in the  
rural areas where a  
continuous process of  
brain-drain and a flight  
of purchasing power to-  
wards the cities is tak-  
ing place."

Small businesses were "vir-  
tually the only business  
venture" which could  
economically provide  
goods and services in  
thinly populated areas  
and small markets, he  
said.

The small business inform-  
ation services in the  
eight development re-  
gions had given help  
and information to  
more than 3 000 individ-  
ual entrepreneurs in the  
past 10 months, he  
added.

# Questions on Ciskeian issue will be asked

By JOHANN POTGIETER  
Political Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — "Some-  
thing is cooking" in the am-  
bivalent relationship be-  
tween Ciskei and South  
Africa, and the Progressive  
Federal Party will table  
questions in Parliament  
this week to try to find out  
what.

This follows the apparent  
refusal by Ciskei's Presi-  
dent, Mr Lennox Sebe, to  
accept any more Ciskei  
nationals moved from Dun-  
can Village to Mdantsane,  
and earlier threats by Mr  
Sebe's brother, Lieutenant-  
General Charles Sebe, to  
"impound" white-owned  
cattle on released farms in  
the Seymour district.

Last week General Sebe  
said he was "mobilising"  
his forces to go to Seymour,

acting on the instructions of  
his brother.

The pasturages at stake  
are on released farms that  
have not yet been handed  
over to Ciskei, and Ciskei  
has claimed that farmers  
from other areas had  
brought their cattle there  
to devastate the grazing

A telegram has report-  
edly been sent to the South  
African Government, ask-  
ing that the released farms  
should be handed over to  
Ciskei.

The Government must  
reply to questions about  
these tensions, placed on  
the parliamentary question  
papers today by Mr Errol  
Moorcroft, PFP MP for Al-  
bany, on Wednesday after-  
noon.

Mr Moorcroft has speci-  
fically asked whether white

farmers were given per-  
mission to use the pastur-  
age areas concerned and  
whether Ciskei has made  
any representations about  
this

Mr Moorcroft said today  
his party opposed the  
forced removal of settled,  
stable communities, and his  
first reaction to the an-  
nouncement that President  
Sebe now refused to accept  
more had thus been posi-  
tive.

"But the more one hears  
about it, the more confused  
the position seems to be,"  
he said.

The flow of Ciskeian  
nationals into Ciskeian ter-  
ritory had been regulated  
by agreements signed be-  
fore independence and the  
present position thus re-  
quired explanation.

# 'ANC songs': musicians face charges

JOHANNESBURG — Two  
musicians of a group called  
Splash appeared before a  
Johannesburg magistrate  
today charged with singing  
revolutionary songs at a  
music festival on February 2

The musicians, Mr Jo-  
seph Charles, a 24-year old  
guitarist, and Mr Rufus  
Radebe, a 19-year old  
drummer, are alleged to  
have sung the songs before  
a crowd of 3 000 at the  
Kloofendal Amphitheatre,  
Roodepoort, where a num-  
ber of bands performed.

They are charged in  
terms of the Internal Secur-  
ity Act. It is alleged that by  
singing a song entitled *Tri-  
bute to Martyrs* they ad-  
vocated revolution, com-  
mended the activities of the  
African National Congress,  
advocated violence as the  
only means of  
overthrowing the Govern-  
ment of South Africa and  
created support for the

ANC and its members.

Both men pleaded not  
guilty to the charge and Mr  
Charles denied he was a  
leader of the group.

Mr Charles said the  
group did not compose its  
own songs. It played music  
other people had composed  
"The songs we played can  
be bought at any music  
shop," Mr Charles said

He denied singing a song  
entitled *Tribute to Mar-  
tyrs* and said the song per-  
formed by the group was  
entitled *Tribute to  
Mathis*, a recording of  
which was available at mu-  
sic shops.

Questions by the magis-  
trate, Mr W A Aucamp, Mr  
Charles said political songs  
were performed at the fes-  
tival.

He told Mr Aucamp the  
song sung by Splash was  
about Mr Steve Biko.

The case was postponed  
to May 17 and bail was re-  
fused for the two men.

# Death of Mr Bhagattjee

Post Reporter

A MALABAR businessman,  
Mr Toolshidas Bhagattjee,  
72, died in Livingstone Hos-  
pital yesterday.

His body was cremated  
in the afternoon.

He was born in India and  
came to South Africa at the  
age of 13.

He belonged to various  
organisations, including the  
Seva Samaj and the Kshat-  
riya Gujarati Mandal

Mr Bhagattjee had an  
outfitting business in  
Kempston Road

He leaves his wife, a  
daughter and a son.

# Q'town man found dead

Post Reporter

EAST LONDON — A  
Queenstown man, Mr Wil-  
liam Frank Holmes, 55, was  
found dead in the garage of  
his home today.

Mr Holmes was found in  
his car by a neighbour in  
Prince Alfred Street.

A hosepipe led from the  
car exhaust to the interior.

Police said a crime was  
not suspected.

# East Cape farmers face shortage of feed

Post Correspondent

GRAHAMSTOWN — As the crippling drought continues,  
Eastern Cape farmers face a new problem — a shortage of  
feed for their livestock.

The supply of wheat straw is fast drying up and the  
supply of mealies has now been delayed for six weeks.

The problem is that Western Cape farmers, the main  
feed suppliers, are no longer selling their produce. Those  
who can sell are busy ploughing and cannot load their

ton trucks to the Western Cape to load the produce and rail  
it all at the co-op's expense.

The lucerne supply has also stopped and the co-op has  
gone as far as South West Africa to look for lucerne.

The manager of the co-op's Grahamstown branch, Mr  
Pat van der Berg, said farmers were getting worried.  
Some had not received feed ordered six weeks ago.

Most farmers in the Albany and Bathurst areas have  
used up their capital on feed and have applied for Land  
Bank loans. The drought relief scheme is solving some

D. D. PARLH (105) 307  
**Homes searched  
in Mdantsane**

MDANTSANE — Several homes were searched and many documents removed in what the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lt-General Charles Sebe called "a normal law-enforcement raid by the combined forces here on Friday night and early Saturday morning"

General Sebe said one man from Zone 9 was held for theft and would appear in court today.

He confirmed that many homes were searched during the raid.

Mr D Sifingo and Miss G. N Botha, both of Zone 8, confirmed visits by Ciskei security men. Both said homes were surrounded by soldiers during the raid in which some documents were taken.

In Zone 5 searches were confirmed to have been conducted in the homes of Mr M. Mazwai and Mr M. Gajule

Other homes searched belong to Mr J. Citeko, of Zone 4, Mr Sisa Njikelana, national vice-president of the South African Allied Workers' Union, and Mr Vuyisile Mati, of Zone 9.

An employee of the Dependants' Conference, a branch of the South African Council of Churches, Mr Stage Thando Cuntu, said Ciskei security forces raided his house at the weekend.

Mr Cuntu said a truck-

load of soldiers and members of the police in two cars came to his house in Zone 9 at 2 a.m. on Saturday

Six policemen searched his house

He said nothing was removed

He said this was the second raid in five months. Police searched his house on December 15 and nothing was removed.

Four students — Mr Zandisile Sobandla, 20, Mr Vusumzi Sobandla, 18, Mr Linda Majikijela, 21, and Mr Sindile Tabata, 18 — also confirmed the searches and removal of documents

They said they were taken from their homes and released at a police tent set up near Fort Jackson at the entrance to Mdantsane

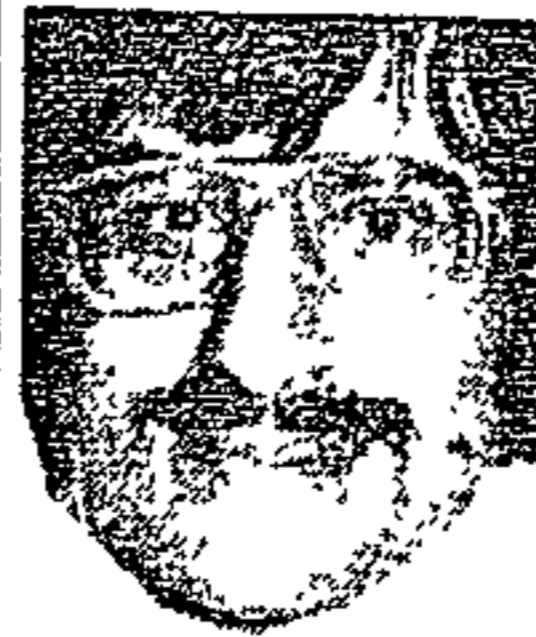
They had to walk home to Zones 2 and 3 they said

General Sebe said that although he was in charge of the operation, he had not arrived at the checkpoint when the students were released but he doubted the truth of their story. — DDR.

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# Labour Week

By  
STEVE FRIEDMAN



So talk that Cusa has thrown in its lot with the new federation is highly premature.

THE winds of labour reform whistling through the bigger cities seem to die down entirely in country towns ... witness the trials of the African Food and Canning Workers Union in Queenstown. *RDM 9/5/83*

Its members struck recently at a creamery in the town after making some startling allegations of "brutality" against foremen and were fired after the employer refused to negotiate with the union

Since then police have taken an inordinate interest in the union: fired strikers have been questioned and six were arrested and charged with "intimidation".

Now comes the bizarre tale of a union official, Mr Dlaki Vani, who was taken from a house in Queenstown — allegedly by SA Police — and then turned up in detention in (where else?) Ciskei, where Lt-General Charles Sebe is making his usual dark claims of subversion

How Mr Vani got from Queenstown to Ciskei remains a mystery.

But events in Queenstown clearly affect union perceptions of Government labour policies.

# Homes of unionists, students searched

Argus Bureau  
EAST LONDON — The homes of several trade unionists and students were searched and documents confiscated in Ciskei at the weekend.

Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, head of security confirmed that a number of homes had been searched in "a normal law enforcement raid by the combined forces".

One man had been held for theft.

Two of the people whose homes were raided, Mr D Sifingo and Miss G Botha, said their homes were surrounded by soldiers and some documents had been confiscated.

Mr Stage Cuntu, an employee of the Dependents' Conference, said a truckload of soldiers and police in two cars ar-

rived at his home. Six policemen had searched his house but nothing had been removed.

The home of the national vice president of the South African Allied Workers' Union, Mr Sisa Njikelana, was also searched.

Four students said their homes had also been searched and documents were removed.

## Unisa degrees

Argus Correspondent

PRETORIA — A total of 293 degrees — including five doctorates — have been awarded to students from the faculties of arts and theology at the University of South Africa's fourth graduation ceremony of the year in Pretoria.

# Exploit green Industrial Board an economic milestone for Ciskei — Malefane stresses financial discipline in the economy

## Sebe urges

BISHO — Ciskei should exploit its "green gold" — citrus and pineapples — more fully. President Lennox Sebe told the National Assembly here yesterday.

President Sebe said Ciskei had no gold and the country could not afford to just fold its arms.

Speaking in the debate on the Finance and Economic Affairs vote, President Sebe said Ciskei was already earning foreign exchange from citrus and pineapples.

He called on the department of finance and the Development Corporation to get together to exploit these more fully.

Both fruit industries were labour intensive creating more jobs and generating capital.

He attacked managers who kept on saying that these projects would be viable in ten years time. He said people were hungry and needed to be fed. Even if they were not economically viable these projects would be employing the hungry and unemployed.

President Sebe also congratulated the Minister of Finance and Economic Affairs, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, for his policy speech.

President Sebe said it was a fine speech which showed good working relations between the minister and his Director-General. It was also a fine example of human trust.

He said the training of personnel mentioned in the speech was not just a scrip of the surface, but proper and thorough training. He paid tribute to the personnel under the Director-General for knowing the mechanics of their department.

The Deputy Whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, commended the department for the general feeling of harmony in the administration of public monies. When public funds were administered by capable hands and there were no overdrafts.

He was pleased to hear about the in-service training for higher positions. It was better to improve what one already had rather than depend on other nations for seconded officials.

Chief Mavuso commended the department for its endeavour to attract industries, thereby creating jobs within the borders of Ciskei. The social evils of the migratory system were well known. — DDR.

## Computer correct — minister

BISHO — The feeding of the Ciskei Government's computer with incorrect information was the reason for the mistakes in public servants' salaries, the Minister of Finance, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, said yesterday.

He was answering queries raised by MPs about many mistakes in salaries.

Chief Malefane said there was nothing wrong with the computer. He blamed officials of various departments who were feeding the computer with incorrect information. — DDR.

approval in respect of industrial concessions.

Last year 52 applications for regional industrial development concessions were received from prospective industrialists. Of these applications 50 had been approved and 37 had in fact established industries in Ciskei with about 3 500 job opportunities being created.

Chief Malefane said since independent a registrar of imports and exports had been appointed to take over the functions of import and export control which had been previously administered by the Republic of South Africa.

Import permits to the value of R9 million were issued to industrialists and traders last year and more than R10 million during the first quarter of this year.

As the creation of a favourable climate for the development of a sound domestic trade sector was also important for the establishment of a sound economic base, the internal trade and commercial sections of his ministry, assisted by South African officials, had conducted commercial inspections in Zwelitsha, Mdantsane, Peddie and Alice.

The aim of these inspections was to get a good impression of trade practices in Ciskei and the results showed that more inspections had still to be conducted in order to educate traders on the importance of uniform trading practices. This aspect had as yet not been finalised. With a view to intensifying these inspections, a Ciskei official had been sent on a six-month commercial-inspections course offered by the South African Department of Industries, Commerce and Tourism.

"Apart from achievements I have already mentioned in this regard, it is worth mentioning that the payment of industrial incentives has been increased from R2,8 million to R12 million," he said.

"The placing of a high priority on industrial development is aimed at combating rising unemployment, so as to achieve the elusive ideal of a meal a day for every Ciskeian."

Chief Malefane said although his government sought to enhance its revenue base it was also desirous of equating its revenue policies with other states. In cases where it was just and equitable to enact revenue laws which were beneficial to Ciskeians, it did not hesitate to implement such beneficial provisions. He cited the Income Tax Act passed by the Assembly in a special session last year. Ciskei was pioneering tax reforms in Southern Africa. — DDR.

BISHO — The Minister of Finance and Economic Development, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, stressed the importance of maintaining the spirit of financial discipline in order to establish a sound economic base in his policy speech in the National Assembly yesterday.

He said financial discipline was successfully instilled last year and would be followed again this year. To this end additional financial controls were being introduced which, with the help of accounting officers in maximising departmental revenues, would contribute towards the clearance of the shortfall of R7 088 000 budgeted for the 1983/84 financial year.

The major contribution towards the attainment of financial control lay in the decentralisation of the Paymaster-General's bank account.

"All ministries will control separate bank accounts which may not be overdrawn," he said.

"Together with the introduction of a computerised system of accounting for itemised expenditure, accounting officers will be placed in a far better position to manage the financial affairs of their departments."

Departmental monthly requisitions for funds from the Treasury and the relative cash flows would again be carefully monitored by the Treasury to keep the economy in balance and to ensure that funds not immediately required for departmental services were invested to maximum advantage in compensation for the anticipated softening of interest rates in the coming months.

Should the policy of consolidation prove successful this year the Republic of Ciskei would be in a position to take maximum advantage of the upswing in the world economy widely predicted to occur in the near future.

Chief Malefane said that an indispensable corollary for the successful implementation of his financial policy was selection, engagement, training and advancement of personnel who would manage the requisite administration functions.

Owing to the specialised nature of the functions in the various branches, divisions and sections of his department, there had been a struggle to fill numerous vacant posts with suitably qualified personnel in spite of placing advertisements in newspapers.

He said his ministry had been forced to rely heavily on the slower yet reliable policy of internal departmental training of staff in all job phases prior to their advancement to higher positions.

The benefits of this policy would be enjoyed shortly as 54 staff members of the lower and middle management levels would advance to higher positions at the start of the current financial year with the result that the departmental personnel position would be strengthened tremendously.

Fifteen officials had also been trained in his ministry in order to equip other departments with staff who were sufficiently trained to handle the functions connected with the payment of salaries and creditors' accounts and control of separate bank accounts which had been decentralised to all departments.

This dispensation of partial autonomy in financial matters would be further enhanced by agency services of the Computer Bureau which had already converted the old salary system to a "QPAC" system.

"The QPAC system is used all over the world and Ciskei is the first user of the new version of QPAC in the Eastern Cape and Border regions. Another first for the Ciskei Data Processing Centre is the acquisition of an ICL 1440 line printer which is driven at the rate of 1 500 lines of printing a minute, thereby more than doubling the rate of printing capacity," he said. — DDR.

Frank family friend dies

AMSTERDAM — Mrs. Elli van Wijk (Voskuyl), who was immortalised in the Diary of Anne Frank for her aid to a group of Jews hiding in Nazi-occupied Amsterdam, had died. She was 68.

Chief Malefane said there was nothing wrong with the computer. He blamed officials of various departments who were feeding the computer with incorrect information. — DDR.

## CNDC thanked in the assembly for emblem

BISHO — The Ciskeian National Development Corporation which had donated a handwoven wall rug depicting the Ciskei emblem to the National Assembly was thanked by both President Sebe and the Speaker, Mr. C. Ngxwana.

Earlier in the day the Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba, had moved that the emblem hanging behind the Speaker's chair should be removed because the motto was incomplete. He

was seconded by the Deputy Whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso.

Mr. Xaba said the inscription was incomplete. What was written was "Siyakungandwa" and should have been "Siyakungandwa zinkwenkwezi" which means the sky is the limit.

After Chief Mavuso had seconded the motion the Speaker said: "While the act of pulling down the emblem takes place, we shall continue with the reading of the — DDR."

... OF THE

(105) D. D. Spatcher

# Seymour farmers still using land <sup>12/5/83</sup>

EAST LONDON — Farmers in the Seymour district are still grazing their stock on land due to be incorporated into Ciskei, despite a Ciskei Government threat to impound cattle found on the land.

Last week General Sebe announced that he had been instructed by President Lennox Sebe to impound cattle grazing on the farms, which have been released to Ciskei but not yet handed over.

The chairman of the Seymour Farmers' Association, Mr N. L. Graham, said there had been "no sign" of the Ciskei Military Police who had reportedly been mobilised to move into the district.

Yesterday Mr Graham said farmers in the region were still grazing their cattle on the land, which they have leased from the South African Government until July 31.

The man who ordered the mobilisation, Ciskei's Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, could not be contacted for comment yesterday.

"Everything's quiet here and we don't really expect anything to happen," he said. "As we said earlier, the land is only being used by farmers who live and farm in this area, so we have done nothing wrong." — DDR

D. Dispatch 10/5/83

# Foreign Affairs to handle resettlement

105

EAST LONDON — The South African Department of Foreign Affairs has started discussions with the Ciskei Government over the fate of black people scheduled for resettlement to the national state.

This was confirmed by a senior official in the department and by the Deputy Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr George Morrison.

"It is out of our hands now," Dr Morrison said from Cape Town yesterday. "Foreign Affairs have taken over discussions."

The South African Government was officially notified yesterday of the Ciskei decision to stop resettlement of black people living in South Africa.

The chairman of the East Cape Administra-

tion Board, Mr Louis Koch, said he had notified his superiors in Cape Town "as soon as I could".

Ciskei's Vice President, the Reverend W. Xaba, announced on Friday that they would no longer accept black people resettled from South Africa — in particular people living in Duncan Village due to move to Mdantsane.

He said at the time that this was to allow his government to "sort out" the housing situation in Mdantsane.

Yesterday Mr Koch said he was "not in a position" to say what effect the Ciskei announcement would have on the resettlement of the more than 30 000 people living in Duncan Village.

"I am awaiting instructions from the govern-

ment as to what we should do now," he said from Port Elizabeth.

Dr Morrison could also not say what affect the Ciskei move would have on South Africa's resettlement plans.

"We will have to wait and see what happens in the discussions," he said.

The chairman of the Duncan Village Community Council, Mr D. D. Makatala, welcomed the Ciskei announcement.

"This could be great news for Duncan Village," he said. South Africa has been clogging Ciskei with people who are happy to stay in South Africa, and maybe this will mean a reprieve for us."

He felt the Ciskei Government had made a "wise move" in "putting its foot down".

He said the announcement would be discussed at the community council's next meeting early in June.

● Mr Xaba could not be contacted for comment yesterday on the reasons for ending the resettlement project. Earlier, however, he was reported to have said South Africa should use the money intended for repatriation to house squatters already in Ciskei.

He said Ciskei had a bilateral agreement with South Africa in terms of which 15 per cent of the houses built in Mdantsane were distributed by the Ciskei Government. Ciskei now wanted control of all these houses, particularly as there had been a large influx of people to Mdantsane from the Western Cape — DDR

Harward Q. 601.1262  
Arrest of Tandi Madikane  
105  
11/5/82  
1264  
15 Dr. A. L. BORAINÉ asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether one Tandi Madikane was arrested by the South African Police on or about 26 April 1983; if so, (a) when, (b) where and (c) why;

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1264

(2) whether any other persons were arrested on the same occasion; if so, (a) how many, (b) why and (c) what are their names;

(3) whether any charges have been laid against those arrested; if so, (a) for what alleged offences, and (b) under what statutory provision, in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) On 25 April 1983

(b) At his home.

(c) Because he allegedly committed intimidation and malicious damage to property.

(2) No

(3) Yes

(a) and (b) Contravention of section 1(1)(b) of Act 72 of 1982--intimidation and malicious damage to property, which is a common law offence

Dr. A. L. BORAINÉ: Mr. Speaker, arising out of the hon. the Minister's reply, could he please tell us whether Tandi Madikane is still being held and, if so, where?

The MINISTER: Mr. Speaker, I am sorry, but I do not have that information. I shall go into the matter and let the hon. member know

Dr. A. L. BORAINÉ: Arising further from the hon. the Minister's reply, is he aware that according to Press reports this person has now been detained in Ciskei by his counterpart, Charles Sebe?

The MINISTER: Mr. Speaker, I am not aware of the particulars the hon. member is mentioning now, but I have taken note of a debate which has been held in which the

comment of the hon. member is known. He should perhaps inquire there

Dr. A. L. BORAINÉ: Arising further from the hon. the Minister's reply, I should like to know whether it is policy for the S.A. Police to co-operate closely with the Ciskeian Police?

The MINISTER: Mr. Speaker, it is the policy to try to maintain the best relations with all police forces of the neighbouring States of South Africa. There are good relations between the South African Police and the police of Ciskei

Dr. A. L. BORAINÉ: Mr. Speaker, further arising from the hon. the Minister's reply, can the hon. the Minister tell us whether it is possible that Tandi Madikane, as a trade union spokesman, could have been handed over to the Ciskeian Police by the S.A. Police; if so, is that normal procedure?

The MINISTER: Mr. Speaker, I cannot comment on this individual case, because I do not know what the facts are to which the hon. member is referring. It can in fact happen that as a result of the co-operation of these two Police Forces a person is detained by one of the Forces and then according to the normal process of law be handed over to the other country for further detention in that country. It is in fact possible, but I cannot elaborate on the particular facts

For written reply:



X  
Y, 11 MAY 1983

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(105) *Hansen et al. 1248*  
Seymour: pasturage areas  
11/5/83 1250

\*13 Mr E K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Co operation and Development.

- (1) Whether White farmers have been given permission to use pasturage areas on released farms in the Seymour district, if so, (a) by whom and (b) on what conditions;
- (2) whether his Department has received representations from the Government of Ciskei concerning such use; if so, (a) what is the nature of these representations and (b) what was his Department's reply?

†The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

(1) Yes.

- (a) and (b) It is the policy of the Government to hand over properties of the S A Development Trust to National and Independent States on an *en bloc* basis. Only a few farms were acquired in the District of Stockenstrom during 1982 which properties are presently being leased to White farmers as agreed between the Department of Co-operation and Development and the S.A. Agricultural Union until 31 July 1983. The acquisition of the remaining properties in the District of Stockenstrom is receiving priority and offers are presently being made to the owners concerned.

The leasing of the farms acquired by the S A Development Trust has been approved by the Deputy Minister of Development and Land Matters.

(2) Yes

- (a) Representations were submitted through the RSA/Ciskei Implementation Committee that all future leasing of S.A. Development Trust land earmarked for

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addition to the Republic of Ciskei, be put at the disposal of the Government of the Republic of Ciskei

- (b) The Department of Co-operation and Development replied through the Department of Foreign Affairs and Information that the Government appreciates the viewpoint of Ciskei but that it is not possible to accede to the request because the farmers concerned were promised by the Government that the farms would not be made available to Ciskei before most of the farms in the District of Stockenstrom have been purchased. This matter is, as indicated, receiving priority.

The said policy does not apply to citrus farms, which are handed to Ciskei as soon as it has been purchased.

Seymour: pasturage areas

\*14 Mr E K. MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Information:

Whether his Department has received representations from the Government of Ciskei concerning the use by White farmers of pasturage areas on released farms in the Seymour district; if so, (a) what is the nature of these representations and (b) what was his Department's reply?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND INFORMATION:

Yes

- (a) Representations were submitted through the RSA/Ciskei Implementation Committee that all future leasing of S A Development Trust land earmarked for addition to the Republic of Ciskei, be put at the disposal of the Ciskei

- (b) The reply was that the Government appreciates the viewpoint of Ciskei but that it is not possible to accede to

the request because the farmers concerned were promised by the Government that the farms would not be made available to Ciskei before most of the farms in the Stockenstrom district had been purchased. A high priority is however given to this matter. Furthermore, this policy is not applicable to citrus farms, which would be transferred to Ciskei as soon as they have been purchased.

~~Special~~

# Gift of <sup>105</sup> Jersey herd for Ciskei



Ciskei receives a jersey cow from Mr Jock Emslie at the handing over of a Albany Jersey Cattle Club yesterday. Right is Dr Frans van der Merwe of the South African Department of Agriculture.

BISHO — Eighteen Jersey cows from the Albany Jersey Cattle Club were handed to President Lennox Sebe by the chief director of animal production of the South African Department of Agriculture, Dr Frans van der Merwe, who was deputising for the Minister of Agriculture, Mr Greyling Wentzel.

Ciskeian people's wealth

That wealth had now been increased by the generous donation of the fine Jersey herd. These animals would enable young Ciskeians to be trained in the sophisticated management techniques associated with a higher production dairy herd.

"We realise the importance of cattle in the lives of your nation — both from a historical point of view and from the point of view of providing a source of food production," he said.

President Sebe said Ciskei was grateful for the involvement by the South African Department of Agriculture and looked forward to fostering the close ties which existed between the two countries. — DDR

"I feel sure you will agree that the Albany Jersey Cattle Club must be commended for this fine gesture and I hope and trust that the recipients of this herd will reciprocate the gesture by developing Jersey cattle breeding in Ciskei in the best manner possible."

The chairman of the Albany Jersey Cattle Club, Mr R. C. Fox, said the gesture had been made because Albany farmers realised they would be neighbours with Ciskei for many years to come.

The farmers were willing to co-operate with, and assist in the agricultural development of Ciskei.

"We appreciate the fact that Ciskei is a young and developing nation and we feel it is in your interests to develop quality cattle breeding which will place your herds on an equal footing with cattle anywhere in the world," he said.

President Lennox Sebe said livestock had traditionally been the

## Crocker's SA visit delayed

CAPE TOWN — American Assistant Secretary of State, Dr Chester Crocker, is now expected to visit South Africa on the SWA issue later than originally expected.

The Foreign Minister, Mr Pik Botha, confirmed yesterday that a meeting had been arranged but that the dates had had to be changed.

He said the reason was a security council debate on South West Africa later this month.

Simon Barber reports from Washington that the Reagan Administration is not at all convinced that much can be achieved until the Prime Minister, Mr P. W. Botha, has restored his primacy.

## Hunt season decision

EAST LONDON — The Department of Nature Conservation is due to make known today its decision on whether the hunting season will be closed this year.

The season was due to start on May 31 until July 31. — DDR

The administration is unwilling to run the risk of sending a high-level team to South Africa without some assurance, which the Prime Minister might currently have difficulty giving, of the outcome. — DDC.

EAST LONDON — The Director General for Education in Ciskei, Mr D. V. Tom, yesterday issued a statement apologising to the director of Read (Read, Educate and Develop). Mrs Cynthia Hugo and the South African Breweries (SAB)

The apology followed an earlier statement from Mrs Hugo that when she was to have presented 55 sets of encyclopaedias to Ciskei post primary schools in Zwelitsha only a handful of headmasters attended and she had to return the books to the sponsors, SAB.

Mr Tom said he could not attend the presenta-

## Tom apologises for book episode

11 MAY 1985  
D. Dispatch  
tion because he was master of ceremonies at another function addressed by the President of Ciskei, Chief L. L. Sebe.

"The chief inspector of education, Mr P. P. Jacobs, represented me at the presentation and he stayed until those who attended broke up for group work," Mr Tom said.

He said he was elated by the gesture from the company and in appreciation he had informed the Minister of Educa-

tion, Mr A. M. Tapa and President Sebe about the presentation.

President Sebe had conveyed his personal appreciation to Mr Louis Maholwana, the sponsors' sales supervisor in Ciskei and the Border area

"My department will see to it that these sets will be no white elephant but will be used constantly and effectively," Mr Tom said.

On the question of schools not having been informed, Mr Tom said this was done in good time and information was passed to circuit offices to inform school principals in all post primary schools.

"It appears that because of the inaccessibility of some remote rural areas there was some breakdown in communication but we were convinced that the few days we had sufficed."

He said the Ciskei Minister of Education was now offering Mrs Hugo paid expenses, to and from Ciskei on a date convenient for her to make the presentation — DDR

D V <sup>D. M. SPATZ</sup> moves will <sup>(105)</sup>  
continue says SA ~~(105)~~

11 MAY 1983

EAST LONDON — The resettlement of people from Duncan Village to Mdantsane would continue until agreements between the Ciskei and South African governments, covering the resettlements were amended or terminated, a spokesman for the South African Department of Foreign Affairs said yesterday.

The spokesman was reacting to a weekend statement by the Ciskei Vice-President, the Rev. W. M. Xaba, that the Ciskei

Government had stopped people coming from Duncan Village until it had solved housing problems in Mdantsane.

The South African Government was officially notified of the Ciskei Government's decision this week.

The spokesman said the resettlement programme was undertaken in terms of agreements with independent states and if such resettlements were not going to take place the agreements had to be re-

negotiated.

He added there had been no official communication between South Africa and Ciskei regarding the amendment or termination of the agreement involving the removal of people from Duncan Village to Mdantsane.

Such resettlement was taking place in terms of a specific agreement and until it had been officially amended or terminated the resettlement would continue, the spokesman said. — DDR

EAST LONDON — Ciskei Government officials and police moved in with bulldozers to raze shacks at Blue Rocks squatter camp, near Arnoldton

By late yesterday many families had been moved to Potsdam, west of Mdantsane, where they were either accommodated in tents provided by the government or put up their own temporary structures rebuilt from material salvaged from the bulldozers

Mr M. Meje who lives in a caravan at the entrance to Blue Rock, said the officials and police arrived as early as 5.30 a.m. and moved in with bulldozers soon af-

(105) (3/11)

# Ciskei squatter camp razed

D. DIBPATA

ter sunrise

"People were told to take their belongings out and get ready to move to Potsdam as trucks stood by to load the goods and residents"

He said there did not seem to be any problems but many people were concerned that some valuable equipment for putting up new homes at Potsdam was being destroyed.

He thought many people were not happy about the move and had

had no prior warning

"By midday several loads had been moved and the trucks moved up and down all day with the last few taking people away just after sunset

In the windy cold weather yesterday several people who did not have many belongings moved into shacks further down to avoid going to the tents at Potsdam, Mr Meje said.

Efforts to get comment from Ciskei Government

officials last night were unsuccessful

The Vice-President of Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba, said he had no knowledge of the bulldozing of shacks

The Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant General Sebe, members of whose police force were alleged to have been there in four vehicles, declined to comment but added, "All I know is that alternative accommodation has been provided for them"

He referred inquiries to the Minister of Internal Affairs and Land Tenure, Mr B L Williams, who could not be contacted for comment last night — DDR

117 FEB 1983

BISHO — The Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koornhof, had agreed to the suspension of the removal of people from Duncan Village to Mdantsane to enable the Ciskeian Government to cater for the natural population growth of Mdantsane, said the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba yesterday.

He said it was a pity to read that the South African Government did not give an ear to Ciskei's request. Before Ciskei's independence his government had spoken to the Department of Co-operation and Development about the shelving of the resettlement of Duncan Village residents in Mdantsane.

Dr Koornhof had agreed but there was a stubborn official, former manager of Mdantsane who had 'defied the instructions of his minister,' he said

Recently a Ciskei delegation met a delegation of the South African Department of Foreign Affairs and Co-operation in Cape Town, where Dr Koornhof and Mr Pik Botha agreed to the sus-

## Xaba: removals may be halted

1983

D. O. ISHAPAZA  
LOS

pension of the transfer of people from Duncan Village to consider the natural growth of Mdantsane and the people on the waiting list for houses.

Mr Xaba said unfortunately squatting mushroomed overnight at Blue Rock near Arnoldton from 150 to 600. That was why Ciskei government, instead of giving accommodation to the waiting list, gave priority to these people from Blue Rock.

"There is no problem of disagreement between Ciskei and South Africa because in our last meeting we agreed on the suspension of Duncan Village removals for the population growth of Mdantsane," he said.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, told the House that in terms of the existing agreement between the two countries the Republic of South Africa

would continue to develop and complete planned development and settlement projects, among them Mdantsane, for the inhabitants of Duncan Village restricted to a maximum of 10 000 dwelling units

"Having taken note of the above quoted agreement but faced with the problem of a mushrooming squatter camp at Blue Rock the Republic of Ciskei requested its counterpart to consider temporary suspension of the resettlement of Duncan Village residents at Mdantsane and provide accommodation for the Blue Rock squatters," he said.

"Any squatter camp is a health hazard, a sorry sight that not only embarrasses in the eyes of the international world, the Republic of Ciskei but also the Republic of South Africa, not to mention the security risk of these squatter settlements."

He said it was along these lines that Ciskei had made an urgent plea to South Africa recently with no response. Ciskei fully appreciated the good relations that existed between the two countries but would not condone any action of using Ciskei as a place to dump people evicted from South Africa.

At present both republics were on a joint venture through the implementation committee to remove all squatter camps and Ciskei, therefore, thought it wise to halt the Blue Rock squatter camp before it escalated

"Ciskei is presently closely watching developments in the Seymour district where shanty houses have been erected by South Africa without consultation. Should Ciskei keep silent when a similar situation may develop at Blue Rock?"

"It is thought unwise and a request is again made to the Republic of South Africa to shelve the resettlement of Duncan Village residents and focus attention on Blue Rock." — DDR.

(105)  
R2081 11/5/83

# 'The soil is future of Kei'

BISHO. — Ciskei was a young and vigorous country whose future depended on the soil, the Ciskei President, Mr Lennox Sebe, said at Bisho yesterday.

He was speaking at a ceremony at which 18 Jersey cows were donated by the Albany Jersey Cattle Club to the Ciskei Rural Development Department.

"These animals will enable young Ciskeians to be trained in the sophisticated management techniques associated with higher production dairy herds," he said.

President Sebe said it pleased him greatly to accept "this magnificent gift" on behalf of the people of Ciskei.

Mr C R Fox, president of the Jersey Cattle Breed Society of South Africa and chairman of the Albany Club, said the gesture came about because as farmers in the Albany district, they realised Ciskei farmers would be neighbours for many years to come, and they would like to convey their willingness to co-operate in the rural development of Ciskei. — Sapa.

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2 MAY 1983 D.OLWAFU (105) (111)

# Sebe: document links ANC with PLO

BISHO — Ciskei's top intelligence men had picked up a document linking the banned ANC with the PLO, President Lennox Sebe announced in the Assembly yesterday.

The document attacked the 'unholy alliance' between South Africa and Israel and called both 'Nazis and racialists.'

He said the leaflet stated that virtually the whole world condemned

Israel except South Africa because they were allies.

In the document the ANC called for Israel's withdrawal from Lebanon.

President Sebe said the link between the two organisations meant that the ANC had powerful financial backers — the Arab states that produced oil.

Ciskei had to be more vigilant. Weapons and modern war techniques

alone did not eradicate communism but went together with the improvement of the quality of life of the people. The non-improvement of the quality of life was as good as propagating communism.

He said the PLO had wanted to join hands with the ANC as early as 1967 but this was put off by the Seven Day War.

The head of Ciskei State Security, Lt-General X. C. Sebe, refused to say where the

leaflet had been picked up.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, paid tribute to General Sebe.

He said in an address to the students of the University of the Free State the general had highlighted the breeding grounds of communism as racial policies, slum conditions, quoting China and the existence of an oppressed society. — DDR.



LOS ~~2/11/83~~

# Detainees may be given to Ciskei

D-0 DISPATCH

2 MAR 1983

CAPE TOWN — The minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, yesterday told Parliament it was possible that a person held by the South African Police could be handed over to the Ciskeian Police for further detention

Good relations existed between the police forces of the two countries and an exchange of detainees was possible in terms of the "normal process of law", Mr Le Grange said.

He was responding to questions by Dr Alex Boraine (PFP Pine-lands), who asked if a trade unionist currently being detained in Ciskei, Mr Tandi Madikane, could have been transferred to Ciskei custody by the SAP, and if this was normal procedure.

Mr Le Grange said he could not comment on the specific case of Mr Madikane, but confirmed that the exchange was in fact possible as a result of co-operation between the two police forces.

Mr Madikane had been arrested by the SAP at his home on April 25 and was charged with intimidation and malicious damage to property.

Mr Le Grange said he was not aware of Mr Madikane's present whereabouts, but would investigate the matter and make the information available to Dr Boraine. — PR

2/11/83  
11/11/83

66 new  
12  
factories  
in Ciskei

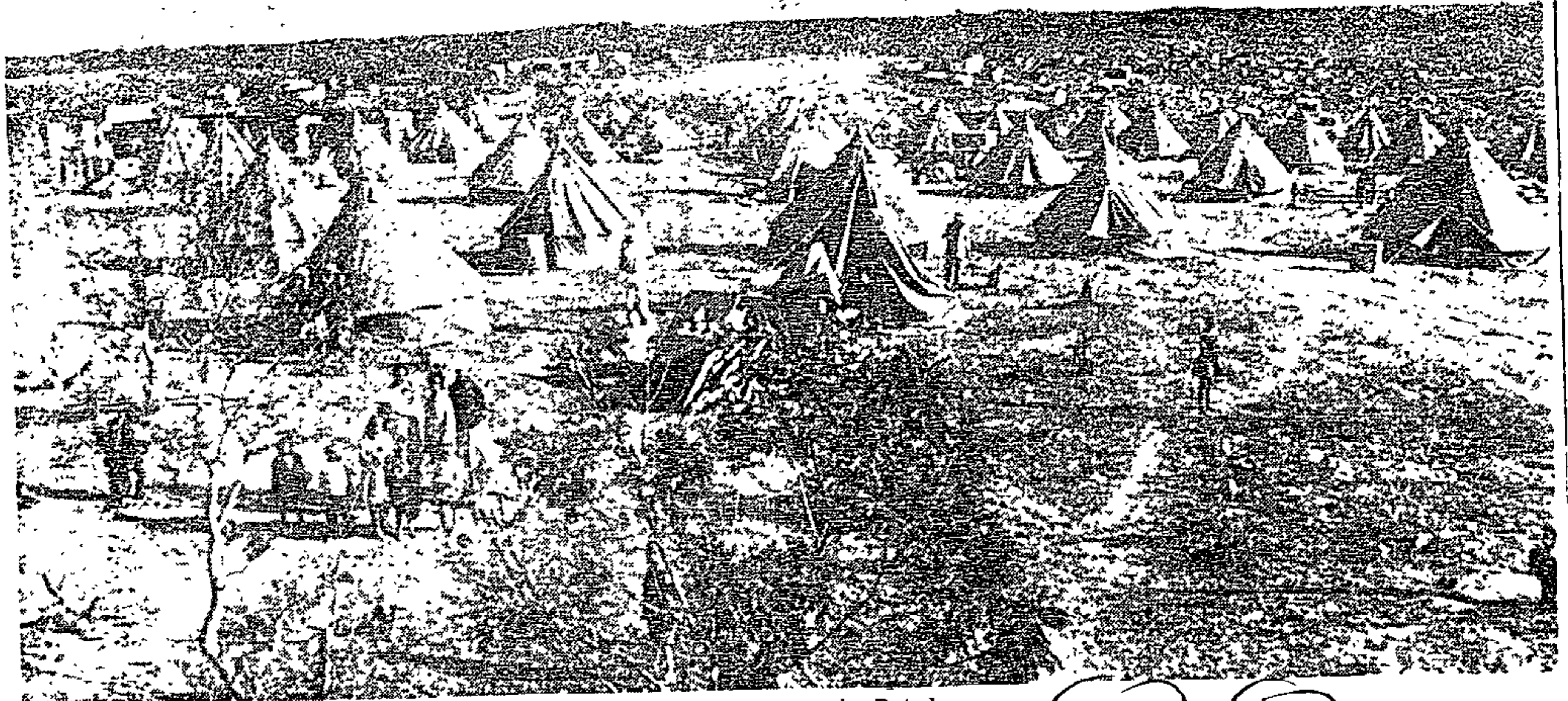
<sup>105</sup>  
<sup>DISPATCH</sup>  
EAST LONDON — Sixty-six factories have been built in Ciskei since the Ciskei National Development Corporation was established seven years ago, the CNDC announced yesterday.

The corporation's chairman, Mr Frans Meisenholl, said the accumulative total investment in Ciskei had increased by 50 per cent last year, the first year after independence.

The accumulative number of jobs created was 11 900

"An interesting factor in this was the cost per job opportunity of less than R7 000 per job. This is very low for industry."

— DDR



The new tent town in Potsdam.

12 MAY 1983

D. DISPATCH

105

# Headman: 600 families to be moved

EAST LONDON — Ciskei Public Works Department staff battled against the clock yesterday putting up wood and iron shacks to accommodate 70 families moved from Blue Rock squatter camp near Mdantsane to Potsdam.

It was learnt yesterday from the headman at Potsdam, Mr Melford April, that 600 families in all would be moved to Potsdam from the squatter camp.

He said most of the people originally lived in Mdantsane but others were from farms around Mdantsane and Wilsonia.

Mr April said 50 families were resettled in tents on Tuesday and the government staff was doing all it could to ensure that all families moved to Potsdam had something to shelter under last night.

"I know some families



NTOMBOXOLO LIWANI has a new home in Potsdam.

were housed in Zone 15, Mdantsane but we have been told they are going to be moved to join the others here," Mr April said.

There had been no ma-

nor problems and he expected it would take some time before all 600 families were resettled.

He believed the families initially housed in Mdantsane when the removal started would create problems when efforts to move them were made.

And as carpenters went about their task of putting up the dwellings, some people were concerned that they had not been able to report for work for two days. Many women in the area are employed as domestic servants in Wilsonia, Amalinda and Cambridge, East London.

Some children attending schools in Mdantsane were hoping they would return to school next week when families were settled in their new homes.



MR WALTER KLAAS, one of people moved to Potsdam.

Others said they would try to get places at Nxamkwana School, near Potsdam as they would find it hard to meet transport costs from their new homes to

schools in Mdantsane.

At Blue Rock heads of families were queueing for registration to be moved to the new area and the government workers from Mdantsane and Zwelitsha were using crow-bars to bring down some shacks.

There was one bulldozer but it was not being used when a reporter was at the camp.

Perhaps the feeling of some of the people waiting to be removed was summed up by one woman who said: "I can only hope that where we are going we shall be able to get permanent homes and not have to move again."

Efforts to contact the Ciskei Minister of Internal Affairs and Land Tenure, Mr B L. Williams, for comment were unsuccessful yesterday. DDR

2 MAY 1983 DD DISPATCH

# Ciskei cattle row resolved

(105)

EAST LONDON — The Commander-in-Chief of Ciskeian State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said last night the cattle-grazing dispute over farms in the Seymour district had been "resolved amicably".

The Daily Dispatch Port Elizabeth correspondent reports the Deputy Minister for Co-operation, Dr G. de V. Morrison, said that according to the South African Ambassador to Ciskei, the matter had "been defused".

Dr Morrison said had Ciskeian military forces intervened in the "cattle affair" on farms in the Stockenstrom area, "it would virtually be declaring war on South Africa".

He added there was no possible way that the Ciskei military forces could have advanced on

the Stockenstrom district without South African retaliation.

It was learnt last night that ministers of the Ciskeian Government had approached an official of the Department of Co-operation and Development earlier this week to request urgent grazing rights on a farm which in terms of the two governments, bilateral agreement, would be handed over to Ciskei later this year.

The Ciskei Minister of Agriculture, Mr L. M. Fani, said last night that although the ministers who had approached the official were aware that at present the farms belonged to the South African Government, they were "in desperate need of grazing land."

Mr Fani said that he and two other cabinet ministers — Mr Morris Sebe, Minister of Trans-

port and younger brother of President Lennox Sebe, and Mr A. M. Tapa, Minister of Education — "requested" grazing rights on the farm Springfontein, from Mr Norman Peinke, an official of the Department of Co-operation and Development stationed at Seymour.

Mr Morris Sebe denied any knowledge of the incident when asked whether he was present or knew about it.

However, Mr George Reynolds, the Chief Commissioner for the Eastern Cape, said Mr Peinke had no authority to grant permission for such grazing rights and that the farms would be handed over to Ciskei by bilateral agreement in due course.

"Ciskei should negotiate through the correct channels for such graz-

ing and if they had moved cattle to Springfontein, action would have been taken to remove the cattle," Mr Reynolds said.

The Ciskei cattle row started about 10 days ago when General Sebe threatened that Ciskeian military forces would impound the cattle of white farmers in the Seymour district that were grazing on farms released to Ciskei.

However, a spokesman for the Department of Co-operation and Development later explained that the land scheduled for release in the Stockenstrom area was to be incorporated into Ciskei in July and farmers in the district were there "quite legally".

General Sebe would not give further details last night on how the matter had been resolved.

# 25 000 placed in jobs 105 by Ciskei — Maqoma

BISHO — The Department of Manpower Utilisation had made considerable progress in supplying manpower to the public and private sectors, the Minister of Manpower, Chief Lent Maqoma, said in his National Assembly yesterday.

The department through its manpower centre at Mdantsane and the district agencies had placed about 25 000 workers in employment in South Africa. Wages so doing earned an estimated income of R37 000 000.

Describing labour as Ciskei's black gold, Chief Maqoma, said Ciskei was at a disadvantage economically when compared with other national states where minerals were in abundance. It was therefore important that its export product, labour, was properly trained and motivated to meet the challenge inside and outside the borders.

This could only be ensured by a systematic industrial training prog-

ramme and which the department endeavoured to do with the limited means at its disposal. The department had therefore introduced a systematic promotion campaign to influence employers to make use of Ciskei labour.

It was important to prepare for an economic improvement when labour would again be in demand as Ciskeians would then be in an improved position if they were better trained than workseekers from other states.

According to statistics supplied by an insurance company, 1 500 new job opportunities would have to be created every working day to involve this ever-increasing workforce in the South African economy generally.

He said he was deeply concerned with the unemployment situation in both Ciskei and South Africa. The retrenchment of 1 300 workers at the Da Gama factory near Zwelitsha was the

tip of an iceberg and Ciskei might have to brace herself for worse to follow.

On the question of retrenchment, he warned employers that unemployment was a matter which did not disappear once removed from the immediacy of the work place.

Because of social and political implications, he asked employers to look again at retrenchment policies.

Companies who failed to assume some measure of social responsibility in their outlook should not bleat when social unrest disrupted their functioning.

Chief Maqoma said that during the course of the session, he would table an Unemployment Insurance Bill whereby unemployment benefits might be paid to certain categories of workers during periods of unemployment when suitable work was not available to them, though they were able and willing to work.

The bill would not

only affect workers in Ciskei, but Ciskeians working in South Africa as well.

While the concept of the migrant or contract worker might be repugnant to many and caused disruption of family life, services of these workers continued to be one of the main means of contribution to the sources of the Ciskei's national income.

He said he had had discussions with the head of state security, Lieutenant-General X. C. Sebe and it appeared very likely that a form of disciplinary training based on military lines, for those workers who broke their contracts for no valid reasons would be implemented in future.

He said he was not lightly contemplating such a step but his department was at its wit's end. They tried to build bridges with employers in South Africa and these were continually broken down by irresponsible and unpatriotic people. — DDR.

(105)  
0.1.18.1924

## House in darkness

BISHOP — A power failure delayed the start of Parliament here yesterday. 2 MA. 12.0

The session was supposed to have started at 10.30 am, but MPs could not enter the new chamber as the power failure had turned it into a dark hole.

Lights only came on at 12.15 pm and the session began at 12.56.

Officials said the power failure was caused by a car that had knocked down an electric pole at Berlin. — DDC

# Detainee handover to Ciskei 'possible'

CASE FILE 12/5/83  
VOS 700

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY — The Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, said yesterday it was possible a person held by the SA Police could be handed over to Ciskeian police.

Good relations existed between the two police forces and an exchange of detainees was possible in terms of "normal process of law".

He was replying to questions by Dr Alex Boraine (PFP Pinelands), who asked if a trade unionist currently detained in Ciskei, Mr Tandi Madikane, could have been transferred there by the SAP.

Mr Madikane was arrested by the SAP at his home on April 25 and was charged with intimidation and malicious damage to property.

Mr Le Grange said he was not aware of Mr Madikane's whereabouts currently, but would investigate the matter and inform Dr Boraine.

(105) *Hansard*  
Arrest of Mr. Dlaki Vani  
Q. 6. 1267 - 1268 13/5/83  
Mr. F. K. MOORCROFT asked the  
Minister of Law and Order.

Whether Mr. Dlaki Vani has been at

MAY 1983

1268

rested by the South African police recent  
ly, if so, (a) when, (b) where, (c) why, (d)  
what subsequent action was taken in re-  
spect of Mr. Vani and (e) where is he at  
present?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND OR-  
DER:

Yes.

- (a) On 3 May 1983
- (b) At Queenstown.
- (c) His apprehension was necessitated in connection with an alleged offence
- (d) The alleged offence is believed to have been committed within Ciskei and South African jurisdiction and the matter is being investigated jointly by the South African Police and the Ciskei Police. Since the person concerned is a Ciskei citizen he was handed over to the Ciskei Police on 3 May 1983
- (e) In Ciskei.



Duncan Village . . .

105

~~113~~

113 MAY 1983

D. P. SARACH

# SA GOVT WON'T STOP RESETTLEMENTS

CAPE TOWN — The South African Government was committed to the resettlement of Duncan Village residents in Mdantsane despite Ciskei's refusal to accept any more residents from the township.

This was said by the Deputy Minister of Co-operation, Dr George Morrison, here yesterday.

From  
**RONEL SCHEFFER**

He said in an interview the Ciskeian Government's decision last week to suspend further removals to Mdantsane constituted a "unilateral breach" of a pre-independence agreement with South Africa.

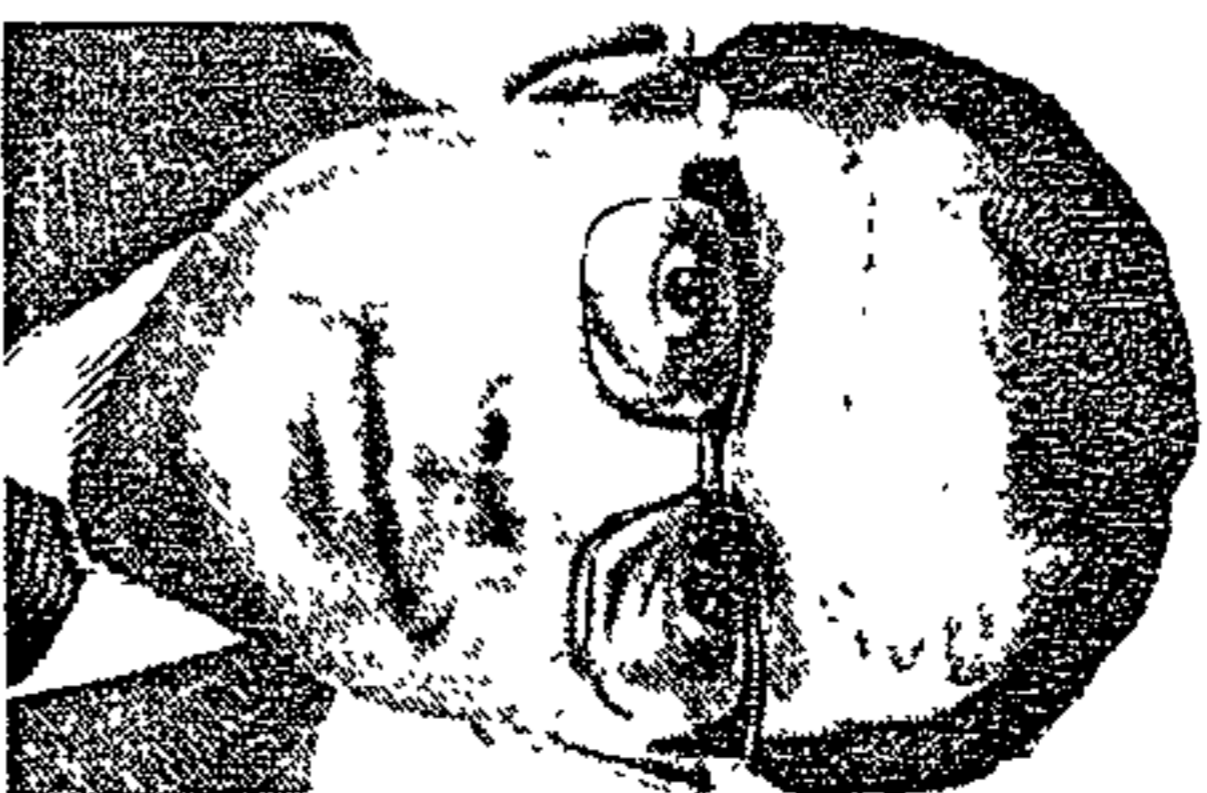
The government, he said, was not contemplating a reversal of its decision on the relocation of Duncan Village as a result of Ciskei's action.

The Department of Co-operation and Development had allocated R10 million for the purpose of relocating Duncan Village residents in Mdantsane during the current financial year.

Dr Morrison said he had noted with concern that a number of houses in Mdantsane earmarked for Duncan Village residents had been allocated recently to other residents.

The Department of Foreign Affairs was giving urgent attention to Ciskei's request that removals to Mdantsane be suspended and it was hoped that the problem would be resolved through diplomatic channels.

Ciskei's Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba, disclosed last week that Ciskei had told South Africa to stop further re-



DR MORRISON

movals — including those from Duncan Village — to Mdantsane until the housing backlog in the township had been cleared.

Dr Morrison said yesterday the resettlement of Duncan Village was taking place in terms of a bilateral agreement between the two governments and this agreement would need altering if Ciskei's request to halt the removals was to be granted.

He also pointed out that the agreement prescribed procedures to be followed if any party wished to amend it — PR.

# Test case for pass book convictions

Own Correspondent

PORT ELIZABETH. — A case, which could have far-reaching consequences in determining whether citizens of the independent black states can be convicted of pass law offences, came before the Grahamstown Supreme Court yesterday.

The case was referred by the Port Elizabeth commissioner who questioned whether four men, convicted and fined for not being in possession of their reference books, could be prosecuted if they were Ciskeian citizens.

Mr Justice Mullins and Mr Justice Jennett reserved decision on whether to hear the review after pointing out that the original charge-sheets made no mention of the accused being Xhosa or Ciskeian citizens.

Mr Justice Mullins asked whether "very important and far-reaching matters" could be decided on the inadequate information before the court.

"We are not trying to avoid the issue, but we are not seeking to argue matters purely on aca-

ademic grounds"

Mr Richard Quinn, who will argue against the convictions if the case is reviewed, said charge-sheet copies he had received indicated the accused were Xhosa. The Transkei and Ciskei Acts indicated all Xhosas were citizens of one of these states, he said.

There had to be considerable doubt whether a citizen of a sovereign independent state like Ciskei could be convicted of a pass law offence, he said, and even if he could be convicted, different considerations applied to South African black citizens and independent homeland citizens.

Mr Quinn submitted that in cases of unrepresented black people appearing before the commissioner, he should determine their language and citizenship and record pleas of not guilty on their behalf.

The accused, who were fined up to R10 in February, are Ntso Kolomnqamisa, Patrick Njokweni, Wilson Boo and Siphwo Mahlulo.

Former C

# Handing over of unionists to Ciskei queried

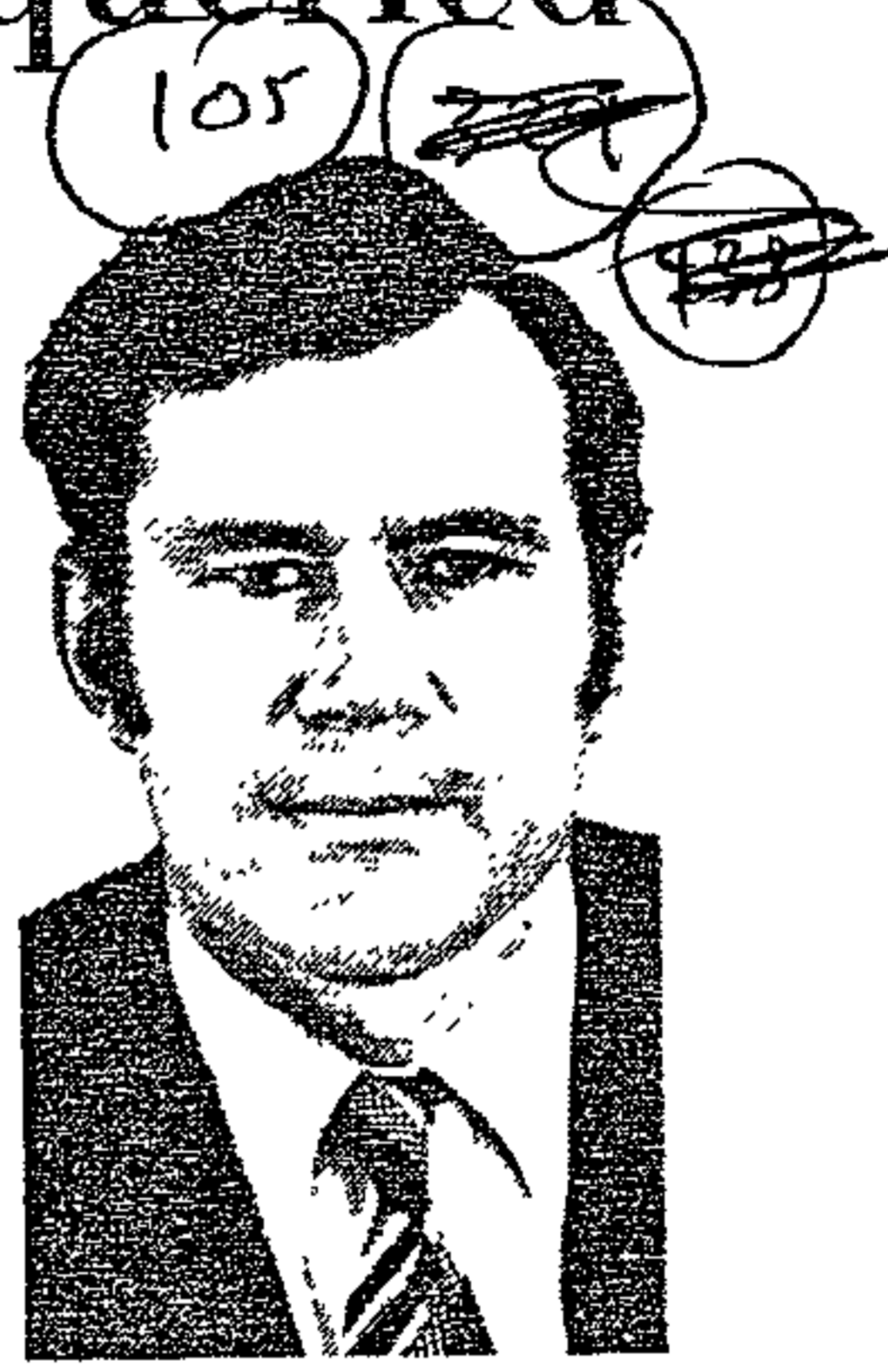
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CAPE TOWN — The Progressive Federal Party warned the government yesterday that the deep tensions which exist between black trade unions and the Ciskeian authorities would be further exacerbated if the South African Police handed over trade unionists to the Ciskei Police.

Mr Errol Moorcroft (PFP Albany) issued the warning shortly after the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, told Parliament that a Queenstown trade unionist arrested by the SAP had been handed over to the Ciskei Police before being charged in a South African court

Mr Le Grange said Mr Dlaki Vani, the organiser of the African Food and Canning Workers' Union, had been arrested by the SAP in Queenstown on May 3 and handed over to Ciskei police on the same day.

"His apprehension was necessitated in connection with an alleged offence," said Mr Le Grange, adding that the offence was believed to have been committed "within Ciskei and South African jurisdiction" and was being investi-



MR MOORCROFT

gated jointly by the two police forces.

Mr Vani was handed over to the Ciskei police since he was a Ciskei citizen, he said.

Mr Moorcroft said in a statement Mr Le Grange's admission gave cause for grave concern. Mr Vani had not been charged in either South Africa or Ciskei and was still in Ciskei detention.

"It would appear as though a dangerous precedent of collusion between the South African Police and Ciskeian authorities had been created," he said — PR

# Transkei signs away almost R22m

105  
9/5/83  
city press

CP Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — Ciskei used unauthorised funds to pay for its first independence celebrations.

And Transkei government departments

spent an astonishing R21,9 million last year without permission.

These startling disclosures have come in the current sessions of the Transkei and Ciskei assemblies.

Transkei's Auditor-

General, Mr J Maqubela, has lashed out at the "marked decline" in work performance since independence in 1976.

He even predicted that it would be impossible to do audits of government expenditure if the trend continued.

In nearby Ciskei, essential "unforeseen services" were covered by "presidential warrants".

Ciskei's Minister of Finance, Chief M E T. Malefane, told the Ciskei's National Assembly that the presidential warrants were necessary because the unforeseen services had either been left out or inadequately provided for in the 1982 budget. Among them was the cost of the homeland's first independence celebrations.

Mr Maqubela said most of the R21 916 328 in unauthorised expenditure could be attributed to flouting of treasury rules. It indicated a weakening of financial control.

SAP — Sebe at loggerheads on CCIS

# ROW ERUPTS OVER CISKEI SPIES IN SA

109

City Press 15/5/83

**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN** — South African Police officials and Ciskei Security boss Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe are at loggerheads over the legality of operations conducted by the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service (CCIS) in South Africa.

The row started when President Lennox Sebe announced in the Ciskei Foreign Affairs budget that the CCIS had uncovered a group of white extremists in King William's Town whose aim it was to destroy Ciskeians.

The Divisional Commissioner for the SA Police, Brigadier Jim Bekker, said this was news to him.

Brig Bekker said Ciskeian Intelligence authorities had not informed him they were investigating a group of whites in King William's Town.

"If the CCIS were involved in activities in King William's Town it would have been

By BENITO PHILLIPS

correct procedure for them to inform me."

This is not the first time the CCIS' South African operations have been questioned.

Relatives of Mr Thozamile Gqweta and trade unionists protested when General Sebe's men arrested Mr Gqweta and others in East London.

Trade unionists said no police official from an independent homeland or another country could just march into South Africa to conduct investigations.

But General Sebe said he was not obliged to inform South African authorities of in-

telligence operations undertaken in South Africa.

"Ciskei is not obligated to report anything to Brigadier Bekker as the CCIS is not under his command. He must realise Ciskei is fully independent.

"It is not common practice for intelligence services to report on any intelligence operations gathered from another country to the intelligence service of that country."

He said Ciskei would inform the South African authorities of CCIS activities if it was expedient.

## Sebe's soldiers raid homes

CP CORRESPONDENT

**MDANTSANE** — Residents thought a war had broken out when Ciskei's Security boss, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe moved in with armed soldiers and Security Police to raid

Mdantsane homes last weekend.

Numerous documents were removed from homes in the raid, which General Sebe described as "a normal law-enforcement raid by the combined forces".

## Two years to hang for murder

**PRETORIA** — A Tlozi man was sentenced to death in Pretoria Supreme Court for the gruesome murder of an 81-year-old woman who was found in a bathtub with her hands behind her back. Vines Mkhulu, 21, of Mamelodi East, was sentenced to 15 years for raping Mrs Culloch McKay at byn, Pretoria, and to two years for breaking and entering for robbery with a dangerous weapon.



The aftermath of a gunman's rampage Elizabeth home after the shooting last week.

## Mother si daughter,

By WILBERFORCE MDODA

**PORT ELIZABETH** — A wig-adorned gunman ran amok last weekend, killing a mother of three while her 10-year-old daughter watched from under the bed.

It was not known how many shots hit Mrs Nobantu "Magaba" Tshiwula, of 5407 Kwazakhele.

Neighbours said they heard at least 16 shots fired in rapid succession.

Major Gerrie van Rooyen, police liaison officer for the Eastern Cape, said a man had

been arrested was a 20-year-old man.

A 10-year-old Ruth Mkhulu was killed.

"I ran coming

"Magaba"

"I was lying in

was dead

Mrs Tshiwula was

smoke smell". Another

### SWOP-A-STAMP

### IS HERE!

# R25 000 IN PRIZES

READ ALL ABOUT IT IN THIS ISSUE

Little Gammatjie came home with a R5 note and said he had found it in the street. Marai. Are you sure it was lost? Gammatjie: Of course I'm sure. I saw the man looking for it. R1 to Nondumiso Meken, 20381 Sebokeng 1982

Abdol met his girl friend in the street and asked her: How did you sleep? She answered: As usual - with closed eyes.

R1 to Themba Kenneth Marema, Box 110, Sibasa, Venda

A policeman arrested Marai for selling fruit illegally. As he took a statement from her at the police station he asked her age.

"My son" she replied, "I am 35 years old but if it hadn't been for the illness I had I would be 45 years."

R1 to Rudolf Mtshali, 20 Eastwood Road, Dunkeld, Johannesburg

"Why don't you get married," the priest asked Abdol who worked as a casual gardener.

# GAMMAT



"You know Adam was a gardener and he had a wife."

"Yes," replied Abdol, "but he didn't keep his job long after he got her."

R1 to Montwedi wa Moloko, P/Bag X2036, Mafikeng 8670

Gammat: Doctor, last night I dreamt I was eating a huge marshmallow.

Doctor: So...? Gammat: Well, this morning when I woke up my pillow was missing.

R1 to Cedric Nkundlande, 2045 Rockville, P O Moroka 1860 Soweto

# Xaba closes bc dumping

EAST LONDON - East Cape Administration Board authorities have issued an ultimatum to inhabitants of the makeshift shacks in Ndende Street - either clear out or face the consequences of being arrested.

Recently 12 similar shacks were gutted by fire and 57 people made homeless.

## Problem

To show they mean business the authorities have already demolished four shacks.

Now the inhabitants are faced with the problem of finding alternative accommodation.

The vice-president of the Ciskei, Rev W M Xaba, has announced that the Ciskei will refuse to accept any

By BENITO PHILLIPS

more settlements from South Africa.

He gave "the need to sort out housing for the people of Mdantsane" as the reason for his decision.

Mrs Joyce Duzu Nango said she was told to tell her daughter, who has a work permit to stay in East London's Duncan Village, to demolish her shack and to report to the administration offices.

## Desperate

"We are desperate and distressed people who do not know what to do with all our possessions. We have nowhere to go," she said.

"Why must we be the political football

of these high-handed officials?"

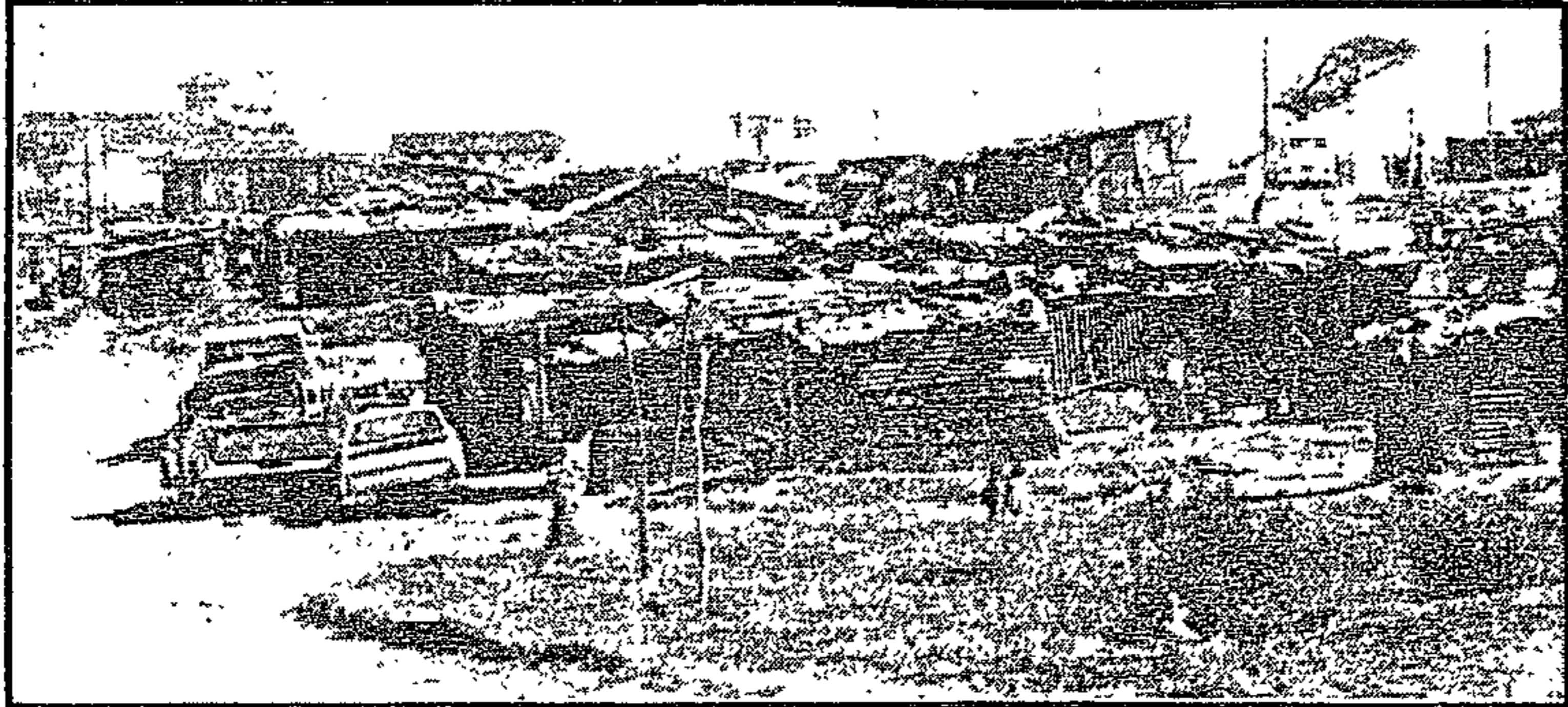
Mrs Nango said she pitied those who did not even have permits to stay in East London.

"They are the worst hit because without the necessary documents, there is no way they can be accommodated elsewhere."

## Probe

However, an ECAB official in Port Elizabeth, Mr E J Matthee, said although the instructions for the demolition of the shacks remained, the inhabitants of the shacks would be accommodated elsewhere.

He told City Press the regional manager, Mr Peter Sutton, was still investigating the matter.



Administration board officials want these makeshift shacks demolished... but the inhabitants have nowhere else to go.

# CALL FOR MORE COPS IN TOWNSHIP

CP Reporter

MDANTSANE - Hardly a week passes in Mdantsane without a murder or a rape, according to worried residents.

They feel there are not enough police to man the town-

ship, while others point to unemployment as a major cause for the increase in violence.

A prominent socialite, Mr Douglas Mavubengwana, of Zone 13, told City Press there was also a tremendous shortage of recreational and extra-mural facilities to keep youngsters off the

street.

"Our children are just wandering around the township aimlessly and nobody seems to care about them. It is time that somebody should take an interest in our children by trying to organise them into youth clubs."

# ment As

longer be necessary"

Mr Foulds said much had been said about the small amount of company tax being paid but it should be realised that industry in Transkei was still very young

In South Africa they are drawing on many industries which have been established for over 100 years. At the beginning of industrial development numerous trading losses through the lack of the necessary infrastructure and the lack of the skilled labour force

"Also investment allowances and the extra depreciation allowed enabled certain companies to build up tax losses which are still being worked off" — DDR

## EL gets twin city in Far East

EAST LONDON — At a city council action committee meeting last night, it was agreed to let East London become a twin with the city of Keelung in the Republic of China

The manager of a Transkei knitting company, Mr A. Ou, approached the Mayor, Mr Errol Spring, with the idea

Keelung is a commercial port and a fishing harbour and covers land of 1323 square km

It has an abundant rainfall, rich mineral deposits and a population of 300 000. Keelung and East London are similar in many respects including population and size. — DDR

## Council says no to wall

EAST LONDON — The city council here has agreed to the petition by 226 Rosemount and Greenfield residents against a six foot wall being built.

Grand Prix Motors proposed to lease land in Jan Smuts Avenue and build a long six foot high wall which would house towing vehicles.

The petitioners felt that this wall would be unattractive and would lower the value of their properties. — DDR

## President hits at Fort Hare authorities

UMTATA — The State President of Transkei has criticised Fort Hare University authorities for arranging their graduation ceremony during the winter vacation

Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima also criticised Ciskeians for not attending the memorial ceremony at Mtwaku in Ngamakwe to commemorate the vow Fingoes made more than 150 years ago

President Matanzima was speaking at the ceremony at the weekend to commemorate the vows Fingoes made to educate their children, to worship God and to be obedient to the government in power

On the Fort Hare issue, President Matanzima said "The Fingo people played a significant part in the establishment of Fort Hare, the most important institution of learning in black Africa

"It is inconceivable to learn that the graduation ceremony of our successful candidates at Fort Hare this year will be conducted when the body of students have left for their winter vacation

"Never in the history of university education have authorities shown so much selfishness and inconsideration of the real objects of a graduation ceremony — an unpardonable sign of a breakdown due to mismanagement of the affairs of the oppressed by the oppressors

"For whom is a graduation ceremony held? Is it not for the inspiration and encouragement to those who are still in the process of learning?"

"Suppose the graduates all decide to graduate in absentia in protest against this diabolical and high-handed action?"

"The establishment of the most reputed institutions of learning, Healdtown and Lovedale, received the full support of black Africa. Judgment on their closure will be delivered by posterity"

At the beginning of his speech President Matanzima said he noticed "our brethren from Ciskei are not here

"If it is the decision of the Ciskei people that they should not come to occasions of this nature in Transkei affecting matters pertaining to the whole region of Southern Africa, I am afraid they are out of step with the times and will find themselves completely out of step"

The president implored those present "to implore your bretheren across the Kei to come to such meetings" — DDR

## 1 fined shellfish

pleaded guilty before Mr E. Schon.

The women said they found the shellfish on the rocks at the Orient Beach on May 15.

According to law a person is allowed 50 mussels and 25 periwinkles at a time.

The women were fined R50 or 50 days' imprisonment for possessing mussels, while Mrs Mayekwa was also fined R25 or 25 days imprisonment for having 100 periwinkles. — DDR

## CT base for Border agent

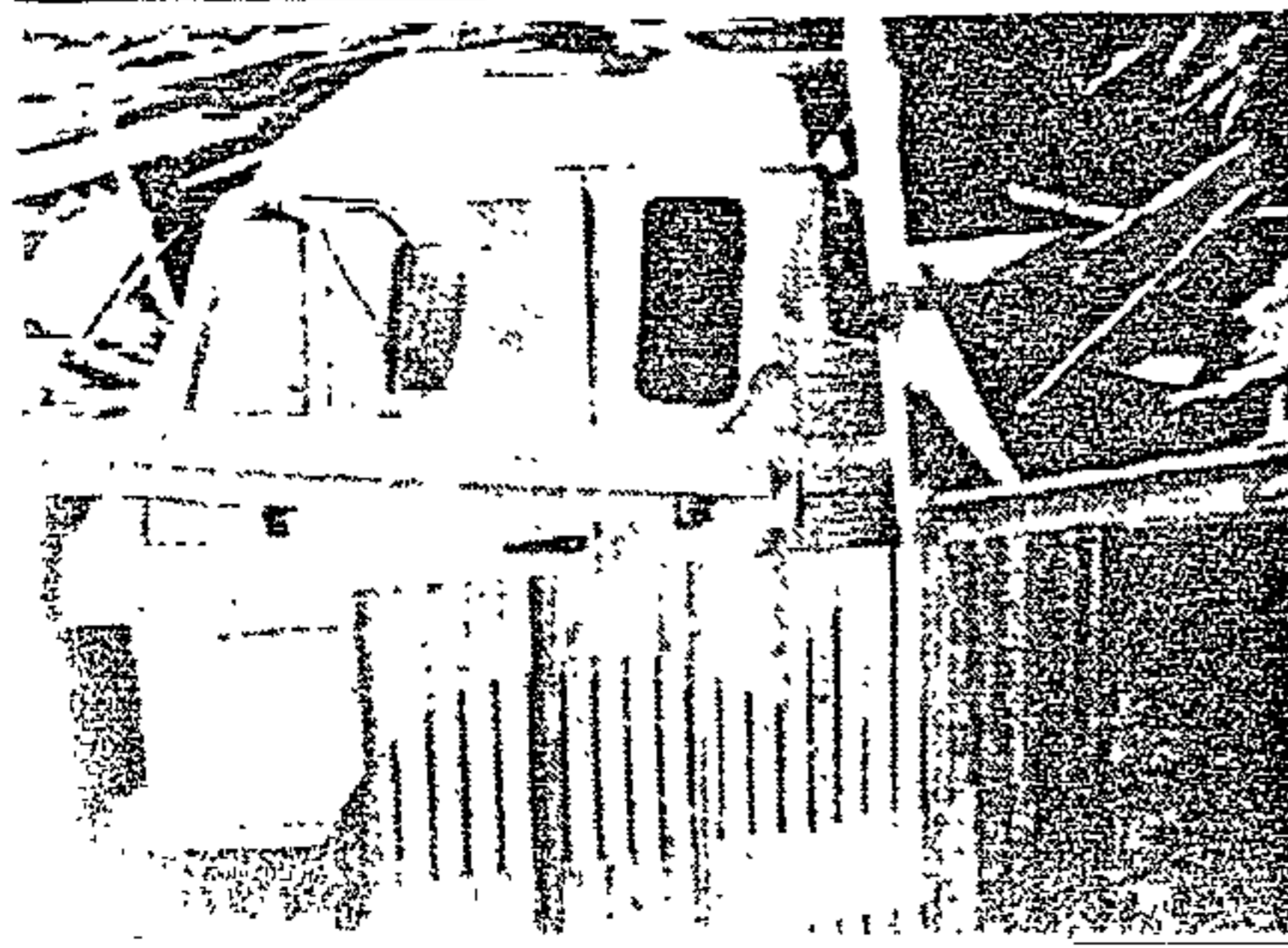
EAST LONDON — The Border-Ciskei area will not lose out when Mrs Rosemary Steinfeldt, the woman who has gained nationwide publicity for bringing overseas visitors to South Africa, moves to Cape Town.

This assurance was given by Mrs Steinfeldt

Explaining her reason for the move, Mrs Steinfeldt said: "My scheme is to encourage businessmen and industrialists — not just tourists — to come to South Africa and stay in private homes where they can



MRS STEINFELDT from Cape Town because that was where



N. D. Dispatch 17/5/83  
**Terrorism:  
two held (105)**

**ZWELITSHA** — Two people charged with terrorism appeared briefly in the Ciskei regional court yesterday.

Mr Monwobisi Michael Mnikine and Mr Tembinkosi Matutu, both of Mdantsane, appeared before Mr J Kotze. They are charged with contravening the Ciskei National Security Act.

They were not asked to plead and no evidence was led. The case was postponed to July 11 and both accused were remanded in custody. — SAPA.

## **Churchman in court**

**ZWELITSHA** — A field-worker of the Border Council of Churches, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, appeared briefly in the Ciskei regional court yesterday charged with contravening the Ciskei Publications Act.

The accused was asked not to plead and no evidence was led.

The case was postponed until June 27 and bail of R200 was extended. — SAPA



7 MAY 1983

1288

(a) Bophuthatswana, (b) Venda, (c) Ciskei and (d) Transkei are resident within the borders of the Republic of South Africa?

**The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT.**

(a) to (d) According to the 1980 census the following number of members of the Black community indicated during May 1980 that they were citizens of the countries mentioned below and that they were, at that time, resident in the RSA

Bophuthatswana - 716 320

Venda - 147 220

Transkei - 890 860.

Ciskei - No official figures available in respect of the Republic of Ciskei but it is estimated that approximately 500 000 Ciskei Citizens are employed and resident in the R.S.A.

**Grahamstown: unemployed persons**

805 Mr E. K. MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

How many (a) males and (b) females were unemployed in the Black townships of Grahamstown as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

**The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT**

It is not possible to give details of unemployment figures in the Black township of Grahamstown. In terms of the Guidance and Placement Act, 1981 the functions of the Black Labour bureaux in the White areas of the RSA are the responsibility of the Department of Manpower

**Port Alfred: unemployed persons**

806 Mr. F. K. MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

How many (a) males and (b) females

~~104~~  
~~103~~  
~~102~~  
~~101~~  
105

Handwritten: 1287-1288  
Citizens of national states in Republic

754 Mr H. D. K. VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Co-operation and Development:

How many citizens of the Republic of

Handwritten mark resembling a checkmark or the number 7.

165 (1971)

O. Dingane

17/5/83

# Removals: Ciskei attacks white-people

**BISHO**—The South African Deputy Minister of Co-operation, Dr George Morrison, came under strong attack in the Ciskei National Assembly yesterday.

The attack followed his weekend announcement that the South African Government was committed to the resettlement of Duncan Village residents in Mdantsane despite Ciskei's refusal to accept any more residents from the township.

South African Department of Foreign Affairs Squatters were not Ciskei's problems, he said. Squatters had been created by South Africa and Ciskei was only helping on humanitarian grounds.

President Sebe said Dr Morrison had also had a finger in the decision on consolidation concerning Ilqoback and Seymour.

He said people being accommodated in Mdantsane from Duncan Village were not Duncan Village residents but illegal lodgers.

It was a sin for Dr Morrison to comment when he did not know the facts.

Some houses stood locked when there were women shivering in the cold with children with hungry stomachs. He was not prepared to wait for Dr Morrison to open those locked houses but would kick the doors down.

## PARLIAMENTARY

### 4 held after bank hold-up

KRISKAMAHOMK

### Power might not be

had a hand

### Water curbs: little effect

EASTLONDON—Water restrictions are "not having much effect" on

open.

sane.

"We know the Eastern Cape Administration Board is ruthless and does not allow squatters in Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage," Chief Jongilanga said.

in fear of robbers, thieves and killers because when people could not get work they resorted to crime.

African embassy that this could not take place. The Ambassador was sent to President Sebe just like a messenger with nothing written down.

He asked why, if Dr Morrison had the interests of the people at heart, he had demolished squatter shacks in the Western Cape in the middle of winter.

He said Dr Morrison and the East London Municipality were barking up the wrong tree because people being removed from Duncan Village were not all Ciskeians.

He said Dr Morrison should realize that the bilateral agreement between the two governments should not be made a licence to make Ciskei land a dumping ground where the agreement was made the East London Municipality and the Eastern Cape

in fear of robbers, thieves and killers because when people could not get work they resorted to crime.

The Vice-President, the Rev. W. M. Xaba, said it was a pity the South African Government chose "racists" when dealing with blacks.

#### From OWEN VANQA

The Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, who had been assigned by President Sebe, together with the Minister of Internal Affairs, Mr L. B. Williams, to make an in loco inspection of Duncan Village and Mdantsane.

Both the municipality and the board allowed people to build shacks in vacant plots and also to build three to five shacks on existing sites to accommodate several families. Now, instead of removing one family from Duncan Village, about six families had to be removed.

A survey carried out in Zone M showed that of the people resettled there from March 19 to May 4, 20 per cent were Transkeians, 20 per cent were people who had no connection with Ciskei whatsoever and were potential dangers to Ciskei, and 13.1 per cent had abandoned their houses and given them to illegal lodgers.

If Ciskei allowed free entry into Mdantsane through Duncan Village the township would live

According to an agreement on consolidation, phase two was supposed to have been completed by December 31 last year. After President Sebe had completed his speech for the independence celebrations he was told by the South

Administration Board knew that only bona fide residents of Duncan Village were to be resettled in Mdantsane.

He said Dr Morrison was fast asleep when a Ciskei delegation held talks with Dr Piet Koorhof who agreed to halt the removal of people from Duncan Village to Mdantsane.

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# Ciskei cabinet minister retires

(105)

BISHO — Ciskei's first and only white cabinet minister, Dr C. H. J. van Aswegen, is to retire at the end of the month.

This was announced by President Lennox Sebe who said Dr Van Aswegen was retiring for personal reasons.

The announcement comes five days after a front bencher, Chief S. M. Hebe, queried in the assembly the frequent absence from the chamber of Dr van Aswegen and the former Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ray Mali. The vice-president said there was a reason for Mr Mali's absence and said Dr Van Aswegen's case was a matter that could be discussed in the caucus.

Paying tribute to Dr Van Aswegen, President

Sebe said that his departure from Ciskei would be a severe blow to the efficient administration of health services, and that the exemplary compassion with which he discharged his functions and responsibilities would always be associated with his highly respected name.

He said Dr Van Aswegen was a philanthropist of international standing and had pioneered the internationally known Lesotho flying doctors' service which performed medical services under the most difficult circumstances in the remote regions of Lesotho and elsewhere.

Ciskei had lost a man of rare qualities, he said.



Dr Van Aswegen

Dr Van Aswegen was appointed to the cabinet in 1981 to take the place of Dr B. R. Maku who is now attached to the St Matthews Hospital near Keiskammahoek. — DDR.

*Dispatch*  
**Morrison**  
*18/1/83*  
**silent on**  
**Ciskeian**  
**attack** (105)

CAPE TOWN — The deputy Minister of Co-operation, Dr George Morrison, yesterday declined to comment on the sharp attack made on him in the Ciskei National Assembly on Monday.

However, a spokesman from his office here indicated that Dr Morrison might respond to the criticism at a later stage.

President Lennox Sebe and two other members of the Ciskei Cabinet lashed out at Dr Morrison for ruling out a government rethink on the relocation of Duncan Village residents in Mdantsane.

Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, accused Dr Morrison of being uninformed about the removal of Duncan Village residents to Mdantsane.

He said the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koorhof, during talks with a Ciskei delegation had agreed to halt the resettlement. — PR.

# Ciskei gets yet more advisers on economy

18 MAY 1983  
By Anthony Duigan

105 *Star*

The Ciskei Government is to appoint a full-scale commission of inquiry to advise on economic development — two months after a lengthy and expensive South African Government study on Ciskei's development was handed over to President Lennox Sebe.

And in another surprise development last week President Sebe announced the appointment of Mr Louis Rive, retired postmaster-general and former Greater Soweto planning chief, as a one-man committee, also to advise on economic development.

To add to the detailed reports hitting the desks of Ciskei's leaders Professor H L Crause, of Port Elizabeth University, recently handed over a 600-page report on improvements to the health and social services in the new state.

Sources in the Ciskei Government would not comment on the proliferation of in-depth studies, but said there was disappointment over the South African Government-sponsored report compiled by Professor Danie Page of Stellenbosch University.

This study on strategy and guidelines for the physical development of Ciskei took eight years and cost R168 000 but in many instances was based on outdated statistics.

In spite of the criticism the Page report "will serve as a basis for planning and as a starting report for further study, particularly as the South African Government will set great store by it," said one Ciskei Government source.

Professor Page has been approached to serve on the upcoming commission of inquiry which he sees as dovetailing with, rather than taking the place of, his report.

A spokesman for President Sebe's office said the names of those who will serve on the commission will be announced later in the week when all have been consulted.

Mr Rive is presently a one-man committee advising on ways to tackle the black housing backlog in the Eastern Cape. He said he would be giving his personal assessment and evaluation of the situation to the Government and chairman of the commission of inquiry rather than anything more formal.

The Page report, which drew criticism from some quarters for basing advice on statistics and decisions which had been overtaken, highlighted the impoverished nature of Ciskei — dependent on South Africa for about R4 of every R5 it gets; already suffering from overpopulation of its meagre agricultural land and without major resources except its untrained manpower.

*Y*

(105) D. Dispatu 1/5/83

# Pigmentation is the handicap — Pityi

BISHO — Pigmentation was a fatal handicap in the South African economy, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, said during the debate on the manpower budget vote in the Assembly yesterday.



Mr Pityi

When the South African constitution was drawn up in 1910 it unashamedly entrenched a colour bar in the South African economy. People who drew up the constitution failed to perceive that this would haunt them far into the closing stages of the 20th century.

Mr Pityi said it was true that if one wanted to be the South African Premier one had to champion the question of colour. The white electorate wanted to make sure that the one at the helm would not rock the boat while sailing apparently smoothly in the ocean of oppressing the black colour.

"The best legal brains of the white community had to spend sleepless nights desperately trying to close every loop hole that might enable a black to share in the economy of the land," he said.

"Blacks had to spend long hours in the mines getting next to nothing until recently. There was a period of 15 years at one stage when blacks had no rise in their slave wages. Read the book entitled: 'How Long Will South Africa Survive? It

will bleed your heart."

Mr Pityi said white schools and universities were nearly empty on account of dwindling numbers but no blacks were admitted because of the racial laws.

"There was once a classic case at Middledrift where there was one white scholar and a white teacher, teaching this one scholar. This school was surrounded by black schools which are overflowing with pupils, but there was a teacher teaching one child. Is this not a fatal handicap in the South African economy?"

Mr Pityi said he had heard over the radio on May 7 that some white colleges were to be made available to Indians because of the decrease in numbers of

white students. He asked if this did not give an unhealthy tinge to Indians who would be getting these buildings.

"Won't there be jibes and jeers from white students to the Indian students who were going to occupy these erstwhile white colleges?" he said. The bill put forward in the South African Parliament which allowed a quota of black students in each white university, was ludicrous to say the least, he added.

"Let us take a hard look at nearly empty white hospitals when blacks are turned away from their hospitals on account of overcrowding where they are fortunate to have hospitals. There has been a shortage of white nurses because black nurses are not allowed to nurse white patients. What senseless nonsense since our daughters nurse whites from infancy and serve dinners in white homes."

Mr Pityi said there was a shortage of manpower. The root cause of this lay in the maze of colour-bar laws barring the blacks from getting adequate education and sharing in the economy of the land.

The fatal handicap in the South African economy caused by pigmentation could not be easily rooted out because the upbringing of the whites and the privileges of protection were deeply rooted. — DDR.

## Rural training hampered by lack of funds

BISHO — The Minister of Rural Development, Mr V. H. Mafani, yesterday lashed out at the R1 million budget vote for the Department of Manpower Utilisation, saying it was meagre.

He said it represented 13 per cent of the money allocated to the Ncora irrigation scheme in Transkei.

The allocation of such a small vote by the South African Government showed that it was not sincere.

Ciskei was proud of its people and depended on black gold — their labour, he said. It was disheartening to see that so many vacancies in this department could not be filled because of inadequate funds.

There could be training centres in each rural village but for the lack of funds. Such centres would stop the drift of people from their homes to the cities to look for work, he said.

Mr Mafani also attacked the administration boards that did not allow people from Ciskei to

work in urban areas. Those who were accepted were subjected to influx control regulations and other controls. He regarded it as shameful for the boards to employ an extensive police force to see what these people were doing instead of providing training.

The vote for the department fell far short of its counterpart in South Africa. If South Africa was sincere it should provide standards acceptable to the white community to Ciskeian people as well, he added.

Welcoming the proposed mobile training units, he said they would be invaluable in training people from all sectors. Training enabled one to acquire knowledge so that one could do things on one's own, Mr Mafani said.

"Once you have knowledge you create fear in the South African Government," he said.

"It is not new, it is the old swart gevaar." — DDC.



*Handwritten notes:*  
deterioration in the whole economy is an adverse effect to that in Transkei.  
V confessions  
for to good  
app. for  
steps

# Minister visits Blue Rock camp cleared for Potsdam shack town

105



Mr Ngcofe and Mr Williams chat to Mr G. Mbeko at Blue Rock.

EAST LONDON — The Ciskei Minister of Internal Affairs and Land Tenure, Mr B. L. Williams, and a director in the department, Mr R Ngcofe, yesterday visited the Blue Rock squatter camp near Arnoldton here as the last shacks fell to workers' crow-bars.

assisted by other men, had already been set up.

"The government is going to provide essential services at Potsdam and water is being carted in trucks to tanks in the area already"

It would take some time before extra school buildings to meet the sudden rise in the population of the area were built but a plan was being worked out to ensure that children moved from Blue Rock to Potsdam attended school, he said

The bulk of material used for putting up shacks at Potsdam had been provided by the government from material salvaged from dilapidated farm houses handed over to Ciskei near Peddie

"And we have also provided transport to move all these people. They did not have to pay anything"

But some people at Potsdam were still concerned about getting their share of material for putting up homes.

One man claimed some of the Ciskei Public Works Department men at the new camp seemed more willing to put up dwellings for people who passed something to be given preferential service in building.

It was reported one child had died on Monday from what was believed to have been pneumonia arising from exposure. — DDR.

And at Potsdam, where the 600 families removed from Blue Rock have had other shacks put up for them by the Ciskei Government, what was at the beginning of last week an open veld was almost unrecognisable as a huge tent and shack town had filled up a wide area

In an interview, interrupted by young men who spoke to Mr Williams about unemployment, the Minister said most of the people at Blue Rock had come from South Africa

"We have had to come to their rescue because they are our own black people," he said

He added that major problems at Blue Rock were lack of basic facilities like water, a clinic, toilet facilities, a school and the absence of any form of authority to handle problems that arise in any society, regardless of size.

"The place was fast becoming a den of iniquity and youths who roamed the area were a real problem to the community," he said.

At Potsdam a local authority, with a headman,



Women queueing up for water at Potsdam yesterday.

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cials  
sts  
Association  
loyees Union

# Sebe calls for Ciskei trainee pilots

D. Dipane  
18/5/83  
105

BISHO — Young Ciskeians were needed for training as pilots in an overseas country, President Lennox Sebe said in the National Assembly yesterday.

He invited Ciskeians to bring forward names, calling for 100 applicants from which to choose 10 candidates.

Educational qualifications alone would not be the yardstick, as candidates should be true patriots bent on the upliftment of their people, he said.

The Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, took a dig at press reports on the Israeli Embassy's denial of links between Ciskei and Israel.

He said no country would admit to the press that it had relations with Ciskei.

He said the Israeli jet in which they had a joy ride on Monday was proof of these links. In the jet was Hebrew writing which proved that it came from Israel.

He also told how the pilot on his way to Ciskei landed in Somalia and was held up for questioning for eight hours and asked where he was going. He showed them Ciskei on a map before he was released.

Ciskei was now known in the Horn of Africa and East Africa as well because the jet refuelled in Nairobi.

"The prophets of doom should be ashamed," he said.

"Ciskei has been resurrected, it is a living nation and there is no going back."

Mr Xaba said the newly-acquired helicopter was also from a foreign country, but not Israel. Ciskei had friends. — DDR.

(021) 6775960

Registration:  
Founded:  
Area of Opera  
Officials:  
Address:

Year	African	Asian and Coloured	White	Total
1980				1 500
1979				1 500
1978				933
1977				933
1976		933		933
1975		933		933
1974		..		..
1973		933		933
1972		..		..
1971		..		..
1970		..		..
				Total



# Ciskei can't afford the luxury of strikes

D. Disputa

18/5/83

Xaba

108

BISHO — Ciskei could not afford the luxury of strikes, the vice-president, the Rev W M Xaba, said during the discussion of the manpower budget vote in the assembly yesterday.

Strikes brought hunger, unemployment and the sending away of children from school.

There was a problem of trade unions hanging a carrot before the people and promising them financial help if they went on strike and lost their jobs as a result.

He said it was the duty

of the department of manpower to educate Ciskeian workers before going out to work in South Africa to be aware of "the wolves who encourage people to strike"

Recently trade unions induced people in the Port Elizabeth harbour to go on strike and as a result they lost their jobs. These fired workers were now roaming Ciskei for jobs. Their families went to sleep hungry, their children could not go to school because there was no money to send them to school. The people who induced them to down their tools could not pay them.

Mr Xaba asked where the unions were and what they were doing ab-



The Rev Xaba  
out these people.

He was happy the Ciskeian Minister of Manpower and Utilisation had refused to meet the unregistered trade unions to discuss the proposed Ciskeian Unemployment Insurance Fund although the director for manpower in

South Africa had agreed to grant them an interview

"What can he talk about with unregistered unions," he asked

"If they are unregistered it means they are illegal. They are only interested in strikes and do not care about the people. They are interested in sucking their money."

He said in Israel there were trade unions but one never heard of strikes there. The unions there had built hospitals and some of their projects were being subsidised by their government. That was the kind of patriotism that was wanted. Ciskei could not afford strikes when there were so many unemployed people in the country. — DDR.

2

# Assembly checked for bugging — Sebe

BISHO — The Ciskei Government got experts from other countries to check if the new National Assembly was bugged.

This was revealed by President Lennox Sebe during a hardhitting address against the South African Government for the meagre funds allocated to the Department of Posts and Telecommunications.

He said the checking was prompted by 'mean-ness'.

Complimenting MPs for highlighting the importance of communications during the discussion of posts and telecommunications, he said communications knew no colour nor boundaries.

He said the House had mandated the Minister concerned, and the Postmaster-General to see to

it that nothing inferior was installed and they should rather stall their projects until the best could be installed. Nothing below international standards should be accepted.

Ciskei should have a proper gateway exchange 'with no tricks,'

"You should liaise with Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, they have the equipment to test that there are no tricks," he said.

President Sebe emphasised the importance of good communications. He said these were needed because Ciskei helped the Republic of South Africa in certain areas just as the Republic of South Africa helped Ciskei in certain areas. A delay caused by poor communications could re-

sult in a disaster.

President Sebe also asked the department to negotiate so that Ciskei telephone lines should not go through the King William's Town exchange for security reasons. At present there were good relations between the King William's Town post master and his staff but nobody knew what could happen when there was other staff there.

Mr W. F. Ximiva criticised the South African Government for not allocating enough funds for the department.

He said all the ministers who had so far delivered their policy speeches had complained about the shortage of funds. This placed the Ciskei Government in an invidious position because it had

to shelve a number of projects.

He had no doubt that if the South African partner had fulfilled its promises the position would be different.

Mrs F. F. Matiyase said there was nothing more hurtful in the policy speech than hearing that the department had to cut and trim projects to fit the budget. When Ciskei opted for independence it was promised that things would be better than before. It looked as if they were worse than before.

She said the South African Government was restricting its purse to retard progress.

No independent state could depend on another for a gateway exchange. She asked when Ciskei was going to get its own. — DDR

703

125

# Chief Hebe calls for Radio Xhosa handover

BISHO — A call for the handing over of the Radio Xhosa station in King William's Town to the Ciskei Government was made in the National Assembly yesterday.

A front bencher, Chief S. M. Hebe, who made a strong plea for the handover was supported by President Sebe and the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba.

Chief Hebe said there was no need for Radio Xhosa since the young state had its own radio. It was not healthy and proper to have two radio stations in Ciskei.

He said Radio Xhosa was allegedly there to serve the needs of the Xhosas. Other independent states had their own radio stations, just as the Ciskei had its own which reached its citizens, even in urban areas.

Radio Xhosa was absorbing all the advertising revenue at the expense of Radio Ciskei.

Mr Xaba questioned the wisdom of the duplication of the radio services in one area. He said the South African Government was busy erecting a minor radio station for Ciskei at Bisho. The existing Radio Xhosa station at King William's Town should be handed over to Ciskei instead of wasting funds by building another one, he said.

The then Minister of Foreign Affairs in Ciskei, Chief Lent Magoma, had raised the question of Radio Xhosa with the South African Prime Minister, Mr P. W. Botha, who had listened attentively to the plea.

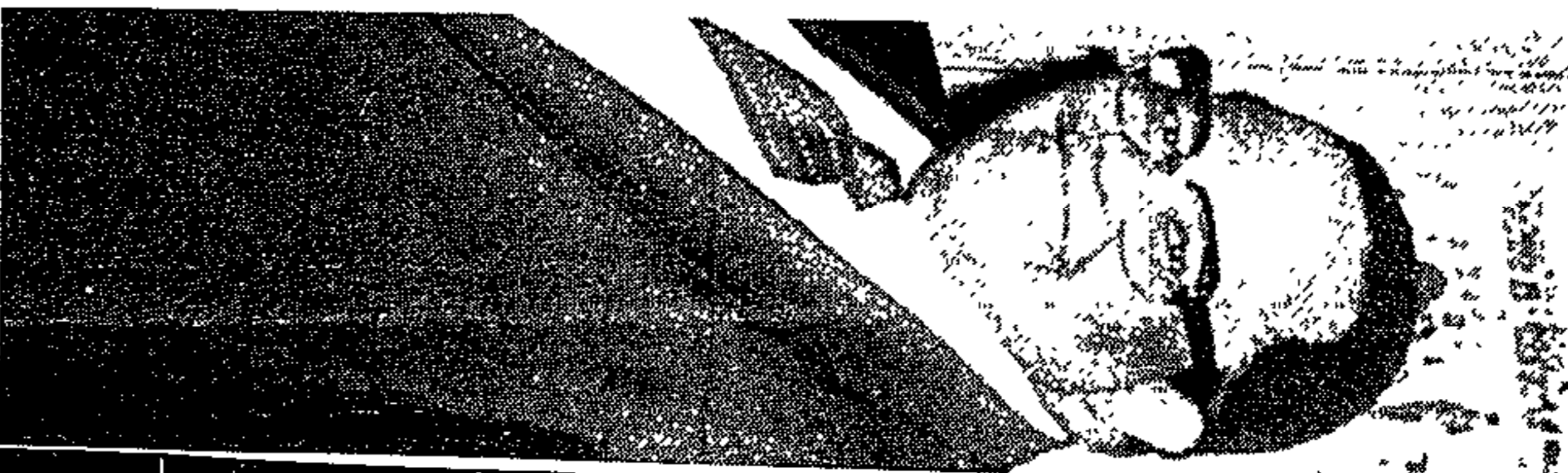
Mr Xaba said Radio Ciskei did not reach urban areas like Cape Town and Port Elizabeth

where some Ciskeians lived. If the Ciskeian Government wanted to communicate with its citizens in those areas it had to ask Radio Xhosa to broadcast its messages. Yet as an independent sovereign country Ciskei should be able to reach its citizens in those areas.

He called the duplication of the services a waste of money.

President Sebe said it was "nonsensical" to have Radio Xhosa when other independent states had radio stations like Radio Transkei.

The Ciskei Government would doubt the credibility of Ciskeians working for Radio Xhosa. It might evict Radio Xhosa employees from their houses in Ciskei and they would have to live in King William's Town with their white friends. — DDR.



THE REV W. M. XABA — duplication of services.

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# Members rap switchboard operators

BISHO — Telephone switchboard operators at the government complex in Zwelitsha were criticised in the National Assembly during the discussion of the Posts and Telecommunications budget vote yesterday.

Mr W. F. Ximiya said people were disappointed at the behaviour of the switchboard staff at the government head office. As MPs, they had to telephone the government offices frequently but the treatment they received was "terrible."

He called for the firing of those who were "cripping the service".

Chief S. M. Hebe said the poor service of these operators was blocking industrialists who wanted to come and invest their money in Ciskei.

President Lennox Sebe gave the Minister of Posts the mandate to fire all the inefficient, rude and downright irresponsible staff even if it meant closing the post office.

Mr Ximiya said telephone operators in the Alice area had improved a lot since they came under strong criticism in the Assembly last year.

He commended the Peddie staff for their efficient and respectful behavior.

Mdantsane operators had also improved but not all of them were good. Something ought

to be done about the bad elements.

"We have always felt in the past that we were not well treated by the Republic of South Africa because of the question of colour," he said.

"You get young officials who treat you like a small boy and you know you are suffering from malignant discrimination. We do not expect our people to treat us likewise."

Mrs F. F. Matiyase said manually operated telephones generated employment and if people working in those places could realise that the government was doing them a favour and creating work for them they could pay back by being courteous to the public.

The Vice President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, called for the improvement of telephone communications in rural areas. It was difficult for people in these areas to contact the police when they saw strange people and cars as well as to contact hospitals in cases of sickness.

Chief D. N. Mavuso said people in rural areas "live like animals."

They lived for periods of more than ten hours without any form of communications and it was difficult for them to go out of their houses to investigate disturbances at night because there were no telephones, no lights and no firearms, he added. — DDC.

# President: Ciskei aims to reduce hunger, disease

BISHO — Ciskei's objective was to decrease hunger and disease, President Lennox Sebe said yesterday at the farewell to an adviser to the Department of Health, Mr S. E. Armstrong.

The health of a nation was its strength and in propagating all aspects of attaining and retaining good health, the Health Department was playing a most crucial role in the fight against poverty and hunger.

The most modern educational aids, best-qualified teachers, most-spectacular schools, colleges or training centres were valueless as long as the object of improvements, the pupil, could not take advantage of them because of poor health.

"It is thus obvious that there should be an exceptional degree of reciprocal exchange of thoughts and integrated planning between the departments of health, education and manpower utilisation," he said.

"This must then lead to a well researched system of school feeding, supported by a health and nutrition advisory and inspection service."

President Sebe said success would only be attained if the target group was encouraged to participate and therefore parents and employers must be drawn into these schemes and given some responsibility for ensuring that the children and employees received nourishing food on a regular basis.

He said Mr Armstrong had been closely associated with all negotiations with the University of Fort Hare regarding the introduction of a nursing degree course at Cecilia Makiwane Hospital by the newly established department of health sciences at Fort Hare as from the beginning of 1984.

He had always endeavoured to ensure that proper supervision and training of his subordinates was carried out, personally observing and evaluating the activities of people, thus not only ensuring job satisfaction to the staff but also that they were indeed acting to the greatest advantage of the department.

These leadership qualities resulted in an outstanding relationship with people and he was particularly gifted in handling personal problems between people, always remaining calm under pressure.

He said Mr Armstrong was going to Kwazulu as deputy director. — DDR.

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# Ciskei harvests suffer a near-total failure

BY MARK SCHACTER

ALICE — Ciskeian harvests have failed almost totally this year because of the drought.

"Yields throughout Ciskei have been generally non-existent. I would guess that less than ten per cent of all farmers have had a crop," said Mr M. N. Austin, a member of the Department of Agronomy at Fort Hare University here.

Even on experimental plots cultivated by the university, where the planting, ploughing, and weed-control methods adopted allowed for the best possible growing conditions, crops fared no better.

"We had zero or low

yields with maize, sorghum, and sunflower," Mr Austin said

With even these pampered crops falling victim to the drought, it seems that agricultural science will have little to offer the ordinary Ciskeian farmer until the weather improves.

When the rains do return and farmers once again have a realistic chance of raising a crop, they will still be faced by two unchangeable, natural facts that permanently hinder agriculture in Ciskei:

"First of all, the soil is too shallow to store much water. Secondly, there is a very pronounced rainfall peak in March and April, which means that rains come at the wrong time for summer crops," said a colleague of Mr Austin's in the agronomy department, Professor J. N. Marais. In order to cope with these two negative factors, farmers in Ciskei had to create conditions on their land that would permit as much penetration and retention of moisture in the

soil as possible.

To achieve this, Prof Marais said, it was of critical importance that farmers practised effective methods of weed-control and soil-preparation.

As for the agricultural outlook in the coming months, Prof Marais and Mr Austin agreed that farmers should not plant in the spring for a summer crop until there was enough moisture in the soil to allow for successful growth.

"To avoid wasting seed, effort and time, I would advise delaying planting a summer crop until at least 75 mm of rain have fallen," Mr Austin said. — DDR

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East London Liquor & Catering Trades Employees Union.....  
East London Municipal Transport Workers Union of S.A.....  
Pretorlase Baknywerheidsvereniging.....  
Kafirata Divisional Council Employees Association.....  
Golden Arrow Officials Staff Association.....

UNIONS WITH MEMBERSHIP BETWEEN 50 AND 100

Port Elizabeth Tramway Officials & Salaries Staff Association...  
Port Elizabeth Operative Plumbers' Employees Association.....  
Rustenburg Tabakwerkersvereniging.....  
Association of Cinematograph Projectionists.....  
Sugar Industry Employees Union.....  
African Trunk & Box Workers Union.....  
S.A. Teleprinter Operators Society.....  
Diamond Cutters Union of South Africa.....

NO OF MEMBERS

UNIONS WITH MEMBERSHIP OF LESS THAN 50

UNIONS BY SIZE OF MEMBERSHIP IN 1980

OWEN VANQA reports from the Ciskei National Assembly



Mr NAMBA SEBE

# Gateway exchange soon for Ciskei

BISHO — A telephone gateway exchange would be commissioned here during the middle of 1985, the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J. T. Mabandla, said yesterday.

He was replying to a question by Mrs F. F. Matiyase who asked when the exchange would be established.

He said that because of time-consuming factors such as the erection of a properly constructed building, the manufacturing of sophisticated equipment and so on, it would unfortunately not be possible to commission this important exchange before that date.

He assured the House that the exchange would have full direct national and international dialling facilities, and would be equal to any international gateway exchange in the world. — DDR

# Minister outlines role of transport

BISHO — Transport was a very important auxiliary function of commerce and industry and played an important role in the economy and the industrial development of any country.

The Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, said this when delivering his policy speech in the National Assembly yesterday.

It also played an important role in the public sector and an efficient Department of Transport Affairs could only enhance the efficiency of the government service as a whole, he said.

His department had during the past 12 months made a joint effort with the operators

of private transport in Ciskei as well as those in South Africa and the South African railways and harbours, to co-ordinate the transport requirements in Ciskei as well as across the country's borders.

"All internal transport services should as soon as possible be transferred to my department so that they could be meaningfully integrated into the existing transport network which must be operated on business lines," he said.

"My department lays down three important criteria for this transport network to render a proper service to our people.

"It is the inherent

right of the Ciskeian nation to have a say in the decisions affecting their daily lives. High on the priority list is transport and it is essential that my department be fully informed of all transportation planning in the Border area.

"Ciskeians are extensive users of the public transport and they have the right to be conveyed in buses which are comfortable and clean. We want to do away with the third class philosophy which has beset our nation for so long. The CTC bus company has, as a consequence, improved her fleet recently with the purchase of several luxury buses.

"Ciskeians are entitled to a reliable and

punctual service."

Mr Sebe said his department maintained a close watch on transport developments elsewhere and on policies of neighbouring countries. Neither Ciskei nor South Africa could isolate themselves from one another.

Due to their geographical position and the fact that the basic infrastructure stretched beyond the borders, and taking cognizance of the concept of a confederation of states as well as the policy of decentralisation of the Republic of South Africa, it was imperative that the two countries considered each other's policies with regard to transport legislation. — DDR

# Minister calls for delegation

BISHO — The Ciskei Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, called on the National Assembly to appoint a delegation to follow up the question of the handing over of Radio Xhosa to Ciskei.

He recommended Chief S. M. Hebe for raising the "significant issue" in the House on Wednesday. It was a salutary thought, he said.

"I earnestly appeal to this House that there should be a follow up of this question of Radio Xhosa being handed to Ciskei."

"Just imagine when Radio Xhosa collects charitable funds for the needy towards Christmas, these funds are collected from the Ciskeians and elsewhere. On these grounds I strongly feel that a delegation be formed to follow up the question of the handing over of the Radio Xhosa station," Mr Pityi said.

"The presence of Radio Xhosa in the centre of Ciskei is an anomaly that needs rectification. Its presence makes a mockery of our independence." — DDR

# Bus company a joint venture

BISHO — The Ciskei Transport Corporation Bus Company, which provides extensive passenger services throughout Ciskei and the adjacent border areas, is a joint venture between the Ciskeian Government and the Republic of South Africa.

The Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, said in his policy speech 50 per cent of the company's shares were controlled by Ciskeian National Development Corporation and the other 50 per cent by the South African Government through the Corporation for Economic Development.

His department was actively involved in a regional steering committee which guided an investigation into public transport mainly in the

East London - Mdantsane area.

The recommendation of the consultants who undertook the study included many positive steps which would improve the comfort, safety and journey time of Ciskeian workers who travel by bus.

The recommendations included the completion of the Mdantsane access road in order to speed up journeys to the West Bank industrial area, a new bus terminus at Factory Road in East London; the completion of passenger shelters at the Highway bus terminus; the improvement and upgrading of Qumza Highway into a multi-lane main road and the construction of a bus terminus at Potsdam and the improvements to bus stops. — DDR

# Matter of fact

BISHO — The Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, told the assembly that the then Ciskeian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Chief Lent Magoma, raised the question of the handover of

Radio Xhosa with the South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha and not the Prime Minister, Mr P. W. Botha, as reported yesterday. — DDR.

## Ciskei attack: SABC silent

EAST LONDON — The regional manager of the South African Broadcasting Corporation (SABC) in the Eastern Cape, Mr R. Verster, yesterday refused to comment on attacks on Radio Xhosa made in the Ciskei National Assembly on Wednesday.

The attacks were that Radio Xhosa was absorbing all the advertising revenue at the expense of Radio Ciskei, that there was no wisdom in duplicating radio services in the same area and that the Radio Xhosa station near King

William's Town be handed over to Ciskei instead of "wasting funds by building another one" for Radio Ciskei at Bisho.

Mr Verster said they would have to study the statements before making any comment because in their point of view any statement made by any state in an official forum was "always delicate."

"And since we have to study the statements and their implications in full at this stage I can only say we have no comment to make," Mr Verster said. — DDR

## R3,5m inadequate for govt cars

BISHO — The Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, told the National Assembly that during the 1982-83 financial year R3,5 million was made available for the purchase of replacement official vehicles.

Delivering his policy speech he said that in view of the acute shortage of vehicles in all departments and the sudden increase in the number of the departments and expansion of the establishments, this was totally inadequate and stricter control had to be exercised to ensure that all departments received a fair share of new vehicles.

With regard to subsidised vehicles, Mr Sebe impressed on all departments that the main criterion when approving these should be whether the function of each officer warranted regular official travelling and that a person should at no stage be expected to join a department by being promised a subsidised vehicle.

Mr Sebe recommended that a transport allowance should rather be included in the salary package deal. The department felt that the scheme should be revised and that new standards should be set regarding identification of posts and the type of vehicle to be supplied. There was too great a demand for luxury vehicles. This practice should be curtailed with the result that more economical vehicles could be provided instead of a

few luxury vehicles. Subsidised vehicles were provided to perform certain official functions and should not be a status symbol.

During the 1982-83 financial year the accident rate was again too high, although 50 per cent were minor accidents. Stern disciplinary action was taken against officers who forfeited their cover in terms of the Ciskeian Staff Code. Some drivers were made to repay the loss incurred.

Mr Sebe said two BMW 735i "security vehicles" had been bought for President Lennox Sebe and the Commander in Chief of State Security to ensure their safety in the execution of their duties.

"I am sure this House will agree that it is essential to ensure the safety of our leaders," he said. — DDR.

## Aviation study in Ciskei

BISHO — The Department of Transport had in the past months embarked on a feasibility study on the question of civil aviation, the Minister for the department, Mr Namba Sebe, said in his policy speech yesterday.

A private airways company had already published its first report and the recommendations were being studied.

Mr Sebe said civil aviation required great skills and a high sense of responsibility among management personnel to cope with the growth of aviation technology. For this reason his department had already sent some senior officials to the Directorate of Civil Aviation in Pretoria as well as to Comair, for a three month training course.

Arrangements had been made for the preparation of the Air Service and Civil Aviation Act which would be introduced during the session. As civil aviation was not operated in isolation, the Republic of Ciskei would, after passing its own Air Service Act, apply for membership to the International Civil Aviation Organisation.

He said the department had succeeded in negotiating financial

assistance from the Republic of South Africa for the development of Ciskei's airport. Further discussions would be conducted with South African officials in order to determine a development strategy to ensure that the most benefit would be derived from the financial aid to his department.

He said very few, if any, airlines were run at a profit and some had been forced to cease their airline operations.

"It is for this reason that my department is not prepared to rush into the establishing of an airline service," he said

"It is our intention to employ the services of experts in this field and to gradually embark on a programme of implementation."

Mr Sebe said the department was entering into an agreement with experts such as Compair, who would for a period provide an airline service under the control of his department and with the assistance of his staff.

Mr Sebe further announced that his department would continue with its negotiations with the South African railway authorities to integrate the services into the transport network. — DDR

Contract workers may be 'disciplined'

# Ciskei plan barbaric say angry unions

21/5/83 (135) ROOM

(105)

Mali Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — Ciskei's Minister of Manpower, Chief Lent Maqoma, has warned that Ciskei may introduce disciplinary training "based on military lines" for migrant workers who break their contracts — a statement trade unions have labelled "barbaric".

But the Cape Chamber of Industries says there are "no doubt good grounds" for Chief Maqoma's plan and says it would be "a good thing".

Chief Maqoma told the Ciskei Parliament recently that the Ciskei Government wanted to discipline migrant workers who broke their contract without valid reasons.

If implemented, the plan could lead to military-style camps for migrant workers who strike — or who simply leave their jobs because they are unhappy in them.

Chief Maqoma said labour was Cis-

kei's "black gold" and was one of the main contributors to Ciskei's national income

In some instances, he said, contract workers did not fulfil their part of the bargain and either absconded after a few weeks or were "lazy".

He had had discussions with Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, Ciskei's head of state security, and "it is very likely that a form of disciplinary training based on military lines for those contract workers who break their contracts will be implemented in future".

Mr Jack Roos, director of the Cape Chamber of Industries, said relations between management and contract workers were good and he was not aware of wholesale breaking of contracts.

But he added that the breaking of a contract was "a serious thing to an employer" and that there were "no doubt good grounds for Chief Maqoma making such a statement".

Referring to the disciplinary training, Mr Roos said it would be a good thing if this form of training would improve the efficiency of workers

But Mr Jan Theron, general secretary of the African Food and Canning Workers Union, said Chief Maqoma had made a "barbaric" proposal

He said the statement referring to "black gold" could have been made "by a slave trader".

He said the contract labour system was "oppressive" because it worked to benefit the employer and disadvantage the worker.

The General Workers Union said in a statement that the proposal would not help solve South Africa's industrial relations problems and that such repressive measures gave the lie to all the Government's talk of reform.

"It highlights the way in which the Bantustans are used by the South African Government to control the increasing strength of workers".

DD 21/5/83

(105)

EAST LONDON — The Ciskei Education Department has employed 14 teachers from states in Africa, the Director-General of Education, Mr D. V. Tom, confirmed in a statement yesterday.

Mr Tom said the department had done this in consultation with the Ciskei President, Chief Lennox Sebe, who had realised that Ciskei needed a strong mathematics and physical science foundation to facilitate the training and production of technicians.

He said it was decided that a few teachers be recruited and vacancies were advertised.

Applications were received from Swaziland and Lesotho but it was later found that most of

## 14 teachers recruited for Ciskei colleges

the teachers had initially come from Ghana.

Science specialists helping in various schools in Ciskei were a Mr Asokan and a Mr Varghese.

Teachers placed at various schools in Ciskei are:

Mr and Mrs Sao Mr Sao is a science and maths teacher at Lennox Sebe Teacher Training College and Mrs Sao teaches home economics at the same college.

Mr and Mrs Kwayisi — both maths and science teachers at Lennox Sebe

College.

Mr and Mrs Nyanteh who teach chemistry and botany at Mgcawezulu High School, Tshatshu, near Zwelitsha;

Mr and Mrs Twum Ampofo who both teach agricultural science at Phandulwazi High School, Alice;

Mr Itengo, an English specialist at Rubusana Training College, Mdantsane.

Mr and Mrs Gupta, also at Rubusana College. Mr Gupta is an English specialist and Mrs Gupta teaches homecraft:



Dr Amuttool, a maths lecturer seconded to Khulani High School, Mdantsane. — DDR



(105) D.D. Spatler  
2/15/83

# Ciskei releases unionists

EAST LONDON — Two trade unionists have been released after being detained for six days by the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service

A spokesman for the General and Allied Workers' Union (Gawu), Mr Jama Masondo, said the two Gawu members — Mr Sydney Mafumadi and Mr Monde Mditshwa — had been arrested in Mdantsane on Friday.

They were released late on Wednesday without charges being laid.

The Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, could not be contacted for comment. — DDR

## Abortion

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# Ciskei terror trial to resume today

D. D. D. D.  
24/5/83

ZWELITSHA — The terrorism trial in the Ciskei Supreme Court here was postponed until this morning to enable the defence counsel to call its witnesses.

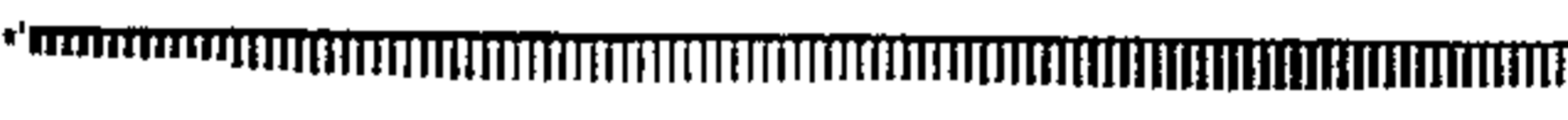
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Appearing with Mr Mayekiso is Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Bizzett Manin-jwa, 31, and Mr Bayi Keye, 52, all of Mdantsane.

The chief justice, Mr Justice D S de Wet, was deciding in a trial within a trial to determine the admissibility of statements allegedly made by the accused

The four have pleaded not guilty to charges of engaging in terrorist activities, being members of the banned ANC, recruiting people to undergo military training in Lesotho, and being in possession of banned publications. — SAPA.

Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23, was cross-examined briefly by the Ciskei Attorney-General, Mr W F



Sowetan 24/3/82 (15A) 105 (138)

# Ciskei police detain unionists

IN another crack down on trade unionists, the Ciskei Security Forces have detained two top leaders, including the secretary general of the General and Allied Workers' Union, Mr Sidney Mafamandi of Johannesburg.

The other man detained in the Ciskei is the union's national organiser, Mr Monde Mditshwa, formerly of Port Elizabeth.

A statement by Gawu said the two were detained in East London on Friday at 10pm. This is not the first time the two trade unionists have been detained.

**By MONO BADELA**

Mr Sidney Mafamandi was last detained with five other trade union leaders, including the South African and Allied Workers' Union (Saawu) president Mr Thozamile Gqwetha, and his deputy, Mr Sisa Njikelana in March this year. They were all later released without being brought before a court of law.

Mr Mditshwa was last detained in 1980 during a crack down on student leaders during school boycotts in 1980.

In a statement the

president of the union, Mr Samson Ndou strongly said: "Gawu vehemently deplores the barbaric action." He called on progressive bodies to condemn the detentions

The secretary general of the Council of Unions of South Africa (Cusa), Mr Phirashay Camay said he was shocked that this kind of harassment was still being perpetrated in the Ciskei. It is high time that this kind of harassment should come to an end," he said.

Earlier this month the Ciskei Security Forces

also detained another trade unionist, Mr Dlaki Vani, the Queenstown organiser of the African Food and Canning Workers' Union (AFCWU).

Mr Vani was arrested in Queenstown by the South African Security Police and was handed over to the Ciskei authorities.

Later the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange admitted to Parliament that Mr Vani had been handed over to Ciskei where he is now being held in terms of Ciskei's Proclamation R252.

(105) Hansard  
Ciskeian citizens in Republic  
Q. Col. 1365 24/5/83  
848 Mr. A SAVAGE asked the Minister  
of Co-operation and Development:

What is the estimated number of unemployed (a) male and (b) female Ciskei citizens between the ages of 16 and 60 within the borders of the Republic?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT:

A citizen of an independent state can only leave that state for the purpose of employment in the Republic of South Africa if he has been recruited or requisitioned for while in the independent state and if he is in possession of a valid reference book and a contract of service which has been attested in that independent state. Record of unemployed citizens outside their state is therefore not maintained.

D. Dispatch 24/5/83

# Board accused of hindering buses

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**BISHO** — The South African. Transportation Board was accused of trying to prevent Ciskeian buses from going in and out of the Western Cape.

Speaking during the discussion of the Transport budget vote in the Assembly yesterday, the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said the board wanted to give licences to white entrepreneurs. Ciskei was helping the Republic of South Africa by encouraging Ciskeians to come home and use their transport yet the board wanted to give this business to whites. He said this was selfishness.

"Is the South African Railways not run by the South African Government?" he asked.

"Why is it wrong for the Ciskeian Government to provide its own transport?"

Mr Xaba said this matter should not be allowed to go unchallenged. He asked why blacks should always be at a disadvantage.

The South African Railways had a fleet of buses running through Ciskei to places like Transkei and why should Ciskeian buses not be allowed to carry Ciskei passengers. — DDR.



The Rev Xaba

24/5/83

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BISHO — The car bomb explosions in Pretoria on Friday were condemned in the Ciskei National Assembly yesterday.

The House observed a minute's silence for those who died in the attack and also for a Ciskei MP who died of natural causes.

President Lennox Sebe called the attack a "ghastly and barbaric onslaught."

A telex addressed by him to the South African State President read:

"On behalf of myself and the government and people of Ciskei I convey to Your Excellency and to the government and people of the Republic of South Africa sincere sympathy in the grievous disaster which befell your country on Friday.

"We unreservedly condemn this dastardly deed perpetrated by communistic inspired saboteurs and re-affirm our determination to eradicate ruthlessly these evil forces of sub-

# Ciskei MPs deplore Pretoria blast

version. "The security forces of Ciskei will resolutely maintain their co-operation with the South Africa security forces in their joint efforts to combat destabilisation in Southern Africa."

President Sebe said the method used in the bombings was used by the IRA and the PLO. The ANC had joined forces with the PLO as he had announced two weeks ago, he said.

The bombing meant that everybody had to be security conscious. A bomb could be placed under the car of any MP and cause a similar disaster.

"I have no fears that the enemy will be destroyed."

The Speaker of the House, Mr C. Ngxwana, said what had happened in South Africa touched Ciskei as well.

The Vice-President, the Rev W. M Xaba, said that nobody except beasts could condone such an action particularly in the maiming and destroying of innocent souls. The action should be condemned outright especially by Christians.

He said actions of this nature could not change anything.

"It is a known fact that anything inflicted in the Republic of South Africa makes blacks suffer more.

"People should not look to the one-side thinking that terrorists



PRESIDENT SEBE

in South Africa are only blacks. Since the banning of movements in South Africa, the South African Communist Party went underground and its members are still among us. There are also white sympathisers of the ANC among us in South Africa."

He said the first person to throw a bomb at Park Station in Johannesburg was a white man as was the first man to throw a bomb in Port Elizabeth. — DDR

105 *Houssand* 25/5/83  
Customs/immigration posts  
Q. Col. 1383 - 1384

\*16. Mr. E. K. MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Information:

Whether the Government has taken a decision on the siting of customs and immigration posts between the Republic of South Africa and Ciskei on the (a) Grahamstown/King William's Town and (b) Port Alfred/East London Road; if so, what is the nature of such decision?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND INFORMATION:

Yes, the South African authorities plan to erect two border control posts on the SA/Ciskei border at the following points:

- (a) Where the N2 highway from King William's Town via Peddie to Grahamstown crosses the Great Fish River, and
- (b) Where the R72 coastal highway from East London to Port Alfred crosses the Great Fish River.

It will be endeavoured to co-ordinate as

effectively as possible respective border control arrangements

**Airways: complaints**

\*17. Mr D. J. N. MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether any letters of complaint were received by the South African Airways in April 1983; if so, how many;
- (2) whether any of these letters related to catering on aircraft; if so, (a) how many and (b) what was the nature of the complaints.
- (3) whether the present South African Airways caterers are associated with any South African company; if so, (a) who are the present caterers and (b) what is the name of the company with which they are associated?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes. 141, i.e. from 0,04 per cent of passengers carried.
- (2) Yes
  - (a) 42, i.e. from 0,01 per cent of passengers carried.
  - (b) Quality of food.
- (3) The caterers, Marriott International Services, is registered as a South African company
  - (a) and (b) Fall away.

D. Dispatch

25/5/83

105

# Xaba hits out at govt department

BISHO — In what is believed to be an unprecedented move the Department of Internal Affairs was attacked yesterday by the Vice-President.

The Rev W. M. Xaba attacked the department for its delay in the issuing of birth certificates. He said in South Africa birth certificates were issued on the same day in the commissioners' offices but there was a delay of months in Ciskei.

There were matriculants whose parents had never applied for birth certificates and when these pupils applied they had to wait for six to eight months.

He wanted to know why there was this delay when certificates were issued in Ciskei and not in Pretoria. Some of the matriculants could not get jobs because they did not have birth certificates.

He also attacked the department for not impounding township livestock.

On the question of electricity meter reading, he said President Sebe had told the department long ago to buy bicycles to employ boys who had failed Junior Certificate to read meters.

Mr Xaba asked how householders were expected to pay an electricity bill which was sent after three months. By the time the bill was sent it could have accumulated to a large amount. In addition the occupier was still ex-

pected to pay his monthly rentals.

If the person missed paying the electricity bill sent after three months by the time an additional one was sent, the amount would be too high and the householder might decide that the electricity be disconnected.

Mr Xaba also asked what the Department of Internal Affairs and Land Tenure was doing about the houses on released farms. He asked if the department liaised with the Department of Agriculture regarding these houses.

He said he and the Minister of Transport had been approached by people whose houses had been demolished and had to sleep in the open. Yet there were new houses that were locked at Dimbaza Extension.

He had expected the department to shift the

people who were going to be moved from Madakeni to Dimbaza Extension to see that those who could not afford to pay rentals were taken to rural villages, and those who could afford rents be settled at the new extension as was the case with the Blue Rock squatters.

People who were working in East London were allocated houses in Mdantsane and those who could not were taken to Potsdam. He asked why the same system could not be applied to the people at Madakeni.

Mr Xaba also questioned the occupation of a school in Dimbaza Extension by the Archie Velile Secondary School. He said the school was notorious and had given Ciskei trouble during the schools unrest when it was sited at Dimbaza. — DDR.

See also P8.



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# Housing high priority - Williams

**BISHO** — The question of providing sufficient, suitable accommodation for all citizens remained a high priority aim, the Minister of Internal Affairs, Mr B. L. Williams, said in his policy speech yesterday.

However, the government could not be expected to provide all accommodation. Surely it was not too much to expect employers to contribute towards their cause, he said.

Few employees in Ciskei could boast of assistance from their employers.

Mr Williams thanked those employers who built or bought houses for their employees on sites registered in the names of the employees

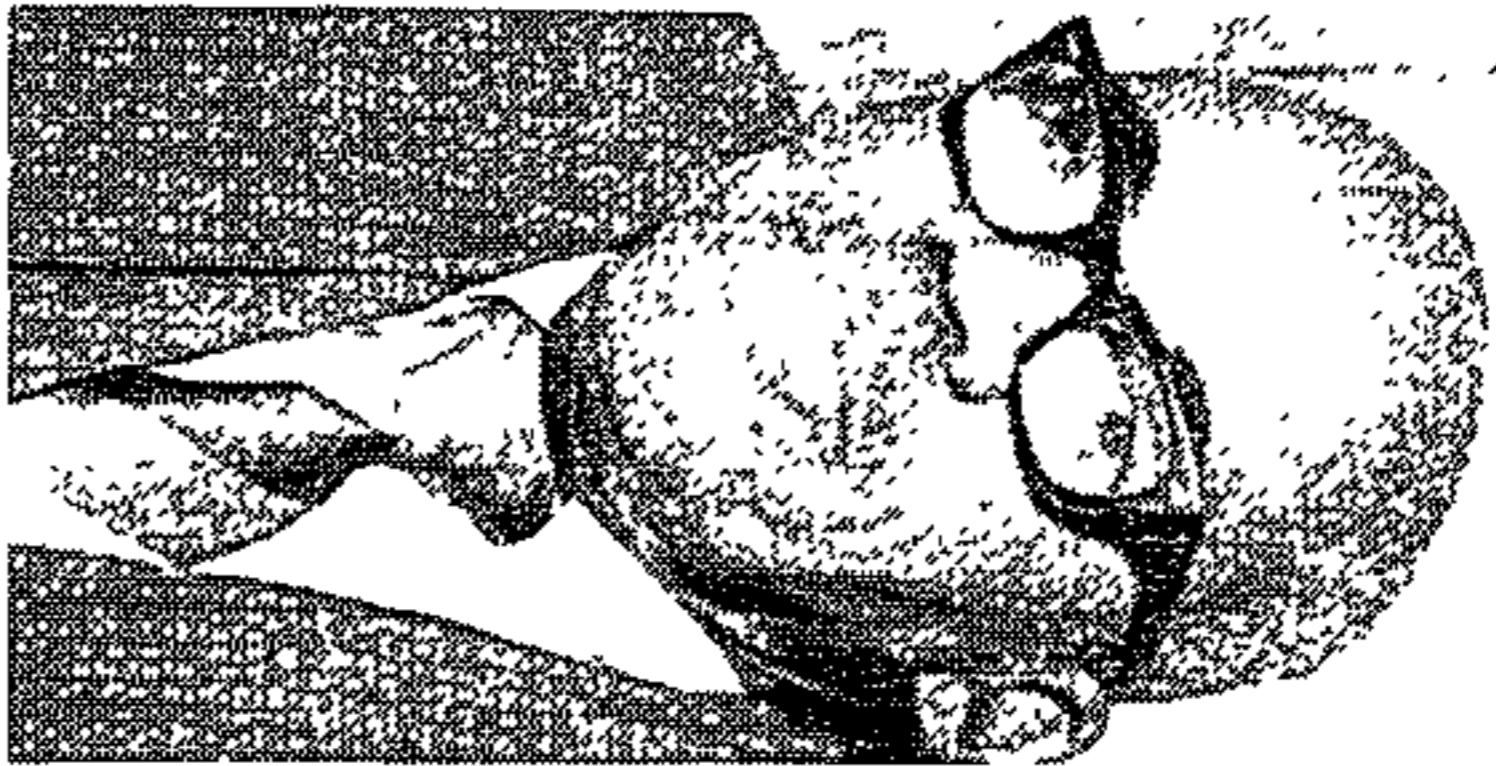
and for which they had title deeds

He said that schemes which formed part of the independence agreement were progressing well but too slowly.

At Whittlesea about 200 houses had been completed but they could not be allocated due to the lack of school facilities.

The people of Oxton who were due to be re-located there could not be expected to endure further hardships aggravated by lack of education for their children. Until those facilities had been provided the houses could not be occupied.

Mr Williams added that many Ciskeians were in a position to



MR WILLIAMS

build their own houses or have them built at Phakamisa near

Zwelitsha the scheme whereby infrastructure was provided by the government and owners could build was progressing well but slowly.

A need for such a scheme had become evident at Mdantsane and his department was planning an area where larger sites could be purchased and prestige homes could be built. An area of approximately 100 such sites was earmarked for development soon.

He said 610 deeds of grant had been issued since independence in the various townships.

A start had been made with the provision of houses for the people living at Madakeni near Dimbaza where 50

houses had been completed. These would be allocated shortly.

## OWEN VANQA reports from the Ciskei National Assembly

The Kammaskraal people who had been living under pathetic conditions had now been resettled at Peddie in wooden two-roomed houses which, although not as good as he would have liked them to be, were 100 per cent better than where they were living before.

“However, it appears that certain individuals who confess to have the suffering of the people at heart try to make gain of the efforts of the government to better the living conditions of its citizens. The Kammaskraal people are a case

in point. While the people were living under atrocious conditions, the private sector and individuals had done little to assist them but as soon as they were moved to better facilities the so-called Samaritans appeared in the local press trying to impress, I do not know who, with gifts of blankets to some of the families and derided the government for its efforts in providing better facilities.

What hypocrites.”

Mr Williams said although he had mentioned various schemes the department was far from satisfied with the funds being allocated for housing which were “woefully inadequate.”

On several occasions his department had to prepare memorandums specifying housing requirements for the people without proper accommodation but in spite of full motivations, no funds had been forthcoming from the South African Government who in terms of the agreement must provide housing.

The department would continue to press for these funds in order to keep pace with the housing needs of the ever-increasing population.

Another disturbing factor is that because no funds are forthcoming, Ciskeians are forced to invade vacant areas with the resultant squatter conditions manifesting themselves,” he said.

**BISHO** — The Minister of Internal Affairs, Mr B. L. Williams, has warned rent defaulters that the time had come for action and no mercy would be shown them.

Delivering his policy speech in the Assembly yesterday he said millions of rands were spent by the government in providing housing and essential services and many of the tenants were abusing these facilities by not paying their rental.

He asked if rents were not paid how those without accommodation could be assisted.

“Surely the first priority is to ensure a roof over one’s head,” he said.

## No mercy for rent defaulters

million rent arrears had been collected during the last year in a campaign to combat defaulting.

In an endeavour to motivate people to pay rentals he and his department organised meetings in various towns to address people and town councillors about the serious view held by the government relating to this matter. There had been a tremendous response from the people but there were still those who ignored appeals and threats with the result that steps were taken against them to cancel their occupancy.

Mr Williams has also warned against those people who kept livestock in towns and townships.

“I will not tolerate that our towns and townships are reduced to slum areas and small-holdings for keeping livestock. It is unheard of that residents of towns may keep animals on small plots in the towns. This is not only a traffic hazard but also a serious health hazard in that all sorts of animal-borne diseases as well as diseases caused by filthy conditions are allowed to manifest themselves.”

He said in one instance a person was prosecuted for having more than 20 pigs in his backyard.



# Health department negotiating with Israel — minister

# Maqoma: no decision on contract-breakers

BISHO — The Ciskei Department of Health was negotiating with Israel for doctors and paramedical staff, the Minister of Health, Dr C. H. J. van Aswegen, said yesterday.

Responding to a question by Mrs F. F. Matiyase as to what was being done to ease the staff shortage, he said in a reply read by the Minister of Rural Development, Mr V. H. Mafani, the laboratory was worst off regarding the paramedical staff. The department was negotiating with the Israelis to have similarly qualified medical technologists.

At present 14 Ciskeian student medical technologists were undergoing training. Seven

student radiographers were being trained in diagnostic radiography. Five had been granted bursaries to pursue the B Pharmacy degree.

On the question of what was being done to improve the position of health inspectors, he said there was a general shortage of health inspectors throughout Southern Africa.

The most practical step which the department could take, had been the employment of pupil health inspectors who were then sent to Edendale for a three-year post matriculation course. At present five pupil health inspectors were undergoing training. Few students had shown any interest in this profession. — DDR.

ZWELITSHA — No definite decision had been taken by the Ciskei Government regarding disciplinary action against Ciskeians who broke their employment contracts in South Africa, the Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief L. W. Maqoma, said in a statement yesterday.

Chief Maqoma was reacting to a Johannesburg newspaper report that in his policy speech he had said his department was to introduce some form of disciplinary action against Ciskeian contract workers who "misbehaved" while on contract with South African firms.

He also reacted to statements by officials of the National Mineworkers' Union and the black Allied Miners' and Construction Workers' Union that they would use all the might of their unions to fight the move.

Chief Maqoma said his department, charged with the duty of finding employment for Ciskeians in another country, had made the statement as a warning to those workers who persisted in giving the ordinary Ciskeian worker a bad name by not honouring their work contracts.

"Ciskei is faced with a tremendous unemployment problem and during these recessionary times, my department is hard-pressed to find work for the unskilled workseeker," Chief Maqoma said.

The country was also in the grip of the worst drought in living memory and was in continual competition with workseekers from other national states and the urban areas of South Africa.

As a result South African employers could afford to be selective and a few bad workers were enough to prejudice work opportunities for hundreds of dedicated, and in some instances, starving Ciskeians willing to earn a living to feed their families, he said.

"Are we expected to sit back and allow a few drunkards and slackers to influence the employer in the Republic of South Africa to the detriment of thousands of conscientious workers?" he asked.

"Are the trade unions going to supply food parcels and blankets to hundreds of hungry and cold families who are facing a bleak winter ahead?"

He challenged the unions to dip their hands into their coffers and come to the relief of Ciskei, as the South African Government had done by providing R7 million in drought relief.

He called on the unions to acquaint themselves with the factual

position instead of "endeavouring to increase their popularity among the undisciplined workers."



CHIEF MAQOMA

In an interview, Chief Maqoma said the Ciskei Government spent large sums of money in training workers and organising jobs for them in South Africa. It therefore had a duty to both employers and employees in ensuring that contracts entered into were met and adhered to on both sides.

"We have to ensure also that the expenditure we make pays dividends and this can happen only if the quality of the worker who leaves Ciskei is such that he does well enough to make employers keen to get others from us," he said.

● In the Ciskei National Assembly, President Lennox Sebe hit out at the Johannesburg newspaper, City Press, for its story on "Sebe's Army Prison."

He accused it of distorting what the Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief Lent Maqoma, had said about Ciskei workers who absconded from their contract work. He said the newspaper was "notorious and shabby"

— DDR.

## Dimbaza bull is a terror — Xaba

BISHO — A bull at Dimbaza township was terrorising residents, the Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba, said in the Assembly yesterday during the discussion of the Internal Affairs policy speech.

Blaming the Department of Internal Affairs for not impounding livestock kept in the townships after several warnings, he said there was a bull in the township that chased people.

Despite the warning there were goats, bulls, cattle — let along pigs — at Dimbaza.

He said one day he left his gate open by mistake and later found goats in his yard. This was very bad. Some residents had revolvers and could shoot the stray animals but they were looking to the department for help.

Mr W. F. Ximiya said anybody who wished to keep livestock should go to the reserves. People who kept livestock should be endorsed out of the towns or townships.

Mr Ximiya also said MPs staying in urban areas were in an invidious position regarding books of life. Ordinary reference books were endorsed for people living in urban areas entitling them to work and accommodation there. If there was no provision in the books of life for this it was going to make things difficult for urban dwellers, he said.

Mr Xaba told the Assembly that although he had a Ciskei book of life he was refusing to part with his green-covered South African reference book. The green cover protected him from being molested in South Africa for pass laws and other inconveniences.

Even in Pretoria when roadblock police saw the green covered-reference book they would let one pass without looking inside it.

"I retain the reference book for the sake of returning to the Republic of South Africa because I do not want to be molested when I go there," he said.

"That is why when we negotiated with the South African Government we wanted dual citizenship. I would not like to lose my rights in the Republic of South Africa," he said. — DDR.

## Few seconded officials in Internal Affairs

BISHO — Of the 842 posts in his department, only four were filled by seconded officials, the Minister of Internal Affairs and Land Tenure, Mr B. L. Williams, told the Assembly yesterday.

Another official had been temporarily seconded for six months for the training in fingerprint reading and classification.

Mr Williams added that a municipal official with many years experience had been appointed to train municipal officials in the various functions of municipal work such as town clerks, town treasurers and so on.

When towns like Peddie, Whittlesea, Keiskamma-hoek were taken over from South Africa the experienced staff had left. To prevent complete breakdown in municipal services his department had found it necessary to appoint this official on a temporary contract basis. A ray of light was the fact that one Ciskeian had qualified and had passed all his examinations, obtaining a distinction in one of them. He had also been made an associate of the Institute of Commerce of South Africa and had been seconded to the municipality of Alice as town clerk.

Mr Williams further announced that the account procedures in the townships were in the process of being revised and updated. It was intended to computerise all the accounts which would result in a far more efficient service to the public.

The writing up of individual cards, incorrect crediting, issuing of handwritten receipts and so on would be dispensed with. In fact no physical records would be kept at the superintendent's offices.

"The theft of government monies will also be largely eliminated as better control can be exercised," he said.

"This project cannot be implemented overnight but within this financial year it is expected to commence the system at Mdantsane. Eventually it is anticipated that all townships will be linked to one computer situated at head office." — DDC.

## Arrears: MPs call for firm line on eviction

BISHO — The importance of paying rental by township residents was stressed in the Assembly here yesterday during the debate on the Internal Affairs budget vote.

Some MPs suggested the eviction of people who were in arrears with their house rentals. Rentals were essential for the provision of more accommodation, and other township facilities.

Chief S. M. Hebe, said rent defaulters should leave the townships and go and stay in rural villages where chiefs would provide them with sites. He accused certain residents of running to higher persons than the Minister of Internal Affairs when evicted for failure to pay rentals, shielded by the fact that they were party members.

Houses should be allocated according to the waiting list and there should be no preference given to friends.

Mr W. F. Ximiya said the problem of rent arrears would never be solved unless people

tive of their incomes. Government houses should be allocated to the lower income group and the upper income group should be forced to build their own homes.

He called on the minister to check on the deeds of grant to see if they were the same as those used by the South African Government that had clauses prohibiting owners from selling to people other than Ciskeians.

Mr Mali urged the minister to see that electricity meters were read monthly.

"Why provide a meter reader with a car and a driver. Why not support our industries by buying bicycles at Dimbaza and let the meter reader use them?"

He warned the department to ensure that towns handed over to Ciskei should be kept clean and to try to maintain good standards of cleanliness.

The use of bicycles for reading meters was supported by the Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba.



MR MALI

were evicted from their houses. If the department was strict on eviction there would be no rent arrears.

Mr Ray Mali sympathised with the minister because he had inherited the housing backlog. There could be no solution to the problem as long as he allowed people to stay in government houses irrespec-

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D. Dispatel

25/5/83

EVERY CANDIDATE MUST enter in

Now more than ever the people of Duncan Village are prepared to defend the one thing that is rightly theirs — their homes

For 21 years the villagers have been a nowhere people, living in a corrugated limbo in an area which has, for more than a century, been their home. They have watched in fear since 1962, as their neighbours were evicted and carted off to a strange, new place far from town, and their work

They have seen their neighbours return to live in cardboard boxes for five days of every week because their new homes were too far from their work and transport too expensive

And they have waited . . . waited for the day their "Final Notice" from the administration board arrives, and they're sent packing, to join those thousands before them.

These people no longer think of themselves as Transkeian or Ciskeian. They are simply "East Londoners", or "Duncantes". And politics is as far removed from their make-up as this new place Ciskei, which they might soon have to call their country. A country whose leaders know the desperate need to house its own existing residents before even thinking of the new "resettled"

# The Village of hope, and courage

Early this year the Deputy Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr George Morrison, stated that since 1963 88 000 Duncan Villagers had been moved to Mdantsane and the government would push ahead with removals. Despite an announcement by the Ciskei Government in May that Ciskei would not accept any more blacks from South Africa, Dr Morrison again stated that the South African Government was committed to the resettlement of Duncan Village residents.

Features Editor **SARAH CROWE** spoke to some of the residents. **LESLIE XINWA** took the pictures.

In the past two weeks, Duncan Villagers' future has hinged on newspaper headlines like "Removals to Mdantsane suspended - Xaba", and "Duncan Village moves will continue says South Africa".

They have always been uncertain about tomorrow, small and their furniture nothing but stuffed bags of plastic.

But now there's a bright new brand of thinking and you can see it everywhere — from the squalid shacks to the stately homes of doctors and lawyers. So it's going to take a lot more than a government decision to

"I think they will have to remove me bodily from my house, says Dr Olivia Bikitsha

"My children and my husband (Dr R. H. Mahlangeni) feel so awful and so sad about this. We just cannot believe that human beings can do this to other humans

Dr Mahlangeni was forced to move to Duncan Village in the early 40s and bought a house there. But in 1962 he was told that he would eventually be moved to Mdantsane so he sold the house.

"Since then we have been living in a rented house. There is so much I would like to do to this place, but what is the point if we are still being told that we are going?"

"Some people have been moved so many times now and they just can't make the move again. We are all getting older and the living conditions are hard there, we hear all about it

"It makes us so angry," said Dr Bikitsha.

Has she lost hope?

"No. We are tired of these people playing chess with us. I don't know how anybody can seriously do this, and when I kneel down at night, I say 'My God, this can't really happen'. No we won't let them move us."

Etched above the outline of the tin shanties in Ndenge Street is a strangely proud-looking building with an equally



No one can make laws about love," said this nameless sage from Pefferville.

elder sister who is suffering from mental illness. She won't be able to take the move.

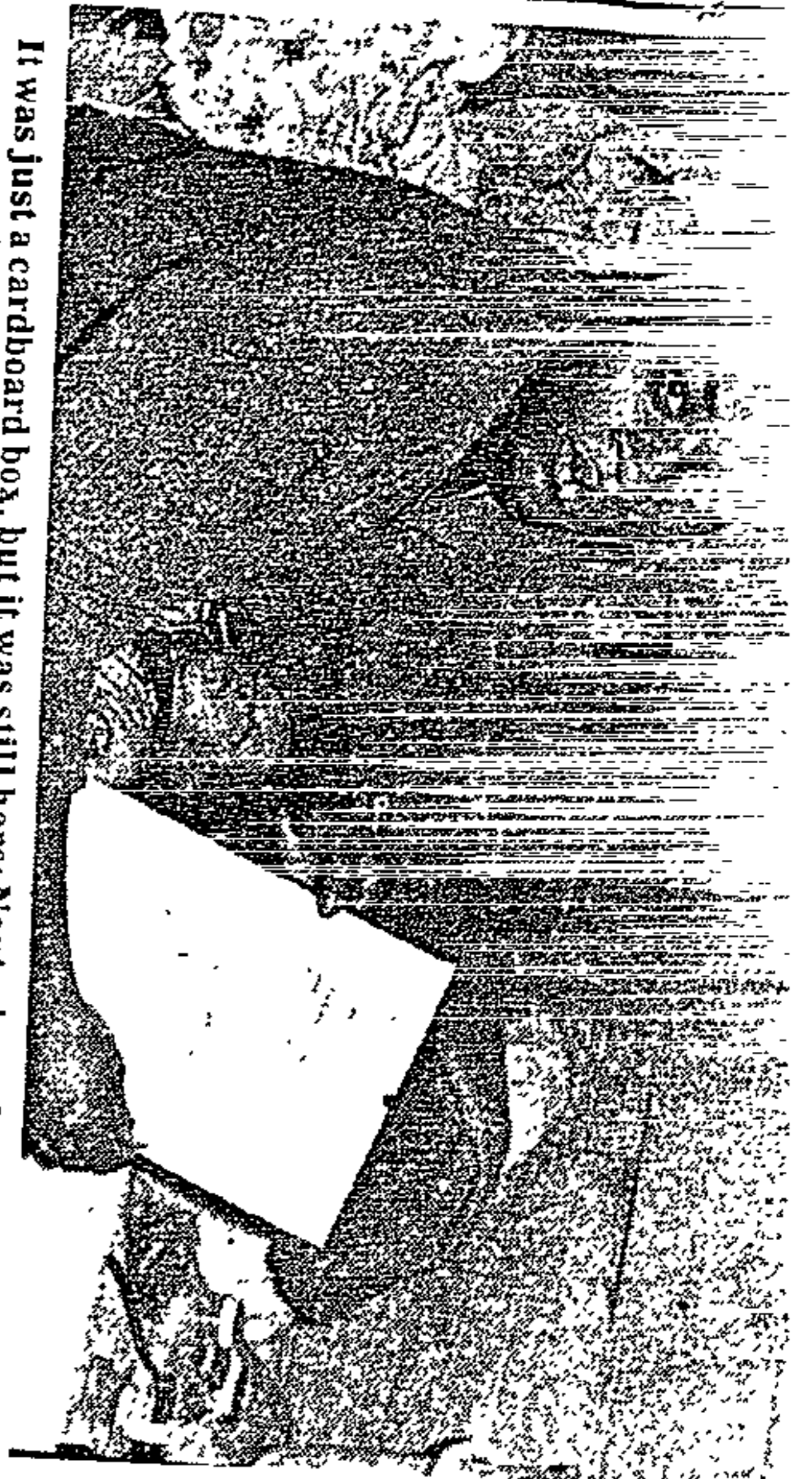
"We are scared for tomorrow. Everybody here . . . they don't want to go, because this is their home. But we will stay to the end."

For the Bottoman family the pending move to Mdantsane is a vital issue, and one on which they and their friends are united. They have already suf-

will take whatever's given, even if it's only crumbs.

"We have lived here (in various shacks) for about five years, thinking always that one day they would send us to a house in Mdantsane. But now we have heard that we do not qualify to be sent there, so we don't know where to go," said Nokwaka Makabane, who had received a final notice from the administration board to remove her shack.

It was just a cardboard box, but it was still hers: Nontsebuza Gqithani and her three-day-old baby. Here she holds up "final notice."



"...they happen. No we won't let them move us."

Etched above the outline of the tin shanties in Ndende Street is a strangely proud-looking building with an equally grand name — Kwa Palamente (at the place of the parliament). In the doorway stands the portly figure of the owner, Cleopatra Mangu.

She has the air of a woman with great dignity, a grand dame. But it is the kind of dignity that could be crushed and taken away.

Her humble home stands as proof of her pride. Her two-roomed dwelling, barely big enough to swing a cat, is a decorator's dream. The hardboard walls and ceilings are covered in perfectly matching sweet stickers, and paintings and photographs adorn the walls. Space is used to the utmost: mattresses are neatly hidden under beds and couches.

"In February the administration board told me they would reimburse me for my store and the building — but that won't even be enough to make a home in Mdantsane.

"I also have to think of my children, and my

stay to the end."

For the Bottoman family the pending move to Mdantsane is a vital issue, and one on which they and their friends are united.

They have already suffered the hardships of forced removal when, in 1963, they were moved along with hundreds of others from Maclean town to Duncan Village. And there's no way they'll go through that again.

"We were told then that we would not be moved again," explained Sister T. Bottoman, who works at East London's Friere Hospital. "And we will not be moved."

"There are prominent people here who are old residents of East London and they, like us, are prepared to fight. We have been nursing fears for a long time, but now we have hope."

It is only the pathetic souls living on top of each other who will not speak up. In every one of the many shacks there's a smiling face, but their eyes betray their feelings. There, fear rules their lives.

They, who have nothing to lose but a few sheets of corrugated iron, are the ones who

During the Mdantsane. But now we have heard that we do not qualify to be sent there, so we don't know where to go," said Nokwasha Nakabane, who had received a final notice from the administration board to remove her shack.



"The time has come to fight . . . but not with arms" said the chairman of the Duncan Village Community Council, Mr D. D. Makatola.

Like the nearby Gqithani family, with their five-day-old baby, they had been given ten days to demolish their "illegal" structure — a period of grace which expired this week.

But they too have nowhere to go.

Everywhere there are philosophers but none was more profound and poignant than the grizzled sage from neighbouring Pefferville.

"You know, nonna, I am coloured," he said, finger poised in the air for effect. "I have loved these people for many a year, but now they are trying to split us up."

"But you cannot legislate for love. You can't make laws for love, you know that, nonna? And we coloured, we

## Home . . . for now



His sentiments were echoed throughout the township:

Mr Makatola

West Bank We were here long before even Van Riebeeck and then all of a sudden (in 1962) we were told, without being consulted that we were all going to Mdantsane. We didn't know who it belonged to or what it was going to become.

"We all agree that Ndende Street (the shack area) should be cleaned up and the people rehoused, but nobody wants to move. And we will NOT be moved,"

Ndende Street (the shack area) should be cleaned up and the people rehoused, but nobody wants to move. And we will NOT be moved," said Mr Makatala.

His sentiments were echoed throughout the township:

"In February the administration board told me they would reimburse me for my store and the building — but that won't even be enough to make a home in Mdantsane.

"I also have to think of my children, and my

own future who will not speak up. In every one of the many shacks there's a smiling face, but their eyes betray their feelings. There, fear rules their lives.

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man of the Duncan Village Community Council, Mr D. D. Makatala.

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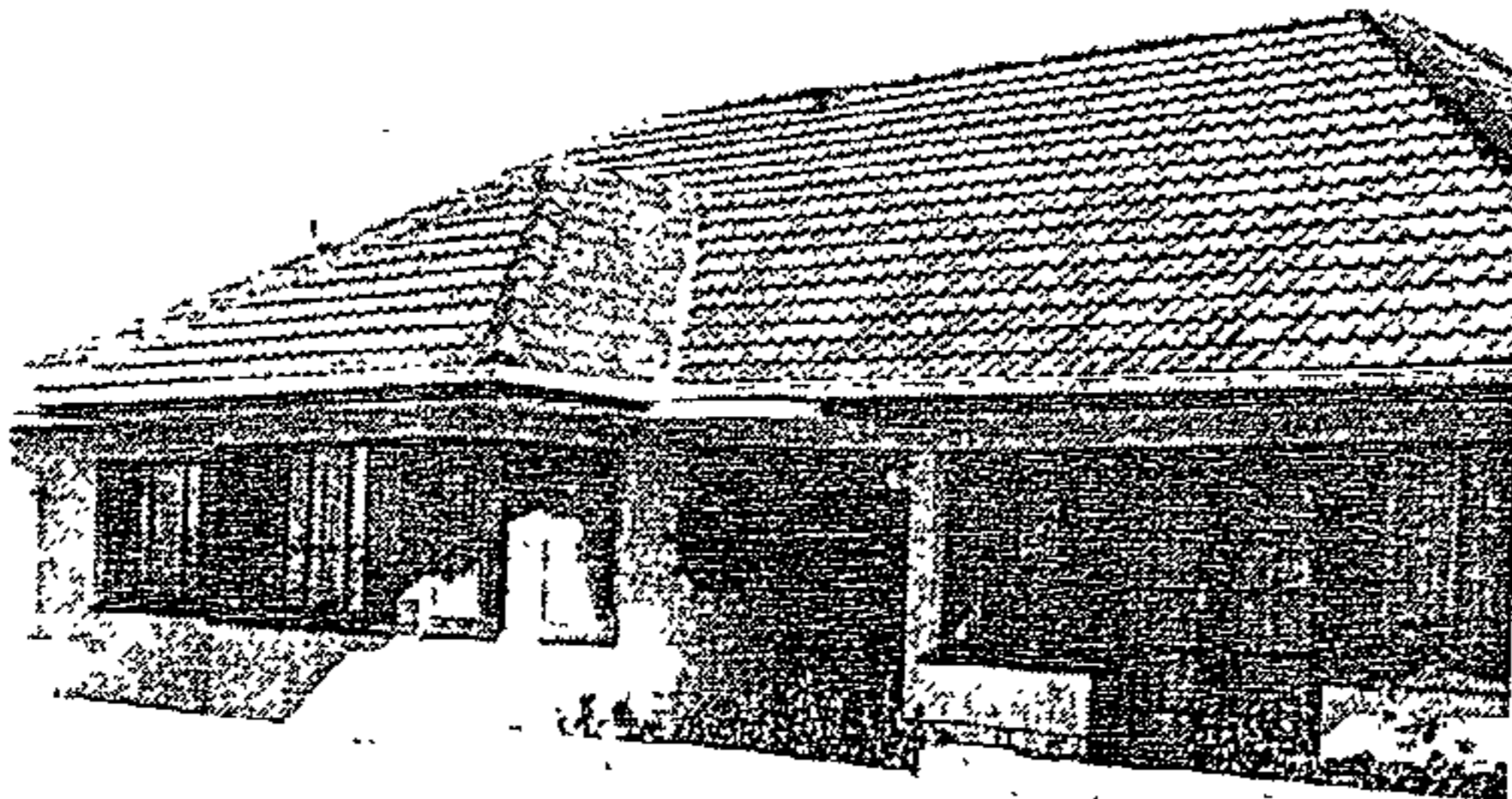
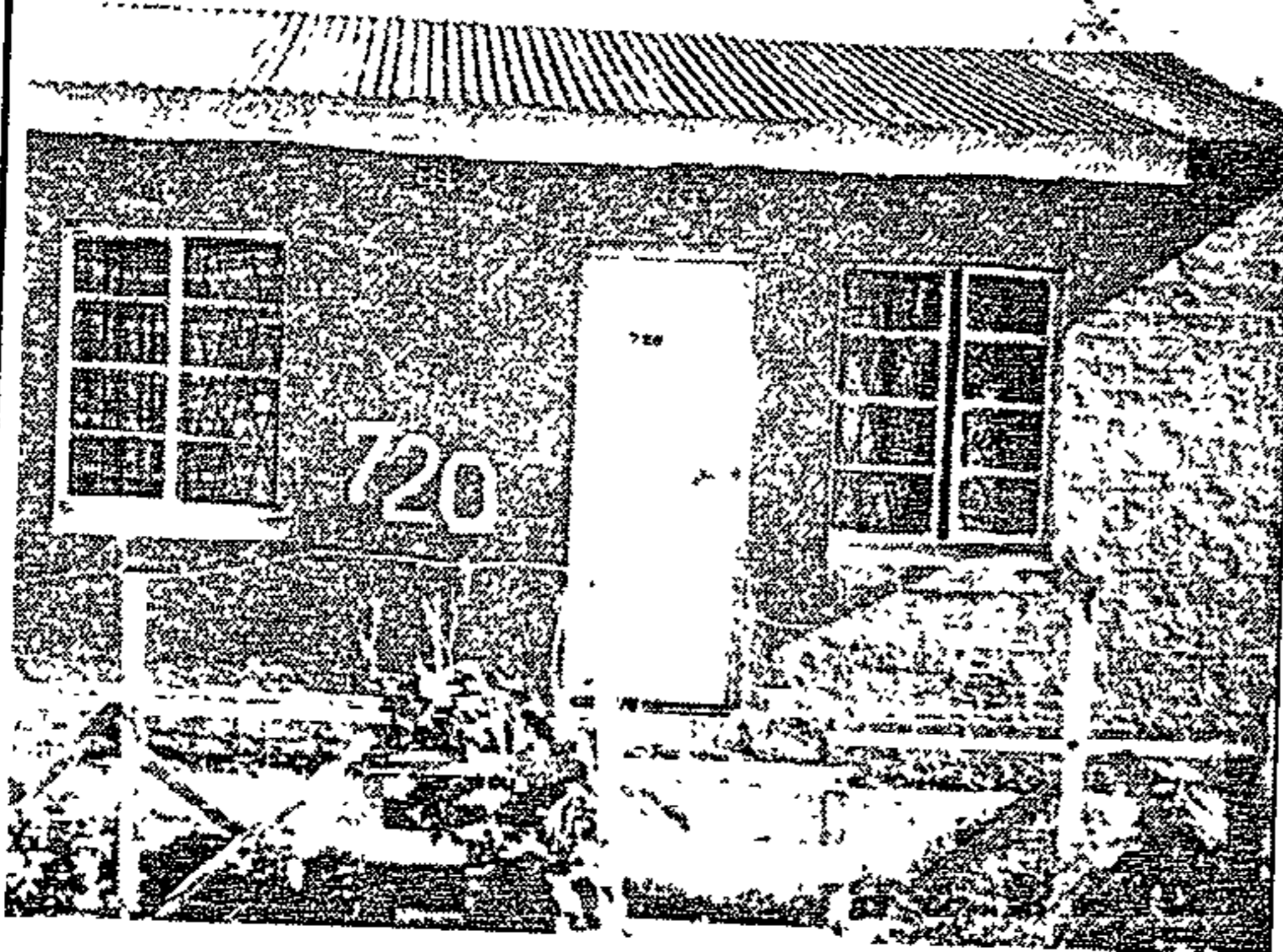
"But you cannot legislate for love. You can't make laws for love, you know that, nonna? And we coloured, we Afrikaners, we love these people and we don't want them to go. Laws can't divide love."

It is he who will cry for his lost love, but many more will cry for their lost history in the dust that will remain after Duncan Village disappears.

## Home . . . for now



The three faces of Duncan Village (above a typical shack, (below) a four-roomed house and, (bottom) a doctor's home. All the householders face removal.



**THE LIMNANDI NGENDABA**  
PROP. G. N. MANGGU



Her very pride and joy: Cleopatra Mangcu of Ndende Street, Duncan Village.

# Court told <sup>0 as patient</sup> ex-detainee <sup>2 3/5/83</sup> had epileptic fit <sup>105</sup>

ZWELITSHA — A former detainee who was at one time held as a potential state witness in the trial in which four Mdantsane men are appearing on Terrorism Act charges in the Ciskei Supreme Court here, alleged he had been assaulted by South African security police in Cambridge, East London until he had an epileptic fit.

Mr Siseko Vanyaza, 25, of Zone Nine, Mdantsane, made the allegation when he gave evidence in a trial within a trial to determine the admissibility of alleged confessions made by three of the four men — Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Bizette Dumisani Maninjwa, 31, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23. The alleged confessions were made to magistrates in 1981.

The three men and Mr Jeffrey Bayi Keye, 52, are appearing before the Ciskei Chief Justice Mr Justice J. de Wet on charges of being members of the banned ANC, participating in terrorist activities, recruiting others for military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

They have pleaded not guilty to all the charges.

Giving evidence in the trial within a trial yesterday, Mr Vanyaza said he was arrested at the Mdantsane Post Office on August 20, 1981.

While held at Cambridge he was slapped

on the face by Captain Charles van Wyk, instructed to undress down to his vest and trousers, had a wet bag pulled over his face, making it hard for him to breathe, and throttled

Later he was hit with fists and while his head was covered with the wet bag he felt shock on his nipples as if it were an electric shock.

He was handcuffed to a chair with his arms behind him so that he could not move and whenever he fell down he was hit on his shoulders with a stick

Mr Vanyaza said the ill-treatment went on for two weeks and it stopped when he had an epileptic fit. After that he was attended to by a district surgeon, Dr Basil Wingreen to whom he reported the assault.

He said that when he reported the assault to a magistrate, the magistrate had told him he had not come to hear the type of complaints he had raised. He said the magistrate had told him all he wanted to know was in connection with their stay in detention and the type of food provided for them.

Under cross-examination Mr Vanyaza said Dr Wingreen had shown interest on marks and burns on his body and limbs.

Two other witnesses — also former potential state witnesses in the trial — Mr Monwabisi Nelson Mgiijima, 25, and Mr Oria Zwelhyaduma

Ndingaye, 28, both of Mdantsane, told stories of assault, torture, and being suspended between two tables by a stick between handcuffed arms and legs.

Mr Mgiijima said he was ill-treated on the day he was arrested, but Mr Ndingaye said assaults and torture went on for two weeks.

A security policeman at Cambridge, Sergeant Stoffel Johannes Els, said he was in the team that interrogated the president of the South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu), Mr Thozamile Gqweta, who earlier gave evidence that he had been assaulted and had been interrogated by Captain Van Wyk.

Sergeant Els also denied Mr Gqweta had been interrogated by Mr Robey Keth and a Mr Elsdon. The only men in the team had been him, W/O Els, W/O Fourie and Lieutenant Schooling.

Under cross-examination Sergeant Els said he had started his interrogation on June 27 by asking Mr Gqweta about a trip he had made to Swaziland where he had made contact with ANC people.

Mr Gqweta had denied going to Swaziland but admitted this when he was confronted with an air ticket bearing his name, this had been found among documents taken at his place when he was detained.

The hearing continues today. — DDR.

Assault

caused

fits, says

witness

Star 25/5/83

ZWELITSHA — A State witness in a terrorism trial was assaulted by the Security Police until he fell down and developed epileptic fits, the Ciskei Supreme Court here heard yesterday.

Mr Siseko Vanyaza (25), of Mdantsane, told the court he was detained on August 1981 as a potential State witness.

He said he was taken to Cambridge police station where he was tortured.

"I was instructed to strip naked, a wet canvas bag was pulled over my head and I was throttled until I fell down," he said. "Cold water was poured over my body while I was lying down."

Mr Vanyaza was giving evidence as a defence witness in a trial within a trial to determine the admissibility of confessions allegedly made by the accused.

Appearing before Mr Justice D S de Wet are Mr William Dunu (31), Mr Dumnisani Maninjwa (31), Mr Bayi Keye (52) and Mr Luyanda Mayekiso (23), all of Mdantsane. They have pleaded not guilty.

They are charged with engaging in terrorist activities, being members of the banned ANC, recruiting people to undergo military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

Mr Vanyaza said that on the day he was tortured an East London district surgeon, Dr B Wingreem, had tried to revive him.

During his detention, he said, he had lodged a complaint with a Ciskei magistrate who had told him he was concerned about his presence in the cell and the type of food he was getting.

It was also alleged that Mr Monwabisi Mgiijima (25), of Mdantsane, and Mr Orié Ndingaye (31) were assaulted by the Security Police. — Sapa.



**MYSTERY** surrounds the whereabouts of the two top Johannesburg trade unionists who were detained and later reported to have been released by the Ciskei Security Forces in Mdantsane, near East London during the weekend.

The men are the general secretary and national organiser of the General and Allied Workers' Union, Mr Sidney Mafumadi and Mr Monde Mditshwa. The Chief of the Ciskei Security Forces, Lt Gen Charles Sebe, confirmed on Tuesday the detention of the two men. He said they were held for questioning.

"They had gone home by Monday," Gen Sebe said. He however declined to state exactly when the men had been released.

The two unionists were detained on Friday night and their car was kept at the Mdantsane Police Station.

A puzzled Mr Samson Ndou, president of Gawu told The SOWETAN yesterday he was unaware that the two men had been released.

"They would surely have contacted our head office as they were released from detention," he said.

He said the men knew that they had some important work to do in Johannesburg. "I fail to believe that the men have been released," he said.

He has contacted the offices of the South African Allied Workers' Union in East London but nothing was forthcoming. The Press Officer of Saawu, Mr Yure Mdyogolo told The SOWETAN yesterday afternoon they have not seen the two men. "We

believe the men are still in detention. The only thing we got from the Mdantsane Police was that we should fetch their car."

Late yesterday Mr Ndou said the Saawu officials in East London could not find the car key. Mr Mafumadi and five members of Saawu including the president, Mr Thozamile Gqwe-

tha, were held in detention for two weeks in March this year. They were released when the Attorney-General of the Ciskei, Mr Jurie Jurgens, declined to prosecute them.

The detention of the two men was strongly condemned by other trade union leaders who called for their immediate release.

# Detained Unionists So missing

Sowetan 20/5/83

105  
20/5/83

# No Xaba High for Ciskei <sup>city</sup>

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29/5/83

press

EAST LONDON - Plans to name Ciskeian schools after government leaders have met with howls of protest from students.

Two high schools have rejected attempts to name their school after the homeland's vice-president, the Reverend Willie Xaba.

Pupils at Zwelitsha's Thembalanbantu secondary school told their principal they would not "suffer under Xaba's name", according to one student.

Nompendulu secondary also protested against the idea.

The homeland's Director of Education, Mr D V Tom, could not be contacted for comment.

# Flying High

105

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City Press  
29/5/83

## **Sebe buys R3-m private jet but his runway is too short**

CP Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe, has bought himself a seven-seater jet, believed to cost in the region of R3-million.

The Westwind passenger jet was bought from the Israeli government for an undisclosed sum.

But it can't land at the Ciskei government's airport at Bisho, because the runway is too short.

While President Sebe is travelling in luxury, thousands of Ciskeians are suffering from the drought, unemployment and retrenchment.

### **Harvest failed totally**

Last week it was disclosed that the Ciskeian harvests have failed almost totally, with less than 10 percent of the farmers having any crop.

Azapo publicity secretary, Ishmael Mkhabela said: "No leader worth his salt can afford luxury and affluence when his own followers are completely dispossessed and made alien in their own country."

SOWETAN 30/5/83

# Cops release union men

By MONO BADELA

TWO top officials of the General and Allied Workers' Union, who were detained by the Ciskei Security Police last weekend, were released late on Wednesday.

The men, Mr Sidney Mafumandi, the general secretary, and Mr Monde Mditshwa, the national organiser, were detained by the Ciskei Security Police last Friday night in Mdantsane near East London.

The chief of the Ciskei Intelligence Service, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, said last Tuesday that the men had been detained for

questioning and added that they had been released on Monday.

Puzzled trade unionists, especially officials of the South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawa) in East London, were worried, especially after they had been approached by the police in Mdantsane to remove the car from the police station. The car had been confiscated by the Ciskei Police.

According to informed sources in East London, the two men were released early on Wednesday night and were on their way to Johannesburg.

## Ciskei and Transkei resist SA's repatriation efforts

# Battle lines drawn over dumping of thousands

Star 30/5/83

205

215

105

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By Anthony Duigan

South Africa is locked in battle with Transkei and Ciskei over attempts to push thousands of blacks into the two states when unemployment in these areas is a major crisis.

Earlier this month the Ciskei Government refused to allow South Africa to move more people into the territory until further notice, effectively stopping the controversial removal of blacks from East London's Duncan Village.

The Rev Willie Xaba, Ciskei's Vice-President, said South Africa had been told to stop moving people into Ciskei until the housing shortage in Mdantsane (the largest township inside the territory) had been sorted out.

Thousands of people are presently waiting, without jobs or services, to be moved into Ciskei, which has been resisting the resettlement until better arrangements are made to set up housing and services for them, a Ciskei spokesman told The Star.

In Transkei officials have reacted angrily to attempts by the South African Government to tie the repatriation of Western Cape squatters to an employment project designed to give work to some of the 200 000 unemployed in the territory.

The dispute between South Africa and Transkei broke out in January when the South African Government made it clear that a special South African-funded employment project for 4 000 jobless Transkeians was to include 1 000 Western Cape squatters.

According to Transkei officials, the Special Employment Action Project (SEAP) was originally envisaged as a scheme to offer short-term employment to 7 500 jobless inside the territory. However South African aid was trimmed to provide funds for only 4 000 jobs.

### Repatriation

"Repatriation of so-called Transkei squatters was not part of the initial discussions with the RSA and if this is how the South African Government wants to play things, I feel the R3 million which the scheme will cost this year would be better used on one of 100 other projects we have on the planning boards," a senior Transkei official said.

Mr Deon Richter, chief development adviser of the South African Department of Foreign Affairs, said the outflow of people from Transkei was a symptom of the unemployment situation in the area and the SEAP was a chance to make provision for the Western Cape squatters as well as those inside Transkei.

"The fact is that South Africa is faced with people being in the RSA on an illegal basis. We want to handle this in co-operation with our neighbours," he said.

About 2 500 people — all from inside Transkei — are already employed by the SEAP and discussions between the two governments over the repatriation issue are continuing.

● See Page 7 of the World section.

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# **Detained man not returned home**

D. D. MATZ  
3/5/74

EAST LONDON — Mr Xola Mali, 28, of Ntselamanzi, Alice, had not returned home since being taken away by Ciskei Central Intelligence Services officers last Thursday, his brother, Mr M. Mali, said yesterday

Mr Mali said the men were led by the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and a Major Marele

General Sebe was not available for comment yesterday. — DDR

# PM reminds free world of SA's significance

**KLERKSDORP** — The Prime Minister, Mr P W. Botha, yesterday warned the free world not to underestimate South Africa's role in its continued existence.

Speaking at Republic Day festivities here, Mr Botha said South Africa was important militarily, economically and strategically.

"South Africa has been an important and positive factor since it came into existence in 1910, and since it became a republic 22 years ago

"It has been a guiding light of economic power not only for the free world, but also for its

neighbours," Mr Botha said.

After the festivities, he was granted honorary citizenship of Klerksdorp, the first Prime Minister to receive the honour.

His wife, Mrs Elize Botha, was the guest speaker at a meeting of prominent women of the town.

The President of Ciskei, Chief L. L. Sebe sent a message of congratulations to the South African State President, Mr Marais Viljoen, on Republic Day, saying he hoped the happy relations between the two countries would con-

tinue to flourish.

A spokesman for Chief Sebe said the message had read: "I have the honour to convey to your excellency on my own behalf and on behalf of the government and the people of the Republic of Ciskei warm congratulations and sincere good wishes on the occasion of the celebration of the national day of the Republic of South Africa.

"May the friendly relations so happily subsisting between our two countries continue to flourish to the mutual benefit of all our peoples," the message said. — SAPA



South Africa's ambassador to Ciskei, Mr M. Botha, right, was the host at a reception in King William's Town to mark Republic Day. With him is President Lennox Sebe, of Ciskei, who proposed a toast to the South African State President.

D. DISPARZA 1/6/83

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# Call for SA to retain Ft Hare

UMTATA — The MP for Umtata, Mr Mike Mazwana, has given notice of a motion in the National Assembly to request the South African Government not to hand over the University of Fort Hare to the Ciskeian Government.

Mr Mazwana said yesterday in view of South Africa's determination to go ahead



Mr Mazwana

with handover, Pretoria must be respectfully asked to retain Fort Hare as an independent university under the control of the Department of National Education, as well as ownership of the buildings.

He asked that South Africa be requested to adhere to a unanimous motion passed in the Transkeian National Assembly on Fort Hare ownership. — DDR.

# Biker dies in crash

EAST LONDON — An unidentified man died in a motor cycle crash on the Douglas Smit highway on Sunday.

Other details were not available

"We feel that we are developing fast and satisfactorily on our own," he said

"If this had to come we would certainly go to the ratepayers and get their views on it.

"But I must add that we feel ratepayers in Beacon Bay are fortunate to have their town developing at the rate we are going now. There is a terrific demand for development in this town and we are perhaps developing faster than ever before," he said

"absolutely essential" if the city was to go ahead.

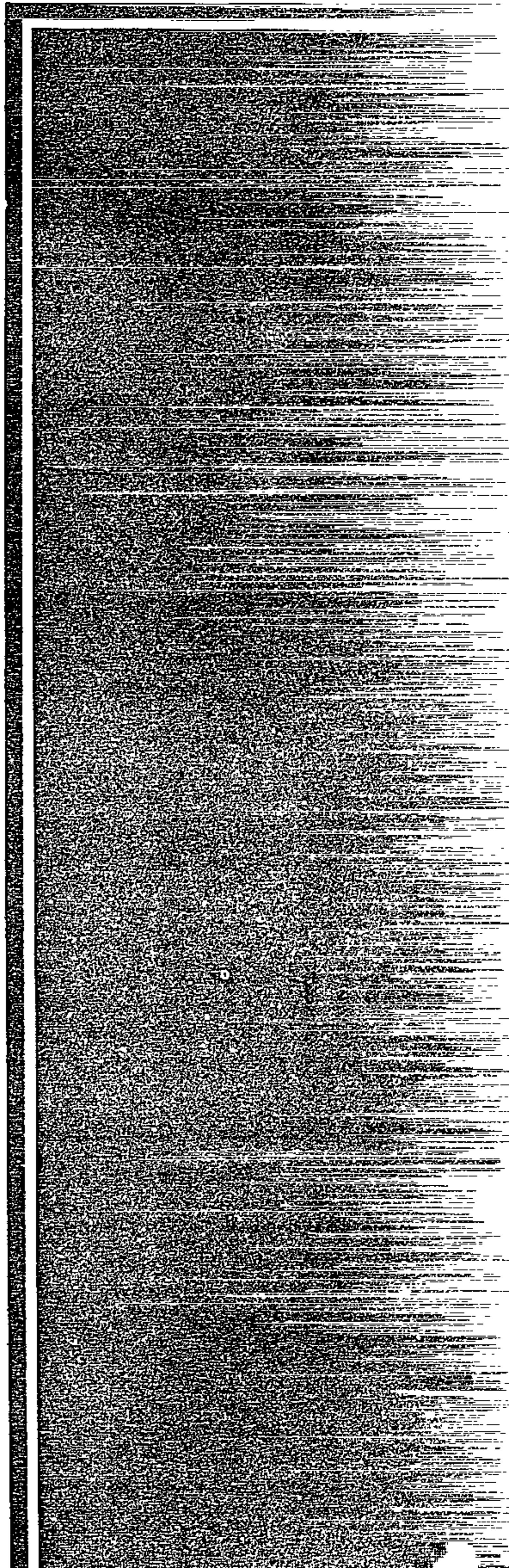
"They will add to inflation but we have got to accept them if we expect the city to go ahead," Mr Allison said

The increases announced were:

- A 5.4 per cent increase in rates income.
- A one and a half per cent increase in the electricity surcharge, from 13.5 to 15 per cent; and
- An increase in the water tariff from 24c to 28c. — DDR

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# Transkei faces massive influx of jobless from SA

By Anthony Duigan

Transkei, facing the possible repatriation of thousands of jobless Transkeians from the Western Cape, may also have to deal with a decrease in the number of jobs available for migrant workers in South Africa.

Projections by Transkei planners indicate that fewer Transkei workers, particularly those just entering the labour market, will be able to find employment in South Africa from now on.

At present half the male workers of Transkei make a living in South Africa, a sharp decline from the 70 percent of the mid-1970s.

At the same time the South African Government is putting pressure on Transkei to take back some of the thousands of Transkeians who have left the territory to look for work in the Western Cape.

There are about 80 000 "illegals" in the Western Cape and most are believed to be from Transkei.

South Africa is presently pushing Transkei to take back 1 000 of these people as part of a special employment programme. Transkei is resisting this because of its own high unemployment rate.

Transkeians make up a quarter of South Africa's total mine labour force and two-thirds of those employed on gold mines.

"Employment in the mining industry is not likely to increase that much over the next couple of decades," said Mr Ralph Clarke, economic adviser to the Transkei Government.

"But migrant labour will have to be a continuing feature of the Transkei economy for decades to come," he added.

The row between South Africa and Transkei over the job-tied repatriation deal started earlier this year when officials of the territory pointed out that, with unemployment at 200 000 — nearly half the labour force left inside Transkei — there was no way they could stop the "leakage" of people to the Western Cape in search of work.



D.I. DISPATCH 2/6/33 (105)

# New Health minister

BISHO — Ciskei's new Minister of Health, Welfare and Pensions, Dr H. C. Beukes, was sworn-in in the National Assembly yesterday.

He takes over from Dr C. H. J. van Aswegen, who retired at the end of May.

He is an ex-officio member of Parliament and the only white cabinet minister.

Announcing his appointment yesterday, President Sebe said Dr Beukes had vast experience, having worked as a doctor in industry, the South African Defence

Force and as a district surgeon.

He had been well received by the caucus and the cabinet ministers had offered him assistance to enable his department to rise not only to what was expected by the House but by the Ciskei nation, he said.

Dr Beukes outlined the policy his department would follow in future.

He said his policy would include, among other things, the continued expansion and extension of the concept of a comprehensive

health service with the emphasis on preventive medicine to be achieved through the process of decentralisation.

The concept of preventive medicine included the provision of safe drinking water, safe sewage disposal, health education, improved nutrition and immunisation programmes.

He said decentralisation included the use of voluntary organisations, lay health workers, health boards, clinic committees and community hospitals. — DDR.

# Terror trial accused collapses in court

D. DISPATCH  
105  
2/6/83  
ZNA

ZWELITSHA — A man appearing with three others on charges including terrorism in the Ciskei Supreme Court here collapsed during the trial yesterday.

Mr Jeffrey Bayi Keye, 52, of Zone Eight, Mdantsane, was rushed to a doctor after he had collapsed soon after 11.30 am.

He was treated and returned to court but was taken to Mount Coke Hospital on the doctor's instructions.

When the court reconvened, Mr Chief Justice De Wet, who is presiding, said the court had had to adjourn when Mr Keye collapsed.

He added he had been seen by a doctor and both the state and defence counsels had seen him in chambers and agreed that since Mr Keye was not involved in the trial-within-a-trial to establish the admissibility of alleged confessions by others in the trial, he would not be prejudiced.

Appearing with Mr Keye are Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Bizette Maninjwa, 31, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23, all of Mdantsane.

All four have pleaded not guilty to being members of the banned ANC, participating in terrorist activities, recruiting others for military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

Giving evidence in the trial-within-a-trial yesterday, Warrant Officer J. Muller of the Security Police at Cambridge, East London, said he was attending a course in Pretoria when Mr Duna was arrested on

June 21, 1981 and only returned to duty on June 29.

He had joined the investigating team on his return but had not taken any part in the interrogation of Mr Duna.

He said Mr Duna was never assaulted, tortured or threatened in any way in his presence.

On September 11, 1981, he had seen Mr Duna and although he could not remember his exact words he had heard Captain Charles van Wyk, the investigating officer, say Mr Duna wanted to be taken to a magistrate to make a statement.

On September 14 he had accompanied Captain Van Wyk and Mr Duna to the magistrate's offices, East London, where Captain Van Wyk instructed one of their staff to remain with Mr Duna while waiting for the magistrate.

He had seen Mr Maninjwa for the first time on August 6 when he returned from an explosion that had occurred at Oxford Square, East London.

The following day they had gone to Butterworth with Mr Maninjwa to look for the residence of Mr Skhumbuzo Majeke. They did not find Mr Majeke but had been promised by a Captain Ngidi, of the Transkei Police, that he would go to arrest the man.

He had learnt later that Captain Ngidi and another policeman had been shot and killed when they went to the house.

W/O Muller said he saw Mr Mayekiso on August 17 in the security police offices at Cambridge. Mr Mayekiso had been there with Ciskei

Central Intelligence Services officers. He denied taking him from Mdantsane to Cambridge where W/O Mayekiso was assaulted.

Under cross-examination, W/O Muller denied the men had been ill-treated in any way. He said he had had no reason to be cross with Mr Maninjwa because he was making his statement freely.

"All I would do was to check with him on certain aspects which were not clear in what he wrote and then I would leave him to write on," he said.

He said it was normal procedure that detainees were handcuffed to a chair when writing out statements in the offices of the security police. This had been the case when they left Mr Duna in an office adjacent to that of the magistrate to whom he was to make a confession.

When asked whether his failure to remember many of the incidents alleged by the men during their detention was contrived, W/O Muller said this was not the case.

He said no member of the police had told the men in his presence that security police had the right to take a person's life as they had done with Steve Biko and that no one would question them because they were the government of the country.

He said that when they left for Butterworth with Mr Maninjwa at 4 am on August 7, 1981, Mr Maninjwa had his first sleep for the night on the way to Butterworth.

The hearing continues today. — DDR.

# SA sowing seeds of disunity — Mazwana

D. DISPATCH 2/6/83

UMTATA — South Africa was sowing seeds of disunity between the two sister Xhosa states by its intention to hand over the University of Fort Hare to Ciskei, the MP for Umtata, Mr Mike Mazwana, said in the National Assembly yesterday.

Piloting his motion for South Africa to retain control of one of Africa's oldest institutions of learning, Mr Mazwana questioned Ciskei's ability to handle the university and called on professionals all over the world to urge South Africa not to go ahead with the hand-over.

Mr Mazwana called for Fort Hare to be controlled by private organisations with a charter from South Africa and asked why the university should subject itself to the "clutches of a small, underdeveloped, self-assertive and staggeringly poor state like Ciskei which was doomed to perpetual economic dependence."

He said Transkei had a legitimate claim to Fort

Hare but in recognition of the claim by various bodies, Transkei had undertaken to build its own university.

"Why does Ciskei not do the same?" he asked

Mr Mazwana said the hand over of the university would prove beyond doubt that South Africa's intentions were never to see a united Xhosa nation and was a perfect demonstration of its vendetta against Fort Hare that had produced leaders who had made the machine of domination by whites in some African states backfire.

Mr Mazwana asked what evidence there was that Ciskei had any material contribution in the maintenance of Fort Hare.

"Is it not proper to consult Transkei, the Anglican Church, the Presbyterian Church, the Church of Scotland and the trustees before South Africa makes its unilateral decision," he asked.

"What an irreparable loss it will be of this

great heritage, a heritage that has taken decades to build to its present captivating perfection and beauty."

Mr Mazwana urged Ciskei not to rush forward to suck blood out of Fort Hare like leeches

He said Transkei must never give up demanding its rightful claim and urged all those who passed through the gates of Fort Hare to preserve the place of learning that had moulded their destinies.

"This is a call to all professionals and academics in Southern Africa and abroad to help us persuade the South African Government to see reason in our call.

"It is a call to all those who have a vision and ambition that one day a member of his family will benefit from the existence and preservation of Fort Hare.

"It is a call to leaders scattered everywhere in Southern Africa to remember their Fort Hare of old. — DDR

HOMELANDS FM 3/6/83  
**Ciskei's commission**

The Ciskei has its fair share of problems. It needs economic development, and that means attracting investment and creating

jobs. There are problems which the Ciskei government hopes its newly appointed Commission of Inquiry into Economic Development will help solve.

Professor Nic Swart, vice-chancellor of Potchefstroom University, has been appointed commission chairman and government has invited eight people from the private sector to accept membership.

Swart tells the *FM* that the following have accepted: Ian Hetherington, MD of the Small Business Advisory Service; the Free Market Foundation's Leon Louw; Nico Ferreira, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Small Business Corporation of the Ciskei; prominent Viljoenskroon farmer Anthony Evans; Tony Hobson, chairman of the Mohair Board; Stellenbosch University's Professor of Regional Planning Danie Page; and G H Claasen, an engineer.

The reply of Barlow's MD Mike Rosholt, or his nominee, is still awaited. Benso chief economist Eddie Schaefer has been appointed commission secretary.

According to Swart: "Most of the research has already been undertaken. There are a number of segmental plans but no overall plan. Our task is not to duplicate research, but to put up a development plan that will be action oriented."

"We will extrapolate from existing research and from people working in the field to formulate a plan. We must try to pull all the existing research together into a comprehensive development plan. Our first meeting will be held next week at Zwelitsha. Here we will determine working procedures."

It is likely that a recent report by Stellenbosch's Page will be used as the basis for planning and formulating guidelines.

According to the chief executive of the Ciskei government's administration division, Theo de Vries, the parameters of the inquiry are: "The submission of a comprehensive economic development plan to the Ciskei government in terms of development potential, development objectives and priority development policies and strategies which take into account the needs and constraints of the Republic of Ciskei."

"Within the plan's framework special attention is to be given to planning to ensure optimum results."

There has been some confusion about the reported appointment of retired Postmaster-General and ex-Soweto planning chief Louis Rive as a one-man commission to advise on economic development in the Ciskei. De Vries says: "Rive is not a one-man commission, but, rather, has consented to submit a report containing his recommendations on labour, housing and difficult aspects like resettlement. This is purely in an informal capacity."

No deadline has been set for the commission but Swart hopes to have his task completed by September.

# Public Works budget is too meagre, says Sebe

**BISHO** — The budget vote for the Department of Public Works was described as too meagre in the National Assembly during the discussion of the Department's policy speech.

President Lennox Sebe called it a salary budget and not a development budget while the Minister of Rural Development, Mr V. H. Mafani, said the budget was meant for buildings only.

President Sebe complimented the department on its achievements despite the constraints of its budget. He said a budget based on people's salaries was "wicked."

With a budget vote for salaries and not development the department could not move in times of crisis. In the current budget vote the wonderful work the department had done during the scourge of diseases by providing purified water had been reversed five years. He asked if the people were expected to keep quiet.

"To be so restricted by the budget so as to be forced to sit down and fold our arms is wicked, and yet we are expected to provide employment and prevent the brain-drain to the cities," he said.

President Sebe said the Ciskei delegation to Cape Town on June 16 should put Ciskei's case strongly. A copy of the department's policy speech would be posted in advance so that the South African officials could digest it.

He challenged any national state that had achieved what the Ciskei Department of Public Works had achieved to come forward.

"Its development will make the difference between a loyal Ciskeian youth and a rebellious Ciskeian youth. To say things will be better next year when the people are hungry now is playing with dynamite.

He said while promises were being made for next year, communist agents were giving the

youths R1 000 now.

The department had created so many jobs and if given more it could provide more and more training.

"This is a shameful state of affairs and cannot be condoned."

Mr Mafani said it was very difficult for the department to manage with a budget that was "too little."

When Ciskei opted for independence it thought growth and development would be provided by the Republic of South Africa.

The department was inheriting problems from the South African government in cases of Dimbaza, Sada and Masincedane where it was typical of them to build houses that did not satisfy the people. He did not want to mention Ntabethemba and Zweledinga where the Republic of South Africa had made unfulfilled promises.

The department could never manage unless it

was given enough money, at least, to build two dams a year.

Mr Mafani said it was clear that whenever there was an area that was going to be released the South African government always looked for the most arid areas for blacks in their land proposals.

"If not so, why is the Thrift Dam not under Ciskei? he asked.

He said the Boundary Commission had changed the boundary in the Ntabethemba area in order to exclude the dam from Ciskei.

The dam was catering for two farms belonging to whites while blacks in that area did not benefit. Representations had been made to the South African Government and nothing has come through.

"If the South African Government cannot hand over Thrift Dam then they should provide enough money to enable Ciskei to build at least two dams a year," he said. — DDR

## How KWT could become Ciskeian

**BISHO** — King William's Town would be handed over to Ciskeians by-passed the town to shop at Bisho, a frontbencher, Chief A. M. Mgalo, said in the Assembly yesterday.

Speaking during the discussion of the Public Works budget vote he said he hoped the by-pass road from Zwelitsha to Bisho could be accelerated.

"It seems King William's Town would be handed over on a platter because if we do not support business in that town it would come to a standstill," he said.

Blacks had a buying power running into millions of rands. The by-pass would contribute greatly to the coffers of Ciskei.

"We would be happy if the construction of this road could be accelerated," he said.

## Jongilanga warns country to save water

**BISHO** — The Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, gave a stern warning to Ciskeians to conserve water.

Speaking during the discussion of his department's budget vote he said nobody knew when it would rain.

He said from the manner in which people were using water, especially in the townships, it was possible there would be no water by spring.

People wasting water might realize the situation when one day they woke up and found no water coming out of their taps.

"We must conserve water," he said.

"The position is serious."

Chief Jongilanga appealed to the people to use the water they had washed up with to flush their toilets so that the water which would otherwise be used for flushing could be used for drinking and washing.

## New bills read

**BISHO** — President Lennox Sebe gave notice in the National Assembly to introduce the three bills. They are the Explosives Bill, Arms and Ammunition Amendment Bill and the Republic of Ciskei Constitution Amendment Bill.

He also read for the first time the Promotion of Tourism Bill and the National Assembly Bill.

The Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, read for the first time the Air Service Control Bill, Civil Aviation Offence Amendment Bill, Carriage by Air Bill and the aviation amendment and Adaptation Bill. — DDR

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# Judge rules out questioning

## Uncertainty regarding Jackie's cage

**EAST LONDON** — The original plans for Jackie the Bear's cage have been scrapped but new plans have not yet been drawn up, the architect responsible for drawing up the plans said yesterday.

"We are not sure what the cage is going to look like yet. We are still negotiating with the contractor to see what the cage is finally going to cost."

"We are working on an oval shape enclosure, but that could change. The plans should be ready in about two weeks," he said.

The prices involved in building the cage would be submitted to the architect early next week, the contractor involved said.

"There have been substantial savings by way of materials donated. We have to establish what is being donated and then subtract the total from the prices," he said.

Meanwhile Mr Donald

**ZWELITSHA** — The terrorism trial in the Ciskei Supreme Court here was adjourned yesterday after the Chief Justice, Mr Justice D. S. de Wet, ruled that the defence advocate, Mr M. T. Moerane, should not ask a witness questions that were not relevant to the trial-within-a-trial being conducted.

Mr Moerane was cross-examining Warrant Officer, A. D. Elsdon of the Security Police in Cambridge, East London, on his service in the police force and his attitude to terrorism.

After an argument on whether the cross-examination was relevant to the issue to be decided, Mr Moerane asked for an adjournment. He said: "I do not feel mentally in a condition to continue at this stage."

Mr De Wet said the court would take the tea adjournment.

When the court reconvened, Mr Moerane asked for the matter to stand down to give him time to reconsider his

position as defence counsel in the trial and to contact the chairman of his bar council in Natal to discuss his predicament.

The trial was then adjourned to 2 pm but before the court reconvened both the State and the defence counsel were informed by the court clerk that the matter had been postponed to 9 am today on the judge's instructions.

Four Mdantsane men — Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Bizette Maninwa, Mr Jeffrey Bayi Keye, 52, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23, have pleaded not guilty to being members of the banned ANC, participating in terrorist activities, recruiting others for military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

The trial-within-a-trial involves the admissibility of confessions allegedly made by Mr Duna, Mr Maninwa and Mr Mayekiso to magistrates while they were in detention in 1981.

The defence alleges that the confessions were obtained as a result of torture and assault on the men while the state holds that the statements resulting in the confessions were made freely and voluntarily.

Mr Keye, who collapsed in court and had to be admitted to hospital at Mount Coke on Wednesday, was not in court yesterday but is not involved in the trial-within-a-trial.

Giving evidence yesterday, Warrant Officer D. R. Naude of the Security Police in East London said he assisted only during the early stages of investigation in the case. He said Mr Duna and Mr Maninwa had not been assaulted in his presence and he denied plucking Mr Duna's beard.

Warrant Officer Elsdon said he was in charge of the interrogating team in the case. Under cross-

examination he said he had joined the police in East London in 1973 and worked at Cathcart, Rhodesian border, Umlata, Ovambo and East London.

When Mr Moerane questioned him on his border activities Mr De Wet asked if the cross-examination was relevant to the trial-within-a-trial.


"I am not going to allow this interminable questioning which is no relevant the judge said.

"What has his border duties got to do with this case I am not going to allow this."

Mr Moerane said W/O Elsdon's border duties and dealing with terrorists were part of the basis for his attitude towards people charged with "so-called terrorism."

Judge: "My ruling is that his experience outside East London is irrelevant I am not going to have you ask any further questions outside this."

**SOME LIKE IT HOT**



Pyral's Hot Sauce

# If your mother thinks your music is warped

# TDV



36(83) DISPATCH

## Ciskei slams MP's bid for Fort Hare

ZWELITSHA — The public relations section of the Department of Foreign Affairs has reacted to a Transkei MP's call to South Africa to retain control of the University of Fort Hare, instead of handing it to Ciskei

In a press release it said statements by Mr Mike Mazwana in the Transkei Assembly were "full of fabrication and devoid of any logic" and should be treated with the "contempt they deserve."

"The ill-informed Mr Mazwana should be

ashamed to reveal his ignorance.

"Let him be advised to go back and read his history books; perhaps he will learn something about boundaries on which he can base a better claim. One would have expected him to base his claim on areas falling within geographical boundaries of Transkei which up to now have not been included in the Transkei Republic."

The statement said Mr Mazwana should have known that Transkei's

acceptance of independence meant the forfeiture of any claim to the university since it fell outside the political boundaries of his country to say the least of the situation of Fort Hare. After Transkei independence there was no option but to resort to the establishment of the University of Transkei.

"Ciskei has clearly stated its rightful claim to Fort Hare which is included in the package for the political boundaries of Ciskei," the statement said. — DDR

~~22~~ D. DISPATCH  
4/6/83 (105)

## Men not tortured — State

ZWELITSHA — A security policeman denied in the Ciskei Supreme Court here yesterday that the conditions under which people held under security legislation were detained gave a chance to all sorts of malpractices.

Warrant Officer A. D. Elsdon, of the East London security police was answering a question from Mr M. T. Moerane, the defending advocate in a trial in which four Mdantsane men are appearing on charges of being members of the banned ANC, participating in terrorist activities, recruiting others for military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Bizette Maninjwa, 31, Mr Jeffrey Bayi Keye, 52, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23, have pleaded not guilty to all the charges.

W/O Elsdon was being cross-examined in a trial-within-a trial to establish the admissibility of alleged confessions made by Mr Duna, Mr Maninjwa and Mr Mayekiso when they were detained in Cambridge, East London and Mdantsane in 1981.

The defence alleges that the statements were made as a result of assaults and torture by the security police while the state holds the statements were made freely and voluntarily.

Under cross-examination W/O Elsdon said the content of questions asked of security detainees was different from that of ordinary suspects but the approach was the same.

Asked whether the conditions under which they were held were different he said they were the same.

Mr Moerane then asked: "Is it not common knowledge that a security suspect is held incommunicado, with no access to a lawyer, family, doctor or religious minister of his choice while an ordinary suspect has all those rights?"

W/O Elsdon. That is correct.

Mr Moerane: More important, the security suspect is held under conditions in which he has no access to a court of law. No judicial officer can order his release.

At this stage the Attorney General of Ciskei, Mr W. F. Jurgens, who is prosecuting, protested that this was outside the issue of the trial-within-a-trial the court was handling.

Mr Chief Justice De Wet ruled that Mr Moerane was working around the issue and this cross-examination was relevant.

## OWEN VANQA in the Ciskei National Assembly

# Sebe supports casino opening

BISHO — The opening of Ciskei's first casino at the Amatola Sun here on June 7 was announced by President Lennox Sebe in the Assembly yesterday.

He said he had been informed that top business people from South Africa would attend and that the hotel had been fully booked until the end of the year.

It would be a good gesture if the MPs and the Ciskeians as a whole could show their full support.

"If we cannot get money from the Republic of South Africa we will not fold our arms and do nothing," he said.

"We will get it somewhere."

South Africa had horse racing, bonus bonds and other money-making ventures and nobody was going to tell Ciskei to wait while people were hungry.

President Sebe hit out at those who opposed the establishment of the casino on grounds that it would lead to moral degeneration.

Ciskei needed no chaperons to look after its girls. They had sucked morality from their mothers' breasts.

Those ministers of religion who opposed the casinos and yet did not

contribute anything towards the crippling drought should better shut up he said. — DDR.

# Granting of land queried

BISHO — Land transactions were a time-consuming process, the Minister of Internal Affairs and Land Tenure, Mr L. B. Williams, said in the Assembly replying to a question by the chief whip, Mr A. A. Hoyana.

Mr Hoyana asked why there was a delay in the granting of sites in Middledrift which had been surveyed long ago.

Outlining problems faced by his department he said the South African Development Trust purchased properties from previous owners and the title deeds were retained in Pretoria. Members of his staff had on several occasions to fetch the title deeds which were ready for

handing over.

The second reason was that in most instances the prices paid by the development trust were severely inflated and, in order to be fair to prospective buyers it was necessary to have the properties independently valued. His department had no valuator on the establishment and relied on private valuers.

Mr Williams said conveyancers must be appointed in order to attend to the transfers.

Certain problems, which had now been clarified, were experienced with obtaining the divisional council and municipal rates clearance certificates. — DDR.

~~(2)~~ D-Dispatch 6/6/83  
105  
**Saawu member  
reported detained**

EAST LONDON — A member of the South African Allied Workers' Union, Mr Nkululeko Wasa, has been detained by the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service, according to friends

He was detained by seven CCIS members after they visited his home last week and ordered him to dig up his garden, the friends said

The Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said he could not confirm or deny Mr Wasa's detention

"I have been away from my office for a few days and will only be able to comment tomorrow (Monday)," he said when contacted at home yesterday — DDR

D. Dispatch 7/6/83 (105)

# CNDC comes under fire for high interest rates

BISHO — The Ciskeian National Development Corporation was attacked in the National Assembly for charging too high interest rates and over-staffing with white personnel.

A frontbencher, Chief S. M. Hebe, said the 10 per cent interest rates charged by the corporation would make it difficult for any nation to make headway. It was high time the corporation was made to know that it had come to uplift and develop Ciskeians.

He said in his experience it was clear the CNDC had come to do business and enrich its coffers instead of helping the people.

Chief Hebe said he was sure only one person out of a hundred succeeded in business ventures after being assisted by the corporation, and they must have

received a loan of only R5 000.

A person who had been given a loan of R40 000, for example, had to pay interest for R40 000 even after he had paid nearly half the amount.

He suggested an interest rate of 4 per cent.

"If the corporation has come to help us, the man at the top, Mr Meisenholl, should step down for a black man," he said.

"The other reason why the CNDC's interest rates are so high is because it has too many white employees and as such has to pay for their salaries."

The Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief Lent Maqoma, said since the corporation was now under the Ciskei Government it should adopt different procedures.

Ciskeians wanted to

develop but did not have enough money.

"The interest rates are too high for the Ciskeians it is trying to help develop," he said.

"Worst of all there is compound interest, why not one simple interest?"

"We would like to know how many Ciskeians have been able to pay back their monies to the corporation, how many have been successful in their business ventures and how many people who have used all their life earnings to try and put up businesses and have failed.

"We have promised people during the referendum that by opting for independence we would make their lives easier and if we cannot they will not see the wisdom of opting for independence."

R e p l y i n g

to the discussions, the Minister of Finance and Economic Development, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, said the difficulty with the CNDC was that it had been controlled all along by the corporation for Economic Development of the Republic of South Africa.

Chief Malefane Promised to try to look into the question of compound interest.

He said he had tried several times to get monthly statements of loans given out and money recovered but to no avail. He now planned to take this matter up with higher authorities.

"The question of white staff was dealt with by the cabinet and I do not know where the matter ended but I will take it up again," said Chief Malefane. — DDR.

# Torture claims denied in court

105  
7/6/83

ZWELITSHA — A security policeman yesterday denied in the Ciskei Supreme Court that he had told a man detained for alleged terrorism that he wanted to see how he could stand up to police torture.

Warrant Officer A. D. Elsdon, of the security police in East London, made the denial when he answered a question from the defence advocate, Mr M. T. Moerane, in a trial-within-a-trial to establish the admissibility of alleged confessions made by four Mdantsane men appearing on charges of being members of the banned ANC, participating in terroristic activities, recruiting others for military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Bizette Maninjwa, 31, Mr Jeffrey Bayi Keye, 52, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23, have pleaded not guilty to all the charges.

W/O Elsdon denied:

- A concerted system of torture, assault, being held incommunicado and other methods were used to induce the three men into confessing.

- Saying that Mr Maninjwa would realise sleeping with a woman was no better than sleeping with a man when he got out of prison.

- He had asked Mr Maninjwa about statements made by other detainees about his activities in the ANC, and said that he would be detained until he gave a statement to the satisfaction of his interrogators.

- Any form of ill-treatment had been used on Mr Maninjwa and Mr Mayekiso.

- Saying that screaming would not help when they were assaulted because nobody would hear.

- That Mr Maninjwa was forced to make a statement to a magistrate and was handcuffed to a chair when he made it. — DDR.

*D. Dipapath 7/6/83*

*(scribble)*

*(scribble)*

*(scribble)*

S A E D R U  
SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS  
U. C. T.

105

6/83

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

FIRST AND SECOND REPORTS

OF THE

SELECT COMMITTEE

ON

**CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT**

*(Printed by order of the House of Assembly)*

[S.C. 7—'83] REPORTS AND PROCEEDINGS.

REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA

EERSTE EN TWEEDE VERSLAE

VAN DIE

GEKOSE KOMITEE

OOR

**SAMEWERKING EN ONTWIKKELING**

*(Op las van die Volksraad gedruk)*

[G.K. 7—'83] VERSLAE EN VERRIGTINGS.

No. of Copies Printed/Getal Eksemplare Gedruk 650

ISBN 0 621 08203 1

Local (GST included)/Plaaslik (AVB ingesluit) ... R4,90

Abroad/Buitelands ..... R5,80

Post Free/Posvry

ORDERS AND ANNOUNCEMENT

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*31 January 1983*

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ORDERED: That a Select Committee be appointed on Co-operation and Development, the Committee to have power to take evidence and call for papers, and to consist of 18 members.

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*4 February 1983*

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ANNOUNCEMENT: That Messrs. P. J. Clase, W. H. Delport, Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg, Messrs. W. J. Hefer, Z. P. le Roux, W. C. Malan, J. H. W. Mentz, E. K. Moorcroft, D. J. L. Nel, A. E. Nothnagel, Prof. N. J. J. Olivier, Mr. P. R. C. Rogers, Mrs. H. Suzman, Messrs. G. P. D. Terblanche, C. Uys, A. T. van der Walt, V. A. Volker and B. H. Wilkens had been appointed members of the Committee.

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ORDERED: That the following be referred to the Committee:

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*9 February 1983*

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List relating to Proclamations and Government Notices—4 June 1982 to 28 January 1983.

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*23 February 1983*

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List relating to Government Notice—4 February 1983.

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*9 March 1983*

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List relating to Government Notices—25 February 1983.

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*21 March 1983*

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List relating to Proclamation—4 March 1983.

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*11 April 1983*

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List relating to Proclamations and Government Notices—25 March 1983.



*2 May 1983*

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List relating to Proclamation—15 April 1983.

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*3 May 1983*

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List relating to Proclamations and Government Notice—22 April 1983.

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*18 May 1983*

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List relating to Proclamations—6 May 1983.

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*30 May 1983*

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List relating to Proclamation—13 May 1983.

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*1 June 1983*

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List relating to Government Notice—20 May 1983.

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*13 June 1983*

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List relating to Proclamation and Government Notice—27 May to 3 June 1983.

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*16 June 1983*

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Memorandum in connection with the adjustment of the borders of the Republic of Ciskei: The description of the areas set out in Schedule A of the memorandum in terms of section 2 (4) of the Development Trust and Land Act, 1936, as areas in which the State President may declare released areas for the purposes of the said Act.

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# FIRST REPORT

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Your Committee, having considered the memorandum referred to it, begs to report that it recommends that, in terms of section 2 (4) of the Development Trust and Land Act, 1936 (Act No. 18 of 1936), as amended, the following areas be described as areas in which the State President may declare released areas for the purposes of the said Act:

## A. AREA NO. 1

### Districts Queenstown and Tarkastad

Beginning at the point where the southern road reserve boundary of the Tarkastad/Queenstown tarred road intersects the western boundary of Portion 1 of the farm Klein Haas Fontein 135, Tarkastad; thence generally eastwards along the said southern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the western road reserve boundary of the Hopefield/Loudon road; thence generally south-westwards along the said western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the middle of the Swart Kei River; thence generally westwards and southwards along the middle of the said Swart Kei River to the point where it intersects the southern boundary of the farm Keys Poort 149; thence generally westwards, north-westwards and north-eastwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to include them in this area: The said Keys Poort 149, Lower Groen Nek 148, Farm 150, Haslope Hills 147, Farm 153, Roodewal 146, Bezuidenhouts Kraal Mond 144 and Portion 1 of the farm Klein Haas Fontein 135 to the point where the western boundary of the said Portion 1 of the farm Klein Haas Fontein 135 intersects the southern road reserve boundary of the Tarkastad/Queenstown tarred road, the point of beginning.

(Extent  $\pm$ 20 000 hectares marked 10 on map)

## B. AREA NO. 2

### District Queenstown

Beginning at the point where the north-western boundary of the farm Vrisgewaagd 350, Queenstown, intersects the middle of the Swart Kei River; thence generally north-eastwards, south-eastwards and southwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to include them in this area: The said Vrisgewaagd 350, Patience 351, Perseverance 353, Energy 355 and Industry 356, to the point where the south-eastern boundary of the said Industry 356 intersects the north-eastern road reserve boundary of the Katberg/Tarkastad road; thence generally north-westwards along the said north-eastern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the middle of the Swart Kei River; thence generally northwards along the middle of the said Swart Kei River to the point where it intersects the north-western boundary of the farm Vrisgewaagd 350, the point of beginning.

(Extent  $\pm$ 4 000 hectares marked 18 on map)

## C. AREA NO. 3

### District Stockenström

Beginning at the northernmost beacon of the farm Green Dale 369, Stockenström; thence generally south-eastwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to include them in this area: The said Green Dale 369, Branders Forest Reserve 52 and Branders High Forest 301, to the point where the southern boundary of the said Branders High Forest 301 intersects the eastern road reserve boundary of the Fort Beaufort/Katberg/Whittlesea road; thence generally southwards along the said eastern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the south-western boundary of the farm Ebenezer West 962; thence north-westwards, south-westwards and generally north-westwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to include them in this area: the said Ebenezer West 962, Nooitgedacht 986, Perseverance 987, Seven Fountains 988, Vincent Plaats 989, Wit Krantz 990, Brand Ford 996, Plat Rand 997, Lang Kloof 998 and Weltevrede 1004 to the westernmost beacon of the said farm Weltevrede 1004; thence north-westwards along the south-western boundary of the

farm Coems 1005 to the point where it intersects the eastern road reserve boundary of the Fort Beaufort/Post Retief road; thence north-westwards along the said eastern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the western boundary of the farm Spes Bona 1003; thence northwards, north-westwards and north-eastwards along the western boundary of the said Spes Bona 1003 to the point where it intersects the eastern road reserve boundary of the Adelaide/Post Retief road; thence generally north-eastwards along the said eastern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the western boundary of Portion 8 of the farm Brown Vale 1008; thence north-eastwards, eastwards and generally north-eastwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to include them in this area: The said Portion 8 of the farm Brown Vale 1008, Bosreserwe 974, Schoongezicht 975, Tyger Klip 1081, Farm 1079, Farm 1080, Langley Gorse 1047, Brooklyn 415, Prospect Vale 417, Krans Kop 418 and Green Dale 369, to the northernmost beacon of the said Green Dale 369, the point of beginning.

(Extent  $\pm$ 24 500 hectares marked 11 on map)

#### D. AREA NO. 4

##### District East London

#### (I) AREA NO. 4 (a)

Beginning at the point where the prolongation of the south-eastern boundary of Farm 1039 East London, intersects the middle of the Chalumna River, thence generally north-eastwards along the said prolongation and the boundaries of the following farms so as to exclude them from this area: The said Farm 1039, Farms 1038, 1035, 1036, 1297 and 1023 to the northernmost beacon of the said Farm 1023; thence generally northwards along the eastern boundary of N'cera Outspan 1026 to the point where the said eastern boundary intersects the western road reserve boundary of the King William's Town/Kidd's Beach tarred road; thence south-eastwards along the said western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the northern road reserve boundary of the East London/Port Alfred tarred road; thence generally westwards along the said northern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the middle of the N'cera River; thence generally south-eastwards along the middle of the said N'cera River to its intersection with the Indian Ocean coastline; thence south-westwards along the said coastline to its intersection with the prolongation of the south-western boundary of Farm 1162; thence north-westwards and north-eastwards along the boundaries of the said Farms 1162 so as to include it in this area to the point where the prolongation of the northern boundary of the said Farm 1162 intersects the middle of the Chalumna River; thence generally northwards along the middle of the said Chalumna River to the point where it intersects the prolongation of the south-eastern boundary of Farm 1039, the point of beginning.

(Marked 12 on map)

#### (II) AREA NO. 4 (b)

Beginning at the northernmost beacon of Farm 1026; thence generally north-eastwards along the prolongation and the boundaries of the following farms so as to exclude them from this area: Farms 864 and 1948, Needs Camp Forest Reserve 1947, Farm 842 and Pato Bush 847 to the point where the southern boundary of the said Pato Bush 847 intersects the western road reserve boundary of the Needs Camp/Glenfields road; thence south-westwards along the said western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the western road reserve boundary of the King William's Town/Kidd's Beach road; thence north-westwards along the said western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the eastern boundary of N'cera Outspan 1026; thence in a northerly direction along the eastern boundary of the said N'cera Outspan 1026 to its northernmost beacon, the point of beginning.

(Marked 13 on map)

#### E. AREA NO. 5

##### District King William's Town

Beginning at the north-eastern beacon of Erf 121, Braunschweig, on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence generally south-eastwards along the said international boundary to the point where it intersects the middle of the Gwa-

lana Stream; thence generally north-westwards along the said Gwalana Stream to its confluence with the middle of the Balasie River; thence generally westwards along the middle of the said Balasie River to its confluence with the middle of the Buffalo River; thence north-westwards along the middle of the said Buffalo River to the point where it intersects the prolongation of the northern boundary of Farm 1819, King William's Town; thence westwards along the said prolongation and northern boundary of Farm 1819 to the north-western beacon of the said Farm 1819, on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence north-westwards and generally northwards along the said international boundary to the north-eastern beacon of Erf 121, Braunschweig, the point of beginning.

(Extent  $\pm$  2 274 hectares marked 8 on map)

#### F. AREA NO. 6

##### District King William's Town

Beginning at the beacon common to Farm 1916, King William's Town, and erven 9, 10 and 13, Berlin; thence south-eastwards along the boundaries of the said Erf 9, and Erven 650 and 14 so as to exclude them from this area to the southernmost beacon of the said Erf 14; thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the beacon lettered C on S. G. Diagram No. B. 1176/1862 of Erf 17; thence eastwards in a straight line to the southernmost beacon of Erf 18; thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the beacon lettered B on S. G. Diagram No. 1170/1862 of Erf 29; thence north-eastwards along the northern boundary of the said Erf 29 to the northernmost beacon of the said Erf 29; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the point where the middle of the Umcotcho River intersects the north-western boundary of the farm Mcootcho location 285, East London, on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence generally south-eastwards, south-westwards, westwards and north-westwards along the said international boundary to the beacon common to Farm 1916, King William's Town, and Erven 9, 10 and 13, Berlin, the point of beginning.

(Extent  $\pm$  1 200 hectares marked 14 on map)

#### G. AREA NO. 7

##### District Cathcart

1. That portion of Portion 1 of the farm Lange Draai 42, Cathcart, north-east of a straight line drawn from the point where the prolongation of the common boundary between the said Portion 1 of Lange Draai 42 and Portion 2 of the farm Galla Water 409, Queenstown, intersects the middle of the Klipplaat River, to the point where the prolongation of the northern boundary of Portion 2 of the farm Waterdown 43, Cathcart, intersects the middle of the said Klipplaat River; and
2. that portion of Portion 2 of the farm Waterdown 43 west of a series of straight lines drawn from beacon X through beacons G, F and E as indicated on S.G. Diagram No. 3325/64 of the said Portion 2 to the point where the prolongation of the line F E intersects the northern boundary of the said Portion 2 of the farm Waterdown 43.

(Extent  $\pm$  1 000 hectares marked 19 on map)

#### H. AREA NO. 8

##### District Stutterheim

Beginning at the point where the prolongation of the north-western boundary of Farm 342, Stutterheim, intersects the middle of the Isedenge River; thence generally south-eastwards along the middle of the said Isedenge River to the point where it intersects the prolongation of the western boundary of the farm Toise's Farm 336; thence generally southwards and south-eastwards along the boundaries of the said farm Toise's Farm 336 and the farm Annex Toise's Farm 335 so as to exclude them from this area, to the south-western beacon of the last-named farm; thence generally westwards, north-westwards and north-eastwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to include them in this area: Springfield Forest Reserve 334, Farms 340, 341 and 342 to the point where the prolongation of the

north-western boundary of the said Farm 342 intersects the middle of the Iscdenge River, the point of beginning.

(Extent  $\pm 500$  hectares marked 15 on map)

I. AREA NO. 9

District East London

Beginning at the point where the southern road reserve boundary of the East London/King William's Town national road intersects the western boundary of Farm 1219, East London; thence generally south-eastwards along the said southern road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the northern boundary of the Potsdam Allotment Area, on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence generally north-westwards along the said international boundary to the south-eastern beacon of Farm 284; thence north-westwards along the western boundary of Farm 1219 to the point where it intersects the southern road reserve boundary of the East London/King William's Town national road, the point of beginning.

(Extent of areas 9, 10 and 11  $\pm 1\ 600$  hectares marked 16 on map)

J. AREA NO. 10

District East London

Beginning at the southernmost beacon of Portion 5 of Farm 290, East London, on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence eastwards, northwards and generally south-eastwards along the southern road reserve boundary of the East London/King William's Town national road to the point of intersection with the northern boundary of Portion 1 of Farm 605 on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence south-westwards and generally north-westwards along the said international boundary to the southernmost beacon of Portion 5 of Farm 290, the point of beginning.

K. AREA NO. 11

District East London

Beginning at the point of intersection of the south-western road reserve boundary of the East London/King William's Town national road and the eastern boundary of Farm 605, East London, on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence generally south-eastwards along the said south-western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the northern boundary of the Remainder of Portion 1 of Farm 640; thence north-westwards along the boundaries of the said Remainder of Portion 1 of Farm 640 and the farm Cyril Lord 1212 so as to exclude them from this area to the north-western beacon of the said farm Cyril Lord 1212 on the international boundary between the R.S.A. and the Republic of Ciskei; thence generally northwards along the said international boundary to the point where it intersects the south-western road reserve boundary of the East London/King William's Town national road, the point of beginning.

Your Committee further recommends that the Commission for Co-operation and Development be requested to investigate again the area shown as 13A on the map with a view to the possible declaring thereof as a released area.

Z. P. LE ROUX,  
Chairman.

Committee Rooms  
House of Assembly  
23 June 1983.

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## SECOND REPORT

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Your Committee, having perused the Proclamations and Government Notices issued by the Department of Co-operation and Development during the period 4 June 1982 to 3 June 1983, referred to it, begs to report that it has no comment to offer thereon.

Z. P. LE ROUX,  
Chairman.

Committee Rooms  
House of Assembly  
23 June 1983.

Monday, 20 June 1983 (at 08h30)

---

PRESENT:

Mr. Z.P. le Roux (Chairman)

Mr. P.J. Clase	Mr. A.E. Nothnagel
Mr. W.H. Delport	Prof. N.J.J. Olivier
Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg	Mr. P.R.C. Rogers
Mr. W.J. Hefer	Mrs. H. Suzman
Mr. W.C. Malan	Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz	Mr. C. Uys
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft	Mr. A.T. van der Walt
Mr. D.J.L. Nel	Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Mr. R.J. Raath, Director-General: Co-operation and Development (accompanied by Messrs. J.H. Cilliers, L.P. de Waal, A.P. du Toit, L.G. Kok, H.S. Pienaar, D.J. Putter and J.H. van Rensburg), was in attendance.

The Committee proceeded to the consideration of the Proclamations and Government Notices issued by the Department of Co-operation and Development during the period 4 June 1982 to 3 June 1983.

The Committee deliberated.

On Proclamation R.108 of 1982, relating to the disestablishment of the KaNgwane Legislative Assembly,

Mrs. H. Suzman moved: That the Committee takes note that this Proclamation has been repealed and expresses its dissatisfaction with the manner in which the matter was dealt with.

Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche moved as an amendment: To omit all the words after "Committee" and to substitute:

has no comment to offer on this Proclamation

Amendment put and the Committee divided

AYES - 9

NOES - 5

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.H. Delpont  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Dr. the Hon. F.  
Hartzenberg  
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Amendment accordingly agreed to.

Motion, as amended, agreed to.

On the motion of the Chairman, precedence given to Proclamation R.232 of 1982 which repeals Proclamation R.108 of 1982.

On the motion of the Chairman,

RESOLVED: That the Committee has no comment to offer on this Proclamation.

On Proclamation R.109 of 1982, regarding the excision from KwaZulu of certain portions of the District of Ingwavuma, and the amendment of Schedules I and II of Proclamation R.70 of 1972, as amended,

Prof. N.J.J. Olivier moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Proclamation.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 5

NOES - 9

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.H. Delpont  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.



8.

On the motion of the Chairman,

RESOLVED: That Proclamation R.117 of 1982 stand over.

On Proclamation R.121 of 1982, relating to the excision from KwaZulu of certain portions of the District of Ingwavuma,

Mrs. H. Suzman moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Proclamation.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 6

NOES - 10

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mrs. H. Suzman  
Mr. C. Uys

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.H. Delpont  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Proclamation R.127 of 1982, relating to the membership of the Qwaqwa Legislative Assembly, and the amendment of Proclamation R.203 of 1974,

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Proclamation.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 6

NOES - 10

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mrs. H. Suzman  
Mr. C. Uys

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.H. Delpont  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt

Motion accordingly negatived.

10.

On Government Notice 1513 of 1982, relating to regulations regarding the emergency camp for Blacks situated at Winterton,

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Government Notice.

Upon which the Committee divided .

AYES - 2

NOES - 14

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. C. Uys

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.H. Delpont  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mrs. H. Suzman  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Government Notice 1606 of 1982, relating to regulations regarding the Black residential areas situated at Ermelo and Piet Retief, and the amendment of Government Notice 360 of 1980,

Prof. N.J.J. Olivier moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Government Notice.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 4

NOES - 12

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.H. Delpont  
Dr. the Hon. F.  
Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Government Notice 2733 of 1982, relating to regulations regarding an urban Black residential area, and the amendment of Government Notice R.1036 of 1968,

Mrs. H. Suzman moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to reconsider this Government Notice.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 3

NOES - 12

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Dr. the Hon. F.  
Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. A.T. van der Walt  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Government Notices 145 and 146 of 1983, relating to the Black residential areas situated at Westonaria, Randfontein, Diepkloof, Meadowlands and Krugersdorp,

Mrs. H. Suzman moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal these Government Notices.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 3

NOES - 10

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Dr. the Hon. F.  
Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Government Notices 393 and 458 of 1983, relating to the Black residential areas of Dobsonville, Soweto and Jabavu,

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal these Government Notices.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 3

NOES - 10

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Dr. the Hon. F.  
Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Proclamation R.35 of 1983, relating to the addition of certain farms to the area in respect of which the Lebowa Legislative Assembly was established,

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Proclamation.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 2

NOES - 11

Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. C. Uys

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Government Notice R.823 of 1983, relating to regulations regarding the Black residential areas situated at Durban, Pinetown, Stanger, Tongaat, Umzinto and Harding, and the amendment of Government Notice R.550 of 1979,

Mrs. H. Suzman moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Government Notice.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 3

NOES - 10

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Dr. the Hon. F.  
Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

18.

On Government Notice 1078 of 1983, relating to regulations regarding the Black residential areas situated at Duiwelskloof, Louis Trichardt, Messina, Naboomspruit, Nylstroom, Pietersburg, Roedtan, Soekmekaar, Tzaneen, Ellisras and Vaalwater, and the amendment of Government Notice 192 of 1982,

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Government Notice.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 3

NOES - 10

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

On Proclamation R.117 of 1982, relating to regulations for the administration of Qwaqwa, and the amendment of Proclamation R.195 of 1981,

Mrs. H. Suzman moved: That the Committee recommends that appropriate steps be taken to repeal this Proclamation.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 3

NOES - 10

Mr. E.K. Moorcroft  
Prof. N.J.J. Olivier  
Mrs. H. Suzman

Chairman  
Mr. P.J. Clase  
Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg  
Mr. W.J. Hefer  
Mr. W.C. Malan  
Mr. D.J.L. Nel  
Mr. A.E. Nothnagel  
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche  
Mr. C. Uys  
Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Motion accordingly negatived.

The Committee deliberated and adjourned at 11h30 until Thursday, 23 June, at 08h30.

Thursday, 23 June 1983 (at 08h30)

PRESENT:

Mr. Z.P. le Roux (Chairman)

Mr. W.H. Delport	Prof. N.J.J. Olivier
Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg	Mr. P.R.C. Rogers
Mr. W.J. Hefer	Mrs. H. Suzman
Mr. W.C. Malan	Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz	Mr. C. Uys
Mr. E.K. Moorcroft	Mr. V.A. Volker
Mr. D.J.L. Nel	Mr. B.H. Wilkens

Mr. R.J. Raath (accompanied by Messrs. L.P. de Waal, H.S. Pienaar and D.J. Putter), was in attendance.

The Committee deliberated.

The Committee proceeded to the consideration of a memorandum regarding the description of areas in the Province of the Cape of Good Hope in which released areas may be declared and which are to be excised from scheduled and released areas and from which areas members of Black communities will have to withdraw, referred to it.

The Chairman submitted a telex from J.H. Lentz [bound with Manuscript Papers of Committee] relating to Area No. 8 (see 15 on Map), as described in the schedule to the abovementioned memorandum.

The Chairman submitted a draft First Report.

On the motion of Prof. N.J.J. Olivier,

RESOLVED: That the paragraphs of the draft Report be taken seriatim.

Paragraph A put.

Paragraph accordingly agreed to.

Paragraph D put.

On the motion of the Chairman,

RESOLVED: That the subparagraphs of paragraph D be taken seriatim.

Subparagraph (I) put.

Upon which the Committee divided

AYES - 12

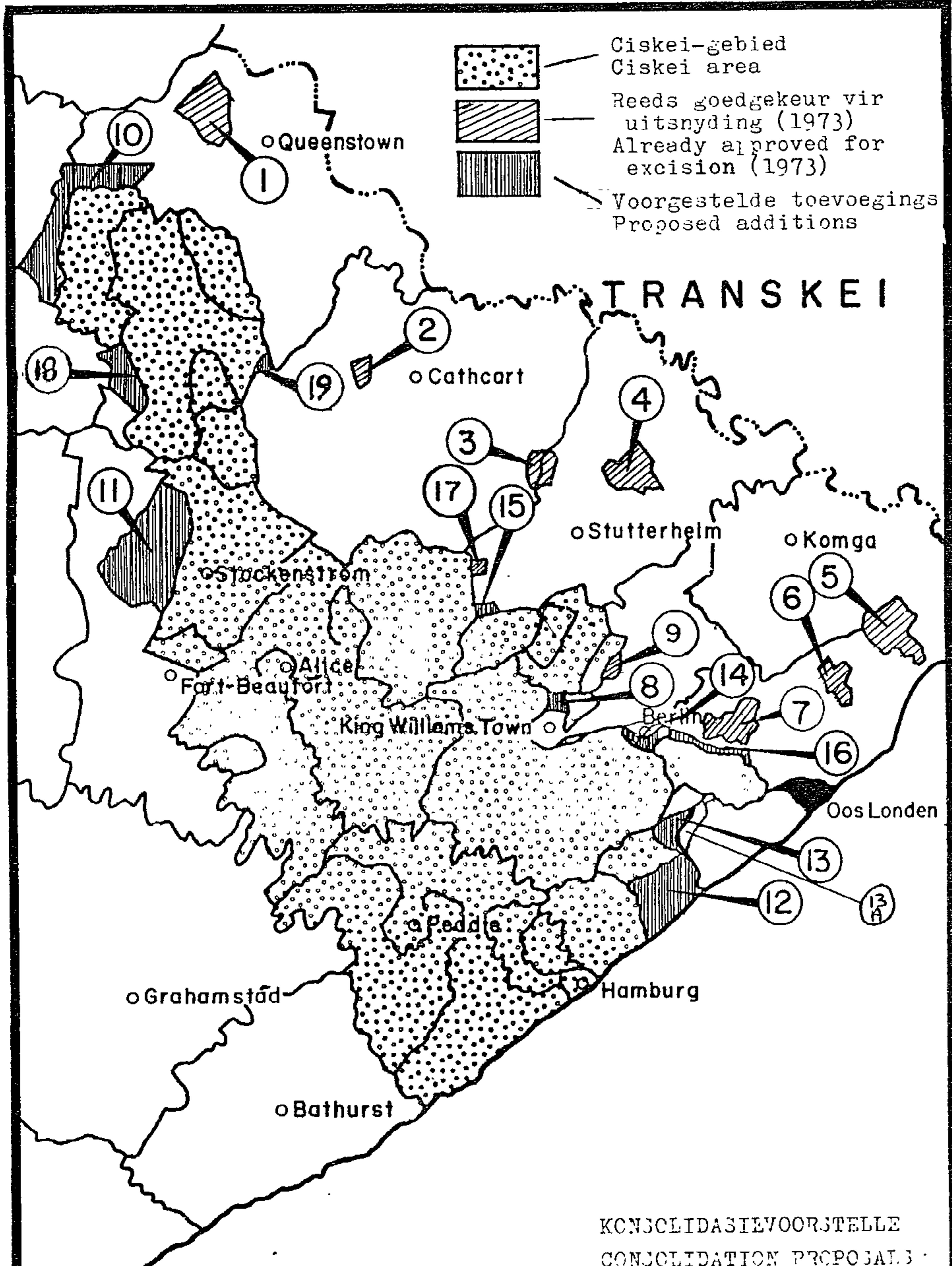
NOES - 3

Chairman	Mr. E.K. Moorcroft
Mr. W.H. Delport	Prof. N.J.J. Olivier
Dr. the Hon. F. Hartzenberg	Mrs. H. Suzman
Mr. W.J. Hefer	
Mr. W.C. Malan	
Mr. J.H.W. Mentz	
Mr. D.J.L. Nel	
Mr. P.R.C. Rogers	
Mr. G.P.D. Terblanche	
Mr. C. Uys	
Mr. V.A. Volker	
Mr. B.H. Wilkens	

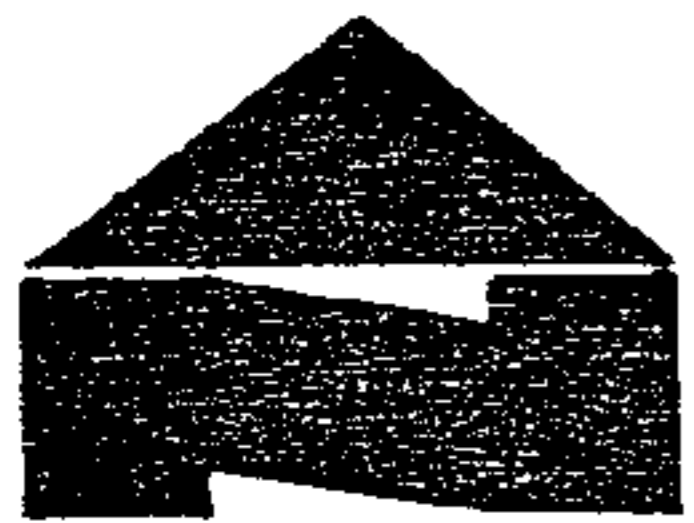
Subparagraph accordingly agreed to.

Subparagraph (II), which reads as follows: "Area No. 4(b) District East London - Beginning at the point where the western road reserve boundary of the Needs Camp/Glenfields road intersects the middle of the Gulu River; thence generally south-eastwards and eastwards along the middle of the said Gulu River to the easternmost beacon of Farm 867; thence generally south-westwards along the boundaries of the following farms so as to exclude them from this area: Farms 1018, 1019 and 1020 to the north-western corner of the said Farm 1020; thence south-westwards along the northern boundary of Farm 1021 to the point where it intersects the western road reserve boundary of the King William's Town/Kidd's Beach road; thence north-westwards along the said western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the western road reserve boundary of the Glenfields/Needs Camp road; thence generally north-eastwards along the said western road reserve boundary to the point where it intersects the middle of the Gulu River, the point of beginning (Marked 13 and 13A on Map)", negatived.





KONSOLIDASIEVOORSTELLE  
 CONSOLIDATION PROPOSALS



**CISKEI**

**1983**

(105) 209 2101  
7/6/83

## SP man ill-treated accused, trial told

ZWELITSHA. — A Security Police officer was the worst offender in the ill-treatment of prisoners, the Ciskei Supreme Court heard yesterday.

It was alleged that Warrant Officer Douglas Elsdon, of the East London Security Police, subjected four accused to what was described by the defence advocate, Mr M T K Moerane, as "notorious doings".

W/O Elsdon denied the allegations.

He was giving evidence in a trial-within-a-trial to determine the admissibility of confessions allegedly made by the accused.

Appearing before Mr Justice D S de Wet are Mr William Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Maninjwe, 31, Mr Bayi Keye, 52, and Mr Luyanda Mayekiso, 23, all of Mdan-tsane. They have all pleaded not guilty.

It is alleged they took part in terrorist activities, were members of the banned ANC, recruited people to undergo military training in Lesotho and were in possession of banned publications.

Mr Moerane asked W/O Elsdon whether they had conducted a mini trial to satisfy themselves, but W/O Elsdon replied that that was not so. The trial continues today.

# Ciskei's UIF in safe hands, minister claims

BISHO — Unemployment Insurance Fund contributions would be in safe hands, the Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief Lent Maqoma, has assured all contributors

Speaking during the second reading of the Ciskei Unemployment Insurance Bill he said contributors working in South Africa should not listen to "malicious rumours" which trade unions were spreading and which were intended to discredit the establishment of an Unemployment Insurance Fund for Ciskei.

"We are a responsible government and all financial transactions are subject to audit," he said.

"An account in respect of Unemployment Insurance Fund has already been opened with a registered commercial bank and such monies will by no means be used for any other purpose

but as prescribed in the act"

Chief Maqoma said the main purpose of the bill was to provide for the insurance of employees who were contributors to the fund, against risk of loss of earnings arising out of unemployment due to the termination of their employment, illness or maternity, and for payment to the dependants of deceased contributors.

He stressed that the fund was not a savings or provident or pension fund, but an insurance against unemployment

During these times of recession and unemployment, no nation could afford to be without an Unemployment Insurance Fund

At the time of independence Ciskei citizens ceased to contribute to the Unemployment Insurance Fund of the Republic of South Africa

Ciskei however entered into an agreement

with that state whereby all workers who were contributors to the South African fund before independence were guaranteed coverage for a period of three years

However, to cater for workers who had entered the labour market for the first time after independence and who had had no unemployment coverage, it was essential that Ciskei should establish its own fund as soon as possible

"In addition, as the agreement with the Republic of South Africa will terminate at the end of 1984 we must build up a viable fund in the meantime to cope with that category of worker who will then become our responsibility as well," he said

Chief Maqoma said persons who voluntarily leave their employment or were dismissed through misconduct

might be disqualified from benefits

This should be a warning to the contract worker especially, who walked off the job for no reason at all. He should not think that he could come back to Ciskei and claim unemployment insurance, he said

A clause in the bill was intended to protect contributors in regard to the work offered to them and also to prevent them from abusing the fund by refusing to accept work which they were capable of performing.

## CNDC books for audit

BISHO — The Ministry of Finance and Economic Development in collaboration with the Auditor-General had come to the conclusion with the concurrence of the President-in-Council that books of accounts of the Ciskeian National Development Corporation and other corporations should be audited by the Auditor-General.

This was said by the Minister of Finance and Economic Development, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, during the second reading of the Ciskeian Corporations' Amendment Bill in the Assembly yesterday

In view of the critical staff shortage the bill further made provision for the appointment of private auditors to perform inspections on behalf of the Auditor-General. — DDR.

## New deputy minister

BISHO — Chief H. Zulu has been appointed Ciskei's Deputy Minister of Health, Welfare, and Pensions, President Lennox Sebe announced in the National Assembly here yesterday.

President Sebe also announced the promotion of the divisional commander of Ciskei's uniformed police, Colonel L. B. Madolo, to the rank of Brigadier. — DDR

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7/6/83  
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8/6/83

B. Dispathe

# Ciskei crop <sup>(105)</sup> surplus possible

FORT BEAUFORT — Ciskei has the resources, at modest yield levels, to produce a surplus of maize and wheat at current consumption levels and to export meat, wool, mohair and other animal products, now and for the foreseeable future, according to Professor Dave Tapson of the Agricultural Faculty at Fort Hare University.

Professor Tapson arrived at this conclusion using data given in the Page Report on "Agricultural Resources and the Demand for Agricultural products up to the year 2000." Professor Tapson was speaking at a Santa dinner on "Food Production in Ciskei: Potential and Problems".

In seeking reasons why this desired production is not achieved, Prof

Tapson said that one should view the Ciskeian farmer as an independent, rational decision-maker, evaluating the options available to him, namely livestock production, crop production or off-farm employment, but his choice was dictated by the constraints and impediments which influence him.

These constraints originate from both within and without his personal environment. Some which come from outside are poor input supply, inadequate advisory services, lack of constructive national policy, the land allocation system and the lack of a technology developed for his particular requirements.

Personal impediments include ill-defined

motivation, insufficient capital and a labour shortage.

Mostly Ciskeian farmers seem to opt for off-farm employment.

"If this trend is to be reversed it will be necessary to re-orientate our research with the farmer as the central pivot. We will need to conduct future research using his own personal objectives to evaluate results and to remember that the purpose of research is not to benefit a crop as a researcher, but to benefit a farmer," Prof Tapson said.

This research would most likely give the best return to effort in the field of land reform, definition of limiting resources, motivation and technology for self-sufficiency. — DDR.

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D.D. 105 8/6/83

# President says Ciskei realises great importance of tourism

BISHO — The Ciskeian Government attached great importance to tourism and it fully realised its value as a source of revenue. President Lennox Sebe said yesterday

Speaking at the official opening of a casino at the Amatola Sun Hotel here he said tourism was the second largest industry in the world and the Amatola Sun Hotel and casino with its facilities made an important contribution to Ciskei plans for developing the tourist potential of the country

It was in view of these considerations that the government had decided to approve the establishment of the casino

The government was cognisant of the desperately needed revenue which would be generated as a result of the powerful attraction the casino would be to tourists.

President Sebe said he was confident the hotel would also play a part in the development of Bisho

"The drought from which Ciskei has been suffering for several

years now, highlights the urgent needs of my people, and it is my belief that this casino, and the resultant revenue generated will contribute most significantly towards the elimination of these crying needs

"I also express with confidence my belief and trust in the strength of my proud people, backed by centuries of tradition and strong moral convictions to resist the temptation of abusing the amenity which we are launching here today," he said — DDR

## Possibility of Ciskei coast hotel resort

BISHO — Active consideration was being given to the development of a resort hotel on the scenic coast of Ciskei, the managing director of Southern Sun Corporation, Mr Peter Bacon, said at the official opening of a casino here yesterday.

It was hoped work would commence on this project in the not too distant future when the site had been selected and all the formalities involved had been properly attended to, he said.

He added he could not say exactly where the resort would be situated but said the location was part of the investigation. He said he hoped an announcement would be made within the next two months.

In his address he said Southern Sun's were confident that Ciskei could look forward to a rapidly developing tourism industry which they were certain would comple-

ment the government's aim to attract new investment to Ciskei through the provision of a hotel and related services

Mr Bacon said the Amatola Sun Hotel in which the casino was being opened would be celebrating its first anniversary next week.

The hotel had since its opening earned itself an excellent reputation for the high standard of facilities and service offered.

This was a credit to the genuine friendliness and warmth of the hotel staff who had responded well to the training they had received and had already achieved a standard of proficiency which in many other countries was only attained after many years experience in the industry.

He said the addition of a casino would enable the hotel to broaden its market and attract tour-

ists, holidaymakers and conferences thereby maximising the utilisation of the accommodation and other facilities to their full potential.

Mr Bacon said the hotel was ideally situated to take full advantage of the Port Elizabeth, East London and Grahamstown markets, and he was sure that it would not be long before it was established as a popular weekend destination.

Plans for this market included a variety of entertainment and activities for all age groups. There would be a children's play centre, cinema, regular cabaret, golf chipping and speciality evenings in the hotel restaurant or pool deck.

Plans were also in hand for the construction of a flood-lit tennis court and horse riding and fishing were available locally, he said. — DDR.



The Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, tries out the roulette wheel, watched by Mrs Xaba. A scene at the opening of the Amatola Sun's new casino.

## Service for student

UMTATA — A memorial service for the University of Transkei student Mr Mpumzo Ngani, will be held at the university between 5 and 6 this evening.

Mr Ngani, of Middledrift, died instantly when the lorry in which he and seven fellow students were travelling in careered down Alexander Road uprooting

three lamp poles before coming to rest against a tree on Sunday night.

Meanwhile the condition of other students still in hospital was said to be promising, by hospital authorities.

They are Baba Nkosi, arts student and Mandla Madlala, a law student.

Mr Ngani will be buried here on Saturday. — DDR.

D. Dispatu 5/6/83

(105)

# CNDC is backbone of Ciskei success — director

**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN** — More than 95 per cent of the 517 businessmen who have been assisted financially by the Ciskeian National Development Corporation (CNDC) to date, were successful in their business enterprises, the CNDC managing director, Mr Frans Meisenholl said yesterday.

He was reacting to criticism in the National Assembly of its interest rates and the number of white officials.

In a statement he said that a total amount of R8 683 857 had been made available to Ciskeians in this way.

Due to the success achieved by Ciskeian businessmen, loanees often chose to repay their loans long before the required time.

He regarded this as a significant achievement for a developing country, even by world standards,

and attributed it to a number of factors.

Mr Meisenholl singled out the natural business acumen of the Ciskeian, his inherent responsibility to meet commitments and the thorough service provided by the CNDC.

These services were granted free of charge, and were extended to all Ciskeian businessmen who wished to make use of them, whether they had a loan from the CNDC or not.

The interest rates of 11,5 per cent charged by the corporation on business loans, were considerably lower than those charged by commercial banks and remained the same, even at times that commercial rates were well over 20 per cent, he said.

Mr Meisenholl said that interest rates were not compounded, but charges were exactly on the same basis as banks and building societies.

Interest rates on more than 3 000 housing loans already granted to Ciskeians were also considerably lower than that charged by building societies.

Mr Meisenholl stressed that all funds generated by the corporation were ploughed back into the development of the Republic of Ciskei.

He also welcomed a bill introduced in the National Assembly that made provision for the auditing of the books and the accounts of the CNDC by the Ciskeian Auditor-General.

At the official opening of a casino at Bisho yesterday, President Sebe expressed gratitude to the CNDC for the vital role it had played in the establishment of the Amatola Sun and in the addition of the casino at the hotel.

He said it was hearten-

ing to see the way a "truly Ciskeian institution", such as the CNDC, and outside entrepreneurs such as Southern Suns, had joined forces to unlock the potential of the Republic of Ciskei, thereby pursuing the government's policy of not merely looking to the world outside to put Ciskei on the road to economic stability and self sufficiency but being willing and capable of helping the country to help itself. — DDR.

## Ciskei pines gain overseas markets

**EAST LONDON** — Ciskei is coming into its own as an exporter of top-quality pineapples to overseas markets.

The pineapples are being grown at three project sites run by the Ciskeian National Development Corporation (CNDC) in the Peddie district.

The first consignment of Cayenne pineapples from Peddie was shipped to the Covent Garden Market in London at the beginning of the year. Market officials later reported to the CNDC that the pineapples "were very well received by the English

buying public".

Initially the pineapples grown at Peddie had been intended to supply the canning industry in South Africa. But depressed conditions in the domestic canning industry made it necessary for the CNDC to find an alternative market for the fruit.

"We had been told on numerous occasions that the Ciskei pineapple was of a superb quality, and we felt the time had come to put this to the test. The Corporation thus started the year 1983 with an added objective — the exporting of fresh Cayenne

pineapples to Europe," said Mr Ivor Schutte, CNDC projects manager.

Test consignments of 50 tonnes have already been sold at Covent Garden, and the CNDC plans to sell 1 500 t in the coming year.

The Peddie project will have to be expanded if the 1 500 t target is to be reached, and it is expected that the expansion will create 150 jobs at the project — adding to the existing workforce of 400.

The export venture, if successful, could become a significant source of foreign currency for Ciskei. — DDR

8/6/83

**Saawu  
man is  
released**

EAST LONDON. A member of the South African Allied Workers Union. Mr Nkululeko Wasa, was released yesterday after being detained for a week by the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service

This was confirmed by the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

General Sebe said Mr Wasa had "tried to stage a hunger strike" while he was imprisoned. He was eventually released without being charged.

Mr Wasa, who works for a marine engineering firm in East London, was detained last Tuesday when seven CCIS members arrested him at his Mdantsane home.

Mr Wasa could not be contacted yesterday. —  
DDR

8/6/83

# Court ruling: little effect on Border

D. D. D. 155

EAST LONDON — Government officials expect the Appeal Court ruling on city rights for long-serving migrant workers to have little effect in the Border area

A spokesman for the Department of Co-operation and Development in Port Elizabeth said most of the workforce in the area was made up of people resident in the national states

"The ruling only applies to migrant workers living in proclaimed black townships in South Africa, not to the national states," the

spokesman said

People in the national states had already been ensured the same labour rights as holders of section 10 rights, he said, and thus the ruling would have little effect on workers in areas such as Mdantsane near East London, Zwelitsha near King William's Town and eZibeleni near Queenstown.

The spokesman said there were "numbers" of people in East London's Duncan Village who could be affected by the Appeal Court ruling. However, he said it was hard to be specific on

how many people there are, and whether they would apply for their rights in view of their pending removal from Duncan Village to Mdantsane.

In East London, the chairman of the chamber of commerce, Mr George Orsmond, said he also felt the ruling would have little effect "because of the Ciskei-Transkei situation"

● The East Cape Administration Board, which has administrative control over blacks in the Eastern Cape and Border, has already said it will abide by the court ruling — DDR



# Ciskei's first casino a hit

**BISHO** — Ciskei's first casino at the Amatola Sun, the luxury hotel in the Ciskeian capital here, was officially opened yesterday by President Lennox Sebe.

It immediately became a hive of activity with the slot machines ceaselessly churning out coins or swallowing up people's money. There were smiles and excitement as people jostled to get at the money machines — some experiencing a casino for the first time.

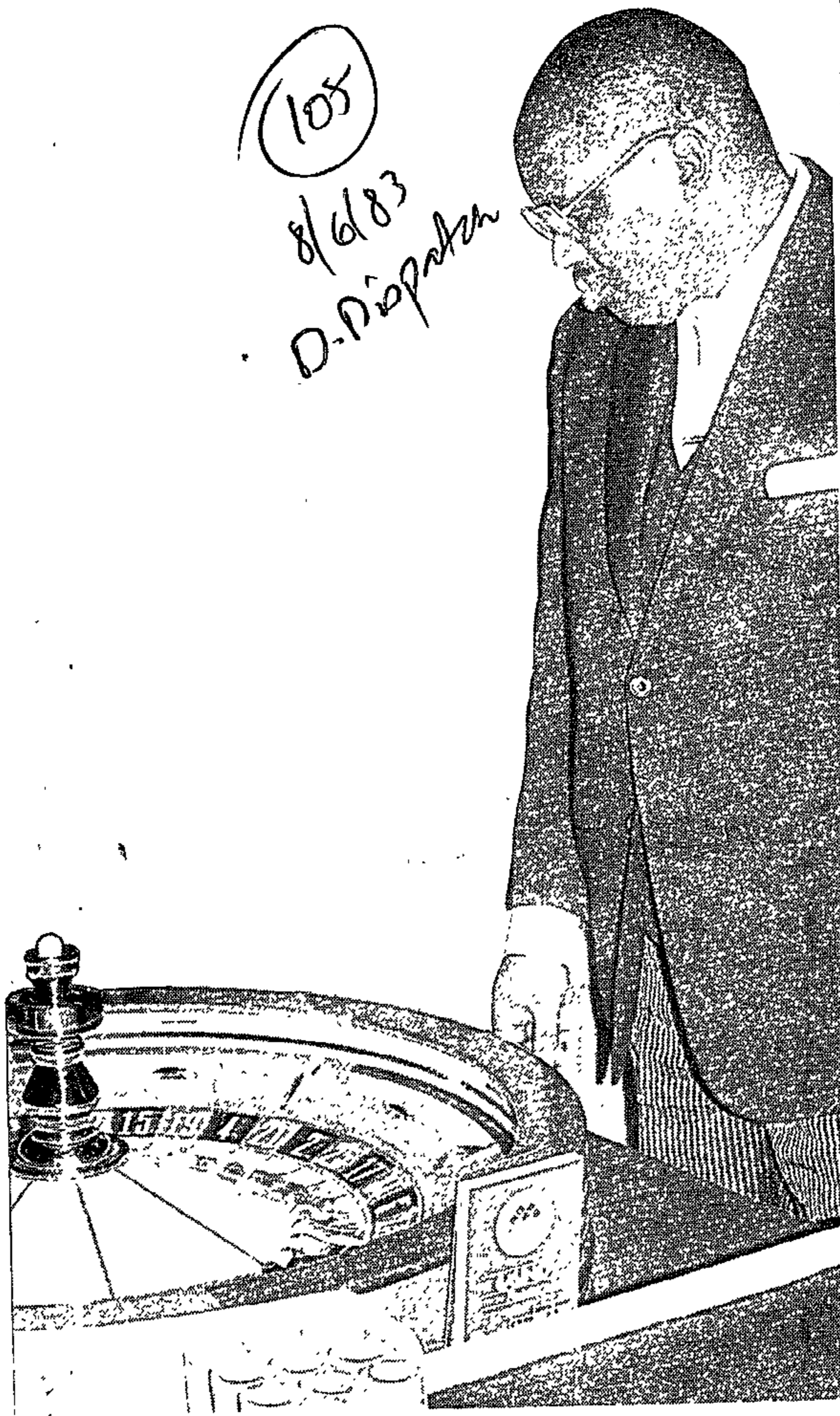
Many people from all corners of the country are expected to converge at the capital to try their luck.

The one-armed bandits proved to be the most popular and simple to operate and many people seemed to shy away from the three roulette and two black-jack tables.

Within an hour of the official opening many faces were beaming after sums of money had been won but as in all gambling, there were sad faces as well.

The casino has been designed to fit in with the décor of the hotel itself, with soft earth colours of ochres, golds and browns, decorative mirrors and unusual lighting.

It was converted from the former conference room. — DDR.  
See page 6.



President Sebe of Ciskei examines a roulette wheel after opening the new casino in Bisho yesterday.

D. Dispatch 8/10/83

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# Trial postponed for EL doctor's evidence

ZWELITSHA — The terrorism trial in the Ciskei Supreme Court was postponed yesterday to tomorrow when the principal district surgeon in East London, Dr Basil Wingreen, will give evidence in a trial-within-a-trial to establish the admissibility of alleged confessions by three of four Mdantsane men appearing in the trial.

Involved in the trial-within-a-trial and alleging police assault and torture during detention are Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Bizette Dumisanf Maninjwa, 31, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 33.

Charged with them is Mr Jeffery Bayi Keye, 52.

All have pleaded not guilty to being members of the banned ANC, participating in terrorist activities, recruiting others for military training in Lesotho and being

in possession of banned publications

During yesterday's hearing three security policemen from East London — Sergeant Mncedisi Matoti, Sergeant Ntlonze and Sergeant Robey Keth — gave evidence denying having assaulted the men and other witnesses who had given evidence of assault and torture during the trial-within-a-trial.

Sgt Matoti said the only association he had with the men was when he was asked to take them to the toilet and to serve them food.

Sgt Ntlonze said he had no knowledge of the investigation of the case. He said he had seen Mr Monwabisi Mgijima — who had alleged in court that he had been assaulted by him — but had only asked him about his family back-

ground.

Sgt Keth said he questioned Mr Duna about banned books he had found in his house, funerals of ex-Robben Island prisoners he had attended and a stranger he had found in a cupboard in Mr Duna's house

He said Mr Duna had co-operated with the police during investigations and when there was an issue in which they felt he had misled them he would clear it up without much trouble.

Sgt Keth denied assaulting the men and said he was still a junior in the security police when they were interrogated in 1981. His main duty had been fetching the men from prison in the morning and taking them back in the afternoon. — DDR.

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BISHO — A motion calling for the appointment of Chief L. L. Sebe as Life President of Ciskei was unanimously adopted in the National Assembly yesterday.

The motion needs his consent as head of state.

The motion was introduced by the Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba, who called for the amendment of the Ciskei Constitution Act to make provision for the present President to be Life President for the sake of continuity and to demonstrate the high respect and esteem in which the people of Ciskei held him.

Mr Xaba said the present constitution made provision for the President to hold office for a period of seven years and it was his desire that President Sebe be made Life President.

Mr Xaba said he was sure he was expressing sentiments shared by all Ciskeians.

"This would be a fitting reward for the dedicated manner in which he has served Ciskei during his entire working life," he said.

"If we look back we find that he first distinguished himself in the field of education where he rose to the position of inspector gaining in the process the admiration and support of all those who came into contact with him, be it a scholar, colleague or acquaintance.

"Since forsaking the classroom for a political career, he had taken with him the fine attributes that clearly stamped him as a man who stood out.

# Sebe to be president for life?

(105)

Dispatch 9/6/83

"When self government was granted to Ciskei some two decades ago, he held office as the head of a government department and since those days has played a prominent role in shaping the constitutional development of our country."

Mr Xaba said President Sebe, during the negotiations for independence, had taken an uncompromising stand on all those issues which were vital to the future of Ciskei and its people.

His influence stretched far beyond the shores of the continent of Africa. By personal contact with all the major states comprising the democratic free world he had become known as a leader who was designed to make great contributions in moulding the future destiny of not only Ciskei, but of Southern Africa.

In the industrial field Ciskei owed gratitude to the influence of Presi-

dent Sebe for the manner in which businessmen were being attracted to Ciskei.

Mr Xaba said Ciskei was fortunate in having at the helm a leader of the calibre of President Sebe.

Seconding the motion, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, paid tribute to President Sebe as a Christian leader. His appointment would create stability in the country. He said he had crushed tribalism and as a result there were no faction fights in Ciskei.

The chief whip, Mr A. A. Hoyana, also supported the motion. He praised the services of President Sebe to the Ciskeian nation.

A frontbencher, Chief A. M. Mqalo, said unlike leaders of other states who bought golden beds, President Sebe had never used a single cent of the country's monies for personal use. — DDR.

D. Dispartu e/ 6/83

# Police called out to campus

EAST LONDON — Ciskei police were called out to Fort Hare University when a crowd of students gathered on the campus late last night.

A police spokesman at Alice said about 700 students were creating a disturbance and singing freedom songs

The rector of Fort Hare, Prof J. Lamprecht, could not be contacted for comment

The Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lt-Gen Charles Sebe, would not comment and said he would issue a statement today  
— DDR

D. Dispatel 9/10/83

## Shots fired at <sup>(105)</sup> BCC man's home

MDANTSANE — Three shots were fired at the zone nine home here of a Border Council of Churches (BCC) field worker, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, last night, according to Mr M J. Fuzile, who was present at the time.

Mr Msoki was not at home when the shots were fired.

Mr Fuzile said that shortly after 8.40pm a man knocked at the door and came in asking for Mr Msoki.

When told Mr Msoki was not at home, the man went to the bedroom, looked in, and then left the house.

Mr Fuzile said the man was fairly short and had covered his face with a balaclava cap.

"I jumped up, opened the door and asked who he was and so did Mrs Msoki," he said.

The man shouted to him to "get inside," and when he did not, a shot was fired at his feet.

"I closed the door and

two more shots were fired."

Mr Fuzile said the last two shots went through the steel door. One hit a cabinet in the passage below the lounge in which they were sitting.

Mrs Msoki said she saw a car pull off but could not make out what colour and make it was.

The Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebela, was unable to comment on the matter when approached last night —  
DDR

D-Disputable 9/6/83

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# Potsdam residents to complain to Ciskei govt

EAST LONDON — Residents of the recently created squatter settlement at Potsdam say they are to meet Ciskei Government officials on Sunday to discuss their dissatisfaction with their living conditions.

The residents were moved by the Ciskei Government from a squatter settlement known as Blue Rock at Arnoldon, near Mdantsane, where, they said, they were waiting to be allocated houses in Mdantsane.

The Ciskei Minister of Interior, Mr B. L. Williams, said at the time that Blue Rock lacked basic facilities and was not controlled.

The government was going to provide essential services at Potsdam, had provided material for shacks and would ensure that children attended school.

The government subsequently provided tents to accommodate some of the approximately 600 people who did not have shelter.

A visit to Potsdam this week showed that life is expensive. Brown bread

ing the bush to relieve themselves.

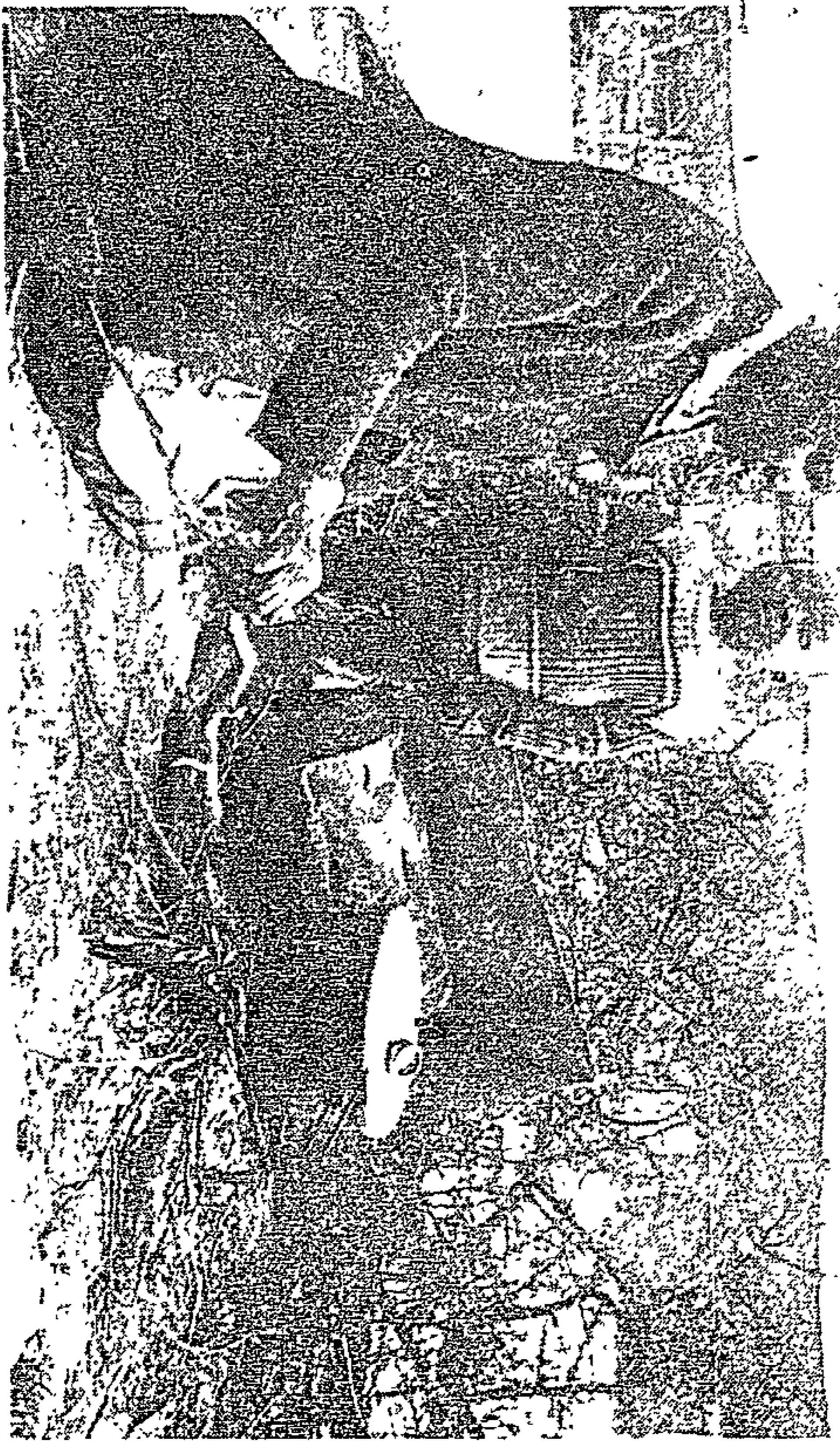
Conditions were dusty. Empty soup kitchen structures were scattered around the camp.

Two women from the old Potsdam village on the opposite side of the road, Mrs Elizabeth Manga and Mrs Emily Ntombana, are working under the headman, Mr Melford April taking down names of the destitute who depend entirely on government supplies of soup and porridge, and handouts from neighbours.

Mrs Manga confirmed that the soup and porridge supplies had been discontinued and would resume when the kitchens had been completed.

Two women who say they were appointed by the tent-town community at Potsdam to air their views through the media, described life as "hell".

They are Mrs Irene Somdaka, a mother of four, and Mrs Francis Mlindiso, a mother of



Mrs Lisa Tanda watched by her great-grandchild, Melisizwe Feleni, reviving the flame so the meal may be ready for lunch. They cook outside, as they cannot afford to buy paraffin.

Mrs Somdaka said old residents were not pleased about the resettlement of Blue Rock people in their area.

"At bus stops these old residents resent our presence. They do not want us to board buses to Mdantsane. They claim the buses are theirs," Mrs Somdaka said.

She said there were only three single pail toilets in the main street

settle, yet we are Ciskeians," said Mrs Mlindiso holding her 22-month old son Ndiphwe.

Six hundred people filled application forms for houses at Mdantsane when Mr Q. Kewuti, MP for Mdantsane and some clerks visited the tent-town, Mrs Mlindiso said.

A diabetic, Mrs Princes Makalima Boya 36,

Hospital once a month for treatment, but since she had been resettled at Potsdam, she could no longer afford the trip to the hospital.

Mr Jackson Mpalala, who receives a disability grant, said he had not been near the Frere Hospital doctors, he is supposed to see weekly, for over a month now.

"I am broke and destitute. My bed and blanket are gone. I have no money to buy soap."

Rock, so now I sleep in my tent on the grass and without blankets. I have appealed to all the authorities that came here to no avail," he said.

Mrs Boya said their children still attended Mdantsane schools some as far away as zone one and two and it was costly and inconvenient.

Others had left school as their parents could no longer afford the bus

# Potsdam residents to complain to Ciskei govt

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The government was going to provide essential services at Potsdam, had provided material for shacks and would ensure that children attended school.

The government subsequently provided tents to accommodate some of the approximately 600 people who did not have shelter

A visit to Potsdam this week showed that life is expensive. Brown bread and paraffin sell for 50c instead of 40c.

Men from the Ciskei Department of Works are constructing corrugated iron structures that will serve as dispensaries and clinics in the future, but residents said there were no medical facilities as yet.

There were three corrugated iron toilet structures lying on their sides, and empty pails that were supposed to serve as toilets. Residents said they were us-

ing the bush to relieve themselves.

Conditions were dusty.

Empty soup kitchen structures were scattered around the camp.

Two women from the old Potsdam village on the opposite side of the road, Mrs Elizabeth Manga and Mrs Emily Ntombana, are working under the headman, Mr Melford April taking down names of the destitute who depend entirely on government supplies of soup and porridge, and handouts from neighbours

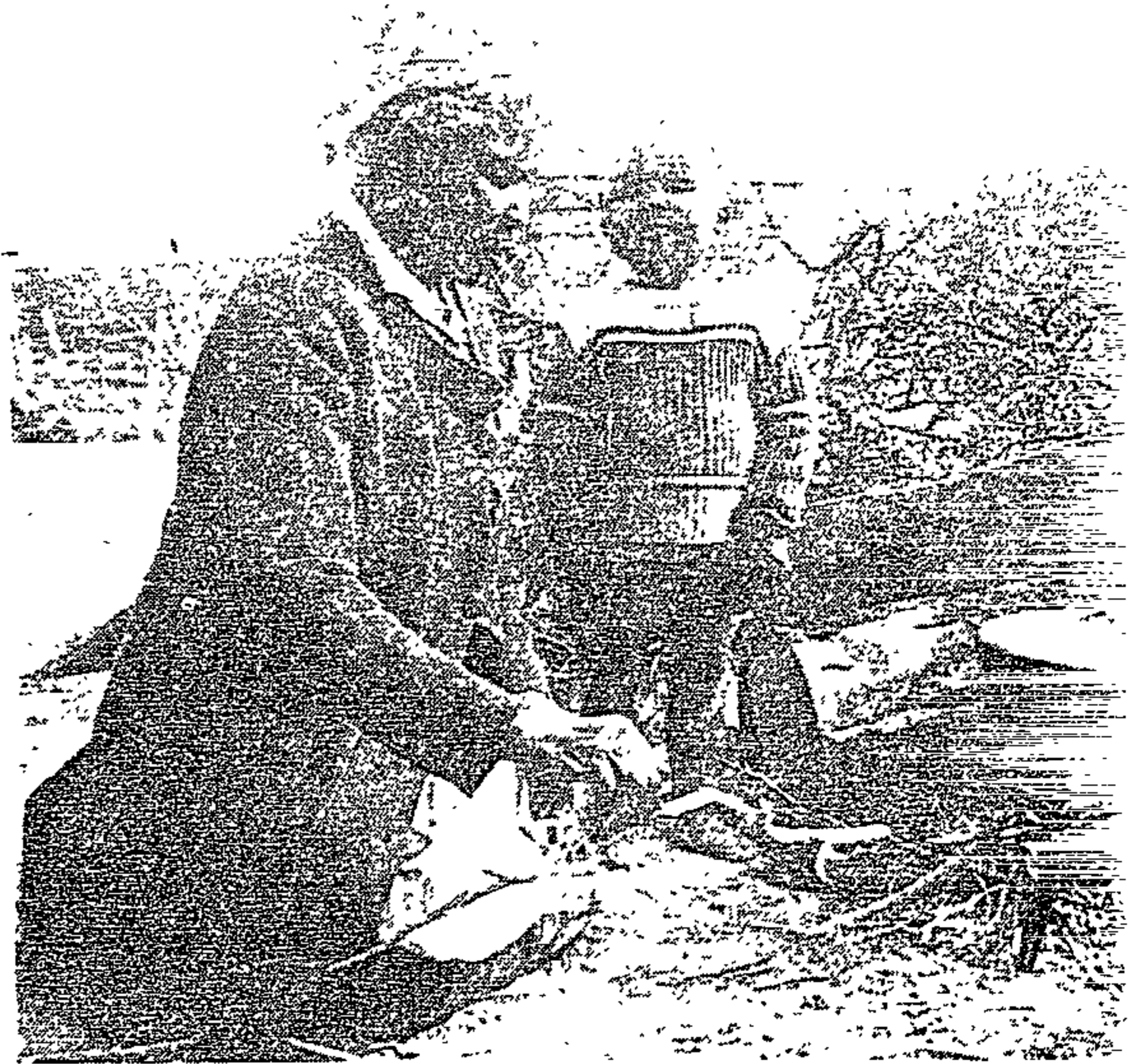
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Two women who say they were appointed by the tent-town community at Potsdam to air their views through the media, described life as "hell".

They are Mrs Irene Somdaka, a mother of four, and Mrs Francis Mlindiso, a mother of three.

"Most families are starving and putting up with unkind weather in tents and shacks while other Ciskeians wax fat. This is all done in the good name of democracy, freedom and independence," Mrs Mlindiso said.

She said government officials had not responded satisfactorily to complaints raised at a previous meeting with residents.



Mrs Lisa Tanda watched by her great-grandchild, Melisizwe Feleni, reviving be ready for lunch. They cook outside, as they cannot afford

Mrs Somdaka said old residents were not pleased about the resettlement of Blue Rock people in their area.

"At bus stops these old residents resent our presence. They do not want us to board buses to Mdantsane. They claim the buses are theirs," Mrs Somdaka said.

She said there were only three single pail toilets in the main street of the tent-town.

Water for domestic purposes was drawn from taps and tanks one-and-a-half kilometres from the tent-town.

"We have been to Zwelitsha to see our president but failed every time to meet him and voice our grievances. We want the people to know the conditions under which we live through no fault of ours."

"We are a lost community with nowhere to

settle, yet we are Ciskeians," said Mrs Mlindiso holding her 22 month old son Ndimphele.

Six hundred people filled application forms for houses at Mdantsane when Mr Q. Kewuti, MP for Mdantsane and some clerks visited the tent-town, Mrs Mlindiso said.

A diabetic, Mrs Princess Makalima Boya, 36, said she was supposed to visit Cecilia Makiwane

Hospital once a month for treatment, but since she had been resettled at Potsdam, she could no longer afford the trip to the hospital.

Mr Jackson Mpala who receives a disability grant, said he had been near the Free Hospital doctors he supposed to see weekly for over a month.

"I am broke and destitute. My bed and blankets were stolen when I moved here from Bl

# We want that promised land now, says Mafani

BISHO — A motion calling for the handing over to Ciskei of all the land that fell under the 1975 land proposal by the end of next month was unanimously adopted in the National Assembly yesterday.

Introducing the motion, the Minister of Rural Development, Mr V H Mafani, said the land question was a vital and crucial issue to any country, particularly a developing country like Ciskei.

Ciskei was looking for a firm commitment from South Africa that all the land promised to be handed over by the end of 1982 should be handed over by the end of July.

Ciskei accepted the initial handing over deadline of December 1982 but this deadline was delayed by the South African Government and a new date in March was set but the promise was not fulfilled.

Mr Mafani said Ciskei had the highest population density in Southern Africa. The country was not happy with the concession in some of its areas.

Ciskeians were shocked that the 1975 land proposals had not been fulfilled up to now and were again shocked that the 1980 land agreement was not fulfilled.

The Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J. T. Mabandla, said that were it not for the fact that Ciskeians were peaceful by nature there would have been great misunderstanding, even to the extent of fighting the South African Government with stones.

Ciskei had been patient for too long and it should take another stand now that it was an independent sovereign state.

He suggested that Ciskei should demand all the promised land.

Chief Mabandla said that in the old Legislative Assembly at Zwelitsha he had once said officials in Pretoria treated Ciskeians as "senseless boys". It was now time to show them that Ciskeians had brains that would make them shudder.

Every resident in Ciskei was allotted at least one eighth of an acre. He asked what a farmer could do with such a small piece of land because he could not build a kraal or garden if he managed to build a decent house.

He said congestion resulted in the friction between chiefs and their subjects and between chiefs themselves.

Chief W. P. Zibi said chiefs wanted land to expand. The land shortage had put chiefs in a critical position.

Ciskei should get back its historical land not just the promised portions.

The Deputy Whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, said the land question had been disheartening for a long time. He said officials in Pretoria did not know the illfeeling it was causing between the chiefs and their subjects.

Chief S. M. Hebe said the chiefs and President Sebe were in a difficult position because of the burden placed upon their shoulders by the non-fulfilment of land promises by South Africa. If President Sebe had



CHIEF MABANDLA

not intervened a stage of conflict would often have been reached.

"We are now fed up with these unfulfilled promises," he said.

"How long are the delaying tactics to be perpetuated? How long have we clamoured for land and we are looked at like puppets?"

Chief Hebe suggested the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr P. Botha, Prime Minister P. W. Botha and the Minister of Co-operation, Dr Piet Koornhof, should be invited to have round table talks with the chiefs in Ciskei. — DDR.

## Chief withdraws terrorist remark

BISHO — Ciskei's deputy whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, yesterday withdrew a remark that the house should join the "terrorists" if they could set free the land that belonged to Ciskei.

He said if he was the president he would invite them to release the land.

He said this during the discussion of a motion calling for the handing over to Ciskei all land that fell under the 1975 land proposal.

The Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, objected to the call to join the "terrorists." He likened them to a jackal that could cause destruction to many farmers. He appealed to Chief Mavuso to withdraw his remarks saying a terrorist remained a terrorist and could never change its colours.

Chief Mavuso said he was expressing his opinion and was not going to change other people's opinions.

The Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, appealed to the speaker not to allow MPs to be emotional and angry when discussing the land issue.

He said Chief Mavuso should withdraw his reference to "terrorists".

He asked what would happen if the press reported the call to join "terrorists" while their sons, his two sons, did not sleep for hunting "terrorists" at Mdantsane.

"As Vice-President I would not say I would ask my two sons to withdraw tomorrow but I want the house to refute that statement," he said.

Chief S. M. Hebe in turn asked Mr Xaba not to get heated. He said it was a fact that his sons were watching out for "terrorists" like Mr Namba Sebe's. He had heard though that Chief Mavuso was making an example of a man who had asked him if he would not join them if they promised to set certain land free. He however asked the chief to withdraw.

Chief Mavuso said he did not want to explain his remark at length and withdrew it especially as he had been understood to involve the whole House. — DDR.

## Barratt to speak in FL

EAST LONDON — Professor John Barratt, the director-general of the South African Institute of International Affairs, will visit East London on June 15 to speak on "Thoughts the White House is having on Southern African Affairs".

The interim chairman of the institute's Border branch, Mr Richard Cook, said a formal committee would be elected and a branch constitution would be determined at the meeting.

Mr Cook said the Border branch was anxious to build up an interested membership which would attract national and international speakers to East London. He said the institute was established in 1934 as a non-partisan organization whose aim was to provide a wider and more informed understanding of international issues, particularly those affecting South Africa.

He said the meeting on June 15 would be open to members and prospective members of the Institute. — DDR.

# Dairy men: price unacceptable

PRETORIA — The government's milk price increase offer made after this week's Cabinet meeting was unacceptable to the dairy industry, according to Pretoria sources.

Yesterday the chairman of the Dairy Board, Mr Jan van Vuuren, and the secretary of the SA

Agricultural Union's dairy committee, Mr J. Liebenberg, flew to Cape Town for urgent discussions with the Minister of Agriculture, Mr Greyling Wentzel.

The government angered milk farmers by delaying an announcement of new prices. — DDC.

# Council to consider rezoning of site

EAST LONDON — The construction of a supermarket, shop complex and service station on a site at 75 Main Road, Amalinda, by Checkers (Pty) Limited, depends on whether the city

The city council will consider the application after June 28, the closing date for the lodging of written objections to the application.

"Right now the project is very much in the premature stages of planning," Mr Taylor added.

The size, cost and layout of the planned complex was "still very pro-

# Soldier on probation Man killed sister

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# Ciskei demand for handover of land by SA

(105) E. Post  
9/6/83

BISHO — A motion calling for the handing over to Ciskei by the end of next month of all the land promised to it by South Africa, was unanimously adopted in the Ciskei National Assembly.

Introducing the motion, the Minister of Rural Development, Mr V H Mafani, said the land question was a vital issue to a developing country.

Ciskei was looking for a firm commitment from South Africa that all land under the 1975 land proposal, which South Africa initially promised to hand over by the end of last year, should be handed over by the end of July.

Mr Mafani said Ciskei had the highest population density in Southern Africa and Ciskeians were shocked that the 1975 land proposals had not been fulfilled.

The National Assembly has also agreed that President Lennox Sebe should be Life President of Ciskei.

Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba, yesterday introduced a motion that the Ciskei Constitution Act be amended to make provision for the President to become Life President in order to "secure the interest of the Republic of Ciskei," and for the sake of continuity, and to demonstrate the high esteem in which the people of Ciskei held him.

In terms of the constitution of 1981, the President can hold office for seven years.

Motivating his motion, Mr Xaba said President Sebe held office as the head of the Government, and had played a prominent role in shaping the constitutional development of Ciskei.

"I feel it will be a fitting reward for the dedicated manner in which he has served Ciskei during his entire working life," said Mr Xaba. — Sapa

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# OWEN VANQA at the Ciskei National Assembly

## Ciskei overspends by R9,5 million

BISHO — The sessional committee on public accounts reported that R9 571 924,80 had been unauthorised expenditure for 1981/82.

In his first report the chairman of the committee, Mr W. M. Boqwana, said the committee, having made inquiry into the circumstances, recommended the above sum for specific appropriation by the National Assembly.

The apportioned amounts were:

Presidency.....	R443 758,12;
Public Works.....	R2 015 894,51
Education.....	R691 354,48
Justice.....	R85 593,37
Health and Welfare.....	R4 559 156,52
Manpower Utilisation.....	R48 301,81
Transport.....	R1 727 865,99
Total.....	R9 571 924,80

Mr Boqwana said the committee was, however, concerned that the general reason offered in evidence by certain accounting officers for the over expenditure was attributed to the fact that insufficient funds were granted.

Although most departments were run on 'shoe-string' budgets, the committee felt that 'insufficient funds granted' could not be accepted as a valid reason for over-expenditure of a vote, especially if presidential authority could be granted in terms of the Constitution Act for monies in the revenue fund to be used to offset an expected excess on a vote.

Mr Boqwana said the sessional committee had recommended that accounting officers strictly adhere to their duties and responsibilities as clearly defined in the financial regulations. That treasury, by maintaining the records, monitor all the requisitions, expenditure and so on and advise accounting officers accordingly where necessary and that applications for a presidential warrant where an excess on a vote was expected, be submitted timeously in order that the necessary consideration be accorded in all cases.

"The committee, finally, wishes to advise all accounting officers that unauthorised expenditure is viewed in an extremely serious light and that in terms of the Exchequer and Audit Act, if the expenditure is not validated the amount involved may be recovered from the accounting officer," he said.

In the committee's report, Mr Boqwana, said

treasury replies to the sessional committee were only tabled late this year with the result that the committee did not consider replies to last year's resolutions when its meeting was held in May.

These replies by the treasury were important documents and were intended to consider view of executive government in reply to the matters raised on behalf of the National Assembly by the committee. Replies indicated action taken or to be taken by executive government in implementations of such recommendations as were accepted and, where not accepted, gave reasoned reply for the non-adoption thereof.

Mr Boqwana said the committee recommended that treasury replies to previous year's resolutions must be tabled in the assembly early in the ensuing session and formally referred to the incoming sessional committee on public accounts for consideration.

He said the Auditor-General pointed out that despite resolutions being tabled by the sessional committee in the past and the assurance given in the replies thereto that steps had been taken to remedy the position, the non-clearance of and lack of control over suspense accounts still existed.

The committee, having heard evidence and realising the danger regarding the potential loss of monies which could occur if the matter was not attended to immediately, recommended computerisation of these accounts which in its opinion would vastly improve the position of the control of the recovery of the monies due to the government.

Dealing with the staff position in the office of the Auditor-General, he said the Auditor-General had stated that out of a total of 48 posts on the authorised establishment as at January 31, only 17 were filled, leaving 21 posts vacant.

The committee having heard evidence that there had since been an improvement in the position, nevertheless, noted with concern that about 45 per cent of the posts were still vacant. The committee felt it essential that the Auditor-General should continually have sufficient, competent and properly trained staff at his disposal.

The central personnel administration should do all in its power to ensure that the vacant posts were filled with suitably experienced officers and the treasury acquire the necessary funds for this additional expenditure. — DDR

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D-Dispatch 10/6/83

# Ciskei air service bill warmly welcomed

BISHO — The Ciskei Air Service Control Bill was read a second time in the National Assembly yesterday.

The Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, said the purpose of the bill was to consolidate and amend, all within the Ciskeian control, the law dealing with the licensing and control of air carriers and air services.

It prescribed the appointment of a central board as the licensing and controlling authority, dictated powers, authorities and functions of the Central Transport Board, prohibited air service operation without a valid licence and empowered the President to exempt from licensing visiting aircraft from other states.

The bill also described the circumstances and manner in which the Central Board may cancel or suspend an air carrier licence.

Welcoming the bill the deputy whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, said the time of the ox wagon had passed and time had come for Ciskei to use fast air service.

Parcels and passengers would no longer have to take time to reach their destinations.

Mr Q. Kewuti said the introduction of the bill

sounded like a dream because in 1972 Ciskei was told by a senior official from Pretoria that she would never have the control of the sky, seas and the police. Today the country had all these. He thanked President Lennox Sebe for bringing Ciskei to this position.

In his maiden speech the new Minister of Health, Dr H. C. Beukes, said the bill was another step to total independence. Ciskei was standing on the threshold of a new era of aviation. The runway at the Bisho airstrip would soon be reconstructed and this would increase air transport.

Dr Beukes said President Sebe had announced the proposed training of six pilots. These would be trained in light aircraft up to the level of fighter pilots.

He said stringent medical tests and regulations should be applied in the selection of pilots. To train one pilot cost a quarter of a million rands and Ciskei could not afford to waste state money to train people who would go half-way and not complete the course.

Dr Beukes said senior civil servants should undergo stringent annual tests for motor vehicles as well. Many

people with various defects were allowed to drive motor vehicles.

The Minister of Rural Development, Mr V. H. Mafani, said Ciskei was endowed with rich natural resources and were it not for the gripping drought the country could expect some of its agricultural products to lose its air service. If the country wanted to import animals it could do so with its air service.

More than a decade ago nobody thought there would ever be such talk as air control or the training of pilots.

He praised the government for planning ahead. — DDR.

# Air Carriage legislation to be amended

BISHO — The Carriage by Air Amendment Bill was read a second time in the assembly yesterday.

In his second reading speech, the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, said the bill proposed to amend the 1946 Act into a Ciskeian measure.

The Carriage by Air Act of 1946 was enacted in the first place to give effect to the Warsaw Convention of 1929 relating to international carriage by air, especially as regards the rights and liabilities of air carriers,

passengers, consignors and consignees as well as other persons.

That convention was binding on Ciskei in terms of the Republic of Ciskei Constitution Act and for this reason it was necessary to convert references in the act to South African authorities and institutions into references to the appropriate Ciskeian authorities and institutions

The bill empowered the President of Ciskei to ratify any amendment of or addition to the Warsaw Convention, he said. — DDR.

# Tax bill lenient on corporations

BISHO — The Income Tax Amendment Bill introduced in the Assembly, contained among other things exemptions in respect of receipts and accruals of the corporations, the Minister of Finance and Economic Development, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, said in his second reading speech of the bill.

He said the exemptions were due to the fact that the corporations did not only take cognisance of the economic viability of proposals, but considered foremost the extremely important issues of Ciskeian employment opportunities coupled with their training.

Corporations did from time to time receive special grants and subsidies which, if subjected to taxation, could cause the source to reconsider the payment thereof. This could obviate valuable income if taxed.

"There are vast numbers of concessions and tax rebates granted to industrialists and businessmen in Ciskei" he said.

"If a corporation is taxed it will also have to be granted the same concessions and rebates which could amount to large state expenditure to the corporation." — DDR.

# 2 500 men in anti-terrorist operation

105

MDANTSANE — A "routine operation directed at the eradication of terrorism" was carried out by 2 500 men backed by four aircraft here early yesterday morning, according to the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

The operation lasted from 4 am until noon

Men from both Ciskei and South Africa, including two South African Defence Force helicopters and the Ciskei Defence Force helicopter and Skyvan, were involved, General Sebe said

Three people were arrested for "other" offences during the eight-hour operation, he added.

"The operation was successful and fruitful, because we proved what we wanted to prove," General Sebe said.

"We are aware of the fact that terrorists are constant in their operations. We have, however, decided on constant vigilance and we can't stop now.

"Any terrorist who has received training of any kind from the communists, and who thinks he can set foot in this region, will have himself to blame and not the armed forces of Ciskei and South Africa," General Sebe said.

According to eyewitnesses, roadblocks were set up throughout Mdantsane and also at the entrance to the city near Fort Jackson.

Cars were stopped and the occupants and vehicles were searched while the aircraft flew overhead.

Houses were also searched, it was said.

Mr Mxolisi Nokhangela, a member of the General Workers' Union, said members of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service entered his home at 5.30 am.

"They confiscated union booklets, my membership card and a copy of the GWU's constitution," Mr Nokhangela said yesterday.

He added the search had made him late for work.

A short statement issued by Mr Msokoli Uotole, an official at the union's head office in Cape Town, said: "This kind of harassment will only sour relations between our union and the Ciskei Government".

An SADF spokesman said late yesterday afternoon, the SADF had nothing to add to General Sebe's comments.

He said it was understandable that the defence force would cooperate closely with independent states to solve common problems.

General Sebe said it was significant that "during the past few weeks of terrorist operations the strategy arrived at by the enemy is of international standard."

"This is a fact that we must accept. It demands more vigilance and constant surveillance of the enemy because, once we show signs of inconsistency, it is then that the enemy will strike and strike bitterly.

"We must co-ordinate our forces in Southern Africa as well as in our black states, accepting the fact that we have a very wide border that has to be covered by the forces to prevent the encroachment of trained terrorists in our territories," General Sebe said.

— DDR.

~~1~~ ~~2~~ D. Dispatch 4/6/83

# 21 held in protest against hangings

~~111~~  
105

ALICE — Twenty-one students were detained at the University of Fort Hare in the early hours of yesterday morning after a demonstration against the hanging of three members of the African National Congress.

This was confirmed by the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

Students said there was a "total boycott of classes" yesterday in protest against the hanging of Mr Thelle Simon Moegerane, Mr Jerry Semano Mosoloi and Mr Marcus Thabo Motaung.

And later yesterday, representatives from the University's Athletics Union and its Central Cultural Committee said they met with the rector, Professor J. Lamprecht, to discuss the detention of their colleagues.

Prof Lamprecht was not available for comment last night.

Students spoken to yesterday said the detained students had been taken from their hostel rooms about half-an-hour after the demonstration at the university entrance, in which one car was overturned and the campus security office was stoned.

They said 2 000 students were involved in the demonstration. This was disputed yesterday by the university's public relations officer, Mr N. Holliday, who said 400 students had been involved.

In a statement, Mr Holliday said the "mob" of students had "broken a few windows" after overturning the car and "stoned several others".

Mr Holliday also said he was "unaware" of a boycott of classes.

"As far as I know things are normal," he said.

Lecturers spoken to said they had not given any classes yesterday.

Students said male students had marched to the security gate in the early hours of the morning and were confronted by a group of security guards.

Students said stones had been thrown at the campus security officers, who had then fled. The male students marched to the women's hostels, from where they moved back to the security gate.

Police arrived soon afterwards, they said, and the group dispersed. About half an hour later, police visited the hostels and detained 21 students.

General Sebe said last night that Ciskei's attorney-general would receive information on the detentions today and make a decision "soon" on whether to prosecute.

In Umtata a memorial service was held at the University of Transkei last night for the three executed African National Congress men.

A message condemning the execution on behalf of the SRC was read at the well-attended meeting.

Charges under the Internal Security Act are being drawn up by police against 23 people arrested in Durban yesterday after police stopped a march of about 200 students and workers protesting against the hanging of the three ANC terrorists.

In another protest demonstration at the University of Zululand at Ngoye on Wednesday night about 700 students went on the rampage and caused about R50 000 damage on the campus.

They set a police vehicle alight, broke into the campus tuckshop and shattered numerous windows with stones. No one was injured and no arrests were made.

In the Durban protest march police also confiscated banner slogans made up of the colours of the banned ANC when they stopped the procession and ordered the marchers, who were singing and chanting slogans, to disperse.

The arrested people were taken to C. R. Swart Square police headquarters and were later released after being questioned.

In London, nine people appeared before Bow Street magistrates following the 24-hour demonstration outside the South African Embassy on Wednesday night.

Steve and Amandla Kitson whose father David is serving a 20-year sentence for treason in Pretoria Central Prison, were among the group charged with obstructing police and using threatening behaviour. Their cases were postponed to June 30.

Anti-apartheid activists gathered in several European capitals yesterday to pay tribute to the three dead men. There was a memorial service at a church near the South African Embassy.

The British Government, one of many which appealed to South African authorities to grant clemency, had no further comment yesterday.

The Dutch Government condemned the hangings, and in a statement from The Hague said:

"We deeply regret that these executions were carried out and we fear that they will escalate the chain of violence in South Africa," Foreign Ministry spokesman Mr Bert Wildenburg said. — DDR-DDC.



The main security gate - students in the early... broken at the .

105

"O. Dispatch" 14/6/83 DAI

# Court told trial defendants in 2nd week of hunger strike

ZWELITSHA — The four Mdantsane men appearing in a terrorism trial in the Ciskei Supreme Court here had been on a hunger strike since May 29, the defending advocate, Mr M. I. Moerane, told Mr Chief Justice De Wet yesterday.

Mr Moerane said the four men — Mr William Mabone Duna, 31, Mr Dumisani Bizette Maninjwa, 31, Mr Jeffrey Bay Keye, 52, and Mr Luyanda Patrick Mayekiso, 23, — had several complaints leading to their decision to go without food.

He said these were in connection with food, bedding and the fact that

they were held in solitary confinement

He added this had been taken up with the prison authorities and Mr Justice De Wet said it should be taken up at the highest level.

"There is a point in connection with accused-No 3 (Mr Keye) in that there was a recommendation from Dr Russell and Prof Ames of Cape Town that he should not be kept alone," Mr Moerane said.

This followed a period in which Mr Keye had fallen ill and been taken to Groote Schuur Hospital, Cape Town.

Mr Moerane said another ruling by doc-

tors at Mount Coke Hospital applicable to Mr Mayekiso that he should be provided with a mattress was not being adhered to. A mattress was provided for him at one stage but had since been withdrawn.

The Chief Justice said he thought it "most unwise" of the men to weaken themselves by refusing to eat. Earlier he said the matter was out of his hands and needed handling by the prison authorities.

The four men have pleaded not guilty to being members of the banned ANC, participating in terrorist activities, recruiting others for military training in

Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications

The hearing yesterday, as in the past few weeks of the trial was taken up by a trial-within-a-trial to establish the admissibility of confessions allegedly made by Mr Duna, Mr Maninjwa and Mr Mayekiso

The defence alleges that the confessions were made as a result of assaults and torture by police while the State holds that they were made freely and voluntarily.

Before the start of

yesterday's proceedings the Chief Justice said he believed Mr Moerane had problems getting the principal district surgeon of East London to give evidence in court. This was in connection with certain documents in the possession of the South African prison authorities

Mr Moerane said Dr Wingreen had said he was not allowed to have notes or to disclose the contents of the documents unless he had the permission of the Minister of Law and Order.

"We are following this up with Pretoria," Mr Moerane said.

EAST LONDON — Conditions laid down in the new law concerning the Unemployment Insurance Fund in Ciskei are seen as intimidatory tactics by three local trade unions.

A statement, issued jointly by the African Food and Canning Workers' Union, the General Workers' Union and the South African Allied Workers' Union, was in reaction to a statement by the Ciskei Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief L. W. Maqoma.

Piloting the Bill for the establishment of a Ciskei Unemployment Insurance Fund, Chief Maqoma said in the Ciskei National Assembly that "persons who voluntarily leave employment or were dismissed through misconduct might be disqualified from the benefits accruing from the fund."

The joint statement of the three unions, issued

through Mr Bonisile Norushe, organising secretary of the African Food and Canning Workers' Union, said the claim that the UIF would be safe in the hands of the Ciskei Government had come as no surprise to the unions.

"With reference to qualifications for obtaining benefits from the fund, the Ciskei Government simply exposes its ulterior motive in opening a UIF," the statement added.

"Surely any leader should never deny his country's citizens social benefits, especially when they have contributed to such benefits"

# Ciskei UIF law seen as intimidatory

The Trade Union Council of South Africa's (TUCSA) representative on the Unemployment Insurance Board, Miss Sarah Chitja, of Johannesburg, said if Ciskei decided to disqualify workers from benefits for any reason, such action would not be in keeping with agreements reached with representatives of various independent states on the matter early this year.

"When we met them it was agreed in principle that all the regulations applicable in South Africa would be maintained and that any deviation from that should not discredit the worker."

Miss Chitja said

She added that at that meeting the procedure to be followed by nationals of such independent states who were working in South Africa was laid down and a uniform system was agreed upon.

Among these was the provision that if workers were penalised for any action when they resigned from jobs they had a right to appeal within 21 days. Miss Chitja said

"They should not be disqualified. They may only lose benefits for a week or two at the most"

Miss Chitja said she had been penalised when she resigned from a factory without giving the necessary five days notice.

She was certain no workers in South Africa had been disqualified from UIF benefits —  
DDR

105

10/6/83

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*Dispatch 10/6/83*  
**Sebe inquires into shooting**

MDANTSANE — The Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said yesterday he had "made inquiries" in connection with a shooting incident at the home of a Border Council of Churches field worker, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, on Thursday

night. Mr Msoki was not at home at the time of the incident in which a shot was fired at the feet of Mr M. J. Fuzile when he answered a knock at the door. Two more shots were fired when Mr Fuzile slammed the door closed.

The shooting was car-

ried out by a man wearing a balaclava.

General Sebe said yesterday the incident had not been reported to the police, but added he had "made inquiries".

If the incident was reported, police would investigate thoroughly. — DDR.



# Ciskei's 2nd mixed marriage

14/6/83 N. Dispatch 105



conducted after their

MDANTSANE — A 22-year-old Mdantsane man married a 53-year-old woman from Northcliff, Johannesburg, yesterday.

The marriage of Mr Phumlani Matthews Mbane to Mrs Johanna Catharina Burger was solemnised by Mr M. L. Kashe, a Ciskei magistrate. It was Ciskei's second mixed marriage.

Mr Mbane is the son of Mr and Mrs L. T. Mbane, of Zone 9, Mdantsane. His father is a priest at the Anglican St Francis Church and also deputy principal of Bulumko Higher Primary School in Zone One.

His mother is a nurse at Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

Mr Mbane said he had been unemployed and a heavy drinker and smoker.

After he had met Mrs Burger in Mdantsane where she was doing faith-healing work, there had been a change in his life.

He started assisting her in her work and they subsequently decided to marry.

Mrs Burger said she was an orphan, and had obtained an accountancy degree in Cape Town.

Mrs Burger said she was pleased with the kindness the Ciskei Government had shown them by offering two rent-free houses in Zone Nine and a car. — DDR

O Disparu  
11/6/83  
105

## Shooting witness contests statement

EAST LONDON — A man who was present when shots were fired at the home of a Border Council of Churches field worker, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, on Wednesday night, yesterday said the matter had been reported to the police immediately after the shooting.

Mr F. J. Fuzile was reacting to a statement by the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, who said the matter had not been reported to the police.

Mr Fuzile said Mr L.

Boniwe, a friend of the family, had telephoned the Mdantsane police and was told to telephone the Vulindlela police in Zone 13

He said Mr Boniwe had done that and police had visited the Msoki home after 11 pm on Wednesday

They had taken an empty cartridge from Mr Boniwe and returned later to take statements from people who were there when the shooting took place.

Mr Fuzile said he had not been there when the police arrived — DDR

June 1983 Sowetan

# Ciskei court hears of threats

THE Ciskei Supreme Court heard this week that the main object of the security police in their interrogation of one of the four accused facing terrorism charges, was to force him to implicate himself with African National Congress activities.

Appearing before Mr Justice D S de Wet are Mr William Duna (31), Mr Dumisani Maninjwe (31), Mr Bayi Keye

(52), and Mr Luyanda Mayekiso (23), all of Mdantsane township near East London.

The four have pleaded not guilty to charges of taking part in terrorist activities, being members of the banned ANC, recruiting people to undergo military training in Lesotho and being in possession of banned publications.

Advocate M T Moe-rane, for the accused, al-

leged that the security police had tried to extract certain information from all the accused by force.

Detective-sergeant Robby Keith of the East London Security Police denied that he had assaulted the detainees during their interrogation at Cambridge police station in East London.

The sergeant also denied that the police threw darts into a pic-

ture of Mr Steve Biko, the black consciousness leader who died in detention, which was pinned on to the wall of his office.

The sergeant admitted he "had asked Mr Duna a few questions." He described Mr Duna as a co-operative detainee who wrote statements freely and voluntarily.

The trial continues today. — Sapa.

105

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D. Dispatcher  
**Order returns  
to Fort Hare**

11/6/83  
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~~5/11/83~~

ALICE — Lectures were held "as usual" at the University of Fort Hare yesterday

Mr Holliday added that classes went ahead as usual "and the students are walking round with smiles on their faces"

Students said they had attended lectures as planned after a one-day boycott in protest against Thursday's hanging of three members of the African National Congress

The 21 students arrested on Thursday will probably appear in court on Monday, according to a police spokesman here.

They said a student delegation had tried to see the rector, Professor J. Lamprecht, yesterday to discuss the detention of 21 students who were arrested after a demonstration on Thursday.

He said they would probably appear in the Alice magistrate's court on charges of public violence. — DDR

The students said they were refused a hearing on the grounds that they did not represent the student body.

**Missiles: Nato warns Moscow**

Prof Lamprecht's secretary referred Press inquiries to the university's public relations officer, Mr N Holliday.

PARIS — The Nato Alliance, in a final challenge to Moscow, warned yesterday that new US missiles will be installed in Western Europe in six months if arms negotiations remain deadlocked

Mr Holliday said some students had been allowed to speak to the registrar of administration, Mr H de Goede, and the registrar, Mr H Jones, on Thursday. He was not aware of an application for a meeting

The US Secretary of State, Mr George Shultz, said the West was resolved to go ahead with the basing plan unless concrete results could be achieved in US-Soviet talks in Geneva.

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11/6/83  
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D. Dispatth  
EAST LONDON — An  
Mdantsane man was  
found guilty of  
failing to give two  
weeks notice to his former  
place of employment.

Mr David Phindani, 37,  
of NU 9, pleaded not  
guilty to leaving Eller-  
ines Holding Limited on  
April 30, 1982, without  
giving proper notice.

Mr Phindani said he  
left his work because  
R10 had been deducted  
from his salary.

Mr Phindani's evi-  
dence was rejected and  
he was made to pay his  
former employers  
R131.54 in monthly in-  
stalments.

He was also fined an  
additional R100 or 50  
days imprisonment. —  
DDR

# Drought may start surge to the cities

all AREAS 11/6/83



## Weekend Argus Bureau

PORT ELIZABETH. — Top officials have warned that there is an imminent danger of an influx of drought-impooverished Ciskeians and Transkeians to South African cities, including Cape Town.

The chief director of the East Cape Administration Board, Mr Louis Koch, and the chief commissioner of the Department of Co-operation and Development in this area, Mr George Reynolds, echoed the stern warning by Mr Errol Moorcraft, PFP MP for Albany, in Parliament this week.

The jurisdiction of these officials includes the drought-stricken Border areas around East London, King William's Town and Queenstown.

### Accelerated

"We will have to be alert for an accelerated urbanisation so that we can be prepared," Mr Koch said.

"I am not aware of a noticeable increased migration to cities, but this is definitely a reality we will have to look at."

A place were such a process was likely to manifest itself first was Mdantsane in Ciskei, on East London's doorstep.

It was difficult to measure such a migration, particularly as those entering areas illegally would attempt to do so unnoticed.

However, Administration Board inspectors in townships would soon realise if the number of people to a housing unit was changing drastically.

There would also probably be a significant increase in the number of people prosecuted under influx laws, but the urbanisation would also be from farms within South Africa to the cities.

One way of neutralising possible large-scale urbanisation because of the drought would be to remove the motivation for moving from drought-stricken areas by providing aid to reduce the effect of the drought, said Mr Koch.

Mr Reynolds agreed that it was likely that drought-stricken people would stream to cities to find an alternative income. "This will worsen our current housing problems considerably."

Mr Moorcraft said in an interview that his warning referred not only to the Eastern Cape, but also the Western Cape, Durban and the Pretoria/Witwatersrand/Vereeniging area.

### Squatter camp

It was difficult to measure the degree of migration, but the Western Cape squatter camp populations were probably increased by the drought.

The Langa courts there were already working flat out to deal with the prosecutions for illegal entry into the area.

"One gets the feeling that squatting in Port Elizabeth has almost got out of hand. There appears to be a build-up of illegal people in cities."

Such an influx would also increase arrests for crime through desperation as unemployment was high and employers would be scared to provide work for those from other areas.

Asked to comment, Ciskeian Government officials said statistics on migration from rural areas were not available.

All 'mod cons' for this beat

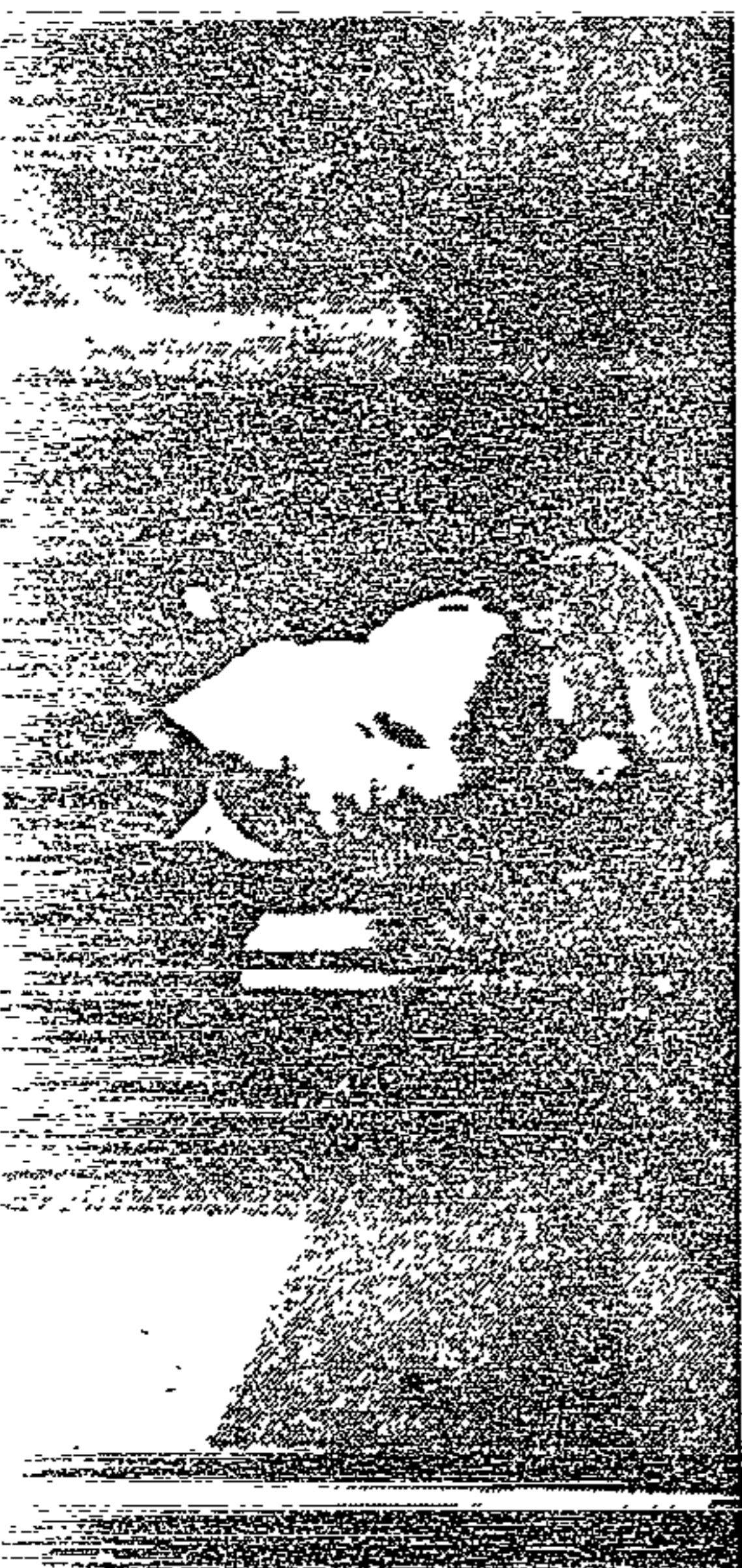
## Weekend Argus

Bureau EAST LONDON. — Jackie, East London's Ne American brown be could be having a ho warming party in Or ber

Construction of new R70 000 enclosure the Queens Park here is due to begin July 4. It is expected be completed within three months.

Although the R70 cash target has been after a R50 000 donation from Somerset West lionaire Laureen Wyk, donations in k are still being sought.

Mr Donald Card, chairman of the Save Jac Our Bear fund, said among the materials needed were about 10 bricks and a particular type of piping.



# Feet on the beat — that's 'Tiny' Strydom

## By BRUCE HOPWOOD

Weekend Argus Reporter

WARRANT Officer "Tiny" Strydom has been walking the streets of Cape Town since 1947.

He is an old-fashioned bobby on the beat, and even

"All the skollies knew who I was. They used to call me the 'oubaas van jare,'" he says.

It is not surprising that he can't recall any pleasant situations or ever being in fear of his while walking his beat. Just over 2m tall, this

Weekend Argus June 11 1983

# Drought may start surge to the cities

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105

## Weekend Argus Bureau

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A place were such a process was likely to manifest itself first was Mdantsane in Ciskei, on East London's doorstep.

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However, Administration Board inspectors in townships would soon realise if the number of people to a housing unit was changing drastically.

There would also probably be a significant increase in the number of people prosecuted under influx laws, but the urbanisation would also be from farms within South Africa to the cities.

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Asked to comment, Ciskeian Government officials said statistics on migration from rural areas were not available.

# Feet on the beat that's 'Tiny' Str

By BRUCE HOPWOOD  
Weekend Argus Reporter

**WARRANT Officer "Tiny" Stridom** has been walking the streets of Cape Town since 1947.

He is an old-fashioned bobby on the beat, and even after 36 years' duty at Caledon Square, Warrant Officer Stridom still prefers a foot patrol.

"All the skollies knew when me the 'oubaas van jare'."

It is not surprising that pleasant situations of ever while walking his beat. Junior police boxer strikes a darkened avenue.



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# Hands off Fort Hare, Transkei MP is told

By BENITO PHILLIPS

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — The Ciskei's Department of Foreign Affairs is at loggerheads with a Transkei MP on the question of the handing-over of the Fort Hare University.

Mr Mike Mazwana, MP for Umtata, demanded in the Transkei Legislative Assembly that South Africa should refuse to hand over the university to the Ciskei.

He said Pretoria must be asked to retain Fort Hare as an independent university under the control of the Department of Education.

## Scathing

In response, the Department of Foreign Affairs of Ciskei issued a scathing statement saying Mr Mazwana's remarks were "devoid of any logic and should be treated with contempt".

The Department accused Mr Mazwana of being ill-informed "and should be ashamed to reveal his ignorance".

"Let him go back and read his history books, perhaps he will learn something about boundaries."

## Rightful

"He should have known that Transkei's acceptance of independence meant forfeiture of any claim to the university since it fell outside the political boundaries of his country," the statement said.

"Ciskei has clearly stated its rightful claim to Fort Hare which is included in the package for political boundaries of Ciskei," the statement said.



# Ciskei stuck with

# Sebe

# HE HAS BEEN MADE PRESIDENT FOR LIFE

CP Correspondent

JO'BURG — President Lennox Sebe has been made life president of Ciskei.

The decision taken unanimously in the Ciskei National Assembly this week, follows a similar decision in Venda recently installing Chief Patrick Mphahpu on the Thohoyandou throne for life.

Ciskei Vice President Willie Xaba, who introduced the motion to amend the Ciskei Constitution Act to make provision for a life president, said Chief Sebe's influence "stretches far beyond the continent of Africa  
"I feel it will be a

fitting reward for the dedicated manner in which he has served Ciskei during his entire working life."

President Sebe earns an annual salary of more than R28 000 as well as a tax-free allowance of R12 000 a year. His Venda counterpart, however, earns far more. Chief Mphahpu, who rakes in a staggering R48 000 a year,

is the highest-paid homeland leader.

The motion to introduce changes in the Venda constitution was made by Foreign Minister Chief A M Madzivandila, who said it was "nothing new", pointing out that Zambia's President Kenneth Kaunda and Malawi's Hastings Banda were life presidents of their countries. He said "the pros-

perity and comfort in which we find ourselves are the results of Chief Mphahpu's dedicated and unselfish service."

### 11 detained

Chief Mphahpu seized power in 1978 after losing the elections by detaining 11 of the successful opposition candidates.

Since then he has taken Venda to "independence" without a referendum and has steadily accrued more power.

In the South African Parliament recently, the PFP's Dr Alex Boraine described Venda as a "land of hunger, corruption and sudden death". He said the president lived in opulence "while the majority of the people starved".



● President Sebe (right) with Kaizer Matanzima. Will Transkei's president get a similar life term in office?

*103 city 8/29*

*12/6/83*

# WHY XABA ALWAYS CARRIES HIS DOMPAS

CP Correspondent

12/6/83  
EAST LONDON — Ciskei's vice president, the Rev Willie Xaba, won't give up his dompas.

Speaking in the national assembly, Mr Xaba said although he carried a Ciskei identity document, he was refusing to part with his green-governed South African dompas because it protected him from being "molested" when he visited South Africa.

## Roadblock

Expanding on the virtues of carrying a dompas, Mr Xaba said: "Even in Pretoria, when roadblock police see the dompas, they let one pass without looking inside it."

He was obviously convinced that a Ciskei document would NOT give him the same protection.

## Endorsed

"I retain the dompas for the sake of returning to the Republic of South Africa because I do not want to be molested when I go there," Mr Xaba said.

A spokesperson for the Black Sash said homeland citizens did not have to carry both identity documents and the dompas, as long as their urban rights were endorsed in their ID books.

She expressed surprise that Mr Xaba had a Ciskei identity book because the Sash offices in Jo'burg have never come across one yet.



● Rev Willie Xaba, Transkei's vice-president ... won't be molested. - CISKEI'S

# Ciskei is gambling on hitting the jackpot

Sunday Times Reporter  
NOW. Ciskei hopes to hit the jackpot.

The state's first casino, with one-arm bandits, roulette and blackjack, was opened at the capital, Bisho, by the State President, Chief Lennox Sebe.

A conference room at the hotel, which has been open for a year, was converted

into a casino. <sup>STIMES 12/6/8</sup>  
The impoverished Ciskei, groaning under the hardship of drought, is clearly pinning hopes on tourism, industrialisation and agriculture.

It has also long been hinted that a new coastal hotel was on the cards.

This was confirmed at the casino opening by Southern Sun's managing director, Mr Peter Bacon.

22 Fort Hare students in court

D.D. TYPHICA

14/6/83

105

ALICE — Twenty-two students from the University of Fort Hare made a brief appearance in the magistrate's court here late yesterday on charges of public violence.

The students were not asked to plead and no evidence was led. Bail of R100 was set

The 22 students were arrested on the campus last Thursday after a demonstration against the hanging of three members of the African National Congress.

When they appeared in court yesterday they were told they faced charges of public violence, alternatively attending an unlawful gathering.

The trial was postponed to June 20, in the

regional court. A police spokesman at Alice said last night that none of the students had paid bail. The accused are: Moses Munye; Phumelele Hole; Jacob Mapati; Xola Eric Ngxangwane; Mzwandile Mzamo; Mnyamezeli Thengimfene; Gabriel Chamuweli; Joseph Masuthu; Thando Mthembu; Banele Anthony Kunene; Gladwell Madikizela; Gladwell Banginkosi Mthembu; Moses Mojatu; Michael Zide; Mthetheleli Tyaliti; Benjamin Teboho Mabaso; Dumisane Gideon Makhodo; Mkuseli Gaushe; Jack Makhaba; Edward Rupoo; Christopher Mdelela; Elias Bangisane Mahlangu

No ages or addresses were available — DDR

14/6/83  
D. Dispatch (105)

# Bashee should be our border — Xaba

**BISHO** — The proper boundaries of Ciskei should stretch from the Bashee River in Transkei to the Fish River, the Ciskei Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said in the National Assembly yesterday.

Mr Xaba was welcoming officials of the SABC who visited the Assembly.

Mr Xaba said the only

Xhosa chiefs in Transkei had been driven there by Sir Harry Smith and Sir George Grey and had settled between the Kei and Bashee rivers.

"Ciskei does not start from the Kei to the Fish River. It starts from the Bashee River," he said.

"But we are lying low and claiming only the land asked for by the

President in his package deal for independence."

Earlier he said Ciskei was not a "concoction of Pondos, Tembus, Bacas, Bomvanas, Fingos, Pandomise and even Sothos."

He said the spirit of tribalism was buried when Chief Jongumso-bomvu (Maqoma) was buried at Ntaba Kanda. — DDR.

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# Rally to continue using Ciskei despite stonings

By KEITH ROSS

EAST LONDON — The Total Milligan Vintage Trial Car Rally will continue to run through Ciskei in future, despite a stoning incident involving rallyists near Bisho yesterday.

This was confirmed today by the rally's clerk of the course, Mr John White.

Mr White denied a Press report that the rally, from East London to Port Elizabeth, would not go through Ciskei in future.

"Whether we use the coastal road or the inland route in future years, we will go through Ciskei," he said.

Mr White said the stoning incident happened on the Komga road just outside the Ciskei capital of Bisho.

A few children threw small stones at some vintage cars and no serious damage had been done.

"I have had no complaints from drivers," he said.

Mr White said the stoning was nothing new. Cars had been stoned in Transkei in 1968 and near Grahamstown on another occasion.

He said this year's rally had received excellent co-operation from the Ciskei's traffic authorities.

The rally has an entry of 48 vintage cars, ranging from a 1914 Buick to a 1941 Packard.

The leaders at the end of the first leg are Mr and Mrs Frank Hayward in a 1937 Cord.

LESLIE XINWA reports from the Ciskei National Assembly

# SABC, Fort Hare criticised in Assembly

BISHO — The SABC and Fort Hare University students were criticised in the Ciskei National Assembly yesterday.

The chief of the Tembus in Hewu, Chief S. Hebe, accused the SABC of wasting funds by providing a Xhosa station run by South Africa when there was Radio Ciskei.

As he was speaking, the regional manager of the SABC in the Eastern Cape, Mr R. Verster, and six senior officials from Port Elizabeth and King William's Town, entered the National Assembly.

The attack on Fort Hare was by the Minister of Rural Development Mr H. V. Mafani, during the second reading stage of the Magistrate's Court Amendment Bill, which went through the final stages and was passed yesterday.

Chief Hebe's attack came when the Unauthorised Expenditure Bill, was going through its second stage.

He attacked the duplication of services in providing two stations for radio services serving one language group, adding that this was one of the reasons why sufficient funds for running Ciskei Government de-

partments were not provided by South Africa.

Ciskei could not reach its people in the urban areas because the SABC beamed its broadcasts to these areas. Because of this failure the dignity and status of Ciskei was being lowered.

The Vice-President, The Rev W. M. Xaba, who welcomed the SABC officials into the Assembly, said Ciskei was different from Transkei and was not composed of a conglomeration of tribes. There was one nation, which could be traced through the years.

Descendants of chiefs who had fought in the frontier wars of 100 years to defend their fatherland were in the Assembly and the exploits of past heroes were known in Ciskei.

He told the officials having two radio stations for the same people did not make sense.

Earlier Mr Mafani, when discussing the Magistrate's Court Amendment Bill, said it was tragic that, in spite of a clear statement from Ciskei that youths with degrees in law could be appointed in magistrates' courts and even regional courts as judicial officers, there had been no positive response from the stu-

dents.

He said the problem was that there were people who said they did not belong to any homeland in spite of the fact that their origins were traceable to Ciskei.

He said the standards required of magistrates in Ciskei were there to be enjoyed by products of Fort Hare but its products had no interest in joining Ciskei.

"Unfortunately Fort Hare is in Ciskei geographically and this government will take action when it decides to do so.

"Up to now Fort Hare has failed to come up with the product we want. It has produced agitators, some of whom are nondescript because they can show clearly which political direction they are following," Mr Mafani said.

Ciskei wanted young people to further their studies in law so that they could build up the Department of Justice to the satisfaction of Ciskeians and in accordance with Ciskei's traditions.

"All we get are demonstrators who try to impress the world with their actions while some of them even forget they are from poor families.

"Many of them have taken to Western standards and one can hardly find them to hold anything that could help build a department of justice that Ciskei could be proud of."

He warned that Fort Hare was in Ciskei and as such, what came out of it was expected to fit in with Ciskei traditions.

Mr Mafani added the problem was the fact that although in Ciskei, the university was administered by South Africa. — DDR.



REV XABA

# Competence of courts queried

BISHO — The Unauthorised Expenditure Bill, authorising the payment of R9,5 million overspent last year, to be met from available funds, went through from the second stage to adoption yesterday.

Also finalised was the Magistrate's Courts Amendment Bill.

Amounts passed as overspent in various departments last year were:

Presidency: R443 758,12.

Public Works: R2 015 894,51.

Education: R691 354,48.

Justice: R85 593,37.

Health and Welfare: R4 559 156,52.

Manpower Utilisation: R48 301,81.

Transport: R1 727 865,99.

Total R9 571 924,80.

During the debate on the second reading of the Magistrate's Court Bill, the deputy chief whip of the CNIP, Chief S. Mavuso, claimed the competence of magistrates in some areas was lower than that of headmen in rural villages.

He hoped the new Act



MR TAKANE

people charged with theft, on warning. This meant they went back to commit more offences, the speakers said.

The Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, said he had had a report recently from the Chief Justice of Ciskei, Mr Justice De Wet, commending the high standards in Ciskei magistrates' courts.

He said the granting of bail was based on certain conditions and courts were obliged to release people on bail if they were satisfied the people concerned would stand trial.

He said the department paid witness fees to people travelling to court because it recognised that they spent money. — DDR.

## Constitution Bill amendment

BISHO — The Republic of Ciskei Constitution Amendment Bill, dealing with the appointment of attorneys and advocates to the Ciskei Supreme Court was read for the first time in the Ciskei National Assembly yesterday. — DDR.

# Move on status of customary, civil partners

BISHO — Wives married in customary union will have the same status as other wives in Ciskei when the Criminal Procedure Bill, now going through the Ciskei National Assembly, becomes law.

Moving the second reading of the bill yesterday, the Minister of Justice, Mr D. Mtakane, said the Criminal Procedure Act of 1977 was not in accord with the Ciskei Constitution Act.

He said that under the law, as it stands, a partner in a customary union was a compellable witness against the other partner in a criminal case.

"The amendment accordingly puts a marriage under customary

law on a par with a marriage under civil law," Mr Mtakane said.

He added the principal act as a whole needed a complete revision and enactment.

"This has, however, not been undertaken at this stage, since the whole system of courts is at present being investigated in South Africa.

"It is advisable, therefore, to await the findings of that investigation in order that Ciskei

might see if some of its findings cannot be applied in Ciskei to advantage."

Other major aspects of the Criminal Procedure Act being repealed are:

- The requirement that the race of the person charged should be shown on the charge sheet;

- A requirement that a judge sitting with assessors and who must himself decide whether a confession made by an

accused person is admissible as evidence, must give reasons for his finding.

- Provisions that pertain to the application of the Immorality Act in South Africa;

- A provision that may be necessary for a person charged with housebreaking and theft to be found guilty of malicious injury to property if evidence adduced at the trial proves the latter offence.

The act also provides for an increase in punishments of less than three months imprisonment and fines of less than R50 to three months and R50, and a change from the South African provision for the use of the term Presiding Judge to Chief Justice of Ciskei. — DDR.

# Hebe: squatters with rent money can move

MDANTSANE — The chairman of a 12-man Ciskeian commission of inquiry into Potsdam squatter complaints, Chief S. M. Hebe, has given an assurance that those who are able to pay R32 a month rent, will be accommodated in Zone 15 of Mdantsane as soon as houses are available.

Chief Hebe was addressing a gathering of more than 500 people after the commission had heard residents' complaints for seven hours.

He said the dwellings of those who remained at Potsdam would be spread out and the residents would be answerable to the headman of Potsdam, like the old residents.

Chief Hebe told the residents that if they were allowed to stay close together, as had been the case at Blue Rock,

their homes would be fire hazards.

He promised that their living conditions would be improved, but said Ciskei was still constructing some of the buildings that would be of benefit to them.

He told them to hold no meetings without the knowledge of the local headman, Mr M. April, so that their intentions would not be misinterpreted by the Ciskei Government.

Chief D. M. Jongilanga, Minister of Works, told the residents that they had been moved to the Potsdam transit camp because the area where they had settled at Arnoldton was factory land and they were living too close together, which was a health hazard. They were also too close to the chicken factory there.

He said it was the gov-

ernment's policy to provide accommodation for its subjects. Nobody was forced to stay at Potsdam against his will, and those who wished to move would be accommodated as soon as the arrangements were made by the relevant officials.

The commission consisted of Chief S. M. Hebe, chairman, Ciskei Speaker of the House, Mr C. H. Ngxwana, Minister of Interior, Mr B. Williams, Minister of Works and chief of the Potsdam area Chief D. M. Jongilanga, Minister of Justice, Mr D. Takane, Deputy Minister of Health, Chief H. Zulu, Minister of Rural Development, Chief V. H. Mafani, Chief P. Z. Siwani, Chief D. N. Mavuso, chief whip, Chief A. M. Mqalo, deputy chief whip, MP for Mdantsane, Mr Q. Kewuti and MP for Middeldrift, Mr A. A. Hoyana. — DDR

# Qwaqwa doesn't want independence — Mopeli

BISHO — The QwaQwa national state did not plan to opt for independence, its Chief Minister, Chief T. K. Mopeli, said in an interview here yesterday.

Chief Mopeli was in Ciskei for a day's visit with two cabinet ministers, Mrs S. K. Marumo, Minister of Works and Mr S. C. T. Ramabodu, and their secretaries.

He was commenting on President Lennox Sebe's wish that QwaQwa would join other independent national states.

Welcoming the visitors in the National Assembly, President Sebe said he hoped they were contemplating opting for independence.

He said it would not be the last time they visited Ciskei because they would be entering quite a challenging period.

He assured the visitors that in their official visit to Ciskei they would get whatever help they



CHIEF MOPELI

needed from the various ministers and officials. Ciskei believed in sharing whatever it had and hoped that their visit would be very fruitful.

Chief Mopeli said homelands had come to stay and could not be

wished away. QwaQwa believed in their development as regional governments within greater South Africa.

"We would not like to abandon our South African rights," he said.

"Other people might think that by our visit here we are clandestinely opting for independence. That is not the case. Should it come, the Basothos themselves would have to decide. It would have to come from them."

Chief Mopeli said his entourage had come to see what development projects were taking place in Ciskei like the National Assembly. His state had plans to build a Parliament soon.

They were impressed with the Ciskei Parliament, the Independence Stadium and the ministerial housing complex. They had also visited the Ciskei shrine and Zwelitsha. — DDR.



15/6/88 D. NUSPARRA

# Mdantsane (105) prices higher than in city

**EAST LONDON** — Comparison of prices at a major supermarket in Mdantsane and its counterpart in East London showed that many prices are higher at Mdantsane than the city.

Prices of rice, samp, sugar beans, coffee, condensed milk, tea, coffee creamers, margarine, jam, chicken pieces and similar commodities were higher in Mdantsane.

Examples were: 12,5kg samp at Mdantsane R5.99, city R5.31; 2kg rice R2.11c, (R1.99c); 5kg sugar beans R8.93c (R8.75c); 2,5kg sugar R1.57 (R1.49); 12,5kg sugar R7.76c (R7.35c); 1kg cold water powdered soap R1.89, (R1.87c).

Of a total of 114 items 40 were more expensive in Mdantsane, 26 were less expensive and 48 were the same price.

For a large shopping basket, the difference in prices warrants the taxi fare to town and that could be the reason the city supermarket attracts many Mdantsane shoppers at weekends.

Canned foods, sandwich spreads, frozen foods, hair and bath toiletries, skimmed milks, and processed foods were less expensive at Mdantsane, compared to town.

Examples were: 425g pilchards at Mdantsane 76c city 82c; 410g canned peas at Mdantsane 45c, (52c); 410g spaghetti at

Mdantsane 49c, (62c); 375g mayonnaise at Mdantsane R1.52c (R1.54c) and 385g salad cream at Mdantsane R1.42, (R1.55c).

Items like eggs, gravy sauces, spices, soups, butter, fresh vegetables and whole chickens per kilogram were equal in price.

Consumers at Mdantsane are better off buying meat from their local butchers, as the supermarket sold first grade mutton and lamb for as much as R5.18 and R6.00 a kilogram. In the city the prices ranged from R5.44 to R6.15.

The same grade of meat in most Mdantsane butcheries sells at between R3.50 and R4.00 a kilogram.

The manager of the Mdantsane supermarket, Mr P. J. Payn, said the location of the store affected the prices.

"It depends what opposition is around your store. The competition with other big supermarkets makes prices fluctuate and that influences the competing parties to sell at cost or below cost.

"The stores are also rated on their surrounding. For example, if your store is near a butchery, you are bound to compete with that butchery.

"My overall opinion though is that we are 90 per cent equal in price with the city store," Mr Payn said. — DDR.

## Children ordered out of Assembly

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BISHO — Three children in the National Assembly public gallery marched out of the House on the orders of the Speaker, Mr C. Ngxwana but came back after the House had decided children under 18 years had the privilege.

The Speaker announced that children under 18 years were not allowed in the Chamber and if there were any

they should leave the house.

They left.

But the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said he believed they had the privilege of visiting the Assembly. School children should be brought to Parliament to acquaint themselves with the procedures where their fathers sat and made laws for their country.

He said he believed that the future belonged to the youth. A visit to the Assembly in session was an education to them and would leave an impression and impact in their hearts.

The House supported him.

President Sebe's bodyguard brought them back and they sat listening to the proceedings. — DDR.

## Members to talk to SA Govt

BISHO — Some members of the Ciskei President's Executive Council (cabinet) will be visiting Cape Town tomorrow for talks with officials of the South African Government, a front bencher in the Ciskei National Assembly, Mr W. F. Ximiya, said.

Mr Ximiya was speak-

ing during the second reading debate of the Unauthorised Expenditure Bill when he referred to the issue of insufficient funds allocated by South Africa to Ciskei.

He said the members of the Cabinet going to Cape Town for discussions on Thursday, June 16, should take up the

matter in the talks.

He asked that the issue be treated as a separate item to avoid it being lost among others and its importance not carried across.

Efforts to get details of the trip and members of the Cabinet involved were unsuccessful yesterday. — DDR

# Students seek bail

ALICE — The 22 University of Port Hare students charged with public violence were still in detention yesterday, despite bail of R100 each being granted when they appeared in court on Monday.

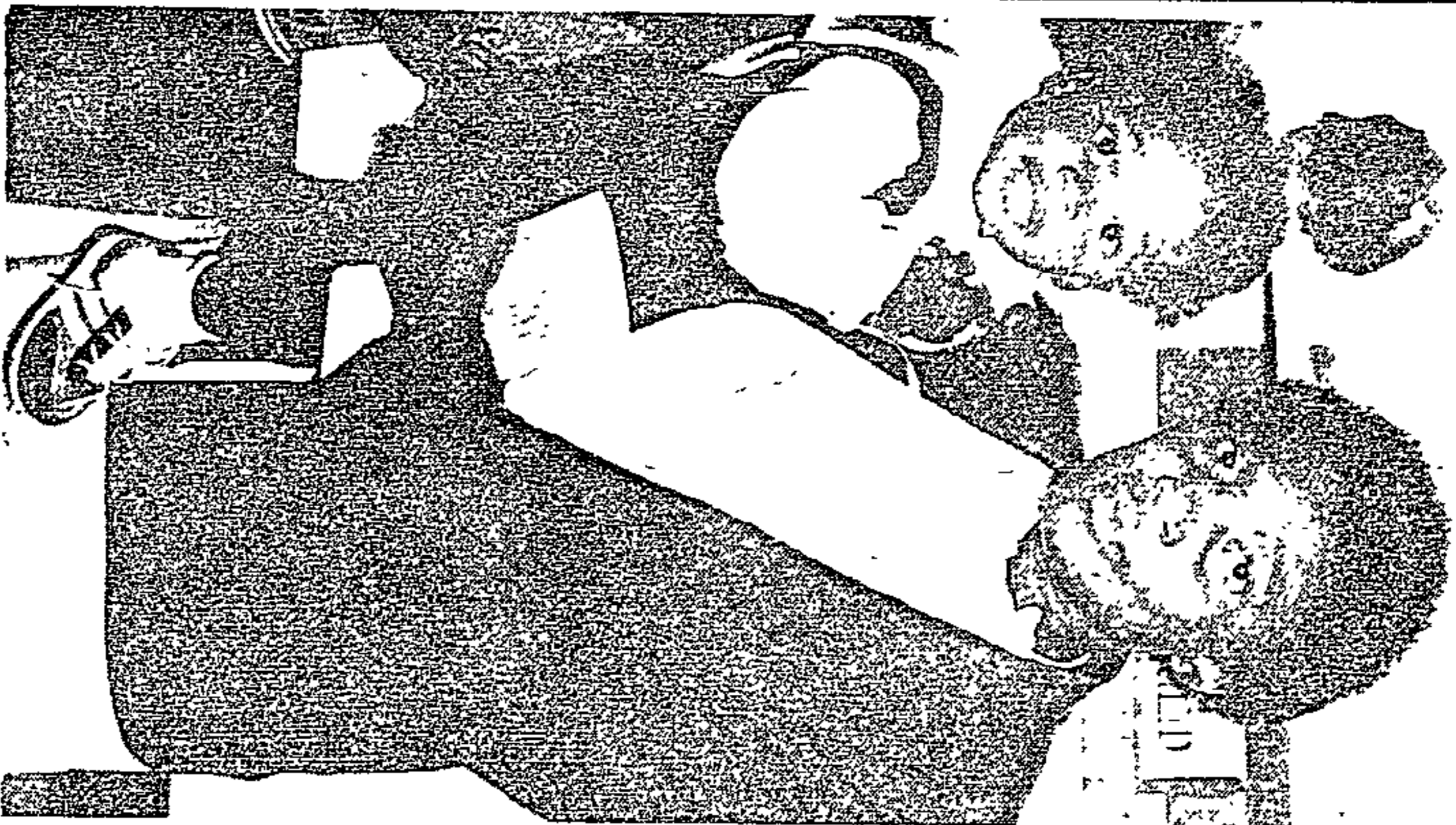
A spokesman for the legal firm handling their case, Mr. T. Magquabi, said students at Fort Hare had only managed to raise R800 of the R2 200 bail money needed.

"The students decided to wait until they could raise the full amount before anyone was bailed out," Mr. Magquabi said.

Attempts to collect the bail money had been hampered by the number of students leaving campus for home yesterday — the last day of this term.

The 22 students made their first court appearance late on Monday after being detained last Thursday. They face charges arising out of a demonstration on the Fort Hare campus against the hanging of three members of the African National Congress.

The trial will continue on June 20 — DDR



Mrs Keke and Khanyisa at the East London airport before flying to Johannesburg and then to London.

# Ciskei woman flies out to exiled husband

EAST LONDON — An Mdantsane woman flew from here yesterday on the first leg of a journey to join her exiled husband in London.

Mrs. Nomthunzi Keke (nee Mshawulanai, wife of a former Duncan Village man, Mr. Zolile Hamilton Keke, left with their 22-month-old son, Khanyisa, who was born after his father left the country via Lesotho in 1981.

Mr. Keke, a former Kobben Island prisoner, was in the marathon trial of PAC members, heard in Bethal in 1978. He was found guilty of furthering the aims of a banned organisation and was given a five-year suspended sentence.

He was serving articles with a firm of attorneys when he left the country.

Mrs Keke said she was going for an indefinite stay in London.

She is travelling on a Ciskei passport and her

visa is due to expire in September.

She resigned her job as a nursing sister in Mdantsane recently in preparation for her departure.

She said she was looking forward to her reunion with her husband who had only seen his son on photographs.

A large contingent of friends and relatives were at the airport when Mrs Keke, who was late for the flight, was allowed to go through a few minutes after other passengers had boarded.

A spokesman for the South African Airways said this was common practice when passengers were not too late.

The spokesman added that where they could help people they always tried to meet them.

"If anything was done for her it was done in the normal way we handle our passengers who are late," he said. — DDR

# DISPLAY OF FINE PERSIAN CARPETS

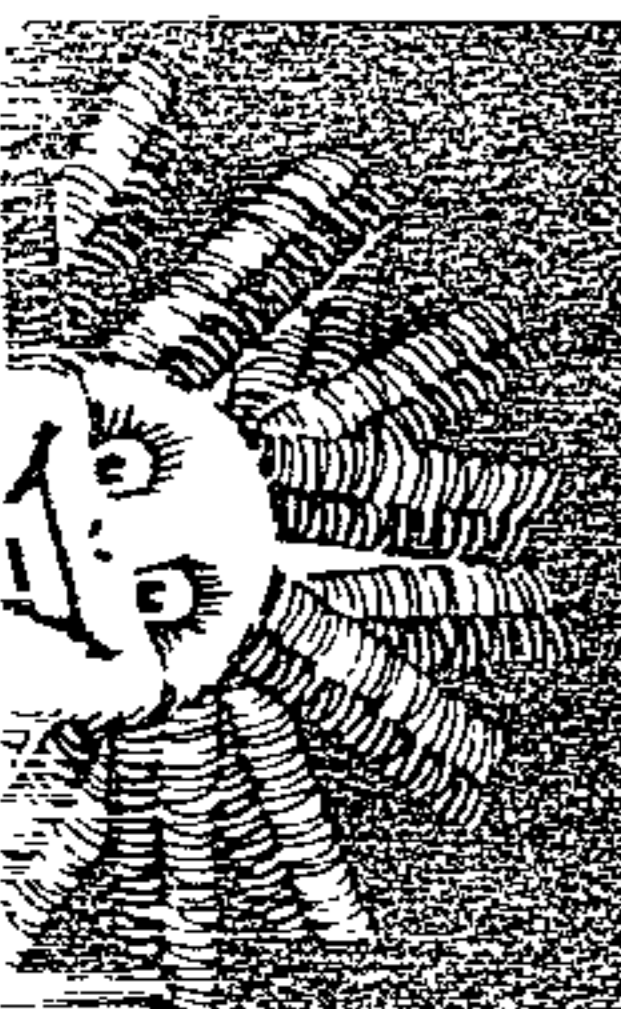
The War Memorial Hall - King William's Town: Thurs. 16th June, 12 noon to 8 pm; Fri. 17th June, 9 am to 2.30 pm. Holiday Inn - East London: Mon 20 June, 10.00 am to 9.00 pm; Tues 21 June, 10.00 am to 9.00 pm.

All rugs on display carry a certificate of guarantee and exchange and may be taken on approval. Free valuation and advice on repair of Persian Carpets will be given. A film on the art of Persian Carpets will be shown. Terms arranged.

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# Homeemakers

# WIBBY WHITE STOOKS LAST



D. DISPATCH  
16/6/72

(105)

OWEN VANQA reports from the Ciskei National Assembly

# SA traffic men harass ministers, House told

BISHO — South African traffic police have been accused of harassing Ciskei cabinet ministers on several occasions even after they had identified themselves.

The accusations were made by the Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba, the Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief Lent Maqoma and the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, during the discussion of the Road Transportation Amendment Bill.

Mr Sebe said this was a clear indication that South Africa was not

"honest". He suggested that the Department of Foreign Affairs should take up the matter with a view to entering an agreement granting immunity to ministers of state.

The Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, accused the South African Railways authorities of harassing taxis in the areas falling under his jurisdiction — Kwelera and Mooiplaas.

His people had transport problems because the South African Railway bus did not serve his area. An agreement was reached with the Gompo

bus service but their application for the route was opposed by the railway authorities.

Mr Sebe said a meeting was held with the railway authorities about the harassment but this was denied by the people concerned. Thereafter, the harassment persisted and as a result a telex was sent through the Department of Foreign Affairs as those harassed were legal operators.

"The irresponsible action of silly officials cannot be over-emphasised and it is hoped that this matter will be resolved very soon," he said.

Mr Sebe promised that the problem of transport in Chief Jongilanga's constituency would be discussed at the highest level and would also be raised at a meeting with the multilateral technical committee. The problem at this stage was that the white corridor had no co-ordination of transport.

Answering a question as to whether ambulances were being checked for transporting passengers other than patients he said that on Monday an ambulance from Mount Coke was stopped carrying unauthorised passengers.

With the transfer of all drivers and transport officers to his department it would be able to effect better control of government vehicles and these anomalies would be done away with. — DDR.

# Sebe stresses value of tourism to Ciskei

BISHO — The importance of tourism was stressed in the Ciskei National Assembly yesterday during the second reading of the Promotion of Tourism Bill.

Piloting the bill President Sebe said tourism played a two-fold role. For the tourist it produced relaxation and pleasure, but for Ciskei it provided much needed revenue, and most important of all, contact with the outside world far beyond the shores of Africa.

He said it was this contact which provided the springboard for activities which might bring more meaningful benefits to Ciskei. Illustrating this point he said an industrialist might visit Ciskei on vacation and seeing what Ciskei offered to the industrialist might well decide to set up business in the country. Recent events confirmed that this, in fact, was happening.

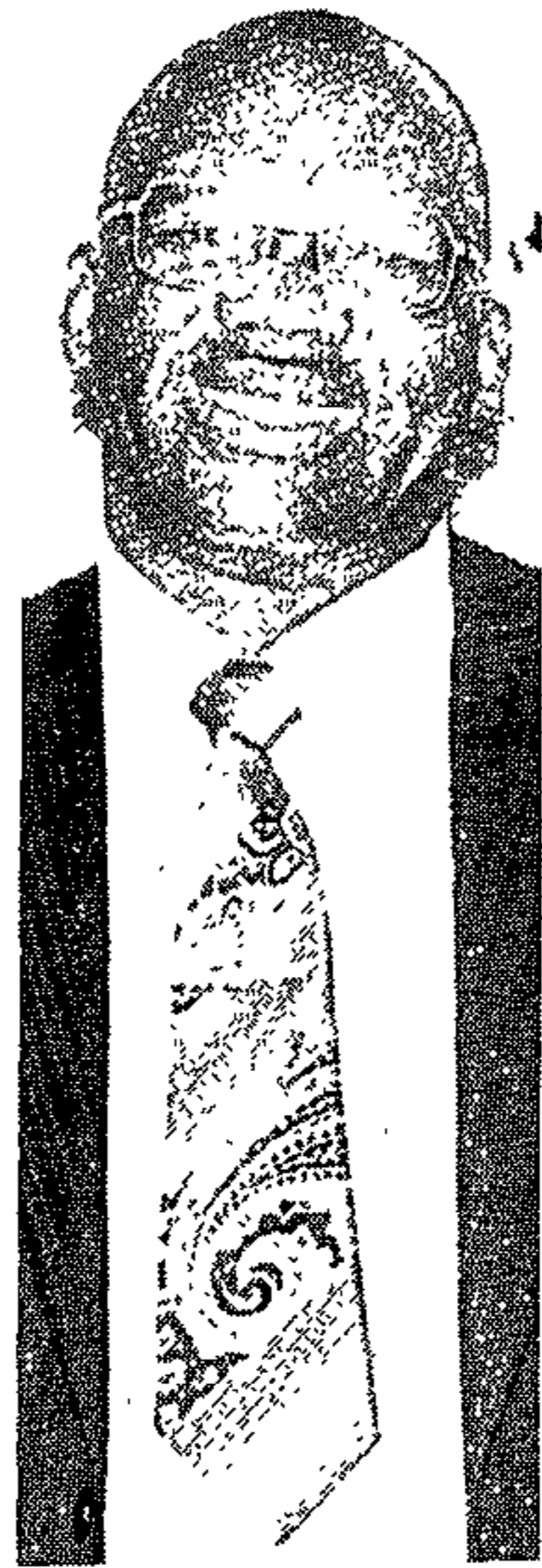
"We have not yet received our just reward by being accorded recognition in the eyes of the outside world but this will come at some future date," he said.

"Meanwhile let us open our doors to the tourist. Our attractions to the tourist are second to none in this region."

The bill made provision for the establishment of a Tourist Board in Ciskei.

Mrs F. F. Matiyase, in welcoming the bill said Ciskei already had green gold and black gold. The tourist industry should be termed human gold because it brought Ciskei into closer contact with people. Nothing was more important than making friends and keeping them.

She said the Carribean Islands used to be the



PRESIDENT SEBE

poorest islands in the world but through tourism the United Nations was considering taking them off the list of Third World countries because of their wealth. A middle class had been established in those countries.

There was nothing to stop Ciskei from achieving what the Carribean Islands had achieved. Ciskei had indigenous forests and a beautiful coast.

She suggested that youths in the rural areas should be taught tribal dancing so that tourists could see it. Other countries presented the tribal dances performed by mine workers.

Mrs Matiyase asked if Ciskei tourist guides were well versed with the history, culture and customs of Ciskei.

The Vice-President, The Reverend W. M. Xaba, said tourism was the backbone of any country. Visitors to Italy wanted to visit the old Rome where they wanted to see the jail where Apostle Peter and Paul were jailed. If a jail could become an attraction to tourists how many treasures had Ciskei, he asked.

He wondered if the tourist guides knew the history of Fort Hare which was named after Colonel John Hare, the most terrible murderer who ever lived. Fort Cox which today was a college of agriculture and forestry to help build Ciskei was previously used to destroy the Ciskei nation.

He mentioned Sandile's grave at Isidenge and Ngqika's grave at Burnshill as some of the historical places that could be tourist attractions.

The yellow wood used in the assembly came from the Ciskei forests, he said.

Mr Xaba said it was time negotiations were held with South Africa for the return of Nongqawuse's monument to Ciskei where it would be put upside down because she was an insult to the nation — a reference to her call on the Xhosas to destroy their cattle during the national suicide.

The Minister of Finance, Chief M. E. P. Malefane, called for the motivation of the people towards the tourist industry. All Ciskeians should be involved in the promotion of the industry.

Chief's great places and tribal authorities should be improved and updated so that tourists who wanted to see the lifestyles of the people could visit them. — DDR.

# Ciskei delegation meets SA counterparts today

**BISHO** — A Ciskei delegation is in Cape Town today to hold talks with South African ministers.

President Lennox Sebe announced in the National Assembly yesterday that they were going to discuss vital issues which had been raised at a meeting in February. Ciskei had been waiting for feedback.

The issues were a classical example of a situation where Ciskei saw the urgency of such needs but there had been delay and no acknowledgment of the proceedings that had taken place.

"This is a final attempt in this type of exercise," President Sebe said.

"I have every faith that these men will treat this matter with the urgency with which the people of Ciskei expect it to be treated.

"They were not selling their birth-right when we had the bilateral agreement spelling out how the two governments should meet but this shabby undermining manner of dealing with affairs that affect people, we cannot be party to." — DDR.

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D. DISPATCH 16/8/83

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# Development programme shows success

ZWELITSHA — South Africa's failure to participate in Ciskei's rural development programme had detracted from the scope, but not the success of the project, Dr David Bridgman, President Sebe's adviser on development policy and research, said

The plan has now got off the ground in seven of the country's tribal areas

Dr Bridgman said the project though smaller than first envisaged because of South Africa's decision not to participate in funding the project, had proved "more successful than I had even hoped"

The development plan was conceived as an R11 million project to create jobs for 20 000 rural unemployed

In November last year



DR BRIDGMAN

it was estimated there were 70 000 unemployed in Ciskei's rural areas.

Ciskei has put up R2 million from its own funds — considered

sufficient to set up the plan in seven tribal authorities — and approached South Africa for R9 million to implement the project in the remaining 36 areas this year

"However, South Africa turned us down and instead said they would consider it for the 1984-85 year," Dr Bridgman said

South Africa, instead, made R7.05 million available for drought relief. Of that, R3.3 million was allocated to creating job opportunities throughout Ciskei — with about R0.5 million being provided for the seven initial areas involved in the rural development programme.

"We now are employing more than 1 600 people," Dr Bridgman said.

In the development project, work is provided for the unemployed on a 'piece-work' basis and they are paid according to their labour

Work being done includes building and repairing dams in anticipation of rain; instituting such soil conservation measures as constructing earth banks, as well as clearing silt and repairing roads — DDR

## Mayor: closer EL-Transkei ties needed

D. DISPATCH 16/8/83

UMTATA — Regional co-operation was needed in order to make maximum use of the decentralisation objectives, the Mayor of East London, Mr Errol Spring said yesterday

Mr Spring was opening the Transkei Development Corporation's Misty Mount Training Centre near Umtata.

"There is no doubt that the economy of our region had not kept pace over the past two decades with the rest of South Africa," Mr Spring said.

The two major reasons were that the area had not been able to compete effectively with the other established industrial areas in South Africa and that there had been too much fragmentation of effort and not enough co-operation within the region itself.

Mr Spring said

"East London and Transkei are an economic entity and the sooner we recognise this fact and get together to exploit the resources of the region to our mutual benefit, the sooner we are going to succeed in our development objectives"

Examples he gave were Transkei's strong flowing rivers with their potential for hydro-electricity generation and irrigation, which enhanced their great agricultural potential and human resources and East London's modern infrastructure and the most efficient harbour in Southern Africa.

"These are but a few examples of where we could co-operate to our mutual benefit."

He said that South Africa had to provide a minimum of 1 000 new jobs every working day

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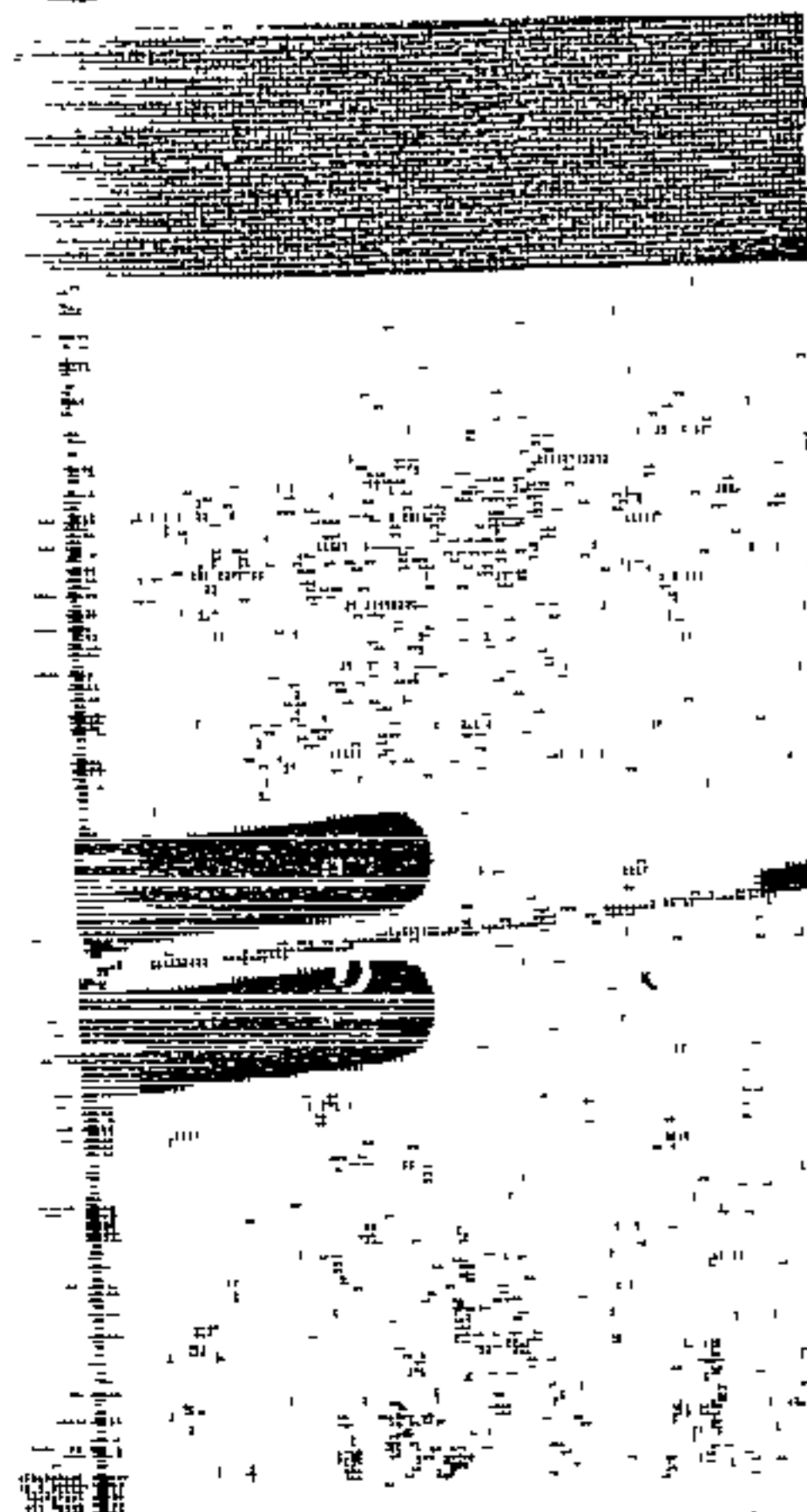
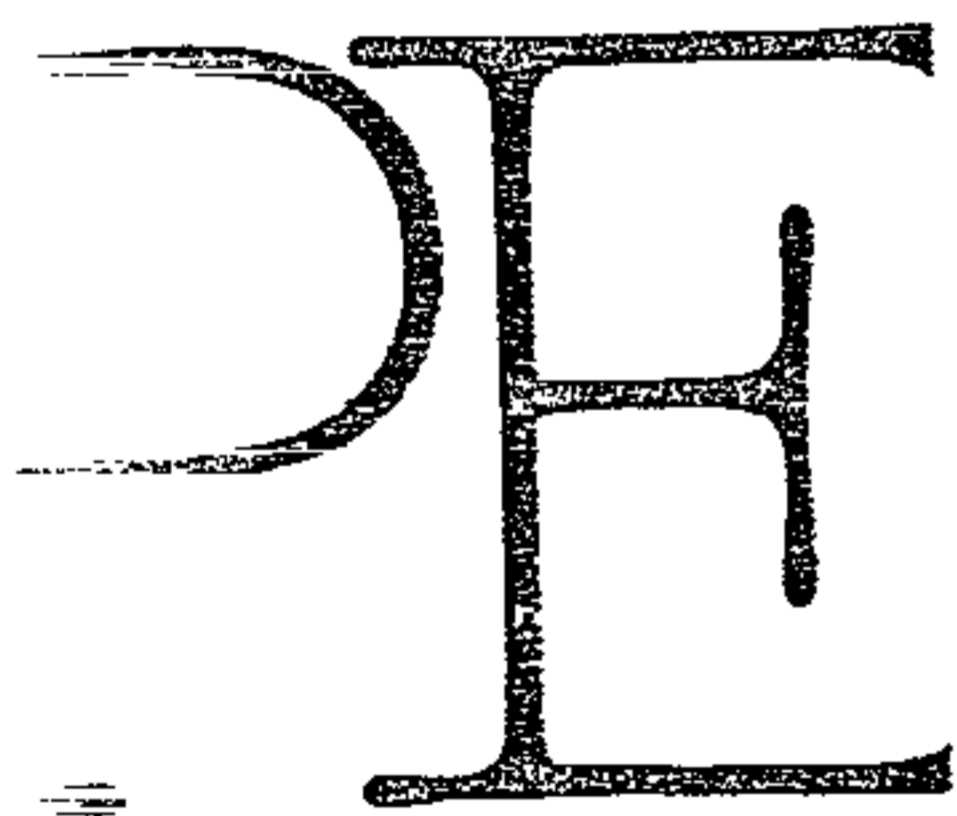
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**Ciskei, SA**  
7/6/83  
**cabinet**  
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**meet** (105)

From  
**RONEL SCHEFFER**

CAPE TOWN — A top level delegation of Ciskei cabinet members held talks with members of the South African cabinet here yesterday.

An official statement, released by the South African Department of Foreign Affairs after the meeting said a "wide-ranging" spectrum of matters of mutual concern had been discussed.

The two governments had agreed to continue with close consultations to find practical solutions to common problems involving the well-being of their respective peoples.

The Ciskei delegation was led by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, and included the Minister of Manpower, Chief Lent Magoma and the Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga.

They were met by South Africa's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha.

Other senior cabinet members who attended the talks included the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koornhof, and his deputies, Dr George Morrison, and Mr Henrie van der Walt.

Attempts to obtain details on the talks last night were unsuccessful.

# New Arms Bill does away with discrimination

(105)  
DISPATCH  
17/6/83

**BISHO** — The Ciskei Arms and Ammunition Amendment Act was aimed at doing away with discrimination against blacks.

It also invested in the Commander-General of State Security the powers previously vested in the Commissioner of Police.

President Lennox Sebe said this during the second reading of the Arms and Ammunition Amendment Bill.

Clauses which referred to white persons or discriminated against blacks were repealed by the new bill, he said.

A new provision in the bill required persons to keep pistols and revolvers covered in a public place. Failure to do so was a criminal offence.

Two other offences created by the bill were failure to safeguard a firearm or take reasonable steps to safeguard it or losing it through negligence, he said.

The deputy whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, said that discrimination in the principal act had always been an eyesore to blacks. The law showed that whites did not trust blacks, no matter what their positions were. He praised the President for repealing the discriminatory clauses.

Mr F. F. Matiyase said Ciskei had moved a step forward from the days when people used sticks.

He asked President Sebe if there had been any thought of introducing shooting clubs to teach people to shoot and to care for their firearms. He suggested that it should be made compulsory that within a certain period of obtaining a firearm one should attend such drills.

Mrs Matiyase lashed out at people who exposed their firearms as if they were diamond pins or brooches.

The Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J. T. Mabandla, said the in-

roduction of the bill proved that Ciskei was a free country.

In South Africa people like teachers and chiefs' counsellors who qualified for the issue of firearm licences were refused the licences. It was through the mercy of God that some of them were still living after the disturbances. The laws that precluded certain people from certain privileges were un-Christian.

He remembered the time when black-owned shops were burgled several times but the owners were refused licences.

Chief Mabandla said he still perceived the South African evil where black guarding the wealth of the whites exposed their bodies and souls because watchmen were unarmed.

The Vice-President, the Rev. W. M. Xaba, said people could now see how proud young Ciskeians carried their rifles and revolvers (referring to members of the combined forces). Some policemen had never dreamed they would ever be allowed to carry these in their lifetime.

Mr Xaba said while he was a minister of the Dutch Reformed Church in Port Elizabeth during the 1976 riots he had applied for a firearm but never got it until he was living in Ciskei in 1980. To make matters worse, his white colleague, who was in charge of Kwazakhele had five firearms. He would not lend him one because he did not have a licence.

Now Ciskei had its own bill where applications would be judged on merit.

Replying to the Minister of Finance, Chief M.

E. P. Malefane, who had asked what happened to a weapon when a licence holder died, President Sebe said one had to take it to a police station with the licence and if a member of the family applied for that weapon it could be transferred to him if he had a clean record.

Pellet guns with a calibre of more than an inch were required to be licensed.

On the question of shooting clubs, President Sebe said the bill enabled Ciskeians to have these clubs. Before, people could not form these clubs lest they were seen as conducting military training.

Precautionary measures were going to be taken before issuing firearms by taking applicants on a day's crash course on handling and caring for firearms.

Dealing with Chief Mabandla's list of people who were exposed to dangers and yet refused weapons, he said it was a pity that white friends and South African Government officials took lightly the goodwill of the black man.

In other countries people who had been trampled by the "oppressors" never forgot what had been done to them and he referred to what was happening in Zimbabwe as an example.

"Why can't they in South Africa wake up and handle with dignity the goodwill that comes from this nation?" he asked.

"Chief Mabandla has quoted a variety of people who died because of this iniquitous law of whites only. Much as we have a capacity of live and let live it should not be taken as a weakness." — DDR.



# Petrol bombs to be part of Explosives Act

BISHO — An amendment bill making it an offence to possess petrol bombs was read a second time in the National Assembly here yesterday.

Piloting the bill, President Lennox Sebe said the penalty for contravening the bill was imprisonment for at least three years with a maximum of 15 years in cases where the accused was not charged with murder.

The bill sought to amend the Explosives Act of 1956 in order to make it an offence for any person to "possess or

have under his control any petrol bomb, or any like container, apparatus, instrument or article containing inflammable substance capable of causing an explosion or a fire, in such circumstances as to give rise to a reasonable suspicion that he intended to use such thing for the purpose of injuring any person or damaging any property."

President Sebe said the amendment was necessary as it was not clear that the word "explosives" as defined in the Explosives Act included petrol bombs or similar devices.

"This amendment is very important as the judiciary is presently not suitably equipped to deal adequately with offenders who use petrol bombs to carry out their malicious deeds," he said.

The deputy whip, chief D. N. Mavuso, welcomed the bill saying a petrol bomb could cause a lot of damage both to innocent people and property. The bill would now protect them.

Chief S. M. Hebe, commended President Sebe for his wisdom in introducing the bill that would protect people and property from the "urban naughty children."

Describing how a petrol bomb was manufactured he said people put sand in a bottle and added petrol which caused a lot of damage when thrown at buildings and people.

Mr T. W. Moletsane said the penalty was too lenient if one considered that the perpetrator could cause death to people.

The Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J. T. Mabandla, appealed to members to acquaint their people with the bill because it covered everything that could cause an explosion.

The Deputy Minister of Health, Chief H. Zulu, called for the control of the issue of petrol to young boys who had containers.

He appealed to members not to tell people in rural areas how petrol bombs were made. They would want to experiment and bomb the people. — DDR.

D. DISPATCH  
17/6/83

# Sebe: Ciskei prisons are <sup>(105)</sup> still too small

Free man  
D. Dispatch  
17/6/83

EAST LONDON — Two more prisons — one now complete and operating in Mdantsane and another soon to be completed in Middledrift — would not be able to accommodate the more than 4 000 Ciskeians being held in South African prisons, the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei Combined Forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said yesterday.

He was commenting on the new Mdantsane prison which took its first inmates this week.

"The Mdantsane prison is a minimum security establishment to accommodate 1 000 prisoners and we have taken in some Ciskeians previously held in South Africa," he said.

He added, however, that agreements between the two governments provided for accommodation for Ciskeian prisoners in South Africa for a long time.

"But the awaiting trial prisoners from Mdantsane will certainly be kept in the new prison.

"We also have better facilities there for detainees than we have been able to provide in police stations up to now."

He said the official opening of the Mdantsane prison would take some time. What was being done at present was documentation of promotions of Ciskeians serving in the prisons department.

"We hope the President will make an announcement soon about the promotions."

The Mdantsane prison was manned by Ciskeians and some seconded officers from South Africa.

He would not say how many officers would work in the new prison.

"But we have enough staff for day and night duties," he said. — DDR

(105)  
D. DISPATCH 18/6/83

# Mdantsane detainee on hunger strike

MDANTSANE — An Mdantsane detainee had been on a hunger strike since June 11, his parents said yesterday.

Mr Oria Ndingaye, 29, of 7620, Zone Four has been admitted to Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

The medical superintendent, Dr P. E. Pistorious, declined comment on his condition. He said the case involved the Department of Justice.

Mr Ndingaye's mother, Mrs L. N. Ndingaye, a nursing sister at the Duncan Village clinic, said she visited her son on Thursday.

She said he told her that he had been on a hunger strike since June 11 because he did not know why he was being detained at the Mdantsane police station. He had told her and her husband that he would

not eat until he was charged and appeared in court.

She said Mr Ndingaye was detained by the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services in August, 1981 and released in November, 1982.

He was again picked up by the CCIS while returning from a rugby match at Sisa Dukashe Stadium on June 4.

On June 5, Colonel L. L. Nonhonho came to their home and asked for her car which he claimed had been used by her son, she said.

General Sebe confirmed that Mr Ndingaye and a member of the Congress of South African Students (Cosas), Elliot Bangani were on hunger strike and had been admitted to hospital.

He said the strike had

been noticed by a doctor who was on a routine visit to the detainees.

"When we find any detainees on hunger strike we make it a point that they are seen by a doctor and act according to medical advice and in this case hospitalisation was recommended," he said.

But he added they would not be deterred and threatened with hunger strikes in their efforts to clean up Ciskei of "subversive elements." — DDR

# New Ciskei <sup>(05)</sup> hotel gradings

BISHO — Because of the limited number of hotels in Ciskei, a grading system on the lines followed in the Republic of South Africa, was inappropriate, the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, said yesterday.

He was speaking during the second reading of the Liquor Bill. He said the powers and functions of the Liquor Board had been amended so as to confer on the Board certain powers and functions exercised by the Hotel Board in South Africa.

In Ciskei the grading of hotels was being simplified by giving the Police and the Ciskeian Tourist Authority the right to report to the Liquor Board any hotels which were providing inferior service or which were not complying with the conditions and restrictions applying to their licences, among other things, to meet the needs and requirements of the public and tourists.

"A provision of this nature is obviously very important if the government is serious in its intention to attract tourists," he said.

"The Liquor Board is accordingly being given the power to downgrade ordinary hotel licences to licences which will authorise only the sale of wine, malt and sorghum beer."

Mr Takane said before the matter was brought to the Liquor Board, ample opportunity would be given to the holder of a hotel licence to bring his establishment up to a reasonable standard. Only if he failed to do so, would the matter come before the Board.

As an added protection to the licenceholder he had a right to appeal to the minister against a decision of the Liquor Board in this connection.

The bill omitted the prohibition of an arrangement where a licence holder agreed to

sell only the brands of liquor produced by one producer as was the case in the past.

Mr Takane said offensive, obscene or indecent acts or nudity on licensed premises were prohibited.

The deputy whip, Chief D. N Mavuso, welcomed the bill which was among other things aimed at lifting up the standards of hotels.

He welcomed their inspections because it would ensure that they were kept clean and in keeping with the laws and regulations.

Mr Ray Mali said good hotels, good meals and good beds attracted tourists.

He said unfortunately Ciskei had inherited hotels about to fall down. Previous owners of these hotels knew about 15 years ago that they would be handed over to blacks and stopped renovations.

He said as long as Ciskei did not get Hogsback and Katberg the country's tourist industry was doomed. These two should be handed over to Ciskei for the tourist industry to take off the ground.

Mr Mali suggested that bottlestores be built at Hala and Balfourvillages adjacent to these two, because Katberg and Hogsback were sustained by Ciskeians.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pitvi, said the handing over of Hogsback had been turned down by the South African Government. He said, however, the door had not been closed.

He called on the Minister of Justice to call all liquor licence holders to come together and build a brewery at Bisho so that Ciskeians did not have to buy their liquor elsewhere. This would also see to it that money circulated within Ciskei. — DDR.

Saturday, June 18, 1983

D. DISPART H

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# Lesotho says Ciskei spy arrests under way

## Sebe rejects claim

**MASERU —** A man alleged by Lesotho to be a spy from Ciskei has been arrested by security police in Quthing district.

Radio Lesotho said here yesterday that a Mr Lizo Mone, 32, who was born in Mdantsane, was arrested in April on a mission to spy on refugee members of the ANC.

The radio report said Mr Mone disclosed that he was commissioned by Major-General Charles Sebe, head of the Ciskei Security Forces, to spy on South African refugees living in Lesotho

out the streets. He said it was one of those stories cooked up by the Lesotho government in order to draw international attention to their self-created problems.

On humanitarian grounds it is a great pity the Lesotho security forces have, up to now, failed to verify the alleged claims of this young man, proving or what they are.

station to enter Lesotho and during that mission he visited the National University of Lesotho where he met refugees from South Africa. He was said to have spent the night of December 3 at a Maseru hotel and to have been taken back to the border post by a woman.

It was claimed that on his way back to Ciskei he made two stops at Thaba Nchu and Bloemfontein police stations where he



## Thatcher's trail of turmoil

Page 3

**LONDON —** The world's biggest sports body, the International Amateur Athletics Federation (IAAF) yesterday argued in the High Court here that South Africa should stay in sports isolation because of apartheid.

Counsel for the IAAF, Mr Mark Waller, QC, argued that South Africa's political policies could not be divorced from sport and had caused the Republic's suspension from world athletics.

His statement was made in a preliminary hearing into the South African Amateur Athletics Union's (SAAU's) High Court writ suing the IAAF for alleged illegal banning from international athletics including the Olympic Games.

The hearing, which is expected to conclude on Monday, was to consider an application from the SAAU for the IAAF to produce affidavits within 14 days.

The SAAAU, which first lodged high court writs against its alleged illegal exclusion from

PHONE NUMBERS

Classified Ads	32330
All other EL	
Depts.	26141
King Williams	
Town	23282
Mdantsane	41
Queenstown	4040
Umtata	2500

# DAILY DISPATCH

Saturday, June 18, 1983

Founded

D. DISPATCH

# Lesotho Sebe Ciskei spy under arre

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## Sebe rejects claim

**MASERU — A man alleged by Lesotho to be a spy from Ciskei has been arrested by security police in Quthing district.**

Radio Lesotho said here yesterday that a Mr Lizo Mona, 32, who was born in Mdantsane, was arrested in April on a mission to spy on refugee members of the ANC.

The radio report said Mr Mona disclosed that he was commissioned by Major-General Charles Sebe, head of the Ciskei Security Forces, to spy on South African refugees living in Lesotho

Reacting to the claims last night General Sebe denied knowledge of Mr Lizo Mona.

He admitted there were Monas in Ciskei.

"It is not the first time that I have heard about this," he said.

"I first heard of this alleged spy story from sources in Lesotho some time ago when I was told it was being thrown ab-

out the streets."

He said it was one of those stories cooked up by the Lesotho government in order to draw international attention to their self-created problems.

"On humanitarian grounds it is a great pity the Lesotho security forces have, up to now, failed to verify the alleged claims of this young man, proving them for what they are," General Sebe said.

The Lesotho radio report said Mr Mona's first mission to Lesotho was carried out between December 3 and 4 last year only a few days before the South African Defence Force raid on Maseru.

The Lesotho report said Mr Mona had left Ciskei for Bloemfontein where he was given assistance at the police

station to enter Lesotho and during that mission he visited the National University of Lesotho where he met refugees from South Africa. He was said to have spent the night of December 3 at a Maseru hotel and to have been taken back to the border post by a woman.

It was claimed that on his way back to Ciskei he made two stops at Thaba Nchu and Bloemfontein police stations where he was told to take the train to East London.

According to the report, Mr Mona said he was sent to Lesotho again in April this year via Fele and he was instructed to gather information on the refugees in Lesotho and transmit it to Ciskei by telephone.

He is now being detained by the Lesotho police. — DDC-DDR.



# Good and mixed Mrs

By PETER M/

**A MIDDLE-AGED Afrikaners won her marriage to a 22-year-old**

The woman, formerly Mrs Johanna I Johannesburg, now lives with her husband in a modest two-bedroomed house in Mdar

Her new life is a far cry from the one she led with her former husband in Johannesburg. She divorced him in March 1977.

Mrs Mbane said of her new marriage: "It is an act of God.

"My family and friends will never be able to understand how I can marry a black man and live in this area. They will say that I have gone mad."

Mrs Mbane said that through her Christianity she had realised that skin colour meant nothing

"There is no difference between those with a white skin and those with a black skin," she said.

## Determined

She was determined to avoid publicity over the marriage.

"This is our private life and it has nothing to do with anyone else," she said. Mrs Mbane said that she came from a very conservative Afrikaners family.

The couple were married eight days after Mr Mbane's 22nd birthday.

Mrs Mbane is a minister for the Ind' time Crusade. Her church is a small house near to the one in which she lives. She said her services attracted up to 600 people a day.

Mrs Mbane said that her



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# my mixed marriage

BY PETER MALHERBE

**A MIDDLE-AGED Afrikaans woman of 52 spoke this week of her marriage to a 22-year-old black man in Ciskei.**

The woman, formerly Mrs Johanna Burger, a divorcee from Northcliff, Johannesburg, now lives with her husband, Mr Phumlana Mbane, in a modest two-bedroomed house in Mdantsane near East London.

Her new life is a far cry from the one she led with her former husband in Johannesburg. She divorced him in March 1977.

Mrs Mbane said of her new marriage: "It is an act of God.

"My family and friends will never be able to understand how I can marry a black man and live in this area. They will say that I have gone mad."

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She said her services attracted up to 600 people a day.

Mrs Mbane said that her

## Minister opts out of the white life for love in a township

attitude towards religion had changed when she went to pray with a group of black people in a small Free State town a number of years ago.

She was confronted by white people who asked her why she bothered to pray for blacks. It was then that she decided to take the message of the Lord into black areas.

"There is no colour difference in prayers," she said.

The marriage register at the Mdantsane Magistrate's Court records the simple ceremony on June 10. It gives Mrs Mbane's maid-

en name, before her marriage to Mr Burger, as Van Schalkwyk.

## Small home

Mrs Mbane was born on August 7, 1930. Mr Mbane is classified as a Xhosa and his date of birth is noted as June 2, 1961. The couple were married by Mr M C Kashe, a magistrate in Mdantsane.

The register states that the couple were married "in community of property and of profit and loss in terms of Section 22 (6) of Act 38 of 1927".

The couple's home, No D1519 in Zone 9, Mdantsane, is small but freshly painted. Furnishings are sparse.

Mr Mbane met his bride when he went to a church service at the In-Service Training Centre. He had been a dagga smoker and a drinker.

As soon as he met his wife he reformed and now assists her with her ministry.

## The second

The Mbane marriage is the second in the Ciskei since legislation prohibiting mixed marriages was repealed at a special session of the Ciskei National Assembly in November last year.

The first wedding was between a former domestic servant and her white employer at a caravan park near Zwelitsha last year.

Mr Mbane's parents live close to the couple in Mdantsane.

His father, Mr L T Mbane is a member of the Anglican St Francis church and also deputy principal of the Bulunko Higher Primary School in Zone 1 in Mdantsane.



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AR 645 20/6/83

## Matanzima better paid than P W (101)

Political Staff

THE PRESIDENT of Transkei, Chief Kaiser Matanzima, will earn about R15 000 more than South African Prime Minister Mr P W Botha from next month.

President Matanzima has been given an increase which will take his salary up to R75 000 a year compared to Mr P W Botha's basic R60 324.

South Africa's State President gets little more than the Prime Minister in straight salary — R62 796.

### ENTERTAINMENT

However, these figures get more confusing when their allowances are added.

Mr P W Botha gets a housing allowance of R13 200 plus a reimbursive allowance of R15 816, pushing his total up to R89 340.

The State President gets a R22 000 entertainment allowance, pushing his total up to R84 796.

Other former homeland leaders are not doing too badly, either, with Chief Mpephu, now life-President of Venda, get-

(Turn to Page 3, col 6)

AR 645 20/6/83

## Matanzima

(Contd from Page 1)  
ting R48 700 a year until his death.

Transkei, which gets a large amount of its budget from South Africa's coffers, spent R514 000 on new cars for the Cabinet last year.

Chief Lennox Sebe of the Ciskei has reportedly bought a five-seater Westwind executive jet for R3 million.

It cannot land at the local airport because the runway is too short.

But the Ciskei has bought a helicopter as well.

Chief Sebe's salary, at its last public disclosure, was R29 808 plus a R12 000 personal non-taxable allowance, bringing it up to R41 808.

The President of the most viable of the former homelands, Bophuthatswana, gets R34 212.

EAST LONDON.  
— A Somerset West mother and her 24-year-old daughter narrowly escaped death when their car was fired on by six men on the road to Hogsback in the Eastern Cape.

The shooting, on Thursday, was reported by Mrs Pat Brian and her daughter Sharon, 24, and confirmed by a spokesman for the South African Police.

He said he believed a "high-level investigation" was underway by Ciskei police, in whose territory the incident occurred, after Mrs Brian, of Uitsig Drive, Links, Somerset West, reported that the men were from "some kind of military unit."

### **Bakkie**

She was taken to Grey Hospital in King William's Town for X-rays.

According to reports to the South African and Ciskei police, the men — travelling in a cream-coloured bakkie — came up behind Mrs Brian's car while it was travelling through the Ciskei about 8.40 last Thursday night.

When the bakkie drew level she saw one man had a revolver in his hand.

She accelerated, but the bakkie passed her.

Farther on she came across the bakkie parked at the side of the road with the men standing around it.

They motioned for her to stop, but she drove on.

### **Parked**

The bakkie pursued her car and again overtook her. Around a bend the bakkie parked across the road, but she swerved past.

Shots were fired by the men and the Brians' car was hit in five places.

Shortly after this the Brians crossed the Ciskei-South African border and drove to the Hogsback Hotel, owned by a relative, Mrs Ressel.

Mrs Ressel refused to discuss the matter today.

"It was not a pleasant incident, but there is no comment from here. You will have to get your information from the police."

Ciskei's head of security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, was not available for comment.

A daughter of Mrs Brian confirmed from Somerset West today that her mother and Sharon had been involved in the incident.

Her mother had been injured.

The daughter refused to give more details.

Argus Bureau

# Mother and daughter fired on in the Ciskei

Argus 20/6/83  
105

# Fort Hare graduation



The South African deputy director-general of the Department of Education and Training, Mr J. Nienaber (centre) with the Guzana brothers. From left, Mr K. M. Guzana of Umtata and Mr S. S. Guzana of Zwelitsha.

## Importance of small business underlined

*[Handwritten signature]*  
*[Handwritten number 105]*

By OWEN VANQA  
**ALICE** — The importance of the role of small business in development of African enterprise was stressed at the graduation ceremony at the University of Fort Hare at the weekend.

The guest speaker, Mr R. J. Ironside, Director of General Motors, South Africa, and president of the South African Federated Chamber of Industries, spoke on the role of the small business.

He chose the subject because he believed that the future of Africa as a whole and of Southern Africa in particular hinged on the participation of all its peoples in all aspects of national activity.

Southern Africa had a dual identity. One part of the infrastructure was urban and developed and the other was rural and in the process of development. The developed sector generated most of the nation's wealth and the developing sector, needed to acquire the capability to participate in these activities and to become an active contributor in the process.

Mr Ironside said one or more bridging methods were necessary and the Africa entrepreneurship was one that offered considerable potential to achieve the desired transition towards mutual partnership in economic growth.

and services, it followed that there would be continuity of output and maintenance of present jobs.

But even with economic growth and new employment opportunities, this would be not enough to absorb the increasing number of people requiring jobs.

Mr Ironside said since this increase would be largely black persons, the challenge became greater and at the same time offered wider opportunities for resolution.

It was accepted that greater participation by black persons could result in development of a core of small business enterprises on which to build for the future and which would in themselves create many new employment opportunities.

"There is a very definite place in the national economy for viable African enterprise — it is essential to the process of ultimately broadening participation in the bases industry and commerce as well as to the creation of a generation of business orientated people through exposure to free enterprise practices," he said.

"As with many other aspects of transition, there is and can be no fast and easy method to effect this and potential entrants need to be aware of what will be

required to achieve their goals."

Mr Ironside said the primary aim should be to encourage black persons to become part of the relevant national economy and have access to opportunities to get into business in their

own right.

To accomplish this, leadership and good direction were fundamental requirements and he believed this university was and would continue to be, a prime source of these essential attributes. — DDR



Mr and Mrs W. M. Sobahle and daughter, Sivuyisiwe. Mr Sobahle graduated with an MA degree.

There could be no doubt that a thriving and expanding economic base was as much a fundamental requirement for Southern Africa as it was for the rest of Africa.

The concept of mini-international trading capability in Southern Africa made a great deal of sense and might well be the most practical route to stability in the longer term as well as more productive in the shorter term. This was because meaningful employment and production of goods and services for "domestic" consumption were more likely to generate better relationships between the diverse population groups of the Republic and also between South Africa and its neighbour states.

Accepting that the developed sector would continue to identify and assess markets and manufacture and distribute appropriate goods



Mr H. M. Lusu congratulates his younger brother, Mr M. M. Lusu, who obtained a BSc in land surveying.



Lieutenant-General X. C. Sebe, Captain Joe Ntwasa and Miss N. Mdingi, deputy chief of protocol, listening to the graduation proceedings.

# Graduation a subdued affair

D. Dispatch 20/6/83

ALICE — Hundreds of parents, relatives and well-wishers did not gain entry to the University of Fort Hare Great Hall to see their children, relatives and friends graduate on Saturday

Tight security was evident with scores of uniformed police, security police and members of the Ciskei Combine Forces in plain clothes present at the entrance to the university and at the parking bays.

Music was provided by a tape recording of the university choir but the day proved a subdued affair.

The three who received masters' degrees were the University of Transkei's professor of law, Professor Sighelo Digby Koyana, Fort Hare lecturers Mr Wellington Jola Mkhulu Sobahle and Mr M Matthews

A large number of Ciskei teachers most of whom were students at the Fort Hare

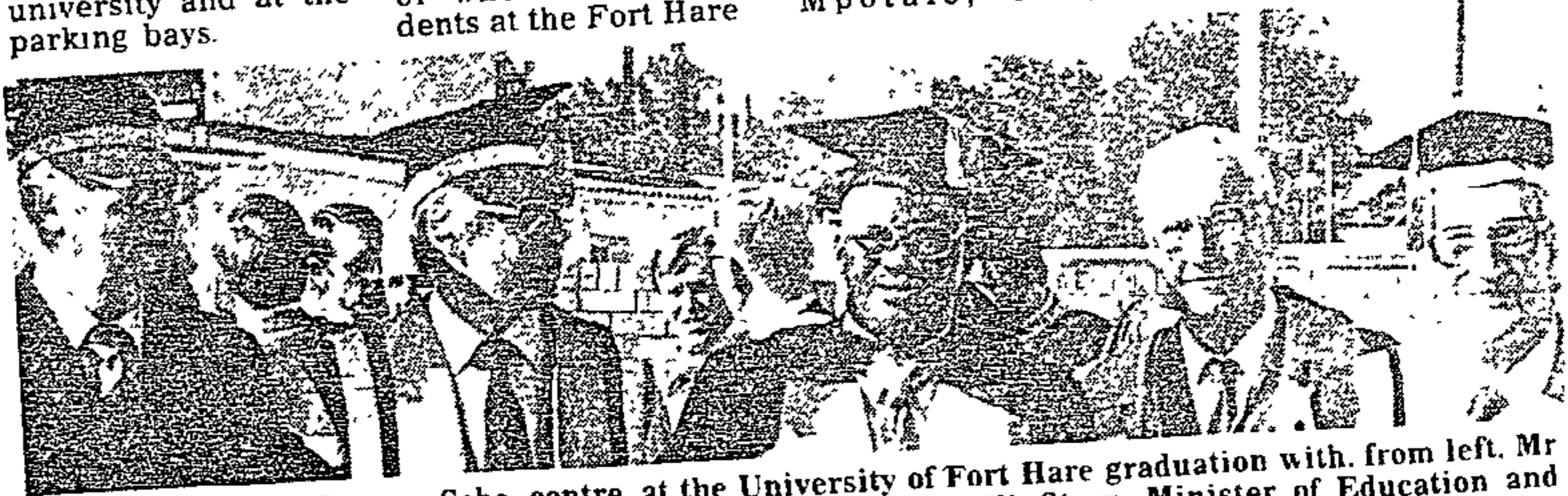
branch in Zwelitsha graduated and among them were a Breidbach father and son, Mr John William Klaasen, 56, who obtained a BA degree and his son, Mr Edgar Gerald Klaasen, 24, who obtained a B Ed.

Mrs Nolwandle Ngxizele, an officer in the Ciskei Department of Tourism, graduated with a BA in communications.

Sister Christopher Mpotulo, CPS, a

teacher at Ikwezi Lokusa Catholic school in Umtata, received a BA degree and UED and found it gratifying to be graduating with one of her students, Miss Portia Ndileka Loyilane who received a B Com degree.

Miss Loyilane was loudly applauded for her courage and determination as she walked slowly up the stage on iron crutches.  
— DDR



Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe, centre, at the University of Fort Hare graduation with, from left, Mr Justice Munnik, chairman of the Fort Hare Council, Dr D. W. Steyn, Minister of Education and Justice, Professor J. A. Lamprecht, Rector of Fort Hare, Prof T. Dunston, Rector of Medunsa and the University of Fort Hare, and Dr P. E. Rousseau, Chancellor.

# Ciskei National Assembly

Reports from OWEN VANQA

## Legal men must be enrolled in Ciskei

BISHO — Attorneys enrolled in South Africa cannot practise in Ciskei unless they are also enrolled in the Supreme Court of Ciskei, President Lennox Sebe told the National Assembly yesterday.

He said this during the second reading speech of the Ciskei Constitution Amendment Bill he piloted in the Assembly.

The amendment bill empowered the government to publish bills and government gazettes in any of the country's official languages — English and Xhosa — whenever it deemed it expedient, instead of both.

The bill also makes it compulsory for attorneys to enrol in the Ciskei Supreme Court before they can appear in courts in the country.

President Sebe said the Constitution Act as it now stood required every act of the National Assembly to be published in both Xhosa and English. This requirement was mandatory and did not permit or make possible a discretion being exercised or a deviation from this course.

He said compliance with this provision of the constitution had given rise to difficulties and delays in the past in regard to the disposal of legislation, particularly in matters of urgency.

President Sebe assured the House that the interests of the nation would always be the guiding motive in exercising these options. When the constitution was drafted the difficulties now being experienced were not foreseen by those charged with the preparation of the draft, otherwise the provisions now being inserted in the act would have been part of the original act.

Dealing with the enrolment of attorneys, notaries and conveyancers he said the relevant clause in the original act was not adequate particularly in the light of a ruling which had been given by the Supreme Court of Ciskei relating to the position of these people practising in Ciskei.

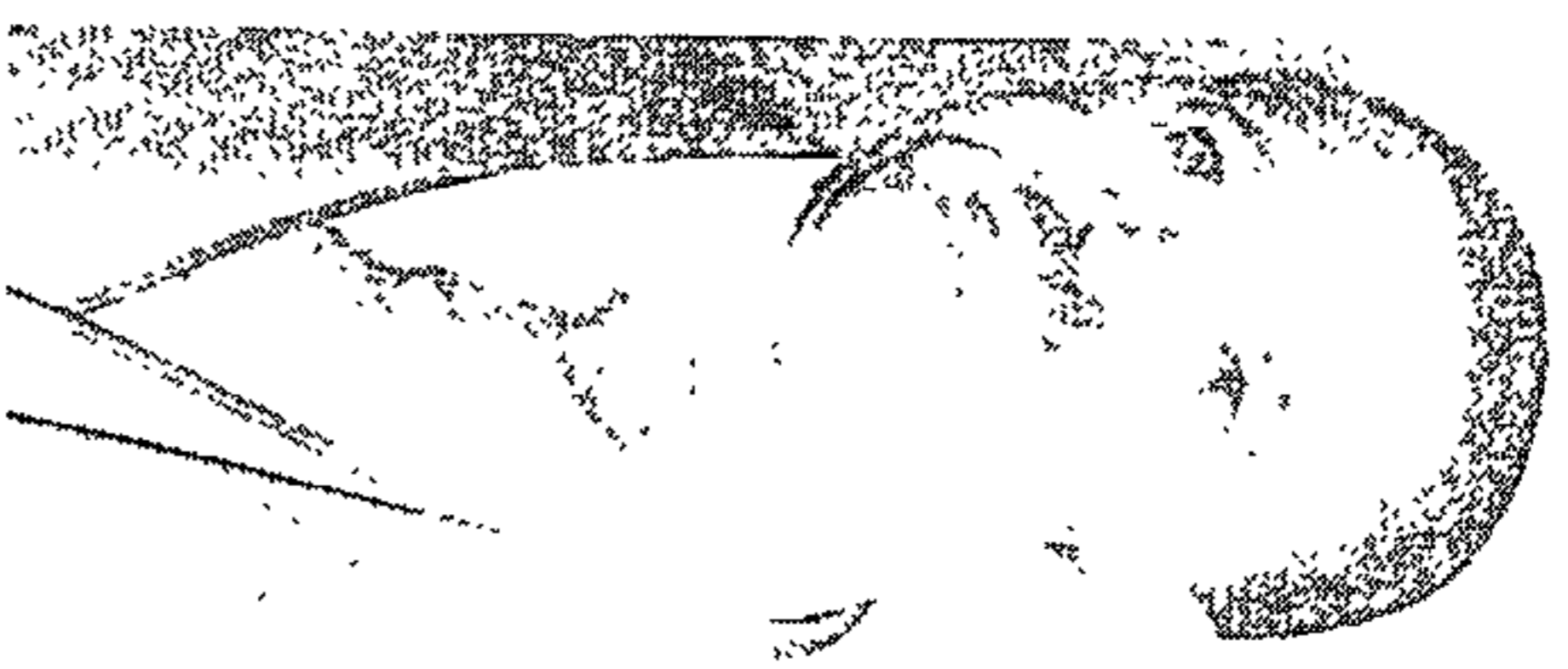
The ruling was that attorneys enrolled in South Africa could not practise in Ciskei unless enrolled with the Ciskei Supreme Court.

He said all legal practitioners who would be affected by the omission had already taken steps to make formal application for enrolment in Ciskei and had in fact been formally enrolled.

The ruling did not affect advocates. Those who had been admitted as such in South Africa before Ciskei's independence had their vested right of practice accordingly preserved and perpetuated.

The deputy whip, Chief D N Mavuso, welcomed the bill. He said it was a necessity. A constitution was a backbone and basis. Since the Constitution was drawn some time back it was necessary to make amendments.

The Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J T Mabandla, asked that for the time being English should be used in the government publications. While not doing his mother tongue down he said law books for example were written in English and Xhosa did not have terms like 'mutatis mutandis.' It



CHIEF MABANDLA... appeal for English.

was going to be costly to translate all gazettes into Xhosa more so because every minister had complained that there was virtually no money.

Mr Ray Mali said the bill was a great step towards the development of Ciskei. A constitution was a living instrument and was the lifeblood of the nation. It should express the will and the wish of the people as the amendment did. It must portray the character of the nation and was a mirror that portrayed Ciskei to the outside world. It provided the missing link — DDR

## *Life President bill read again*

**BISHO** — The Tenure of Office of the President Bill conferring life presidency on President Lennox Sebe was read a second time in the Assembly yesterday.

Piloting the bill, the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said the House would still have a vivid recollection of his motivation when he introduced a motion making President Sebe life president.

The bill before the House gave expression to the unanimous feelings of the Assembly and when it was placed before the statute book, the desires of the nation would have been fulfilled. The bill provided the legal machinery to give effect to the implementation of the motion adopted by the Assembly, he said.

Several MPs praised President Sebe on his leadership. — DDR.

## Sebe: SA Govt talks a success

**BISHO** — The Ciskei delegation to Cape Town last week achieved success in its talks with the South African delegation, President Lennox Sebe told the Assembly yesterday.

He said the delegation established 'firm, sincere reciprocal lines of communication.'

The backlog issues and items which should have been given simultaneously with the attainment of independence would be attended to. In fact the Ciskei Government had received a telex message on one of

the sensitive items.

This would enable the house to plan instead of crying and begging on matters that should have been given to Ciskei with the attainment of independence.

He praised each and every member of the delegation.

"Above all a new fresh air vibrated throughout the discussions, that is, the Minister of Foreign Affairs was outstandingly sympathetic and positive and also some officials did get some form of education," he said. — DDR.

## No excuse for parents: PRO

ALICE — Parents, relatives and friends who were left standing outside the gates of the Great Hall of the University of Fort Hare while the graduation ceremony was in progress had themselves to blame, the public relations officer at Fort Hare, Mr N. G. K. Holliday said.

"Entry into the Great Hall, was strictly per invitation and it was specified on the invitations and entry cards that the gates closed at 9.45 am,

and that anybody who was not there at the stipulated time would not be allowed in," he said.

"The conditions of admission were laid down from the onset. We had made allowances for graduands who were late, and allowed them in after the prayers.

"After that, we announced that other people could watch the proceedings on closed circuit television at another hall. — DDR;



# Ciskei bus fares to rise

EAST LONDON — Passengers using Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) buses will soon pay more to travel.

CTC's managing director, Mr Hans Kaiser, said in a statement yesterday that fares would go up by about 10 per cent "in the near future".

Passengers travelling on Gompo Transport will pay 2,5 c a kilometre as

opposed to the old fare of 2,25 c. Fares on Bisho and Hewu Transport will be increased from 2,5 c a kilometre to 3 c.

"It has not been decided exactly when the amended fares will come into effect, but further details will be released soon," Mr Kaiser said.

"However, these fares will still be among the

lowest in Southern Africa."

Outlining the reasons for the increases, Mr Kaiser said CTC could not afford to extend or expand services at present fare levels.

All the corporation's operating centres were running at a loss, he said, in the face of the rising costs of wages, tyres, spare parts and buses.

The corporation also planned to buy 87 new buses this year at a cost of R6.1 million. Last year 93 new buses were bought for the same price.

Because of these increased costs, Mr Kaiser said CTC would have to review its fares annually, unlike previous policy when they were reviewed every three to

four years. In his statement Mr Kaiser also issued a special appeal to employers to help their workers get over the increased costs.

"Transport forms a relatively high portion of the average commuter's personal budget and I would like to appeal to employers to assist their staff in meeting the increased travelling costs," he said. — DDR

# Ciskei probe on 'shooting'

Own Correspondent

PORT ELIZABETH. — A trip to Hogsback ended in nightmare when a Somerset West woman and her 24-year-old daughter were allegedly chased and shot at by uniformed men in a bakkie on an isolated stretch of road in the Ciskei.

Mrs Pat Brian is reported as saying the matter was being investigated "at a high level" by the South African Police and the commander-in-chief of State security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, confirmed last night that his staff was investigating the incident.

The matter had been reported to the South African Police. The Queenstown police station commander, Captain B J van der Westhuizen, said the police had gone to the scene of the incident.

It had been found that the incident took place in Ciskei territory, however, and Captain Van der Westhuizen referred inquiries to General Sebe.

Mrs Brian said six men in a cream bakkie drove up behind her and her daughter Sharon on Thursday night last week. When they drew level with her she noticed one of the men had a revolver in his hand.

When she accelerated to get away from them, the bakkie passed her, she said. Farther on they came across the vehicle at the side of the road and the men motioned her to stop but she drove on. The bakkie then gave chase and overtook her again.

She rounded a corner and finding the bakkie blocking her path, tried to swerve round it. As she did so about five shots were fired and her car was hit.

A family spokesman said Mrs Brian was injured by flying glass but managed to drive over the Ciskei boarder and on to the Hogsback Inn.

Mrs Brian would not speak directly to the press when contacted yesterday, but answered questions through a Mrs M Locke.

# to res?

## ot away

EAST LONDON — "It's not a fish, it's a mail boat," gasped angler Mrs Sharon Wewege in reply to a query about what sort of fish it was that she had been battling to bring in for over an hour at the Western Wall.

It was actually a skate, estimated weight 50 kg, and two hours later it turned out to be the one that got away.

"Either the fish has caught me, or I have caught the fish, one of the two, but I am most determined to bring it in," said Mrs Wewege as the battle raged on.

"Uh-oh, now we are going to play rodeo," she muttered a while later. At this stage the skate had finally been reeled in to near the wall, her husband stood poised, ready with a gaff to hook the fish in, and a small crowd of friends and onlookers were gathered, offering advice and encouragement.

"There, it's coming, it's coming! I've got it," she cried triumphantly.

EAST LONDON — Ciskei police are investigating an incident in which two women were shot at while travelling to the Hogsback holiday resort near Alice

The Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, confirmed that his staff were investigating the incident in which shots were fired at Mrs Pat Brian and her 24-year-old daughter Sharon, of Somerset West.

Mrs Brian would not speak to a reporter about the incident when contacted at a Hogsback hotel yesterday, but answered questions through an employee there, Mrs M. Locke.

She said their car had been fired at by a group of six men who had blocked the road with their pick-up truck shortly after trying to force them off the road.

They had been threatened by the men while travelling along the road from Alice to Hogsback last Thursday night, she said, when the pick-up pulled alongside their car.

The pick-up then sped past and stopped at the

## Woman escapes gas death

EAST LONDON — A man was arrested here after a 43-year-old woman woke up on Saturday night and found an opened gas cylinder next to her bed.

Mrs Margaret Egater of Morrison Road, Cam-

## Two women shot at in Ciskei

side of the road. The men got out, Mrs Brian said, and motioned that she should stop.

Because she didn't know who the men were, she kept on going towards Alice.

A short distance further, the pick-up pulled alongside again and told them to pull over. When they didn't, she said, the men sped on again. This time the pick-up was parked across the road and they were told to stop.

Mrs Brian said she swerved around the group of men, who were pointing guns at her car. Shots were fired and she heard glass breaking, but kept on going.

The Brians sped on to Hogsback, where they examined the car and found five bullet holes.

Mrs Brian said she was taken to King William's

Town's Grey Hospital the next morning for X-rays, but no wounds were found.

She also said the matter had been reported to the South African Police.

A Major Langenhoven had been sent from Pretoria to investigate the matter, she said, and he had spent the weekend speaking to her and Sharon.

In Queenstown the police station commander, Captain B. J. van der Westhuizen, said the South African Police had gone to the scene of the shooting to see whether they should investigate.

It had been found that the incident took place in Ciskei territory, however, and Captain van der Westhuizen referred inquiries to General Sebe — DDR.

## Man held after shotgun deaths

EAST LONDON — A Quigney man is being held by police after two people were found dead with shotgun wounds

Major W. Brown, police liaison officer for the Border, said a 35-year-old man reported to a police station on Sunday afternoon.

Police found the bodies of a man and a woman in thick bush alongside a railway line

near Duncan Village police station.

The woman was Mrs Priscilla Nombolelo Stofile, 28, of no fixed address. She had been shot in the chest. The man, who had wounds in the back, has not been identified

Police have taken possession of a shotgun. A man is expected to appear in court today. — DDR

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D. DISPATCH

21/6/83

D. D. SPOTCH  
22/01/83

105

# Assembly gets power to fine, imprison

**BISHO** — The Ciskei National Assembly has the powers and privileges of sitting as a court of law to punish by fine or imprisonment any person who acts in contempt of the assembly in terms of the National Assembly Bill introduced by President Lennox Sebe yesterday.

The bill which was read a second time aimed at consolidating the rules of procedure in the National Assembly.

President Sebe said Part One of the bill set out the powers and privileges of the National Assembly sitting either as a legislative body or as a court of law with power and jurisdiction to punish any person who contravened any provision of the bill by way of contempt.

The bill also protected, civilly or crimi-

nally, any MPs who acted within the privilege of the National Assembly.

He said the Assembly could punish summarily for contempt. The offences punishable under the bill included bribery and corruption, assault, perjury, subordination of perjury, forgery and defamation. It provided for the signature of the Speaker of warrants for the arrest or imprisonment of offenders. It also empowered the Speaker to order verbally and without a warrant the arrest of any person who created or joined in any disturbance in the Assembly.

President Sebe said the sheriff or a deputy sheriff or any member of the police was empowered to aid and assist in the arrest and detention of offenders.

Witnesses appearing before the Assembly or a committee of the Assembly would give evidence under oath or affirmation by the speaker. Where witnesses gave false evidence, they were subject to prosecution for perjury in the ordinary courts of the land.

Witnesses had a right to refuse to answer any question which might incriminate him as enjoyed in the ordinary courts of law.

He said MPs and members of the legal profession associated with such members were prohibited from accepting any payment in respect of the promotion of or opposition to anything brought before the assembly. Contravention of this provision can be punished by a fine of up to R2 000. — DDR.

# Tourists fear Ciskei

**GRAHAMSTOWN** — Several people visiting the publicity association here had expressed fears about driving through Ciskei, the director, Mrs Pamela Paton, said yesterday.

"Some will go out of their way to avoid Ciskei — quite a few would rather fly to East London," she said.

"This could have a negative spin-off on the tourist route between East London and Port Elizabeth via Grahamstown. With this great fear, whether it is unfounded or not, I doubt whether it will be possible to develop the route as a tourist attraction.

We will have to struggle against this."

Port Elizabeth's director of publicity, Miss Cynthia van der Mescht, declined comment on the possible negative effects on tourism.

Referring to stoning and shooting incidents in Ciskei recently, she said: "These may just be isolated incidents — so many thousands of people use Ciskei's roads."

A spokesman for Port Alfred's publicity association said elderly people in the town were reluctant to use Ciskeian roads and "would never think of travelling alone."

She described the stoning and alleged shooting incidents as "of-putting and distressing. Things like that make you shudder."

Ciskei's Commander-in-chief of State security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, yesterday assured tourists in Ciskei "every protection."

"The shooting incident was an isolated case — my armed forces maintain a very good vigilance.

"Ciskei's police are handling the matter at the moment. Their investigation should be complete soon." — DDC.



GEN SEBE . . . "every protection."

# 14 released on bail

D. P. SPATCK

22/6/83

105

ALICE — All 14 University of Fort Hare students facing charges of public violence have now been released on bail.

Their legal representative, Mr H. Siwisa, said the 14 had been able to return to their homes in different parts of South Africa yesterday.

Previously, he said, there had been a clause in their bail conditions which required them to report to Alice police station every Monday and Thursday.

This was relaxed when

they appeared briefly in the regional court here on Monday.

The 14 students were originally part of a group of 22 who appeared in Alice magistrate's court on June 13 charged with attending a demonstration against the hanging of three members of the African National Congress. Charges against the other eight students have been dropped, according to Mr Siwisa.

The remaining 14 — who will appear in court again on July 15 — are: Moses Munye; Xola Ngxangwane; Mzwandile Mzamo; Mnyamezeli Thengimfene; Joseph Masuthu; Thando Mthembu; Banele Kunene; Gladwell Madikizela; Gladwell Mthembu; Michael Zide; Mthetheleli Tyaliti; Mkuseli Gaushe; Jack Makhaba; and Edward Rupoo. — DDR

# Ciskei <sup>105</sup> rulings Post on SA 22/6/83 lawyers

**BISHO** — Attorneys enrolled in South Africa could not practise in Ciskei unless they also enrolled in the Ciskei Supreme Court, President Lennox Sebe said yesterday.

He was speaking during the second reading of the Ciskei Constitution Amendment Bill, which empowers the Government to publish Bills and Government Gazettes in either of the country's official languages — English or Xhosa — whenever it deems it expedient, instead of in both.

The Bill also makes it compulsory for attorneys to enrol in the Ciskei Supreme Court before they can appear in rural courts.

President Sebe said the Constitution Act as it currently stood required every act of the National Assembly to be published in both Xhosa and English.

He said compliance with this provision had given rise to difficulties and delays in the past concerning the disposal of legislation, particularly in matters of urgency. — Sapa

D-DISPATCH  
24/6/83



## Sebe offer 105 to Lesotho

EAST LONDON — Ciskei's Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, has offered to throw open his department's "source register" to prove his claim that the person being held by the Lesotho Government is not a "Ciskei spy".

General Sebe challenged the Lesotho Government yesterday to send a judge to inspect his list of "agents and sources" to see if he could find the name of the person detained in April on suspicion of spying for Ciskei.

"That is the only way we will sort out this mess," General Sebe said from his office in Zwelitsha yesterday.

"It seems the Lesotho Government is going to carry on with its attempt to get international pub-

licity. For that reason I am prepared to let one of their judges go through our source register and see if the name of the alleged spy is there."

General Sebe said he stuck to an earlier statement about the detention of the suspected spy, named as Mr Lizo Mona, 22

"I wish to state it categorically: that man is not our man," he said.

General Sebe added that the Ciskei Government did not intend communicating with Lesotho over its claims, as it did not believe they carried any weight. — DDR

### Even the great must fall

DURHAM, England — Brenda Grant, 32, made a safe landing after her 27th parachute jump, a free-fall descent from 3 000 metres.

Then she stepped into a rabbit hole and broke her leg. — SAPA-RNS.



# No one molested on roads—minister

BISHO — "Can you imagine what would happen if two Ciskeian women drove through Grahamstown and failed to stop when called upon by the police to do so," said the Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga in the National Assembly yesterday.

He was referring to President Sebe's statement on the recent shooting on a road in Ciskei.

"We would not be talking about two ladies enjoying their stay at Hogsback but two corpses, and yet you find Mrs Pamela Paton and another Port Elizabeth representative jumping the gun and giving their version without getting the true facts. They are in fact encouraging people from Grahamstown and Port Elizabeth to bypass Ciskei."

He said all along people had been under the impression that the two women were molested by thugs or "terrorists" in Ciskei.

It was surprising that the van the women spoke about vaguely was a police van and that it was easily identifiable. It was also surprising that they mentioned men in khaki clothes when they were uniformed army men.

Chief Jongilanga said the publicity officials also spoke about elderly people who were afraid to drive alone in Ciskei. He asked when this had been decided upon by the old people because there had been no string

of such events.

He challenged them to name any elderly person who was molested on Ciskei roads.

He asked if after the bombings in Port Elizabeth, whites and people from other countries were ever warned to keep away from Port Elizabeth. He asked why overseas tourists were never stopped from visiting South Africa or Natal after an American tourist had been killed in Natal.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, assured all tourists visiting Ciskei that the Ciskei police were at all times at their disposal to protect them even to the extent of sacrificing their lives.

He said it was amazing to learn that there had been incidents of stone-throwing in Ciskei when not a single incident of this nature had been reported to the police.

"Is this story plucked from the air to discredit Ciskei in the eyes of the tourist community?" he asked.

"Such negative destructive goals will not be achieved. Where are the facts, where are the figures about these incidents?"

Mr Pityi said it had not escaped the eyes of the Ciskei Government that there was an element of "hot-heads" in Grahamstown whose sole objective was to speak ill of the independent national states for the sole reason that their political interests were



CHIEF JONGILANGA

opposed to the independent states concept.

"To them we say, de facto Ciskei is independent and cannot be wished away and tourists will not pay heed to their ideologies," he said. — DDR.

## Israeli killed, 3 wounded

SIDON — Israeli forces imposed a tough security clampdown yesterday after an Israeli soldier was killed and three were wounded in a guerilla ambush in Southern Lebanon on Tuesday night

The Palestinian News Agency, Wafa, said "a unit of the Lebanese-Palestinian joint forces" attacked the patrol with rocket-propelled grenades and automatic weapons inflicting casualties and destroying a military vehicle. — SAPA-RNS.

Town	23282
Madamsna	41
Quekstown	4040
Umhala	2500

Thursday, June 23, 1983

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Founded 1872  
D. O. S. P. A. Z. A.

# Sebe: Women ignored police roadblock

BISHO — The two women involved in a shooting incident had failed to stop at a roadblock manned by Ciskei armed forces although the men had uniforms and their van was clearly marked "Ciskei Police," President Lennox Sebe told the National Assembly yesterday.

He said the Ciskei forces only fired at the car after they had been fired at first by the occupants of the car.

The incident was under top level investigation by a colonel seconded to Ciskei by the South African Government and a Ciskeian captain.

President Sebe said that on the eve of June 16, a day regarded as a commemoration day by "all subversive organisations in this country and abroad," vigilance was kept in the Victoria East area following the arrest of an "ANC courier and information about terrorists in the Hogsback area."

The courier who had been arrested by the Ciskei Police had already divulged that he had conveyed four loads of explosives, arms and ammunition from Lesotho to Port Elizabeth.

"As a result of information relating to terrorist presence in the area and anticipated terrorist

action on that day the Victoria East area was intensively patrolled by Ciskeian armed forces," he said.

"All cars had of necessity to be stopped and searched. This is done the world over."

He said in the course of these operations a car was stopped at about midnight by the armed forces who were in full uniform and their truck was identifiable because there were block letters written "Ciskeian Police." The car did not stop and it was chased.

"Despite further attempts to stop it the car did not stop. Our men were fired at by the occupants of the car and only then did they return the fire." President Sebe said he wondered why the woman who was involved did not mention that the occupants of her car fired first and that there was an exchange of fire.

As it was dark the Ciskei Police did not see the occupants of the car.

The police-van could not catch the car and gave up the chase and reported the incident at a police station.

During the same night the car was traced and as a

result of a telephone call to the police it came out that the occupants were two white women.

"This is most annoying and dirty."

President Sebe stressed that there had been no stone-throwing incidents in Ciskei as claimed by officials of the publicity associations of Port Elizabeth and Grahamstown.

"Ciskei wants to stress categorically that there have never been any stone-throwing incidents in Ciskei. We never experienced stone-throwing even during riots, the worst time. Stone-throwing is a mentally painted incident as it portrays the mentality of the authors."

He lashed out at the director of the Grahamstown Publicity Association, Mrs Pamela Paton, who claimed some people would go out of their way to avoid Ciskei.

He said when two people were stoned to death in Grahamstown during the riots, when stones were thrown at cars, she never tried to frighten away tourists from visiting Grahamstown. She was silent about Grahamstown wages which were the lowest including Ciskei and also about the poor housing for black residents. — DDR. See also, P9.

# Ciskei to <sup>(105)</sup> make arms <sup>D. DISPATCH</sup> at Dimbaza <sup>23/6/83</sup> ~~(274)~~

BISHO — President Lennox Sebe yesterday announced the formation of Ciskei Armaments Corporation (Ciskor) to manufacture arms and ammunition at Dimbaza.

He said some of the hardware would be exported to other countries.

President Sebe told the Assembly that this had been kept a top secret to the extent that the South African Ambassador in Ciskei who was in the Assembly when the announcement was made would be surprised.

The formation of the corporation was through negotiations Ciskei had during visits to Israel and Germany.

He said the corporation would be opening its first factory at Dimbaza at the end of the month. Ten to 20 Ciskeian labourers would be required at the end of the month to help with the cleaning up and landscaping of the area around the factory and also to help with the in-

stallation of sophisticated machinery that would be arriving in Ciskei shortly.

Thereafter Ciskeian machine operators would be trained within the factory and it was envisaged that the Ciskei Armaments Corporation would be employing between 100 and 120 people together with five labourers.

"It is the intention of Ciskor to establish and create a new industry and it can be considered as a forward step in the development of the Ciskeian nation."

Asked if Ciskei intended applying to Armscor for permission to transport the arms through South Africa when exporting, he said that was covered in the confederal agreement Ciskei signed with South Africa when accepting independence.

The Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said in an interview that rifles and revolvers of high quality and bullets of different categories would be manufactured.

— DDR.



Joe-Dowling arrived at Jan Smuts Airport from Cape Town with new album before leaving for Europe in August.

Picture: RAYMOND PRESTON

23/6/83  
**Increase**

gets its increases steadily of time. industry's said the er was not erable the ce some

higher proportion of our fixed costs of production than is the case at present.

"This should be done on a gradual and phased basis to avoid undue disruption in off-take (sales) as well as the substitution by artificial and other 'artificial'."

The end result Mr Jones

**Opposed to new nuclear centre**

Mail Correspondent

SA's 'pillars of injustice'

105  
~~23/6/83~~

By PATRICK LAURENCE  
 Political Editor

BANTUSTAN governments were castigated yesterday as "pillars of injustice" by Mr Pringle Nobobe, leader of the Mgwali community in the Eastern Cape which is resisting relocation to Ciskei.

Speaking at the Black Sash Vigil at Khotso House, Johannesburg on forced removals, Mr Nobobe told of how he had asked one of the Sebe brothers who rule Ciskei for time to call a meeting of Mgwali residents to consider the proposal to relocate them to Frankfort in Ciskei.

"He said 'You want to call terrorists. If you speak against removals you will be detained. And we were detained. Thank heavens there were no mysterious deaths in those cells'."

While in detention Mr Nobobe thought of the history of his people, how they had defended their land in nine frontier wars, how they had supported South Africa with "blood and sweat" through two World Wars and how they had been rewarded with a "refined system of pass laws".

It led, he recalled, to his decision to establish the Mgwali Residents' Association to resist relocation through absolute non-cooperation.

In another address Mr Peter Brown, an executive member of the Liberal Party until the prohibition of racially mixed parties forced it to disband, spoke about a string of black communities in northern Natal which had been uprooted and forcefully relocated.

His chronicle included the tale of Mr Abraham Ngwenya, the first black man to buy freehold property in Charlestown on the Natal-Transvaal border in 1911, where he practised as a blacksmith, serving both white and black townfolk.

"He died in 1959 quite unable to understand why he should now be told that he must move to the bare wastes of Buffalo Flats 40km away and why none of his former customers seemed prepared to defend his right to stay."

Mr Brown's chronicle ended with the on-going resistance to removal of one of the last of the old "black spots", the 12 000-strong Matiwane's Kop community.

At a recent meeting with the local commissioner they told him "May the spirits of our fathers and forefathers be with us when we firmly say that we reject, protest and will never accept the scheme that removes us from our land where their bones lie peacefully."

**Police attack marchers**

PRAGUE — Police wielding clubs broke up a march early yesterday in Prague by up to 300 youths chanting "freedom", hours after about 200 000 people attended a rally as part of a state-spon-

sored international peace conference.

Witnesses said about six youths were dragged away and arrested in what residents said was the first such spontaneous demonstration.

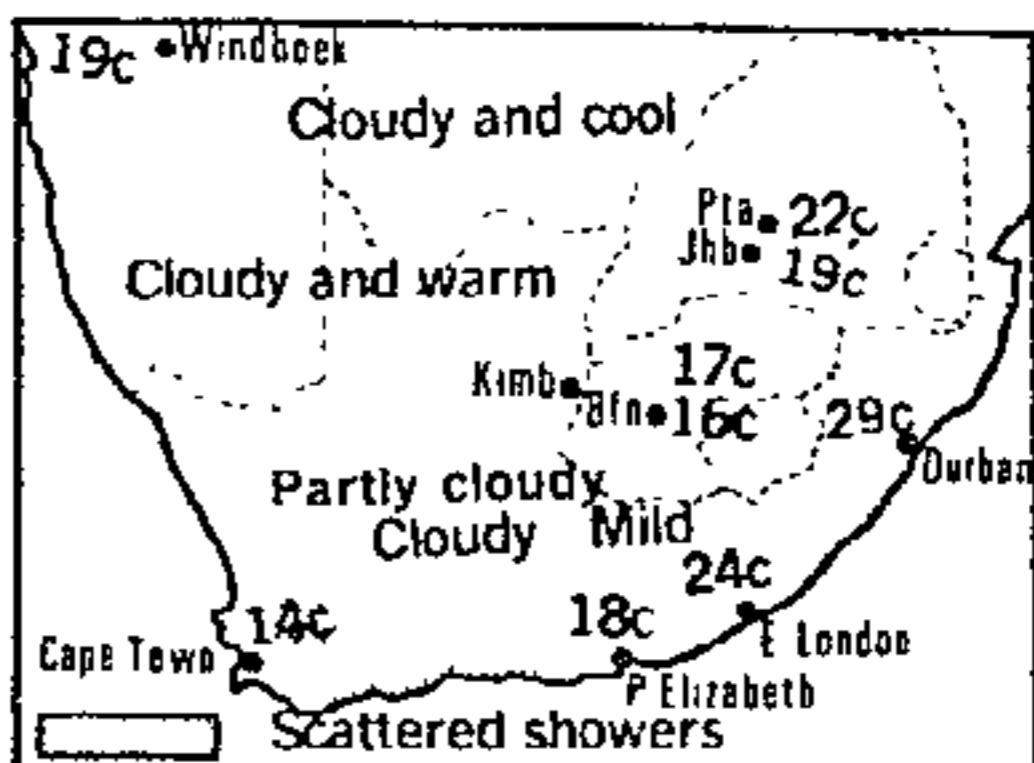
**Weather Mail**

THE Weather Bureau's forecast for today —  
**TRANSVAAL:** — Fine and mild to warm, but hot over the lowveld.  
**FREE STATE and CAPE north of the Orange:** — Fine and mild becoming cloudy and colder over the northern Cape and south-west Free State.  
**CAPE south of the Orange:** — Cloudy and cold over the south-west with rain, otherwise fine to partly cloudy and cold, but warm along the south-east coast regions with bergwind conditions. Snow is possible over the southern mountains.  
**NATAL:** — Fine and warm to hot with bergwinds.  
**SOUTH WEST AFRICA:** — Fine and mild to warm, but partly cloudy and cold over the south.  
**BOTSWANA:** — Fine to partly cloudy and warm. — Sapa

TEMPERATURES ARE CELSIUS MAXIMUMS EXPECTED FOR EACH CITY

Rand Daily Mail  
 Weather Station

WEDNESDAY  
 June 22, 1983  
 Temperatures:  
 09h00 14h00 21h00  
 11°C 15°C 8°C  
 Humidity:  
 75% 45% 50%  
 Max temp: 16°C  
 Min temp: 6°C  
 Rain 24 hours to 20h00:  
 Nil  
 Sunset today 17h25  
 Sunrise tomorrow  
 06h54



**SOUTH AFRICA YESTERDAY**

higher proportion of our fixed costs of production than is the case at present. "This should be done on a gradual and phased basis to avoid undue disruption in off-take (sales) as well as the substitution by artificial and other 'artificial'." The end result Mr Jones

# Claims on shooting conflict

105  
E. Post 23/6/83

By KEITH ROSS

**EAST LONDON —** Sharply conflicting reports today clouded the facts of the shooting incident involving two women and Ciskeian police on a lonely road near Hogsback.

The Ciskeian President, Mr Lennox Sebe, told the Ciskei National Assembly in Bisho yesterday that the police had opened fire only after the women had shot at them.

Mrs Pat Brian told the Evening Post earlier this week that she had fired three times wildly out her car window only after the last shot had been fired by the Ciskeians.

Mrs Brian claimed she and her 24-year-old daughter, Sharon, were on their way to Hogsback at 9.20pm last Thursday when six men in an unmarked truck tried to stop them.

She said that although she later noticed the men were wearing khaki, she saw no sign of rank or insignia on their clothing.

This was contradicted by Mr Sebe yesterday. He also said the truck was clearly marked with the words "Ciskeian Police" on block letters.

Mr Sebe said the incident happened at midnight. Police on anti-terrorist duties tried to flag down the car and were fired on by the occupants.

He said that in the dark the police could not see that the occupants were two white women.

Mrs Brian claimed the men in the truck drew alongside her car and shouted and jeered at them. The men, she said, seemed to be making fun of them.

She was too afraid to stop as she believed they were going to be attacked and robbed.

Mrs Brian also claimed the men tried twice to block the road with their truck but said she managed to get past them.

On the first occasion one shot was fired at her car and she heard it strike home. On the second occasion, she said, her car was sprayed with bullets and she was wounded in her head and hand by flying glass and metal. Only then did she fire her three "wild shots".

Mrs Brian reached Hogsback with 14 bullet holes in her car, all windows on the passenger side smashed, and a blown out tyre.

Mrs Brian could not be reached today for further comment.

Friday, June 24, 1983

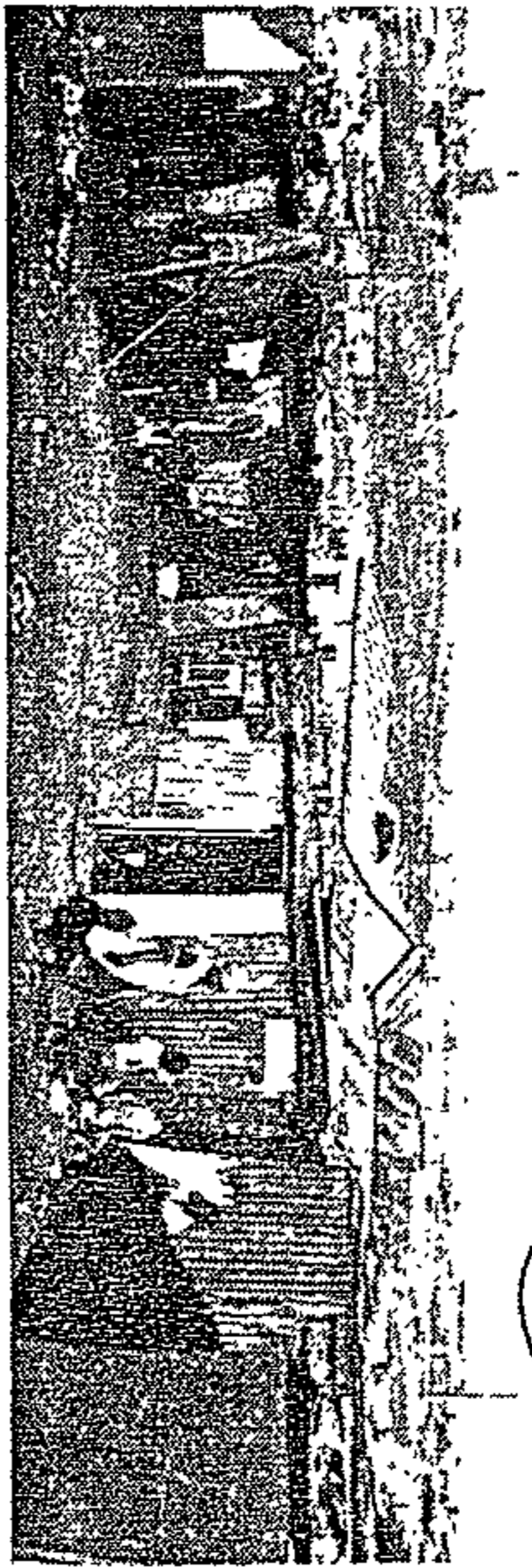
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S. DISPATCH

105

This will stay . . .

This will go . . .



# DUNHAM VILLAGES: A MAJOR REPRISAL

P. 10

# Border MPs welcome decision

CAPE TOWN — The government's decision to retain the larger part of Duncan Village was unanimously welcomed by Border MPs yesterday

Mr Peet de Pontes (NP East London City) praised the government for its "understanding and realistic handling of this very complex and sensitive issue"

Mr De Pontes, who recently stepped up efforts to resolve problems experienced by Duncan Villagers, said the Duncan Village Community Council was to be commended for the "responsible and determined" way in which they handled their community's interests.

The PFP spokesman on black affairs in the Eastern Cape, Mr Errol Moorcroft (Albany), said the news of the reprieve would be welcomed by all those who had fought against the removal of the township for many years

"But most of all it will be welcomed by those who live there. They will be spared the trauma of a forced removal and all the consequences which flow from such a move."

"Although the minister (Dr Koornhof) is to be congratulated for his change of heart, the move should never have been contemplated in the first place," said Mr Moorcroft.

Mr Pat Rogers (NRP

King William's Town) said the decision was "most welcome". The relocation of an entire community could only be justified in the "direst" of circumstances where social and economic upliftment was impossible.

"There are many Duncan Villagers whose families have resided there for generations — they are in fact the permanent urban black South Africans of yesterday, long before the National Party embarked on its fragmentation of the country."

Mr Rogers said the NRP remained committed to a policy of urban renewal "in every possible case", and the party had stated and restated this as its approach since the commencement of the "Duncan Village affair".

He urged the government to proceed with dynamic renewal in the remainder of Duncan Village and urgently introduce leasehold and ownership schemes in

all the black communities in the Border corridor before further problems arose.

Mr De Pontes, in a statement released on behalf of the NP representatives of East London, said it was vital that every section of the community be properly housed and the government's decision on Duncan Village was a major step towards achieving this.

"In our view, considering prevailing circumstances and availability of funds, this is the only way in which, in co-operation with the Ciskei Government, all the residents of Duncan Village and Zipunzana can be provided with suitable housing and necessary amenities." — DDPR

It is understood that further R10 million would be made available next year and the "Duncan Village proper" could be cleared within two years

## CAPE TOWN — Duncan Villagers have won a major reprieve from the government who yesterday announced that the largest part of the township will no longer be resettled in Mdantsane, Ciskei.

The surprise announcement follows months of mounting pressure on the government to abandon the relocation of East London's dormitory black township which has been threatened with disestablishment since the early 1960s.

The announcement was made here shortly after the Duncan Village Community Council emerged from a two-hour meeting with the Minister of Co-operation and Development, Dr Piet Koornhof, and his deputy, Dr George Morrison

The slum area of

reasons had decided to retain and upgrade Zipunzana.

This area of Duncan Village would be retained and upgraded on the following conditions:

- That the community council accepts that the area, after the definition of boundaries, be frozen and no further expansion be permitted.
- That the area be re-planned to attain the highest possible density within the framework of planning norms laid down by the government.
- That residents accept the application of economic tariffs and that the

From RONEL SCHEFFER  
Parliamentary Reporter

Ndende Street and surrounds, comprising some 2 500 families, will still be cleared, but adjacent Zipunzana — estimated to accommodate some 40 000 people — is to be retained and upgraded

A clearly pleased Mr Dumakade Makatala, chairman of the community council, said after the meeting: "Our people will be relieved and I am also relieved. Half a loaf is better than no bread at all."

Mr Makatala said he would reserve further comment on the move until a report-back meeting had been held in the township.

Border MPs approached for comment were unanimous in welcoming the move and Mr Peet de Pontes (NP East London City) disclosed that Mr Louis Rive, appointed by the government last year to investigate black living conditions in the East-

ern Cape, had played a major role in affecting the reprieve.

Dr Koornhof and Dr Morrison in a joint statement said the government abided by its previous decision that "Duncan Village proper" (Ndende Street area) be disestablished.

Its residents would be rehoused in Mdantsane as accommodation became available and with the full co-operation of the community council and the Ciskeian Government.

In terms of an existing agreement between Ciskei and South Africa these residents would retain their employment rights in East London.

The statement said the government "for economic and other practical"

government relax such tariffs only in cases as prescribed by regulation

- That the Group Areas Board finalise the boundaries while adhering to the establishment of proper buffer zones after due consultation with interested parties, and

- that no unauthorised squatting be permitted and that the community council undertake to effect proper control to this end.

An "upgrading committee" consisting of Mr Rive, the East Cape Administration Board, the East London City Council, the community council and the Chief Commissioner of the Eastern Cape will be formed to effect the upgrading of Zipunzana.

In a preamble to the announcement, the ministers said despite "determined steps" by various authorities, conditions in "Duncan Village proper" had deteriorated to such an extent that "growing health and social problems had developed which concerned East London as a whole."

The National Party's elected representatives in the area had made strong representations to the government to investigate alternative solutions if funds to resettle the township speedily were not available.

The government had also held discussions with various public bodies, and as a result of repeated requests from the community council had come to its decision.

An amount of R10 million has been budgeted for the relocation of the township during the current financial year.

It was reliably learnt yesterday that consideration was being given to rename the village to Zipunzana. — PR.

105 E. Post 24/6/83

# Sebe backs ideal of confederation

BISHO — President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei reiterated his support for a confederation of Southern African states in his closing address of the National Assembly in Bisho yesterday.

He said he regarded this matter as of paramount importance.

He said that in its constitution, Ciskei declared itself to be a sovereign, democratic and independent republic in a confederation of Southern African states.

"The confederal concept for Southern Africa has, at all times, been a prerequisite for Ciskeian independence and in Ciskei's 'package deal' for independence it was envisaged that a con-

federal relationship would be entered into with the Republic of South Africa," he said.

"The Government of the Republic of Ciskei is irrevocably committed to this ideal."

President Sebe said a confederation could not ultimately hope to succeed unless economic development was promoted throughout Southern Africa and its benefits more equally shared among the member states. The success of a confederation, moreover, would demand the promotion not only of economic progress but also of harmonious interaction between member states. — Sapa



**WORLD NEWS — PAGE 9**

**Women fired at troops Sebe**

Mail Correspondent

BISHO. — Two white South African women were involved in an exchange of fire with Ciskeian armed forces last week after refusing an order to stop, President Lennox Sebe said this week.

He told the Ciskeian National Assembly that the women had failed to stop at a roadblock, although the troops wore uniforms and their van had "Ciskei Police" clearly written on it.

However, it was so dark that Ciskeian troops who gave chase could not see who was in the car they were pursuing.

President Sebe said the chase took place on Wednesday night last week.

"Our men were fired at by the occupants of the car and only then did our men return the fire. There was an exchange of fire."

He said the incident was being investigated by a white colonel seconded to Ciskei by the South African Government and a Ciskeian captain.

President Sebe said the incident happened on the eve of June 16, a day regarded as a commemoration day by "all subversive organisations in this country and abroad".

Ciskeian forces had been maintaining extra vigilance in the Victoria East area, he said, following the arrest of an "ANC courier and information about terrorists in the Hogsback area".

The ANC courier had admitted carrying four loads of explosives, arms and ammunition from Lesotho to Port Elizabeth.

As a result, Ciskeian troops had been out in force on that

day and it was one of their roadblocks the two women ignored.

President Sebe said the police van could not catch the car and gave up the chase. The car was traced later the same night and it was only then learned the occupants were two white women.

He denied claims by the Port Elizabeth and Grahamstown publicity associations that the women may have been frightened of possible stone-throwing incidents. He said there had never been any stone-throwing in Ciskei.

"Ciskei wants to stress categorically that there have never been any stone-throwing incidents in Ciskei," he said. "We never experienced stone-throwing, even during riots."

"Stone-throwing is a mentally painted incident as it portrays the mentality of the authors."

He criticised the director of the Grahamstown Publicity Association, Mrs Pamela Paton, who said some people went out of their way to avoid Ciskei.

Even when two people had been stoned to death in Grahamstown during riots there, she had not tried to frighten away tourists from visiting Grahamstown. Neither did she comment on Grahamstown wages, which were the lowest in the region, including Ciskei, or about the poor housing for blacks.

The Ciskeian Minister of Public Works, Chief D M Jongilanga, commented: "Can you imagine if two Ciskeian ladies drove through Grahamstown and failed to stop when stopped by the police?"

(105) ROM  
24/6/83

D. Q. ISRAELI 24/6/83 ~~SECRET~~ 105

# Arm Scor were unaware of Ciskei project

EAST LONDON — South Africa's armaments corporation, Arm Scor, is "totally unaware" of the Ciskei plan to manufacture and export its own arms and ammunition.

A spokesman for the corporation said yesterday that the corporation had not been told of the formation of the Ciskei Armaments Corporation (Ciskor)

"This is the first I've heard of this," the spokesman said when contacted in Pretoria.

He then consulted Arm Scor's board of executives — which was sitting to discuss a missile testing site in Bredasdorp — and got the same answer.

"When I walked into the meeting and told them, they were all amazed," the spokesman said. "They said it was 'interesting' and 'new', but none of them knew anything about it."

The spokesman added that there had been no indication in previous months that Ciskei intended building its own armaments factory, and said Arm Scor had not been involved in any advisory capacity.

When the formation of Ciskor was announced in the Ciskei parliament on Wednesday, President Lennox Sebe said that its development had been kept "a top secret".

He told the assembly the corporation would move into a factory at Dimbaza, near King William's Town, at the end of this month.

President Sebe also said the formation of the corporation was based on "negotiations" Ciskei had undertaken during government visits to West Germany and Israel — a development described as "mysterious" yesterday by diplomatic representatives of the two countries.

A spokesman for the Israeli embassy in Pretoria, Mr E. Lahad, said Ciskor's foundation was "totally surprising".

He stressed that there was no Israeli Government involvement in the scheme, but said there was "nothing to stop a private developer from getting involved in something like this".

A German embassy spokesman in Pretoria, Mr F. von Rottenburg, described Ciskor as "a mysterious proposition . . . very interesting."

He also stressed that there was no official German involvement in the scheme, and both the diplomats said they would be "looking closely" at any business links with Ciskei. — DDR

# 2 000 DV families to move

From

**RONEL SCHEFFER**

CAPE TOWN — The government's decision on the future of Duncan Village will result in the removal of 2 143 families to Mdantsane while 4 800 families will remain in the township.

This was disclosed last night by the Chief Director of the East Cape Administration Board, Mr Louis Koch

Mr Koch said the board estimated that some 36 000 blacks lived in the township and that the government's reprieve would involve two thirds of the population of Duncan Village.

D. DISPATCH 24/6/83

The removal of the 2 143 families would be effected as homes became available in Mdantsane and it was impossible to state at this stage when the relocation would be completed, Mr Koch said

In terms of the government's decision an "upgrading committee" will be established to replan the reprieve area of Zipunzana and Duncan Village Extension.

Mr Koch said the upgrading project would be given priority treatment. "We won't waste time to improve the living conditions of those in the area," he said

The committee — comprising members of the board, Mr Louis Rive, the East London city Council and the Chief Commissioner — would meet in the near future to decide on a programme for the project

The area to be cleared — Ndende Street and surrounds — comprised 489 "official" homes and 2 143 families. The board estimated that some 480 families lived in the overcrowded Ndende Street.

Mr Koch said Zipunzana and Duncan Village comprised 4 800 families and there were 970

105

houses in the area. Emergency housing in this area would be demolished to provide improved accommodation for residents in the area

The deputy Minister of Co-operation, Dr George Morrison, in an interview yesterday indicated that some 500 homes could be built in a "cleared area which forms part of Zipunzana"

He said "multi-storeyed" accommodation might be built in this area and "internal density" had to be achieved in the township.

EL reaction, P2.

12 Mrs H SUZMAN Law and Order  
Reply standing over

(105) *Housend 24/6/58*  
*Positioning of road*  
*61 1658*

13 Mr P R C ROGERS asked the  
Minister of Co-operation and Development

(1) Whether his Department was consulted on the final positioning of the proposed road through the farm Haddon in the district of King William's Town with regard to the proposed boundary with the Republic of Ciskei, if so, (a) what was the nature of these consultations and (b)(i) when (ii) where and (iii) with (aa) whom and (bb) which Government department did they take place:

(2) whether a number of alternative routes for consolidation and boundary purposes were submitted to his Department; if so, how many alternative routes were submitted.

(3) whether his Department expressed a preference for one of these routes, if so, for which route?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION  
AND DEVELOPMENT

(1) No.

(a), (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) (aa) and

(bb) Fall away

1659

FRIDAY, 2

(2) No

(3) According to the planning of the area concerned by the Department of Co-operation and Development the western road or railway reserve boundary of the existing road and railway line from Kei Road to Gazela is preferred.

# The 'grazing raiders' from the dry Ciskei

Post 25/6/83  
105  
3/11/83

## Weekend Post Reporter HUNDREDS of starving Ciskeian cattle are crossing the South African border at the Fish River to graze on bordering farms, according to farmers in the area.

In one case, they allege, prime land, which had been kept unused as part of a rotational grazing programme, has been "grazed flat" by hungry stock from the Ciskei.

Another matter for concern, the farmers say, is that the invading animals, often tick-ridden, are infecting herds with a variety of tick-borne diseases, among them redwater, heartwater and gall sickness.

The crisis has arisen because drought has exhausted grazing on the Ciskei side of the border.

Some South African farmers suspect that the animals are driven across the border by

might, a situation known as "midnight grazing".

They want to maintain good relations with the Ciskei folk at the same time as protecting their rights and property.

A proposal from the Albany and Bathurst Farmers' League has been sent to the MP for the Albany district, Mr Errol Moorcroft, requesting him to ask the South African Government to contact the Ciskeian Government to find a way of overcoming the problem.

They believe a permanent border control would be one solution.

Mr Norman Clayton, convenor of the farmers' group investigating the situation, was the farmer who complained that prize grazing land being kept away from his own stock as part of a rotational grazing plan had been grazed flat.

In addition, he said, one of

his best bulls, valued at R3 000, nearly died after contracting redwater.

A proposal to fence the border from the Fish River Mouth to Fort Brown has been rejected for practical reasons.

The Fish River has been known to flood unpredictably and a fence above the flood plain would deprive one or the other side of valuable riverside grazing.

Hunting and poaching on the South African side of the river are other worries facing the farmers.

There have been allegations of 15 or more men with packs of dogs being seen in hunting parties.

At times farmers have had to shoot dogs, but there is also reluctance to do so for fear of provocation.

The Department of Nature Conservation in Port Alfred now patrols the river bank

D. DISPATCH  
*Food a currency  
of peace — Sebe* 25/6/83  
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FORT COX — Food, playing a leading role as one of the Earth's treasures, could become a "currency of peace" if agricultural students were dedicated to uplifting their nation.

President Lennox Sebe said this when he addressed students at For Cox College of Forestry's diploma day held yesterday.

"In the modern economics of the world today, it is food that holds the delicate balance between peace and anarchy," he said.

Russia and other communist countries were facing increasing difficulties in maintaining governmental stability because of poor harvests and low levels of food production.

"However, it is in Africa that food reaches its zenith position of im-

portance and priority. It is in Africa that millions of people of all nations have consistently faced hunger and poverty and been forced to endure great hardship from poor harvests due to inclement elements or poor levels of production because of ignorance and lack of application."

It was necessary that the college examine its attitude and motivation to the objective of abolishing hunger and poverty and work towards a meal-a-day for every Ciskeian.

President Sebe said history would pass judgment and sentence on the college if its products and graduates should fail singly or collectively to "bring about the successful emancipation of Ciskeian agriculture." — DDR.

# Govt decision on DV welcomed in city

D. DISPATCH

105

25/6/83

EAST LONDON — Organisations involved in the two-year campaign to save Duncan Village have welcomed the government's decision to allow most of its people to stay.

"Thank goodness for that," was the response of city councillor Mr Donald Card, who became involved in personal battles with government officials during the campaign to save Duncan Village.

"At last the government has realised that what we have called for is correct — that the better parts of Duncan Village should stay," Mr Card said.

He expected the decision to have a "great effect" on development in the region, as did the mayor, Mr Errol Spring.

"I think, for a start, that it adds to the overall regaining of confidence in this region, and to stability," Mr Spring said.

"I'm absolutely delighted that the people have been allowed to stay here, near to where they work and where they have lived for years.

"I only hope the government will make available the funds needed to upgrade the area that has been retained."

The chairman of the East London Chamber of Commerce, Mr George Orsmond, said he was "absolutely delighted" with the government announcement that the area known as Duncan Village Extension was to

be retained.

"I feel it is essential that those people be allowed to live there," he said. "However, it is also essential that the remaining areas be upgraded, for the sake of both the people living there and those in surrounding areas."

Mr Orsmond predicted "a bit of an outcry among the do-gooders" at the prospect of demolishing the Ndende Street shack area.

"But it's the best thing for all, really, to clear up the intolerable conditions there."

Similar views were expressed by the chairman of East London's Indian Management Committee, Mr Harilal L Parbhoo.

"The major concern must be to clear Duncan Village up," he said. "That means the existing area must be cleaned up so that it is as attractive as the surrounding areas, and the shack area must be demolished."

Mr Parbhoo stressed

that the IMC had "never been against Duncan Village" and had always wanted it to be developed as an area for African people.

"I would also like to congratulate the chairman of the Duncan Village Community Council, Mr D Makatala, on what he achieved during his talks with the government."

The Border branch of the South African Institute of Race Relations — one of the prime movers in the campaign to retain Duncan Village — also welcomed the government reprieve.

The branch's chairman, Mr Jeremy Watson, said people in the region "must now accept that the people of Duncan Village are part of our society, and accept them as black South Africans."

"The authorities should also be encouraged in this new attitude towards acknowledging the rights of the individual before their own political strategy, and to-

wards a more realistic view regarding the housing problem," Mr Watson said in a statement.

However, he added "We must remember that many of the problems in Duncan Village have arisen because the authorities dallied while the great plan of apartheid was tidied up."

Duncan Village was as old as East London, he said, and a "constant effort" should have been made to keep it at a reasonable standard, and not allowed to decay "with promises of forced emigration to neighbouring states".

Finally, Mr Watson commented on the role the National Party MP for East London City, Mr Peet de Pontes, played in the campaign to save Duncan Village.

"East London appears to have a Nationalist MP with some practical views — he should be encouraged for his part in the decision," Mr Watson said. — DDR.

Post Reporter

EAST LONDON — The call of Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe for close relations between his country and its neighbours was warmly welcomed in East London this week.

President Sebe said black and white needed each other and it would be impossible for one to exist without the other.

He said that if blacks and whites pursued this philosophy they would be heading for a golden age of brotherly co-existence.

His appeal for co-operation was echoed with "delight" by the Mayor of East London, Mr Errol Spring.

"This is what we have been seeking to achieve," Mr Spring said.

"We have a standing invitation to President Sebe to pay an official visit to East London and are hoping he will come in August.

"We will use the opportunity to strengthen ties and seek means of co-operation for the mutual development of Ciskei and East London."

Mr Spring set the pace in the region by inviting President Kaiser Matanzima of Transkei to pay an official visit to East London.

President Matanzima

# Lennox Sebe's <sup>105</sup> speech <sup>E-Post</sup> welcome in EL <sup>25/6/83</sup>

came to the city on March 9, a visit that was hailed as an outstanding success.

A visit by President Sebe would be a step toward the co-operation between the three "partners" in the region — an aim that has been pursued by the East London City Council.

A councillor, Mr Donald Card, said co-operation with Ciskei would be "a wonderful thing" for the city.

"We must now get moving by taking positive steps toward co-operation," he said. "I believe we now have a real chance of getting together.

"And I live in hope that Ciskei will bury the hatchet with Transkei.

"This is essential for the good of the area and for the future of South Africa."



# Sebe wants bigger jails

*CP Reporter*  
*Press 26/6/83*

ZWELITSHA — General Charles Sebe wants bigger jails which will be able to accommodate the more than 4 000 Ciskeians being held in South Africa jails.

He said the new one recently completed in Mdantsane and another soon to be completed in Middledrift would not accommodate all the prisoners.

The one at Mdantsane can only accommodate 1 000 prisoners.

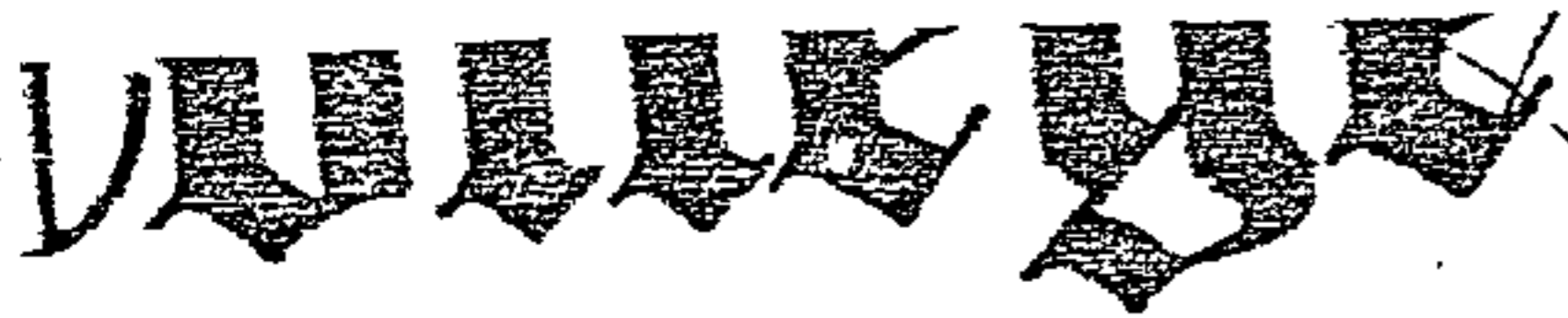
He said the Ciskei and South African Government have an agreement that Ciskeian prisoners would be provided for in South African jails.

Awaiting-trial prisoners will now be kept in the new Mdantsane jail.

The facilities there are much better than those they could provide in the police stations, he said.

He was hoping his brother, President Lennox Sebe, would make an announcement soon about promotions of Ciskeians at present serving in the prison department.

These men would be used to man the jails. At present the Mdantsane jail was manned by Ciskeians and some seconded officials from South Africa.



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# Ciskei too hot for a Sebe

26/6/83

105 City Press

ZWELITSHA - A prominent Ciskei businessman and nephew of President Lennox Sebe says he is quitting the Ciskei

The reason: President Sebe's security police son allegedly assaulted him and the cops won't lay charges. "There is no democracy in Ciskei", said Mr Wridge Qeqe, the

### CP Correspondent

52-year-old bottle-store owner and bus tycoon, who is also a former mayor of Zwelitsha.

He said as soon as he could find a buyer for his businesses, he would quit Ciskei.

## Kgame guilty of drunken driving

JO'BURG - The controversial chairman of the Urban Councils Association, Steve Kgame, 54, was convicted in the Regional Court this week on drunken driving.

"It's one of those things you hear happen to many people but you think they will never happen to you," said the magistrate, Mr D J Van der Wath.

Kgame was fined R200 after the court found that he drove his car along the M1 South with an illegal alcohol content in his blood on March 19. He had pleaded guilty.

He told the court he had had drinks at a meeting of community councillors in Mamelodi.

Passing sentence, the magistrate said it would "serve no purpose to suspend your licence - I am satisfied that you will never see the inside of a court again".

Mr Qeqe, who said he was an ardent campaigner for President Sebe in the independence elections, claimed the President's son, 26-year-old Lieutenant Kwane Sebe, had beaten him up after an incident at the Amatola Sun Casino in Bisho.

Lieut. Sebe, who serves under his strongman uncle Charles in Ciskei Central Intelligence Services (CCIS), allegedly became involved in an argument with Mr Qeqe and others who complained when management closed the bar early.

"Apparently, Kwane took offence, because he later returned with four Ciskei cops and said General Charles Sebe wanted to see me in his office."

"When we got there, General Sebe wasn't around. Kwane then told the other cops to grab me. I was thrown onto the ground and kicked in the face and then chucked into a cell for three hours."

City Press has been unable to get comment from Ciskei authorities.

# Riddle of Women's car chase

105



By PETER MALHERGE  
A ROW has broken out over a late-night horror car chase between two South African women and Ciskei police on a lonely stretch of road in Ciskei.

The two women, who were on a holiday trip to the Eastern Cape mountain resort of Hogsback, claim that they were attacked by six uniformed black men last Thursday night.

The women, who come from Somerset West in the Cape, say that their car was sprayed with bullets during the terrifying chase near the country's border with South Africa.

But their version of the incident has been vehemently denied by the Ciskei Government, who claim the women failed to stop at a roadblock and began shooting at the Ciskei police.

Mrs Pat Brian and her daughter, Sharon, 24, arrived at Hogsback with a badly damaged car.

Mrs Brian was suffering from flesh wounds on the head and hand, and her

## chasse terror

daughter narrowly escaped death when she ducked down shortly before all windows on the passenger side of the car were shattered by bullets.

Eight bullets were found in the car.

The women's nightmare experience happened after they had passed through Alice on their journey from Cape Town to Hogsback.

They say a light truck — bearing no insignia — drew level with them and tried to force them off the road.

There were three men in the cab of the truck and another three on the back.

Fearing that she was going to be robbed, Mrs Brian refused to stop.

The truck overtook the car

and sped away for some distance.

When they next saw the truck, it had been drawn across the road and two men were facing them with rifles.

Mrs Brian, now terrified, was determined not to stop, and drove at speed around the truck. The truck gave chase, and Mrs Brian was wounded as the men opened fire.

Mrs Brian claims it was then that she fired three shots wildly out of the window.

She said that one of the car's tyres had been hit by a bullet, but she was too afraid to slow down.

With the car slewing across the road, she raced on to Hogsback.

But the President of Ciskei, Chief Lennox Sebe, said this week that the women had failed to stop at a roadblock mounted by Ciskei armed forces.

He said that the women had fired shots at the police first.

Speaking in the National Assembly this week, President Sebe said Ciskei forces — who were in uniform and in a vehicle clearly marked "Ciskei Police" — only fired at the car after they had been fired on.

He said the incident was under top-level investigation by a white colonel, seconded to Ciskei by the South African Government, and a Ciskei captain.

President Sebe said that on the eve of June 16 — a day regarded as a commemoration day by "all subversive organisations in this country and abroad" — vigilance was kept in the Victoria East area following the arrest of an "ANC courier and information about terrorists in the Hogsback area". Roadblocks were mounted by armed Ciskei forces, he said. "All cars had to be stopped and searched."

105

Hansard 28/6/83

Township between Ciskei/Republic:  
administration costs

Q W. 1717

1934: Mr P R C ROGERS asked the  
Minister of Co-operation and Development:

What are the administration costs in re-  
spect of each of the Black townships ad-  
ministered by the Eastern Cape Adminis-  
tration Board within the corridor between  
the Republic of Ciskei and the Republic  
of Transkei?

The MINISTER OF CO-OPERATION  
AND DEVELOPMENT

3 JUNE 1983

1718

The administration costs are as follows

- East London--R263 272
- Komga--R20 276.
- King William's Town --R54 494
- Kei Mouth--R12 791.
- Kei Road--R2 645
- Stutterheim--R47 321
- Cathcart--R31 929.
- Queenstown--R240 530.

X

X

1725  
D. Opatik  
28/6/83  
Court hears of buried books

ZWELITSHA — Two Ciskei police officers told the regional court magistrate here, Mr J. Kotze, how they unearthed banned literature buried in the yard of a field worker of the Dependants Conference last December.

They were giving evidence in the trial of Mr Mzwandile Msoki, of Mdantsane, who is charged with possession of prohibited publications and certain documents published by or under the South African Communist Party and the ANC or which encouraged the purposes of such banned organisations.

He has pleaded not guilty to both counts.

Giving the basis of the defence, Advocate P. N. Langa of Durban, said Mr Msoki placed everything at issue except a book entitled Biko by Donald Woods. He admitted physical control of the book but did not know it was banned.

The investigating officer, Major Fumbalele Zozi, formerly of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services and now with the uniformed police, told the court that on December 30, he, Warrant Officer Litha Mbi and Captain Potwana went to search Mr Msoki's premises. In his bedroom they found many books.

From the house they went to dig in the yard where W/O Mbi had felt loose soil. They dug up a plastic bucket with books and documents wrapped in a T-shirt. Among the books found was Biko. He said he stood near a window so that he could see as he was recording the documents through the light that came from the window.

Major Zozi said they further searched in the garage where W/O Mbi found a cassette recording of Mr Oliver Tambo, the president of the ANC. They asked Mr

Msoki to play it in his car.

From there they took Mr Msoki away with them. Mr Msoki was with him in his car while the two other officers drove alone.

Under cross examination by Mr Langa, Major Zozi said the Freedom Charter encouraged racial friction.

Mr Langa suggested that he should read it again when he had a chance.

Major Zozi agreed with almost all the things contained in the Freedom Charter, for instance that the people should share the wealth of this country and that people were equal before the eyes of the law.

W/O Mbi told the court that he had found the book on Biko in Mr Msoki's bedroom. In the yard he dug out the plastic bucket with the documents. He said they were not wrapped, but loose in the bucket.

He said he again found a cassette in the garage inside a plastic bag. The cassette was wrapped in a sponge.

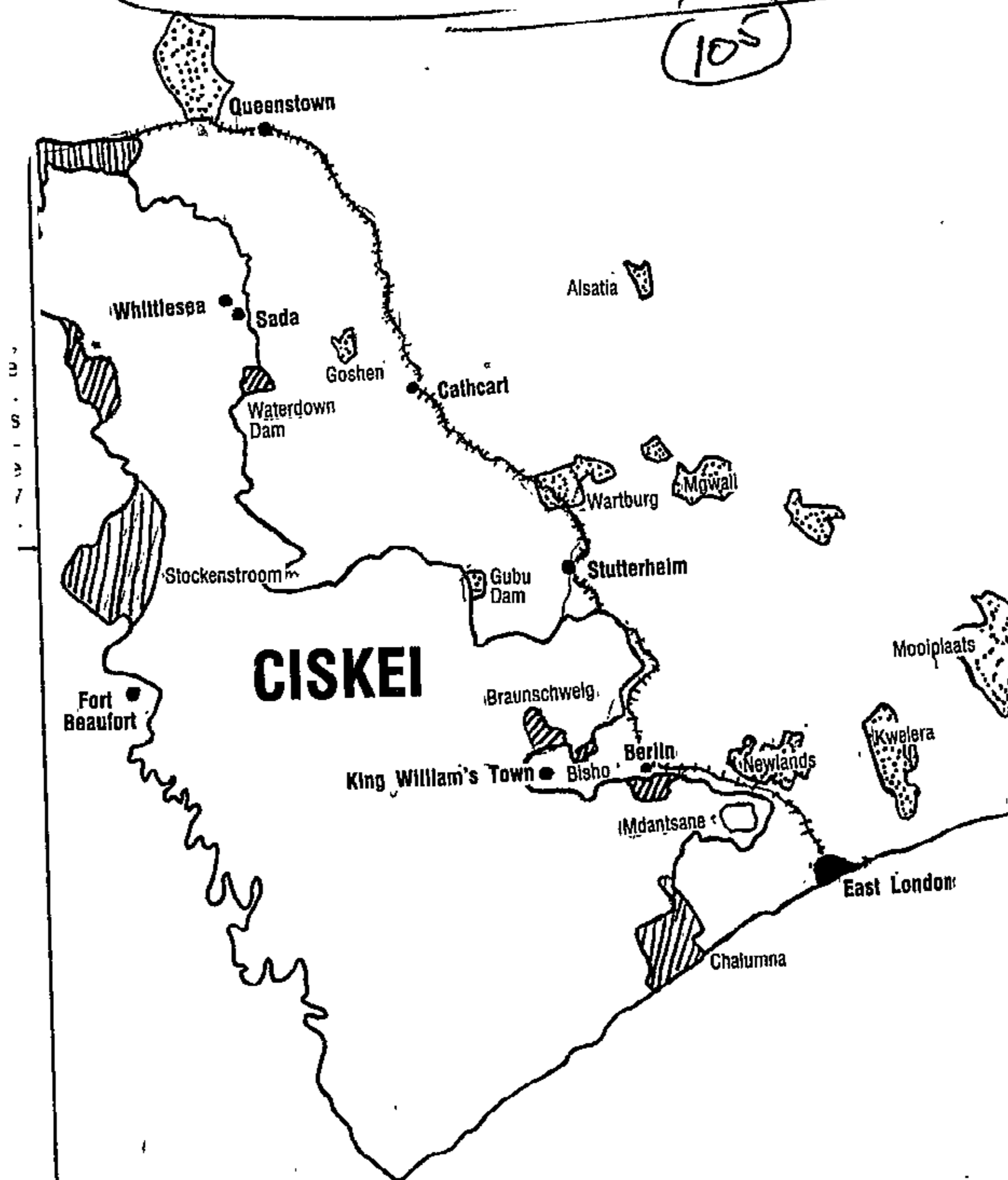
Before the cross examination of W/O Mbi, Advocate Langa told the court he had been instructed that a policeman had been sitting in court at the time Major Zozi had been in the witness box and that he had been going in and out.

The defence was disturbed because this might have a bearing on the evidence. They did not know what he had been doing while outside.

The magistrate said the court had taken note but could do nothing at that stage.

W/O Mbi agreed under cross examination that he had spoken to W/O Fumanisa of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services who had been sitting in court during the morning session.

The case continues today. — DDR.



A map showing Ciskei consolidation proposals: the dotted areas indicate land approved for excision while the barred sections are proposed additions to Ciskei.

## Govt faces opposition over Ciskei border

CAPE TOWN — The government could meet with stiff opposition from farmers if it accepts a recommendation to alter a section of the proposed Ciskei boundary in the Kidd's Beach district.

The parliamentary select committee on co-operation and development has recommended a review of the boundary to incorporate the entire Silverdale farm into Ciskei.

In terms of present proposals only a quarter of Silverdale Farm, a pineapple producing company, is to be incorporated into Ciskei and a gravel road running through the farm is destined to be the boundary.

The boundary proposed by the select committee will run through a densely bushed area and was yesterday described as "totally unacceptable" by Mr Neville Hewson, chairman of the East London Western

Districts Farmers' Association.

Mr Hewson in an interview pointed out that this proposal would mean that four Kidd's Beach farmers' land would border on Ciskei and, effectively, violated an undertaking the commission of co-operation and development had given organised agriculture on international boundaries.

"This is quite ridiculous. They are moving away from an easy gravel road boundary after the commission has agreed that all boundaries will be on roads, mountain ranges or prominent rivers," he said.

If accepted, the committee's recommendation could also have a detrimental effect on pineapple farming in the area.

"If we were given a positive assurance that Silverdale would remain a pineapple producing farm, it would not do too

much harm, but we have no guarantee that it would not be turned into a settlement."

Mr Hewson said the farming association was not unwilling to negotiate on boundaries, but would approach the commission for clarification as soon as possible.

The MP for Albany, Mr Errol Moorcroft, said agreements between organised agriculture and the Department of Co-operation and Development had to be honoured and no changes could be made without the full acceptance of the farmers concerned and consultation with organised agriculture.

"One cannot have the situation where individuals or companies enter into cosy little deals with the department regardless of the security and well-being of the surrounding community," he said. — DDPR

Handcard A.601.1747  
Ciskei: armaments production  
29/6/83  
\*32. Mr. S. S. VAN DER MERWE asked  
the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Information:

(1) Whether the South African Government has made funds available to the

Republic of Ciskei for purposes of armaments production; if so, what amount has been made available for these purposes;

(2) whether these funds are made available subject to any conditions; if not, why not; if so, what conditions?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND INFORMATION:

(1) and (2) The hon. member asks a similar question in Question No 33, which was put to the hon. the Minister of Defence today. The reply to Question No. 32, which has been put to me, is the same as the reply which the hon. the Minister of Defence will give to Question No. 33

Ciskei: armaments production

\*33. Mr. S. S. VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Defence:

Whether it is envisaged that any assistance will be granted by (a) Armscor and (b) the South African Defence Force to (i) the Ciskei Government and (ii) any company established in the Republic of Ciskei for the purposes of establishing an armaments production facility; if so, what is the nature of the envisaged assistance in each case?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

The hon. member is referred to my statement on the furnishing of particulars regarding our armaments transactions with other countries during my budget debate earlier this year. He will find the statement in columns 7561 and 7562 of Hansard No. 15 of 1983.

# Favouritism allegation denied by Mzimba <sup>105</sup> <sup>D. N. N. N. N. N.</sup> 29/6/83

EAST LONDON — Ciskei's Director-General of Health, Dr L. Z. Mzimba, has denied any knowledge of favouritism in the allocation of drought relief aid in Mgwali.

Dr Mzimba said the Executive Council of Ciskei had laid down that all who were in distress should receive aid under the food relief scheme.

Dr Mzimba was reacting to allegations by the secretary of the Mgwali Residents' Association, Mr Pringle Nobobe, who said only card-carrying members of the ruling Ciskei National Independence Party (CNIP) were being given aid.

Mr Nobobe, whose organisation opposes the resettlement of the

community at Mgwali, said headmen there had refused to give aid to members of the association because they were against resettlement.

"This practice discriminates against people who are fighting resettlement just because they refuse to take out CNIP membership," Mr Nobobe said.

"Consequently, bags of desperately-needed maize meal are rotting in the tribal authority offices."

Mr Nobobe said several residents had complained after being refused the aid, but to no avail.

He added that the "discriminatory practices" were also ex-

tended to job opportunities, as only squatters were being taken on "because they support resettlement".

Replying to the allegations, Dr Mzimba said he was sure the relief project was being implemented fairly.

Any misuse of the scheme was "highly irregular", he said, but added that he knew nothing about it.

More than 6 000 people were receiving this aid, he said, and social workers were continually assessing the situation. Responding to the allegation of prejudice in job provision, Dr Mzimba said this was also highly irregular and said he was sure the authorities knew nothing about it. — DDR



# Land for Ciskei a step nearer

103 D. O. As for Feb 29/6/83

**CAPE TOWN — The parliamentary select committee on Co-operation and Development has recommended the release of some 60 000 ha of Border land for transfer to Ciskei.**

The transfer is expected to be approved by parliament this year and will exceed the quota of land promised to Ciskei in terms of the 1975 consolidation proposals by some 2 000 ha.

The committee's report on the consolidation proposals of the commission for Co-operation and Development was tabled in parliament yesterday and recommends the release of land in seven Border districts.

The recommended release includes the land of the Stockenström coloured community and also involved valuable pineapple farmland in the Kidd's Beach district.

The committee's recommendation includes the release of 20 000 ha in the Queenstown and Tarkastad districts, 4 000 ha in the Queenstown district, 24 500 ha in the Stockenström district, more than 2 000 ha in the

East London district, 3 000 ha in the King William's Town district, 1 000 ha in the Cathcart district and 500 ha near Stutterheim.

It also recommends that the commission review a section of the proposed Ciskei boundary to incorporate the entire Silverdale pineapple farm into the territory.

In terms of present proposals only a quarter of the farm will become part of Ciskei.

It is understood that farmers will also oppose a recommendation of the committee that the Ciskei boundary be extended on the western side of the Swart Kei river in the Tarkastad district.

When Parliament has approved the committee's recommendations the land will be handed over to the South African Development Trust which administrators it until the final transfer to Ciskei is effected.

● Meanwhile it has been suggested in Cape Town that the government will negotiate with Ciskei the return of those parts of the highway between East London and King William's Town which cross Ciskei territory at two points.

Map page 19

# Msoki trial judgment reserved till today

105 P. Dispatch

ZWELITSHA — Judgment in the trial of a field worker of the Dependents' Conference, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, was reserved until today by Mr J. Kotze in the regional court here yesterday.

Mr Kotze said the trial had been lengthy and he needed time to look into the evidence and the argument of both the prosecution and defence.

Mr Msoki has pleaded not guilty to possession of banned publications and documents of the banned ANC and the South African Communist Party without the consent of the Commander-General of Ciskei State Security.

At the end of the cross-examination of Warrant-Officer Litha Mbi by the defence counsel, Mr Pius Langa, the magistrate asked him why there were contradictions between his evidence and that of major Fumbalele Zozi.

Mr Langa said Major Zozi told the court that a book, Biko, had been dug up in the yard while he said he himself had found it in the bedroom. W/O Mbi said if he had a copy of the list of items taken from Mr Msoki's premises it could have guided him.

Mr Kotze said the major had claimed that he took Mr Msoki from his house to Zwelitsha while W/O Mbi said he had driven.

Major Zozi had said he had to lean against a

wall to get light from a window and the warrant officer said he sat next to the hole that was dug. Major Zozi had said he went into the garage twice, while W/O Mbi said he went there once.

He said W/O Mbi claimed Captain Potwana played a cassette by the ANC leader, Mr Oliver Tambo and the captain said he himself played it.

W/O Mbi said there could be contradictions because there were three policemen conducting the search at different places.

Mr Kotze said they were together when they were digging in the yard.

Major Zozi said they came across a piece of corrugated iron while digging and yet the officer said he did not see it. Major Zozi further said the documents found in the yard were wrapped in a T-shirt and others in a plastic bag yet W/O Mbi said they were loose in a bucket.

In his evidence in chief Mr Msoki told the court that after searching his house the police went to search in the garage before going to dig in the yard. He denied that from the house the police dug in the yard and then went to search in the garage.

In the garage Capt Pot-

wana opened a plastic bag that contained books and a cassette which the captain played.

A bucket which contained documents bundled in a white T-shirt was removed from the yard.

The documents pertained to the Black Consciousness movement and he had buried them himself after the banning of the movement, of which he was a member through the Black Peoples Convention. Although he did not know whether the documents had been banned or not, he thought they could have repercussions since the organisations they were about had been banned.

Mr Msoki said he bought the book on Biko from a bookshop in Transkei. He thought that since the book was not prohibited in Transkei it was not banned in Ciskei because both were "homelands."

The parcel found in the garage with the cassette and other documents belonged to a Mr Mzwandile Fazi. He did not know the exact contents.

He denied that Major Zozi wrote down the items found on his premises during the search.

During cross-examination by the pro-

secutor, Mr B. D. Nel, he said his work entailed looking after the families of political detainees and serving political prisoners. He was interested in their social well-being and had to ensure that they had food and were able to send their children to school.

Asked by Mr Nel how he felt about detention without trial, he said as he had experienced it he felt it was a bad thing.

At the end of both the state and defence case, Mr Nel said that although there were numerous contradictions by the state witness, neither tried to mislead the court. W/O Mbi was confused. The evidence of Major Zozi was corroborated by Mr Msoki on a number of issues.

Mr Nel said Mr Msoki admitted possession of the Biko book. Mr Msoki had agreed that different countries could have different laws pertaining to certain issues. As a student of politics and member of the BPC he had adequate background to the "Biko-Donald Woods" syndrome. He should have checked if the book was banned or not in Ciskei.

Mr Langa said the court was faced with two versions — that of the

police witnesses and Mr Msoki's version. The state had to prove its case beyond any reasonable doubt and if there was any doubt the accused must get the benefit of the doubt.

Mr Langa said the evidence of the two policemen regarding the compilation of items was suspect and the court should accept the version of Mr Msoki.

Mr Msoki had explained how there was a parcel in the garage of which he did not know the contents. The state had not disproved his version.

Mr Msoki's version about the Biko book was simple. He bought it in Transkei where it was sold openly. He brought it to Ciskei assuming it was acceptable here as well.

When looking at the Ciskei Constitution Act one found a Bill of Rights which was different from the laws of South Africa. One could not assume laws of the Republic of South Africa applied in Ciskei.

There was no evidence before court that the Ciskei Government had commented adversely on Biko and Woods. The attitude of Ciskei to the two men was therefore not known. The fact that Ciskei was different from South Africa made Mr Msoki's belief that the book was not banned in Ciskei tenable.

The book was a biography, not a book on the black consciousness movement. — DDR

200	Johannesburg Municipal Workers Union
200	Laundry, Dry Cleaning & Dyeing Workers Union of S.A.
200	Natal Sugar Industry Employees Union
200	Pretoria Vakbond vir die Kleinhandel Vleisbedryf
200	United African Motor & Allied Workers Union
200	Eastern Province Sweet, Food & Allied Workers Union
204	Tailoring Workers, Dressmaking and Furriers Industrial Union
205	Umogintwini Industrial Workers Union
218	Durban Municipal Professional Staff Association
222	Transport Workers Union (Coloured & Asian)
243	O.V.S. Provinciale Werkersvereniging
250	Provinciale Huisoudlike Personeelvereniging
257	

~~204~~

~~105~~

105

D. Dispatch

30/6/83

# Ciskei field worker acquitted

ZWELITSHA — A field worker of the Dependants Conference, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, 40, of Mdantsane, was yesterday found not guilty by Mr J. Kotze in the regional court here on two counts of possession of banned

literature and publications of the banned ANC and South African Communist Party.

Mr Kotze said the State failed to prove beyond any reasonable doubt that the contents of the documents were

in contravention of the Ciskei Security Act. In terms of a section of the act the State had to prove that an accused found in possession of some documents was a member, office bearer or active supporter of a

banned organisation.

There was no evidence before court relating to membership, office bearer or active supporter, Mr Kotze said

For the State's case to succeed Mr Msoki should have been

charged with being a member, office bearer or active supporter of a banned organisation.

Were it not for this the court would have had no hesitation in finding Mr Msoki guilty on both counts — DDR.

Sebe: (105)  
we must  
watch <sup>D. Q. Hatch</sup>  
our steps <sup>30/6/83</sup>

BISHO — The Ciskei Government was "extremely concerned about the image of Ciskei," President Lennox Sebe said in Parliament here this week.

Members of the government were also told to avoid unfavourable media publicity.

"We must watch our footsteps closely and tame our tongues with keen discretion lest our deeds and our utterances, our attitudes and our management of affairs cast a reflection on our country and its people," President Sebe said.

He also said Ciskei would not hesitate to pursue terrorists and inciters beyond its borders and "bring them back dead or alive."

"In Ciskei terrorists will be run down and be exterminated without the bat of an eyelid," he said.

Although Ciskei's security position was "precarious" the Department of State Security was in full control of the situation, he said. —  
DDR

(105) U. Dispatch  
Sebe: pray for 26/6/83  
death of all liars

PEDDIE— All Ciskeians Ndlambe West.  
should pray for the death of all liars on Christmas Day, President Lennox Sebe said during the installation ceremony for Chief Mxolisi Makinana of Ndlambe West. President Sebe said it was practice in biblical times that sinners were killed by stoning, but Ciskeians should not do the same, but pray for their death. — DDR.

30/6/83  
D. Dispatch 905

# Surgeon says accused told of an assault

ZWELITSHA — An acting district surgeon told the Supreme Court yesterday that one of the accused persons in the terrorism act trial told him he had been assaulted when he examined him while he was a detainee.

Dr Leon Albert of East London was giving evidence in a trial-within-a-trial to determine the admissibility of alleged confessions.

Mr William Duna, Mr Dumisani Maninjwa, Mr Bayi Keye and Mr Luyanda Mayekiso, all of Mdantsane, have been charged with participating in terrorist activities, being members of the ANC, recruiting people to undergo military training and possession of banned literature.

They have pleaded not guilty before Mr Chief Justice De Wet.

Dr Albert said Mr Maninjwa told him he had been hit on the face with an open hand. He noted slightly swollen orbits on his eyes which were red.

Asked by the defence if the signs were consistent with being hit on the face, he said it was possible.

Under cross-examination by the Attorney General, Mr W. F. Jurgens, he said the red eyes could be related to lack of sleep. He would have seen a cut lip if there was any and would have noted it down.

He said he had examined Mr Duna several times but saw no assault marks nor did he complain of assault.

Mr M. I. K. Moerane, for the defence, told the court that he had not had time to consult fully on

the doctors' reports because the South African prison authorities had refused the defence access to the medical records.

The men were detained in East London during their interrogation.

The Chief Justice said he had no say on the refusal because the prison authorities belonged to another country.

Mr Moerane also placed it on record that it was common cause that Dr Wingreen had examined one of the defence witnesses, Mr Siseko Vanyaza, at the Cambridge offices of the security police and had compiled a report. That report was nowhere to be found.

Both counsel for the defence and the State will argue today on the admissibility of the statements. — DDR.

# Statements made freely *D. Dispatch 1/7/83*

ZWELITSHA — Statements made by three of the four people charged under the Terrorism Act trial were made freely and voluntarily, the Attorney-General Advocate W F Jurgens who is prosecuting, told the supreme court here yesterday.

Arguing for the admissibility of the alleged confessions he said the accused's allegation of coercion, inducement and undue influence had been disproved beyond any reasonable doubt

Mr Jurgens further said that Mr Mabone Duna and Mr Dumisani Maninjwa failed to prove upon a preponderance of probabilities that their statements were not made freely and voluntarily, even if their allegations were found to be reasonable and possibly true.

Mr Duna, Mr Maninjwa, Mr Bayi Keye and Mr Luyanda Mayekiso, all of Mdantsane, are being charged for participating in terrorist activities, being members of

the ANC recruiting people to undergo military training and possession of banned publications

They have pleaded not guilty before Chief Justice De Wet to all the charges

At present there is a trial within a trial to determine the admissibility of the statements made by Mr Duna Mr Maninjwa and Mr Mayekiso

Mr Jurgens submitted that the fact that Mr Duna made his statement while detained under the Terrorism Act did not, in itself, render the statement inadmissible due to the statutory duty to answer questions

The fact that Mr Maninjwa was detained under section 22 of the General Laws Amendment Act when he made the statement and Mr Mayekiso under proclamation R252, likewise did not render their statements inadmissible

He said Mr Duna alleged that he was subjected to a series of assaults, torture and

threats which culminated in him being coerced to make a bogus confession to a magistrate

These allegations had been denied by Capt Van Wyk and other witnesses who alleged that he was questioned on a number of subjects on a number of days which culminated in him making a statement to police, and that he thereafter, of his own volition, asked to be taken to a magistrate to make a statement

Mr Jurgens said that Warrant-Officer Muller had proved that he was attending a course at the time he was alleged to have taken part in Mr Duna's assault. This also applied to some days he claimed Capt Van Wyk participated in his questioning

"The allegations of Mr Duna that the warning and certain of the preliminary questions to his confession were not put to him, and that certain of his answers were incorrectly recorded, were denied by both the

magistrate and the interpreter he said

"It is respectfully submitted that Mr Duna was not a good witness and that he was shifty and evasive under cross examination"

Of Mr Maninjwa he said he invented a late lie during cross-examination in order to bolster his earlier evidence that he was deliberately kept from sleep for two days, when he alleged a serious assault in the mop room

Mr Jurgens submitted that the real reason he decided to make a confession was to be found in his answer to the magistrate that he expected his "colleagues" to be discharged, namely that, in remorse over the fact that others were arrested and detained as a result of his activities, he wanted to accept and confess liability so that those colleagues need no longer be detained

He said Mr Mayekiso's pivotal allegation that he was interrogated at Cambridge for three weeks prior to making a

statement had been proved false

The serious allegation that he completed his confession before a magistrate at the Cambridge security offices was not only denied by all concerned but conclusively disproved

"It is submitted that Mr Mayekiso's evidence is riddled with improbabilities and far-fetched allegations."

Mr Jurgens argued that the alleged system of assaults and torture to obtain information from other persons detained in connection with the case were not proved at all because the evidence tendered could be relied on as true and the evidence even if believed to establish a systematic course of conduct, could not swing the scales in favour of the defence in the light of the very strong case built up by the State against the individual accused as set out above

Defence counsel, Advocate M. T. K. Moerane, will reply today — DDR



SMITH, 29, from Natal, who is taking part in the surfing championships in Jeffreys Bay, makes for the surf in his hands and surfski on his back. He carries the surfski and launches it in shallow water, on his stomach. He has been surfing for eight years and has competed in the championships several times. He finished second in 1981. The championships began today and continue until Wednesday.

## spect for mes of violence

Police here are searching for a man suspected for four armed and violent robberies.

The man was seen in the Southernwood area and was carried out by the same man.

Border, Colonel K Nel, said this man is to be becoming more brazen and the attacks thus far had not been serious, he believed the man could be

at 6.15pm on June 17, when Mrs. Smith was walking in St George's Road.

She was carrying a screwdriver, stabbed at her stomach. She was not injured.

Mr Lennie Lewis was walking on the road when a man plunged a knife into his chest in an apparently senseless attack. The man then ran away.

## Warning on Ciskei's starving people

Weekend Post Reporter  
STARVING Ciskeians will soon leave their drought-stricken homeland and move into "white areas" such as Grahamstown in an attempt to escape famine, predicts Albany PFP MP Mr E K Moorcroft.

He warned this week that Grahamstown — the nearest city west of Ciskei — would inevitably attract large numbers of farm labourers who had lost their jobs because of the financial disaster facing farmers.

"Given the present problems of massive unemployment and overcrowding in Grahamstown's black townships, a crisis situation appears to be unavoidable," he said.

Mr Moorcroft warned in Parliament earlier this month that the homeland territories had suffered drought, disease and death on a scale unparalleled in South African history.

He said it should be accepted that South Africa had an urbanisation problem to a degree never experienced before, rather than a squatter problem.

"Sending these people back to rural areas solves nothing. In fact, it has the effect of building up an explosive situation in the homelands," he said.

## Security guard killed in hold-up

JOHANNESBURG — A security guard was shot dead when he attempted to foil a R25 000 payroll robbery outside an Eloff Street fashion store yesterday.

The security guard was shot twice while trying to apprehend a robbery suspect. He cannot be identified until his next-of-kin have been informed.

The dead guard and Mr J W Pringle, both employees of Fidelity Guards, were taking a payroll to the store when the attempted robbery took place.

It is believed two armed men attacked the guards from behind.

The guards lost their pistols in the lightning assault, but still tried to stop the robbers. Several shots were fired and one of the guards was hit. He died on the pavement.

Two passers-by gave chase and the gunmen dropped the cashbox, but got away.

Mr Pringle was not injured. — Sapa

## WALMER ASSEMBLY

Marist Bros. School Hall  
Upper Main Road  
Walmer

9.30 am Breaking of Bread

9.30 am Sunday School

7.00 pm Evening Service

Mike and Elise Engler

Subject Intercession

Minister

Dave Werge 331976

H/P 74697

## Weather Forecast

FORECAST for the coastal belt from Plettenberg Bay to Port Alfred for the period ending 6pm tomorrow.

CONDITIONS. Partly cloudy and mild to warm, becoming cloudy and cooler tonight, with showers in the morning.

WIND: Moderate to fresh north-easterly, moderating and becoming north-westerly tomorrow.

EXPECTED TEMPERATURES  
Maximum 28C  
Minimum 8C

TODAY'S CONDITIONS (4pm)  
Sea Temperature 17C  
Temperature 18.8C  
Pressure 1025mbar  
Humidity 75%  
Wind 8km/h NE

### THE MOON

Last Quarter July 3  
New Moon July 10  
First Quarter July 17  
Full Moon July 25

### THE SUN

Sets today 5.18pm  
Rises tomorrow 7.23am

## FULL GOSPEL CHURCH OF GOD WESTERING ASSEMBLY

Cnr. VAN RIEBEECK STREET AND  
DIGGERY DRIVE

We are pleased to announce the opening of a new creche from the 4th July, 1983, called "Fisherman's Net."

We are hoping to be of service to parents who are working and have difficulty in caring for their children during the morning.

Ages: 3 to school going.

Enquiries please phone 303900 between 8.30 am and 1 pm, Mondays to Fridays, or Phone Mrs BESTER 307489



# 2/7/83 (2) (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F) (G) (H) (I) (J) (K) (L) (M) (N) (O) (P) (Q) (R) (S) (T) (U) (V) (W) (X) (Y) (Z) Court reserves statements ruling

ZWELITSHA — A ruling on the admissibility of statements made by the accused in Ciskei's first Terrorism Act trial was reserved until August 1 by Chief Justice De Wet in the Supreme Court here yesterday.

Four Mdantsane men, Mr Mabone Duna, Mr Dumisani Maninjwa, Mr Bayi Keye and Mr Luyanda Mayekiso, have pleaded not guilty to participating in terrorist activities, being members of the banned ANC, recruiting people to undergo military training and possession of banned literature.

In a trial-within-a-trial Mr Duna, Mr Maninjwa and Mr Mayekiso claimed that they did not make their statements freely and voluntarily.

The Attorney-General, Advocate W. F. Jurgens, who is prosecuting, has argued that they were made freely and should therefore be accepted by the court.

The defence counsel, Advocate M. T. K. Moerane, has contended

that the accused were forced and unduly influenced to make the statements, which should therefore be rejected by the court.

He argued that Section six of the Terrorism Act trial, Section 22 of the General Law Amendment Act and Proclamation R252 under which the accused were detained were gross departures from criminal law which gave a person the right to refuse to answer questions and entitled them to a legal defence.

A detainee under these laws was kept in solitary confinement with no access to his legal advisor and the psychological life support system. The purpose of this was to induce him to speak.

Mr Moerane said Section six was more stringent and drastic because a person was held incommunicado and removed from the jurisdiction of the court. Inherent in the section was pressure to induce a person to speak against his will and interest, in violation of the common law and fundamental right to remain silent.

Even the act of isolation acted as an inducement. That was why up to date it was unheard of for Section six statements to be found admissible by the Appellate Division.

In Ciskei rights of individuals were guaranteed in a chapter dealing with fundamental rights in the constitution.

The fact that the detainees' statements were made while detained under the various sections mentioned, made the statements inadmissible.

He said Mr Duna's statement was made after 40 days of intensive interrogation. Warrant Officer Elsdon described the process whereby information was "extracted" from Mr Duna.

Mr Moerane said the officer knew English but chose the word "extract" as against a more neutral word than "question." He was trying to tell the court exactly what happened at the police station.

He said Mr Duna's statement that he wished his statement to be handed in court raised the proposition that benefit was expected.

Mr Maninjwa's statement that he expected his colleagues to be released when asked if he expected any benefits also raised the possibility of inducement.

Mr Moerane said the evidence of Brigadier Tamsanga who took part of Mr Mayekiso's statement should be rejected. Brigadier Tamsanga could not take a statement although he was a brigadier.

He said promotions in Ciskei went by leaps and bounds and people were promoted at a phenomenal rate.

Mr Moerane said the calling of witnesses who were potential state witnesses proved the pattern of interrogation.

These people were held in solitary confinement and had no access to the accused.

They told the court they were assaulted by the police in more or less the same manner, same time and same place as the accused — DDR

## Czech's freeze Vatican ties

VATICAN CITY — The communist government in Czechoslovakia, nervous over the role of the Catholic Church in Poland, has frozen relations with the Vatican, Vatican sources said yesterday.

Ties between the Holy City and Czechoslovakian authorities have always been among the most difficult in the East Bloc, but the sources said they had recently worsened and dialogue had been broken off. — SAPA-RNS.

# Uncertainty hits pineapple farms

~~Post~~ 105 E-Post 2/7/83

By KEITH ROSS

EAST LONDON — Many pineapple farms in this district could lie fallow this year because of uncertainty caused by the Government's plans for the consolidation of Ciskei.

The farmers affected by consolidation do not want to plant while facing the prospect of being bought out by the Government.

The worst affected are 11 farmers in the Chalumna and Ncera areas, who have already received offers from the Department of Co-operation and Development.

These offers were refused and the Government was asked to reconsider its valuations before the end of June. But there appear to have been some delays in the making of further offers on the properties, according to the chairman of the East London West District Farmers' Association, Mr Neville Hewson.

Mr Hewson said this week that the farmers felt they were "sitting on a load of dynamite".

"The farmers must hesitate to plant because they don't know whether or not the offers will be acceptable," he said. "It costs about R1 000 a hectare to plant."

Mr Hewson said the farmers would have been a lot more agitated if the planting season had not been delayed by drought.

The farmers had not been able to plant in April as usual and this had given the Government time to reconsider its offers.

Mr Hewson said more uncertainty had been caused by the Department of Co-operation and Development's recommending this week that the borders be altered in the Gulu area.

He said this alteration would incorporate the Silverdale

pineapple farm and place another six farms on Ciskei's borders.

"It would be an impossible situation," said Mr Hewson, whose farm will border on Ciskei if the recommendation is implemented.

"What will happen in 10 or 20 years?" he asked. "There might be a change of government in Ciskei and a settlement could be established on our border."

"The South African Government can't guarantee us anything once the land is controlled by another country."

Mr Hewson criticised the latest recommendation on the grounds that it was contrary to an agreement between the Government and organised agriculture that borders would run along rivers or roads and would not consist of fences "through bushes and krantzes".

He criticised the consolidation scheme for the East London area as it would cut the farming section of the pineapple industry in half.

"Ciskei will get half and South Africa will get half," he said. "The canneries must suffer as there will not be enough fruit from South Africa for them."

Mr Hewson said the pineapple industry was ideal for Ciskei as it was drought-resistant and labour-intensive.

He thought, however, that if Ciskei was going to enter the industry, the South African Government should look seriously at the situation before finalising boundaries.

"The whole thing should go either one way or the other," he said.

Mr Hewson could not estimate the value of pineapple farming to the East London area. "It is worth many a million," he said, "and it creates employment for thousands of blacks and whites."

# Mlonyeni plea for unity

D. Disputable  
4/7/83 (105)

ELLIOTDALE — The Minister of Welfare, Sport and Culture, Mr Hubert Mlonyeni, made a strong plea here at the weekend for Xhosa unity.

The Minister also criticised Ciskei's Vice-President, The Rev W. Xaba, for his claim that Ciskei's borders extended to the Bashee river.

Mr Mlonyeni told the Gcaleka region meeting. "I've a duty to remind you all here that the land of our forefathers extends to the banks of the Fish and let nobody quibble about this. Let

us not be misled by the white men's creations, only to divide us, and set up the children of Phalo one against the other. Why should we allow that?

"The land you are standing on today is part and parcel of the soil that has been eroded down the riverbed of the Fish River. It bears the blood and bones of our forefathers. That is why you find the rich farming strip of land from East London to Queenstown. Who is the man to deny that Phalo begot three brothers Gcaleka, Rarabe and Langa, who

today have forgotten their birthright through the skilful machinations of the whitemen?"

"Hence one hears such utterances and claims that the so-called Ciskei's borders extend to the Bashee River, emanating from King William's Town."

The Minister said the discords had been created by the abominable policy of apartheid. He said the discords should be transformed to form the basis of harmonious comradeship born out of common lineage.

Mr Mlonyeni said he mentioned Phalo be-

cause "I wish to remind my brothers and friends across the Kei that we are all brothers in this part of the world."

He said whites had devised new strategies to hoodwink blacks and referred to the fallacies of the President's Council.

"Today the white man seeks to identify himself with the Indian of India and the Coloured of the land of nowhere and their venue is our mother Africa. Don't you observe these tactics of an aged chameleon? Beware of the Ides of March. Caesar was warned."

"How long will it take to wise the likes of Rev Xaba to beware of the Ides of March. How long will it take you to know we have to stand together?"

He said Transkei must assume the initiative it had been bestowed as senior politician and senior brother and unite its people. — DDR.

(105) D. Dispatch  
MP explains  
land plans 5/7/83

EAST LONDON — Confusing press reports have given Kidd's Beach farmers an inaccurate impression of the land involved in plans for the consolidation of Ciskei, Mr Errol Moorcroft, the MP for Albany, said in an interview yesterday.

Mr Moorcroft, a member of the parliamentary select committee on co-operation and development — the body that reviews consolidation proposals — said that the position of the government at the end of the recent session of Parliament was that only a portion of the Silverdale pineapple farm near Kidd's Beach would be incorporated into Ciskei.

Mr Moorcroft said that the select committee had recommended that the government adopt a proposal that a gravel road running through Silverdale be made the boundary of Ciskei. This would mean that a quarter of Silverdale would be incorporated into Ciskei.

Mr Moorcroft said that the government had accepted this recommendation.

He said that the gov-



MR MOORCROFT

ernment had acted in accordance with the select committee's rejection of a recent proposal that additional land adjacent to Silverdale also be ceded to Ciskei.

The additional land included the farms Glenfields and Blue Mountain, owned by Western Province Preserving Company. A pineapple canning factory is now being built by the company on Glenfields. —  
DDR

17183 (103) (117) D. Dispatch

## Development: Transkei hosts Ciskei, SA

PRETORIA — Representatives of Transkei, Ciskei and South Africa met yesterday in Umtata in the forum provided by the Regional Liaison Committee for Region D (Transkei, Ciskei and RSA — Eastern Cape) to initiate discussions aimed at coordinating regional development issues which transcend international boundaries.

The meeting, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Department of Foreign Affairs, hosted by Transkei, identified priority areas of common interest.

Attention was given to establishing working groups on agriculture, tourism, water resources and electricity as well as ways of presenting to industrialists and investors the potential of the region.

The meeting was characterised "by enthusiasm and a mutual wish to cooperate".

The ambassadors of the RSA in Umtata and Bisho, Dr P. Bodenstein and Mr M. E. Botha, and Mr T. W. Mda of the embassy of Ciskei, Pretoria, attended as observers. — DDC.

# 17 students sentenced

Own Correspondent

EAST LONDON — Seventeen University of Fort Hare students and a field worker of the Border Council of Churches were each sentenced to 200 days' imprisonment, alternatively a fine of R400, when they were found guilty on charges of public violence.

The accused were found guilty of public violence after the stoning of the motorcade of the Ciskei President, Chief Lennox Sebe, and members of his Cabinet at the university's graduation ceremony on May 1 last year.



# MP criticises farm boundary deals

*D. Dispatch*  
*7/7/83*  
*105*

EAST LONDON — Mr Errol Moorcroft, MP for Albany, has sharply criticised what he described as farmers who had "compromised their fellow farmers" by "arranging deals" for the incorporation of their land into national states without first consulting organised agriculture.

His remarks follow recent uncertainty over whether a Kidd's Beach pineapple farm — Silverdale — would be partly or wholly incorporated into Ciskei. For a time last month it appeared that the government had adopted a new proposal to incorporate the entire farm, though this proposal was later rejected.

Attending a farmers' association meeting at Kidd's Beach on Tuesday, Mr Moorcroft was asked by a director of Silverdale Mr Mark Meyer, to explain a press report quoting Mr Moorcroft as saying that "one cannot have the situation where individuals or companies enter into cosy little deals with the department (of Co-operation and Development) ..."

Mr Moorcroft, a member of the parliamentary select committee responsible for reviewing homelands consolidation proposals, replied that "it so often happens that a boundary is decided on — organised agriculture is consulted and decides it agrees on the boundary. Then one hears afterwards that the boundary has been redrawn in order to accommodate certain farmers' wishes.

"Those farmers invariably have gone behind organised agriculture's back. They have negotiated a separate deal with the department. The first the farming community gets to hear about it is when that agreement is published.

"They have then compromised their fellow farmers by agreeing on a boundary that does not suit the community."

Mr Moorcroft then re-

ferred directly to the Silverdale case in which the government, apparently without consulting farmers organisations, had dropped an older and generally accepted proposal to cede a portion of Silverdale to Ciskei, in favour of a new proposal to cede the entire farm, along with the farms Blue Mountain and Glenfields. The new proposal was opposed by the East London Western Districts Farmers Association (ELDWFA), and the government ultimately rejected it.

"It would appear that this particular deal (the government's new proposal) had been arranged without the knowledge of organised agriculture," Mr Moorcroft said. He said he objected in principle to farmers arranging "deals" of this sort.

Mr Meyer then rose from his seat, saying: "I'd like to set the record straight here and now. Silverdale had nothing to do with it (the new proposal) whatsoever."

Mr Meyer said in an interview yesterday that he "had no idea" of what had lain behind the government's new proposal for Silverdale. He said he was not happy with the decision to cede only a portion of the farm, and said that several years ago he had recommended to the Van Der Walt Commission (on consolidation) that "all or nothing" of Silverdale be handed over to Ciskei.

The secretary of ELWDFFA, Mr E. Stylianou, told the meeting that the first news to reach Kidd's Beach of the new proposal for Silverdale came after mid-June, when Mr Pat Rogers, the MP for King William's Town, notified the chairman of ELWDFFA, Mr Neville Hewson, of the proposal.

"We were very concerned. We had been assured by the Van Der Walt Commission that no further ground would be taken without organised agriculture being con-

sulted," Mr Stylianou said.

He explained that the new proposal would have created boundaries leaving several Kidd's Beach farmers "virtually surrounded" by Ciskei. These farmers would then have been entitled to enforce an agreement with the South African Government, by which their farms would be sold and given to Ciskei if more than half of their boundary-land verged on Ciskei.

This would have set off a chain-reaction of farmers selling their land, with the result that the Ciskeian border "would have extended to East London", Mr Stylianou said.

Officials at the Eastern Cape Agricultural Union "were shocked" to hear of the proposal "They had no knowledge of it," Mr Stylianou said.

Shortly after the receipt of Mr Rogers' report, Mr Stylianou and Mr Corder Tilney — a Kidd's Beach pineapple farmer and exporter — went to Cape Town to speak against the Silverdale proposal on behalf of ELWDFFA.

They met Mr R. le Roux, the chairman of the parliamentary select committee on co-operation and development.

"He assured us that organised agriculture had been consulted. We managed to prove to Mr

Le Roux that organised agriculture had not been consulted." Mr Stylianou said he told Mr Le Roux that ELWDFFA could not agree to the proposal because the farmers who would be affected by it had not been consulted. He told him that ELWDFFA "strongly objected to the plan".

"We asked the select committee to reverse this decision until the matter had been thoroughly studied. Fortunately, they saw things our way," he said —  
DDR



# Siyo and CNIP men believed detained

MDANTSANE — A former Ciskei cabinet minister and two members of the ruling Ciskei National Independence Party (CNIP) are believed to have been detained by members of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services.

The detained men are Mr L. F. Siyo, the leader of the Ciskei Labour Party, the former general secretary of the CNIP Mr Siphon Tanana, and Mr Philemon Mateza, a worker at Cecilia Makiwane Hospital, according to the manager of Mr Siyo's undertaking concern, Mr Q. Ndingaye.

This could not be confirmed as the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lt General Charles Sebe could not be contacted for comment.

Mr Ndingaye said Mr Siyo was taken from his office by members of the CCIS on Tuesday morning.

The police took him to Mdantsane police station, Mr Ndingaye said, but did not search the premises.

Mr Ndingaye said he later went to the police station to give Mr Siyo some tablets to help him in his ailment. The police took them but said he would not be able to see him as he had been brought by the



MR SIYO

security police.

Mr Siyo was detained in 1979 and held under the Ciskei emergency regulation R252.

Mr Siyo had been self-exiled in Transkei for a year and, when he returned, was detained for two days.

He was one of the key figures in the CNIP which came to power after winning the 1973 general elections.

Until his axing from the Ciskei cabinet in June 1977, he held various portfolios including interior, health, agriculture and forestry.

Mr Siyo was at one time widely regarded as Chief Sebe's right-hand

man and was acting chief minister on occasions before Ciskei attained independence.

Mr Tanana, the chief councillor of the Ciskei Minister of Roads and Works had been the acting manager for the Mdantsane township before he was demoted early last month.

He had been involved in the removal of the Blue Rock squatter families, near Arnoldton, to Potsdam recently.

His detention could not be confirmed by his family and relatives, who said he was away.

One of Mr Mateza's colleagues at Cecilia Makiwane Hospital said he was told Mr Mateza had been picked up by the CCIS on Saturday from his home in Zone 4.

He had not reported for work since then, he said — DDR

# Fort students to appeal

*Sowetan*  
SEVENTEEN Fort  
Hare University stu-  
dents, a Soweto scholar  
and a Border Council of  
Churches fieldworker  
are to appeal against  
their conviction on  
charges of public vio-  
lence.

7/7/83

~~105~~  
105

The students and  
fieldworker, Mr Alfred  
Metele, were sentenced  
to 200 days imprison-  
ment, alternatively a  
R400 each fine, in the  
East London Regional  
Court.

*(105) D. Dispatch 7/7/83*

# Ciskei court rules accused must appear

ZWELITSHA — A regional court magistrate here Mr J Kotze yesterday ruled against an application that a security trial witness could not be tried for perjury in Ciskei because he had made a sworn statement in South Africa.

The application had been made at a previous hearing by Mr M T Moerane for Mr Phumezo Mene 32 of Mgwali, near Stutterheim.

Mr Mene, who appeared as a state witness in a Ciskei security trial is alleged to have given evidence which differed from a sworn statement made in South Africa.

Mr Moerane had argued that, since the first statement had been made in Lady Grey, it was not in keeping with the provision of the law that he should appear before a Ciskei court.

Mr Kotze ruled that there were two counts involved in the matter and both had to be considered in arriving at a decision.

The first sworn state-

ment was made outside the country.

The second action occurred within the jurisdiction of a Ciskeian court and as such the court had jurisdiction over Mr Mene's action.

The trial, in which Mr Mene will appear on a charge of perjury was postponed to September 12. Bail of R200 was extended — DDR

## UK to vote on hanging

LONDON — The British House of Commons will vote on July 13 whether to restore capital punishment, the British domestic news agency reported last night.

It quoted an unidentified source at the House for its report. — SAPA-AP.

*(105) (273) D. Dispatch 7/7/83*

## No hunger strike at present — Sebe

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — There was no hunger strike in any Ciskei prison at present, the Commander in Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, said yesterday.

General Sebe was reacting to a claim that Ciskeian prisoners transferred from South Africa recently had gone on a hunger strike in the new Mdantsane Prison.

Asked whether there had been a hunger strike at any stage, he said: "All I am saying to you is that we do not have a hunger strike at any of our prisons now."

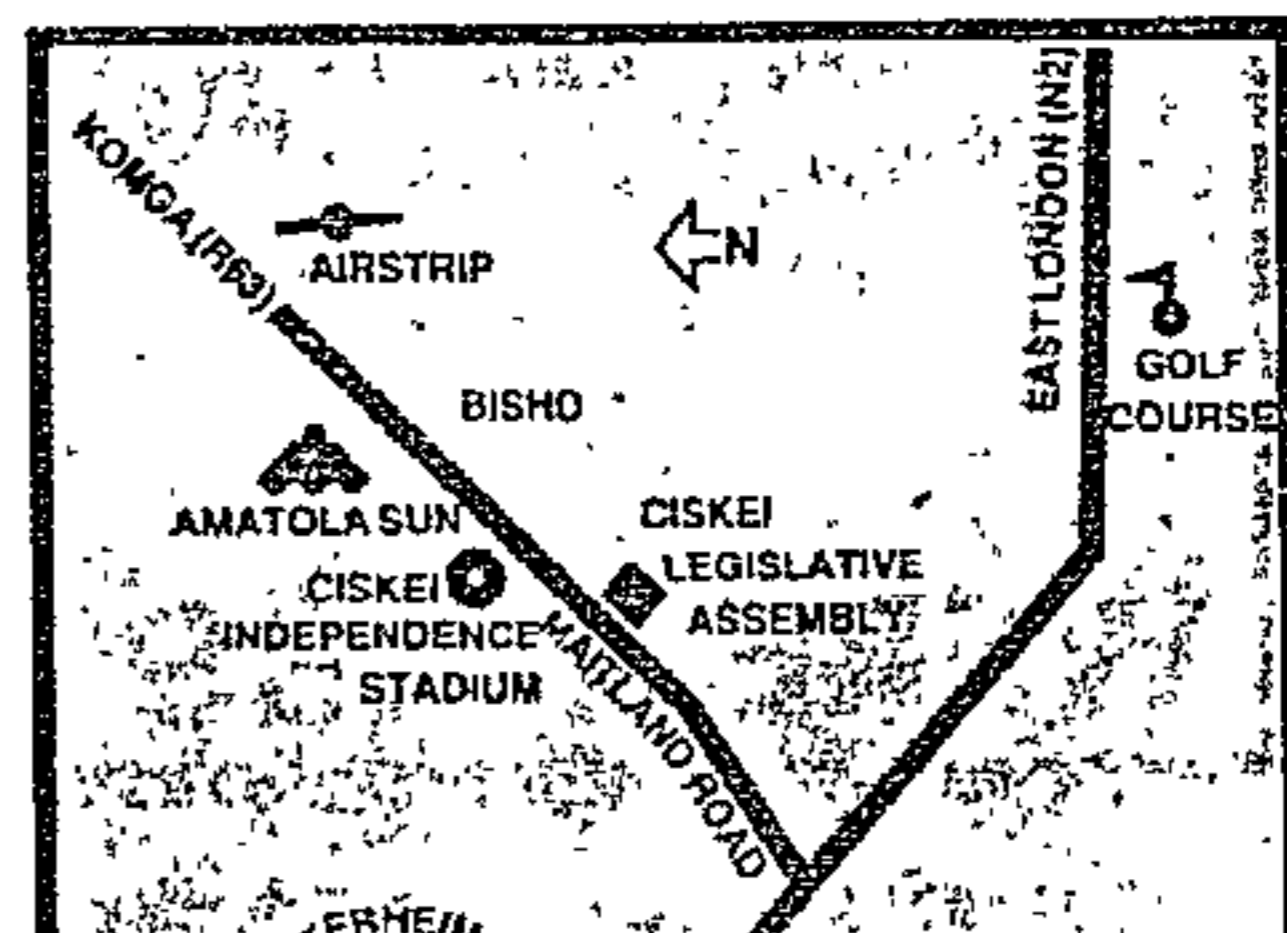
He would not comment on whether there had been complaints about prisoners who were studying in South African prisons having been denied the privilege in Ciskei. — DDR.



## STRIKE GOLD EVERY NIGHT!

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- Every Friday: Party Night in the Gaslight Bar
- Every Saturday: Luncheon Poolside Braai — with a Golf chipping competition afterwards
- Every Sunday: Family Buffet in the H950 children under 12, no price



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(A05)

# Bisho contract criticised

**EAST LONDON** — City interior decorators say a contract to decorate new ministerial homes in Bisho, including President Lennox Sebe's new residence, has been unfairly awarded to a Durban company.

They say the contract for four government homes, part of a complex of 18 homes under construction, was not properly tendered.

According to Mr D Vides, the manager of a local interior decorating firm, the handling of the contract was "wrong" and should be investigated. He said: "Something must be done about this. This is public money that is being handled. Those homes should have gone on tender."

The contract was awarded to the Durban company after seven companies, five from the Border, one from Grahamstown and the Durban company responded to published tenders for the decorating of 14 ministerial homes near Bisho in May.

Architects representing the Ciskei Government met the interested



**CHIEF JONGILANGA**

companies on site to assess quotations.

Subsequently a King William's Town company, which gave the cheapest quote, was awarded the contract. The Durban company gave the second cheapest quote. These quotes, and a third one from a Border company, were all below R100 000.

Other quotes were in the vicinity of R160 000.

After this contract was awarded, the architects decided to include four more new homes, which included President Lennox Sebe's residence, into the contract. They offered the successful King firm the opportunity to do this job as well. But this firm declined the offer to decorate the additional homes — which they did not tender for — as their workload was too great.

The contract to decorate these additional homes was then given to the Durban company, who gave the second cheapest quote on the 14 homes, without calling for new tenders.

Mr Vides, one of the businessmen who quoted on the 14 home contract, feels the additional four homes should have been treated as a different contract.

"We could have coped with the four homes better than the 14 as we were very tied up at the time. I just cannot believe that the Ciskei Government can't hand out work without giving tenders, there is something

very wrong here," said Mr Vides, who believes many East London firms could have given "better" quotes for the smaller job.

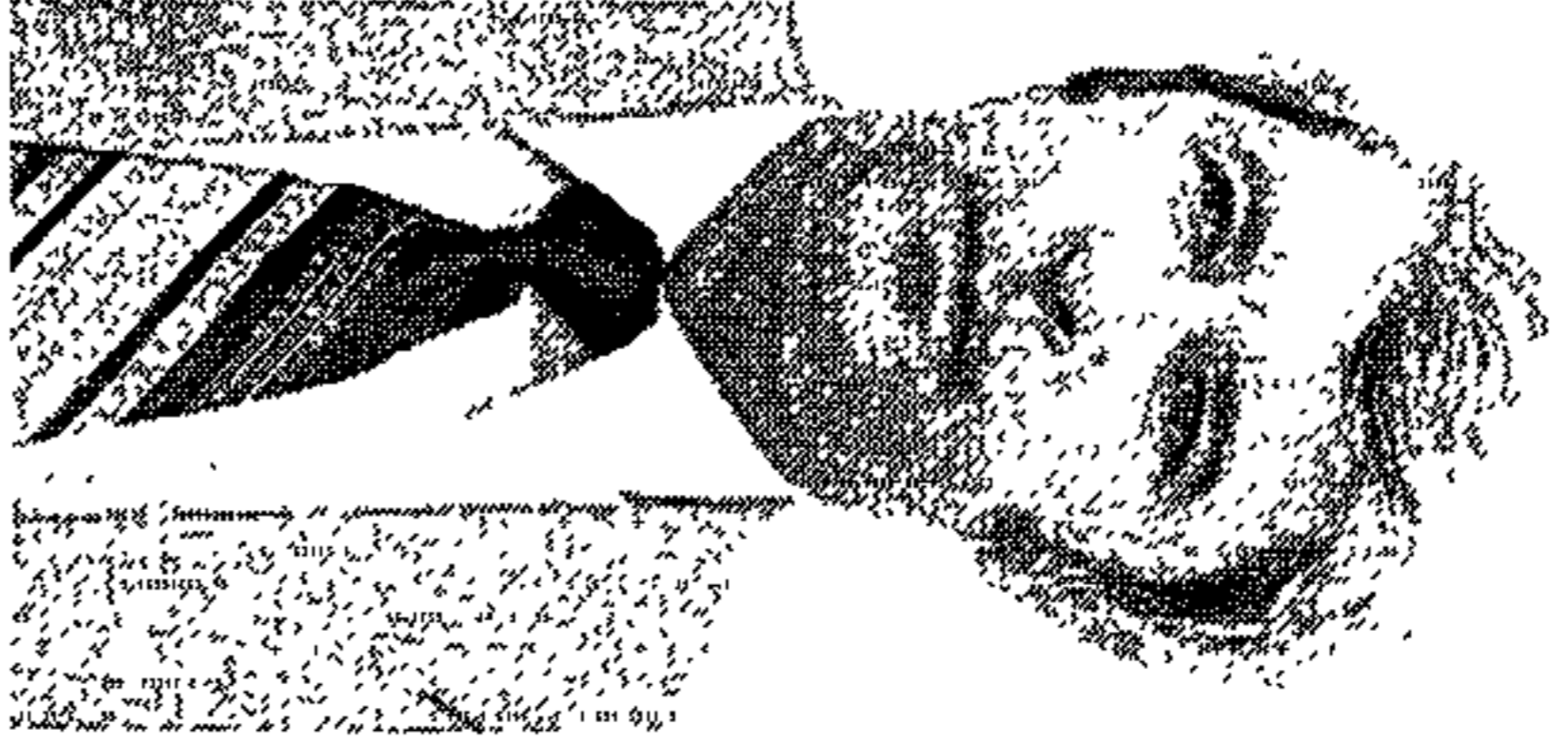
Mr Vides also feels that on principle the contract should have been given to a local firm, because "the Border is a depressed area and thousands of Ciskeians are out of work."

"We employ Ciskeians so we should have got the job," he said.

One of the architects handling the contract said: "Everything was done above board." He said of the awarding of the contract to the Durban firm: "They were the second cheapest for the 14 homes, so we gave the contract to them. We saved a lot of costs by not tendering a second time."

The architect said the firms had given quotes per housing unit. But he said President Sebe's home would "cost more because it is a much bigger house."

Supporting the architect, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, the Ciskeian Minister of Public



**MR ATTWELL**

Works, and Mr C. L. Attwell, the director-general of his department, both say the contract was given "above board."

Chief Jongilanga said: "The amount of the quotes and not where the companies come from is important for Ciskei. The Durban company had the lowest

quote so we gave them the job. It was above board. I will not have those East London firms telling me what to do."

Mr Attwell said he had been given rates so there was no need to tender again. "Why did we have to when we already had the second cheapest quote?" he queried.

Asked if the Durban company would employ Ciskeians on the contract, Mr Attwell said "I'm not sure."

Also angry over the awarding of the contract is Mr Eric Whitaker, head of the New Republic Party in East London and a supplier of textiles to interior decorators.

He said: "The indiscriminate spending of funds by people supposedly employed in the interests of the Ciskei makes mockery of President Sebe's call for a meal a day for all Ciskeians."

Mr Whitaker, who said he was speaking as an involved businessman and not as a politician, declared: "This is going on endlessly. Every contract there is being awarded without tender." — DDR

~~105~~ 105

## No Ciskei Transkei drought deaths

EAST LONDON — The drought has apparently not claimed any lives in Transkei and Ciskei as yet. *D. Dispatch 7/7/83*

The Secretary of the Department of Health in Transkei, Mr M. Titus, yesterday said it was difficult to determine whether starvation-related deaths had occurred as result of the drought in the territory.

"The drought is a remote cause of malnutrition, but one cannot directly attribute such deaths to drought conditions," he said.

Asked whether an increase in malnutrition admissions had been recorded at hospitals in Transkei, Mr Titus said: "Our hospitals are always full or even over capacity and this is not only a consequence of the drought."

It was widely predicted earlier this year that the drought would claim lives in both Ciskei and Transkei during winter.

Meanwhile, Ciskei's director of planning, Mr Gary Godden, was yesterday reported as saying that no starvation-related deaths had occurred in Ciskei.

He said: "We cannot allow that to happen — R750 000 has been devoted to feeding destitute families."

Mr Godden added that water distribution was becoming a problem. "Just getting clear drinking water to the people is proving difficult." —  
DDR.

(105) D. Dispatch  
**Ciskei teacher is on  
SA Security Act list** 8/7/83

EAST LONDON — The name of a Ciskei high school teacher, Dr Mxolisi Gladstone Ntlabati, 47, is on the list of 95 people who may not be quoted, according to a Government Gazette notice issued last Friday.

The notice states that the whereabouts of the people listed are unknown and as such banning orders could not be served on them.

It states further that in terms of the Internal Security Act the 95 people may not be quoted.

Dr Ntlabati, a former minister of the Methodist Church of Southern Africa, is employed by the Ciskei Education Department at Siseko High School, Middledrift.

After an acquittal on a charge under

the Suppression of Communism Act while serving as a minister of the Methodist Church in Natal in 1964, he went into self-exile in the United States

He returned to Transkei in 1979 but was deported after spending 77 days there while serving as assistant to the president of the United Methodist Church of Southern Africa, the Transkei wing of the Methodist Church of Southern Africa which was formed when the mother church was outlawed in 1977.

He was then moved between Umtata and the Kei Bridge border post twice before being deported to South Africa and settling in Ciskei where his father, also a former Methodist minister, served for many years. — DDR

# Farmer waits patiently

105  
D. Dispatch  
8/7/83

EAST LONDON — There is only a small, wooden table and a couple of chairs in what must once have been the sitting-room of the farmhouse near Kayser's Beach

In that bare room of the now empty farmhouse, Walter Klingelhoefter sits, sips a cup of tea, looks out the floor-to-ceiling window at his land... and waits

He is waiting for the man from King William's Town to come — the man with instructions from Pretoria to take over the pineapple farm called Driefontein now that the transfer agreements are signed and the farm free for handing over to Ciskei.

Mr Klingelhoefter removed the furniture and

Report, picture  
by  
MARK SCHACTER

disconnected the telephone late last month, because he had thought the waiting would be over by then. His wife has gone too — gone to Pretoria to begin moving into the home they have bought there. He will join her as soon as the man from King William's Town comes

Meantime, he sits alone in an empty, silent house, and waits, because until Pretoria takes over the farm, the land and the buildings remain his responsibility, and he is certain the place would be vandalised if he left it.

His lawyer had thought the government man would have arrived at the farm by May. But "the end of May came, the end of June came... Mr Klingelhoefter explained, his voice trailing off.

A man of 74 years — almost half of them spent at Driefontein — he leaves even a brief visitor with an impression of quiet dignity and of a stoic sense of humour as he wonders aloud about why he has been made to wait so long.

"One never understands the ways of God... one never understands the ways of bureaucracy," he says, and smiles.

But signs that the waiting has been an emotional strain on him are not far beneath the surface, nor does he try to hide them.

He describes the enforced wait as "sitting on a fence": no longer on the farm in any real sense, and not yet in his new home in Pretoria.

"That gets on your nerves. It's frustrating," he says.

Although the furniture was only moved out of the house two weeks ago, Mr Klingelhoefter has for all practical purposes been waiting for "the man from King William's Town" — for the physical transfer of his land, that is — for a decade.

It was in 1972, he says,

that the government gazetted a portion of Driefontein for release to Ciskei. Not wishing to run a farm that bordered on Ciskei, he appealed the decision and asked that the entire farm be gazetted.

He said it wasn't until two years ago that he was informed that his request had been granted — all of Driefontein would go.

Next came the valuation of his property. The first appraisal, a year ago, led to an offer that was "unreasonable", he says. He asked for a revaluation. It was done in February this year, and the result was a much-improved offer for the farm. On March 10 he signed the transfer agreement with the government. Since then he has been "living from month to month", not knowing when the day will come when he will be free to leave the farm he has worked for 32 years, and get on with a new life in Pretoria.

He said that other farmers have had their sales completed within four to six weeks of signing the transfer agreement. He said he reckoned that a missing piece of paper partly to do with an old Land Bank loan may have been partly responsible for an otherwise inexplicable delay.

Meantime, there has lately been a piece of good news — a sign that the inscrutable and slow processes of official bureaucracy may at last be moving to Mr Klingelhoefter's advantage.

A telegram arrived this week saying that all the transfer arrangements had been completed. Mr Klingelhoefter's lawyer now tells him that the man from King William's Town should be arriving any day now.

Just by coincidence, Mr Klingelhoefter happened to meet the man from King William's Town a day or so after the telegram came.

"He told me he hadn't yet received instructions from Pretoria," Mr Klingelhoefter said.

DDR



Prisoner of a slow-moving bureaucracy, Walter Klingelhoefter waits for the government to complete the transfer of his Kayser's Beach farm to Ciskei.

TELEVISION viewers in Ciskei might be able to select their programmes from television stations around the world if tests now being carried out in Bisho near King William's Town are successful.

A team from the United States has been in Bisho experimenting with satellite reception equipment, and Weekend Post has learned the team has "got what they were looking for".

The team says equipment for domestic use of the commercial system may be marketed in Ciskei by as early as the end of this year.

When a reporter visited Bisho, Mr Lawrence Barger, a technical expert from Barger Electronics in the United States, was conducting field tests in the grounds of a local hotel.

He said up to 50 different TV stations using satellite links could be picked up on the easy-to-use tuner.

He was being assisted in the tests by Mr Don Johnson, also an American citizen, who is agent for the Republic of Ciskei in the United States, and Mr Jerry Chaplin. Mr Chaplin will head technical installation services if the system is marketed commercially in Ciskei.

South African viewers, however, are unlikely to be given a similar facility at this stage.

The Director of Lines for the Department of Posts and Telecommunications, Mr P H van Tonder, said any similar commercial enterprise in South Africa would have to be investigated because legislators had not yet directed their attention to this unusual situation.

Cost comparisons improve markedly when it is considered that a video recorder, which many South Africans are now purchasing can cost over R1 000 excluding the regular expense of hiring tapes.

After the initial interview, it was learnt Mr Barger had returned to America. The Ciskei agent, Mr Johnson, later refused to discuss finer details of the development.

Repeated attempts this week to obtain an official statement on the issue from the Ciskei Government also failed.

Questions like "Is such an expensive commodity likely to attract many buyers in the Ciskei?" remain unanswered.

Mr Van Tonder said he "seriously doubted" the claim that a small satellite receiver could pick up 50 transmissions, and he ruled out the possibility of receiving American channels "because the satellites aren't high enough".

He said users had to pay for feeds from Intrasat satellites, which were "not for private consumption".

Another spokesman for the department said it was illegal in South Africa for individuals or institutions other than the Government to receive satellite transmissions.

"It goes against the provisions of the Post Office Act, the Radio Act and the Broadcasting Act. But it appears as if the law does not preclude people from applying for exemption from these Acts."

He said the law protected the SAJC monopoly over receiving satellite transmissions.

"Oh no, it's not for the RSA, just Ciskei," said Mr Barger, as he attended to adjustments on a 6.5-metre diameter dish antenna on the hotel's lawns connected to equipment in his room by about 40 metres of wires.

The more affluent clients like hotels, institutions and the like could purchase the system using the big antenna for about R6 000.

A scaled down but highly effective dish-type antenna for installation in private homes, with all ancillary equipment, would cost about R4 000, said Mr Barger.

Mr Johnson, who handles negotiations at official level in Washington for Ciskei, is highly enthusiastic about the future of the system.

"It will certainly be a first for Ciskei and for Southern Africa," he said.

The system, while much more expensive than the simple 66cm colour television in general use in South Africa, seems likely to be a good investment because of the variety of programmes it will offer.

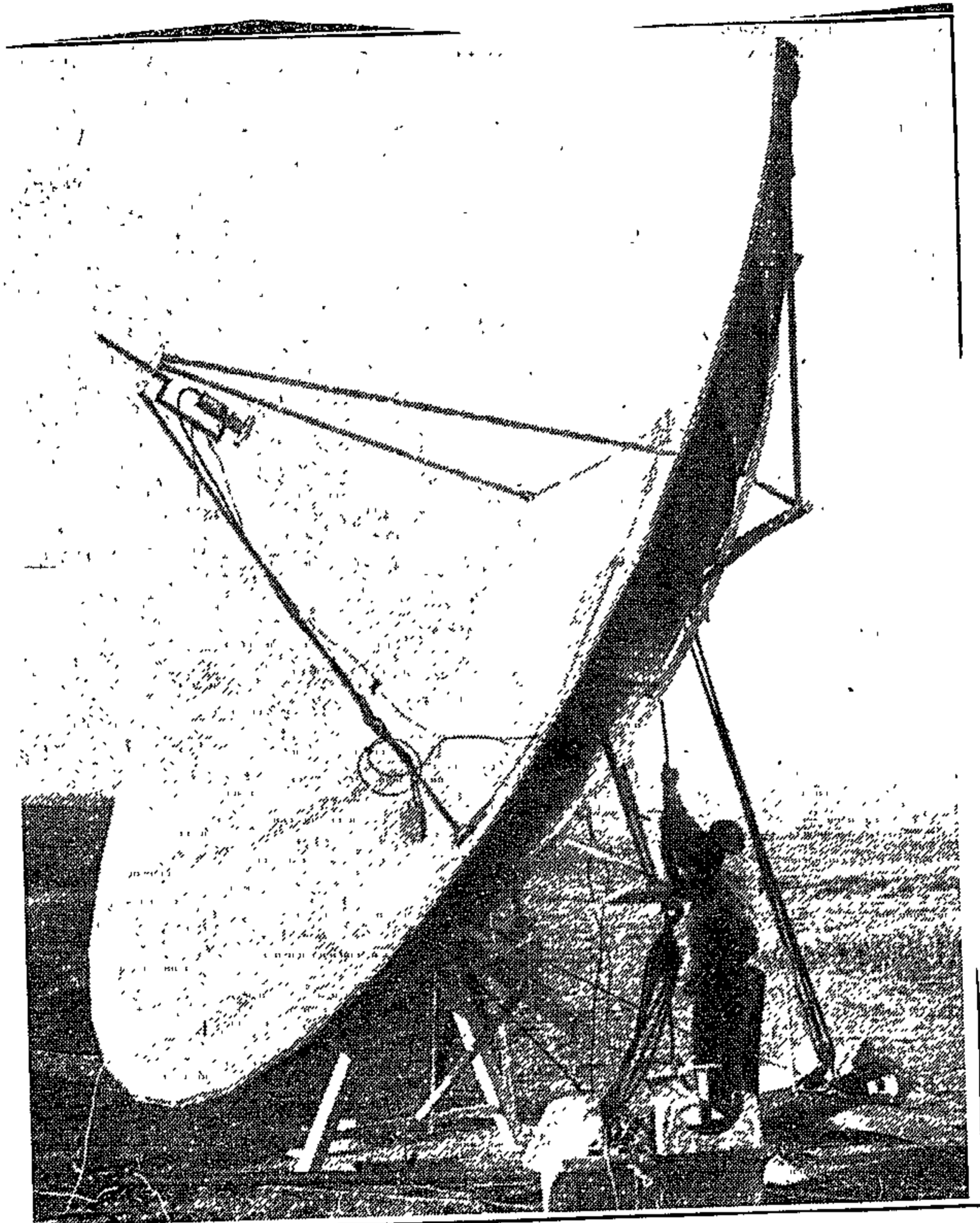
Weekend Post Reporters

# FOR CISCHEI? SATTELITE TV

105  
9/7/83  
E. Post

Cont ↓





**The 6,5-metre-diameter satellite transmission receiver is tested on the lawns of a Bisho hotel. The dish antenna is connected to monitoring equipment in a ground floor room in the hotel by about 40 metres of wires. A team from the United States is carrying out the satellite reception tests.**

*D. Dispatch*  
**Revivalist welcome**  
*9/7/83*  
**in Israel for Sebe** 105

TEL AVIV — Ciskei President Lennox Sebe, who is in Israel on an unofficial visit, was given a revivalist welcome on Thursday night at the Christian Embassy in Jerusalem. The slogan of the reception was "Mixing in Fellowship."

President Sebe was welcomed by Embassy head, Johan Lukhoff, a South African Dutch Reformed Minister who spoke of the Christian duties of responsible rulers. President Sebe

replied in spiritual kind. The Christian embassy is a grouping of pro-Zionist fundamentalist Christians from all over the world.

The reception was attended by South African diplomats, including Ambassador David de Villiers du Boisson, and representatives of the Israeli Foreign Ministry. Israel does not have diplomatic relations with Ciskei.

President Sebe's visit

has not been made public in Israel and he says that no talks have been scheduled with Israeli Government officials.

According to President Sebe, the purpose of his visit is to examine technical aid and trade projects organised by the Ciskei Trade Mission, which was established here last year. He is being accompanied by Ciskei Health Minister, Dr Beukes.

See also page 6

*D. Dispatch*  
*9/7/83* (105)  
**CNIP cards are not required — Xaba**

MDANTSANE — Mdantsane residents who have to appear before the government-appointed housing committee on Thursdays, do not have to produce Ciskei National Independence Party (CNIP) cards before being attended to.

Both the chairman of the CNIP, Ciskei Vice-President, the Rev. W. M. Xaba, and the Secretary for Internal Affairs and Land Tenure, Mr J. W. Grieb, yesterday confirmed there was no instruction from the government that people who wanted to appear before the housing committee had to produce party cards.

The action of demanding party cards by some

members of the committee — made up of Mr N. Fiyo MP, Mr M. Matsheketwa, Mr J. Liebenberg, manager of Mdantsane, and Mr P. Qamba, a civil servant — has been reported by several people appearing before the committee.

Asked for comment yesterday, Mr Liebenberg said he could not comment on any matter concerning his work in the Ciskeian Government Service.

"Ever since I started here I was taught one golden rule: that every government department has a liaison officer who deals with all press matters.

"I have nothing

against your newspaper but I am afraid I have to refer you to the Director General, Mr Grieb or his minister," Mr Liebenberg said.

Mr Grieb had said earlier that he had no knowledge of the practice.

"Why don't you ask the housing committee?" he asked.

When he was told that the only officials of the housing committee who could be contacted over the telephone were Mr Grieb and Mr Qamba — both civil servants in his department — he said he knew nothing about the alleged practice and if there was any such action it had been done without an instruction from them. — DDR.

SEBE 111  
105

*City Press 10/17/83*  
**EX-MINISTER DETAINED**

PRESIDENT Lennox Sebe's former Minister of the Interior and right-hand man has been detained by the Ciskei Security Police.

Mr L F Siyo, who commands the respect

of thousands of Ciskeians, was taken from his funeral parlour office on Tuesday morning.

His detention is a mystery to his family, who say they have

not been told why he is being held.

He was taken to the Mdantsane police station and that is the last time he was seen.

Mr Siyo helped get President Sebe into power. In the 1973 general elections he campaigned extensively to oust the then Ciskeian Chief Mini-

ster, Mr Justice Mabandla, and succeeded. Sebe then became Chief Minister.

He was axed from the Cabinet in 1977 after holding the portfolios of the Interior, Health, Agriculture and Forestry.

Mr Siyo at times acted as Chief Minister during Mr Sebe's trips abroad.

SEBE 1

Sebe's amazing call...

(105) City Press  
10/7/83

# PRAY FOR DEATH OF LIARS

**CISKEI'S** President Lennox Sebe wants to turn Christmas Day into a day of prayer to pray for the death of liars.

He said December 25 should be observed by all Ciskeians as a national day to pray for liars to die.

President Sebe made this statement

at the ceremony to instal Chief Mxolisi Makinana of Ndlambe West at Tyefu recently.

Quoting from the Bible, President Sebe said that in Biblical times sinners were killed by stoning.

Fortunately, however, he made it clear he thought Ciskeians should not adopt this practice.

Instead: "We must all pray that they must die."

President Sebe presented a briefcase to the new chief and said he should never carry liquor in it.

"These are the words of wisdom I arm you with to equip you to lead your people," he said.

SEBE 11

# DROUGHT AID 'FOR YES-MEN ONLY'

(105) *Journal of the City Press*  
THE Ciskei Government is using South African - sponsored drought aid to "persuade" people to move from a black spot.

Only those in favour of resettlement are getting drought aid and jobs.

This shock claim has been made by the chairman of the Mgwali Residents Association, Mr Pringle Nobode.

But the Ciskei's Director - General of Health, Dr L Z Mzimba, has denied any

*CP Correspondent*

knowledge of favouritism.

Mr Nobode said only card-carrying members of the Ciskei National Independence Party - President Lennox Sebe's party - were being given drought aid.

His organisation is opposed to the relocation of the Mgwali black spot near Stutterheim in the "white corridor" between Ciskei and Transkei.

10/7/87  
Mr Nobode said the allocation of drought aid "discriminates against people who are fighting resettlement just because they refuse to take out CNIP membership."

"Consequently, bags of desperately-needed maize meal are rotting in the tribal authority offices."

Dr Mzimba, however, said he was sure the relief project was being implemented fairly.

# Urban rights: help offered to workers

105

E. Post

11/7/83

By JIMMY MATYU

HUNDREDS of migrant workers are expected to assemble in the Centenary Great Hall in New Brighton tomorrow at 2pm for assistance to apply for Section 10 permanent urban rights in the area.

They intend applying after the Rikoto Appeal Court judgment had paved the way.

The meeting is being organised by a New Brighton civic leader and Labour Attache of the Ciskei Government in the Eastern Cape, Mr A Z Lamani.

He said several young people had volunteered to help him fill in applications.

"Last week my first successful applicant was Mr Jackson Mndayi, 37," he said.

"I have discovered that many workers do not know how to go about this and at this very moment I have 200 who have sought my help."

Mr Lamani said he was also receiving wonderful co-operation from the Chief Director of the East Cape Administration Board, Mr Louis Koch.

"They have made it clear that they will not oppose the applications provided they complied with the requirements as set out in the Appeal Court ruling," he said.

Mr Lamani said he was grateful to Mr Koch for the extra staff he had promised to put on to processing the applications and for the provision of office accommodation for him and his volunteers at the Labour Bureau.

"I am appealing to all people who have worked for one employer for 10 continuous years or for various employers for more than 15 years in the area to come forward," he said.

"It does not matter whether a person is no longer working as long as he had previously been with one employer for 10 years. These people must bring their reference books, marriage certificate, if married, and each person will be making his own personal application."

Mr Lamani said the meeting in the hall would continue until late at night to enable those knocking off at 5pm to attend.

Dismissed Fort  
Hare students  
wait for judges

2001 12/7/83

Mail Correspondent

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN —  
Four former University of  
Fort Hare students whose ap-  
plication for reinstatement  
had been dismissed last Sep-  
tember are still waiting for a  
full Bench of the Supreme  
Court to hear their appeal  
against the dismissal of their  
application.

Their instructing attorney,  
Mr T M Mdlanana, said the  
registrar of the Ciskei  
Supreme Court had told him  
that Chief Justice De Wet had  
advised that he was awaiting  
the appointment of the two  
judges from South Africa.

He said an application to  
the full Bench of the Ciskei  
Supreme Court had been not-  
ed and notice of opposition  
had already been filed by the  
University of Fort Hare  
authorities.

As soon as the appoint-  
ments were made the regis-  
trar would set the matter  
down for hearing, Mr Mdlan-  
ana said. At present Ciskei  
has two permanent judges,

Chief Justice De Wet and Mr  
Justice Pickard

Chief Justice De Wet, who  
dismissed the application for  
reinstatement last Septem-  
ber, said the general rules of  
the university stated that all  
students should attend lec-  
tures and were obliged to  
heed instructions.

"It was clear from the affi-  
davits of the applicants that  
were handed in to court that  
the applicants had deliber-  
ately and without lawful ex-  
cuse absented themselves  
from all lectures for at least  
two days, lectures which they  
could, without any difficulty  
whatsoever, have attended."

The four applicants, Mr  
Hazy Sibanyoni, Mr Sandile  
Nongxa, Mr Loyiso Stamper  
and Mr Simpiwe Mgoduso,  
filed an urgent application in  
August last year asking for  
an order to direct the uni-  
versity to allow them to re-  
turn, restore their full rights  
as students, allow them to  
write those examinations  
which they had missed.



D. Dispatch 12/7/83

# Appeal is awaited

105

~~311/21~~

**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN** — Former Fort Hare students whose applications for reinstatement were dismissed last September, are still waiting for the appointment of two judges to constitute a full bench of the Ciskei Supreme Court, with Mr Justice Pickard, to hear their appeal against the dismissal of their applications.

This was said by their instructing attorney, Mr T. M. Mdlalana, who said his office had been inundated with inquiries about the progress of the appeal.

He said an application to the full bench of the Ciskei Supreme Court had been noted and notice of opposition had already been filed by the University of Fort Hare

authorities.

Mr Mdlalana said the Registrar of the Ciskei Supreme Court, Mr G. M. Mfundisi, had told him that Chief Justice De Wet had advised he was awaiting the appointment of two judges from the Republic of South Africa.

The four applicants are Mr Hazzy Sibanyoni, Mr Sandile Nongxia, Mr Loyiso Stamper and Mr Simpiwe Mgoduso. They filed an urgent application on August 7 asking for an order to direct the university to allow them to return, to restore their full rights as students, to allow them to write those examinations which they had missed as a result of their purported expulsion and that their expulsion be declared null and void. — DDR.

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# U'hage man gets Ciskei passport

*E. Post*  
*12/7/83*  
*105*

By JIMMY MATYU

A UITENHAGE man who applied for a renewal of his South African passport has received a Ciskeian travel document through the post.

Mr Joseph Kayaletu-Songwiqui, 26, of Sinyani Street, McNaughton Township, said last night: "I am not a Ciskeian and I do not want to be linked against my will with Ciskei."

"According to this Ciskei travel document I believe I am now a visitor in South Africa."

The passport is valid for countries in Southern Africa, including other national states.

Mr Songwiqui said he had applied at Africa House two weeks before the Easter weekend for the renewal of his international passport after its period of validity expired. He was asked to leave it there, he claimed.

Mr Songwiqui, who is employed as a trainee draughtsman at a Uitenhage tyre company, said he was born in Uitenhage, where he still lives with his parents.

The document, which was issued at Zwelitsha in the Ciskei on May 24 this year, arrived at Mr

Songwiqui's home on Friday through the post.

A spokesman for the Department of Co-operation and Development in Port Elizabeth said today that since Ciskei became independent on December 5, 1981, Xhosa-speaking people no longer qualified for a South African passport.

"But I do not get him when he claims he received the new document from Zwelitsha after he left his passport with us. He must have been referred to the Ciskei consulate in Port Elizabeth," he said.

The spokesman added that blacks could still get South African passports if they wished to travel to countries which did not accept the independence of the national states.

"In that case the procedure to be followed is for the applicant to get a letter from the urban consulate of the national state concerned authorising us to supply him with a South African passport. Our office then refers the applicant to the Port Elizabeth office of the Department of Interior at Eben Donges Building," he said.

Mr Songwiqui is adamant he left his passport at Africa House.

Sebe (105)  
D. Di SPARA  
plans 12/17/83  
**Israeli  
aid**

JERUSALEM — President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei hopes to finalise plans for Israeli assistance in technological and agricultural projects during his visit here.

Project co-ordination between the Ciskei and Israeli governments is being carried out by the Ciskei Trade Mission which was established in Tel Aviv eight months ago. Israel does not have diplomatic relations with Ciskei.

The groundwork for the projects was laid during President Sebe's visit to Israel last year.

A newspaper here reported that President Sebe said the job of the trade mission was to screen experts interested in offering their expertise to Ciskei and to arrange aid projects.

Trade mission head Mr Yosef Schneider said that the mission also served as a link between the two governments and did public relations work for Ciskei.

Part of the financing for the industrial and agricultural projects under discussion would come from Israel, Mr Schneider said. He expects work to begin within six months on the first factories to be established with Israeli aid.

While in Israel, President Sebe has been feted by the Christian Embassy, a grouping of pro-Zionist fundamental Christians in Jerusalem, and by the town of Ramat Gan, which awarded him the medal of the town on Saturday night. Yesterday he visited an Israeli Defence Force exhibition in Tel Aviv. He will be in Israel another week. — DDC.

550

seek

'city  
rights'  
in PE

Post Reporter

ABOUT 550 migrant workers yesterday approached the Ciskei labour attache in Port Elizabeth, Mr A Z Lamani, for help with their applications for Section 10 rights.

The applications were made in the wake of the historic Rikhoto Appeal Court judgment which ruled on rights for migrant workers.

One of the successful applicants yesterday, Mr Xhonti Baadjie, said: "This is the happiest moment of my life. I am grateful to Mr Lamani and his team of assistants for all the help they have given me and others."

He added that the granting of "city rights" to migrant workers who had been in Port Elizabeth for many years would make a great deal of difference to improving their lives.

Mr Baadjie, who lives at the Kwazakele Single Men's Quarters, has worked for a cement company for more than 10 years as an operator. He is also local chairman of the Makhambashe tribe of Chief Lennox Sebe, president of Ciskei.

Mr Lamani said 350 people, the biggest number of applicants so far, turned up yesterday at the aid office provided for him at the Labour Bureau.

Mr Lamani said that by the time he arrived at the Centenary Great Hall at 2pm yesterday he found another 200 migrant workers who had come to claim "city rights".

SPACE REQUIRED 810 WORDS  
27 TRANSECTIONS  
163 RECODE VALUES + LAG VARIABLES  
163 TF/COMPUTE OPERATIONS  
TIME REQUIRED 2.00 SECONDS

54. FINISH

NORMAL END OF JOB  
54 CONTROL CARDS WERE PROCESSED  
0 ERRORS WERE DETECTED

ZWELITSHA — Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe has appointed a nine-man commission to submit a report on an economic development plan for the country.

The appointment of the commission was detailed in the Ciskei Government Gazette.

Terms of reference included:

● Submitting a comprehensive economic development plan in terms of the country's development potential, objectives and priorities as well as development policies and strategies.

● Special attention to

# Ciskei study panel named

the planning and implementation instruments to ensure optimum results.

● Steps which should be taken by the government to modify laws, regulations, practices or organisational arrangements which may be hindering or discouraging investors and entrepreneurs.

Heading the commis-

sion as chairman, is Professor Nicolaas Swart, who is the vice chancellor of the University of Potchefstroom. He is joined on the commission by another university academic, Prof Daniel Page, the Director of the Institute of Planning Research of the University of Stellenbosch, who also compiled the Page Report handed to Pres Sebe earlier this year.

Other members of the commission are Mr Gert Claasen, a private engineer from Durban, Mr Anthony Evans, a Free State farmer, Mr Nico Ferreira, chairman of the Ciskei Small Business Corporation, Mr Ian Hetherington, managing director of the Johannesburg Small Business Services of South Africa, Mr Tony Hobson, chairman of the SA Mohair Board, Mr Leon Louw, Director of the Freemarket Association of South Africa, and Mr Gordon McLeod, a senior member of the Barlow Rand group. — DDR.

# Ciskei Minister's Home Shot Up

*105*  
*105*  
*1977/83*

**ZWELLITSHA**  
Shots were fired at the official residence of the Ciskei Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, here early yesterday morning.

Mr Pityi said he had no enemies and had no idea who could have fired the shots. The shooting started at 12.35 am.

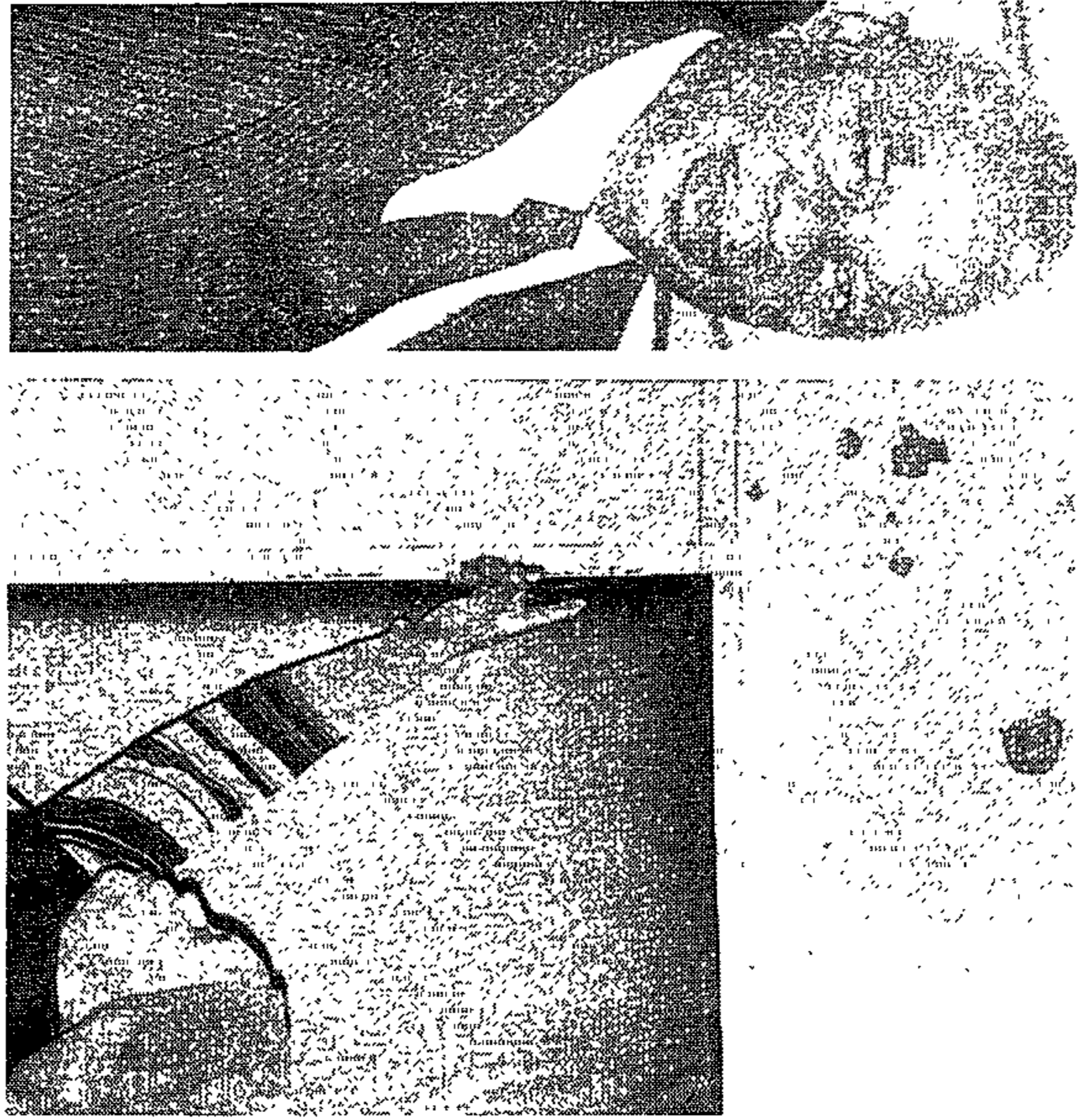
"I don't know much about guns, but from the sound of the shots, I thought it was a machinegun," he said.

In all 14 bullet marks were found on the walls and windows after the shooting, but Mr Pityi said police had told him they had found 20 shells.

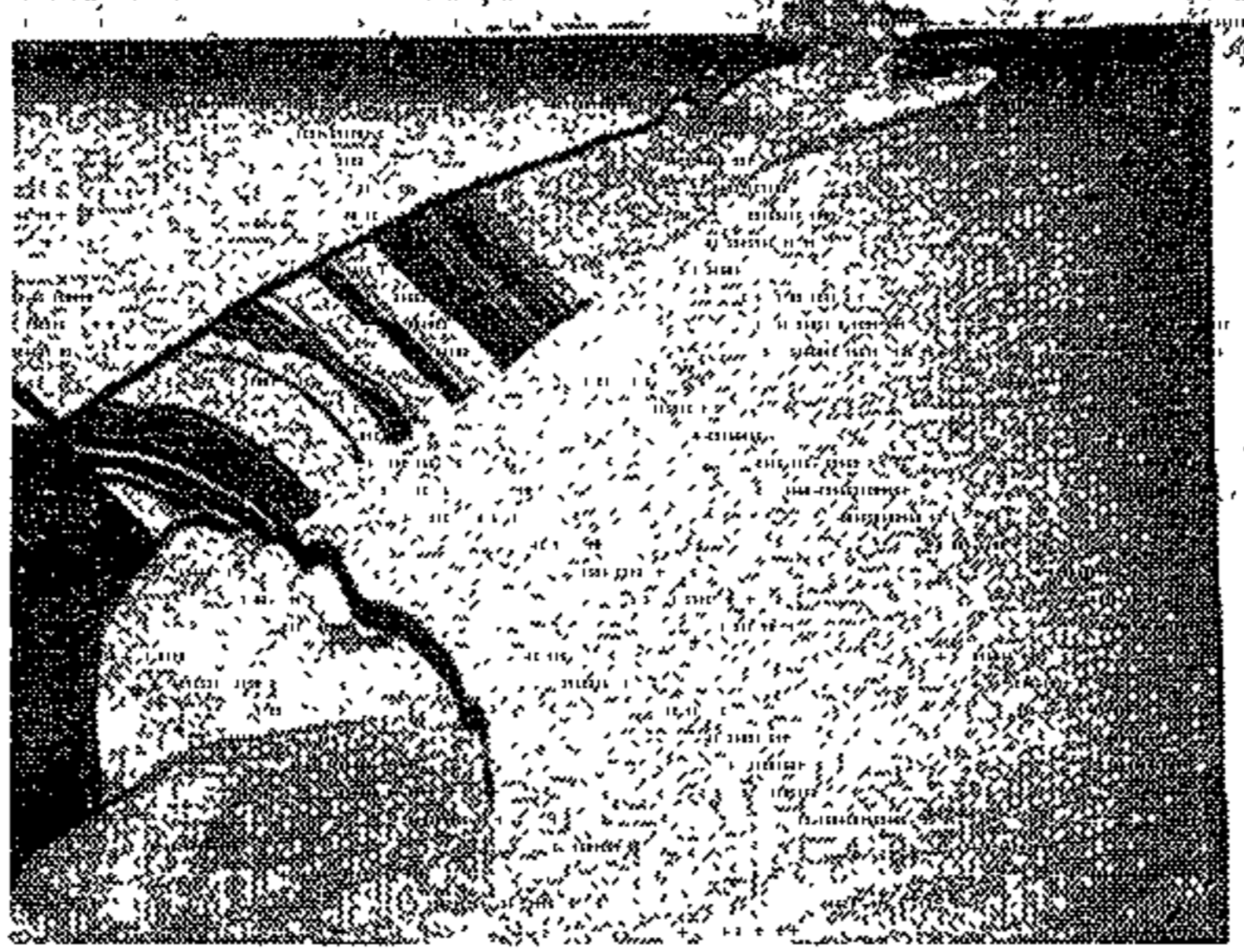
Most of the marks were above his bedroom window, but three went through window panes while one pierced a steel window frame in the lounge.

Mr Pityi's 22-year-old daughter, Busisiwi, rushed from her bedroom to her parents' room to inquire about what was happening.

"I told her someone was shooting at us," Mr Pityi said. He told her to return to her room.



MR PITYI



Mrs Pityi points to the bullet holes.

His wife wanted to switch on the light but he told her not to do so, remembering what happened to Dr Rick Turner in Durban when he was shot some years ago.

Mr Pityi said that at one stage it sounded as if the roof was being ripped off.

He tried to contact the police by telephone but got no reply and ultimately reported the matter to the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, after 6.30 am.

Mr Takane called the police.

Mr Pityi said he tried to contact Ciskei President, Chief Lennox Sebe, in Israel but was told he was visiting factories and would be back at 2 pm.

To his surprise Chief Sebe landed by helicopter on a parking lot near his official residence at 1.02 pm while Mr Pityi was being interviewed about the shooting.

The Ciskei Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said earlier this week that Chief Sebe was due to return to Ciskei on July 23.

Commenting on the shooting yesterday, Mr Xaba said: "It shows that a bad element is operating in Zwellitsha."

He said Mr Takane had promised preliminary measures would be taken.

"Since this is the first shooting, I can say the war is on and we don't know who is next," Mr Xaba said.

He hoped police would apprehend the culprits.

Mr Takane declined to comment and referred the matter to the police.

Efforts to contact the Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei security, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, were unsuccessful.

President Sebe said he would issue a statement on Monday. — DDR.

**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — The Commander-in-**

**By Keith Ross**

**Chief of Ciskei's armed forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, has effectively been stripped of many of his wide-ranging powers.**

lignce Service would be known as the National Intelligence Service, and would fall under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.

"Until the new structure has been finalised all men attached to the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service, with the exception of Lt-Gen Sebe, will be under the Commander of Police," he said.

He said the NIS would collect "overt and covert information, as well as clandestine information," and would process it for submission to the Ciskei State Security Council.

● Sapa reports that shots were fired at the house of the Ciskei Foreign Minister, Mr B N Pitso, in Zwelitsha early yesterday.

Mr Pitso, President Sebe's right-hand man, said the shots were concentrated on his bedroom.

"I don't know much about the sound of the sound of guns, but from the sound of the shots I thought it was a machinegun," he said.

Fourteen bullet holes were found in the wall of the house. Most of the shots were above the bedroom window, but three went through the window.



**Lt-Gen SEBE**  
... "not suspended"

Brigadier N Tamsanga, and three of his officers had been detained two days ago.

He did not give any details of the investigation into the men's activities, saying a commission of inquiry would be established.

President Sebe said in future the Police Force, the Prisons Service and the Traffic Division would be under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Justice. The Defence Force, the Special Force and the Air Force would be under a new Ministry of Defence, which would be headed by a Deputy Minister.

The Ciskei Central Intelligence Service would be headed by a Deputy Minister.

This was announced at a Press conference in Zwelitsha today by President Lennox Sebe.

President Sebe said Gen Sebe would in future be head of only a newly formed National Intelligence Service. This would have no executive authority and no powers of arrest. President Sebe denied, however, that Gen Sebe had been demoted.

"He still maintains his position as head of the NIS," President Sebe said. "He is still a lieutenant-general."

President Sebe said the armed forces had been built up to such an extent that it was impossible for one man to control them.

He denied a report suggesting that Gen Sebe — who was not at the Press conference — had been suspended.

"This is an example of the licence used when people go beyond the boundaries of truth and professional ethics," he said.

President Sebe, flanked at the conference by the Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba, also announced the second-in-charge of the Ciskei security forces.

# Sebe's Power Cut

105  
16/7/83  
E. Post

# Ciskei minister's residence shot at

*Cart 4/11/83 (105)*  
Own Correspondent  
ZWELITSHA. — Shots were fired at the official residence of the Ciskei Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B N Pityi, early yesterday morning.

Mr Pityi said the shooting started at 12.35am. He added he had no idea who could have fired the shots.

In all 14 bullet marks were found on the walls and windows afterwards.

Mr Pityi said his wife wanted to switch the light on but he told her not to do so, adding at one stage it sounded as if the roof was being ripped off.

He tried to contact the police by telephone but got no reply and ultimately reported the matter to the Minister of

Justice, Mr D M Takane, after 6.30am.

He was not able to contact the Ciskei's president, Chief Lennox Sebe, who was visiting factories in Israel. To his surprise, however, Chief Sebe landed by helicopter on a parking lot near his official residence at 1pm.

The shooting follows speculation about strong divisions in high echelons in the Ciskei Government.

The vice-president of Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba, said: "Since this is the first shooting I can say the war is on and we don't know who's next."

The commander-in-chief of security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, will make a statement on Monday.



**IT'S SEBE**

**VS SEBE**

**VS SEBE**

105

City

Press

17/7/83  
CP Correspondent

THE Ciskei Sebe syndicate is cracking.

Speculation is rife in Ciskei that when President Lennox Sebe returns from Israel on July 23, both younger Sebes, Namba, the Minister of Transport, and security strongman Charles may lose their jobs.

Sources close to the government say President Sebe moved against several people, including his brothers, before he left for Israel two weeks ago.

He allegedly handed them an ultimatum demanding their resignations.

The family feud is now an open secret and several impeccable sources confirmed that the Sebes have been at each others' throats for some time.

The rift has been demonstrated in a number of incidents, among them the detention of Mr Caweni Sotyelelwa at a congress of the ruling Ciskei National Independence Party earlier this year.

He was ordered detained in mid-speech by General Sebe when he referred to plans to oust President Sebe by "people very close to the President".

**oo in Home Press**

# A good year for Ciskei

By Julian Kraft

105 S. Times 7/21/83  
CISKEI had its best twelve months of industrial development in the year ending March — a 50% increase over the previous year.

The Ciskeian National Development Corporation (CNDC) invested a total of R186-million during the year — which coincided with the first year of independence for the new state.

In the corporation's annual report, chairman Paul Hoogendyk states that Ciskei has benefited from the economic recession as concessions to industrialists were more favourable than those offered elsewhere.

Consequently, 22 new agreements with in-

dustrialists were signed — bringing the total to 66 — and 13 new factories were established during the year.

Job opportunities in the industrial sector increased by 54%, and Ciskeians employed in CNDC-related jobs receive an annual income of R26-million.

Also contained in the report is a call by the CNDC's managing director, Frans Meisenholl, for the corporation to be converted into a national development bank which can work in close co-operation with the proposed Southern African Development Bank, and which, Mr Meisenholl believes, would encourage greater participation by the private sector in the country's development.

# Ciskei situation is stable — Takane

105  
D. DISPATCH  
2d7/83

ZWELITSHA — The situation was under control and there was stability in Ciskei, the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, said at a press conference in his office yesterday.

Asked about fears expressed about the situation he said anybody who said it was volatile was talking nonsense.

He could not say whether there would be any more arrests. If there was any evidence pointing at anybody else there could be more arrests because police investigations were not complete.

Mr Takane said he could not say emphatically that other heads

would not roll. Investigations pointed fingers at those who have been detained and the Ciskei Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L. B. Madolo, had ordered their detention.

"Investigations are focused around the shooting at the house of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi," he said.

"I cannot comment on whether the shooting was an unsuccessful coup d'etat."

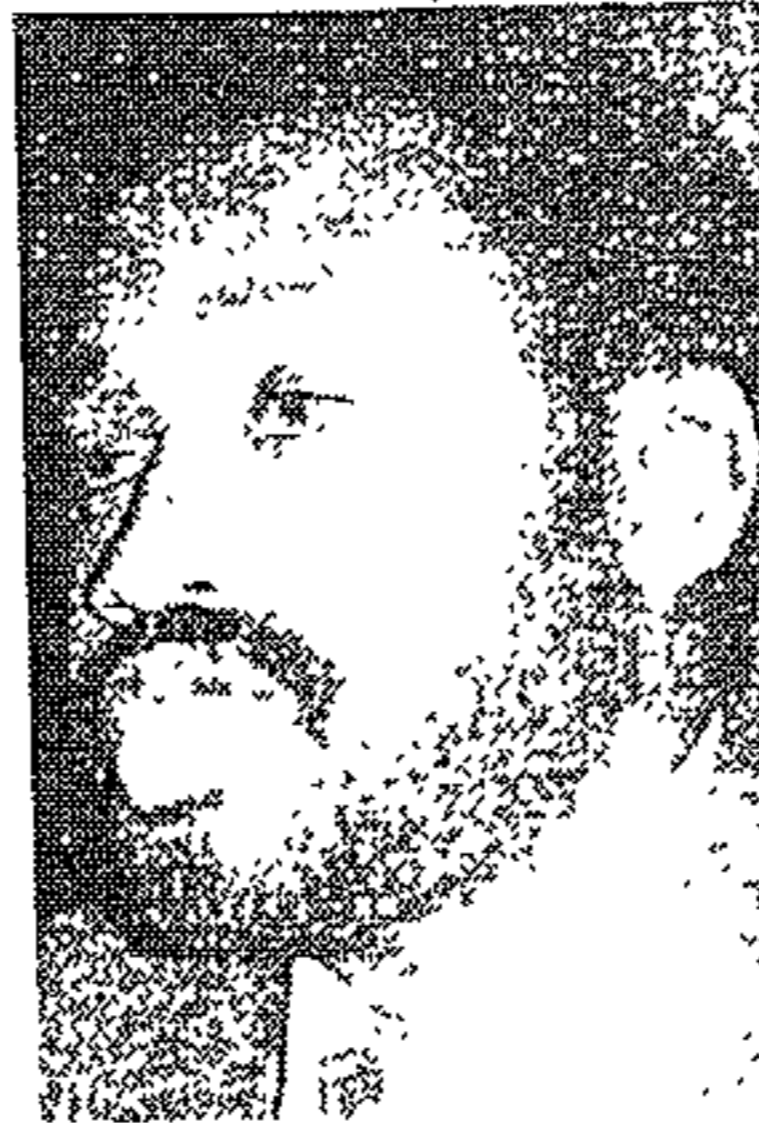
Asked about rumours that the positions of some cabinet ministers were in jeopardy, he said he knew nothing about the rumours.

Mr Takane said he

thought the police investigation was nearing completion. He did not know whether the detainees would be charged jointly or separately. He did not know where General Sebe and General Minnaar were being held.

Mr Takane denied that General Sebe's son, Khambashe, had been detained. He confirmed that Mr Mbulelo Xaba, son of the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, had been picked up. He was being questioned and he might be detained or released.

Questioned about the presence of two white men among the Ciskei police who took General



MR TAKANE

Sebe to his house, he said he did not know if South Africa was involved in the investigation. — DDR.

# Xaba tells of degrading letter to SA

ZWELITSHA — A document with "much useful and derogatory information" about the Ciskei President's Council had been sent to the South African Government from a Ciskei source, the Vice President, the Rev W.M. Xaba, disclosed yesterday.

Mr Xaba was asked about a letter allegedly received by President Lennox Sebe from the South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, on President Sebe's return from Israel last Friday.

Chief Sebe had mentioned the letter in an address to Ciskeians at the Zwelitsha stadium on Sunday but gave no further details about it.

Twice when he was asked about it at a press conference on Monday, he evaded the questions.

Although he had not read the document — he referred to it as a "referendum" — it degraded the Ciskei President and his cabinet ministers, Mr Xaba said.

"In fact the document



MR XABA

ence, he took a serious view of the document.

"The source is in Ciskei but we do not know whether it was sent to the South African Government only," He said.

"What we find most interesting is that Capital Radio announced the detentions before they were declared by the President here.

"If the news is already over the air before it is announced officially by the President, it makes us feel that somebody else had the information and passed it on.

"In fact the cabinet feels there is a leakage somehow somewhere," Mr Xaba said. — DDR.

is nothing short of character assassination of the entire cabinet."

He said that as he had been acting as President during Chief Sebe's abs-

## When general was not available

EAST LONDON — The former Ciskei Central Intelligence Services offices yesterday were a far cry from the hive of activity they have been since the department was started in 1979.

At midday the reception officer, who sat with two armed soldiers, looked nonplussed when told someone wanted to visit Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

"He is not available now," the officer said.

Would he be available in the afternoon?

"We are not allowing any people in today and even if he comes in you will not be able to see him," the officer said.

Down the long passage were a few former officers, standing in small groups and speaking softly.

The reporter later learned the general had been detained. — DDR.

## General Minnaar a man of many parts

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — Major General Tailefer Minnaar, 44, matriculated in 1957 and attained a diploma in commercial art the following year.

He obtained a theological diploma at the Kalk Bay Bible Institute through London University in 1960 and in 1966 graduated as an engineer from the London Institute of Engineering Technology.

He served South Africa as an undercover agent, using his profession as a cover, according to a press statement released by President Lennox Sebe when he promoted him to major general last September.

He had become deputy head of training in the

Department of National Security, now known as National Intelligence, he said.

As an intelligence officer he completed all advanced training and was instrumental in training the first Ciskeian nationals in Pretoria where the first contact with President Sebe and Lieutenant-General X. C. Sebe was made.

In 1979 he resigned his position and took up a position as adviser and consultant to the Ciskei Government and in 1980 was appointed security adviser with the same rank he had held in National Security.

In 1981 he was promoted from the rank of colonel to brigadier.

According to Presi-

dent Sebe, during his service with Ciskei he distinguished himself in being instrumental in the training of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service and the establishment of the Mapasa Special Warfare Centre in the Peddie district and the Ikrele Lesizwe (Sword of the Nation), an anti-terror squad, and their training.

He also designed the badges and insignia of the Ciskei armed forces as well as its flags.

He accompanied President Sebe, the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, and General Sebe on numerous overseas visits.

General Minnaar's wife, Maria, would not talk to the press last night. — SAPA.

## Dimbaza man detained?

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — A former Robben Island prisoner, Mr Moses Twebe, of Dimbaza, was detained on Friday morning, according to his wife, Mrs Mabel Twebe.

She said he was taken away by white and black security policemen who arrived in three cars.

She said her premises were searched from 1 am until 2 am on Friday and nothing was removed. One car remained and the search continued at certain periods.

Mrs Twebe said the police instructed the family to remain inside and the children were

told not to go to school. The police left the house at 3 pm.

Mr Twebe was arrested in 1963 for ANC activities and was released in 1969.

The Ciskei Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, said he knew nothing about the detention. — DDR.

# Chancellor Sebe held

D-1 DISPATCH  
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## General Minnaar also detained

ZWELITSHA — The former head of state security, Lieutenant-General X. C. Sebe, and the adviser and consultant on state security, Major-General Tailfer Minnaar, were detained yesterday morning under Ciskei's National Security Act.

This was confirmed by the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane.

Mr Takane emphasised that as soon as the case was ready for presentation those detained would be taken before a court.

He gave strong indications that the arrests were linked with the shooting at the home of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, last week.

With these arrests there are now 11 people in detention.

General Minnaar is the only white person among the detainees.

Six members of the Ciskei criminal investigation department and two white men went to General Sebe's home at 11.50 am while members of the press were there.

Colonel M. C. Takane, who seemed to be in charge, ordered the pressmen to leave the premises.

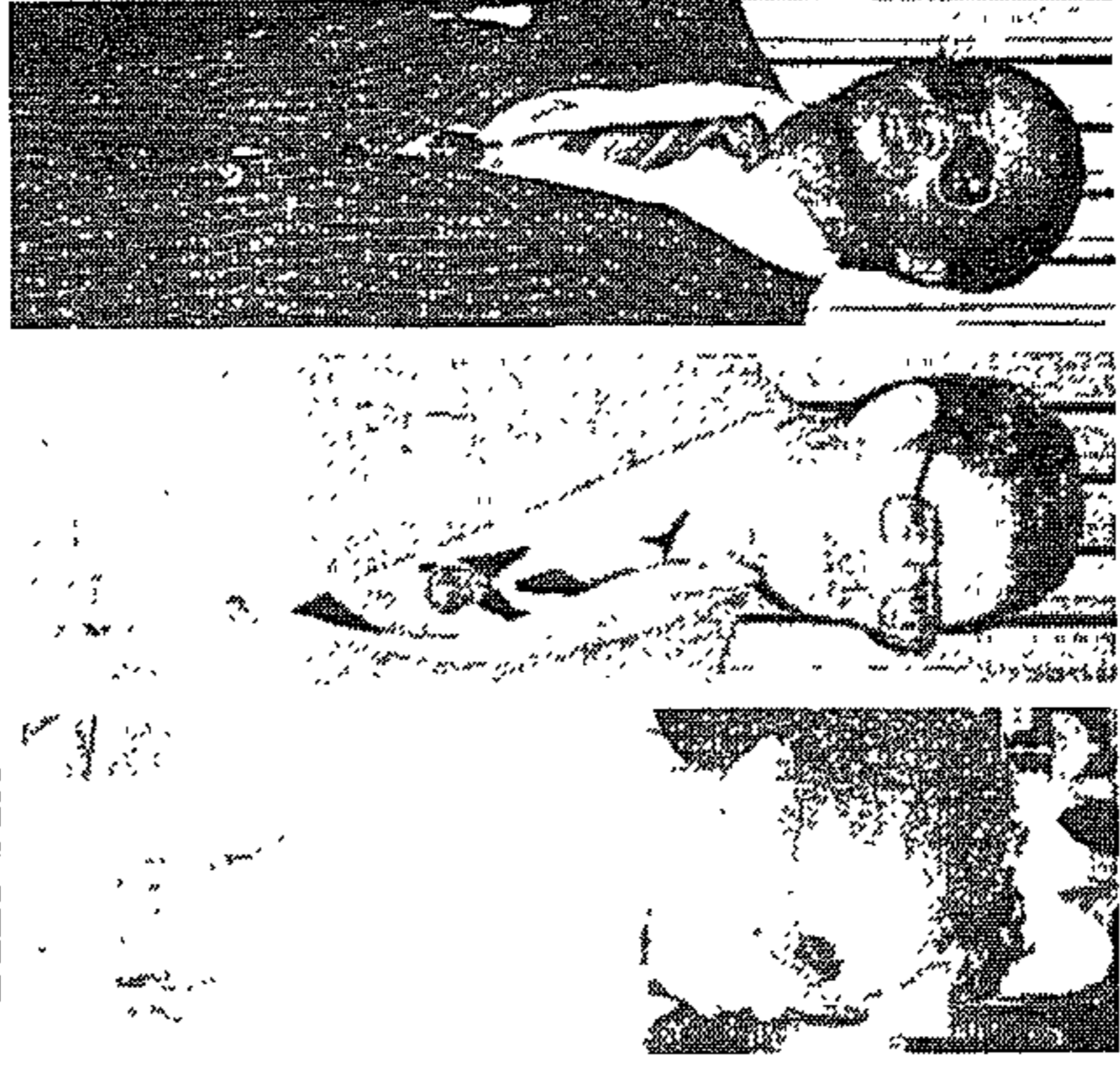
General Sebe, who was in the back seat of one of the three police cars, waved at pressmen.

The police left with him after 45 minutes.

The general's wife, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, was called to the car before he was taken inside his house.

Later Mrs Sebe said that when she was called to the car she was told not to panic or create a scene. She said she dismissed the workers who were in the yard because some of them were crying.

At first she refused to comment about the police visit, saying they were going to have a traditional family



GEN SEBE — detained GEN MINNAAR — detained MRS SEBE — distraught

prayer. She later said the police were polite to her. They had looked at the telephone recording equipment which was about to be dismantled from the house and inquired if the gun safe belonged to the state or the family.

General Sebe was allowed to change his clothes and take his toiletries.

### MORE REPORTS P5

Mrs Sebe was with her mother-in-law, Mrs Maggie Sebe, who looked distressed, and two sisters-in-law, one of whom was crying.

A domestic worker at General Minnaar's home said seven men in plain clothes accompanied by two whites arrived at the house with General Minnaar at about 9 am. They went through the house

were going to take their father's detention. She did not worry about the other son, Khambasha, because he was a man and a soldier.

She was telephoned by Tshiw's headmaster, Mr B. K. Carlson, who inquired about reports that the general had been detained and said her son was concerned.

Mrs Sebe at first told her son that his father and brother, Khambasha, had not been detained. She said she expected Khambasha to be picked up because his close friend, Lt Mbulelo Xaba, had been detained.

Khambasha has not been detained.

At Mr Carlson's insistence she told Tshiw that his father had been detained. She told him not to worry.

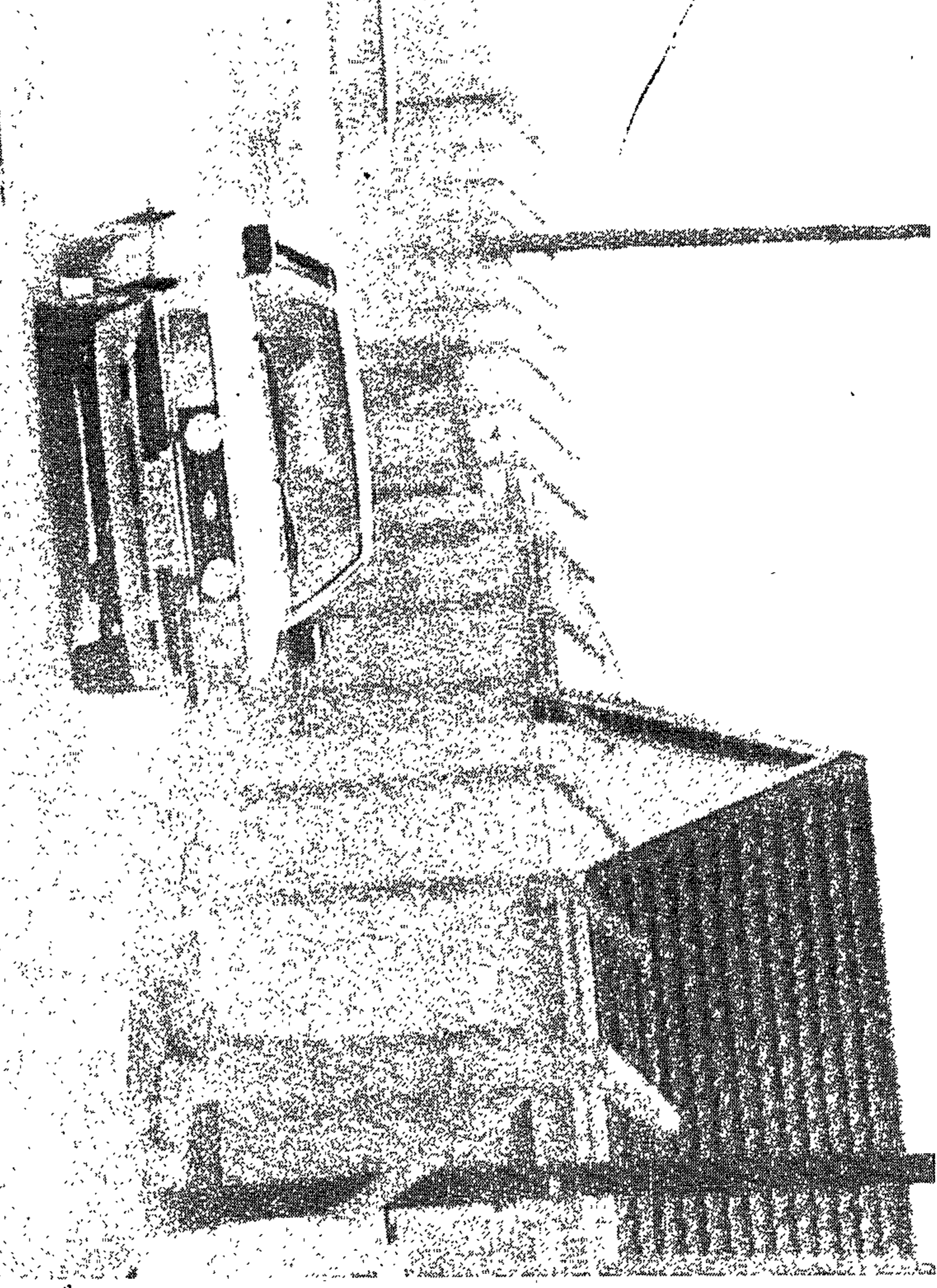
She asked Mr Carlson to look after him and to give him tranquillisers if necessary.

Asked to comment on a report that two East London security policemen had been involved in General Sebe's detention, the head of the Security Police, Colonel Dries van der Merwe, said: "It must be a case of mistaken identity."

He added: "I deny this most adamantly. I have no knowledge of the detention and cannot see how South African policemen could interfere in the affairs of a neighbouring state."

The Divisional Commissioner of Police in the Border, Brigadier Ben Bekker, said he had "absolutely no knowledge" of the detention.

"We know of rumours in Ciskei, but we will definitely not go and fiddle in a foreign country," Brigadier Bekker said. — DDD.



Two police cars, one with General Charles Sebe inside, speed away from the general's home in Tshatshu, near Zwelitsha, after his detention yesterday.

## Quit cabinet urges wife

EAST LONDON — The wife of the Vice-President of Ciskei, The Rev W. M. Xaba, yesterday called on her husband to resign from the Ciskei Government.

Mrs Ivy Xaba was speaking from her home in Dimbaza, where she fled after her house in Zwelitsha was searched by security police on Monday.

The police detained her son, Lieutenant Mbulelo Xaba, 21, an officer in the Ciskei Army.

Mrs Xaba said the police "came into the Vice-President's house and showed no sign of respect."

"They followed my son through the house and took him away without saying a word to me."

She said she had moved to Dimbaza because she no longer felt safe in Zwelitsha.

"I have told my husband to resign. He is not wanted in the government."

"I would like my hand to go back to the ministry politics is not his calling."

SAPA.

# Cabinet knew nothing — Xaba

**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN** — The Ciskei Cabinet had no knowledge of any coup being planned, the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, said yesterday.

"So far as the Vice-President is concerned, no coup was planned," he said.

"We have heard about the allegations but, as far as I am concerned, and this applies to the whole Cabinet, nobody knew there was such a move."

Mr Xaba said the decision to detain people in connection with events in Ciskei had not been made by President Lennox Sebe alone, but by the President's Council, of which Mr Xaba is chairman.

"The President does nothing alone. The council, which is the representative of the nation, is the decision-maker that instructs the Minister of Justice to execute such duties," he said.

"Therefore, whatever happens in the country is not the decision of the President; it is the decision of the nation as a whole."

Mr Xaba also said that his son, Lieutenant Mbulelo Xaba, 21, who has been detained, was the "unofficial" bodyguard of the detained General Charles Sebe.

"General Sebe knew what kind of boy he is and felt it would be better to have him next to him. My son is now suffering the consequences of circumstances that he



**Lt MBULELO XABA — detained**

could not escape and which came from above," Mr Xaba said. — DDR.

# Sebe denies he plotted armed coup in C'kei

(103) E-Post  
8/7/83

By KEITH ROSS

EAST LONDON — The former commander-in-chief of the Ciskeian armed forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, today denied he had tried to organise an armed coup in his country.

He was reacting to rumours that an armed coup was plotted last week when President Lennox Sebe was in Israel.

When asked if he had tried to oust his brother, Gen Sebe replied: "Why should I want to? And if I had tried, why did I not succeed?"

When asked if he feared being detained, Gen Sebe said: "I cannot discuss that. I am not in the cells now."

Gen Sebe was stripped of many of his wide-ranging powers at the weekend.

He is now only the head of a newly-formed National Intelligence Service, with no executive authority and no powers of arrest.

In spite of this, Gen Sebe said he had "a positive approach" to the future.

He said he was not unhappy with the Government's decision to restructure the armed forces.

"I am still part of the Government," he said.

"I am still a lieutenant-general.

"I have a new department to build. I am going to build it just as I built up the armed forces.

"I have no illusions. I will take things as they come. I am a positive thinker."

Gen Sebe said the new dispensation announced at the weekend would result in his losing his ministerial-style home which was being constructed at Ciskei's capital, Bisho.

He said this home would now go to the new Deputy Minister of Defence, who was due to be appointed today.

Gen Sebe said he did not know if he would lose any of his other perks, such as his luxury car.

"Nothing much has been explained to me," he said. "I have not been told what rights I have."

He said he hoped to speak to President Sebe later today.

Sapa reports that a former member of the Selous Scouts, Major D Croucamp, is to head Ciskei's anti-ter-

rorism squad, Ikrele Lesizwe (Sword of the Nation), which will fall under the jurisdiction of the newly-created Ministry of Defence.

Announcing the appointment at a Press conference, President Sebe said Major Croucamp was "a man of very high experience. He is a man who knows theory and has been exposed to anti-terrorism activities and the war against terrorism".

Ikrele Lesizwe would be responsible for anti-terrorist operations and "other clandestine missions", President Sebe said.

The unit would also perform community services during periods of national disaster and would provide bodyguards for Cabinet members, he said.

Major Croucamp, who has been attached to the Ciskei Defence Force for more than a year, described himself as an "average guy" but referred further inquiries about himself to President Sebe's office.

● Editorial comment —  
Page 6

# Ciskei leader Sebe strips brother Charles of power

105 S. Express 17/7/83

**Sunday Express  
Correspondent**

THE commander-in-chief of Ciskei's armed forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, has effectively been stripped of many of his wide-ranging powers.

At a Press conference in Zwelitsha yesterday, Ciskei President Lennox Sebe said Gen Sebe would, in future, be

head only of a newly-formed National Intelligence Service.

The NIS would have no executive authority and no powers of arrest.

President Sebe denied, however, that Gen Sebe had been demoted, saying that he would retain his rank.

He denied a report suggesting that Gen Sebe had

been suspended.

President Sebe said Ciskei's defence forces had been built up to such an extent it was impossible for one man to control them.

He said that in future the peace force, the prison service and the traffic division would be under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Justice.

The defence force, the special force and the air force would be under a newly created Ministry of Defence, which would be headed by a deputy minister.

The Ciskei Central Intelligence Service would be known as the National Intelligence Service, and would also fall under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.

"Until the new structure has been finalised all men attached to the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service, with the exception of Lieutenant-General Sebe, will be under the Commander of Police," President Sebe said.

He said the NIS would collect "overt and covert information, as well as clandestine information," and would process it for submission to the Ciskei State Security Council.

## Vandals put British Open in a rut

LONDON — Vandals who dug holes and painted slogans on the sixth green of the Royal Birkdale golf course in Southport failed to halt the third round of the British Open championship yesterday.

Play began 20 minutes late, with hastily improvised rules to deal with the situation.

Although groundsmen had worked all night to repair the green, most of it was designated a 'ground under repair' area.

But two segments were undamaged, and the tournament committee ruled that players could move balls from 'ground under repair' to these channels from the fringe of the green to the hole to take putts.

The damage was done by a group protesting the innocence of Dennis Kelly, who is serving a sentence of life imprisonment for the murder of a Liverpool shopkeeper — Sapa-AP.

Own Correspondent  
JOHANNESBURG. — Free State police have launched an intensive manhunt for the men who attacked and killed a young Bloemfontein soldier 23 times and tried to kill him on the side of the national road after he had given them a lift on Monday night.

Lance-Corporal M P Tienie" Burger, 19, of the

Bloemspruit Air Base near Bloemfontein, is in a serious condition in a Kroonstad hospital after doctors had battled for more than an hour to save his life during an emergency operation.

The young soldier put up a tremendous struggle as the men attacked him about 14 kilometres north of Kroonstad.

He suffered multiple stab-wounds to his hands,

shoulders, neck and stomach.

A police spokesman said yesterday that they have launched a search for the men.

But the life of the young Permanent Force soldier was undoubtedly saved by a Henneman farmer, Mr Awie Mostert, and a Pretoria clergyman, Pastor H J Strydom, who saw Lance-

Corporal Burger giving the two men a lift and noticed that one man had a knife in his back pocket.

Mr Mostert said yesterday that Pastor Strydom felt uneasy about Mr Burger and instead of eating supper at Parys — where the men got into the car — stopped only for cooldrinks before driving on.

"Things just didn't look right. About 14 kilometres

on the other side of Kroonstad I saw the pastor's stop and lying by the side of the road I saw a young man covered in blood.

"Blood was pouring from his wounds all over his face and he was even bleeding from the mouth. He tried to defend himself as the knife repeatedly sank into his body.

"The men then robbed him of R30 and pushed

# Top Ciskei men held

CAPL Times 20/7/83 105



The Rev WM Xaba ... Ciskei's Deputy President and a former member of both the African National Congress and the South African Communist Party. At a public meeting in Port Elizabeth in 1950 he burned a copy of the Bible, claiming it was a white man's fabrication. He initially served as a minister with the Assemblies of God, but later joined the Ned Geref Kerk in Afrika. He was elected to the Ciskei National Assembly in 1978.

Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe ... former South African policeman and agent for the defunct Bureau for State Security (Boss) was appointed head of the Ciskei Intelligence Service in 1977. His often eccentric behaviour included censoring the works of local writers. He is a fitness fanatic and renowned for his knowledge of weapons, especially those of communist origin. He is said to have slept with a machine gun next to his bed.

### Own Correspondent

PORT ELIZABETH. — There were indications yesterday that more heads would roll in the Ciskei Government after a disgraced Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and his closest aide, Major-General Taileger Minnaar, were detained.

Among those alleged to be in a shaky position is the Rev WM Xaba, Deputy President of Ciskei.

Sapa reports that Mr Xaba said yesterday that his detained son, Lieutenant Christian Xaba, 21, had been the "unofficial" bodyguard of General Sebe.

"General Sebe knew what kind of boy he is and felt it would be better to have him next to him. My son is now suffering the consequences of circumstances that he could not escape and which came from above," Mr Xaba said.

Mr Xaba also said the Ciskei cabinet had no knowledge of any coup being planned.

Ciskei's Justice Minister, Mr D Takane, yesterday confirmed "the latest detentions" which bring to 11 the number of high-ranking officials from the combined forces who have been detained since a shooting attack on the home of Foreign Minister Mr B N Pityi last week.

Among the men present at General Sebe's arrest were two white

men in a Transvaal car who, according to a former South African detainee at the scene, were South African security policemen. However, the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, has denied emphatically any South African involvement in the arrest.

In a statement issued yesterday by his private secretary, Major DJA Crafford, the minister said the South African Police "were not involved at all" in the events which took place in Ciskei yesterday.

The suggestion that the South African Police were involved was "nonsense, because Ciskei is an independent State", Major Crafford said.

The Cape Times correspondent was interviewing the general's wife, Mrs N Sebe, at her Tshatshu home outside Zwelitsha when six Ciskeian CID officers and two other plainclothes policemen arrived with General Sebe, who has just lost his powerful position as head of the Department of State Security.

His brother, President Lennox Sebe, announced at the weekend that Ciskei's security organization was to be restructured.

Reporters were ordered off the premises as the house was searched and the general packed a change of clothing.

He was whisked away about 45 minutes later. Nothing was removed from the house.

The police operations were monitored by President Lennox Sebe's son Lolo, who repeatedly drove past the house.

### Weeping

Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, wife of the deposed general, yesterday described her husband's arrest while the general's mother, Mrs Maggie Sebe, and other relatives wept unashamedly.

"My husband left for work this morning and phoned soon after to say he was just sitting around waiting to see which office they would



All Black Town.

A

By THE world Cape banned Australia This All Black in Cape had ph It was





give him." (The general, stripped of his powers, had to vacate his original office.)

"Then the phone rang again and an anonymous caller told me between sobs that the general had been taken away."

He was subsequently accompanied to his Tshatshu home.

"My husband took his tracksuit and a change of clothing. I didn't even ask where they were taking him. But they were being very nice to him."

### Spoke to son

Mrs Sebe interrupted her conversation with reporters to speak to the headmaster of St Andrew's College in Grahamstown, where her youngest son Tshiwo is a boarder.

Tshiwo was called to the telephone and she broke the news of his father's detention, adding that she expected her eldest son, Khambashe, "to be picked up as well".

Mrs Sebe asked the headmaster, Mr B Carlson, to "please look after my son and sedate him if necessary".

Mrs Sebe spent yesterday afternoon praying with relatives. "This is traditional practice when a tragedy occurs," she said.

According to a domestic worker at the Minnaars' luxury farm Blacklands outside King William's Town, seven policemen — including two whites — accompanied General Minnaar to the farm about 9am yesterday.

### Intelligence agent

She said they left with him after "walking through the house". General Minnaar, 44, was an undercover intelligence agent for South Africa overseas before he became deputy head of training in the then Department of National Security.

He resigned in 1979 after his appointment as a security adviser to the Ciskeian Government.

General Minnaar helped establish the recently disbanded Ciskei Central Intelligence Service.

# Worker needs stitches after bus stoned

D. DISPATCH

(105) ~~2/7/82~~  
21/7/82

EAST LONDON — A young catering worker was seriously injured when he was hit by a stone thrown at a Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) bus this week

CTC buses are presently being boycotted by people in East London and Mdantsane because of a fare increase.

Mr Ewen Barnes, 24, was taken to hospital for stitches in his face after scrambling through a broken window to escape the "hail of rocks" thrown at the bus.

He collapsed 100 metres further and was taken to hospital with a

badly swollen eye and numerous cuts on his face

"The stones just hailed on the bus as we pulled up outside work," said Mr Barnes, a catering worker at a local car assembly plant

"Windows smashed all round us and everyone ducked. As I dropped my head, a huge stone hit me in the left eye and I went down

"Everyone shouted to the driver to get out of there, and he drove back towards the main road."

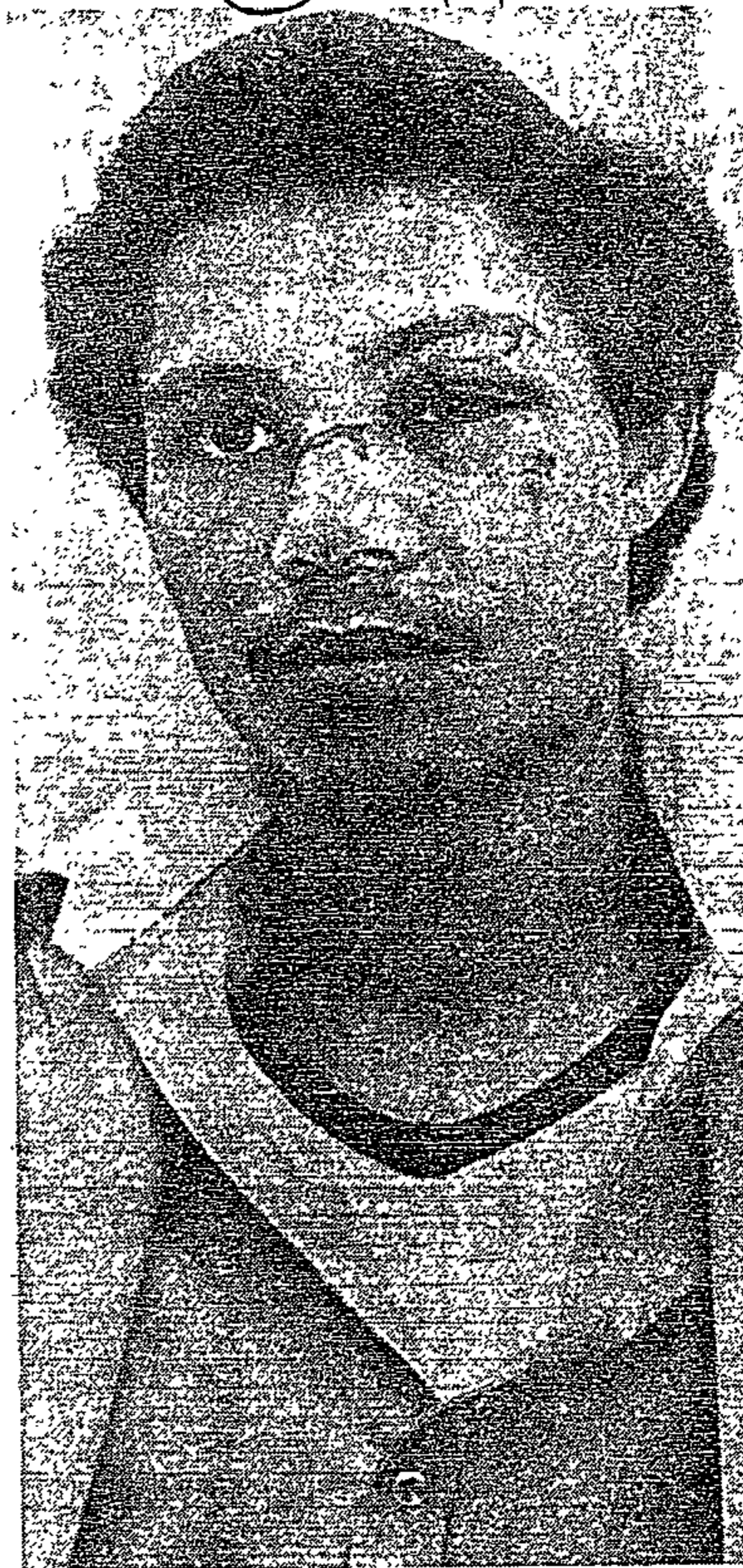
As the bus stopped again on Settler's Way Mr Barnes said he saw another crowd of people moving towards the bus.

"We decided we'd better get out while we could, and I scrambled out of a smashed window. My friend and I ran down the road, but I only managed to go about 100 metres before I collapsed."

Mr Barnes said his friend ran on to the factory and come back on a bicycle which Mr Barnes rode to a nearby clinic. From there he was referred to Frere Hospital, where he was treated for his injuries.

Mr Barnes said he knew of several other workers at the car assembly plant who had also been injured, but added that "none of them was as bad as me".

● The divisional commissioner for the South African Police here, Bri-



Mr Ewen Barnes . . . hail of rocks.

gadier Jim Bekker, yesterday said no deaths or injuries sustained in the boycott had been reported to the police.

He conceded that there may have been injuries which were not reported to the police. — DDR

EAST LONDON — Two schoolchildren were burnt to death and 25 people were injured, some critically, in a petrol explosion aboard a bus in Mdantsane yesterday.

Ambulances took the dead and injured, mostly schoolchildren, to the Cecilia Makiwane Hospital in Mdantsane after the explosion which occurred on the Qumza Highway, near Zone eight, at 4.15 pm.

There were two different reports last night as to the cause of the fire.

Mr Hans Kaiser, the general manager of the Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) said it had been reported to him that a petrol bomb had been thrown through the back window of the bus.

But the head of the Ciskei security police, Colonel Z. Macuzeni, said the explosion had been caused by the accidental ignition of a petrol container on board the bus.

"The bomb smashed through the back window of the bus, killing two schoolchildren," Mr Kaiser said.

# 2 children die in bus explosion

21/7/83  
D. DISPATCH  
105

Mr Kaiser said one of his employees was on the bus at the time the explosion took place. "There were also other reliable witnesses who saw the bomb being thrown into the bus," he said.

Mr Kaiser said the bus was full of people being transported from the main Mdantsane terminus to Zone eight.

"The bus was a burnt-out shell. It will cost about R75 000 to replace," he said.

Colonel Macuzeni, who was spoken to before Mr Kaiser, said the explosion could have been caused by "someone smoking a cigarette."

"There was no bomb. A petrol container inside the bus exploded. It could have been set off by someone smoking a cigarette. At this point we do not suspect a crime," he said.

A Daily Dispatch reporter contacted Colonel Macuzeni a second time and told him it had been claimed the explosion had been caused by a petrol bomb.

He insisted that this was not true.

He said he had received reports that 38

people had been admitted to the Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

The medical superintendent of the hospital, Dr P. E. Pistorius, said two people were certified dead on arrival at the hospital. He said they were burnt "beyond recognition."

Dr Pistorius said another 25 patients were being treated for burns sustained on the bus. One of the patients, an 11-year-old boy, had 40 per cent burns.

It is believed that the schoolchildren on board the bus were pupils at the Wongalethu and Hlokomu High Schools.

Mr Kaiser said he would give a statement on the explosion and the bus boycott today.

More buses belonging to the CTC were stoned yesterday as the boycott over increased fares continued.

However, the divisional commissioner of the police in East London, Brigadier Jim Bekker, said the stonings seemed to be "on the decrease."

"There definitely seem to be fewer incidents than when the boycott started," he said.

— DDR

DP ISPATZ H 21/7/83 (105)

# Valuable feed rotting in the sun

PORT ALFRED — Just across the Fish River in Ciskei 500 ha of mealie stalks — valuable cattle feed — lie rotting in the sun

White farmers in the drought-stricken areas this side of the border claim the Ciskeians are not using it — yet they are barred from buying it.

The mealies were apparently planted by the Ciskeian Department of Agriculture but due to the drought had failed to tassel

Some of the stalks have been baled and these bales too are exposed to the elements.

White farmers, already cut off from the Tyefu Irrigation Scheme lucerne, are concerned about wastage on this scale in times of severe drought.

They are forced to buy stalks from the Transvaal at considerable additional expense, and although the South African Government bears 75 per cent of the railage costs, the farmers regard

this as unnecessary expenditure.

Approached for comment yesterday, the Minister of Agriculture, Mr L. M. Fani, said he had no knowledge of the particular case but would investigate the matter.

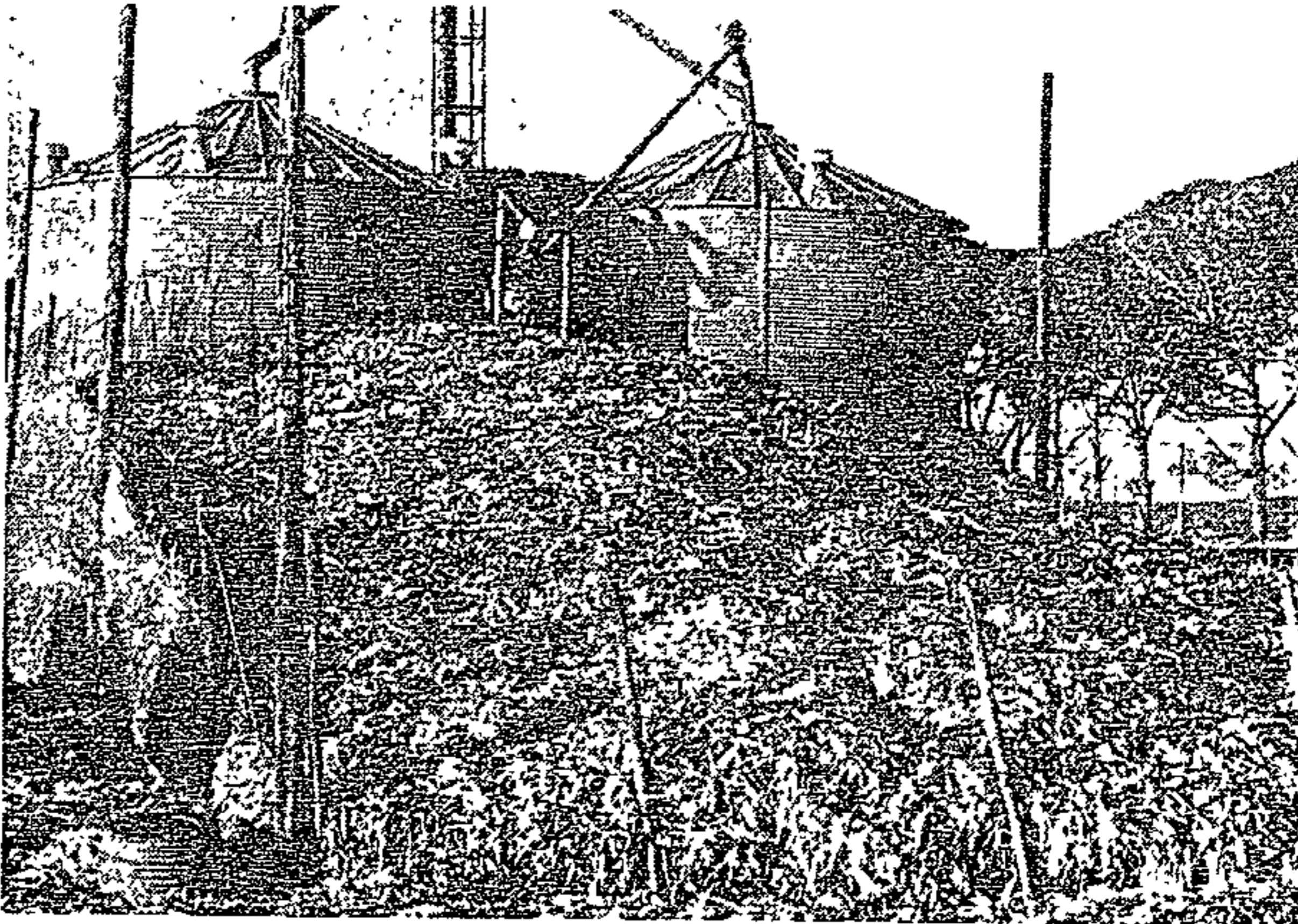
"We have issued a

general instruction that such stalks be baled and sold to Ciskeians. I know in some areas this is certainly being done at the moment.

"We cannot allow valuable feed to go to waste while our farmers are so desperate for fodder," said Mr Fani

Ciskei at present could not afford to sell available fodder to farmers beyond its borders "because we need it for ourselves"

Mr Fani said he would give his urgent attention to the matter — DDC-DDR



Some of the mealie stalks apparently going to waste in drought-stricken Ciskei.

S/

(25) (105)

# SA security police involved in arrest?

D.P. 15 / ATZAH  
21/7/83

PORT ELIZABETH — Security Police yesterday confirmed that two South African security policemen were "giving assistance" to the Ciskeian Government at the time of and during the round-up of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and other high-ranking officers — in spite of a denial by the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, that any South African police were involved.

Speaking from Pretoria late yesterday afternoon, the newly-appointed head of the Security Police, Major-General F. Steenkamp, confirmed that two security policemen were working in Ciskei at the request of that country's government.

"They (the Ciskeian Government) required assistance from us and

these men who are experts on certain matters are giving assistance to them," he said.

On Tuesday night, in response to questions relayed to him through his private secretary — Mr Le Grange denied any South African police involvement in Ciskei dismissing such suggestions as "nonsense, because Ciskei is an independent state".

Reporters on the scene where General Sebe was arrested on Tuesday saw two white men in a Transvaal car among the party who carried out the arrest.

A former South African detainee who was also at the scene pointed out the men as being South African security policemen.

Asked whether the two security men working in Ciskei were in fact pre-

sent when General Sebe was arrested. General Steenkamp replied "I cannot comment on that."

Earlier yesterday, a report which quoted a police spokesman as saying that two members of the SAP had been invited to the Ciskei by the government of that country but had not been involved "in any way" with the arrest of Lieutenant-General Sebe or Major-General Tailefer Minnaar, was put to the minister personally

Mr Le Grange refused to react to a statement which he had not made himself and stood by his earlier denial of SAP involvement by simply saying "I have made a statement and that appeared in a newspaper this morning."

His earlier reaction to the questions on

whether the South African Police were involved in General Sebe's arrest or whether there had been any aid or assistance coming from the SAP in Ciskei in recent days, was simply that "South African Police were not involved at all".

It was later established through contact with the minister's private secretary, Major D. J. A. Crafford, that Lieutenant-Colonel Leon Mellte of the Police Directorate of Public Relations had spoken of the Ciskeian invitation to the SAP

When asked to explain why Mr Le Grange had denied any South African involvement, Major Crafford asked that all further inquiries be directed to the head of the Security Police, General Steenkamp. — DDC.

A

# Border

# petrol

# blast <sup>Star</sup> 21/7/83

# kills 2 <sup>(05)</sup>

EAST LONDON — Petrol exploded on a Mdantsane bus yesterday, burning two children to death and injuring 25 other people, some critically.

Ambulances rushed the dead and injured, mostly schoolchildren, to the Cecilia Makiwane Hospital in Mdantsane.

Last night there were two different versions of the cause of the fire.

The general manager of the Ciskei Transport Corporation, Mr Hans Kaiser, said it had been reported to him that a petrol bomb had been thrown through the back window of the bus.

But the chief of the Ciskei's Security Police, Colonel Z Macuzeni, said a petrol container on the bus had accidentally ignited.

Mr Kaiser said passengers were being transported from the main Mdantsane terminal to Zone Eight, and the bus would cost about R75 000 to replace.

Contacted earlier, Colonel Macuzeni ruled out a bomb: "There was no bomb."

"A petrol container inside the bus exploded. It could have been set off by someone smoking. At this point we do not suspect a crime."

The medical superintendent of the hospital, Dr P E Pistorius, said two people were certified dead on arrival, burnt beyond recognition. Another 25 patients were being treated for burns.

— Sapa.

# Sebe's fall — the way of all secret police power figures?

By Sheryl Raine,  
Pretoria Bureau

The sudden fall of Lieutenant General Charles Sebe from power in the Ciskei security forces has raised many questions about the nature of such power and its implications.

General Sebe's experience is not uncommon for men of a similar rank in security forces in other countries.

In a book called "Secret Police", published in the United States recently, a former Newsweek editor, Mr Thomas Plate, examined the ramifications of secret police, how they work and are controlled.

As Commander General of Ciskei's State Security, General Sebe fits a pattern described by Mr Plate.

General Sebe controlled the military, the police, prisons, traffic and intelligence forces.

He detained many people including trade unionists, church fieldworkers and people resisting resettlement.

It was not without reason that his name was one of the most feared in the Ciskei.

He had more powers vested in one man in the history of the subcontinent, including that of a one-man censor board.

Using Mr Plate's analysis, the fall of General Sebe was inevitable. Exactly why he fell from power is still a subject of speculation. Rumours include a



General Sebe . . .  
frightening powers.

coup against his brother, Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe.

President Sebe has said the restructuring of Ciskei's security was done to bring it in line with world practices.

For this reason his brother was made head of the new National Intelligence Service (NIS) which replaces the existing Central Intelligence Service (CIS).

General Sebe was stripped of most of his powers and a new controlling mechanism was brought in to "police" security forces.

Mr Plate says such measures are common in a world where many countries have secret police which in turn need controlling.

Ciskei's NIS will have no powers of arrest or executive powers. It will only collect information for the controlling State Security Council.

After examining a number of

secret police forces and their powers, Mr Plate came to the conclusion that the secret police was "an engine of social control that had proved in various parts of the world to be difficult to turn off once turned on."

"It develops a momentum of its own so powerful that even the sovereign ruler may live in fear of being destroyed by the machine he created."

In many secret police forces therefore, the tendency had grown to make the head of the secret police beholden directly to the sovereign.

"An immensely powerful secret police force tends to make everybody nervous including the government which created it", Mr Plate says.

Strong secret police forces are usually structured to report directly to the ruler in an attempt to ensure adequate control, as is the case in South Africa.

The State Security Council with representatives from the country's three intelligence networks — the National Intelligence Service, Military Intelligence and the Security Police, is chaired by the Prime Minister.

Other council members are the Minister of Defence and the Minister of Police.

Exactly how the balance of power is kept is a secret.

Created by the Security Intelligence and State Security Act of 1972, the council less than six times during Prime Minister Vorster's tenure.

This raised questions about its effectiveness to control and limit the powers of the then Bureau for State Security (BOSS) under General Hendrik van den Bergh.

Under Mr P W Botha the council meets an average of once a fortnight.

It is the senior of five Cabinet committees and includes the chairman of the four other committees.

Despite this system of checks and balances, Opposition politicians continue to question the exact powers vested in the country's security forces and their accountability.

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# Colonel Tele released after wife's death

**WILLIAM'S KING TOWN** — Colonel M. F. Tele, who was detained at the weekend, was released yesterday afternoon following the death of his wife, Mrs. Nomasa Tele, on Tuesday night.

Colonel Tele is one of the high ranking officers picked up by the Ciskei police in its swoop on Saturday. He was driven home by two policemen at 5 pm.

His wife died of diabetes at Grey Hospital here, the hospital's superintendent, Dr R. S. McDade, said yesterday. She was brought to hospital on Tuesday

afternoon in a serious condition and did not respond to treatment, he said.

Mrs Tele, who leaves her husband and six children, was seven months pregnant when she died, according to her husband.

Colonel Tele refused to comment about his detention.

He said no funeral arrangements had been made yet.

The detention of her husband had not shocked her as much as the news of the death of Mrs Tele, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, wife of the de-

tained Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said yesterday.

Mrs Sebe, said she had been able to take other incidents and as a trained nurse she believed she had learnt to accept difficult situations and help others through them.

"But this death was just too much for me," she said.

Mrs Tele had telephoned her on Sunday to tell her of her husband's detention.

"Even then she was crying and we could not say much to her." — DDR.

# The general's guard changes

**ZWELITSHA** — What was once the most guarded rural private home in Ciskei, the home of the former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe in Tshatshu near here, was still guarded yesterday but there were marked changes.

This time there were no soldiers and the lone policeman who stood at one end and a security guard at the other were unarmed.

Journalists and others who came to the gate, where they used to be asked many details in the past, were let through without problem.

The family house is being renovated and the family is now occupying what was used as a guest house below the main building.

Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe said police and army patrols had been stopped some time last week but the Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L. Madolo, had told her they would send two policemen and two security guards to watch the house.

tion.

A rather unusual sight was that of former CCIS men, now in the security police, driving around in open neck shirts.

It was declared policy of the CCIS that the men appear in dapper clothes when on duty. — DDR.



**EAST LONDON — All the people detained in Ciskei would be brought to trial in open court, the Ciskeian Minister of Justice, Mr D M Takane, said in Zwelitsha.**

Mr Takane said it would not be fitting to make any further statements at present.

"This line of thinking on a public trial accords with the principles of justice practised in our country," the Minister said.

Mr Takane also said at a Press conference yesterday that the Vice-President of Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba, had neither resigned nor been suspended.

He said Mr Xaba, who has not attended Cabinet meetings this week, had been ill.

This was confirmed last night by Mrs Ivy Xaba, who said her husband had flu.

She said earlier this week that she had urged her husband to resign from the Government after their son, Lieutenant Mbulelo Xaba, had been detained during the security swoop.

After the detention, Mrs Xaba left Zwelitsha for the family home in Dimbaza and said she was never going to return.

But she was less certain last night and said she did not know if she would go back to Zwelitsha.

Meanwhile, a second son of Mr and Mrs Xaba has been arrested, according to Mr Takane.

But Mr Takane said the arrest of Mr Mtutuzeli Xaba was not related to the security detentions. Mr Xaba was arrested on a charge of rape.

Mrs Xaba said her son had appeared in court yesterday and had subsequently been released.

Mr Takane was speaking after he and President Lennox Sebe had met yesterday.

## Bid for release

Post Correspondent

ZWELITSHA — Two urgent applications for the release of nine detained men were made in the Ciskei Supreme Court this afternoon on grounds of illegal detention.

The applications were made for the release of the former head of security forces in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and seven others, including Major-General Tajfer Minnaar, security advisor to the general.

The outcome was not known at the time of going to press.

with heads of the South African Police.

At the meeting were the Commissioner of Police, General Johan Coetzee, and the head of the security police, Major-General F Steenkamp.

After the meeting the South African Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, said the visit was not directly concerned with current events in Ciskei.

He described the visit as "routine" and said it had not taken place at the request of Ciskei.

Mr Takane said all 14 men detained, including the former Commander-in-Chief of the Ciskei forces, General Charles Sebe, were being held under the same conditions.

He could not say whether the detainees were being held in solitary confinement.

# Ciskei trial 'will be held in open'

BY KEITH ROSS

22/7/83

105 E. Post

## THE HOMELANDS

# The threat of coups

FN 22/7/83 (105)

Events in Ciskei should set alarm bells ringing in Pretoria. And businessmen who have been enticed to decentralise to the homeland have anxious days ahead.

It is too soon to tell whether or not a coup was planned by the disgraced Lt-General Charles Sebe while his brother, President Lennox Sebe, was abroad. It looks that way. Unfortunately, the basis of such a development was well and truly laid when Ciskei was granted "independence" some 19 months ago.

Coups are commonplace in Africa. They generally have their roots in naked power plays once the euphoria of *uhuru* has waned, expectations have not been met and military-political elites have tightened their grips on their luckless populations.

Warnings have frequently been sounded about the dangers of conferring quasi-sovereignty on the homelands — now dignified in official jargon as "national states." There are 10, mostly fragmented and poverty-stricken. Why, it was asked, should they be immune to the African pattern of instability? Indeed, there are good reasons why they should be even more unstable than any former colonies.

Firstly, grand apartheid deems that every black South African will eventually be stripped of SA citizenship and relegated to one or another of the tribal units. That creates bitterness.

Secondly, the primary growth activity of most homelands is bureaucracy. Venda, Transkei and Ciskei have little to offer their burgeoning masses but limited admission to the administrative hierarchy. And admission is largely within the patronage of a small number of chiefs

who have attained power through meeting, or seeming to meet, the requirements of Pretoria. Those who opt for independence are rewarded through the subsidisation of their budgets; those who do not, like KwaZulu's Gatsha Buthelezi, are penalised in various ways.

Yet once a homeland has been pushed or enticed into "independence," it is all too easy for it to slide into authoritarianism or mismanagement. Who can really check the process? What if, one day, a coup actually succeeds within the geographical boundaries of SA? Who can predict the nature of such a government? The emergence of a mini-Idi Amin cannot be discounted — Charles Sebe himself is one of the nastier personalities of the sub-continent.

Such a regime would be disturbing in the extreme. To survive it would adopt draconian measures against its citizens; if pressured hard enough to survive it would be free to seek alliances anywhere in the world, or for that matter with the ANC.

Should a homeland get radically out of line with Pretoria's aims of docility and actual dependence, the option for SA is to exercise a variant of the Brezhnev Doctrine and intervene in the interests of stability. But how will that be judged by the world, sceptical as it is of the entire homeland system in the first place?

The homelands have been engineered to safeguard white hegemony, but the unpleasant truth is that they are little more than potentially turbulent enclaves scattered throughout SA's land mass. The grand dream of every Nationalist government could all too easily turn into a nightmare.

Own Correspondent

PORT ELIZABETH. — South Africa's top two policemen paid an unannounced visit on Ciskei President Lennox Sebe, his cabinet and top-ranking police officers yesterday.



Lt-Gen Coetzee

The visit by the Commissioner of the South African Police, General Johan Coetzee, and the head of the security police, Major-General F Steenkamp, was not "directly connected" with current events in Ciskei, the Minister for Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, said last night.

He described the visit as "routine" and partly a "goodwill" call on the part of the newly-appointed General Coetzee.

"The meeting did not take place at the request of Ciskei and does not have any direct connection with developments in Ciskei," said Mr Le Grange.

"We are naturally aware of rumblings in Ciskei but will not interfere in the internal affairs of an independent country."

Cabinet lunch

South Africa's ambassador to Ciskei, Mr Matthys Botha, and the head of the security police in King William's Town, Captain L Nel, joined the party yesterday and all four South African visitors later lunched with President Sebe and members of his cabinet.

After a meeting lasting more than an hour, a group, including Captain Nel, left the president's office carrying wrapped gifts — beaded Xhosa fighting sticks.

President Sebe had

also arranged to meet a contingent of the Ciskei Defence Force in Zwelitsha yesterday and the group of officers — apparently several hundred — gathered in the morning and were kept waiting till the afternoon before their audience.

'Shaky' positions

Senior-ranking officers would not disclose details of the briefing and President Sebe refused to speak to the press.

More than 20 journalists and photographers have descended on Ciskei in the past few days as attention has focused on the country following the recent wave of detentions and speculation that more top-ranking government officials will follow the path of disgraced Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and 14 others.

But the Vice-President, the Rev WM Xaba, and the Transport Minister, Mr Namba Sebe, whose positions were described as "shaky" in recent days, have not been suspended, according to the Minister of Justice, Mr DM Takane.

However, Mr Namba Sebe was not at his home yesterday and could not be reached at his office while Mr Xaba was "at home and very sick" according to his secretary and a domestic worker at his house.

Meanwhile application will be made at the Ciskei Supreme Court at 10am today for the re-

To page 2



SAP

generals at talks in Ciskei

CAPE TIMES 105  
22/7/83

# Saawu denies boycott decision

EAST LONDON — The decision to boycott buses was taken by the community as a whole and was not organised by the South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu), the union's president Mr Thozamile Gqweta, said yesterday.

He said that, although a delegation which met the Ciskei Transport Company to discuss the increased fares including two Saawu members, they had been democratically elected at a public meeting as community members and not as union officials.

"As an organisation, our policy is non-violence," he said.

Mr Gqweta expressed Saawu's "greatest sympathy" for the victims of the bus explosion.

Referring to the Ciskei Government's accusations that Saawu did not have the interests of the people at heart, Mr Gqweta said: "We find it rather strange that the Ciskei Government used the community of Mdantsane in 1974 to boycott buses, when it was in their interests, but when it is in the interests of the people, the government is against it," he said.

The Ciskei government taught the people how to boycott buses, Mr Gqweta said.

"In this particular instance, the people only have to compare the stand taken by Saawu against the stand taken by the government to see whether we have their interests at heart," Mr Gqweta said. — DDR

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D. D. WATZ

# TOP SA Police in Ciskei talks

D. DISPATCH 22/7/83



MR. L.E. GRANGE  
... visit "routine"

**EAST LONDON —** South Africa's top two policemen made an unannounced call on President Lennox Sebe yesterday.

The Commissioner of Police, General Johan Coetzee, and the head of the Security Police, Major-General F. Steenkamp, met with President Sebe, members of his cabinet and Ciskei police chiefs.

Approached for comment last night, the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, said the visit was not "directly connected" with current events in Ciskei.

He described the visit as "routine" and partly a "goodwill" call on the part of the newly-appointed General Coetzee.

"The meeting did not take place at the request of Ciskei and does not have any direct connection with developments in Ciskei," said Mr Le Grange.

He added: "We are naturally aware of rumblings in Ciskei but will not interfere in the internal affairs of an independent country."

after General Steenkamp confirmed that two South African security policemen had given assistance to Ciskei during the arrest of the former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

He said the two security men were working in Ciskei at the request of that country's government.

"They (the Ciskei Government) required assistance from us and these men who are experts on certain matters are giving assistance to them," said General Steenkamp.

The two generals yesterday had lunch with President Sebe, members of his cabinet and Ciskei's police chiefs at a Bisho hotel.

South Africa's Ambassador to Ciskei, Mr Matthys Botha, and the head of the security police in King William's Town, Captain L. Nel, also attended the luncheon. — DDR

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# Saawu officials reported detained

D. DISPATCH 22/7/83

EAST LONDON — The vice president of the South African Allied Workers Union (Saawu), Mr Sisa Njikelana, and a fellow union official were detained yesterday after being stopped by Ciskeian police at a roadblock in Mdantsane, a Saawu spokesman said

A woman passenger travelling with the two officials was questioned by Ciskeian police, and released.

Efforts to contact the head of the Ciskei Security police, Colonel Z Makhuzeni, last night were unsuccessful. —  
DDR

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# Ciskei buses only half full

EAST LONDON — Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) buses are running at 50 per cent capacity according to the corporation's managing director, Mr Hans Kaiser.

In a statement released here yesterday Mr Kaiser also said 49 buses had been stoned since Monday — when the boycott of CTC buses started over a fare increase — and 83 bus windows broken.

Sketching the background to the fare increase, Mr Kaiser said it had been approved more than a year ago but "held back in the interests of the passengers".

He was referring to a successful application made by CTC last year for a 25 per cent increase on its routes. At the time fares were only increased by 12.5 per cent.

"The remaining 11 per cent is only the remaining authority granted in 1982 which simply could not be

postponed any longer."

Mr Kaiser said fares were heavily subsidised by the South African and Ciskeian governments "and bus transporters face the severest possible form of price control, going through many stringent procedures before tariffs can be increased".

This included public hearings and a complex consultation programme with "civic bodies, organised commerce and industry and the passengers themselves".

In the case of the latest increase, he said, this process lasted four months before the increases were implemented "with no negative response in all that time".

Mr Kaiser repeated his statement that the company's fares were among the lowest in Southern Africa — DDR

# IDs checked at

# Mdantsane roadblocks

EAST LONDON — Ciskei Police stopped and searched vehicles in Mdantsane yesterday and checked passengers' identity documents.

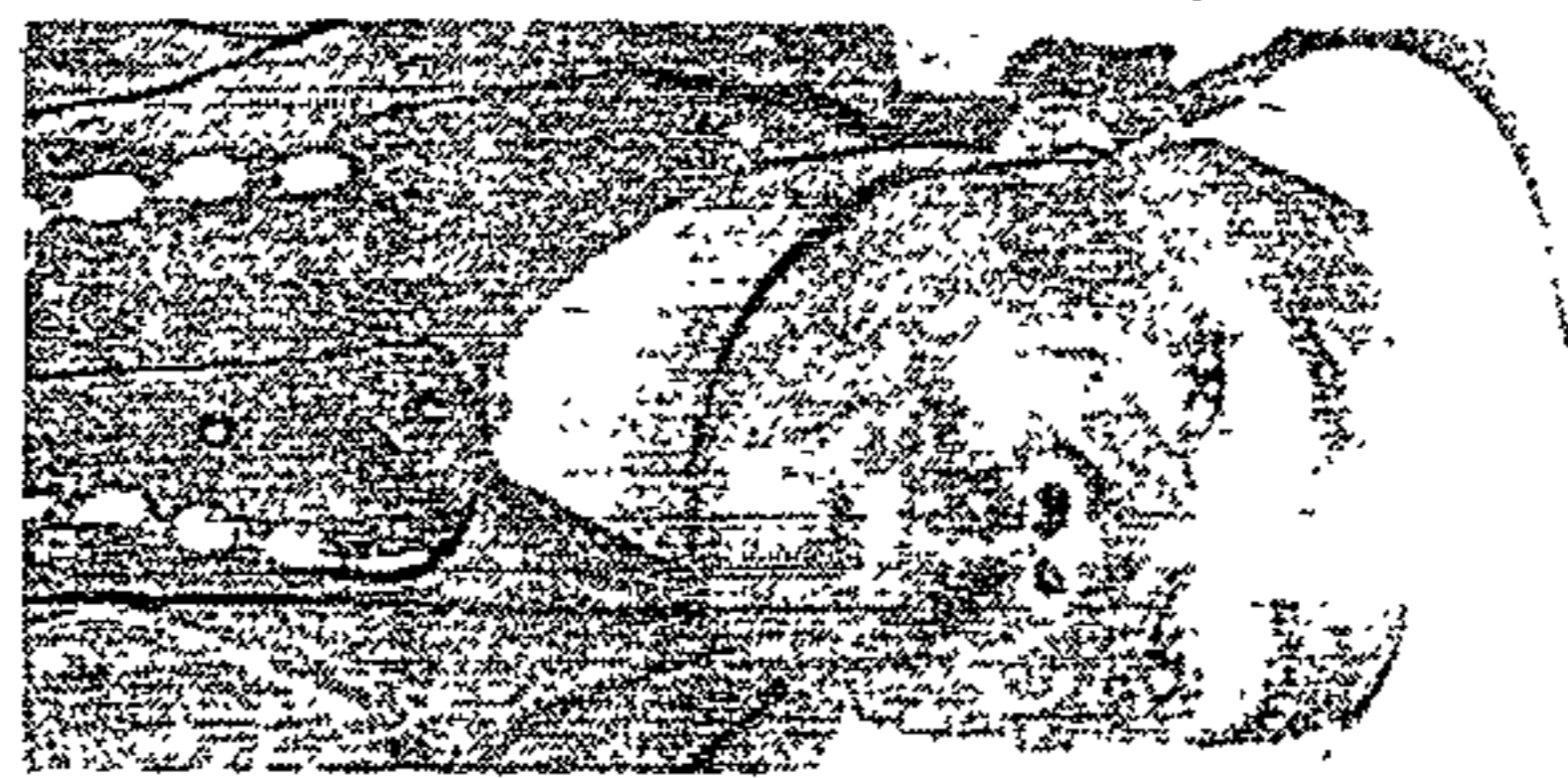
Vehicles moved slowly in bumper to bumper traffic during the early morning rush while buses were allowed to drive to town in the right-hand lanes.

A couple given a lift to work by a Daily Dispatch reporter were ordered out of his car and told to walk despite protests that they were neighbours. The reporter was also asked for proof of his wife's identity. He had none, but was allowed to proceed.

The driver and passengers of a vehicle in front of them were searched.

A nurse who had been taken out of the vehicle at 6.48 am arrived at Frere Hospital only at 8.45 am.

The police roadblock was discontinued at 8 am but police were still following vehicles towards Arnaldton to check if they were picking up passengers on the way.



MR MPAYIPELLI... no decrease in taxi fares.

Hundreds of school-children walked to school yesterday, escorted by teachers and relatives.

The president of the Mdantsane Taxis Association, Mr Mzameni Mpayipelli said about 30 vehicles were stopped at Mdantsane exits.

Commuters, who were ordered to get out of cars near the Fort Jackson exit, resorted to the trains, at Fort Jackson station.

A Wilspania factory worker, Mr Vuyisile Maci, said he had boarded the car of a colleague but was told that, if passengers were not relatives of the driver, they must alight and board the buses or walk. He preferred to walk.

Brigadier L. Madolo, commissioner of the Ciskei police, said yesterday: "We had one or two roadblocks there early this morning. They were part of a routine exercise. There were no arrests and nothing was found. We may even have more roadblocks tomorrow."



# Bus blaze victims tell of ordeal

By CHRIS VICK

EAST LONDON — A 13-year-old boy is being treated in the intensive care unit at Mdantsane's Cecilia Makiwane hospital for burns sustained in Wednesday's fire and explosion aboard a bus.

The boy, who is not identified, had 40 per cent burns and is in a serious condition, according to the medical superintendent at the hospital, Dr P. E. Pistorius.

The identities of the two people who died in the fire have not been released, but it has been pointed out by Dr Pistorius that they were adults, not children.



"There was just a mad scramble and I felt the heat on my arms and legs," she said. "I next found myself outside, surrounded by howls of pain from the children."

Opposite her lay a cleaner, Mrs Sarah Cwaba, who had had burns on her nose and head. She had also scrambled through a window, she said. In her rush to escape the flames which swept along the floor and roof of the bus.

"It was just flames before you could think twice," she said. "People dived for the windows and tried to smash their safety," she said.

MOODS

# Ciskei buses only half full

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The boy, who is not identified, had 40 per cent burns and is in a serious condition, according to the medical superintendent at the hospital, Dr P. E. Pistorius.

The identities of the two people who died in the fire have not been released, but it has been pointed out by Dr Pistorius that they were adults, not children.

Thirty-six people were treated at Cecilia Makiwane after the explosion but only 19 were admitted. The other 17 were treated and discharged.

Survivors of the blast yesterday told of the "sheer panic" that swept through the burning bus as fast as the flames which engulfed them.

An eight-year-old boy described how he had blindly clambered through a window as flames licked his hands.

Heavily bandaged, the boy told how people trying to smash their way out of the bus had been hampered by schoolchildren tugging at their clothes to get out.

A man in the neighbouring bed, Mr Enoch Ndaba, said he had had two children clutching him when he scrambled out of a window, which he had smashed with his hand.



Happy to be alive after their ordeal on the burning bus are, (from left), Lumkile Jafta, his brother Graddy and a friend, Vincent Zimba.

It was only when he hit the ground that he realised his clothes were burning, he said, as he was "too busy getting those kids out".

"I stood up to get my bearings and felt pain in my legs," Mr Ndaba said. "I looked down and saw my legs were burning, the flames devouring my trousers and my hand starting to burn."

Mr Ndaba managed to douse the flames and was rushed to hospital in an ambulance. He is expected to be bed-ridden for three weeks to allow his burnt skin to heal.

A domestic worker, Mrs Doris Gobozi, said she had suffered burns on her legs and arms as she tried to push schoolchildren to safety through the door of the

bus.

"There was just a mad scramble and I felt the heat on my arms and legs," she said. "I next found myself outside, surrounded by howls of pain from the children."

Opposite her lay a cleaner, Mrs Sarah Cwaba, who had bad burns on her nose and head. She had also scrambled through a window, she said, in her rush to escape the flames which swept along the floor and roof of the bus.

"It was just flames before you could think twice," she said. "People dived for the windows and tried to smash their safety," she said.

"Lucky to be alive" was the way three schoolboys described themselves — while sadly acknowledging that all their schoolbooks had gone up in flames.

"Still, we're alive," grinned Lumkile Jafta, a pupil at the Buchute Technical High School, who had burns on his neck and ears.

Lumkile's brother Graddy and a friend, Vincent Zimba, also lost their books.

The bus itself was littered with burnt books and papers when photographed at the Reeston bus depot yesterday afternoon. All that was left of the interior were seat frames and the shell of the body — although the roof of the bus had been burnt away.

The estimated cost of the damage was R75 000, according to CTC's managing director Mr Hans Kaiser. — DDR



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# Ciskei — pomp veils an island of poverty

By PHILIP VAN NIEKERK

A FORMATION of motor-cycles, blue lights flashing, led a motorcade of black limousines through Zwelitsha to the Ciskei Government buildings.

Watched by a few curious onlookers, including ragged children from some nearby match-box houses, President Lennox Sebe and assorted dignitaries in top hats and tails emerged from the limousines and marched down a red carpet into the building.

A tuneless army band played Nkosi Sikelel' Afrika, the national anthem of the Republic of Ciskei.

This image of pomp — the trappings of "independence" — is not the usual one which greets a visitor to the Ciskei.

Travel down any dusty side road and all you see is overgrazed land, skinny cattle and lots of very poor people — in short, a rural slum.

This tiny island of poverty in the Eastern Cape has been propelled back into the news headlines by the recent demolition and arrest of Lieutenant-General Xhanti Charles Sebe, former commander of the Ciskei Combined Forces, and 11 of his henchmen.

But this instability at the top, which invites inevitable comparisons with the "banana republics" of Latin-America and Africa, is underlaid by a far deeper human tragedy.

Had the Ciskei Government listened to its own appointed Quail Commission, it would never have taken "independence" from South Africa. Bad omens, seen for instance in the Ciskei flagpole crashing to the ground at the moment of "independence" 18 months ago, had a grounding in hard fact.

The commission, which advised Ciskei against taking "independence", painted a grim picture of human existence in the territory.

It found infant mortality high and malnutrition widespread, with rates among young children of 27 percent for kwashiorkor and 4,5 percent for marasmus.

It found unemployment to be massive, with the labour force made up mainly of commuters and migrant workers, and the output by the farm population to be an "abysmally low figure" of about R40 a year per capita.

The Ciskei's internal population jumped from 364 000 in 1970 to 630 000 in 1980, largely as a result of the government's policies of influx control and relocation — the dumping of thousands of "surplus" people into the already overpopulated homeland.

Boundaries were juggled and thousands of people were moved, many into resettlement camps, as the 19 scattered pieces of land which made up the Ciskei homeland in 1972 were moulded into one unit.

# Claims of harassment denied as EL bus boycott goes on

Post Reporter

THE boycott of Ciskei Transport Corporation buses over increased fares entered its fifth day today, and although "quite a few" buses ran they were not well supported, according to Mdantsane residents.

A spokesman for the general manager of the Ciskei Transport Corporation, Mr Hans Kaiser, said in a brief statement today that the position was "unchanged".

Ciskei police last night allegedly manhandled passengers in cars, including women and children, in a bid to break the boycott.

Last night Ciskei police manned a roadblock at the entrance to Mdantsane.

A spokesman for the South African Allied Workers' Union claimed that passengers were forced out of vehicles by policemen who used sjamboks, and had to continue their journey home on foot.

The spokesman alleged that there was widespread harassment of people who were getting lifts from friends and

relatives.

A senior officer based at the headquarters of the Ciskei Police in Zwelitsha, Colonel E Kutta, who lives in Mdantsane, said allegations of ill-treatment could not be true. There had been no complaints from residents about treatment at the roadblocks, nor had the officer in charge, a colonel, filed any reports of incidents.

The Saawu spokesman said that Ciskei police told him they had instructions to allow the driver of a car to give a lift only to his immediate relatives and the passengers had to identify themselves.

He said the vice president of SAAWU, Mr Sisa Njikelana and an organiser, Mr Bonile Tuluma, were picked up by the Ciskei security police yesterday and taken to Mdantsane Police Station. A passenger in their minibus, an unidentified woman teacher, was released but the men were detained.

The Saawu spokesman said that several death threats had been received at the Saawu offices yesterday.

Mail Correspondent

EAST LONDON — Application will be made in the Ciskei Supreme Court this morning for the release of seven detained men on grounds of illegal detention

The men are: Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, his son, Corporal Khambashe Sebe, Mbulelo, son of the Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba; Captain R Dlabantu, Mr Colin Sebe, son of the Ciskei Minister of Transport, Brigadier H N Tamsanqa and Mr Toni Sebe, nephew of President Lennox Sebe

Advocates H W Levy, SC, and C Mouton, instructed by the Bax partnership, will make the application for release.

Gen Sebe, head of the National Intelligence Services and former Chief of Ciskei Combined Forces, was

105 (309) JLM  
22/7/83  
**Lawyers to call for Sebe release**

kept under the same conditions in prison as other detainees and had no special privileges.

This was revealed by the Minister of Justice Mr D M Takane, at a Press conference. He said he did not know whether they were kept in solitary confinement but they were being detained in separate places.

Asked if the detainees were allowed access to their lawyers, he said they were entitled to visits. He would not be drawn into whether, in terms of the Ciskei National Security Act, they were enti-

tled to lawyers.

Asked if the Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba, and the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, had been suspended from the Cabinet, he said no one had been suspended.

Mr Xaba and Mr Sebe have not attended Cabinet meetings this week.

Mr Xaba refused to be interviewed yesterday saying he was ill.

Mr Sebe was not available for comment

Mr Takane refused to say whether any arms cache had been found by the police.

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**D. DISPATCH**  
**Injured**  
**rule out**  
**petrol**  
**bomb**



EAST LONDON — Occupants of the bus which was wrecked by an explosion in Mdantsane on Wednesday have ruled out the possibility the blast was caused by a petrol bomb.

Some of those injured in the fire in which two people died said yesterday the blast had taken place inside the bus and that it was "out of the question" to say a petrol bomb had been thrown through a bus window.

Three said they had "no idea" how the fire started, while four others said they believed it was caused by a petrol container which a passenger was carrying.

On Wednesday night, the general manager of the Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC), Mr Hans Kaiser, said it had been reported to him that a petrol bomb had been thrown into the bus.

One of the injured, Mr Enoch Ndaba, interviewed in Cecilia Makiwane Hospital at Mdantsane, said the bus had been "swamped in flames" as it drew up to a bus stop on the Qumza Highway.

Seconds earlier, he said, he had heard an elderly woman tell a young boy: "Boetie, this thing is leaking." He said he believed the container was a petrol can.

An eight-year-old boy lying in the same ward said he had heard a

"whoosh" sound moments after hearing the woman warn the boy

Another of the injured, Mrs Sarah Cwaba, said the fire had started inside the bus and that she had not heard any noises before the fire broke out — "particularly no breaking glass"

Mr Kaiser said yesterday he could not comment further on the matter as it was still being investigated.

Ciskei's Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L. Madolo, said he still believed the fire had not been caused by a bomb.

"Somebody was carrying petrol on the bus. One of the passengers bumped the container over when getting off the bus and a cigarette could then have started the fire," he said. — DDR.

See also page 9

The inside of the CTC bus destroyed by fire in Mdantsane. Burnt pages of schoolbooks litter the floor.

Cape Times  
22/7/83 ★ Th

## 2 union officials held in Ciskei

Own Correspondent

EAST LONDON. — The vice-president of the South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu), Mr Sisa Njikelana, and a fellow union official were detained yesterday after being stopped by Ciskeian police at a roadblock in Mdantsane.

A statement by a Saawu spokesman read: "About 8.30am, the SAAWU van in which Mr Njikelana and Saawu organizer Mr Bonile Tulumu were travelling, was stopped on the Qumza highway.

"Ciskeian policemen, among them a Ciskeian intelligence officer, searched the van thoroughly but nothing was found. After the search, they were detained."

A woman passenger travelling with the two officials was questioned by Ciskeian police and later released, the spokesman said.

The head of the Ciskei security police, Colonel Z Makhuzeni, could not be contacted last night.

Earlier, the Commissioner of the Ciskei Police, Brigadier L Madolo, had said the roadblocks were part of an exercise.

# Court bid today (105) for release of 7 22/1/83

D. DISPATCH

EAST LONDON — Application will be made to the Ciskei Supreme Court at 10 am today for the release of seven detained men on the grounds of illegal detention.

President L. Sebe.

Advocates H. W. Levy, S.C., and C. Mouton, instructed by the Bax Partnership, will make the application for release. — DDR.

The men are: Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe; his son, Corporal Khambashe Sebe; Mbulelo, son of the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba; Captain R. Dlabantu; Mr Colin Sebe, son of the Ciskei Minister of Transport, Mr Nambe Sebe; Brigadier H. N. Tamsanqua, and Mr Toni Sebe, nephew of

## Sasol attacked

JOHANNESBURG — An abortive attack was made on Sasol's Secunda installations on Wednesday night, a Sasol spokesman said here yesterday.

No damage was done, but police are investigating. — SAPA.

UJCT

(05)  
D. DISPATCH  
22/7/83

# Takane same conditions for all detainees

ZWELITSHA — Lieutenant-General X. C. Sebe, head of National Intelligence Services and former chief of Ciskei Combined Forces was kept under the same conditions in prison as other detainees and had no special privileges.

This was revealed by the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, at a press conference yesterday.

He did not know whether detainees were kept in solitary confinement but thought they were detained in separate places.

Asked if the detainees were allowed access to their lawyers he said they were entitled to visits. He would not be drawn as to whether, in terms of the Ciskei National Security Act, they were entitled to lawyers but said they were entitled to visits.

Mr Takane confirmed the detention of the nephews of President Lennox Sebe, Mr Toni and Colin Sebe and also that of a member of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, Mr M. Dlabantu.

Asked if the Vice-President, the Reverend W. M. Xaba and the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, had been suspended from the cabinet, he said no one had been suspended.

Mr Xaba and Mr Sebe have not attended cabinet meetings this week.

Mr Xaba refused to be interviewed yesterday saying he was ill. Mr Sebe was not available for comment.

Mr Takane refused to say whether any arms

caches had been found by the police.

In a press statement replying to the Daily Dispatch's editorial calling on President Sebe to tell Ciskeians and concerned people throughout South Africa why drastic action had to be taken, he said releases had recently been made concerning the detentions.

On each occasion it had been stated that the detainees would be brought to trial and until such time as this took place it would not be fitting or correct to make any further statement on the lines requested by the editor.

"This line of thinking accords with the principles of justice as has been practised in our country from time immemorial and unless there are reasons, once again in keeping with our legal principles, which would justify any trials taking place in camera, all proceedings will be conducted in an open court," he said.

"The suggestion that there should now be a broad outline of the circumstances surrounding this matter would seem to be in conflict with the principles as stated above.

"The machinery of justice within Ciskei is tempered with mercy."

The statement said that Colonel M. Tele was released on humanitarian grounds after the death of his wife and while such release was on unconditional terms, the reason for his initial detention remained unaffected and the proceedings against him would take their natural course. — DDR.

# Toilet (105) at Sebe home broken up

ZWELITSHA — Men who arrived in a Ciskei army truck broke up a servants' toilet at the home of Mrs Maggie Sebe, mother of the detained former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, on Tuesday.

Mrs Sebe said that men in an army truck arrived at her home on Tuesday and headed for the servants' toilet.

"When I saw these people I went down there to find out what was happening and to my surprise I found them breaking up the concrete seat in the toilet," she said.

"Two white men stood by as the other men were breaking the seat down."

She said she asked them who had given them permission to enter her yard and break up her property without speaking to her.

"When I asked this one of the white men looked the other way and I did not get a reply.

"I insisted and the breaking-up stopped but by that time the seat had been completely destroyed and the concrete taken out of the toilet."

She said the two white men left. The other men lay down near the toilet and left later.

A suction pipe was still lying next to the toilet yesterday.

She said the men had



The servants' toilet at the home of Mrs Maggie Sebe (inset) which was opened up and inspected.

left it there and she believed they would return to suck up effluent as part of a search.

The Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L. B. Madolo, said all press inquiries about investigations into the detentions and anything to do with them were to be referred to the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M.

Takane.

Efforts to contact Mr Takane were unsuccessful last night.

The new Deputy Minister of Defence, the Rev. V. G. Ntshinga, said he had no knowledge of the incident.

"I have not even heard about it," Mr Ntshinga said. — DDR



D. D. DISPATCH 22/5/83 (105)

# Car plates switch mystery

EAST LONDON — A car used by Ciskeian policemen to take Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe into detention was fitted with licence plates issued to a different car in East London, according to the Receiver of Revenue.

A tenant at the address on the registration records told the Daily Dispatch the car

had been confiscated by police because it had been stolen. The public relations officer for the police in the Border, Major W. Brown said the car had not been registered as stolen. He said he would make inquiries.

Reporters who witnessed the detention of the former head of Ciskeian



This Ford Cortina taking Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe into detention bears licence plates originally fitted to an Audi registered by a man at a Parkside, East London address.

security this week said the Ford Cortina in which he was taken away bore East London number plates.

Photographs taken by a Daily Dispatch reporter outside the general's Tshatshu home showed the registration was CE 68101.

However, inquiries at the Receiver of Revenue here revealed that CE 68101 is registered as an Audi owned by a man living in Parkside, East London.

The tenant at that address, Mr Norman Goosen, said CE 68101 — which he confirmed was an Audi — had been driven by a Durban man.

The man had sold Mr Goosen an Opel Kadett. Both cars were registered at Mr Goosen's address.

Some time after he bought the car, Mr Goosen said, the SAP had confiscated it and the Audi, because they were stolen and arrested the man who sold him the Kadett.

Mr Goosen said he had

not been given a receipt by the police but had been told that the suspected car thief had died in a car crash.

He could not explain how the registration had turned up on a Ciskeian CID car as he said he still received documentation for the car from the licensing authorities.

Asked to comment the Receiver of Revenue here, Mr W. Rode, said it was illegal to use one car's licence plates on another vehicle.

"This seems particularly strange if the car is being used by Ciskeian police," he said.

Major Brown confirmed that the car was still registered at the Parkside address but could not explain further. He said he would investigate the case.

The head of the Ciskeian Security Police, Colonel Z. Makuzeni, said: "I have no idea about this. I do not even know the colour of the car, so I cannot comment." — DDR

## Ciskei appoints PR officer

EAST LONDON — A public relations officer for the Ciskeian police has been appointed.

He is Major Galelekile Avery Ngaki, a former Ciskeian police station commander. Major Ngaki will take up his post next week, and will initially operate from the offices of the commissioner of the Ciskeian police, Brigadier L. Madolo, before moving to his own office.

Major Ngaki has spent the past week with Major W. W. Brown, Border police liaison officer. "I have been briefing him for the past week on public relations in the South African Police," said Major Brown.

Major Ngaki joined the South African Police in 1964. He was transferred to the Ciskeian forces in 1979. — DDR

## M. Xaba on rape charge

ZWELITSHA — A member of the Ciskei Defence Force and son of the Vice-President, Mr Mthuthuzeli Xaba, appeared briefly in the magistrates court here yesterday on a charge of rape.

He was not asked to plead and no evidence was led.

Mr Xaba, 24, was released after paying R30 bail, and the case was postponed to August 12.

Mr Xaba was making his first appearance. According to the charge sheet the alleged crime was committed in October last year on an open space near Bisho. — DDR.

105 D.O. SPAT 2-11-82

# Ciskei acid with SA over

kei, he said it should 'voetsak'.

The chairman of the Committee on Standing Rules and Internal Matters, Chief J. T. Mabandla, who is Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, was strict in preserving the procedure and decorum of the house. He would stand up whenever he saw something not in keeping with the decorum and always saw to it that high standards were

Caucus meetings always took a long time and sometimes lasted until lunch time with reporters waiting for the proceedings to begin in the assembly.

## land and money

**OWEN VANQUA, of the Daily Dispatch King William's Town bureau, reviews the last session of Ciskei's National Assembly.**

to develop and promote the tourist industry in Ciskei.

The standard of debates was generally high and members were enthusiastic and motivated. The new Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, and the former Minister of Internal Affairs, Mrs F. F. Matiyase, were impressive. Mr Takane was factual and brief and to the point.

The Deputy Whip, Chief D. N. Mavuso, contributed more than any other member.

Although the majority of members contributed to the debates some new-er opened their mouths except during the singing of the Lord's Prayer during the morning



Chairman of the Committee on Standing Rules and Internal Matters, Chief J. T. Mabandla — strict in preserving procedure and decorum.

Observers lamented the absence of opposition in the assembly. The customary vote of no confidence in the government was not there because there is no opposition in Ciskei. There was little criticism of the government.

Mr Xaba criticised the Department of Internal Affairs during the discussion of its policy speech and retracted his statements the following day after a long caucus meeting.

An opposition and constructive criticism is always beneficial to any government. It acts as a mirror for the government to see if everything is in order.

Discussions in the assembly took a monotonous direction with speakers "commending or praising" the Ministers or the government for one thing or another.

Observers believe that, since Ciskei has only one party, it should allow self-criticism and that members should be free to point out any wrongs they see.

The Ciskei National Assembly dug in its heels during the past session, more than any other in the past, on issues on which it is at odds with South Africa

however, was never carried out and the matter was settled amicably, according to the then head of the Ciskei combined forces, Lieutenant-general X. C. Sebe, who at one time said he was mobilising his forces.

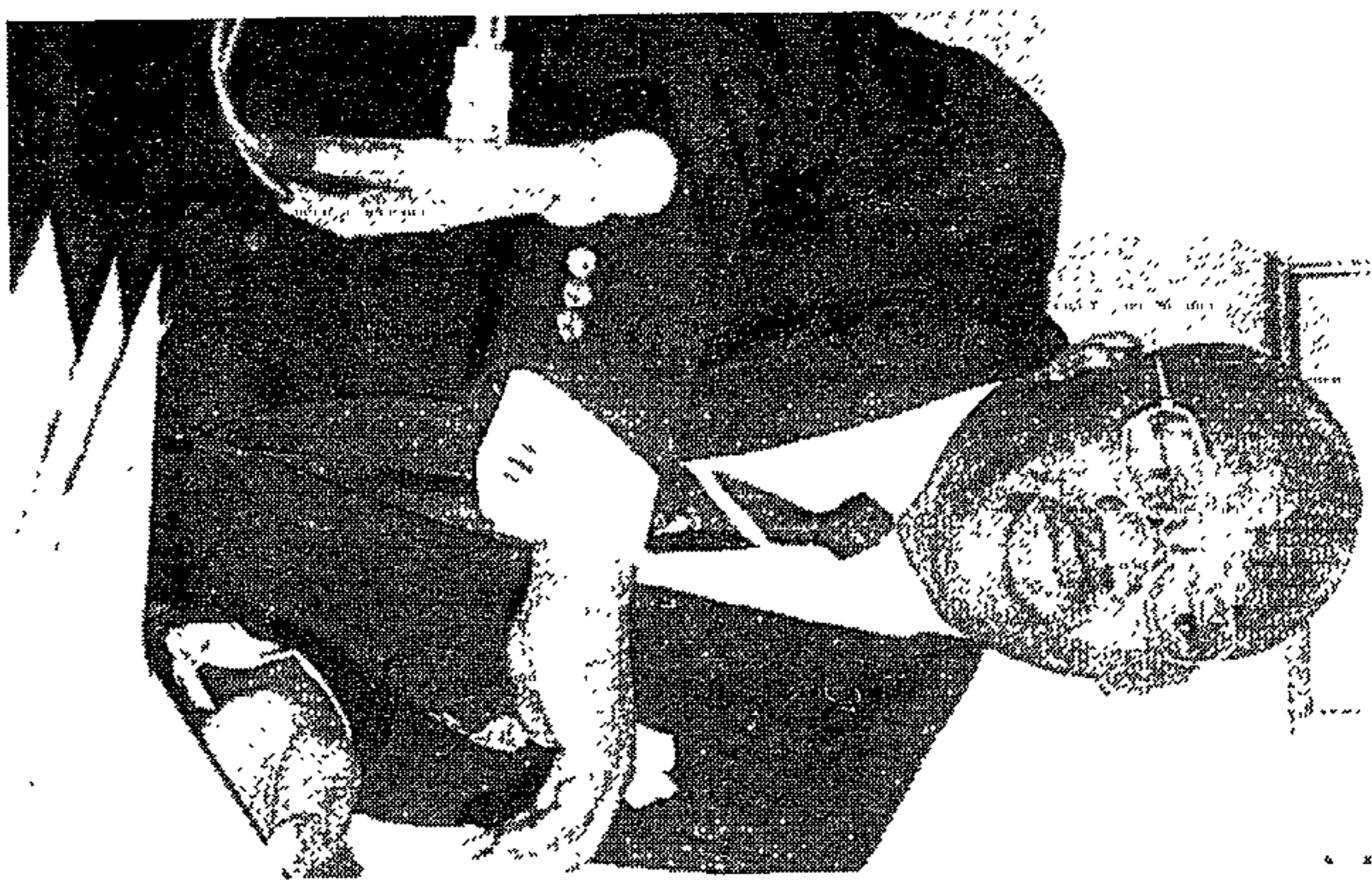
This year's budget of R300 million was also slammed as inadequate. The Vice President, the Rev W. M. Xaba called it a disgrace. The shortage of funds was raised by all government departments.

Twenty-three bills were passed in the assembly — the first session to be held in the imposing new buildings which were presented to Ciskei by South Africa in the future capital city of Bisho.

One was the Tenure of Office of the President Bill, which makes Chief Sebe life President — the first and only life President in Southern Africa. The bill was introduced by piloting a motion calling on President Sebe to be made life President for his contributions to the development of Ciskei. The motion was unanimously adopted.

President Sebe's bust was unveiled in front of the assembly buildings at the official opening of the session.

There was also the National Assembly Bill



Chief Lennox Sebe — unanimously voted Life President "for his contributions to the development of Ciskei".

son who acts in contempt of the assembly. Also important was the Promotion of Tourism Bill whose object is

Members were impatient with South Africa in handing over promised land and called for the restoration of all land that formerly belonged to their forefathers from the Indian Ocean to the Stormberg mountains and from the Fish to the Kei Rivers.

They claimed the land question was aggravated by the dumping of people by South Africa in land-hungry Ciskei, causing more congestion.

Ciskei was also bitter about the leasing of released farms to white farmers while Ciskei veld was overstocked and bone dry. This led to threats to impound white farmers' cattle on these farms. The threat,

# Ciskei industrial ventures increase

D. DISPATCH

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July 1983

BISHO — The number of agreements concluded with industrialists now numbered 66, an increase of 22 compared with the previous year, according to the annual report of the Ciskeian National Development Corporation released here.

Thirteen new factories were established with another 10 in the process of being established. A further 17 agreements for industrial development had been approved and were being finalised and 36 new applications were currently being evaluated.

Investment in industry increased by R31,3 million or 53 per cent to R90,3 million with a further R27 million earmarked for projects under construction or already approved.

In the industrial sector, job opportunities increased by more than 4 000, or 54 per cent to 12 000 at an overall cost per job of R7 127 compared to R7 411 the previous financial year. The cost per job averaged

R6 173, an indication of the cost effectiveness being achieved despite inflation and cost spirals.

Ciskei made history by being the first independent black state in Southern Africa to grant full freehold of property to an industrial firm from outside the country — Consolidated Textiles Mills, a member of the Frame Group.

The company was busy with the first phase of a multi-million rand textile mill. The entire venture would be financed by private capital. About 800 Ciskeians were expected to be employed when the first phase came on stream next year, but employment would increase to more than 2 000.

According to the report, Ciskeians were showing a healthy interest in all sectors of the economy. A Ciskeian, Mr D. J. M. Mgibe, recently relocated his Uitenhage based plant for the manufacture of steel windows and door frames to Ciskei.

All the factories previously owned and managed by the CNDC at Sada industrial complex had now been taken over by private entrepreneurs and employment had increased to 600.

Investment in 12 commercial ventures amounted to R15 million, opening up 840 job opportunities. Highlight in this sphere was completion of the R7 million Amatola Sun in which the CNDC and Southern Sun each held 50 per cent of the share capital.

The demand from Ciskeians for financial assistance showed no sign of easing and a total of 448 loans to the value of almost R5 million were granted during the year. This brought the cumulative total to 3 770 and R24 million.

Sixty-one new loans to the value of R1,7 million were granted to Ciskeians to establish new business or to expand, bringing the cumulative totals up to R517 million and R8,7 million respectively, the report said.

## CNDC to be converted to development bank?

BISHO — A call for the possible conversion of the Ciskeian National Development Corporation (CNDC) into a Ciskeian National Development Bank, is made in the annual report of the CNDC released here.

The managing director of the CNDC, Mr Frans Meisenholl, links this move with much greater participation by the private sector towards the development of the country.

As for the whole of

Southern Africa, he says that the greater contribution by the private sector in development will hopefully be achieved through the Southern African Development Bank scheduled to come into being in September.

Mr Meisenholl says that the Ciskeian Government during the first full year of independence had done much to confirm its commitment to the system of private enterprise.

Among the steps taken, was legislation providing for freehold of property in designated industrial areas of Ciskei and the waiving of an option to buy back going concerns after a number of years.

According to Mr Meisenholl, industry responded favourably to these actions. Industries are now being established in Ciskei in which the private companies provided 100 per cent of the capital requirements. — DDR.

# Weekend Post

## Ciskei drama has put grand apartheid at risk

WHATEVER the outcome of the dramatic events in Ciskei this week, they have been a considerable setback for the 18-month-old homeland state — and for the grand apartheid policy of the South African Government.

In the townships and villages of Ciskei itself there has been widespread relief at the fall of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, head of all the armed forces, who had become something of a tyrant in his enthusiastic wielding of unbridled power. Exactly why he was axed is not yet clear, but the extent of the detentions among the men he once commanded indicates that the Government uncovered a plot, or feared one.

Either way, the brothers have fallen out and President Lennox Sebe, who is about to become President for Life with the approval of his one-party Parliament, appears to have secured himself against further threats. It is, unhappily, the type of security all too common in a newly-independent African state, founded on the strength of the incumbent rather than of its democratic institutions.

The signs are that the South African Government has already

played a part in helping the Ciskeian authorities keep matters in hand. This is quite understandable. After all, it cannot allow homeland governments to collapse — that would be disastrous for the whole grand apartheid concept, which is designed to provide foreign homes and/or status for as many blacks as possible.

And Ciskei is not only a key "national state" from this point of view — it is also intended to be the hub of a major industrial growth point for the Eastern Cape, providing jobs for people who would otherwise drift to the cities. Thanks to the most generous concessions available anywhere, industrialists are showing considerable interest and it is thus vital that stability in the area should be maintained.

But for humanitarian reasons as well, it must be hoped that President Sebe can come through the crisis. Goodness knows, by taking independence he has saddled his little country with huge problems which he cannot hope to solve without the co-operation of his people and neighbours. This will best be gained by winning their confidence and support for a just and caring government, shorn of the type of excesses which have been displayed in recent times.

### By a SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

BEFORE he tumbled this week from his lofty position as generalissimo of the Ciskei, the now detained General Charles Sebe talked with the frenzy of a man possessed and created the impression that he alone was responsible for holding back the forces of anarchy and revolution in the mini-state.

When he was not personally engaging African National Congress insurgents in direct combat — often, according to his self-glorifying accounts, against overwhelming odds — he was either whipping impatient university students into line or keeping a hawk eye open for subversives posing as poets and trying to insinuate their sedition into poetry.

But political control in Ciskei did not rest solely, or even largely, on the shoulders of Gen Sebe... though his trade-union bashing and powers of detention without trial helped to curtail or intimidate potential opponents of the Ciskei regime.

To the extent that control depended on Gen Sebe — a former South African security policeman and member of General Hendrik van den Berg's Bureau for State Security — his role as guardian of law and order will almost certainly be taken over by his elder brother, President-for-Life Lennox Sebe.

President Sebe, the eldest of the three feuding Sebe brothers, is sure to become chairman of the

## Post Focus on Ciskei

# Semi-feudalism basis of power

newly established State Security Council and thus exercise ultimate power over the army and the police.

But, in the end, control in Ciskei does not rest on naked force as much as on subtler pressures and manipulation of social forces.

Of critical importance is the role of chiefs and headmen, nearly all of whom have been recruited as functionaries of President Sebe's governing Ciskei National Independence Party.

Their importance as agents of the system is highlighted by three salient facts:

Of South Africa's nominally independent states, Ciskei is the only one in which nominated chiefs outnumber elected members in the National Assembly by 33 to 22.

Even in Transkei, where chiefs are key buttresses of support for the ruling party, the ratio of chiefs to elected members is even at 17 to 15.

Emphasising their pivotal political role is

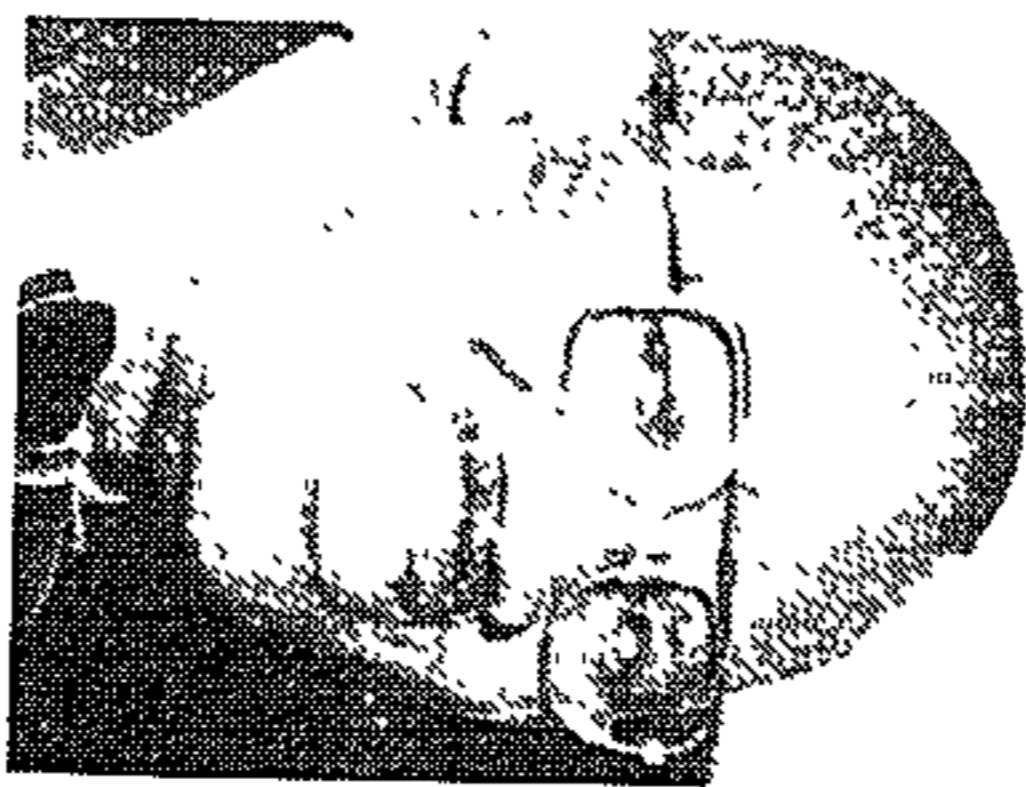
their dominance in the cabinet, where seven of the eight cabinet ministers are chiefs.

Finally, there is President Sebe's recognition of their importance in the political system, as manifested by his decision to make himself a chief in the late 1970s.

The chiefs retain their traditional role as allocators of land, though in Ciskei — as Pippa Green and Alan Hirsch have shown in an excellent article in the South African Labour Bulletin — the number of people who are given land for agricultural use is small and getting smaller.

Only about 25% of Ciskeians have land rights, and state policy is to reduce the proportion further by encouraging the emergence of a small class of capitalist farmers — a measure which involves removing people from the land within the Ciskei and relocating them to closer settlement sites-and-service townships.

The emerging class of farmers are co-opted as part of the privileged elite



Pres LENNOX SEBE... ultimate power

and dare not protest against injustice, lest they be deprived of their land and consigned to join the landless pariahs.

But these deprived and often desperately poor people, many of whom are found in Ciskei's notorious resettlement slums, are not people with nothing to lose but their chains.

They are dependent on chiefs and government-appointed headmen for the allocation of houses in resettlement centres, pensions and social welfare and, in the case of able-bodied

men, for contract work in South Africa.

Their dependence tends to produce acquiescence, not generate rebellion.

The Ciskei is, of course, a tiny, chronically poor territory, into which thousands of relocated "surplus people" have been squeezed.

The crass facts of Ciskei's poverty were spelled out in the Quail Report: it has one of the highest population densities in South Africa (126 a km<sup>2</sup> against 25 a km<sup>2</sup> for South Africa as a whole), massive unemployment of between 20% and 25%, and an output per head in rural areas of only R40 a year.

Against this stark background of unemployment and poverty, the lucky minority able to find employment in Ciskei are either co-opted as beneficiaries if they are employed as civil servants, or covered into submissions by the threat of dismissal if they obtain work in Ciskei's minuscule manufacturing sector.

For many, however, the only alternative to starvation is to obtain employ-

ment as migrant workers.

Except for the "frontier commuters" — who live in Ciskei and work in East London and other neighbouring white-controlled towns — the majority of workers have to work as migrant labourers to survive.

But the chiefs allocate the contracts for work sent out by the labour bureau, which means that workers have to toe the line or starve.

The number of contracts a chief gets to distribute depends on his loyalty to the ruling party.

Thus, as Green and Hirsch note, the allocation of contracts is a form of control both over and by the chiefs, largely ensuring, together with their dependence on government stipends, that the chiefs remain loyal to the President-for-Life and his political lieutenants.

Allocation of contracts as a technique of control is being refined by the Ciskei Manpower Development Centre.

Records are kept by the centre, including forms

from the employer on which the worker's performance is noted.

Workers who "misbehave" by striking or failing to honour their contracts to the full risk being categorised as unreliable by the centre.

The upshot is that they will be blacklisted by the centre with the local chief or headman, to whom details of their performance as workers are sent.

To avoid blacklisting, migrant workers from Ciskei have to be exemplary citizens and workers, which means appeasing both their political governors at home and their employers in South Africa.

A justification cited by some for the Ciskei's marketing of its labour is that it ensures that Ciskei nationals acquire a reputation as hard and willing workers among South African employers.

Which, in turn, ensures that they get a larger share of the available contracts than workers from rival territories... which means less starvation at home.

But there is another perspective: it means the chiefs and bureaucrats in the Manpower Development Centre are serving the interests of big business in South Africa as well as the ruling elite in Ciskei.

From that flows a further corollary: Ciskei, as a labour reservoir for South Africa, is an integral part of South Africa's political economy and in that context the fall of Gen Sebe is of peripheral importance to the ordinary worker.

# When brother fights brother

W/C ARGUS 23/7/83

(105)

From BARBARA HART, Weekend Argus Bureau

EAST LONDON. — "I have no hesitation that, when the time comes, Lennox Sebe will be an accepted leader of his people," a chaplain of the Lovedale Training College wrote in the testimonial of the young scholar.

Now, a few days before his 57th birthday on Tuesday, the President of Ciskei must wonder just how far he will have to go to maintain that leadership.

In a matter of days the outwardly genial, well-dressed man had put an end to the second brother-partnership in South Africa's homeland system.

He had no hesitation in detaining his brother and right-hand man,

Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and three of his nephews, in connection with a shooting incident at a minister's home

As head of the security forces, Charles Sebe had executive powers and political influence enjoyed by no other policeman in Southern Africa.

Together, the brothers attempted to destroy any opposition to their government and leadership.

In 1978 Lennox Sebe ruthlessly eliminated all opposition parties and took firm control of the government. Today there is only one political party, the Ciskei National Independence



Chief Lennox Sebe Party.

Many of Lennox Sebe's former political opponents are now in the ranks of government. Even Ciskei's first Chief Minister, Chief Justice Mabandla, is now in the Cabinet as Minister of Posts and Telecommunications.

Trade unions, especially the South African Allied Workers' Union, which openly opposed Ciskei opting for independence on December 4, 1981, have also become targets of Ciskei's security system.

Scores of unionists have been detained but they have not ceased their opposition to what they see as a puppet regime.

The relationship between Lennox and Charles was so close that the two brothers had a regular telephone date each evening to discuss matters of state.

Both believe that they are high on the hit-list of communist en-

emies of Ciskei and have taken extensive precautions to protect themselves and families. Both have at least half a dozen bodyguards who stay with them day and night.

Charles sees the elimination of communists almost as a divine mission and has gone to great lengths to uncover suspects.

Rumours of Charles Sebe having tried to topple his brother while he was in Israel have not been confirmed.

What is sure is that chances of removing the president will be further reduced when an Act making him Life President is promulgated later this month.

**MUST GO!**

**R5**

**R2**

**R5**

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- NO APPROX
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Excl GST

respect of all who dealt with her in her professional capacity, for her capability, hard work and cheerful courtesy

"Her death is a great loss to the legal profession in Transkei"

Speaking on behalf of the Legal Scholarship Association of Transkei, the chairman, Mr Tim Mayisela, expressed deepest sympathy to the Vabaza family on the untimely death of their colleague — DDR.

### Officer held

— wife

EAST LONDON — A member of the former Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, Captain M R. Dlabantu, was detained on Monday according to his wife, Mrs Cynthia Ntombizonke Dlabantu

Mrs Dlabantu, of Zone 8, Zwelitsha, a nursing sister at Mount Coke Hospital, said when she returned home from work, she was told her husband had been brought from his office by seven policemen in two cars.

Mrs Dlabantu, a mother of two who is expecting a third child in August, said yesterday she went to Mdantsane and Dimbaza police stations but was told he was not there

The head of the Ciskei National Intelligence Services, Colonel Z Makuzeni, had told her to report at his office today. — DDR.

### Villagers die

AYACHUCHO (Peru) — Maoist guerillas joined by peasant sympathisers attacked a remote Andean hamlet in Central Peru and massacred as many as 80 pro-government villagers, national police said — SAPA-AP.

## R27m building plan for Bisho

BISHO — Ciskei's Minister of Finance and Economic Development, Chief M E P. Malelane, officiated at the roof-wetting ceremony of the first building complex erected by the private sector in the central business district here yesterday.

He praised the initiative taken by the investment committee of the Civil Servants' Pension Fund who had invested R1.8 million in the "challenging project".

The business complex of two buildings once complete, will house shops and offices and will constitute the first private development in the birth of the CBD of the future Ciskeian capital.

Chief Malelane said the complex had already been fully let, with more applications having been received than could be accommodated

He also said the project was just the beginning of extensions in the CBD, adding that several other private and government developments were envisaged for the CBD

For example, he said, five government buildings were to be erected in the future at a cost of approximately R27 million, while three other private entrepreneurs had plans to build three other buildings to house shops and offices

Chief Malelane paid tribute at the ceremony to the builders, architects, consultants and investors who had helped with the construction of the complex — DDR

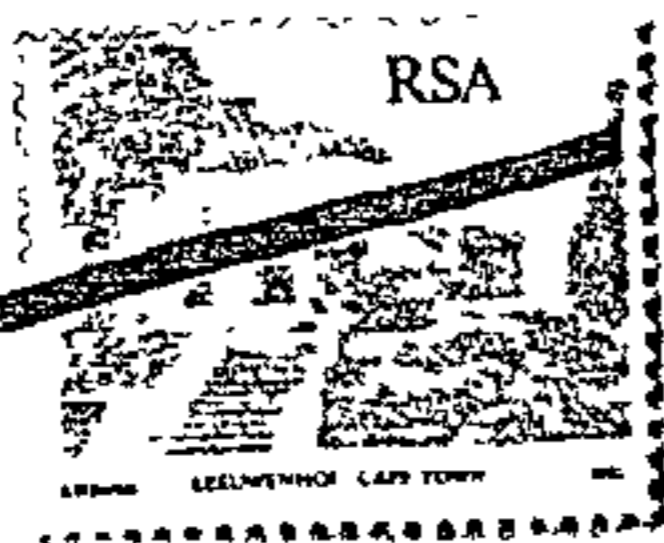
## Man on bigamy charge

EAST LONDON — A man appeared in the magistrate's court here yesterday charged with bigamy.

Mr Christopher Greyhead, 29, of Windyridge Road in C.C. Lloyd Township, pleaded guilty, but a plea of not guilty was later entered by Mr N. R. Oosthuysen.

It is alleged that Mr Greyhead married Miss

money  
as easy  
a stamp.



## Comment

# High <sup>speed</sup> 23/7/87 noon in sleepy <sup>(105)</sup> Bisho

By John von Ahlefeldt,  
Executive Financial Editor

In the course of a brief but interesting visit to the Ciskei last week a thought furthest from the mind was of any political unrest (accepting that in Africa one reads into this observation the qualification that prospects for such unrest are ever-present).

Certainly, none of the industrialists I met gave hint of trouble brewing. It remained for me to be suitably impressed with the evidence of progress in attracting industry to the territory, and to become aware of the ferment only later...

The sight of sophisticated factories, clustered incongruously in an otherwise seemingly virgin landscape made distressingly barren by years of drought, came as a surprise. As did Sol's contribution to the local scene, the thoroughly appealing Amato-la Sun which has introduced locals to casino life and provided a new focal point for any mobile soul living within a hundred km of the new capital, Bisho.

The Ciskei National Development Corporation, a highly market-orientated operation, if my casual acquaintance is any guide, is understandably bucked with itself for having attracted so much industry and foreign investment.

Their marketing efforts will no doubt have to be redoubled if the progress to date is not to be eroded by adverse reaction to the fracas within the Sebe clan.

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Total accord is usually comfortable but often dull. No more so than among speakers at gatherings such as the export conference sponsored this week by The Star and organised by the Sandton Junior Chamber of Commerce.

We were fortunate in having sufficient divergence of expert opinion to at least make things interesting even if a brace of economists with differing viewpoints served to emphasise the difficulties of not only applying a cure for economic ills but also diagnosing the actual ailment.

Braam van Staden, Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank, and Hannes Cloete, chief economist at Barclays, were at Stellenbosch at the same time but their philosophies are poles apart.

Van Staden represents the monetarist school and is thus very much on the inside track at the moment — one suspects thanks more to the relative successes of Mrs Thatcher and Mr Reagan than to the widely quoted teachings of Milton Friedman.

Cloete is these days very much of a Daniel in the lion's den. He is about as much out of fashion as a Keynesian at a Reserve Bank luncheon. All credit him for sticking to his guns, which is no less than one would expect of a sincere, thinking person.

But at the heart of the differences between the man from the central bank and his erstwhile college chum from commercial banking probably lies Cloete's cry from the heart that he could not believe we were incapable of producing a better solution to world economic problems than one that required 30-odd million people to be unemployed.

The real tragedy of our society is that not only has neither of the two extreme dogmas produced anything approaching a workable and acceptable solution, but nothing in between has emerged as the obvious compromise.

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Fatherly advice for the business community came from no less a source than Chris Heunis during the week.

Not only did he deliver what sounded suspiciously like a veiled reminder on the need to ensure political stability to allow for effective operating of business, but he also believed the private sector should assume some of the functions now carried out by the public sector.

Just what the Minister had in mind was not mentioned in the report which reached us, but one could imagine a loud cheer going up from businessmen if, for example, the government intended applying the heave-ho technique to such elements of the management market concept as the control boards.

But that sounds too good to be true.

# How Ciskei keeps its control . . .

105 R.D.M. 21/7/83

By PATRICK LAURENCE, Political Editor

BEFORE he tumbled from his lofty position as generalissimo of the Ciskei, the now detained General Charles Sebe talked with the frenzy of a man possessed and created the impression that he alone was responsible for holding back the forces of anarchy and revolution in the mini-state.

When he was not personally engaging African National Congress insurgents in direct combat — often, according to his self-glorifying accounts, against overwhelming odds — he was either whipping impertinent university students into line or keeping a hawk eye open for subversives posing as poets and trying to insinuate their sedition into poetry.

But political control in Ciskei did not rest solely or even largely on the shoulders of Gen Sebe . . . though his trade-union bashing and powers of detention without trial helped to curtail or intimidate potential opponents of the Ciskei regime.

To the extent that control depended on General Sebe — a former South African security policeman and member of General Hendrik van den Bergh's Bureau for State Security — his role as guardian of law and order will almost certainly be taken over by his elder brother, President-for-Life Lennox Sebe.

President Sebe, the eldest of the three feuding Sebe brothers, is sure to become chairman of the newly established State Security Council and thus exercise ultimate power over the army and the police.

But, in the end, control in Ciskei does not rest on naked force as much as on subtler pressures and manipulation of social forces.

Of critical importance is the role of chiefs and headmen, nearly all of whom have been recruited as functionaries of President Sebe's governing Ciskei National Independence Party.

Their importance as agents of the system is highlighted by three salient facts.

Of South Africa's nominally independent states, Ciskei is the only one in which nominated chiefs outnumber elected members in the National Assembly . . . by 33 to 22.

Even in Transkei, where chiefs are key buttresses of support for the ruling party, the ratio of chiefs to elected members is even at 75 each.

Emphasising their pivotal political role is their dominance in the Cabinet, where seven of the eight Cabinet Ministers are chiefs.

Finally, there is President Sebe's recognition of their importance in the political system, as manifest by his decision to make himself a chief in the late 1970s.

The chiefs retain their traditional role as allocators of land, though in Ciskei — as Pippa Green and Alan Hirsch have shown in an excellent article in the South African Labour Bulletin — the number of people who are given land for agricultural use is small and getting smaller.

Only about 25% of Ciskeians have land rights, and state policy is to reduce the proportion further by encouraging the emergence of a small class of capitalist farmers, a measure which involves removing people from the land *within* the Ciskei and relocating them to closer settlement site-and-service townships.

The emerging class of farmers are co-opted as part of the privileged elite and dare not protest against injustice, lest they be deprived of their land and consigned to join the landless pariahs

But these deprived and often desperately poor people, many of whom are found in Ciskei's notorious resettlement slums, are not people with nothing to lose but their chains.

They are dependent on chiefs and government-appointed headmen for the allocation of houses in resettlement centres, pensions and social welfare . . . and, in the case of able-bodied men, for contract work in South Africa.

Their dependency tends to produce acquiescence, not generate rebellion.

The Ciskei is, of course, a tiny and chronically poor territory, into which thousands of relocated "surplus people" have been squeezed.

Of its population of about 700 000, almost half have been resettled there in the past 20 years.

The crass facts of Ciskei's poverty were spelled out in the Quail Report: it has one of the highest population densities in South Africa (126 a km<sup>2</sup> against 25 a km<sup>2</sup> for South Africa as a whole), massive unemployment of between 20% and 25%, and an output per head in rural areas of only R40 a year.

As President Sebe observed before his controversial decision to accept Pretoria's version of *uhuru*: "Our people cannot eat flags and constitutions."

Against this stark background of unemployment and poverty, the lucky minority able to find employment in Ciskei are either co-opted as beneficiaries if they are employed as civil servants, or cowered into submission by the threat of dismissal if they obtain work in Ciskei's minuscule manufacturing sector.

For many, however, the only alternative to starvation is to obtain employment as migrant workers.

Except for the "frontier commuters" — who live in Ciskei and work in East London and other neighbouring white-controlled towns — the majority of workers have to work as migrant labourers to survive.

But the chiefs allocate the contracts for work sent out by the labour bureaux, which means that workers have to toe the line or starve.

The number of contracts a chief gets to distribute depends on his loyalty to the ruling party.

His ability to control his own fief is dependent in large measure on the number of contracts he has to distribute.

Thus, as Green and Hirsch note, the allocation of contracts is a form of control both over and by the chiefs, largely ensuring, together with their dependence on government stipends, that the chiefs remain loyal to the President-for-Life and his political lieutenants.

Allocation of contracts as a technique of control is being refined by the Ciskei Manpower Development Centre

The centre tries as far as possible to match workers with available vacancies by comparing what the worker has to offer with what the prospective employer wants.

But its role does not stop there. Records are kept by the centre, including forms from the employer on which the worker's performance is noted.

Workers who "misbehave" by striking or failing to honour their contracts to the full

risk being categorised as unreliable by the centre.

The upshot is that they will be blacklisted by the centre or the local chief or headman, to whom details of their performance as workers are sent.

To avoid blacklisting, migrant workers from Ciskei have to be exemplary citizens and workers, which means appeasing both their political governors at home and their employers in South Africa.

A justification cited by some for the Ciskei's marketing of its labour is that it ensures that Ciskei nationals acquire a reputation as hard and willing workers among South African employers.

Which, in turn, ensures that they get a larger share of the available contracts than workers from rival territories . . . which means less starvation at home.

But there is another perspective: it means the chiefs and bureaucrats in the Manpower Development Centre are serving the interests of big business in South Africa as well as the ruling elite in Ciskei.

From that flows a further corollary: Ciskei, as a labour reservoir for South Africa, is an integral part of South Africa's political economy and in that context the fall of Gen Sebe is of peripheral importance to the ordinary worker.



## Quotes by Gen Charles Sebe:

- I can run a marathon in two hours. I enjoy running. It is my girlfriend.
- I am target number one for the communists. They phone me to threaten me.
- They are trained as terrorists, but I am also trained as a terrorist. We are trained in the same skills.
- Trade unions are fronts for subversive organisations. They distributed subversive pamphlets in opposition to independence.
- Any person who has a gift as a poet or a playwright should be scrutinised. We can't allow subversive poets to contaminate us.
- Some whites says communists don't go to church. That is rubbish. Today you find communists in church.
- There is one gift which God has given to the Sebes. They don't like to see people suffering or starving.
- We are not stooges. A stooge can't think for himself. I will stand up and tell any general what is wrong.



CHARLES SEBE . . . his downfall is of peripheral importance to Ciskei workers.

# Xaba may

# be the

# next to go

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## Sebe's deputy not at Cabinet meeting today

By KEITH ROSS

**BISHO** — The Ciskeian Cabinet went into an unscheduled meeting today — without the Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba — after the wave of detentions in the country.

His absence led to speculation that he might have resigned or been suspended because he also left well before a meeting ended yesterday.

However, it was reported today that he was "officially at home" and had been visited by a doctor, Dr P O X Ragnavee.

Mr Xaba's son, Lieutenant-Christie Xaba, is one of the men in detention.

President Lennox Sebe and the Minister of Justice, Mr Dave Takane, today held a lunchtime meeting with two members of the South African security police, one of whom was identified as Captain J Nel, head of the security police in King William's Town.

After the meeting, Mr Takane said a Press statement would be released later today.

Yesterday two more members of the Sebe family were detained by Ciskeian police. They are Lieutenant Colin Sebe, 21-year-old son of the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, and a cousin, Lieutenant Tony Sebe, 23.

Both men are members of the Ciskeian Army and are related to the disgraced former Commander-in-



The Rev W M XABA  
...rumours

Chief of the Defence Force, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

The 14 now in detention in Ciskei include Corporal Khambashe Sebe, 18, a member of the anti-terrorist squad and son of Gen Sebe. Both were detained on Tuesday.

Mr Takane told a Press conference yesterday that the investigations followed the recent shooting incident at the home of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B N Pityi, were continuing.

Meanwhile, Mrs Excellent Tele, 36, the wife of the detained Colonel M Tele of the Ciskeian police force, died in hospital in King William's Town yesterday.

● See Page 2

# I warned SA over Ciskei, says defector

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By JIMMY MATYU

THE events which have overtaken Ciskei this week were foreseen more than three months ago by the South African Communist Party defector, Miss Nokonono Delphine Kave.

Yesterday she claimed that in August last year after she left Ciskei, she warned South Africa about what would one day happen in Ciskei.

"I spoke to Lieutenant-Colonel J H Buchner, of the South African Police in Pretoria, who was also responsible for my return to South Africa, but they turned a deaf ear to my warning," she said.

In an interview with the Evening Post in May, Miss Kave, who seemed to have had an unhappy experience with the Sebe family, said: "The rule based on tribal lines of the Sebes in Ciskei will one day break out into a family feud.

"The Ciskei's 10-Point Success Plan is based on custom and tradition. Hence they now and again hold ceremonies to appease ancestral spirits.

"This will one day lead to chaos and anarchy."

Although she claimed that Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe was not the "mighty man" he was usually painted to be, she said his weak point was placing too much trust in members of the Sebe family in general.

"Some mischievous members of the Sebes who were aware of his weak spot exploited him, driving him at times to act irrationally.

"He loves power and would use it to bully his way into getting what he wanted.

He is fond of reminding people that he is a Tshawe (a born chief) and his name is Xhanti — meaning a pillar of the nation.

"The general took advantage of all this and it resulted in his elder brother, President Lennox Sebe allowing him unbridled power," she said.

The Sebes are her uncles.

Miss Kave said she detected while in Ciskei that women members of the Sebe clan played some background dominant role on their men.

"One fault they have is their tribalist outlook and their dislike of Fingos, though some have married Fingo women."

Miss Kave, on her return from America, where she testified before the Denton US congregational sub-committee on terrorism and security, was taken, for her own personal safety, to stay with Gen Sebe's family at Tshatshu Village near Zwelitsha in Ciskei.

Miss Kave said: "During my stay there I found Ciskei to be in a mess and that they were not sure whether they were fighting communism or tribal differences, like their quarrel with Transkei."

Miss Kave claimed she was forced to leave the Sebe home, and Ciskei, after a dispute with a female member of the family.

Miss Kave further claimed that she wrote all the general's speeches, including one he delivered in Israel, on communism.

Miss Kave, an exponent of black consciousness, is a former law student at the University of Fort Hare. Her other interest is political science.

POST

# Officer held — wife

EAST LONDON — A member of the former Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, Captain M. R. Dlabantu, was detained on Monday according to his wife, Mrs Cynthia Ntombizonke Dlabantu.

Mrs Dlabantu, of Zone 8, Zwelitsha, a nursing sister at Mount Coke Hospital, said when she returned home from work, she was told her husband had been brought from his office by seven policemen in two cars.

Mrs Dlabantu, a mother of two who is expecting a third child in August, said yesterday she went to Mdantsane and Dimbaza police stations but was told he was not there.

The head of the Ciskei National Intelligence Services, Colonel Z. Makuzeni, had told her to report at his office today. — DDR.

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# 14 in Ciskei held

**ZWELITSHA —** Three Sebe cousins have been detained in Ciskei, bringing the total number of those held during the past week to 14.

Corporal Khambashe Sebe, 18, the son of the former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, was detained on Tuesday — hours after his father had been detained.

His detention was confirmed yesterday by the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane.

And two army lieutenants, Mr Colin Sebe, 21-year-old son of the Ciskei Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, and Mr Toni Sebe, 23, were also detained yesterday.

Their detention was confirmed by Mr Namba Sebe, who is a brother of President Lennox Sebe and the detained General Sebe.

He said Mr Toni Sebe was the son of his late brother, Mr Dilima Sebe.

Corporal Khambashe Sebe's mother, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, said she learnt of her son's detention from his friends. She said they had told her that he had been arrested in the

## Sebe cousins detained

street while driving his car. They had returned the car to her.

In an interview with another reporter, Mrs Sebe said Corporal Sebe had been arrested in King William's Town, and not in Ciskei.

She said she was upset by the fact that her son's car was returned by his friends who told her of his detention.

**More Reports pages 2 and 7.**

**Editorial opinion, page 12.**

"I just thought to myself — could they have not thought of escorting him home to hand the car over rather than leave it with other people to deliver?"

"It was only fair that they let us know he was detained and make sure his car was safe," she said.

She added that the police had not officially informed her of her son's detention and she got an implied confirmation from the Commissioner of Police, Brigadier M. F. Madolo, when he tele-

phoned her to tell her that General Sebe was being held at the Mdantsane prison and that he was well.

"I asked him where Khambashe was being held, and he said he thought he was also being held in Mdantsane."

Mr Namba Sebe said yesterday that he did not think his future was in a "shaky" position following the spate of Sebe detentions.

"I am not afraid because I have nothing to fear," he said.

He added that he believed the detentions were "all for the good of Ciskei".

Meanwhile, Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba — whose son Mbulelo has also been detained — said he was not thinking of resigning despite his wife's insistence that he quit.

Mr Xaba said he had no reason to be afraid.

He added that he had no news of Mbulelo, who was detained on Monday, and said he could "throw no light" on all the arrests. — DDR-DDC

## Advocate to help Minnaar

**EAST LONDON —** A Johannesburg advocate, Mr D. Kuny, has been briefed by attorneys here to seek legal relief for Major-General Tailefer Minnaar who is being held in detention by the Ciskei authorities.

General Minnaar, who was an adviser on state security to the detained former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, was detained on Tuesday.

An East London attorney, Mr John Vermaak, confirmed last night that his firm was acting for General Minnaar and that Advocate Kuny had been briefed.

"We have not decided yet what form of action we will take. We expect to make a decision on Friday," Mr Vermaak said. — DDR

# Spate of arrests continues in Ciskei

CAPE TIMES

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Own Correspondent

**PORT ELIZABETH.** — The sons of Ciskei's Transport Minister, Mr Namba Sebe — brother of President Lennox Sebe — yesterday became the latest victims in a spate of 14 detentions since the new security order was established in Ciskei.

The Justice Minister, Mr D Takane, confirmed that Mr Toni Sebe and Mr Koli Sebe, both members of the defence force, were arrested yesterday morning.

In another development yesterday, Mrs N Sebe, wife of the jailed Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, disclosed that her son, Khambashe, had been detained in King William's Town — and not Ciskei.

Mrs Sebe said her son had driven to King William's Town with two friends on Tuesday afternoon. His friends had returned without him "and they told me

Khambashe had been picked up".

Security police confirmed yesterday that two South African security policemen were "giving assistance" to the Ciskeian Government at the time of the round-up of General Sebe and other high-ranking officers — in spite of a denial by the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, that the South African police were involved.

Speaking from Pretoria late yesterday, the newly-appointed head of the security police, Major-General F Steenkamp, confirmed that two security policemen were working in Ciskei at the request of that country's government.

"They (the Ciskeian Government) required assistance from us and these men, who are experts on certain matters, are giving assistance," he said.

But on Tuesday night, in response to questions relayed to him through his private secretary, Major D J A Crafford, Mr Le Grange denied any South African police involvement, dismissing such suggestions as "nonsense because Ciskei is an independent state".

When asked yesterday to explain why Mr Le Grange had denied any South African involvement, Major Crafford said all further inquiries should be directed to the head of the security police, General Steenkamp.

Our correspondent reports from King William's Town that Colonel M F Tele, who was detained at the weekend, was released yesterday afternoon after the death of his wife Nomsa, 36. His wife, who was pregnant with their seventh child, died of diabetes at Grey Hospital there, the hospital superintendent, Dr R S McDade, said yesterday. She had been brought to hospital on Tuesday afternoon in a serious condition and had not responded to treatment. Colonel Tele refused

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A

From page 1

to comment about his detention. He said no funeral arrangements had yet been made.

Mrs Sebe said yesterday that she had received threatening telephone calls. "They say I must prepare two coffins for my husband and son because they will not come out of detention alive."

"I have reported the matter to the police, who promised to investigate."

When Mr Namba Sebe was interviewed in his office yesterday morning, he was apparently unaware his sons had been detained.

He said he believed the crackdown was "all to the good of Ciskei".

President Sebe, surrounded by guards with automatic rifles, said yesterday he was not available for comment.

# Death threats after arrests

By KEITH ROSS

EAST LONDON — The wife of the former Commander-in-Chief of the Ciskeian Armed Forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, was plagued with death threats from mysterious callers last night.

Mrs Faki Sebe said today that the callers told her to prepare two coffins — one for her husband, the other for her son.

Gen Sebe and his 18-year-old son, Khambashe, were both taken into custody by the Ciskeian police yesterday.

Mrs Sebe said the calls had started shortly after 10pm. The caller — a man speaking in a low voice — told her to prepare the coffins.

"When he called again shortly before midnight I told him it would not be the first time two people had been buried on the same day," she said.

The caller replied: "We are going to get you. We are going to wipe you out."

She had another phone call shortly after 2am. A man spoke in a low voice and then a woman came on the line. The woman warned: "We are coming to get you."

Mrs Sebe reported the calls to the Divisional Commander of the Ciskeian Police, Brigadier L B Madolo, today.

She said Brig Madolo had posted armed guards at her home yesterday and she was not really worried about her own safety.

"But I am worried about the safety of my husband and my son," she said. "I am not so concerned about their detention as for their safety. People can get strangled or poisoned in prison."

Mrs Sebe said she was determined not to be scared away from the King William's Town area where she had lived all her adult life.

"I must stay here and look after my mother-in-law, who is very sickly," she said.

# Charles Sebe's son also held

105 E. Post 20/7/83

By KEITH ROSS

EAST LONDON — Ciskei police yesterday detained the son of the former Commander-in-Chief of the country's armed forces, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

Corporal Khambashe Sebe, 18, of the Ciskei army, was detained at about 4pm during a trip from his home to King William's Town.

He was held only hours after his father, the brother of President Lennox Sebe, had been taken into custody by six Ciskeian detectives and two white men.

His mother, Mrs Faki Sebe, said today that Khambashe had told her he was going to King William's Town, yesterday afternoon.

Shortly after 4pm two friends brought his car back to the house and told her he had been detained.

"Khambashe's friends said he had asked them to bring him a warm coat," Mrs Sebe said.

She had expected her son to be detained because he was a close friend of Lieutenant Christian Xaba, who was taken into custody on Monday.

Lieut Xaba is the son of the Vice-President of Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba.

The detention of Corporal Sebe brought to 12 the number of people in police custody since the security crackdown began.

Earlier in the day General Sebe himself had been detained in his offices in Zwelitsha. He was taken by the police to his home in nearby Tshashu village and allowed to change his clothes and a few toiletries before being whisked off to detention.

His security adviser, Major-General T Minnaar, was also detained.



President SEBE

After the detentions, the Minister of Justice, Mr D M Takane, said he did not rule out the possibility that more people would be arrested.

"The police are working round the clock investigating charges against the detained people," he said. "But they have told me they are nearing the end of their investigations."

Mr Takane said he did not know if South African security policemen had been involved in the investigations, but said there was good co-operation between the two countries.

The investigations were being directed by the Divisional Commander of Ciskei's police, Brigadier L B Madolo.

"Investigations have been more or less confined to the Zwelitsha area," he said.

Mr Takane said nobody at ministerial level had been questioned by the police.

Indications are that his detention did not come as a surprise to Gen Sebe.

He said yesterday, shortly before his arrest, that he had "a strong premonition" he would be detained after he was dismissed as head of Ciskei security at the weekend.

Speaking in a telephone interview, Gen Sebe said he would rather be arrested and appear in court than flee from Ciskei.

"I will never run from Ciskei. God gave me my strong character, sense of justice and commitment to maintaining security. If they want to accuse me falsely they can," Gen Sebe said in answer to rumours that he was about to flee.

"I am waiting for something to happen to me," he said.

He again denied that he had attempted to stage a coup while President Sebe was overseas.

Gen Sebe's rise through the ranks from a police force sergeant to Commander-General of State Security in only five years was spectacular and matched only by his dramatic fall from power.

Aided by his older brother, Lennox, he was promoted rapidly to a position where, in terms of last year's National Security Act, he could even "exercise the powers of the President in urgent cases".

These powers made Gen Sebe the most feared man in Ciskei. He detained scores of people — mostly trade unionists, church field workers and people resisting resettlement.

● Editorial comment  
— Page 8

ZWELITSHA — The President of the Ciskei has stripped his brother of his powers as local security boss amid reports of a power struggle in the country.

President Lennox Sebe told a news conference at the weekend that the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services run by his brother, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, had been dissolved.

President Sebe has given his brother a new intelligence job, without any powers of arrest, detained four of Charles's clo-

## Ciskei security chief Sebe is stripped of arrest powers

Star 12/7/83  
sest aides and appointed a new security supremo.

The restructuring splits the various sections of Ciskei's State Security Department which will now fall under the new Department of Defence and the Department of Justice.

It is reported today from East

(105)  
London that Lieutenant-General Sebe has denied rumours that he tried to stage a coup while his older brother was in Israel last week.

"It is all rubbish. Why would I want to and if I had tried, why did I not succeed?" he said. — Reuter.



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# Ciskei — power struggle looms

By CHRIS FREIMOND  
Political Correspondent

THE weekend shakedown of Ciskei's security forces — including the demotion of the security chief, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and the arrest of his deputy, Brigadier Harvey Tamsanqa — signal a growing power struggle in the national state, observers said yesterday.

And the possibility that South African pressure was used to curb the authority of Gen Sebe could not be ruled out. It was also possible there would be more changes, with senior security officers being detained, they said.

The Ciskeian President, Mr Lennox Sebe, cut short a visit to Israel and flew home to a hastily-called Cabinet meeting on Friday.

At a Press conference on Saturday he said Gen Sebe, his brother, would head a newly-formed National Intelligence Service (NIS), which would operate along the lines of the South African NIS, having only intelligence-gathering functions — and no powers of arrest.

Until Saturday, as chief of Ciskei's Central Intelligence Service (CCIS) and Combined Forces, Gen Sebe headed all military and para-military forces.

The new NIS will be controlled by the Ministry of Defence. Other branches of the

security forces will fall under the Minister of Justice.

President Sebe said the security forces had become too big for one man to handle, so responsibility had to be divided.

He denied Gen Sebe had been demoted or suspended. However, he confirmed the deputy CCIS chief, Brigadier Harvey Tamsanqa, had been detained for an unspecified reason.

Three other CCIS officers, whom he refused to name, have been suspended.

Gen Sebe said a captain, a warrant officer and a sergeant in the CCIS, had also been detained. He said he had not been informed why they had been arrested.

Observers believe the reshuffle could also be linked to the weekend attack on the house of the Ciskeian Foreign Minister, Mr B N Pityi, said to be a close supporter of the president. Mr Pityi's house was sprayed with rifle fire, but no one was hurt.

Gen Sebe, an ardent anti-communist, was probably the most feared man in Ciskei because of his considerable power.

He was also active against trade unionists in the country, often to the irritation of industrialists in the Border region whose workers — most of whom commute from Ciskei — were often disrupted by Gen Sebe's actions.

One observer pointed out yesterday the latest moves would not necessarily stop Gen Sebe's activities, but merely in theory, make them unauthorised.

# No part in coup plot, says Sebe

ARGUS 18/7/83  
(105)

Argus Bureau  
EAST LONDON — Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe has denied that he tried to stage a coup in Ciskei while President Lennox Sebe, his older brother, was in Israel last week.

"It is all rubbish. Why would I want to, and if I had tried why did I not succeed?" General Sebe said, commenting on rumours that he had tried to take over the Ciskei government.

General Sebe, whose deputy in the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, Brigadier N Tamsanqa, as well as a close confidant, Captain Joe Ntwasa, were detained last Thursday, refused to say whether he believed he too might be detained.

"I am not detained now." Asked whether he felt he may be detained, General Sebe said: "I can't discuss that but I am not in the cells now."

The once all-powerful



General Sebe

and controversial general fell suddenly from his position of power when Chief Sebe, at a hastily called Press conference on Saturday, announced that the Department of State Security, which was headed by General Sebe, was to be restructured.

The restructuring splits the various sections of the State Security Department which will now fall under the new Department of Defence and Department of Justice.

General Sebe will now head a new National Intelligence Service which replaces the Ciskei Cen-

tral Intelligence Service. He has no powers of arrest or executive powers and will collect information to be submitted to the State Security Council.

General Sebe, who was informed of the proposed change last week, denied he was disappointed or unhappy about his move.

"It is not my decision but the President's and the nation's. The Government chose to invest powers in me and it is the President's prerogative to take them away.

"It is not for me to say it shouldn't be allowed to happen.

"I see this new position as a challenge and must show my ability to organise. I have no qualms about it."

General Sebe confirmed that he would no longer occupy his office at security headquarters in Zwelitsha. He did not know where he would be stationed because "not much has been explained about my future".

~~DDR~~

D. DISPATCH

18/7/83

# Ignore bus boycott call — Sebe

105

~~105~~

~~2/8/83~~

ZWELITSHA — A strong plea was made at the weekend to Mdantsane bus commuters not to boycott buses today.

The plea, which was supported by President Lennox Sebe, was made by Members of Parliament representing the Mdantsane constituency — the Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, Mr Q. Kewuti and Mr L. M. Yako.

A rally attended by thousands at the sports stadium here was told that the South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu) had called on people to boycott buses from today following a bus fare hike.

Chief Jongilanga said the union did not have the interests of the people of Ciskei at heart and their call for a boycott

should not be heeded.


President Sebe said that if the residents heeded the strike call, the ruling party in Mdantsane would be disbanded and the factories that were being erected there would be moved elsewhere to help other starving people.

He said Saawu did not exist in Ciskei and Mdantsane residents should not allow Saawu "boys" from Duncan village to come and dictate to them.

He said police would be in full force to protect the people who wanted to board buses.

President Sebe said the last bus boycott was instigated by the government because it wanted the removal of the bus company that was operating then. — DDR.

# Terror trial

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July 1983

A TERRORISM trial of two Mdantsane men was postponed at a request by the defence council in the Ciskei Regional Court yesterday. *Sowetan*

Mr Monwapisi Mnikina and Mr Tembinkosi Matutu, charged with contravening the Ciskei National Security Act, were not asked to plead and no evidence was led.

The court was postponed until August 29 and both accused were remanded in custody. — Sapa.

Cape Times 18/7/83 (105)

# Ciskei power struggle



Charles Sebe

Own Correspondent

**JOHANNESBURG.** — The weekend shakedown of Ciskei's security forces — including the demotion of the security chief, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and the arrest of his deputy, Brigadier Harvey Tamsanqa, — signalled a growing power struggle among the country's leaders, observers said yesterday.

The possibility of South African pressure to curb General Sebe's authority could not be ruled out, they said. It was also possible that more senior security officers would be detained.

Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe cut short a visit to Israel and flew home to a hastily-called

cabinet meeting on Friday.

At a press conference on Saturday, he said General Sebe, his brother, would head a new National Intelligence Service (NIS) with only intelligence-gathering functions and no powers of arrest, along the lines of the South African NIS.

Until Saturday, as chief of Ciskei's Central Intelligence Service (CCIS) and Combined Forces, General Sebe headed all military and paramilitary forces.

The new NIS will be controlled by the Ministry of Defence, and other branches of the security forces by the Minister of Justice.

President Sebe said the security forces had become too big for

one man to handle.

He denied that General Sebe had been demoted or suspended, but confirmed that the deputy CCIS chief, Brigadier Harvey Tamsanqa, had been detained for an unspecified reason. Three other CCIS officers, whom he declined to name, had been suspended, he said.

Because of the power he had, General Sebe, an ardent anti-communist, was probably the most feared man in Ciskei.

One observer said yesterday that the latest moves would not necessarily stop General Sebe's activities but merely make them, in theory, unauthorized.

CAPL 7/18/83  
Sebe: 105  
'God is  
with  
me'

Own Correspondent

EAST LONDON. — "I am innocent. I worked hard for Ciskei," a clearly shocked and disappointed Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe said yesterday when asked to comment on his fall from power and favour.

"The government chose originally to invest me with powers. It is the President's prerogative to take them away. It is not for me to say that this shouldn't be allowed to happen."

The general said he did not want to comment on reports that a dispute with President Lennox Sebe, his brother, had led to his demotion. He did say, however, that "one cannot argue with the President".

'Wise'

"A government decision has been made. Whether I am happy with it does not come into it. I just take what has been given to me.

"I will have to wait and see — God is with me. I must be professional about this and I must be wise."

The general said he knew nothing about the recent attack on a Ciskeian minister's home, reasons for the restructuring of the Department of State Security and the detention of four of his colleagues.

"I know nothing about these incidents — it is not my work any more. I just see them happening."

General Sebe confirmed that he would have to vacate his office in Zwelitsha, near East London. "I don't know what office they will give me," he said.

He will also have to sacrifice the luxury home built for him at the Bisho ministerial complex, now nearing completion. "That will go to the Deputy Minister of Defence," he said.

WJ

# Shake-up in Ciskei security



PRES SEBE at his press conference.

**ZWELITSHA** — The Ciskeian Department of State Security had been fundamentally restructured to bring it into line with international practice, President Lennox Sebe announced here on Saturday.

## CCIS deputy head suspended, held

**ZWELITSHA** — The deputy head of the now dissolved Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, Brigadier H. Tamsanqa, had been suspended and detained, President Lennox Sebe said in reply to a question at a press conference here at the weekend.

President Sebe did not give any details of factors leading to the detention of Brigadier Tamsanqa, who was the right-hand man of the Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

Last night President Sebe confirmed the detention of one of three CCIS men who had been suspended from duty. He is captain Joe Ntwasa. At the press conference President Sebe had merely stated that three other senior men in the intelligence service had been suspended but declined to give their names.

He said that might prejudice their case as they were due to appear before a commission that would review their detention.

Last night he said he

was aware other men in the CCIS had been detained but had not been briefed fully on this.

"I hope to have all the details early tomorrow," he said.

Asked about the reasons for Brig Tamsanqa's detention, he said: "All I can say is that if you have to act like that it must be an unusual situation."

He said the detention had nothing to do with the shooting at the home of the Ciskei Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, early on Friday morning.

Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, added that Brig Tamsanqa had been detained on Thursday.

On the investigation of the shooting at Mr Pityi's residence, President Sebe said a special team made up of the cream of the CCIS had been divided into three groups, working round the clock on the matter.

When asked about the detentions of the three CCIS men, which appear

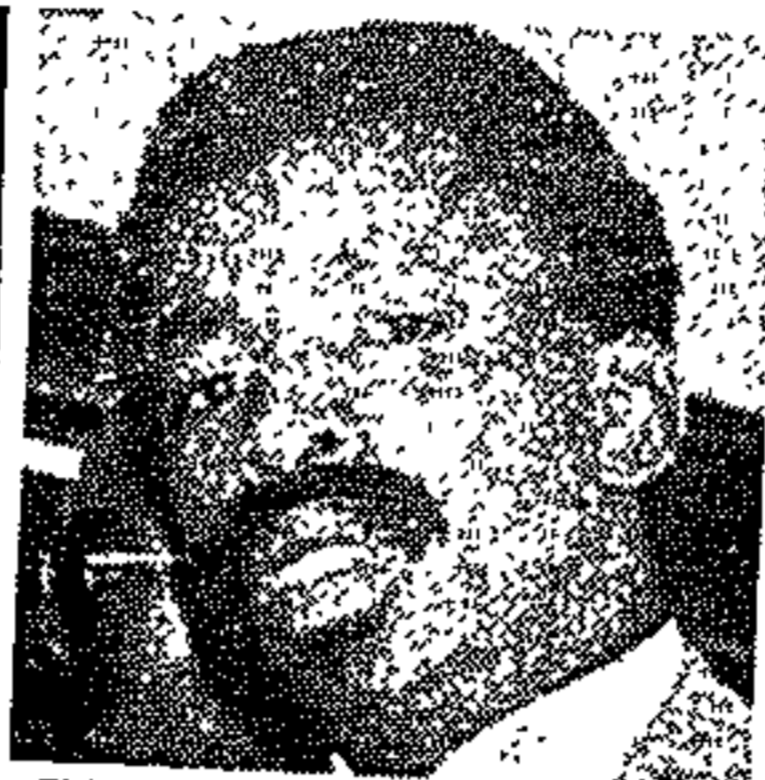
President Sebe said at a press conference that under the new dispensation the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services along with the Defence Force, the Special Force and the Air Force would fall under a newly-created Ministry of Defence.

The CCIS in future will be known as the Ciskei National Intelligence Service and be headed by the present Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

The CNIS, which will have no executive authority or powers of arrest, will collect "overt and covert" as well "clandestine" information and will process such information for submission to the Ciskei State Security Council.

President Sebe said the CNIS would be started by Gen Sebe with specially selected men from the ranks of the existing services and the force would be assisted by the anti-terrorism unit, Ikrele Lesizwe, in special missions.

The new Ministry of Defence, he said, would be headed by a Deputy Minister of Defence, whose name would be announced in Zwelitsha today.



**CAPT JOE NTWASA ...  
detained.**

to have occurred after Saturday's press conference, he said there had been further developments and the investigating team had come up with other facts.

When given the names of two former CCIS men alleged to have been detained, he said he was not certain of one, but could vouch for the other as definitely not being on the list likely to be detained.

"He is a good man and I am sure he will not be detained," he said.

President Sebe also confirmed the detention of three Mdantsane men, a former Minister of Health and Welfare, Mr L. F. Siyo, a former deputy manager of Mdantsane, Mr Sipho McDonald Tanana, and an employee of the Department of Health and Welfare, Mr Philemon Thembile Mateza.

He said the three men were detained for a serious matter. He did not elaborate. — DDR.

Another major change affects the Police Force, the Prisons Service and the Traffic Division, all of which will fall under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Justice.

Until the new structure has been finalised, all men attached to the CCIS, with the exception of Gen Sebe, will be under the Commander of the Police. Colonel Z. Makuzeni will retain command of the Ciskei Security Services. — DDR.

## **More reports, page 11**

**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN** — With the restructuring of the Ciskei Department of State Security the country's security chief, Lt-Gen X. C. Sebe, has effectively been stripped of many of his wide-ranging powers.

As Commander-in-Chief of State Security he held some of the most extraordinary powers yet held by any policeman in Southern Africa. His wide-ranging powers, given him under the Ciskei National Security Act passed last year, made him the most powerful and feared man in Ciskei.

In terms of the act he was empowered to prohibit certain organisa-



# President met by Botha on return

ZWELITSHA — After travelling all night from Israel he had been met at Jan Smuts airport, Johannesburg, by the South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, President L. Sebe said here yesterday.

President Sebe, who cut short his visit to Israel to return unexpectedly to Ciskei, said Mr Botha was accompanied by senior officials. He did not elaborate on the meeting.

The President said at a rally at a sports stadium that a man had been arrested in Paarl in connection with the fatal shooting of a Ciskei officer attached to the dagga squad.

Warrant Officer N. Ngayi was shot dead in a shoot-out at Middledrift in May while on a dagga raid. He was allegedly shot with an automatic

rifle after the police had surprised dagga smugglers.

President Sebe said Ciskei police had been sent to Paarl to see the man after his arrest. He did not name him.

He said the man was now in custody.

President Sebe announced that the police had launched an intensive hunt for the people who shot at the residence of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, last week.

In a wide-ranging speech he said he would not die until he had fulfilled all his obligations to the Ciskei nation. Even if a person tried to take a shot at him he would just limp and go on with his duties. People only died at God's will, he told an enthusiastic crowd, waving a cobra stick that had

been given him while in Israel.

He introduced the men who would head the security departmental divisions after his reshuffle of the Department of State Security. All were present with the exception of Lt-General X. C. Sebe, who is to head the National Intelligence Services.

He lashed out at newspaper speculation that General Sebe and the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, were to be dismissed.

The Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, announced that township council elections would be held soon throughout Ciskei.

He said there were 'subversive' elements in Mdantsane who were inciting women to howl down the Minister of Public Works, Chief D. M. Jongilanga, when he held meetings. — DDR.

## General wielded vast power

tions or publications, to order investigations and to determine the effects of prohibitions.

In most countries these powers are vested in ministers of state and not a police officer.

He was empowered to prohibit by notice in the Government Gazette any organisation which he saw to be a danger to national security or public safety. He could declare any organisation to be unlawful.

One of the clauses in

the act prescribed the compilation and keeping of a consolidated list of the names of members and office bearers of unlawful organisations, persons who were convicted of certain offences under the act and persons who had been restricted by him.

He was also empowered to prohibit any song, slogan or salute.

A former Bureau of State Security (Boss) agent, he was transfer-

red to Ciskei in 1978 and he started the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service with only three men. This organisation has grown into a large force.

General Sebe also expanded the Ciskei police force. He founded a training centre near Wesley in the Peddie area that has developed into the Mapasa Special Warfare Centre where specialist training such as parachute and intelligence courses are offered to Ciskeians.

Gen Sebe had a permanent non-voting seat in the Ciskei cabinet.

He is presently writing a book on the dangers of communism. — DDR.

Monday, July 18, 1983

*D. Dispeck*

# Gen Sebe

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## New Challenge

EAST LONDON — The former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei State Security, Charles Sebe, yesterday said he considered his appointment as head of the National Intelligence Service as a new challenge.

Gen Sebe, who lost much of his power and influence in the restructuring of the former combined services, would not comment on whether he saw the appointment as a demotion.

He said he would be at home in any of these departments. "About future pertinent details of my work I am not prepared to comment," he added.

at the press conference on Saturday, that he would approach the new post with the same enthusiasm with which he tackled his appointment as Commander-in-Chief of State Security. He would soon get down to the task of selecting men for his new department. Asked whether all such men would be drawn from the former Ciskei Central Intelligence Services (CCIS), Gen Sebe said he would not be confined to the staff of the CCIS, but would have to come from other members of the staff. He was not prepared to say whether this would affect the quality of the men taken from the new security department. "I cannot say I will choose the best men, but I will definitely select special men."

with the press? "The press will still be within my operation if I understand the intelligence set-up." "If I have to give information, I will call a press conference on matters affecting the political set-up in the country. I cannot just be a puppet." This would obviously be done after he had briefed the national security council to which he would be responsible, Gen Sebe said. — DDR.



GEN SEBE

# Cabinet united on security changes — Sebe

**Praise for role of press**

ZWELITSHA — The Ciskei Cabinet had unanimously accepted the realignment of the territory's military, police and security forces, President Lennox Sebe said here at the weekend.

Announcing major changes in the Department of State Security at a press conference, he said it had become "humanly impossible" for one person to exercise control and administer the department.

In the new dispensation Ciskei's Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, formerly in control of the combined armed forces of Ciskei, will head the National Intelligence Service.

This unit will have

neither executive authority nor power of arrest and will be responsible to the Ministry of Defence, headed by a Deputy Minister of Defence.

In reply to questions at the press conference, President Sebe denied that the restructuring implied demotion for Gen Sebe.

"It is no demotion at all. The motivation for this is based on development," he said, adding that it would be an honour to Gen Sebe to head the new intelligence agency.

President Sebe said the armed forces were expanding at a considerable rate and were a "heavy load" on one person.

He also rejected possi-

ble links between the restructuring of the department, the shooting incidence at the home of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, and the detention of several top Ciskei Central Intelligence Services officers.

A weekend press report which speculated that Gen Sebe and the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, had been suspended was an example of "licence which goes beyond the boundaries of the truth and professional ethics."

The new structure would not require a cabinet reshuffle. Each department had a programme to fulfil within the 10-point plan and this could not be disrupted. — DDR.

ZWELITSHA — The Ciskei government is to appoint a professional person as a press liaison officer, President Lennox Sebe said at a press conference here.

He said the matter was being treated as a priority and would be looked into immediately.

At the opening of the press conference he referred to the media as the "instruments of progress".

"While everybody is throwing stones at the press, we appreciate the service of the press in a developing country," he said.

Up to now the Ciskei Government's public relations department had been run by former inspectors of schools, teachers and career government clerks.

It appeared from the statement that this was one of the many new developments President Sebe planned to implement soon after his early return from a trip intended to have covered both Israel and Austria.

He denied his early return had anything to do with disturbances in Ciskei.

His reason had been that many important visitors were expected and he did not want to miss the opportunity of meeting them.

He also denied reports about a coup being planned in Ciskei and said the changes, which included stripping Lieutenant General Charles Sebe of his extensive powers and dissolving the Ciskei Central Intelligence services, had been made to put Ciskei in line with developments in other countries in the modern world. — DDR.

## Lt-Gen Sebe rose through the ranks

EAST LONDON — Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe started his career in the South African Police and served in both the uniformed and the plain clothes branches before moving to the security police division in Port Elizabeth in 1960.

At one stage, when he was based in King William's Town with the Bureau for State Security, he was involved in investigating the black consciousness movement.

In 1978 he was transferred to the Ciskei Government where he started the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service with the only three serving members.

He attended a counter-insurgency course in South Africa and was promoted to the rank of colonel.

The Ciskei police were placed under Colonel Sebe's command and developed to a force of about 2 000 men.

In 1981 he was promoted to the

rank of brigadier and later that year he became a major-general.

After Ciskei's independence in December 1981, he became Commander-General of the Department of State Security which included all the armed forces of Ciskei, about 4 500 men.

His promotion to the rank of lieutenant-general was announced by his brother, President Lennox Sebe, in September last year.

He was also given the title of Commander-in-Chief of State Security.

At about the same time General Sebe's deputy, Brigadier T. Minnaar, a former deputy head of training in South Africa's Department of National Security, was promoted to the rank of major-general.

General Sebe, a fitness fanatic who has participated in marathons, ran a boxing stable, until pressure of work put an end to this interest.

## Former Scout to head squad

EAST LONDON — A former member of the Selous Scouts, Major D. Croukamp, is to head Ciskei's anti-terrorism squad, Ikrele Lesizwe (Sword of the Nation).

Major Croukamp, who has been attached to the Ciskei Defence Force for over a year, yesterday described himself as an "average guy."

When contacted at his Gonubie home, Major Croukamp, however, referred all inquiries about his career to the Ciskei President's office.

Announcing the appointment at a weekend press conference, President Lennox Sebe said the major was "a man of very high ex-

perience."

"He is a man who knows theory and has been exposed to anti-terrorism activities and the war against terrorism," said President Sebe.

He said Ikrele Lesizwe, or the Special Force, would be a covert force responsible for anti-terrorist action and

"other clandestine missions."

The unit, which will be under the jurisdiction of the newly-created Ministry of Defence, will also perform community services during periods of national disaster and will provide bodyguards for Ciskei cabinet members. — DDR

# Ciskeian leader's wife urges him to quit Govt

105 E. Post 79/7/83  
By KEITH ROSS

EAST LONDON — The wife of the Vice-1/resident of Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba, today called on her husband to resign from the country's Government.

Mrs Ivy Xaba was speaking from her home in Dimbaza, to which she fled after her house in Zwelitsha had been searched by security police yesterday.

The police detained her 21-year-old son, Lieutenant Christian Xaba, an officer in the Ciskeian army.

Mrs Xaba said the police came into her home and "humiliated" her.

"They came into the Vice-President's house and showed no sign of respect," she said.

"They followed my son throughout the house and even went into my bedroom. They then took my son away without even saying a word to me."

Mrs Xaba said the detention must have been ordered by "people at the top".

She said she had moved to Dimbaza because she no longer felt safe in Zwelitsha.

"I will not go back to Zwelitsha," she said. "We are not wanted there. I am sorry this house is in Ciskei. I have had enough of Ciskei."

"I have told my husband to resign. He is not wanted in the Government."

Mrs Xaba said her husband was "terribly upset" about the detention of their son.

"My husband tried to phone the President but could not get him," she said. "I don't think the President wants to

talk to him."

Mrs Xaba said her husband would now have to decide about his future.

"I am not willing to go back to Zwelitsha," she said. "I would like my husband to go back into the ministry."

Mrs Xaba attributed the wave of detentions in Ciskei to rumours.

Also detained yesterday were six former members of Ciskei's Central Intelligence Service, as well as Colonel M G Pakade, Col M F Tele, now both of the police force, Col Louis Nhonhonho, a Major Motlana and a Warrant Officer Damotyi.

Also detained was a Defence Force officer, Lieutenant L Nkani.

The latest arrests come after the detention last Thursday of the deputy head of the Central Intelligence Service, Brigadier H Tamsanqa, and one of his officers, Captain Joe Ntwasa, on Saturday. In addition the President's brother and former Commander-in-Chief of Ciskei's security, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, was stripped of most of his powers in a wide ranging reshuffle.

According to Sapa, President Sebe denied in Zwelitsha yesterday there was a crackdown on members of the former CCIS. Asked at a Press conference whether there was a crackdown on former CCIS men he said: "I wouldn't put it as a crackdown. Not at all. Those who are in office at present are three times the number of those detained."

He said the media would be called when investigations were completed.

D. Dispatch 19/7/83

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# Seven new detentions confirmed

**EAST LONDON — The son of Ciskei's Vice-President was held yesterday and the detention of six more former Ciskei security force officers was confirmed.**

Ciskei Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, confirmed last night that his son, Mr Mbulelo Xaba was detained yesterday.

Mr Xaba said he learned from his wife that three men had arrived at their official residence in Zwelitsha at 3pm and told his son he was wanted at the police station by the Ciskei Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L. B. Madolo.

"My wife told me they returned later, man-handled her and bumped against her before searching our bedroom," Mr Xaba said.

He said his wife was so upset at the manner in which her son was handled and the utter lack of respect for her shown by the men that she had decided to leave the official residence and go to the family home in Dimbaza.

"She told me she could



Detained (from left): Col Tele, Col Pakade and Col Nhonhonho.

not live in a place like this and I have now been left alone," Mr Xaba said.

The Ciskei Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, confirmed at a press conference in Zwelitsha yesterday that six more former Ciskei Central Intelligence Services (CCIS), police and army

officers had been detained.

Mr Takane said Colonel M. G. Pakade, Col M. F. Tele, both of Ciskei police; Col Louis Nhonhonho, a Major Motlana, a Warrant Officer Damoty, all former CCIS men, and Lieutenant-Colonel L. Nkani of the Defence Force had been detained.

He would not give details but added: "As the matter is still sub judice, any comments will jeopardise investigations and will not be in the interests of justice."

"However, be that as it may, justice will be seen to be done," he added.

When the President of Ciskei, Chief Lennox Sebe, was asked at the conference whether there was a crackdown on former CCIS men, he said: "I wouldn't put it as a crackdown. Not at all.

Those who are in office at present are three times the number of those detained."

He said that the media would be called when investigations were completed.

"If we now divulge the facts of the case, it will hamper investigations and commissions."

The detention of the six men follows the detention last Thursday of the deputy head of the former CCIS, Brigadier H. Tamsanqa, followed by the detention of Captain Joe Ntwasa on Saturday.

"We should not make up our minds that they are culprits." Chief Sebe added it could not be a pleasure to the government to harm others.

On the shooting at the official residence of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr B. N. Pityi, last Friday, Chief Sebe said: "We must get to the root of the whole thing for the good of us all."

"The primary duty of

any government is to protect its people. We are not doing this because it happened to a minister. We would do the same if it happened to anybody."

He added people needed to feel free to move about and live without fear.

Mr Xaba revealed for the first time last night that firearms had been taken from several people in Zwelitsha since last Thursday.

"When I heard about this I went to my son and collected his gun to hand it over to the police."

Meanwhile the former Commander-in-Chief of State Security in Ciskei, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, yesterday revealed that threats had been made to him and his son.

"But I am not prepared to say anything on this," he said.

"I am looking forward to doing the job allocated to me by his excellency."

Asked what threats had been made, he said some people had said that the instruction was that his son should be shot and that he was going to be detained. — DDR.

See also P3 and 9.

# Restructuring leads to 25 promotions

105

Ciskei  
PRO  
post  
still open

19/1/83  
D. DISPATCH

ZWELITSHA — Several police promotions were announced by President Lennox Sebe in his restructuring of the Department of State Security.

Brigadier L. B. Madolo has been appointed Commissioner of Police and Colonel Z. Makuzeni head of the Security Police.

The President said the promotions were necessary as a result of developments and in order to promote efficiency within the police force.

Lt-Colonel D. I. N.

## Silence on meeting

EAST LONDON — The Department of Foreign Affairs yesterday declined to release details of the meeting between the Minister, Mr Pik Botha, and President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei on Friday.

President Sebe was met by Mr Botha and senior officials at Jan Smuts Airport when he returned from Israel.

A spokesman for the department said yesterday Mr Botha was not available and the department had "no comment" on the meeting.

President Sebe has also declined to disclose details of the discussion. — DDR

Mlandu, who has been promoted to full colonel, is now Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Lt-Colonel E. Kutta, who has been appointed head of the police inspectorate, is now a full colonel. Major Zosi has been elevated to Lt-colonel and second-in-command of the Security Police. Major B. J. Komana has been promoted to lieutenant-colonel and quartermaster at headquarters here and Major G. M. Selanto, senior officer at the commissioner's office, to lieutenant-colonel.

Those promoted from captain to major are: Capt. T. M. Ngqaleni, head of the Security Police in Mdantsane, Capt M. R. Konjwa, second-in-charge of the inspectorate, Capt B. Ngobo, district commander at Zwelitsha, Capt F. Ngwanya, head of the Security Police at Zwelitsha, Capt M. L. Bucwa, administration-in-command at the commissioner's office, Capt K. Sebe, in charge of claims and appeals, and Capt D. M. Maqetuka, district commander at Mdantsane.

Promoted from lieutenant to captain are: Lieutenant M. Ntswahlana, Lt M. B. Sam, Lt J. E. Zwelibanzi, Lt F. Zibi, Lt Z. W. Ngwanya, Lt V. A. Pike and Lt B. Ndevu.

Detective Warrant Officer S. Mzamo has been promoted to lieutenant, as has W/O Z. R. Fanti.

Sergeants K. B. Mnyazi and W. W. Selani have been promoted to warrant officers. — DDR.

## Not my councillor says minister

MDANTSANE — The Ciskei Minister of Public Works and chief of the Imidushane at Kwelera, Chief D. M. Johgilanga, has denied a report that Mr Siphso Tanana was his councillor.

"I want to make it clear that he is not my councillor," Chief Jongilanga said.

"Mr Tanana was born and bred in East London and has never lived in Kwelera. How then could he become my

councillor, let alone being chief councillor?"

Mr Tanana, a former deputy manager of Mdantsane and former general secretary of the Ciskei National Independence Party, was detained more than two weeks ago by the now-dissolved Ciskei Central Intelligence Services.

Detained with him are Mr L. F. Siyo, a former Ciskei cabinet minister, and Mr P. T. Mateza, a government employee. — DDR.

ZWELITSHA — The post of a professional press liaison officer for the Ciskeian Government was still open and the government did not have any particular person in mind.

President Lennox Sebe told radio and press men at a press conference yesterday that they could apply if they wanted.

The appointment of the officer was very important. The government should not look as if it was hiding something.

He was happy about the good relations that existed between the press and the government because there was nothing so dangerous as speculation. Speculation put the government on the defensive because readers were often already convinced about what they had already read, no matter what one said. The cabinet had realised the importance of the press.

President Sebe said he appreciated the support the press, radio and television, whose members were "sons of the soil," had given his government.

It was natural that the government could not agree with them on everything. They were entitled to their opinions, views and ideas and this was what made life interesting. — DDR.

POST

# Sebe warns on tribalism in Ciskei

ZWELITSHA — Ciskei was being built into "one nation," and tribalism would not be tolerated in the country, President Lennox Sebe said here yesterday.

He was speaking at a ceremony to announce 18 promotions in the Department of State Security.

President Sebe warned officers not to promote tribalism.

"In the Ciskei I am building one nation, and I will do it. No man will obstruct me," he said.

"If you want to ruin the police force, you must have favourites. But a patriot does not divide the nation.

"If you are not a patriot, you are a curse in the nation. You suffer from leprosy."

The President said officers who, despite having knowledge and certificates, were not patriots, were symbolically dead.

"I don't want dead officers," he said.

He said the officers were not to have favourites, but were to be fair, treating their juniors with consideration and thereby promoting teamwork.

"We have no place in our forces for stars. I would rather have teamwork than stars. A man who is a star must go on the stage and sing for us.

"No matter how bright you are, you cannot build the nation unless

you have people to support you."

The Vice-President, the Reverend W. Xaba, told the officers to adopt a compassionate attitude to others, and to be considerate.

"Because you are working in the field of military and civic security, it does not mean you must now adopt an overbearing attitude of arrogance in order to be feared and create an image of hardness for the sake of discipline."

Mr Xaba said the officers would comprise a stronger and more effective force for security if they "engender trust, faith and love towards yourself from the people of the nation."

Major M. Nkani was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel at the ceremony.

The three captains promoted to the rank of major were: Z. Nxele, N. Bunguza, and N. Mlotana.

President Sebe's son, Lieutenant K. Sebe, was among the 11 lieutenants promoted to captain. The others were M. Giba, M. Konjwa, M. Mzileni, B. Ngobo, M. Ndusulwana, G. Ngaki, M. Seyisi, M. Landu, P. Ngcanga and V. Ngesi.

Sergeant N. Sandile, Sergeant O. Guzana and Corporal L. Matyhila of the Ciskei Defence Force were promoted to lieutenant. — DDR.

# The signs of insecurity in Ciskei

By JUDY PARFITT

A LARGE-SCALE restructuring of Ciskei's Department of State Security — announced by President Lennox Sebe at the weekend — is being widely interpreted as meaning that the President has personally taken over the bulk of the wide-ranging powers once held by Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

The once all-powerful commander-in-chief of State Security in Ciskei, Gen Sebe was stripped of his powers in the wake of reports of deep rifts in the Ciskeian hierarchy.

The new dispensation also provides for a State Security Council, which will have the final word on all security matters. Who will serve on this council is a closely guarded secret, but it seems certain President Sebe will be at the helm.

President Sebe announced that the general, the former chief of all components of the combined forces, will head only a newly established national intelligence service — with no executive authority or power of arrest — which must answer to the State Security Council.

As Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Gen Sebe held some of the most extraordinary powers ever held by any policeman in Southern Africa. His wide-ranging powers

given him under the Ciskei National Security Act passed last year, made him the most powerful and feared man in Ciskei. In most countries these powers are vested with ministers of state and not a police officer.

The announcement came two days after the detention of the general's right-hand man, Brigadier N Tamsanga and three other senior security officers.

Other pointers to mounting strife in government circles were Friday's shooting attack on the home of Foreign Affairs Minister Mr B N Pitso — a staunch supporter of the president — and President Sebe's unexpected early return that afternoon from a short-lived overseas visit. His return was followed almost immediately by an emergency Cabinet meeting.

President Sebe was met at Jan Smuts Airport by the South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pk Botha, and senior officials of his department. However, President Sebe refused to elaborate on this meeting. The president has also denied any link be-

tween the general's demotion, the detention of three members of the security forces, the shooting at the house of Mr Pitso, and his surprise return.

Widespread speculation that the restructuring of the State Security Department had been occasioned by a Sebe family feud, was also rejected at the weekend.

In an interview President Sebe said the reshuffle was necessary "to bring the department into line with international practice" and "to create a viable Ciskei."

He also denied that the general had been demoted, explaining that most of the new appointments were made about two weeks ago, before he left for Israel.

The new dispensation sees President Sebe's Defence Ministry controlling the defence force, special force and air force. All liaison with foreign and national security forces will be handled by the Defence Ministry and the Security Council.

The Minister of Justice, Mr D Takane, has assumed jurisdiction over the police, prisons and traffic and Colonel Z Makuzeni, who will head the security service, will also report to Mr Takane.

A former Selous Scout who joined the Ciskeian Government about two years ago, Major D Croucamp, will command the anti-

terrorist special force — Kirele Lesizwe (sword of the nation).

Major Croucamp, who has been attached to the Ciskei Defence Force for over a year, yesterday described himself as an "average guy", but when contacted at his Gombie home he referred all inquiries about his career to the Ciskei President's office.

Announcing the appointment, President Sebe said the major was "a man of very high experience."

"He is a man who knows theory and has been exposed to anti-terrorism activities and the war against terrorism," said President Sebe.

Until the restructuring is effected, every one attached to the former Ciskei Central Intelligence Service — barring General Sebe — will fall under the Commander of Police, Brigadier I. B. Madolo.

According to the vice-president Rev W M Xaba, the creation of a Defence Ministry and a Department of Police and Prisons had been on the cards "for a long time."

Rev Xaba rejected reports of instability and division at senior government level and denied allegations that the Transport Minister, Mr Namba Sebe, had been dismissed. It was also not true, he added, that CCIS members had gone into hiding.

LENNOX SEBE ... takes the reins



CHARLES SEBE ... powers stripped



19/7/83

101

~~101~~

### Hotel jobs for Ciskeians

EAST LONDON — The Southern Sun Hotel Group is opening up a new hotel in Cape Town and has made available about 133 jobs for Ciskeian males.

Mr Kelly Bekwa, a representative of the group's personnel department, said no particular emphasis was being laid on Ciskei, but the jobs were being offered to Ciskeians because of influx control laws.

"There are closed areas and there are open areas and the authorities in Cape Town have allowed us a certain number of people from one particular area," he said

"The main reason why we chose the Ciskei was its proximity to Cape Town."

Mr Bekwa said the positions offered were of a junior nature, involving work as housemen, cleaners, loading bay attendants, barhelpers, porters, waiters, commissionaires, and car park attendants. — DDR.

## Perks tax due in March next year

PRETORIA — The tough fringe benefit taxation regulations will come into operation from the start of the 1984-85 fiscal year. The Director General of Finance, Dr Joep de Loor, said here yesterday.

Dr De Loor said the commission of Members of Parliament appointed more than a year ago to assess fringe benefits for tax purposes had completed its report

It will have a final meeting soon to sign the report

Dr De Loor said it was possible a draft bill to amend the income tax legislation to include the perks evaluations would have a first read-

ing in the Assembly during the short parliamentary session which starts on August 3

However, organised commerce and industry would be given the opportunity of making further comment on the contents of the draft bill, he added.

The imposition of the tax, according to economists, will mean a re-evaluation of salaries to take into account the fact that the real incomes of large numbers of workers, especially at the middle and top management level, will be decreased, some seriously so, when their tax avoiding perks are taxed.

Economists too, that the tax's introduction coincide with expected upswing economy, will mean sharp competition between companies for high staff

This will be the case of when negotiations for compensation result in a loss of fringe benefits such as company allowances, loans at low interest rates,

It has been that the effective tax-avoidance will net the as little as R2 year. — DDC.

## Woman shot by ex-husband

CAPE TOWN — A woman who was shot twice by her ex-husband as she tried to run away from him along the main road through Glencairn yesterday was in a "reasonable" condition in Tygerberg Hospital last night.

Mrs June Alexandra Atcheson, 53, had been transferred there earlier from No 2 Military Hospital in Wynberg.

Her former husband, Mr D. W. Young, an official with the city council's electricity department shot himself after

firing at Mrs He died inst

Mr Young divorced from son some years ago. Atcheson married a marine in Simon's Town

**NEW CORCORAN SPRING**

# Buses Stoned and Boycotted

D. DISPATCH 19/7/83

EAST LONDON — A large number of people boycotted buses yesterday and ten buses were damaged by stone-throwing at the West Bank Industrial area here.

The Divisional Commissioner of police in the Border, Brigadier Ben Bekker, said three people had been arrested after damage to Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) buses. No one had been injured.

The managing director of CTC, Mr Hans Kaiser, could not give an estimate of the damage to the buses, but said mainly windows were broken. The bus boycott followed a CTC bus fare increase of an average 10 per cent last Wednesday.

In a statement released before the increases, Mr Kaiser said the CTC could not afford to extend services at the old fare levels and said all CTC operations centres were running at a loss.

Under the new fares, computers pay for extra, R2.50 for 10 ride and R2.00 for 10 ride. The system manager of the South African Transport Services in the Border region, Mr L. du Toit, said yesterday there had been a "large increase"

in the use of trains from Mdantsane.

He said "more than a thousand" extra passengers had commuted by train from Mdantsane and because of the increased traffic, an extra early morning train had been laid on from Mouth Ruth.

The train, which will provide transport for an extra 1 000 passengers, will leave Mount Ruth at 5 am. Mr Du Toit said it would be a flexible service lasting "as long as people need it."

By 5.15 am yesterday, it was clear that the number of commuters leaving the main bus terminal at Mdantsane was much lower than usual.

Armed Ciskei police were on standby at the terminal, but there was no sign of anyone directing the boycott. Buses from the various zones in Mdantsane were either half full or totally empty.

No further incidents were observed in the West Bank area last night after factories closed.

Police kept a close watch on bus stops in the area, as well as the main bus terminus in town.

Buses seen leaving the terminus were virtually empty, as were the buses at stops on the West Bank Private cars and taxis were fully laden

and large numbers of commuters were seen walking through the bus terminus towards East London station.

At a press conference in Zwelitsha yesterday, the President of Ciskei, Chief Lennox Sebe, said his information was that people were using buses.

He said the trouble had been in various zones where intimidators were stopping people from getting to the main bus terminal. Many people had gone to Mount Ruth station to board trains.

"We have identified the problem and asked for more buses to get those people," he said.

A patrol on the feeder lines had been set up to protect the people who had congregated at Mount Ruth station in fear of intimidators.

He said the greatest fear rose from the fact that there was no assurance that people would get the protection they got from Ciskei when they arrived in East London.

"It is clear that arrangements have to be made on both sides and I am crossing fingers that nothing unpleasant will happen in East London," Chief Sebe said.

**CONTINUED P3**



West Bank workers stream across the B. J. Vorster Bridge on foot last night as empty buses head back to town.

41 LC 92

NUMBER OF PEOPLE

2

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

7 475 - 855

NO 14093 9N

He said the govern-  
ment was concerned ab-  
out any bus fare in-  
crease but was caught  
between two extremes —  
catering for those in em-  
ployment and refusing  
increases so that buses  
ran at a loss which  
would mean ultimate re-  
trenchment.

He said the local bus  
company still had the  
lowest charges com-  
pared with other areas

"The increases were  
necessitated by the fact  
that the bus company  
was running at a loss  
because it had not  
raised fares when others  
did."

Mr. Kaiser said his  
company had met with  
officials of the South  
African Allied Workers  
Union recently to dis-  
cuss the increases, but  
had not resolved their  
differences

He said the CTC would  
continue to operate its  
normal services through  
any boycott.

He added that there  
was a full turnout of  
drivers yesterday.

Saawu said in a state-  
ment that it "saluted"  
the resolution of the  
East London commuters  
and that it wanted to  
make it clear that Saawu  
had not "dragooned"

people into embarking  
on this action.

"The decision to do so  
was taken freely and  
democratically by a  
cross-section of the East  
London community.

"The Ciskei Govern-  
ment should hang its  
head in shame for  
assuming a junior part-  
ner role in making peo-  
ple pay astronomic fares  
not compatible with the  
lowest average income,"  
Saawu said

The union said it had  
been "knocking at the  
doors of Gompo Trans-  
port," but the fruits had  
been a hike in fares in a  
region which had high  
unemployment — DDR

# Gen Sebe's son held in new swoop

*Cape Times 19/7/83 (105)*

**Own Correspondent**

**PORT ELIZABETH.** — Sons of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and the Vice-President of the Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba, were detained in Ciskei yesterday, and the earlier detention of some of General Sebe's associates was confirmed.

The sons are Mr Khambashe Sebe and Mr Mbulelo Xaba.

Sources said their arrest followed an argument they had with President Lennox Sebe's son and the son of the Foreign Minister, Mr B N Pityi, whose home was peppered with gunshot last week in what has been called an abortive coup.

Speculation is mounting that the new security network is closing in on General Sebe.

He was tight-lipped when contacted at his home yesterday. Asked if he was afraid, he said: "Why must I be? I won't run".

The Justice Minister, Mr D Takane, recently invested with control of police, prisons and security, said he did not have enough evidence "so far" to be able to say whether a coup had been attempted.

Charges have not been brought against eight detainees who were General Sebe's aides.

They are Colonel L L Nonhonho, Major Mlotana, Warrant-Officer Damoyi, Captain Joe Ntwasa (all of the disbanded Ciskei Central Intelligence Service), Colonel G M Pakade and Colonel T M Tele (formerly based at the Ciskei uniformed police headquarters), Lieutenant-Colonel M W Nkani of the defence force and Brigadier H Tamsanqa, once the General Sebe's right-hand man.

The former Ciskei Labour Party leader, 74-year-old Mr L F Siyo, now in his third week of detention, is under police guard at the Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

The Ciskei's defence force chaplain was named deputy of the new Defence Ministry yesterday.

The Rev G Ntshinga is a former school inspector of religious instruction.

Among promotions announced yesterday was that of President Sebe's son, Captain Kwane Sebe, to the rank of major.

# R90-m put into Ciskei industry

About half of the R186 million which has been invested in the Ciskei through the offices of the Ciskei National Development Corporation was channelled into industrial undertakings, it would seem from the corporation's annual report for the year to March 31.

Of the R90,3 million cumulative total investment in industry to date, more than one third (R31,3 million) was made in the latest financial year, a year that coincided with the territory's assumption of independence.

A total of 66 agreements have been concluded with industrialists, 22 more than in the previous year. Of these, 13 new factories were physically established during the year while an-

other 10 are being established.

As reported in The Star yesterday, a further 17 agreements have been approved and are being finalised while 36 are still in the pipeline.

Ciskeians employed in industrial jobs through the efforts of the CNDC now earn a total annual income of more than R17 million, the report shows.

In the category of smaller scale business, the CNDC reports there has been no diminishing demand from Ciskeians for financial assistance to acquire businesses or homes. During the year a total of nearly

R5 million in loans was granted for these purposes, bringing the cumulative total up to R24,3 million.

Of 61 loans granted for business purposes, 23 were for general dealers and restaurants. The balance were in respect of bakeries, dry cleaners, refuse removal contractors, garages, transport concerns, hotels and bottle stores, supermarkets, cinemas and butcheries.

Drought stricken, as is much of South Africa, the Ciskei expects its economy to become increasingly dependent on industry to provide it with growth in the short term at least. This in

spite of the fact that the development of the agricultural sector has (correctly, says managing director Mr F S Meisenholl) been declared the basis for the country's economic development.

In spite of the drought the recently completed pineapple season saw production fall short of the 14 000 ton target by only 200 tons, says the report. During the year a further six million plants were established.

The CNDC has also undertaken a training programme which the report says should involve 500 trainees in the current financial year.

# Leader's son held in Ciskei swoop

ARGUS 19/7/83

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Argus Bureau

EAST LONDON. — Mr Mbulelo Xaba, son of Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev Willie Xaba, has been detained by security police.

His detention, at the Vice-President's official Zwelitsha residence yesterday afternoon, brings to nine the number of Ciskei security officers detained in six days.

Among them are the former Commander of the Defence Force, Lieutenant-Colonel L Nkani, and the deputy head of Ciskei Central Intelligence Service, Brigadier N Tamsanqa.

Mr Xaba said police arrived at his home at 3 pm and told his son he was wanted by the Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L Madolo, at the police station.

## Manhandled

His wife told him the police returned later and manhandled her before searching their bedroom.

She was so upset that she left to stay at their Dimbaza home.

President Lennox Sebe yesterday announced the appointment of Brigadier J Nel as Commander of the Defence Force to replace Lieutenant-Colonel Nkani.

He declined to reveal details of the detention of the nine men because, he said, it would hamper investigations.

The media would be told when the investigations were completed.

## Methodist

Sapa reports that a former minister of the Methodist Church and chaplain to the Ciskei combined forces, the Rev Vein George Ntshinga, has been appointed Deputy Minister of Defence.

This was announced by President Lennox Sebe at a Press conference in Zwelitsha today.

The new post has been created following President Sebe's restructuring of the Department of State Security.



Lieutenant General  
Charles Sebe

# Charles Sebe <sup>ARGUS</sup> 19/1/83 held in Ciskei <sup>105</sup>

By BARBARA HART  
Argus Bureau

EAST LONDON. — Ciskei's former head of security and brother of President Lennox Sebe, Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, was detained today. His security adviser, Major General T Minnaar, was also detained.

Announcing the detentions the Minister of Justice, Mr David Takane, said their detention was linked to the shooting at the Foreign Affairs Minister's house last week.

Full details of the detentions would be disclosed when investigations were complete.

## COURT

All the security officers being held under the National Security Act would appear in court, Mr Takane said.

Eleven officers — all supporters of General Sebe — have been detained in the past six days.

Yesterday General Sebe denied that he had tried to stage a coup in Ciskei while his brother was in Israel last week.

General Sebe's deputy in the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service, Brigadier N Tamanqu, as well as close confidant Captain Joe Ntwasa were detained last Thursday.

## SPLIT

The general lost his powerful position when President Sebe announced at a Press conference on Saturday that the Department of State Security, headed by General Sebe, was to be restructured.

The various sections of the security departments would be split and would fall under new departments of defence and justice.

President Sebe said that General Sebe would head a virtually toothless Ciskei Central Intelligence Service under which he would have no powers of arrest or executive powers and would only collect information to be submitted to the State Security Council.

See Page 11.

105 19/7/83 D. DISPATCH



Ciskei's first Deputy Minister of Defence, the Rev V. G. Ntshinga (centre), with President Sebe and the new head of the army, Brigadier J. Nel.

# Ciskei cabinet post for chaplain

**ZWELITSHA** — A former minister of the Methodist Church and chaplain of Ciskei Combined forces, the Rev Vein George Ntshinga, has been appointed Deputy Minister of Defence.

This was announced by President Lennox Sebe at a press conference here yesterday.

The new post was created after President Sebe's restructuring of the Department of State Security.

President Sebe also announced that Brigadier A. Nel had been appointed commander of the Defence Force in the place of Lt-Colonel M. W. Nkani, who has been detained.

A teacher by profession, Mr Ntshinga entered the ministry while teaching in Bloemfontein and did his ministerial training at Fort Hare.

He has nine degree courses with the University of South Africa.

He served as minister in Durban, Cape Town, Pretoria, Barberton and King William's Town. He was appointed first inspector of religious education and biblical studies by the then Ciskei Territorial Authority in 1968. He served in this office for more than 12 years.

In September 1981 he was transferred to the Department of State Security as first chaplain of combined forces.

The Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Chief J. T. Mabandla, who President Sebe said was the oldest member of the nucleus of what had now turned out to be an independent state, said the cabinet was pleased to have been joined by a man of Mr Ntshinga's calibre.

The Minister of Manpower Utilisation, Chief Lent Maqoma, said he was sure that the Vice-President, the Rev W. M. Xaba, would feel at home by being joined by another minister of religion.

He said there was no better man for the post. He was unassuming and unobtrusive and did his duties to the best of his ability.

President Sebe said the Defence Force should not only be cracking pistols but should be involved in community development, like building dams.

He said if the youth were given guns only, that would be counter-productive. They were there to prevent war, to fight the war of hunger, poverty, terrorism and the like. — DDR.

1983



# Death threats against ex-Ciskei security chief

ARGUS 20/7/83 105

Argus Bureau

**EAST LONDON.** — The wife of Ciskei's former head of security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, has received three death threats since her husband and 18-year-old son were detained yesterday.

Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe said she had received three telephone calls — late last night and early today — warning her to prepare two coffins, one for her husband and the other for her son, Khambashe.

"They phoned at 10.05 pm, 11.55 pm and again at 2.20 this morning telling me to prepare two coffins."

Mrs Sebe said she was not sure whether it was the same person who had telephoned each time. The caller spoke with a low voice as though he had influenza.

### Strangled

"I didn't respond to the first call. When they phoned again I questioned the caller who said: 'You are still answering back. We will end up with you. We will destroy you.'"

Mrs Sebe, who said she was extremely concerned about her husband's and son's safety, said she had reported the threats to Divisional Commander of Police Brigadier L. B. Madolo early today.

"I am not so concerned about their detention as for their safety. People can get strangled or poisoned in prison."

Brigadier Madolo had told her he would investigate the matter and would take all possible precautions to ensure the detainees' safety.

Mrs Sebe said her husband was being held at the new Mdantsane prison. Her son was being held at the old prison.

## Charles Sebe: I had a strong premonition of arrest after sack

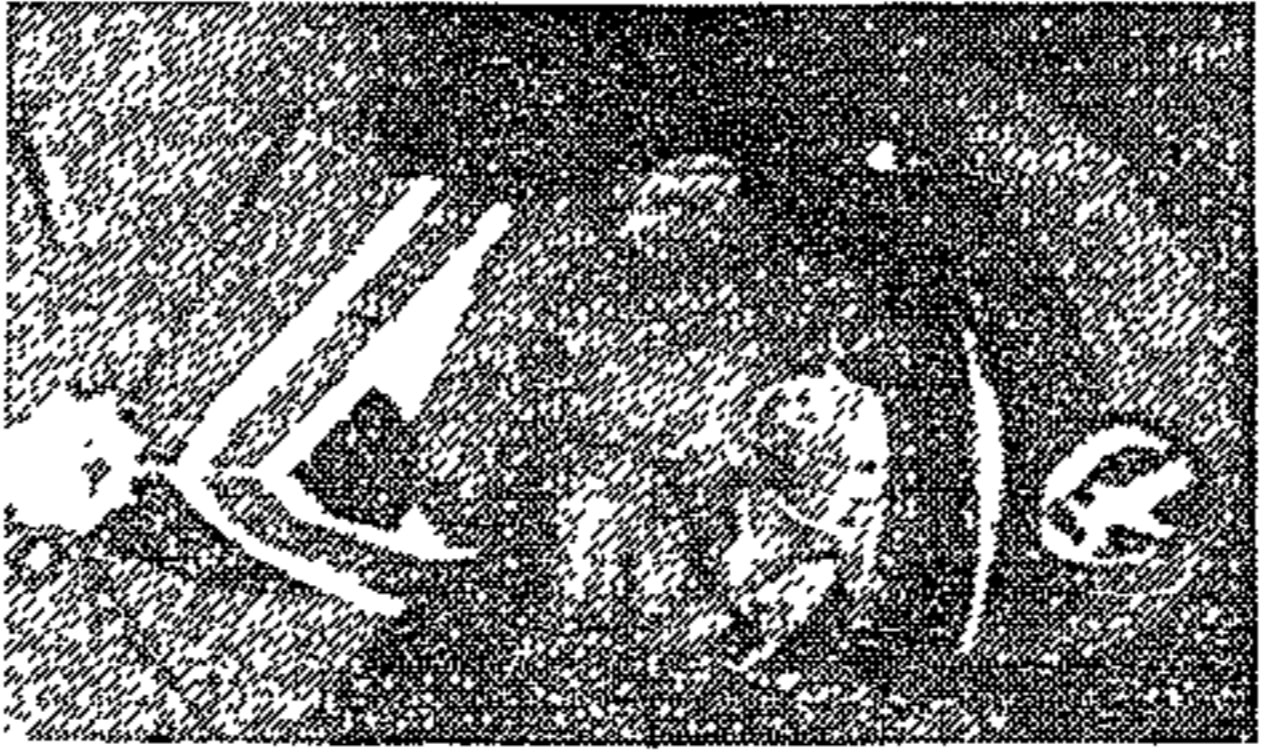
ARGUS 20/7/83 105

**Argus Bureau EAST LONDON.** — Charles Sebe, brother of Ciskei President Lennox Sebe, had a strong premonition he would be detained after he was sacked as head of Ciskei security earlier this week.

In a telephone interview from his Tshatshu home only hours before his detention yesterday, the then Lieutenant-General Sebe said he would rather be arrested and appear in court than flee from Ciskei.

### NEVER RUN

"I will never run from Ciskei. God gave me my strong character, sense of justice and commitment to maintaining security. If they want to accuse me with false allegations they can," Charles Sebe said in answer to rumours



Charles Sebe

that he was about to flee the country.

"I am waiting for something to happen to me," he said. "For three weeks all the people around me have been detained. It would be better if I were arrested and appeared in court. If I run away all the liars will come out."

He again denied that he had attempted to stage a coup while President Lennox Sebe was overseas.

"I have heard people saying that I was supposed to have staged a coup but the Government has not approached me about this."

"If I had tried a coup while the President was away what stopped me from succeeding?"

Charles Sebe's rise through the ranks from a police sergeant to Commander General of State Security in only five years was spectacular and matched only by his dramatic fall from power.

Aided by his elder brother, the President,

he was promoted rapidly to the position of Commander General where, in terms of last year's National Security Act, he could even exercise the powers of the President in urgent cases.

These powers made Charles Sebe the most hated and feared man in Ciskei.

### PRETEXT

He detained scores of people — mostly trade unionists, church field workers and people resisting resettlement — under the pretext of fighting communism and maintaining State security, it was claimed.

The deposition of Charles Sebe has consolidated President Lennox Sebe's position at the helm of his one-party state.

20/7/83 (105) 2004

# Road to power of a single-minded man

By CHRIS FREIMOND  
Political Correspondent

PRESIDENT Lennox Sebe's career as leader of Ciskei began 10 years ago when he ousted Chief Justice Mabandla from his post as Chief Minister by 26 votes to 24.

He has since worked untiringly at consolidating his position. This week, in a series of moves that shook the national state, he forged himself the military power base from which to rule as President for Life — a title conferred by Ciskei's National Assembly only last month.

The move to make President Sebe life-long head of state was to "secure the interests of the Republic of Ciskei" and for the sake of continuity.

The only slight stumble on

his path to power was in 1975 when the then Chief Minister Sebe's National Assembly seat was taken away by the Supreme Court because of electoral irregularities. He stayed on as an adviser to the government until he won a by-election later that year.

President Sebe — a commoner by birth who was appointed a chief after he became Chief Minister — opposed homeland independence a la Pretoria for many years because, among other reasons, he did not want to inherit a land of starving, workless people.

But in 1981, despite recommendations to the contrary from a commission of experts he appointed, he led Ciskei to "independence".

## The dramatic rise and fall of a general

Political Correspondent

LIEUTENANT-General Charles Sebe's rise to power was almost as dramatic as his fall.

After his appointment as head of the Ciskei Intelligence Service in 1977, the 49-year-old former South African policeman and agent for the defunct Bureau for State Security (BOSS) began building up a formidable security force which, before he was ousted this week, had about 4 500 men with vast powers of detention and interrogation.

Gen Sebe is an ardent anti-communist. During the 1960s he was deeply involved in SAP campaigns against the African National Congress and the Pan Africanist Congress in the Eastern Cape.

Over the past few years he also earned a reputation as an anti-trade unionist.

His often eccentric behaviour included censoring the works of local poets and issuing "poets' licences" to people who wished to write verse.

He was a physical fitness fanatic and claimed to jog up to 20km a day. He is renowned for his knowledge of weapons, particularly those of communist origin.

As security supremo in Ciskei, Gen Sebe believed he was the prime target of anti-Ciskei elements. He is said to have slept with a machine gun next to his bed.

Gen Sebe is the youngest of five children. His bother, President Lennox Sebe, is the eldest.

# SAP 'not involved in arrest of Sebe'

Pretoria Bureau

Two members of the South African Police had been invited to the Ciskei by the Government of that country but they had not been involved "in any way" in the arrests of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and Major-General Taillefer Minnaar, a spokesman for the office of the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange said today.

He was reacting to allegations that two white men in a Transvaal car were present at the arrest.

A witness said the two men were South African security policemen.

From East London it is reported that General Sebe's wife has received three telephone death threats since her husband and her 18-year-old son were detained.

Mrs Sebe said she was not sure whether it was the same person who had telephoned each time. She had reported the threats to the Divisional Commander of Police, Brigadier L B Madolo.

"I am not so concerned about their detention as about their safety. People can get strangled or poisoned in prison," Mrs Sebe said.

Brigadier Madolo had told her he would investigate the matter and would take all possible precautions to ensure the detainees' safety.

Mrs Sebe said she had no idea why her husband and son had been detained and no knowledge of General Sebe being involved in a coup bid.

Announcing the detentions the Ciskei Minister of Justice, Mr David Takane, said their detention was linked to the shooting at the home of the Minister of Foreign Affairs last Friday.

Full details of the detentions would not be disclosed until after investigations had been completed.

All the security officers being held under the National Security Act would appear in court, Mr Takane said.

Twelve officers — all supporters of General Sebe — have been detained in the past six days.

The country's Vice-president, the Reverend W M Xaba, said yesterday that the cabinet had no knowledge of a planned coup.

"We have heard about the allegations but, as far as I am concerned — and this applies to the whole Cabinet — nobody knew there was such a move," Mr Xaba said.

General Sebe's deputy in the Ciskei Central Intelligence Services, Brigadier N Tamanqu, as well as a close confidante, Captain Joe Ntwasa, were detained last Thursday.

The general lost his powerful position when President Sebe announced at a Press conference on Saturday that the Department of State Security, headed by General Sebe, was to be restructured.

This would split the various sections of the security departments which would fall under new departments of Defence and Justice.

President Sebe said that General Sebe would head a virtually toothless Ciskei Central Intelligence Service and would have no powers of arrest and no executive powers.

# SA Security Police help in big Ciskei clampdown

# Gen Sebe and top aide held

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Mail Correspondent

PORT ELIZABETH

A DISGRACED Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and his closest aide, Major-General Tallegor Minnaar — a former senior ranking officer in the SA National Intelligence Service — were detained in Ciskei yesterday amid strong indications that more heads will roll as Ciskei's new security order entrenches itself.

Speculation that the South African Government is involved in the shake-up — allegedly prompted by an abortive coup — was fuelled by the participation of SA Security Policemen in the arrests.

The Eastern Province Herald was interviewing the General's wife, Mrs N Sebe, at her Tshatshu home outside Zwelitsha when six Ciskeian CID officers and two South African Policemen in plainclothes arrived with Gen Sebe, former head of Ciskei Security Forces.

Reporters were ordered off the premises. The house was searched and Gen Sebe packed a change of clothing.

He was whisked away 45 minutes later. Nothing was removed from the house.

The police operations were monitored by President Lennox Sebe's ~~helo~~ ~~who~~ repeatedly drove past the house.

According to a domestic worker at the Minnaar's luxury farm, Blacklands, outside King William's Town, seven policemen — including two whites — accompanied Gen Minnaar to the farm yesterday morning.

She said they left with him after "walking through" the house. Gen Minnaar, 44, was an undercover intelligence agent for South Africa overseas before he became deputy head of training in the then Department of National Security.

He resigned his position in 1979 following his appointment as a security advisor to the Ciskeian Government.

Gen Minnaar helped establish the recently-disbanded Ciskei Central Intelligence Service.

Ciskei's Justice Minister, Mr D Takane, yesterday confirmed "the latest detentions" which bring to 11 the number of high-ranking officials from the combined forces who have been detained since an attack on the home of Foreign Minister Mr B N Pityi last week.

Asked whether the attack was the forerunner to an attempted coup, Mr Takane said: "I cannot answer that".

Asked whether other heads were likely to roll he said: "I cannot say so emphatically. Our investigations are incomplete, though they are nearing completion."

Mr Takane said he did not know whether the SA Security Police were involved.

He said Gen Sebe and Gen Minnaar — whose arrests were authorised by Brigadier L B Madolo — were being held under the National Security Act.

"As soon as the case is ready for presentation, the accused will be arraigned before court."

Asked for confirmation of the detention of General Sebe's son, Khambashe, Mr Takane said: "He has not been arrested yet".

Yesterday a distraught Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, wife of Gen Sebe, described her husband's arrest while the General's mother, Mrs Maggie Sebe, and other relatives wept unashamedly.

"My husband left for work this morning and phoned soon afterwards to say he was just sitting around waiting to see which office they would give him." (The General lost his original office when he was stripped of his powers).

"Then the phone rang again and an anonymous caller told me between sobs that the General had been taken away."

Later Mrs Sebe broke the news by telephone to their youngest son, Tshiwo, who is a boarder at St Andrew's College in Grahamstown.

● See Page 3

A disgraced Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe is shown after being detained by police yesterday.



# 80pc boycott of buses say police

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EAST LONDON — The boycott of Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) buses continued here yesterday with an 80 per cent drop in the use of buses, according to police estimates.

The boycott is in protest against bus fare increases of about 10 per cent.

The managing director of CTC, Mr Hans Kaiser, said he did not have figures for bus usage yesterday, but said the company's figures showed 62 per cent of normal traffic was recorded on Monday — the day the boycott started.

In a brief statement, Mr Kaiser said 79 bus windows had been broken in various stoning incidents in East London and Mdantsane since Monday.

As regards the cause of the boycott — increased fares on most of the company's routes — Mr Kaiser said: "Even after this increase, our fare structure is between six and 39 per cent lower than any other similar operation in South Africa."

Several stoning incidents were reported to the police in East London again yesterday morning, according to the Divisional Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Jim Bekker. Nobody was injured, he said.

Brig Bekker said the boycott appeared to be

"quite successful."

"I would estimate there is an 80 per cent boycott," he said.

Police were still patrolling the major routes and bus stops but were "having difficulty" arresting stone-throwers.

"These people walk along with stones in their pockets and just throw at passing buses — it is difficult to make arrests under these circumstances."

Brig Bekker said no further arrests had been made after the arrest of three people in the West Bank area on Monday morning.

Use of trains by commuters from Mdantsane increased again yesterday, according to the systems manager for the South African Transport Services here, Mr L. du Toit.

Extra coaches were added to trains going to and from Mdantsane, Mr Du Toit said, and extra trains had been laid on in the early morning and late afternoon for commuters.

This service would continue "as long as the boycott," he added. A limiting factor was the number of ticket sellers, but more were being laid on at "bottlenecks" such as Chiselhurst and in the city centre, to avoid long queues.

The boycott of buses had little effect on attendance at local factories yesterday, with company spokesmen reporting "hardly any absenteeism."

The chairman of the Border Chamber of Industries, Mr David Saunders — who also manages a battery factory on the West Bank — said he had spoken to "three or four" other employers in the area and all had reported normal attendance.

No incidents were reported at East London stops when factories closed yesterday evening, although armed police were on standby at the main bus terminus and patrolled the industrial areas. — DDR.

Picture page 5.

# Sebe's wife <sup>105</sup> tells Supreme Court of fear <sup>2. Post</sup> for his life <sup>23/7/87</sup>

By KEITH ROSS

**EAST LONDON** — Fears for the life of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, who is in detention in the Ciskei, were expressed by his wife in the Supreme Court in Zwelitsha yesterday.

Mrs Nomafakathi (Faki) Sebe expressed her fears in an affidavit calling for the release of her husband, who is among eight detainees alleged to have committed or intended to commit offences relating to "the overthrow or endangering of the state authorities in Ciskei".

The affidavit claimed there were no indications that General Sebe had been involved in planning a coup in Ciskei.

Before Mr Justice Pickard were papers calling on the Ciskeian Government, the Commissioner of Police and the Commissioner of Prisons, to show why the detainees should not be released by Monday, July 25.

The applicants were Mrs Sebe, for General Sebe and her son Corporal Khambashe Sebe, Mrs Nondwe Sebe for Lieutenant Toni Sebe, Miss Kholeka Nondlwana for Captain Joe Ntwasa, Mrs Ntombizonke Dlabantu for Captain Mahlubandile Dlabantu, Mrs Ethelena Tamsankqa for Brigadier H N Tamsankqa, Mrs Nobambo Sebe for Lieutenant Colin Sebe and Mrs Ivy Xaba for Lieutenant Mbulelo Xaba.

The respondents were the Minister of Justice, Mr David Takane, on behalf of the Ciskeian Government and the Commissioner of Prisons, and the Commissioner of Police Brigadier Lulama Madolo.

In a sworn statement, Mrs Sebe said her husband and her son, Corporal Sebe, had committed no offence, nor did they intend to commit any in terms of the National Security Act.

Mrs Sebe said she believed the lives of her husband and son were in danger, as a result of reports made to her.

In response Mr Takane said the court had no jurisdiction to entertain the applications and they should therefore be dismissed, with costs.

He said it was not in the public interest for any information about the arrests to be disclosed now.

Brigadier Madolo said in a sworn statement that he had given orders for the detainees to be arrested because he believed they intended to commit offences in terms of the National Security Act.

The court postponed the hearing until Monday, when a separate application by Mrs Mara Elizabeth Minnaar will also be heard.

Mrs Minnaar claims there is no lawful basis for the detention of her husband, Major-General Tailefer Minnaar, a South African and the former Security Advisor of General Sebe.

● Focus on the Ciskei — Page 16, 17, 18.

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# Xaba hopes to be at work next week

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EAST LONDON — Ciskei's Vice-President, the Rev Willie Xaba, said yesterday he would be back in his office next week "if the doctor is right".

Speaking from his official residence in Zwelitsha, Mr Xaba confirmed that he was recovering from a bout of influenza and had been instructed by his doctor to remain in bed until Monday.

He said he knew nothing about allegations that he had been suspended and added that "if the doctor is right" he would be back at his desk next week.

Mr Xaba, who, along with the Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, has not attended cabinet meetings this week, has been absent from work since Wednesday.

He said his wife, Mrs Ivy Xaba, had been to visit him since he took ill. Mrs Xaba moved to the family home in Dimbaza on Monday after her house in Zwelitsha was searched by security police and her son was detained.

Mr Xaba also denied any knowledge of the contents of a document which he had earlier said contained "much useful and derogatory information" about the Ciskei President's Council and which had allegedly been sent to the South African Government.

"I know nothing about the letter, I only heard about it," he said.

President Lennox Sebe allegedly received the letter from South Africa's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, when he returned from Israel on Friday last week.

Mr Xaba on Tuesday told the Daily Dispatch that the letter came from a Ciskei source and was "nothing short of character assassination of the entire cabinet". — DDR

## SAP still after stolen vehicle

EAST LONDON — South African Police are still trying to trace the stolen car which was registered under the licence number used on a Ciskeian police car.

Police spokesman Major Warren Brown said he had not been able to find out where an Audi registered as CE 68101 was. The car's registration plates are presently being used on a Ciskeian police car which was used earlier this week to take General Charles Sebe into detention.

"The car is still registered under a man's name in Parkside," Maj Brown said yesterday.

Neither Maj Brown nor a police spokesman in Pretoria, Major T. Heyns, would comment on the registration procedure used for SAP cars.

Ciskei's Minister of Justice, Mr T. Takane, could not be contacted for comment. — DDR.

## Wife can't find her detained husband

ZWELITSHA — Mrs Ntombizonke Dlabantu, wife of a detained former Ciskei Central Intelligence Services officer, Captain Mahlubandile Dlabantu, yesterday told of her efforts in trying to find out where her husband is being held.

Mrs Dlabantu, who is expecting a baby next month, said her husband was detained on Monday.

"I went to check at the Mdantsane prison after I learnt about the detention but no one there knew his whereabouts," Mrs Dlabantu said.

She then drove to Dimbaza police station.

"One policeman told me he could not be there because there were no cells at the police station but I was told later he was not there."

On Wednesday Mrs Dlabantu said she went to Ciskei Police headquarters in Zwelitsha.

She found her hus-

band's car there and spoke to Major M. Bucwa who told her he did not know where he was.

"He added that the officers likely to know were not in at the time."

Mrs Dlabantu then went to see Colonel Z. Makuzeni, the head of security police.

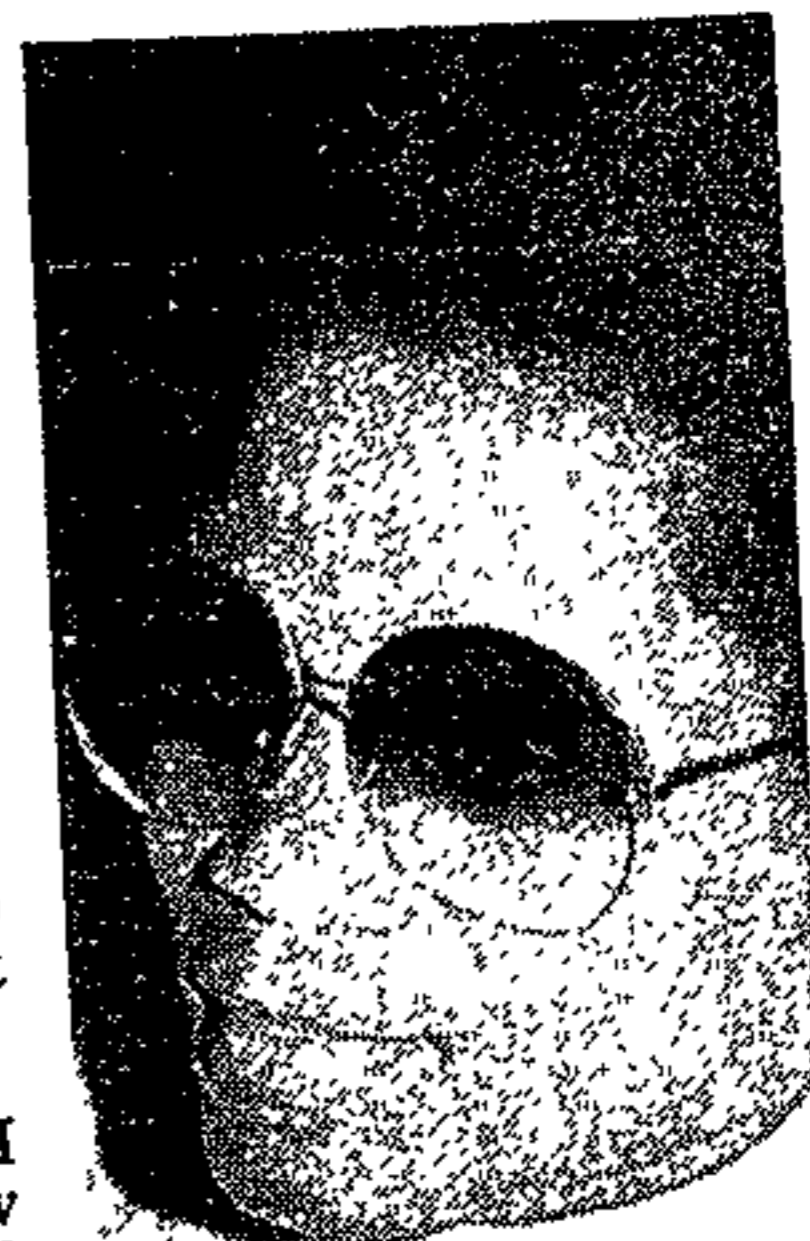
"I had to wait two hours before talking to him and he could not help either.

"All he said was that I could hand over a new change of clothes and they would pass them on.

"When I insisted on knowing where my husband was, Colonel Makuzeni was adamant I would not see him even if I knew.

"This is at variance with what the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, was reported to have told the press this week," she said.

Mr Takane was reported to have said he did not know if de-



MRS DLABANTU

tainees would be allowed access to their lawyers, but said they were entitled to visits.

Mrs Dlabantu said she was worried that her husband had not had a change of clothing for almost a week.

Efforts to contact Mr Takane last night were unsuccessful. — DDR

# Stone knocks out bus driver

MDANTSANE — A Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) bus left Qumza Highway and hit a light pole after its driver was knocked unconscious by a stone thrown through the windscreen.

Mr Granger Melane was treated for a head wound and discharged from Cecilia Makiwane hospital, according to the CTC's managing director, Mr Hans Kaiser.

Mr Kaiser said there was only one passenger in the bus, who was unhurt.

The bus was one of 50 which have been stoned during the week-long boycott of CTC transport prompted by an 11 per cent fare increase.

Damage to the vehicle was estimated at R1 000.

Mr Kaiser said the driver had been hit by a stone thrown through the windscreen as he was travelling back to the Reeston depot on Wednesday night.

The stone hit Mr Melane on the side of the head, Mr Kaiser said. The bus left the road and hit a pole near Yako's Motors.

The Divisional Commissioner of the South African Police, Brigadier Jim Bekker, said yesterday the stoning of CTC buses was on the wane.

No stonings were reported to the SAP yesterday, the brigadier said, and "things seem to be quietening down".

Mr Kaiser agreed that the bus boycott seemed to be "levelling off".

Stoning was on the decrease, he said, and the use of buses was the same as on Thursday. — DDR.

# Commuters allege police assaults

EAST LONDON — Mdantsane commuters have accused the Ciskei Police of sjamboking people who were stopped at roadblocks during the boycott of Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) buses this week.

Ciskei's two top policemen, Brigadier L. Madolo and Colonel M. Makuzeni, both refused to comment on the accusations, and referred inquiries to the Minister of Justice Mr T. Takane.

A committee formed to oppose recent CTC bus fare increases, the Community Committee, yesterday appealed to

the police to "exercise restraint" in dealing with commuters.

A spokesman for the committee, Mr M. Mamponye, said the police should be "restrained" from dealing with people who chose to use private transport rather than travel on CTC buses.

His accusations of assault were backed by several people who contacted the Daily Dispatch yesterday to protest against the police action.

Mr Mapunye said commuters had been ordered out of cars, taxis and company vehicles after being stopped at

roadblocks, searched and then "sjamboked without provocation."

"Women were also sjamboked ruthlessly," Mr Mapunye said.

"We strongly believe this measure of violence used by the Ciskei Police is uncalled for and will only aggravate the already serious situation."

Mr Mapunye said people accepted that the police were on duty to guard property "but not to assault and harass innocent commuters travelling to and from Mdantsane".

He appealed to the police to "exercise res-

traint to avoid more serious trouble".

Mr Mapunye's accusations were backed by several people, including Mr Desmond Managaza, who said he had been ordered out of a taxi at Mdantsane and beaten by Ciskei policemen.

"Policemen ordered the taxi driver to stop as we entered Mdantsane and told us all to get out. As we did so, they started hitting us with sjamboks and truncheons," Mr Managaza said.

"They made us squat in the road and told us to use the buses, not taxis,

and then hit us again and again."

Mr Managaza said there were "more than 20 people" in the road at the time, and that the police had repeatedly told them to "stay out of taxis".

A salesman, Mr B. M. Mlindazwe, said he was also beaten by Ciskei police after being "pulled out of a taxi" at a Mdantsane road block.

He said he and others in the taxi were ordered out and told to stand in a queue. They were surrounded by policemen and then assaulted, he said.

Mr Mlindazwe said

they had been asked by the policemen why they boycotted buses as it meant paying more to travel by taxi.

During the attack, Mr Mlindazwe said, he lost his briefcase and his jacket was torn. Mr Mlindazwe said he had reported the incident to the police.

Ciskei's Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Madolo, and security chief, Colonel Makuzeni, both referred inquiries to Mr Takane.

Repeated attempts to contact Mr Takane were unsuccessful, and he did not respond to messages left with his secretary. — DDR.

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But the State maintained in their papers that the detainees had been arrested under Sections 2 and 3 of the National Security Act of 1982, which refer to terrorism, subversion and plotting to overthrow the State.

In the papers filed before the court, the Ciskei Government, the Commissioner of Police and the Commissioner of Prisons are called upon to show cause why the detainees should not be released forthwith.

The applicants are Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe for General Sebe and her son, Corporal Khambashe Sebe; Mrs Nondwe Sebe for Lieutenant Toni Sebe; Miss Kholeka Nondlwana for Captain Joe Ntwasa; Mrs Ntombizonke Dlabantu for Captain Mahlubandile Dlabantu; Mrs Ethelina Tamsanqa for Brigadier H. N. Tamsanqa; Mrs Nobambo Sebe for Lieutenant Colin Sebe and Mrs Ivy Xaba for Lieutenant Mbulelo Xaba.

The respondents are Mr David Takana, Minister of Justice, on behalf of the Ciskei Government and the Commissioner of Prisons, and Brigadier Lulama Madolo as Commissioner of Police.

The applicants also call on the respondents to show cause why the detainees should not be released by Monday, July 25.

Alternatively, the applicants call on the respondents to show cause why they should not furnish information on the charge the men are being held under, why, where and by whom they were detained and why access to them by their lawyers should not be

permitted.

In a separate application, also to be heard on Monday, Mrs Mara Elizabeth Minnaar, wife of General Sebe's former security adviser, Major-General Tailefer Minnaar, says she believes there can be no lawful basis for her husband's detention.

She calls on the Minister of Justice and the officer-in-charge of Mdantsane prison to produce her husband to a court of law on a date to be fixed by the court.

Mrs Minnaar also pleads that she should be allowed to visit her husband.

She calls for her application to be heard as a matter of urgency.

In a sworn statement filed in the court before Mr Justice Pickard yesterday, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe says she denies that her husband, General Sebe, and son, Corporal Sebe, had committed or had intended to commit any offence referred to in sections 2, 3 and 5 of the National Security Act of 1982.

"I accordingly aver that any attempt to make use of the aforesaid section is a subterfuge, is mala fide and an abuse of the provisions of the section.

"In this regard, I also respectfully refer to a report in the Daily Dispatch newspaper of July 18, according to which President Sebe has until very recently given no indication that my husband was involved in any activity as envisaged in the aforesaid sections or that a coup d'etat had been planned. In fact, President Sebe stated that it would be an honour for my husband to head the new intelligence agency that had been formed by the President."

Mrs Sebe says that an "unfortunate family feud" had arisen between her son, Corporal Sebe, and Mr Lolo Sebe, a son of President Sebe, and that the two had come to blows on a number of occasions. She says her husband had made many unsuccessful attempts to solve the rift.

Mrs Sebe also says in her statement that she believes that the lives of her husband and son were in danger "as a result of reports made to me."

**ZWELITSHA** — There were no indications that Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe had been involved in a planned coup d'etat in Ciskei, it was stated in papers before the Ciskei Supreme Court here yesterday.

In response, Mr Takana said the court had no jurisdiction to entertain the applications and that the applications should be dismissed with costs.

He added that it was not in the public interest that any information about the arrests be disclosed "at this stage".

Brigadier Madolo states in his sworn affidavit that he had given orders for all the detainees to be arrested because he had reason to believe they had committed or intended to commit offences in terms of sections 2 and 3 of the National Security Act of 1982.

Referring to the claim of a family feud made by Mrs Sebe, Brigadier Madolo said:

"The dispute has been going on for months already and has nothing to do with the arrests in question."

He also strongly denied that the lives of the detainees were in danger in any way and said that "they are in fact being well-treated. They do, for instance, get much better food than any other detainees or awaiting-trial prisoners." — DDR.

# Court denial of Ciskei coup

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Post Focus on this week's detentions in Ciskei

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Quotes by General Sebe

- I CAN run a marathon in two hours. I enjoy running. It is my girlfriend.
- I am target No 1 for the Communists. They phone me to threaten me.
- They are trained as terrorists, but I am also trained as a terrorist. We are trained in the same skills.
- Trade unions are fronts for subversive organisations. They distributed subversive pamphlets in opposition to independence.
- Any person who has a gift as a poet or a playwright should be scrutinised. We can't allow subversive poets to contaminate us.
- Some whites say Communists don't go to church. That is rubbish. Today you find Communists in church.
- There is one gift which God has given to the Sebes. They don't like to see people suffering or starving.
- We are not stooges. A stooge can't think for himself. I will stand up and tell any general what is wrong.

# Charles Sebe, once supreme, falls from power

## Arrest of general Ciskei a cause for relief

By JIMMY MATYU

THE humiliating downfall this week of Ciskei's mighty cop, Lieutenant-General Charles Khantl Sebe, has brought a wave of relief and happiness to many people in the homeland state, particularly those in Mafesane.

IF WILLIAM Shakespeare were alive today he could well have found inspiration for one of his tragedies in the dramatic rise and fall of Ciskei's Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe.

Gen Sebe, who 10 days ago was the most powerful man in Ciskei, is now incarcerated in one of the prisons he once controlled.

As Commander-General of State Security he controlled the army, the air force, the police, prisons, traffic department and the intelligence forces.

He used his powers with ruthless efficiency — especially when he believed he was fighting "the communist onslaught". In so doing he detained many who he saw as enemies of the State.

Now the same powers have been used against him, and he has been detained with 14 others he once commanded.

The men are being detained on charges of having committed or intended to commit offences relating to "overthrowing or endangering the State". The word "treason" is being whispered in the corridors of Zwellitsha and Bisho.

There is strong belief in some quarters that a coup was being plotted in Ciskei — something which Gen Sebe strongly denied before his detention. But few people in Ciskei's administration, including fairly senior officials, seem to know any details of "the coup that failed". Speculation is that some major blunder must have sparked off the string of detentions.

"By comparison the Seychelles affair was a well-planned operation," said a Government employee.

Of course, much of the speculation about the supposed coup revolves around Gen Sebe.

He is not a half-measures man. He enjoyed a dramatic rise to power under the sponsorship of his brother, President Lennox Sebe. In five years he rose from the rank of sergeant in the police to head of the Defence Force and security services.

His power reached a peak last year when the National Security Act was passed.

In terms of the Act, Gen Sebe could even "exercise the powers of the President in urgent cases, but for no longer than 10 days".

He could declare any place prohibited, detain people considered a danger to the State, ban the publication of speeches.

Gen Sebe could ban songs, slogans and salutes, and the registration of newspapers had to be submitted to him.

He is described in the Act as "the person carrying most of the special duties and powers".

Gen Sebe used his special powers to clamp down with almost religious fervour on those he regarded as communists, and those he saw as fellow travellers. He detained scores of people, many of them trade unionists.

All along he enjoyed the support of President Sebe, with whom he had a very close relationship — so close that they had a regular telephone date each evening to discuss matters of State.

Then their relationship seemed to turn sour, and there has been talk recently of a family feud.

The brothers' estrangement could have been started by squabbles between their sons. These disagreements, according to officials at Zwellitsha, have resulted in the sons coming to blows on two occasions.

Then came President Sebe's unofficial visit to Israel, his sudden unscheduled return, and the spate of axings and detentions.

Some people have even suggested that President Sebe undertook the trip to Israel merely to bring his opponents out into the open.

Others suggest that he did not know of any problems until he was tipped off while overseas — possibly by the South African Government.

Whatever the facts may be, President Sebe's return and the dramatic incidents of the past week have left him in undisputed control of Ciskei.

President Sebe, who celebrates his 57th birthday next week, has always had remarkable success in destroying opposition.

In 1978 he eliminated all opposition parties, and took firm control of the reins of Government. Now only one political party exists in Ciskei — President Sebe's Ciskei National Independence Party.

President Sebe, a former inspector of schools, became head of the nation in 1973. He was not a hereditary chief but was given traditional authority in 1976 when he was installed as head of the Amaqunukwebe tribe.

The man who installed him was Chief D J Jongelanga, now Ciskei's Minister for Public Works. Since then President Sebe has guided Ciskei into Pretoria-style independence, and often spoken with concern about improving the lot of his people, using his well known "meal a day" slogan.

He has worked hard at encouraging industry to



In a dramatic purge senior security force officers this week after an apparent attempted coup attempt, the Ciskei Government of President Lennox Sebe, detained 14 men including his brother Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, three nephews and the son of the Vice-President, Rev W M Xaba.

Weekend Post Report KEITH ROSS, writing from Bisho, to Ciskeian capital, assesses the situation in the wake of the crackdown — unprecedented in a South African homeland state.

In spite of this, President Sebe has many critics among his people — including those who have accused him of playing ball with thousands of re-located people from the Republic.

His critics also attacked him for spending millions on building a new capital at Biko, on luxurious Ministerial homes, on fleets of cars and on frequent overseas trips.

His power will become even more entrenched when an Act making him President for life is promulgated later this month. But without the familiar presence of his brother, he will cut a lonely figure.

Recently on a visit to Zwellitsha and Mafesane, I spoke to a number of people who expressed insecurity, and a fear of Gen Sebe. They said they were powerless to do anything as they were scared of his powers to arrest and detain those he branded "enemies of the State".

This week a number of Ciskeians working and living in Port Elizabeth said the decision taken by President Lennox Sebe and his President's

Lieutenant-General CHARLES SEBE, who 10 days ago was the most powerful man in Ciskei, is now incarcerated in one of the prisons he once controlled. As Commander-General of State Security he controlled the army, the air force, the police, prisons, traffic department and the intelligence forces.

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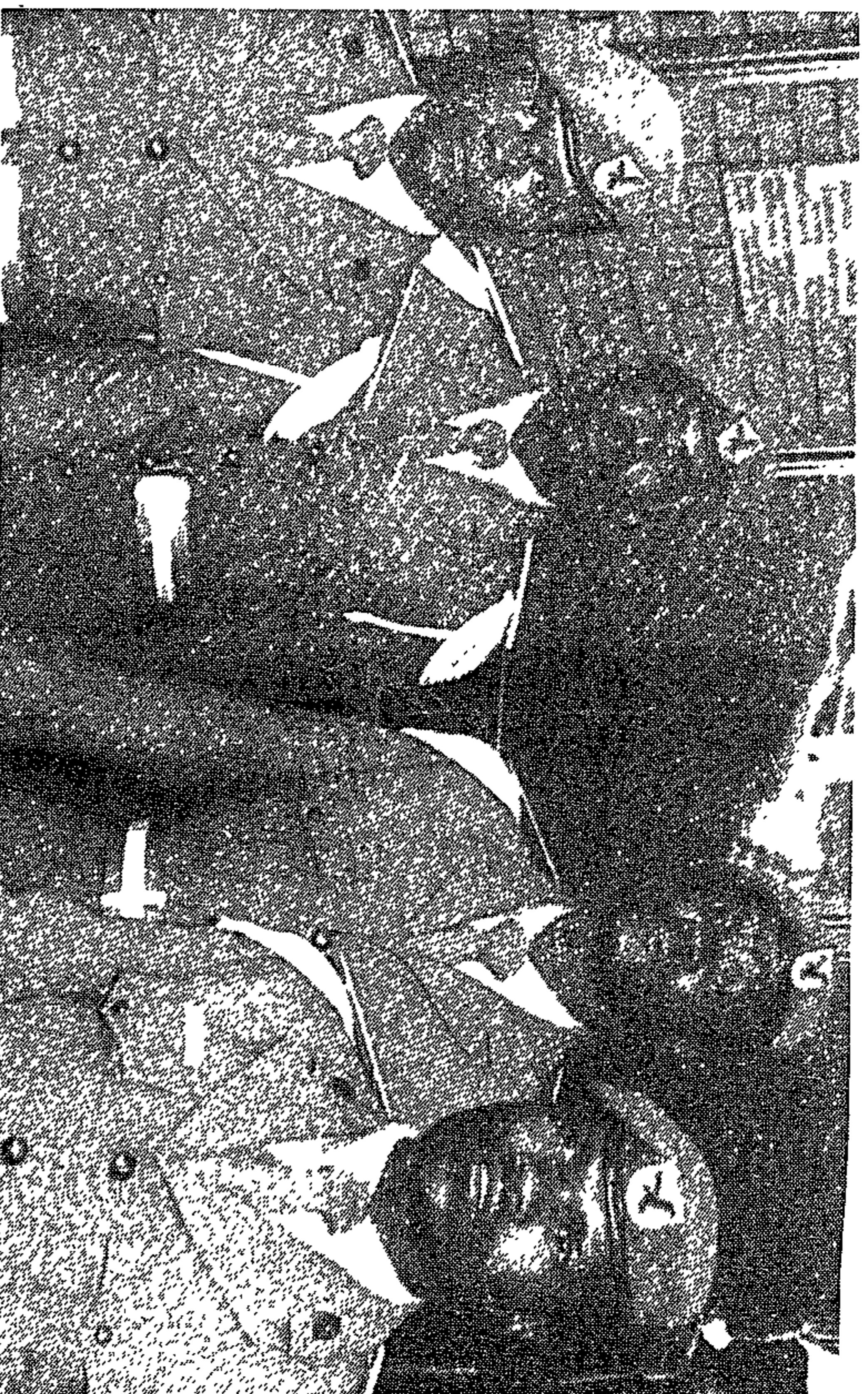
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The Ciskeian Minister of Justice, Mr. DAVE TSKANE (left), addresses a Press conference in the Cabinet room in Zwelitsha this week. With him is Ciskei's Deputy Minister of Health, Chief H ZULU.



Ciskeian soldiers bar the entrance to the Cabinet room in Zwelitsha during the security crisis in the country this week.



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# PORT ELIZABETH

## Relief as Gen Sebe tastes his medicine

105  
E. Parf 23/7/83

● From Page 17  
Council to strip his younger brother of all executive power was long overdue.

They claimed: "There was a reign of terror in Ciskei, and those behind it were the members of the now disbanded Ciskei Central Intelligence Services (CIS) who were answerable only to Gen Sebe."

"The mere mention of the CCIS instilled fear into many hearts, including those of innocent peo-

come along with one of our friends.  
One of the people present was a former colleague of mine, Obed Mosi, now based in Johannesburg.

Charles was smartly dressed and did not speak much during the discussions, though he asked some leading questions, like the real policeman he was — something we did not know at the time.

But what impressed us was his way of stressing his

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gling to put his thoughts together. He displayed self-confidence and friendliness. In fact, he expressed the wish to make more friends for himself in Port Elizabeth. The next morning I went to get some information on a murder story and, to my surprise, after the district commandant had referred me for further particulars to an office in the back yard, there I found Charles Sebe working over some papers. And then he introduced himself as Sergeant Sebe.

He happened to be handling the investigations on the case. I was surprised and later reported the encounter to my friends.

We invited him to meet us that evening and explained that all we had discussed with him were analyses of reports appearing in the Sunday newspaper. After that we avoided him — not surprisingly, because this was the time when the Government was acting widely against people under the Suppression of Communism Act.

Sgt Sebe lived with a local family at Ngadina Street in New Brighton. His wife, Nomafakahi, was nursing at the Livingstonstone Hospital. My other encounters with Charles in those days were at boxing tournaments. He always enjoyed a fight.

**Inflation**  
down slightly

PRETORIA — South Africa's inflation rate, as measured by the consumer price index, dropped slightly by 0.4% last month to 12.4% according to figures released here yesterday by the Central Statistical Services office.

The consumer price index for June stood at 260.8 (base 1975 = 100).

The figure for May was 269.7 and, in June last year, it stood at 252.1.

The food-only index decreased last month to 276.4 — a percentage change of 0.3 on May's figure and 12.0 on last June's figure. — Sapa

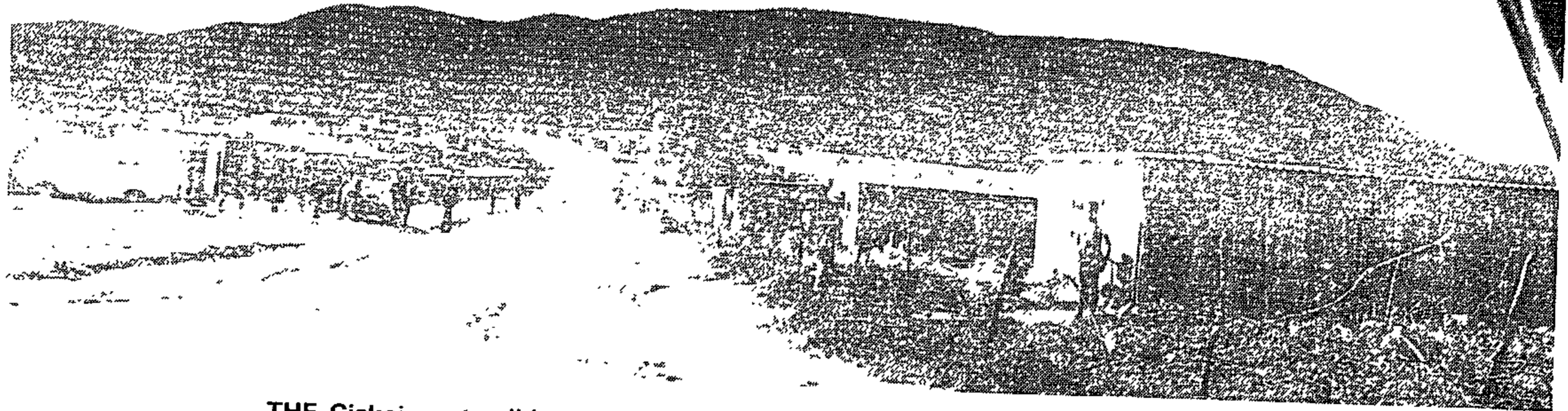
**Postword**  
prize increased

BECAUSE there was no correct entry for Postword No 1 053, the prize for No 1 054 is increased by R20 to R230.

The solution to No 1 053 is: Pall — became uninteresting; Churl — surly person; Signal — exemplary; Niggardly — parsimonious; Dapper — smart; Petty — contemptible; Bourdon — harmonic; Acute — less than a right angle; Access — doorway; Retrain — put restraint upon; Dank — moist; Sick — feeling effects of some disease; Surly — churlish.

This week's competition is on Page 8 in Family Post.

**Postword**  
prize increased



THE Ciskei — terrible poverty exacerbated by the worst drought in 200 years.

# Apartheid's grand fantasy at work in stricken Ciskei

w/c ARGES  
23/7/83  
105

THE current situation in the Ciskei is certainly bizarre enough.

After all, the shooting up of a Minister's house, the detention of the once all-powerful top cop and the arrests of the President's nephews is good cowboy stuff.

This coming after the declaration of Chief Lennox Sebe as President-for-life and the purchase of an executive jet which can't land in the Ciskei could turn the movie into a comedy as well.

But it is no joke.

The truth of the matter is that Grand Apartheid is in crisis.

For 35 years, the National Party has desperately tried to change the shape of South Africa in a bid to deny the majority of South Afri-

cans a say over their future in their own country.

It has moved 3.5-million people, nearly all of them black, in an attempt to divide and segregate South Africa — and, according to the Surplus Peoples Project, another two-million are under threat of removal.

## Demarcated

It has unilaterally demarcated about 13 per cent of the surface area of the country and 10 separate areas which used to be officially known as Bantustans and then homelands and now "national states".

Through massive subsidies from the long-suffering South African taxpayers, the homeland system has been maintained.

In Parliament this year, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, revealed that the four "independent" homelands will get R660.4-million and one of his officials estimated that development aid this year will exceed R1-billion.

And he is quite right.

Yet the poverty in those areas is terrible — and through increasing populations and the relocation of more and more people into them,

By BARRY STREEK, a political journalist and author who has specialised in the affairs of the Eastern Cape and Border

the situation is probably getting worse, unfortunately exacerbated by the worst drought in 200 years which has hit all the homelands.

## Utter dependence

The dependence of the homelands on migrant labour led the head of the Black Sash, Mrs Sheena Duncan, to say recently that the concept of "family life" — you know, Mum and Dad living with their children — had little meaning in South Africa because the majority of people never experienced it.

But Grand Apartheid was never devised, in the first place, as a policy for the economic development of the homelands or for the promotion of family life.

It was designed, fundamentally, as an alternative to one-person-one-vote over the whole of South Africa.

Professor John Durgard of the University of the Witwatersrand

summed it up recently this way: "Pretoria has set in motion the implementation of its ultimate fantasy — a South Africa in which there are no black South African nationals or citizens; a South Africa that cannot be accused of denying civil rights to its black nationals for the simple reason that there will be no black South Africans, only millions of migrant labourers (or guest workers, as the fantasy sees them) linked by nationality to a collection of unrecognised, economically dependent mini-states on the periphery of South Africa."

## Union basher

It is in this context that the detention of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, South Africa's leading union basher, must be seen

To make the fantasy appear to work, Pretoria has to find the actors, and lured by power, prestige and wealth, it found them.

It did not matter that Chief Patrick Mphahlele came to power in Venda through the detention of the opposition which won two elections in a row; it does not matter that Transkei has been in an almost continuous state of emergency for 23 years, a condition recently renewed for another year.

The recent revelation that President Kaiser Matanzima had upped his salary to R75 000 a year, without allowances, to become the highest paid politician in South Africa, was instructive: he reacted by attacking the "leftist Press"! He should have a look at the HNP's Die Afrikaanse Patriot, to understand that it was not just "leftists" who were appalled at this extravagance.

Nor did it matter that Charles Sebe wielded such awesome power that even Die Burger had to admit this week that he did not have much support among the ordinary people of the Ciskei.

And it should be remembered that Charles Sebe was not detained because of any of these excesses but because, it seems at this stage,

that he was involved in a coup attempt against his brother, the Ciskei's life president.

A similar shambles could so easily develop in places like the Transkei, Venda and KwaNdebele where the leadership has been built up on a mixture of hereditary rule, power and money-making.

At the same time, the leadership in these areas does wield very real power, as General Sebe himself showed.

Of course, the South African Government, because it refuses to admit that the whole exercise is a ghastly mistake and because it fears any other alternative, will in all probability decide to continue with the pretence that the homelands can be viable, that they do provide an alternative to keeping black people out of the mainstream of South African politics and that the leadership of the homelands is legitimate.

In the strange ways of South African politics, we may even be grateful to Charles Sebe's ambitions for even more power for exposing the absurdity, the fantasy and horrors of what Grand Apartheid has come to mean in practice.

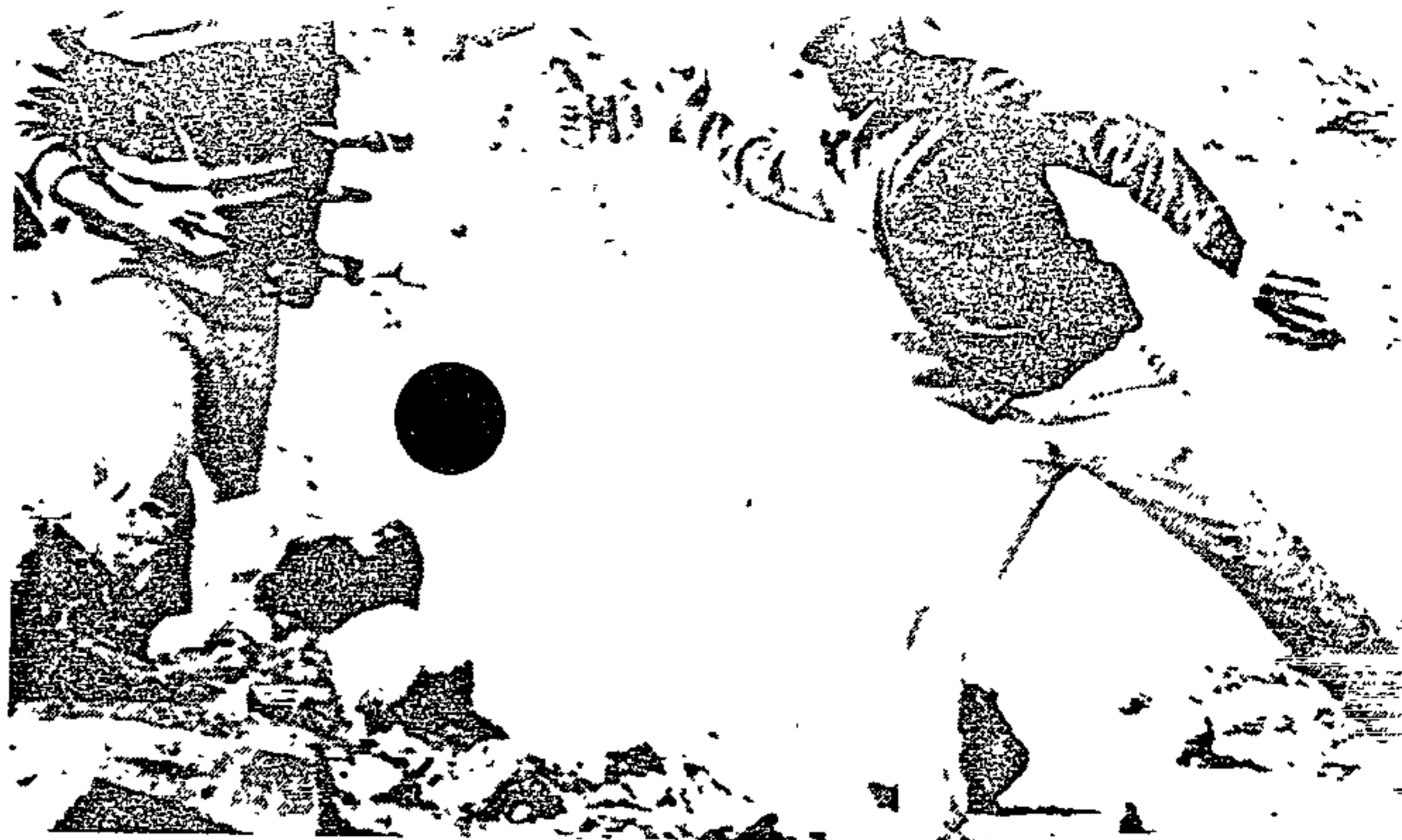
f the  
Sebe  
feud

The students singing  
'freedom' songs.

Pupils  
retaliated by  
throwing stones  
at police vans and  
cars.

Some were  
allegedly  
sjambokked and  
others were taken  
to Protea Police  
Station for  
questioning.

Students on the  
March — Page 2.



# BATTLE FOR POWER

(105) City Press  
24/7/83

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SWOP-A-  
pull-out

**CISKEI Cabinet Ministers brawled violently and strongman general Charles Sebe drew a gun on his half-brother and life president, Lennox, during blazing rows over an alleged coup plot.**

And a variety of weapons of war have been uncovered in the intensive investigation which has led to the detention of several top-ranking military and police officers, including four members of the Sebe family.

These facts emerged this week from sources close to the Ciskei government as the crisis rocked the homeland and pitted Sebe brother against brother.

The sensational Sebe feud erupted into violence recently when former Mdanstane councillor Caweni Sotyelewa was summoned

**Special  
Correspondent**

to President Sebe's office to explain charges of a coup plot he had made at the Easter Congress of the ruling Ciskei National Independence Party.

Sotyelewa, who had been detained on General Sebe's instructions immediately after making the allegations, then poured out the details on the alleged coup to the President.

The councillor's explosive disclosures led to a scuffle. Minister of Works Chief D M Jongilanga threw an

ashtray at Sotyelewa, who ducked in the nick of time.

The ashtray smashed into the face of Foreign Minister B N Pityi, causing a nasty gash, the sources revealed.

Tension and strain continued at subsequent meetings between Ciskei's rulers until, in another violent confrontation just before he left for Israel, President Sebe slapped his younger half brother and Transport Minister, Namba, across the face with an open hand.

The sources say General Charles Sebe, who was also at the meeting, then whipped out his pistol in a spontaneous reflex and pointed it at the President. Realising his folly, he then quickly

put it back in its holster.

Some sources say this second flare-up came after Namba Sebe mentioned at the meeting of cabinet ministers that the President did not have the same father as he and Charles.

This second cabinet scuffle was the last straw as far as President Sebe was concerned.

He and his South African Government backers had been worried that General Sebe was seeking more and more power.

Ciskei Justice Minister D M Takane declined to confirm or deny the discovery of arms "caches".

Observers maintain that the decision had already been taken to

To Page 2



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SEE  
PAGE 24

continued

12

# BATTLE FOR POWER

(105)

City Press

● From Page 1  
clip General Charles Sebe's wings before the President left for Israel. But, while the President was away, General Sebe and his supporters moved to consolidate

24/7/83  
their position. This gave rise to talk of a coup plot, and the President cut short his Israeli visit and rushed back to Ciskei to sort out his trouble some half-brother.

Vice-President Willie Xaba gas meanwhile denied that any member of the Cabinet knew of any planned coup or upheaval which could explain the recent detenting.

At the time of going to Press, 14 people had been detained. They include four members of the Sebe family — the general, his son Khambashe, Namba's son Colin, and Tony Sebe who is the son of the oldest Sebe

brothers, the late Dili-ma Sebe. Also detained is Lieutenant General Taileger Minnaar, formerly a senior South African intelligence official until his appointment as Ciskei security advisor until 1979.

## CONVICTS TO SUE

TWO LEEUWKOP maximum security prisoners, Ephraim Phomolong and Jacob Ratabe, are suing Justice Minister Kobie Coetsee for a total of R10 000 following alleged assault by prison warders on February 4.

# 76 000 people forced

The high price of giving  
Lebowa's Moutse area to  
KwaNdebele homeland

**GOVERNMENT** plans to hand over the Moutse district of Lebowa to KwaNdebele as an 'independence' gift will involve removing about 76 000 people.

They will be forced to move from their centuries-old home near Groblersdal, to two farms bought as 'compensatory land' for Lebowa near Immerpan — 80km away. Tribal leaders say their ancestors were living in the Moutse district 200 years ago.

This is the story behind the announcement this week by Dr Cedric Phatudi, Chief Minister of Lebowa that he had initiated legal proceedings against the Government to stop the incorporation of Moutse into KwaNdebele.

Dr Phatudi claimed the Government's decision came three years after Dr Piet Koornhof, Minister of Co-operation and Development, assured him and the people of Moutse that their area would never be handed over to KwaNdebele.

Dr Koornhof is abroad and was not available for comment, but it is understood the department holds the view that it was made clear at the time that Moutse was to be handed over to KwaNdebele.

KwaNdebele will soon become 'independent' — possibly early next year — and Lebowa politicians see the handover of Moutse as a 'reward' for doing so and a punishment for Lebowa, since Lebowa has joined KwaZulu and Gazankulu in resolutely refusing 'independence'.

In a last-ditch attempt to stop the Moutse handover, Dr Phatudi will meet the Prime Minister, Mr P W Botha, in Pretoria on August 2.

If the decision is not reversed, the court battle could develop along the lines of those last year when Pretoria attempted to hand KaNgwane and the Ingwavuma

area of KwaZulu to Swaziland.

The Appeal Court decided in favour of the KwaZulu. But later a commission under Mr Justice Rumpff was appointed to investigate the Swazi claims. It has not yet reported.

Dr Phatudi, however, is determined to take a strong stand on Moutse.

"I shall not give way. We shall press on with the court case if the Prime Minister does not accede to our request," he told me.

"When the department excised Moutse from Lebowa by proclamation in 1980 they attempted to take over the administration, but I refused to allow this."

"I was assured by Dr Koornhof, and so were the people of Moutse, that the



Dr Cedric Phatudi "I will not give way".



Chief T G Mathebe (left), senior BaNtwane. Mathebe, MP for Moutse, who are contesting the handover.

By **JEAN LE MAY**, Political Reporter

excision was for administrative reasons and that there was no intention of incorporating Moutse into KwaNdebele."

Dr Phatudi added "We have had numerous meetings with Dr Koornhof and each time we were fobbed off with excuses and prevarications."

"As recently as April this year Dr Koornhof agreed to 'freeze' the land deal pending further talks."

"But within weeks — at the end of May — I was informed that the South African Cabinet had decided to carry on with the handover of Moutse."

"I was informed that Lebowa citizens would be removed to the Immerpan area on the northern Springbok Flats near Zebediela

where 'compensatory' land had been purchased from white farmers."

"I am not interested in compensatory land in exchange for Moutse, although I will always welcome additional land for Lebowa."

"I have instructed lawyers to apply to the court asking that the proclamation excising Moutse from Lebowa should be declared null and void," Dr Phatudi said.

Moutse consists of several farms in the Groblersdal district. It adjoins KwaNdebele, which was presented with the handsome gift of an additional 280 000ha earlier this year — arousing furious protests from white farmers as well as from Lebowa.

This week the Sunday Express met Chief Tlokwe Gibson Mathebe of the

BaNtwane (the senior chief in Moutse). Mr Matikane Gibson Mathebe, one of the two elected MPs which Moutse sends to the Lebowa Legislative Assembly and 10 of the chief's councillors.

We were shown minutes of a meeting at which the Minister was warned there would be violence if the handover went through.

"If you are going to invoke trouble and violence and bloodshed you are only absolutely foolish. Who will be killed? Black people." Dr Koornhof is minuted as replying.

The chief emphasised that the people of Moutse were wholly behind the decision of the Lebowa Legislative Assembly not to accept 'independence' from South Africa.

## A Chinese puzzle for hi-fi man

A JOHANNESBURG hi-fi dealer has been trying for six years to reclaim R10 000 he spent importing a batch of faulty speakers from Taiwan.

It's like the perplexing Chinese puzzle every time a

By ANDREW  
LOTHIAN

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# people forced to move



Dr Cedric Phatudi: "I will not give way".



Chief T G Mathebe (left), senior BaNtwane chief of the Moutse district of Lebowa, with Mr M G Mathebe, MP for Moutse, who are contesting the handover of Moutse to KwaNdebele



Picture HERBERT MABUZA

## MAY, Political Reporter

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The chief emphasised that the people of Moutse were wholly behind the decision of the Lebowa Legislative Assembly not to accept 'independence' from South Africa

"We sent two members to the legislative assembly and both were returned unopposed in the general election in November last year," he said.

"If there were ever any intention to ask for 'independence', other candidates would have stood for the election to challenge the status quo.

"The people of Moutse do not forget easily and they remember that a previous Minister, Mr M C Botha, said in July 1977, that it would be wasteful to establish a KwaNdebele government and that they must consider affiliating with Lebowa.

"The Moutse people bear no grudge against the granting of independence to KwaNdebele but it must not be done at their expense, to

the detriment of their political destiny and the deprivation of their land

There was great bitterness at the prospect of 'removing' to Immerpan on the northern Springbok Flats near Zebediela

"This would never have happened if it had not been for the benevolence of my grandfather towards the Ndebele people," said Chief Mathebe.

"In 1925 Chief Mapoch of the KwaNdebele asked my grandfather if he could live in Moutse with his people. My grandfather agreed and we have always regarded the KwaNdebele in Moutse as our subjects.

"We know nothing of Immerpan. This is our home and we shall stay here, even if the court case goes against us," said the chief, and his councillors agreed.

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# 103 Arrests for 'State Security'

The first concrete evidence that a threatened coup was behind this week's turmoil in Ciskei surfaced during a brief court hearing in the Ciskei capital, Zwelishsha, on Friday.

Brigadier M H Madolo, acting head of the Ciskei Central Intelligence Service, said in an affidavit he had acted under the Ciskei National Security Act which provides for the detention of people who engage in activities which endanger the safety of the state.

He said 'prompt action' was necessary and that the arrests had nothing to do with the family feud known to be raging in Ciskei.

It involves President Lennox Sebe on one side and members of his own family, with their respective factions on the other, including his half-brothers, the detained commander-general Charles Sebe, and Mr Namba Sebe, Minister of Transport.

The Sunday Express can also disclose that one of the key figures arrested, Major General Tathleler Mmumar, security adviser to the Ciskei cabinet, had accompanied President Sebe on a visit to Israel.

The president cut short his visit and returned hurriedly to Ciskei.

Major Gen Mmumar told

Action was

required

'promptly'

official



President Sebe

## BY JERRY LEWIS, Political Reporter

Lowered later, and was detained on Tuesday - the day after his return on Monday from Israel.

Major Gen Mmumar is a former officer in the SA National Intelligence Service, and went to Ciskei as security adviser in 1979.

In the court hearing, before Mr Justice Pritchard applications were brought for the release of eight of the detainees. The hearing was

postponed until tomorrow.

The applicants were: Mrs Maria Elizabeth Mmumar, for her husband; Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe for her husband; Gen Sebe, and her son, Corporal Khambashe Sebe, Mrs Nondwe Sebe for her son, Lieutenant Toni Sebe; Miss Kholeka Nondwana for Captain Joe Nirwasa, Mrs Evelina Tamhasanga for her husband; Brigadier H Tam-sanga, Mrs Nomambo Sebe for her husband, Lt Colin Sebe; and Mrs Ivy Xaba for

her son, Lieutenant Mbutelo Xaba.

Lt Tom and Colin Sebe are the sons of Transport Minister Mr Namba Sebe, and Lt Xaba is the son of the acting vice-president, the Rev W M Xaba.

Mrs Mmumar said she was told the following day that her husband had been arrested and was being held in Mdantsane, the Ciskei town outside East London. She said that since the

office of commander-general was now vacant and had not been filled, and since in terms of the National Security Act it was necessary for the commander-general to sign any detention warrant, she believed her husband was being held wrongfully.

Lt Gen Sebe's wife, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, said in her statement that her husband and her son, Cpl Khambashe Sebe, were "loyal and faithful" servants of Ciskei.

She said that she believed the lives of her husband and son were in danger.

In a replying 'tidavit' Brig Madolo said he had been Commissioner of Prisons in Ciskei and that since July 15, he had been acting head of Ciskei National Intelligence Service.

"Since then I have assumed the powers and duties

of the Commander-General," he said.

He gave instructions for the arrest of Gen Sebe and his son Khambashe on July 19, for Capt Twasa on July 16, for Capt Ndlabantu on July 18, for Brig Tamhasanga on July 14, for Lt Xaba on July 18, and for Lts Tom and Colin Sebe on July 20, he said.

"It was in the interests of the state that they should be detained," he said.

It was not in the interests of the State or the public that reasons for the detentions should be made known, he said, nor that the detainees should receive visits.

"As for allegations that lives and health are in danger, I deny there is reason for this. They are being well treated and get better food than other awaiting-trial prisoners and detainees."

## I did not back the PM's plan, says Alan Paton

AUTHOR Alan Paton, the former chairman of the now defunct Liberal Party, has rejected an interpretation of a speech he made last weekend at Woodmead school outside Johannesburg as supportive of the Prime Minister's constitutional proposals.

In a statement from Gaborone where he has been on holiday, he said "I am told Mr Peter Brown and Mr Colin Gardner and Professor Tony Mathews have dis-

tanced themselves from me. Before taking any steps myself I think it is essential to know what caused them to do this.

"I can only suppose that it was due to reports appearing in the Press of my speech at Woodmead school, including no doubt a headline in the Rand Daily Mail which said: 'Dr Alan Paton backs PW plan'. I did not write this headline, and it doesn't express my attitude at all." — Sapa.

tainly made it clear to the Department of Hospital Services as a rich field of irregularities." He referred the Express to his findings on the evidence. The chairman of the Athlone group of pharmaceutical companies, Mr Isaac "pursued success and process had no say about applying dishonest unethical methods."

He also noted that on the evidence of the agents 'indisputably' that the group was not to pay officials if they were to promote the group's interests.

"That was the situation in mind. In this situation it is natural to be suspicious. The province cannot afford to leave the matter undefined." Mr de Kock said.

"The department will determine exactly what official may receive in a business deal with a bottle of whisky at a time — and what he may accept."

"If an official may take a lunch or a box of chocolates in return for a permit without first getting the permission of the provincial secretary, Dr Steyn, the province must say so."

Gifts and benefits cover various Transvaal officials according to documents submitted to the De Kock Commission, included:

- TV sets, overseas trips
- officials and their wives
- cars, cash retainers, golf missions, discounts on petrol
- sets, washing machines and other purchases, "cases"
- champagne, expensive bottles of perfume, weekends
- hotels with lavish entertainment for officials and their wives, and dinners on nights at the opera for officials and their families.

See pages 18, 19

# THE DISTINCTIVE BOOK

Distinctive pools for discerning people



WISH YOU CAN TAKE A BREAK AND REWARD YOURSELF WITH A CORN OF KNOWLEDGE?

24/7/93  
105 City Press

# Two killed in mystery bus blast

TWO Mdantsane high school pupils were burnt to death in a mystery explosion on a bus here this week.

Twenty-five people were injured, some critically.

The explosion came in the middle of a week-long bus boycott over the increase of fares.

Ambulances shuttled the injured, mostly scholars, to the Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

The explosion rocked the bus on the Qumza Highway near Zone Eight, Mdantsane.

The general manager of the Ciskei Transport Corporation (CIC) said he received a report that a petrol bomb was thrown through the back window of the bus.

But the head of Ciskei's Security Police, Colonel Z Macuzeni, said the explosion had been caused by the accidental ignition of a petrol container carried on the bus.

Ciskei's commuter bus service is losing thousands of rands a

## CP Correspondent

day in the dispute over a 10 percent fare hike.

A virtual total boycott of CTC vehicles has left buses empty as they ply their routes between Mdantsane, East London and King William's Town.

The corporation has said it will keep its buses running regardless of the boycott and stonings. More than 50 buses were reported damaged by Thursday, the fourth day of the boycott.

Workers' organisations have hailed the bus boycott as a victory.

The response to the boycott on the first day, Monday, was described by one police officer as "incredible". CTC claimed there was only a 40 percent drop in passengers, while police estimates ran to 80 percent.

# Discount house sale kicks off

THE vast discount sale of State houses in the Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage townships kicks off this week with

In Zwide, 760 four-roomed houses with electricity, indoor sanitation and bathrooms would be sold for

A POLICE sergeant told the Um-tata Supreme Court he and another policeman had been instructed to do a "panel-beating" job on a murder suspect who later died.

Sergeant Mteteleli Tshona was giving evidence this week for the defence in the case against three policemen charged with culpable homicide after the death of Mr Adolphus Tetyana, in police custody.

Constables Godfrey Nceba Magaxeni, 31, Lennox Lizo Mongogo, 25, and sergeant Desmond Mgugudo, 26, have pleaded not guilty to the charge.

They allegedly assaulted Mr Tetyana

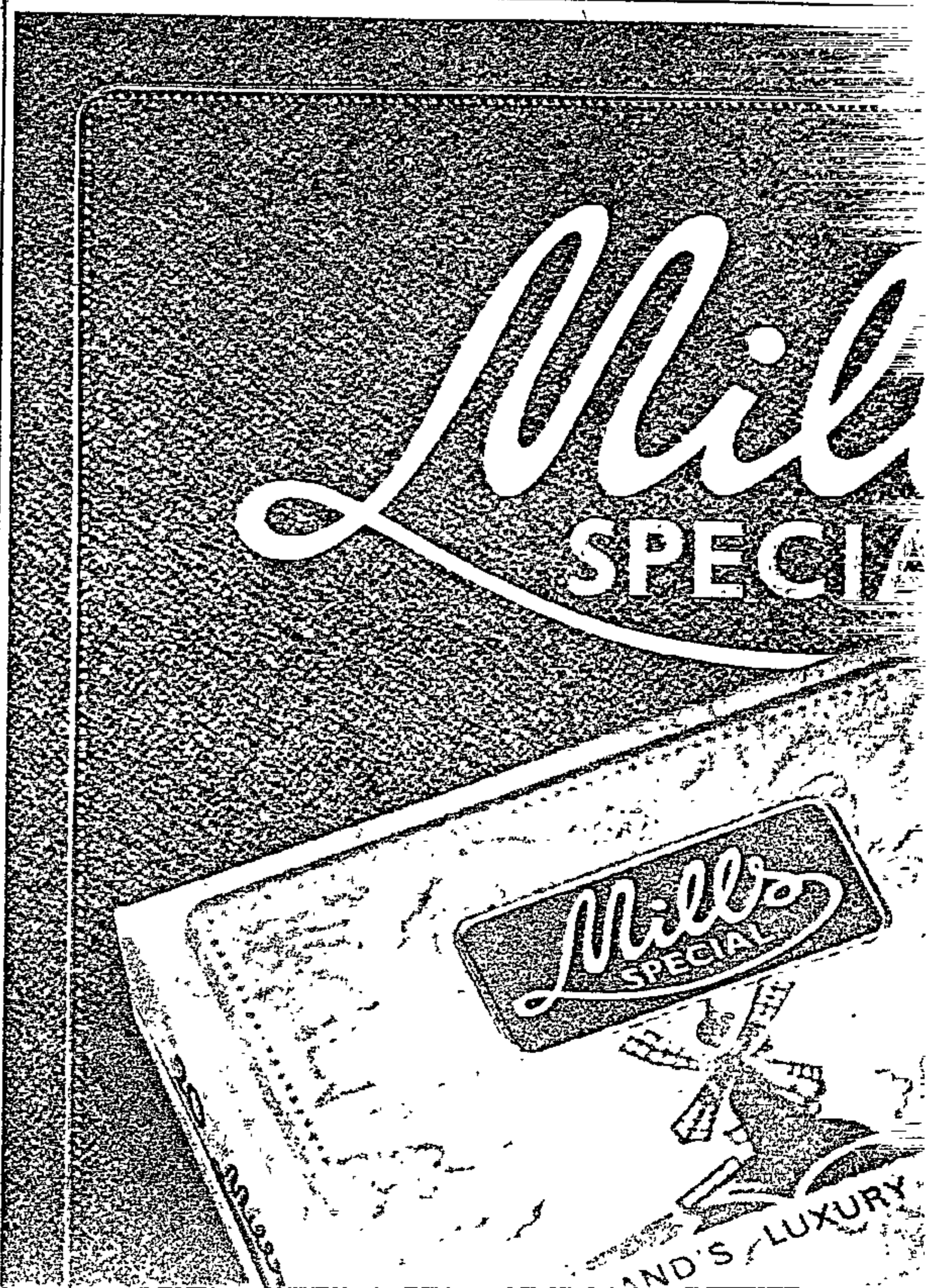
# COPS T 'PANEL PRISON'

Court hears of suspect's sj

with sjamboks and struck two of his brothers, Mr Hemming Tetyana and Mr Mziwebango Tetyana, and another man, Mr Mdeliseni Cyia, with sjamboks, causing serious injuries.

Const Nongogo told the court 15 policemen took turns to assault Mr Adolphus Tetyana. He denied taking part.

In his evidence, sergeant Tshona said sergeant Mgugudo



# CISKEI STRIPPED SAAGA

President's bars as the

24/7/83  
**NOMAFAKATHI Sebi is frightened. The wife of Ciskei's former security chief — a week ago the most feared man in the homeland — believes her imprisoned husband's life is in danger.**

## 'People can be poisoned or strangled in prison'

By Eddy Andries S. Ndumbe

And she should know. "People can be poisoned or strangled in prison — or you never know what else might happen," she said.

For the past few years Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe's sweeping powers enabled him to detain and interrogate whoever he pleased in the Ciskei.

Citizens trembled wherever his shadow fell. On Tuesday the tables were turned when he was caught up in the very web of legislation he helped create amid rumours that he was leading a coup against his brother, President Lennox Sebe.

But even the Supreme Court it seems, will be unable to help him — or the other 13 detained men — be freed.

On Friday the Sebe regime challenged the Supreme Court's powers to consider applications for the release of the 14 men arrested after an alleged coup had been plotted in the homeland.

Counsel for the State contended the court had no jurisdiction to even consider releasing the men.

Mrs Sebe told Mr Justice B de V Pickard that she had good reason to believe the lives of her husband and son, Khambase, were in danger.

in conjunction with the President's Council.

After defence counsel for the applicants told the judge they had not had time to study Brigadier Madolo's affidavit, the case was set down to be heard tomorrow.

The basis of their contention will be that the detentions were illegal.

Ciskei has been plunged into uncertainty since the spate of arrests which put the younger brother of the President and three of his nephews behind bars.

Also in custody with security adviser and former South African undercover agent Major-General Minnaar, are senior officers of the Ciskei police, defence, and intelligence departments — as well as the son of the Vice-President.

So far the security net has not been cast around any members of the Cabinet, but sources say things could change.

More arrests are expected as top-level investigations into the saga continue.

Conspicuously absent from daily Cabinet meetings this week were both the Vice-President and the President's other brother, Transport Minister Namba Sebe.

Tight security measures were imposed throughout the Government office precincts in Zwelitsha and President Sebe consistently refused to talk to newsmen.

Teams of guards bearing automatic rifles paced the grounds and buildings and Cabinet members were escorted wherever they went.

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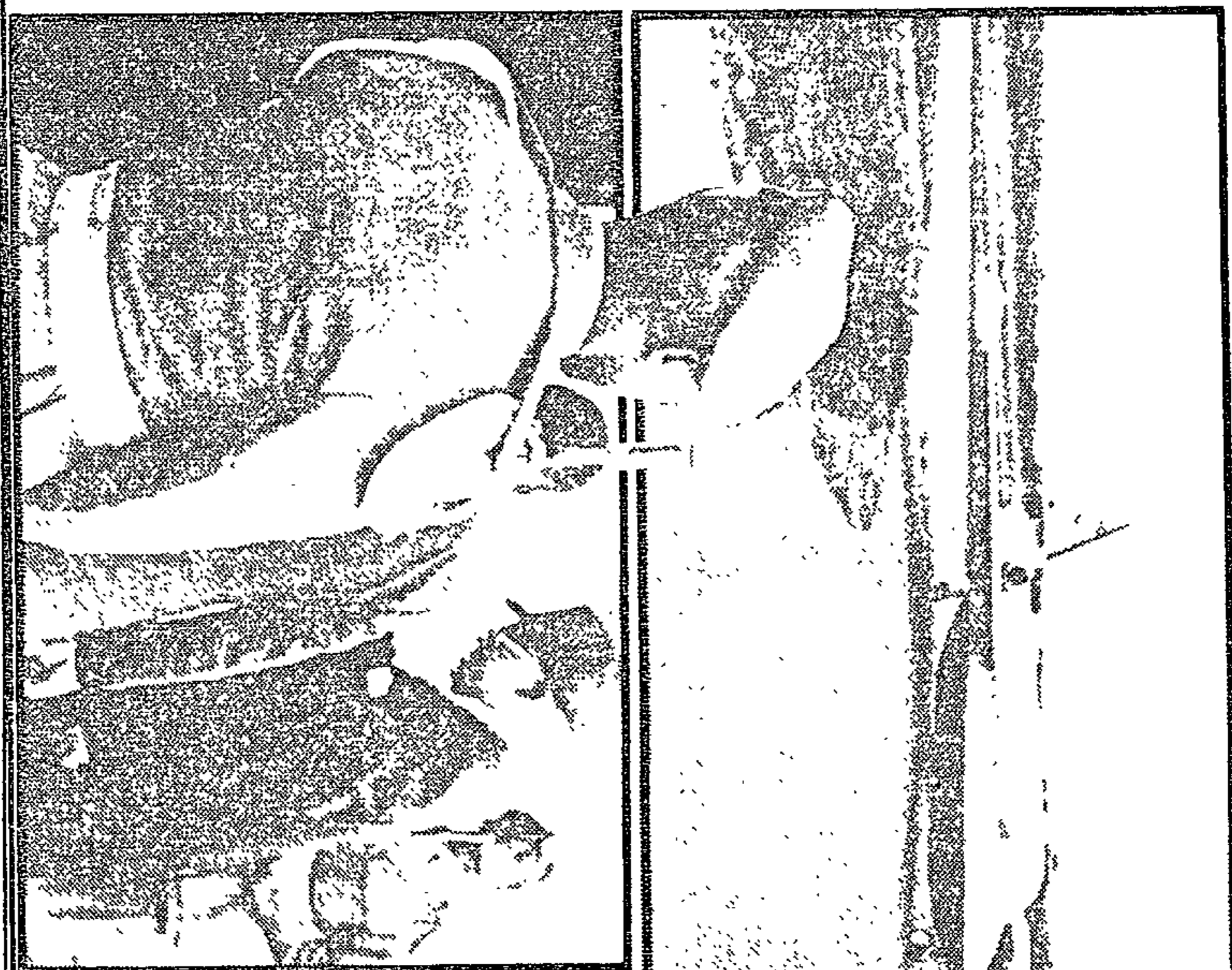
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LEFT: President Sebe was s Kaba's wife who is seeking the

### President's

CISKEI has a luxury presidential j Lennox Sebe has yet to use — becau lating runway of the fledgling homela too short for it to land.

The R3 million, eight-seater Wh have become a permanent monument Ben Schoeman Airport, where it has weather since delivery was taken 1 months ago.

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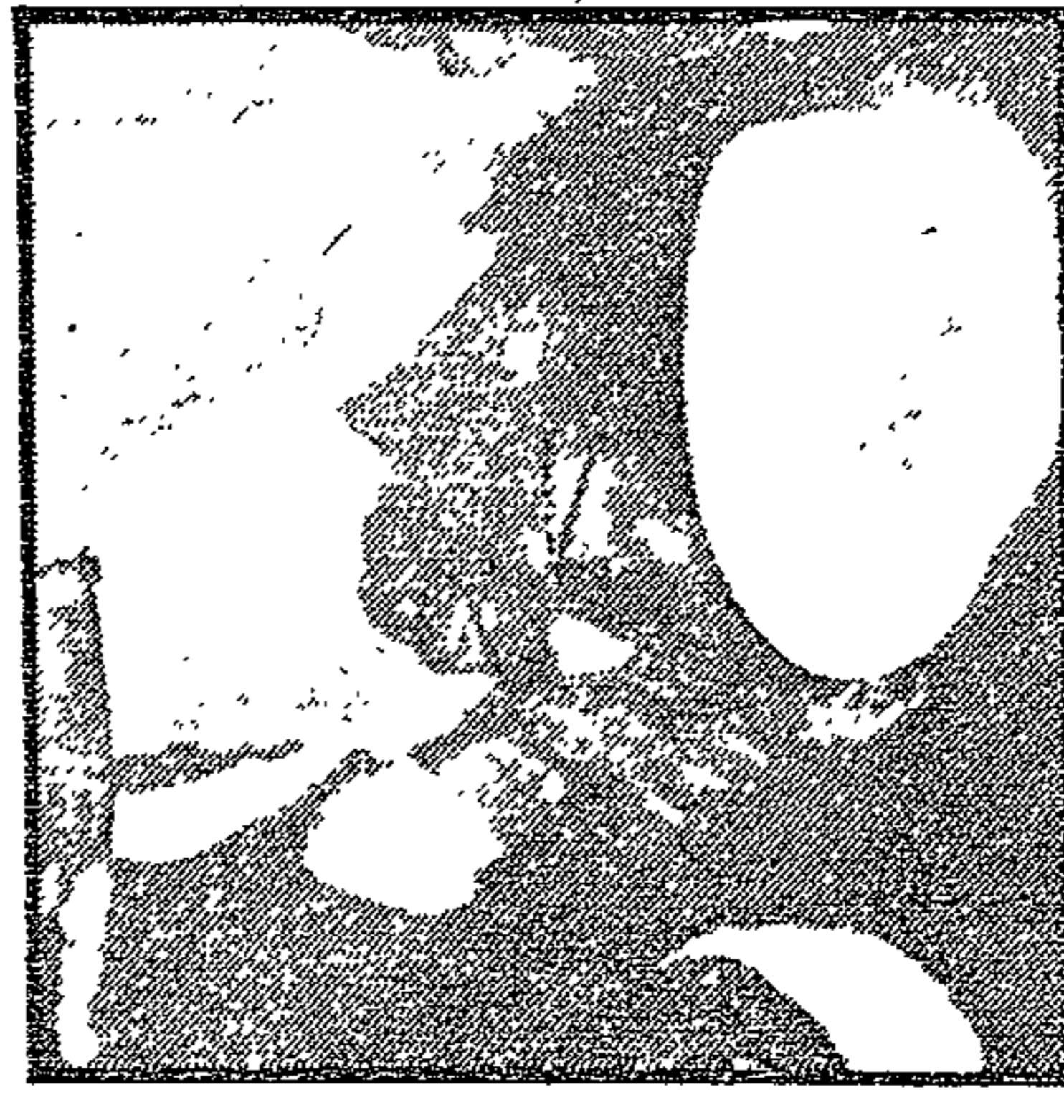
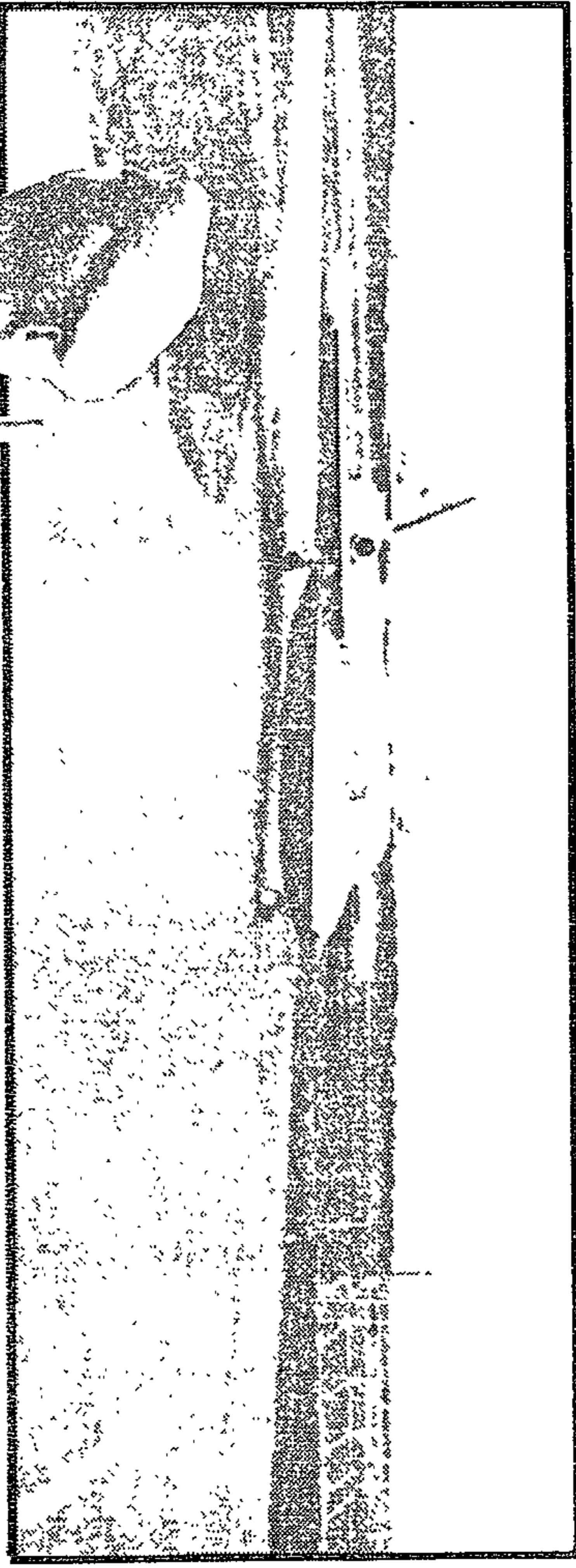
**DRIVE**

**VAN DYCK**  
**REGINA**  
**CROSSLEY • UTEX**  
**CONSTANTIA**  
**DUNLOP**

# MISSAAGA

## President's relations put behind bars as the Brothers Sebe fall out

is for-  
nan in  
is life



□ LEFT: President Sebe was surrounded by a bodyguard this week RIGHT: Vice-President Xaba's wife who is seeking the release of her detained son ABOVE: Jetset while elephant

### Presidential jet with no place to go

CISKEI has a luxury presidential jet which President Lennox Sebe has yet to use — because the dusty, undulating runway of the fledgling homeland's only airstrip is too short for it to land.

The R3 million, eight-seater Whirlwind appears to have become a permanent monument at East London's Ben Schoeman Airport, where it has been parked in all weather since delivery was taken from Israel several months ago.

Put into flight only once — when a delighted President Sebe showed off the acquisition to six top aides on a test trip piloted by a South African Air Force captain — Ciskeians watched in envy and awe as their appointed leader streaked through the sky.

Plans to lengthen the approach at the former King William's Town airstrip, now called Bisho, have had to be shelved through lack of finance.

The solitary hanger at the site houses President Sebe's other aeronautical joy — a four-seater helicopter.

When it comes to comfort in travel, the President doesn't scrimp or save on expense. He also has a Ronald Reagan-style Cadillac limousine, three expensive German cars and at least one other "ordinary" sedan in which he is chauffeured around.

It is believed that he might soon also obtain some kind of seafaring vessel — which would be moored at a floating harbour off Hamburg, outside East London. A team of overseas advisors was invited to visit the proposed "port" recently with a view to reporting on the feasibility of establishing a Ciskeian naval base.

What's best about his position as a big-league leader is that he is about to be installed as President for life — by governmental decree on an order signed by... himself.



□ LEFT: President Sebe was surrounded by a bodyguard this week RIGHT: Vice-President Xaba's wife who is seeking the release of her detained son ABOVE: Jetset while elephant

- VAN DYCK
- REGINA
- CROSSLEY • UTEX
- CONSTANTIA

# WE



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Mrs Sebe told Mr Justice B de V Pickard that she had good reason to believe the lives of her husband and son, Khambashe, were in danger.

She said her brother-in-law, President Lennox Sebe, was "wrongfully under the impression" that because of a feud in the family Charles and those other detained were opposed to his regime.

She submitted they had been detained illegally and accordingly asked for their release.

Meanwhile, the detainees — among whom is a South African citizen, security adviser and former South African undercover agent Major-General Taillefer Minnaar — will continue to be held without access to legal representation or family visits.

This emerged from papers laid before Mr Justice Pickard on Friday in which the new Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Lulama Madolo, refused to allow any outside recourse to the men.

In an affidavit replying to an urgent application in the Zwelitsha Supreme Court, Brigadier Madolo also claimed each arrest had been ordered by himself and not by President Sebe.

Neither had the arrests anything to do with the deep divisions which it was public knowledge existed between members of the Sebe family, he said.

Brigadier Madolo's statement directly contradicted an earlier pledge by the new Minister of Justice, David Takane, that visits would be allowed.

It also contradicted Vice-President W M Xaba's proclamation that the detentions had been ordered by the President

be heard tomorrow.

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CHARLES SEBE

# TOO BIG FOR HIS BOOTS

105  
John Prens  
24/1/83



BEFORE THE FALL: Charles Sebe at his height.

CHARLES SEBE has always been too big for his boots.

The arrogant and ambitious former security police sergeant won the fastest ever promotion through the ranks in South African police history, moving from constable to Lieutenant General in 10 short years.

But he dreamed of ruling the Ciskei roost and he nearly achieved his dream.

But his shrewd elder half brother, Lennox, was one step ahead of him — and the man who struck fear into the people of the Eastern Cape is now in detention.

It was Charles, he boasted, who persuaded Lennox to enter politics.

The Ciskei's President was then an inspector of schools. But he quit, becoming, soon afterwards, a member of the homeland's Cabinet, then broke with Chief Minister Justice Mabandla, and defeated him in the 1973 election.

With Lennox's progress, Charles also advanced quickly.

Charles had joined the police after leaving school, but it was in 1960 when he moved to the security police in Port Elizabeth that his political involvement began.

While Lennox was entrenching himself in the Ciskei, Charles joined the now defunct Bureau for State Security (Boss) in King William's Town.

Among his tasks then was the surveillance of Steve Biko,

## CP Correspondent

still alive and banned to King William's Town.

"Steve Biko and I called each other friends", Charles Sebe claimed after the black consciousness leader had died in a Pretoria police cell.

As the Ciskei moved towards independence, there was only one candidate to head the first Ciskei Intelligence Service and to command the 6 000 strong Ciskei Defence Force, which incorporated the army, the police, prisons, traffic police and, of course, the Security Police.

Charles Sebe, 48, transferred to the Ciskei in 1978 as a captain.

Within two years he was made a major general and then a Lieutenant General shortly after independence.

Charles and Lennox were close. They were in frequent contact and formed a formidable team.

And Charles became the darling of the South African Government with his frequent ravings against the ANC and communism.

His use of power was never questioned, at this stage, by his allies.

But gradually his remarkable statements and his bid for total power became just too much for his erstwhile friends.

This week, even the Nat mouthpiece Die Burger admitted Charles

## The sayings of Machinegun Charlie

● I do not believe in detentions. Actually, I hate them — but I believe that those who cause trouble must be put away.

● Sometimes a man is detained to scare him and to get him to correct his ways.

● If any play, any drama group wants to book a hall, they are compelled to produce a script. I run through the script, and if there is no political connotation which would wake up the masses, then they can go ahead.

● I know that the ANC calls me a lunatic. This is because I am against communism and I do my work efficiently.

● Majority rule is not a practical answer. Look at Rhodesia...

● I have got all the black - consciousness organisations at my fingertips — the ANC, the Black People's Convention, Saso, Sasm, the Communist Party, and all of them.



LOOKING DAGGERS: President Lennox Sebe before giving his half-brother the chop.

was "feared in Ciskei".

"Observers believe he did not have much support among the ordinary people."

Which is a nice way of putting it — he terrified the people and they hated him.

If Charles had not been too big for his boots, this situation might not have been changed.

If the counter-coup had not succeeded, he would have been even more powerful.

But the necessary support of brother Lennox and the South African security estab-

lishment had diminished.

He had become an embarrassment.

And, ironically, he is now suffering the same fate he inflicted on so many others.

If, as seems likely, he is charged for his role in the attempted coup the fall from power could be even greater.

The much quoted saying that "power corrupts, absolute power corrupts absolutely" has been proved absolutely by Charles Sebe.

The lieutenant-general is now paying the penalty.

*D. Dispatch*  
2 ~~organisers~~ <sup>105</sup> held — Saawu *July 1983*

QUEENSTOWN — Two organisers of the South African Allied Workers Union (Saawu) were detained yesterday, an official of Saawu, Mr Geof Wabala said.

removed and the police said they were detaining the men for distributing banned literature, Mr Wabala said.

Colonel A. P. van der Merwe, head of Security Police in the Border, could not be contacted for comment last night. — DDR.

Mr Wabala said Security Policemen arrived at the office and after searching it detained Mr Derick Smoko and Mr Shephard Mayekiso.

He said he and the president of Saawu, Mr Thozamile Gqweta, were asked to leave the office while the police conducted their search. Several documents were



# Wisdom in Clemency

THEY may well have been dead. Instead they are back in the arms of their families. And we are relieved that it has worked out as it has for the six mercenaries who have returned from the Seychelles.

Four indeed were sentenced to death for their part in the abortive coup attempt on the islands two years ago. Their sentences were commuted and after spending two years in jail they have now all been released in an act of clemency by the President of the Seychelles.

Clemency in such circumstances is rare. Heads of state and heads of government seldom relent when they have the chance to inflict full retribution on those who would topple them from power. The wisdom, however, not necessarily out of compassion, but for political reasons.

In this instance politics could have been a major factor in influencing President Rene. His action should reap the reward of more harmonious relations with this country. It certainly will avoid exacerbating them further.

But that aside there is a greater wisdom in clemency in all matters relating to crimes like treason and terrorism. The British Parliament demonstrated just such wisdom when it rejected resoundingly yet another bid to have the death sentence re-introduced for terrorist murderers and certain other categories of murder. It did so in circumstances of great provocation, not least the murder on the eve of the vote of more British soldiers in Northern Ireland.

The provocation was the work of IRA terrorists themselves: for their cause is best advanced by martyrs, and martyrs are made at the end of a rope or before a firing squad.

Israel's former head of military intelligence, General Shlomo Gazit, makes the point forcefully in an article published elsewhere in this issue. The first major problem is to recognise that the terrorist threat derives from deep-rooted political questions which take a long time to solve. Terrorism will not disappear until these issues are resolved and governments must avoid pushing innocent and

# The Brothers Grimm AND THE PEOPLE TRAPPED BETWEEN TWO TYRANNIES

BY PETER MANN  
Political Correspondent

LIFE in Ciskei is a spiral of misery for a people trapped between the callousness of "white" South Africa and the tyranny of the Sebe regime.

And the tragedy of the present ructions, which include allegations that General Charles Sebe, brother of president-for-life Lennox Sebe, attempted to stage a coup, is that they will not help the mass of people who are "citizens" of the rural slum.

For even before the blue-and-white flag which brought "freedom" to Ciskei tottered and crashed to the ground with its pole 19 months ago — apparently because the soldier deputised to raise it for the first time was drunk, Ciskeians faced only hopelessness and despair.

Now the problems in Ciskei are provoking a kind of "I-told-you-so" attitude among whites who see it as reinforcement of their belief that black people are unfit or unable to govern themselves.

They should consider the following. Both Lennox Sebe, his brother Charles and the whole creation of "independent" Ciskei are creations of the National Party.

The Sebe brothers' tyranny is only possible because South Africa has aided and abetted them.

Charles Sebe, who has been on an unchecked reign of terror in Ciskei over the past number of years, was at one time a member of the South African police — both uniform and security branch.

At one stage his job for South Africa was to watch over the late Steve Biko, who died in security police detention.

Charles Sebe is a man who once told newspapers: "I know the communists are after my blood, but I cannot be killed by heathens. God has spoken to me. He won't kill me until communism is eradicated from South Africa."

Lennox Sebe took independence in spite of expert advice from an international commission, which he had appointed, that he should not do so. He ap-



LENNOX SEBE  
Thirst for power

market Ciskei would have to spend R370 million — or build a new R1 million factory every day of the year including Sundays — and even that wouldn't reduce existing unemployment.

But the homelands entire budget for the year prior to independence was only R98 million, and R69 million of that was provided by South Africa.

And lately the South African grant has not kept pace with inflation. Ciskei overspent its budget in the 1975-76, 77-78 and 79-79 financial years.

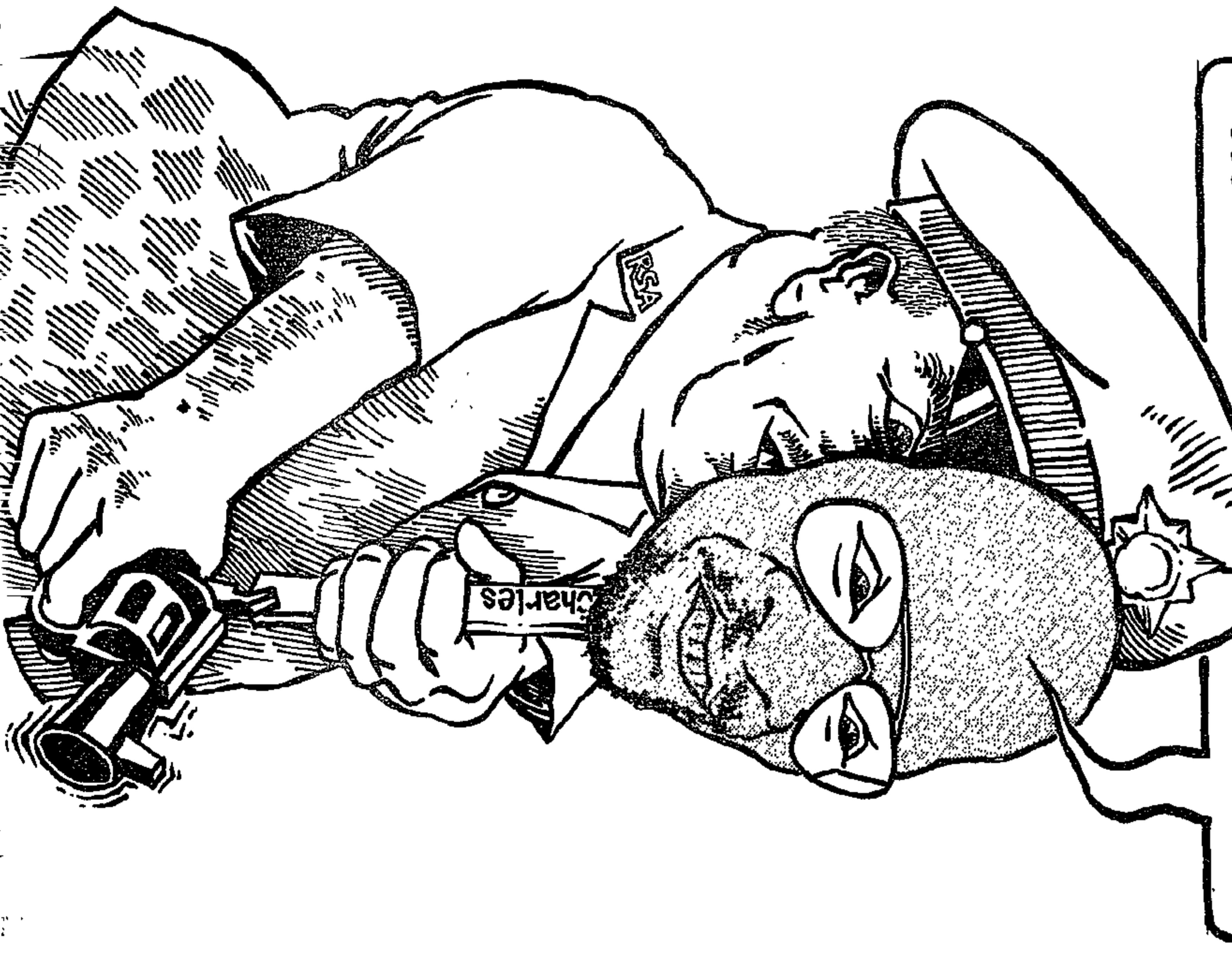
The population pressure is doing enormous physical damage to the land. The Quall Commission, that body of experts which advised Ciskei not to take independence, classified the land as moderately or severely eroded. Only 23 percent was free of erosion. Almost half the pasturage is overgrazed — a figure which has probably shot up as a result of the drought.

This despite the fact that the rigid tribal system gives only 27 000 of the 375 000 rural Ciskeians land rights allowing them to keep livestock.

And even though nearly half of Ciskeians live in the townships of Zwelisha and Mdantsane, the average landholding in the farming areas is one hectare. Agricultural experts say that in dry land conditions of the Ciskei this is insufficient to feed one person — let alone a family. Small wonder the average agricultural output is only R40 a year.

The results of this are predictable but horrifying. The infant mortality rate is estimated at 50 percent but is probably

## UH... CISKEI STATE SECURITY "HANDS UP!"



CHARLES SEBE  
I cannot be killed by heathens

has embarked on an aggressive scheme to use labour. There are no labour laws, or minimum wages in the homeland and trade unions are banned.

In addition Ciskei is compiling a central computerised register of all its workers so they can be "exported." Courses are run to train people to be domestic workers and the computer will ultimately store all the details of each worker. Membership of a trade union, involvement in industrial activity would be considered black marks by Ciskei, stored in the computer and probably result in the unemployment of the worker.

A form of disciplinary training, on military grounds, is being mooted for workers who break their contracts. The computerised centre will soon be the sole labour recruiting agency in Ciskei.

What Ciskei wants to export is a docile work force prepared to work for low rates of pay. They have no place for militancy. There is also the anomalous position that Ciskei's two townships Mdantsane and Zwelisha are dormitory townships to the East London industrial area.

In South Africa's political gobbledegook the workforce crosses an international boundary every day on the way to and from work. In South Africa where they work trade unions are legal. In Ciskei where they live trade unions are banned. The East London area is economically depressed and trade unionism is flourishing.

It is a society where President Lennox Sebe owns a R3 million jet, rumored to have belonged to Israeli Premier Menachem Begin, while his people battle against grinding poverty.

Ciskei, incidentally, has no airfield where the jet can land so the President hops aboard his helicopter for the trip to nearby East London.

It is a land of security legislation based on the South African model, where detention without trial is rife.

It is a land where there is no opposition — they have all fled — where 295 691 people of a population of 2.25 million voted for independence.

It is a land where four policemen, all Ciskeian citizens, who had the temerity to give the President's son a ticket for a traffic offence, were banned from their own country.

It is a land where a public prosecutor, who defied the police and gave bail to a man accused of stealing something from the President's bottle store, found himself in jail.

It is a land where teacher, headmasters and inspectors were expected to contribute money for the education of the President's children.

And it is a land which experienced 10 Cabinet shuffles in one year of "independence."

It is a land where General Charles Sebe, until put in jail himself, allegedly slept with a machinegun next to his bed. Where his house was patrolled by dogs and policemen with machineguns.

Years ago, he granted me an interview. I was admitted through a steel grille door to a corridor leading to his office.

Once we were inside another steel door of his office, was locked and a rifle propped against it. Major-General Tai Winnaar, now in jail with his boss, sat in on the conversation with his interpreter who alleged his life had been threatened by his pupils was ushered in.

"Take this man down to the tower. Give him 10 years for 3 weeks

ists, he argues. Restraint requires strength of leadership, sensitivity and mature judgment. It requires, too, compassion and, in the political context, an understanding that in other circumstances those in power could be the ones fighting for recognition: there but for the grace of God...

## Brother, Oh, Brother

THE notorious Brothers Sebe have fallen out. Chief Lennox and General Charles are involved in a mysterious feud. Strongman Charles now languishes in one of the prisons to which in the past he was wont to cast others so readily, with equally little regard for legal niceties like charges.

For the people of that sad "state", it matters not a jot; there is no real reason to believe that the Chief will be any more benign without the General. The daily preoccupation of the people is how to exist in a barren and overpopulated land, while a bloated and corrupt officialdom feeds off them.

Those who would like to believe that the present turmoil merely indicates once more that blacks cannot govern, should reflect they are looking in a mirror. True, the image has a black face instead of a white, is monstrously warped and distorted, but the basic features show clearly the ancestry of the monster — it was spawned by the South African Government. The injustices, meanness of spirit, inhumanity, cruelty and lack of compassion that characterise that society are in some measure features of our own.

And we are responsible for not just one monster, but a whole string of illegitimate ones — Transkei, Venda, KwaNdebele and Bophutatswana.

Those who regret the passage of the General because of his reputation as an ardent anti-communist, should perhaps dwell on why, by his own assessment, at least two thousand youths have fled the Ciskei to train as African National Congress guerrillas.

## Cry for help

THERE are areas in this country, especially Northern Natal, where drought is becoming a part of death.

Despite contributions through the Sunday Tribune Red Cross Drought Relief Fund, there is only enough food for one more week.

After that, the people, like the land, will wither and die unless there is further help.

ca wanted him to and because his personal thirst for power led him there.

As a result he has a country which is ungovernable, with problems which would tax even the wealthiest and most sophisticated democracy.

Ciskei has, for example, a population density of about 130 people per square kilometre. If this figure was applied to South Africa as a whole, we would be trying to support a population of 166 million people.

Ciskei's population is growing at such a rate that it is set to double every 20 years. Rhodes University political scientist Nancy Charlton predicts that Ciskei will be deserted with standing room only within 10 years.

Yet there is no work. Estimates are that 40 percent of the population are unemployed. The gross national product in 1975 was only R180 per head per annum and R117 of that was directly attributable to money earned in South Africa by migrant workers.

About 37 000 new work-seekers enter the jobmarket every year. Yet the industries within the homeland's borders provide only an infinitesimal 0,0001 percent of jobs.

Latest estimates are that it costs R10 000 in capital investment to create one job in the Ciskei. To absorb only the new work-seekers coming on to the

deaths are not reported.

By comparison the rate among white South Africans is 1,9 percent.

Half of all the children aged between two and three in Ciskei are malnourished. The disease of kwashiorkor is endemic. Dr P J Switt of Cecilia Makhivane Hospital in Ciskei wrote in the *South African Medical Journal* in September 1980 that 250 000 people in Ciskei had leprosy.

Exacerbating the situation is the South African Government's policy of using Ciskei as a dumping ground for unwanted Africans who are forced out of the Western Cape which is officially a "coloured labour preference area".

Bishop Desmond Tutu once described these actions as "diabolical and satanic" and the South African Parliament was told that tens of thousands were jobless and starving.

Nutritionists said that conditions under which the dumped people found themselves and the rations they were given were worse than those given to Boers in the notorious concentration camps during the South African War.

Medically the South African resettlement camps have created a logistic problem. They have changed population distribution to such an extent that Ciskei's four hospitals were unable to cope.

there had been a successful coup which brought Albert Rene to power in June 1977 but that was strictly speaking a domestic affair. In the event, that coup was only a change in gear for things went on pretty much as before.

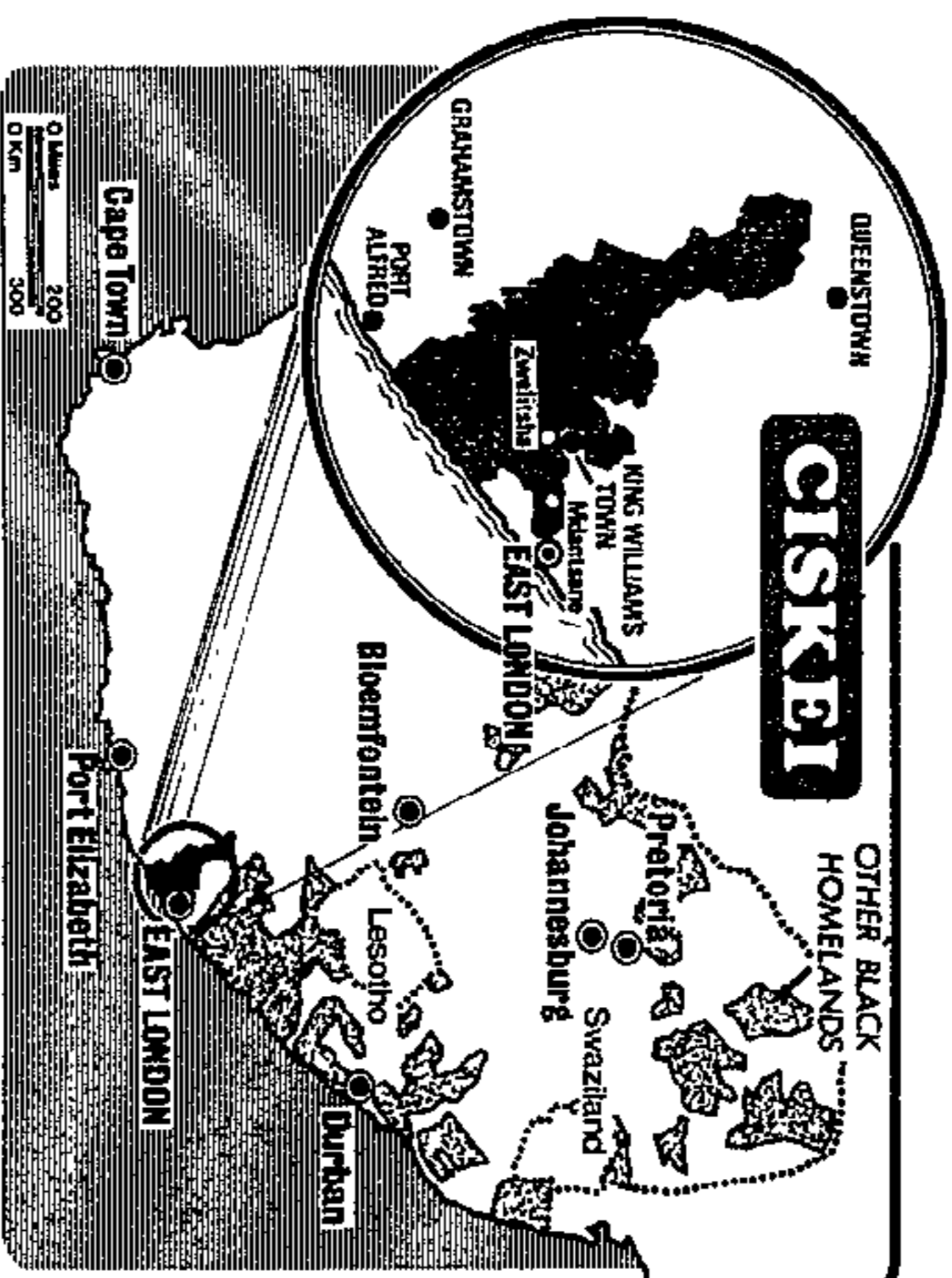
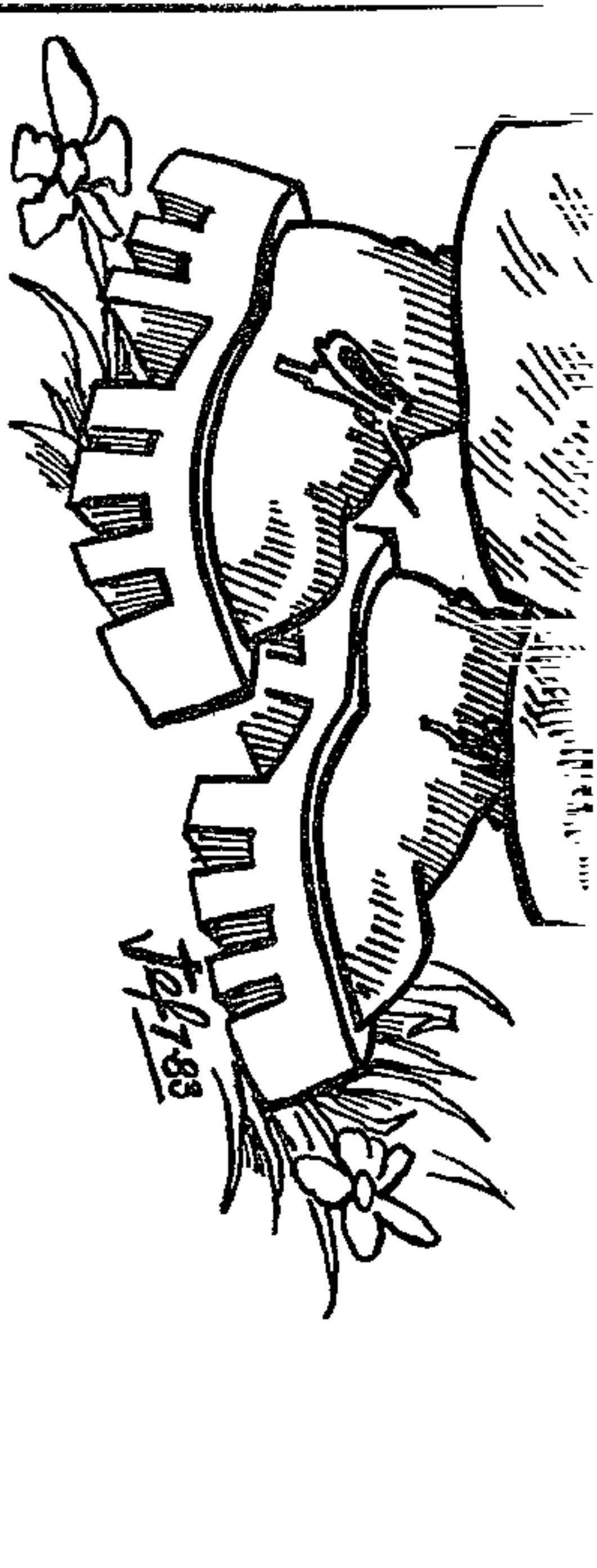
The December 1981 fit-asso was an altogether different event because an outside power was involved and, almost as importantly, that outside power was South Africa. From that moment, what can be termed the Pretoria Option has emerged as the dominant theme in the political calculations of the Seychelles government.

The governing of islands is an awesome task with unique social and economic complications; isolation, scarce resources and more often than not, gnawing

In one of the resettlement camps at Oxton teachers tell how pupils often faint in class. They are taken to the clinic and given injections of vitamin syrup to counter the malnutrition. The teachers are accustomed to dealing with a class of pupils who fall asleep or are unable to concentrate because of malnutrition. Ciskei has realised its only hope for the future and spends R110 a year on each secondary school pupil, which is almost twice the figure that rich "white" South Africa spends on her black pupils.

But even this is not enough. The pupil teacher ratio is declining and there is only one teacher for every 44 pupils in the homeland. Ciskei sees labour as its

workers. And it is in the field of labour where the major political problems occur. Ciskei



'black gold' and its only hope of earning money. Already 40 percent of men are migrant

tensions result. Most of General Sebe's rantings and actions have been directed at trade union officials who are regularly detained and thrown into Ciskei's jails.

One unionist, Mr. Thozamile Gqweba, the national president of the South African Allied Workers' Union, has been detained four times by General Sebe's Ciskeian Central Intelligence Service. He has also been detained four times by South Africa and has spent about a year in jail — without being convicted of an offence.

There are fears in the border region that General Sebe's "reign of terror" is adding to the explosive situation which is already in evidence caused by high unemployment and low wages.

To live in the Ciskei is to endure a society where corruption is rife. Black Sash National President Sheema Duncan says they are constantly told of Ciskeians who are forced to bribe officials to get housing, jobs or pensions.

Heading the list is the Ciskei National Independence Party. It is the ruling, and only, party which continually besieges the population for money.

There are allegations that Ciskeian Government and party officials join the queues to take their title of the R47 paid every two months to pensioners.

Sebe instructed... general Sebe's rantings and actions have been directed at trade union officials who are regularly detained and thrown into Ciskei's jails.

The trouble is that it is not unique. It is probably the worst but to an extent the problems of the Ciskei are manifested by all the "independent" and self-governing homelands.

And they are being forced towards independence by a National Party bent on dividing the country into ethnic units.

Some critics say it is an easy way for South Africa to evade her responsibility to her citizens. For if they are made "dependent" and only allowed into South Africa to work all the social problems and human misery become the responsibility of the homelands — not South Africa.

You can then call, as one delegate to a National Party congress did last year, for a "human-proof" fence to be erected around the homeland.

Finally, it is interesting that South Africa, which continually boasts how well-off her people are compared to the rest of Africa, does not publicise the fact that the homelands are poorer than all but the 10 poorest states in Africa, according to researchers at Stellenbosch University's Bureau for Economic Research.

## THE CAT AND MOUSE GAME RENE PLAYED WITH PW — AND LOST BY A WHISKER

By Dr. PETER VALE  
Director of Research  
Institute of International Affairs

RELATIONS between South Africa and the Seychelles are a cat and mouse game; the Rene government pardons the six mercenaries, local Press speculation is intense, Pretoria stone walls.

All games, even the cat and mouse variety, have pay-offs and one curious feature of the Victoria/Pretoria game is that both sides appear to want the same goal: to ease the tension which developed in relations in the wake of the aborted coup of December 1981. The difference is what price will be paid.

It needs to be stated that the 1981 coup attempt was the severest blow those tranquil isles received since the French first set foot there in the late 18th Century. True,

there had been a successful coup which brought Albert Rene to power in June 1977 but that was strictly speaking a domestic affair. In the event, that coup was only a change in gear for things went on pretty much as before.

# The Pretoria Option



Albert Rene

unemployment. The Seychelles is almost a classic case of these narrow choices.

Faced with these, offshore islands are often prone to seek unimpeachable links with economically strong on-shore partners. The partner providing the necessary conduit for technology, economic assistance and employment opportunities.

The Indian Ocean islands all require such conduits and, in the post-independence period, have sought to — with little material success — develop these with Kenya and Tanzania. Quite interestingly, Mauritius even sought a link with Australia but distance and Australia's Pacific Ocean con-

cerns proved too strong a counter-force.

For Rene the complications of his island location are now irksome and the problems were considerably compounded by the coup attempt and its aftermath.

Tourism which generated much needed foreign exchange is down about 60 percent. (South African tourism, which prior to the coup provided 20 percent of the tourists, is said to have dropped to about 2 percent of a diminishing total)

Moreover, the promises of foreign aid from Libya and the Soviets have failed to materialise and, in these circumstances, it is not surprising that the Rene government finds its options narrowed to the Pretoria one.

During the visits by South African officials to the Seychelles, Pretoria's long purse and packages like these must have been dangled, and President Rene's choices must be narrowing to its Pretoria Option alone.

For Rene's socialist government it is a tough choice because of the antipathy he has publicly shown to South Africa.

This week's publicity foray, which preceded their release, may have been an effort to appeal to the South African public over the heads of the Botla government. If so, it failed.

Pretoria appeared determined there would be no concession to the Rene government until the men were released.

The six mercenaries provided the one — perhaps only — real bargaining chip he had. Thus, he tried to ring concessions from Pretoria on the face of the mercenaries, in one instance attempting to trade them off against freedom for Nelson Mandela and, in another, trading their freedom for a pardon for ANC members sentenced to death. In neither of these cases was he successful and his choice on the bargaining value of the six to get concessions waned.

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205 ~~205~~ 24/7/83

# Did SA warn 'Kei of a coup?

By PETER MALHERBE and BRIAN POTTINGER

A SECRET letter that was reportedly sent to the South African Government by a source close to the Ciskei Government could hold the key to this week's security upheaval and spate of detentions in the Ciskei.

The letter was allegedly presented to Ciskei's President, Chief Lennox Sebe, by the South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pk Botha, after President Sebe's unexpected return from Israel.

The Department of Foreign Affairs has declined to comment on the nature of the talks between the two governments, but sources within the department disclaim knowledge of any letter.

## Subversion

Mr Botha was unavailable for comment yesterday.

Mr Botha met President Sebe after his arrival at Jan Smuts Airport nine days ago.

It is widely believed in the Ciskei that swift South African intervention led to the uncovering of plans for a coup d'etat in Ciskei.

Although the Ciskei Government has refused to give details of events leading up to this week's detention of 14 highly-placed Ciskeians — including the former security chief, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and other top security officers and members of the Sebe family — most factors point to a failed coup in the country.

The acting Commander-General of State Security in Ciskei, Brigadier Lulama Madolo, said in papers presented to the Ciskei Supreme Court on Friday that all detainees had been arrested under Section 2 and 3 of the National Security Act of 1982, which referred to terrorism, subversion and plotting to overthrow the State.

Speculation about South Africa's involvement in smashing coup plans rests on President Sebe's unscheduled

meeting with Minister Botha and the presence of top members of the South African Police in the Ciskei this week.

The Vice-President of the Ciskei, the Rev W M Xaba, confirmed on Tuesday that the letter — which he said contained "much harmful and derogatory information" about Ciskei's President's Council — had been sent to the South African Government from a Ciskei source.

In an interview Mr Xaba said the document degraded the Ciskeian President and his Cabinet Ministers. He added: "The source is in Ciskei, but we do not know if it was only sent to the South African Government."

## Confirmed

But on Friday, Mr Xaba denied knowledge of the contents of the document. "I know nothing about the letter, I only heard about it," he said.

The presence of members

of the Security Branch of the SAP in Ciskei was confirmed this week by the head of the Security Branch, Major-General Frans Steenkamp.

Two white South African Security Branch members were in the party which detained the former Ciskeian security chief, Gen Sebe, on Tuesday morning.

## Routine

Two top South African police officers, Gen Steenkamp and the Commissioner of Police, General Johann Coetzee, made an unannounced visit to President Sebe on Thursday.

Gen Steenkamp said the two policemen who had assisted Ciskei during the arrest of Gen Sebe were working in Ciskei at the request of that country's government.

"They required assistance from us and these men, who are experts on certain mat-

ters, are giving assistance to them."

South Africa's Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louls le Grange, confirmed Gen Steenkamp had visited President Sebe on Thursday.

Mr le Grange said the visit was not "directly connected with the current events in Ciskei".

He said the visit was "routine" and a "goodwill call" and did not take place at the request of Ciskei.

Mr le Grange said: "We are naturally aware of rumblings in Ciskei, but we will not interfere in the internal affairs of an independent country."

Speculation of a failed coup was fuelled by the confirmation that Gen Sebe and other detainees were being held under Ciskei's National Security Act.

Brig Madolo said in an affidavit to the Ciskei Supreme Court on Friday that he had ordered the arrest of the men, "because I had reason

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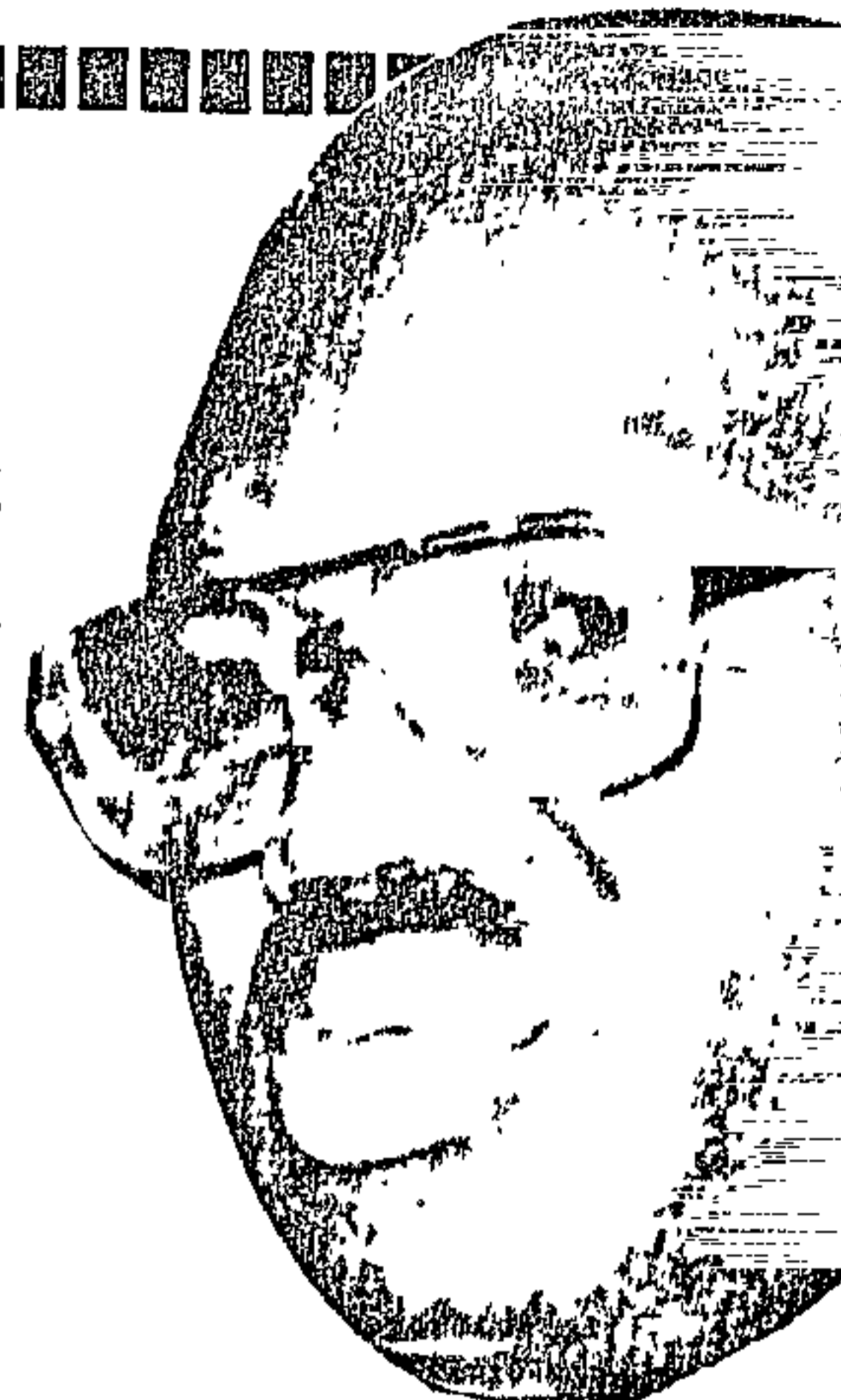
He said the detainees were being held in terms of Section 26 of the Act and that the cases would be submitted to the Attorney-General.

## Denied

The political futures of the Vice-President and the Minister of Transport was seen as shaky this week. The men, who were absent from a Cabinet meeting on Thursday, both have sons in detention.

But Ciskei's Minister of Justice, Mr D M Takane, denied that Mr Xaba had resigned or been suspended. He said that Mr Xaba was ill.

Mr Namba Sebe could not be contacted for comment. South African Foreign Af-



fairs sources have also squashed speculation that President Sebe might have asked for South African military aid to suppress a threatened coup by his own security forces.

An agreement forged be-

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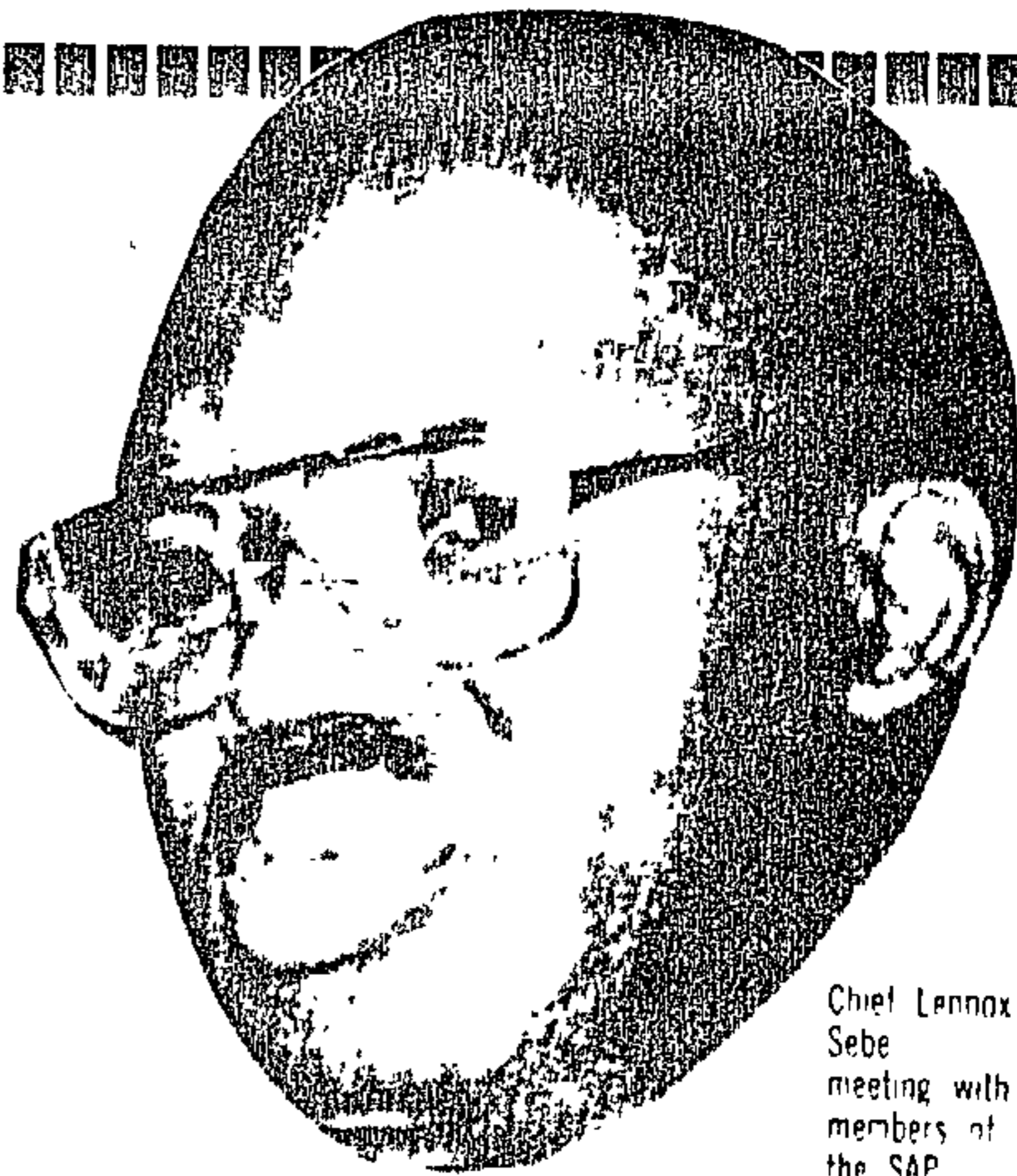
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Chief Lennox Sebe meeting with members of the SAP

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these men who are experts on certain matters are giving assistance to them," said General Steenkamp.

The two generals yesterday had lunch with President Sebe, members of his cabinet and Ciskei's police chiefs at a Bisho hotel.

South Africa's Ambassador to Ciskei, Mr Matthys Botha, and the head of the security police in King William's Town, Captain L. Nel, also attended the lun-

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24/7/83 S. TIMES 24/7/83

# Feud tears Sebes apart

A BITTER feud within Ciskei's ruling Sebes has split the powerful family into two opposing factions.

The family fight, which has been strongly rumoured in Ciskei in past weeks, was confirmed in sworn affidavits served in the Ciskei Supreme Court on Friday.

According to the affidavits the fight started between the Sebe children, spread to their wives and finally resulted in the family feud.

Part of the quarrel is believed to be centred on an unsubstantiated claim about President Lennox Sebe's ancestry.

Stand-up fights between the son of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, Khambashe, and the son of President Lennox Sebe, Lolo, were confirmed in the court papers.

According to reports circulating in Zwelitsha this week the latest brawl took place in a bar in Zone 6 Zwelitsha last Sunday night — the day after Gen Sebe was detained by President Sebe.

Papers before the court give no reason for the fight presently raging between President Sebe and Gen Sebe.

## Tension

"This friction arose from quarrels between their children which later developed into quarrels between their wives and developed into a family feud," said an affidavit presented at an urgent application by Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe for the release of Gen Sebe.

Mr Dennis Kirk, SC, appearing for Mrs Sebe, said in an affidavit that Gen Sebe had telephoned him on Monday night. Gen Sebe informed him that "problems in Ciskei and detentions taking place were because of tension between himself and his brother", the President.

"He informed me that because of the feud his brother no longer trusted him and that as a result thereof he expected to be detained."

## General Minnaar's wife pleads for his release

MRS Mara Minnaar, wife of the only white man being detained in Ciskei, is fighting for the release of her husband. Mrs Minnaar filed an urgent application at the Ciskei Supreme Court this week calling for the immediate release of Major-General Tallefer Minnaar,

former security adviser to Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe. The application will be heard tomorrow, along with a separate application urging the release of Lieutenant-General Sebe and six other detainees. Gen Minnaar was detained by Ciskei

Security Act. In an affidavit presented to the court, Mrs Minnaar says she believes there can be no lawful basis for her husband's detention.

**Matriarch of the ruling dynasty facing nightmare**



### Gen Charles Sebe ... blamed Ciskei's problems on family tension

AN elderly Ciskeian woman has been plunged into a nightmare which has split her family right down the middle.

She is Mrs Maggie Sebe, matriarch of the Ciskeian Sebe dynasty. In the past week she has seen her family thrown into turmoil after the arrest of one of her sons and three grandsons.

She has also had to face rumours of a failed coup aimed at her most highly placed offspring, President Lennox Sebe.

Mrs Sebe, who lives in the home of the now-detained Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said she was "shattered" by the strife in Ciskei and the news of the detentions.

"I cannot believe it. I am very upset. 'Nobody in my family has been arrested before,' she said.

Mrs Sebe is caught up in the middle of an apparent feud between the two powerful Sebe brothers, Chief Lennox Sebe and Gen Charles Sebe.

### Shocks

This week, Mrs Sebe, whose age is estimated at 76, has undergone medical treatment for high blood pressure after learning of Gen Sebe's arrest on Tuesday morning.

But even more shocks were to follow for the frail lady who walks with the stoop of age.

Gen Sebe's son, Khambashe, 18, was detained later on Tuesday. And on Wednesday, two of her other grandsons were also detained.

They are Mr Koil Sebe, 21, son of Ciskei's Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe

### Nomafakathi Sebe ... death threats

In an interview, Mrs Sebe said that although the detention came as a shock it was not entirely unexpected.

"We had heard rumours that this was going to happen," she said.

"But I know that he's not guilty of any crime."

The trouble in Ciskei has placed the country's leading women in a dilemma. From positions of power their fortunes are now on shaky ground as the number of detentions of high Ciskei officials soar.

### Prison

Mrs Sebe has had to listen to death-threat calls on the telephone on Tuesday night after her husband's and son's detention. She was told to prepare two coffins, one for her husband and one for her son.

Mrs Sebe said she was more concerned about the safety of her husband and son than her own safety.

"Their detention does not worry me as much as the fact that something could happen to them in prison."

Mrs Sebe said that she held no grudges against President Lennox Sebe, her brother-in-law.

"We have always been a close family, and I do not see why this should change now."



Report by PETER MALHERBE

## ROWS between sons of Ciskei rulers end in a public bar brawl

Mr Kirk stated that Gen Sebe had informed him that all the detentions taking place in Ciskei were "officers loyal to himself as Commander General and that these detentions all arose out of the family quarrel between himself and the President."

But the State made claim in their papers that the family feud had nothing to do with the arrests.

The acting Commander General, Brigadier Lulama Madofo, said: "I am aware, as is the general public, that there is a family dispute between the families of the President and Gen Sebe."

"This dispute has been going on for some months al-

ready and has nothing to do with the arrests in question."

Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe said in her affidavit that as a result of the feud between Lolo and Khambashe, the young men had "come to blows on a number of occasions".

"Many bitter and insulting things were being said by

Gen Sebe to Gen Sebe's wife, Mrs Ivy Xaba, the wife of Ciskei's vice-president, Reverend W M Xaba, this week fled from the ministerial residence in Zwelitsha to her home in Dimbaza.

"I no longer felt safe in Zwelitsha," said Mrs Xaba.

She left the residence after it was searched by Ciskei security police on Monday when they detained her 21-year-old son Lieutenant Mbu-

vula Xaba.

### Rumours

The wife of Charles Sebe, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, was present when the former security supremo was arrested. She watched in horror as her husband was taken away by the same police officers who had served under him days before.

Cape Times 25/7/83 (105)

# 'Sebe letter' mystery



General Charles Sebe

Own Correspondent

**JOHANNESBURG.** — The Department of Foreign Affairs denies any knowledge of a letter which Major-General Charles Sebe told Ciskeians last Sunday had been written to the minister, Mr Pik Botha, a spokesman for the department said yesterday.

The letter, said by the Vice-President of Ciskei, Mr W M Xaba, to contain "much useful and derogatory information" about the Ciskei President's Council, and which was sent to Mr Botha from "a Ciskei source", possibly by the now-detained Major-General Sebe him-

self, has been described as a "referendum which degraded President Lennox Sebe and his cabinet".

It is believed that the letter was received last week by Mr Botha, who then disclosed its contents to President Sebe on Friday, and that the contents of the letter, coupled with a possible coup attempt, was what sparked off the recent shake-up in the Ciskei which resulted in the detention of 15 officers from the combined forces.

The Department of Foreign Affairs spokesman said the department "had no knowledge of such

a letter", but added that if Mr Botha had received any such letter, he would have treated it as "private and confidential, as would any person".

Asked if Ciskei had asked the South African Government for support of any kind before or during the shake-up, the spokesman said he also had "no knowledge of such a request" and did not know if any assistance had been granted.

He said the government "had taken note" of the detention of Major-General Tailfer Minnaar, one of the 15 detained, and of the fact that he would appear in court.

# Ciskei police asked to leave station

EAST LONDON — South African Transport Services (Sats) Police asked Ciskei Police to leave Mount Ruth station, near Mdantsane, on Friday night, the Commander of Sats Police in the Border area Col. J. Sydow, confirmed yesterday.

But he would not comment on reports that people were assaulted outside the station.

"I have heard stories but I am not prepared to comment on what happened on the other side," he said.

"I believe that Ciskei Police were at Mount Ruth station and that we asked them to leave.

"They were also asked not to interfere with passengers on the premises because we did not want our police to be seen as part of their action," Col Sydow said.

He denied claims of assaults on passengers as they alighted from trains at the station on Friday night.

Three men who were at the station on Friday night said Ciskei police were intercepting people at the station and demanding to see if they

had paid their poll tax — a sum of R2,50 which was discontinued some years ago in South Africa but still payable in Ciskei

Mr D. Maja said that he arrived at Mount Ruth at about 7 pm.

"As I walked towards the exit, an armed policeman asked for my reference book," he said.

He produced it and the policeman asked if he had paid tax.

Mr J. Majikija said he saw Ciskei policemen using sjamboks on people leaving the station.

"I was not hit because I ran off but I saw some people being hit," he said.

Mr D. Tyatyeka also confirmed assaults and the demanding of reference books to show if those asked had paid poll tax.

"But it was dark and the police could not see whether one had paid tax or not," he said.

Efforts to get the Ciskei Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, for comment were unsuccessful yesterday. — DDR

~~5~~ ~~people~~  
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195  
25/7/83  
D. N. Spalding

EAST LONDON — Five people were admitted to Cecilia Makiwane Hospital, Mdantsane, with bullet wounds on Friday night, a medical superintendent at the hospital, Dr Ian Harris, confirmed yesterday.

Dr Harris said the four men and a woman were brought into the hospital at 7.30 pm.

"The bullets were removed and all five people have been kept in hospital for further observation," he said.

He added they were all in satisfactory condition.

The admissions followed alleged shootings near Fort Jackson station on Friday night

The Ciskei Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Lulama Madolo, referred inquiries to the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane.

Efforts to contact Mr Takane were unsuccessful yesterday. — DDR



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# No blessings for Ciskei squatters

Mercury 25/7/83

Mercury Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG—The 15 000 people of Oxton, one of the bleakest resettlement camps in Ciskei, are to be moved to the new relocation site of Dongwe near Sada, according to the Grahams-town Resettlement Committee.

Dongwe is being designed to accommodate 60 000 people in four-roomed 'matchbox' houses, replete with flushing lavatories, showers and water in the kitchen.

But, the committee says, the pending move is by no means an unmixed blessing, although houses at Dongwe will be vastly superior to those at Oxton because rent would be far beyond the reach of most Oxton families.

'Their only income is occasional remittances from migrants, pensions of the aged and disability grants,' says the committee, an offshoot of the Surplus People Project.

Both Oxton and Dongwe fall within the Hewu area of Ciskei and for some Oxton residents the move will be their fourth within the area.

'The Hewu district is an undeclared disaster area. The great drought is the most ever-present feature. There are no crops, and the ground-cover is gone.

'The flushing toilets and showers for 60 000 residents in Dongwe seem far removed from local realities.

'The Hewu area is for housing and not agriculture. It is bleak and terri-

ble labour bureau country, a rural dormitory where nearly one-sixth of the Ciskei's population lives.'

The newsletter also chronicles the disenchantment of blacks in the Stockenstroom district following its incorporation into Ciskei.

When the district was first earmarked for transfer to Ciskei, local blacks 'formed branches of President Sebe's Ciskei National Independence Party and on Independence Day they proudly donned their "amaCiskei amahle" badges and sang Ciskei songs.

'Landless for generations they fondly anticipated that the green pastures and white houses of Stockenstroom would soon be theirs.'

## Invade

But they did not inherit Stockenstroom's white-owned farms or even continue to enjoy access to the local forest for firewood or the local hotel or sawmills for casual work.

Instead Government trucks arrived at dawn one day to take them and their possessions 25 km away to a new resettlement centre of corrugated-iron huts and the 'inevitable toilets'.

The incorporation of Stockenstroom was followed first by threats from the then Ciskei generalissimo, Gen Charles Sebe, to 'invade Stockenstroom' and then a display of 'acute interest' in the farms by Ciskei Cabinet ministers.

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# Call for Ciskei National Development Bank

*The Dispatch 25/7/83*

"... the Republic of Ciskei should give serious consideration to converting the Ciskeian National Development Corporation into the Ciskeian National Development Bank. Much detailed thought will have to be directed at the structure of such a conversion, but I believe it to be the best way to generate maximum participation by the private sector."

So reads the report of Mr F. S. Meisenholl, chief executive of CNDC.

The report was released at a function in the Amatola Sun Hotel, attended by a contingent of representatives from the national financial press.

I liked the "touch of class" given the occasion by CNDC. The speeches by Minister Malefane from Ciskei Finance and Frans Meisenholl were short and to the point and ample opportunity was given for asking questions. The operation was smooth and slick and rounded off by a satisfactory dinner party given by host Dave Hayson of Amatola Sun.

## Closer look

But let's have a closer look at that Ciskeian National Development Bank. Mr Meisenholl links it with much greater participation by the private sector towards the development of the country. He suggests, if I understand him correctly, that in the same way as the Southern African Development Bank hopefully will attract national and international investment by the private sector, so also will the Ciskeian National Development Bank attract its own share of private sector investments.

The concept as expressed in the report is vague and I trust Mr Meisenholl will soon be announcing working detail for scrutiny by the private sector.

The corporation's equity increased by R11 million while borrowings increased by R21 million to give a new figure of R90,5 million.

In his statement the chairman says "total investment in Ciskei

generated through the efforts of CNDC, now amounts to R186 million".

This figure does not emerge from the accounts presented and I can only assume that total investments by CNDC and the private sector together since 1976 are worth R186 million, presumably inclusive of infrastructure.

## Bombing effects

About 60 grown-up boys, and a brace of girls, were invited by Mike Stent of Mekelek and John Mackenzie of SA General Electric to watch a demonstration of the effect of "typical terrorist bombs" and different shapes and sizes of bullets on various glazing materials.

## Proximity

I learned much. For instance, it is not so much the size of the charge that causes the effective damage but the proximity of the target and the degree of "confinement".

The shockwave pressure is the most important thing and it does not double with size of charge; but try to set the charge off at half the distance and see the difference.

Bullets and shotgun slugs were fired into a 33 mm thick sheet but it did not break or buckle and nothing emerged from the other side.

The Pretoria bomb was about 40 kg in weight, set at some 10 metres from the target, creating a shockwave of about 5 bars. A 4 kg bomb at 3 metres produces a wave of 3 bars.

- The lessons are:
- (1) Consult experts.
  - (2) Keep the bombers at a distance of more than say 20 metres.
  - (3) Use different grades of glass toughening for different degrees of exposure. (No need for the heavy armour on the third floor, for instance.)

Ordinary 3 mm glass costs about R20 per square metre. 10 mm costs R72. 5 mm armoured costs R72 and the really tough stuff, polycarbonate, costs R300 for a square metre — or thereabouts.

If you want to know more, phone me at 55339

## Producing the oil

Who rates in the oil producing stakes? I am still not sure but after studying a number of statistical reviews and adjusting for temporary abnormalities such as Iraq and Iran at this time, I get this approximate answer for crude oil expressed in millions of barrels per day.

USA.....	10.3
Saudia Arabia.....	8.5
Iran .....	6.0

Venezuela.....	3.4
Iraq .....	2.8
Kuwait. ....	2.5
Nigeria.....	2.1
Libya.....	2.0
Mexico.....	2.0
Canada .....	1.8
UK.....	1.8
Abu Dhabi .....	1.4
Algeria .....	1.0
Qatar.....	0.5
Oman.....	0.3

Producing	46.4
Soviet bloc .....	14.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>60.4</b>

I know there are other small producers such as Australia and Argentina but they are not mentioned in the statistical tables.

# Denial <sup>(105)</sup> over letter <sup>Mercury</sup>

**Mercury Correspondent**  
PORT ELIZABETH—The Department of Foreign Affairs has denied any knowledge of a letter which Maj-Gen Charles Sebe told Ciskeians last Sunday had been written to the minister, Mr Pik Botha, a spokesman for the department said yesterday.

The letter, which was said by the Vice-President of the Ciskei, Mr W M Xaba, to contain 'much useful and derogatory information' about the Ciskei President's Council and which was sent to Mr Botha from 'a Ciskei source', possibly by the now-detained Maj-Gen Sebe himself, has been described as a 'referendum which degraded President Lennox Sebe and his Cabinet'.

It is believed that the letter was received last week by Mr Botha, who then disclosed its contents to President Sebe on his return from Europe last Friday and that the contents of the letter, coupled with a possible coup attempt, was what sparked off the recent shake-up in the Ciskei

which resulted in the detention of 15 officers from the combined forces.

The spokesman said the department 'had no knowledge of such a letter' but added that if Mr Botha had received any such letter he would have treated it as 'private and confidential, as would any person'.

When asked if Ciskei had asked the South African Government for any support, aid or assistance of any kind before or during the shake-up, the spokesman said he also had 'no knowledge of such a request' and implied that he would therefore not know if any assistance had been granted.

He said that the Government 'had taken note' of the detention of Maj-Gen Tailefer Minnaar, one of the 15 detained, and of the fact that he would appear in court. Gen Minnaar, a South African citizen, is a former agent of the National Intelligence Service.

The spokesman said the South African Embassy in Ciskei was 'keeping in touch' with the situation, including Gen Minnaar's detention.

## Fraud cash went abroad

Mail Reporter

A 28-year-old man was jailed for two years in the Johannesburg Regional Court yesterday after he was convicted of fraud under the Exchange Control Regulations Act.

One year's jail was suspended for five years and he was also fined R7 500 (or nine months).

Hendrik Johannes Meyer, of Highland Place, Horison, pleaded guilty to 21 counts of fraud involving R647 025.

Meyer admitted that between August 1981 and May 1982, he bought US dollars for a man named "Harry". He said the money was sent overseas and he received R15 000 commission.

## Decision on Becker death

Mail Reporter

A JOHANNESBURG inquest magistrate will give his decision tomorrow on the death of Mr Clive Errol Becker, the security guard who died shortly after he was arrested as a suspect in a R205 000 payroll robbery.

Brixton Murder and Robbery Squad police say Mr Becker drowned in the Kli priver while trying to escape Mr Becker's sister, Mrs Dawn Francesco, claims police murdered him in the Brixton police cells.

## SAAWU men's fate unknown

By PATRICK LAURENCE  
Political Editor

A PALL of silence yesterday hung over the fate of two detained officials of the South African Allied Workers' Union.

The two men, Mr Sisa Njikelana, SAAWU's vice-president and Mr Bonile Tulumu, a local organiser in East London, were detained by Ciskeian police at a roadblock on Friday.

Repeated attempts to establish whether they were still in detention were unsuccessful yesterday.

Ciskei's Commissioner of Police, Brigadier I Madolo, Security Police chief Colonel Z Makuzeni and the Minister of Justice, Mr DM Takane, were unavailable for comment. Mr Takane's office referred the Rand Daily Mail to Major G Ngaki, the Ciskei's public relations officer, but he, too, was not available for comment.

There was no reply from SAAWU's head office in East London yesterday. The union's Johannesburg representative, Mr Herbert Banahas, said that, as far as he knew, the two men were still in detention.

The detention of Mr Njikelana and Mr Tulumu is the latest in a series of detentions

of its officials by Ciskeian security police, many of them carried out by General Charles Sebe before his own detention last week.

The latest issue of the SA Labour Bulletin carries the full text of a SAAWU reply to allegations by President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei that SAAWU is a subversive organisation.

It rejects the allegations as "fabricated lies of the most misleading kind" and describes an accusation that SAAWU is a front organisation for the outlawed African National Congress as a "politically naive statement".

Insisting that it is a trade union and not a political movement, the SAAWU statement says: "All our activities are above board. Subversion and violence is nowhere to be found in our activities and our constitution bears testimony to this."

It adds "SAAWU has never had anything to do with the ANC."

SAAWU's aim is to fight "capitalist exploitation" and eliminate poverty — which, the statement says, is caused by the apartheid system, "of which the homelands are a product".

## Ex-clerk stole blankets

By JOHN MILLER

A FORMER clerk in the Johannesburg Magistrate's Court was yesterday found guilty of stealing a pair of sheets, blankets and towels from the Hillbrow Police Barracks when he stayed there last month.

Mr Jan Taljaard, 26, of Hoedspruit, pleaded not guilty in the Hillbrow District Court to a charge of theft of linen worth R60, allegedly committed in June this year.

He said he lived at the barracks and was to stay with some friends who did not have any linen for him.

He said he took the linen from his room in the barracks but could not find his friend's flat.

He hid a kit bag which contained the linen under a bush in a park and went to buy some food.

When he returned, the bag had disappeared.

The magistrate, Mr W J Wilken, found Taljaard guilty and said he did not know why he did not return to the barracks after the incident to report the linen as stolen.

The case was postponed for sentence to August 26 and bail of R200 was fixed.

While Johannes Taljaard was in the barracks, he visited his friends who did not have any linen for him. After visiting cold — by John Miller

# You don't have to be in who's who to know what's what

The fact of the matter is simple: Owing to the current Oriental Rug trade war, **ESKAPA ORIENTALS** — South Africa's oldest established Oriental Rug dealers — are offering their entire

offer represents the **LOWEST PRICES OBTAINABLE ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD TODAY** ... including the actual countries of origin! This might appear

half-a-century, precludes our playing these games. **OURS IS A GENUINE NON-SENSIBLE OFFER: 33 1/3% FROM CATALOGUED PRICES**

cially since this cannot possibly be continued indefinitely. our sincere admirers and collectors and owners of Oriental

# Family of Gen Sebe no common detainee <sup>105</sup> <sup>26/7/83</sup> criminal, court told won't be <sup>Post</sup> evicted

Post Correspondent

ZWELITSHA — The wife of Ciskei's former deputy head of intelligence was given an assurance yesterday that her family would not be evicted from their home near Frankfort

Mrs Ethelina Tamsanqa was to have brought an urgent application to the Supreme Court yesterday afternoon restricting the Commissioner of Police, the Minister of Justice and the Minister of Agriculture from evicting the family from a Frankfort farm. Her husband, Brigadier N Tamsanqa was detained together with 13 other security officers

Instead, an assurance from Brigadier L Madolo, Commissioner of Police, was given — after a brief meeting in Mr Justice Pickard's chambers — that no steps would be taken to evict Mrs Tamsanqa up to and including Wednesday.

Mr Denis Kirk, the instructing attorney, said it would be decided then whether the State would oppose the application.

It has been reported that Captain Joe Ntwasa, a close confidant of Lieutenant General Charles Sebe, who is also in detention, has been evicted from his Government house.

Post Correspondent

ZWELITSHA — Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, Ciskei's former head of security, was no "common criminal" but occupied a very high position, Mr Harold Levy, SC, told the Supreme Court here yesterday.

Mr Levy was making an urgent application for the release of Gen Sebe and seven of his top security officers

The application was brought by Gen Sebe's wife, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe and Mrs Marah Minnaar, wife of Ciskei's security adviser, Major-General Tailefer Minnaar

Mr Levy, for Mrs Sebe, and Mr Dennis Kuy, SC, for Mrs Minnaar, said the detention of the men was illegal if it was not justified by the Ciskeian Government.

Mr Kuy said the court was entitled to inquire whether there was justification for the detentions "The court is the ultimate

protector of liberty of the individual" he said.

Mr Justice Pickard said the court had no jurisdiction to investigate the validity of detentions under Section 26 of the National Security Act "I can look at the arrest but not at the continued detention," he said

Referring to a protracted feud between President Lennox Sebe and Gen Sebe Mr Levy said more information of the detentions should be presented to the court so that the judge could consider whether the feud was not the reason for the detentions

Mr L Dison, SC, for the Ciskeian Government, said the family feud had nothing to do with the arrests "Why was Lt-Gen Charles Sebe detained months after the feud?" he asked.

Concurring, the judge said not only members of the Sebe family had been arrested

Judgment was reserved until tomorrow morning

# Bus boycott continues in rain

EAST LONDON — Black commuters braved the inclement weather yesterday and continued to boycott Ciskei Transport Corporation (CTC) buses.

The Divisional Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Jim Bekker, said commuters appeared determined to walk "even in the rain" and a railways spokesman said trains running from Mdantsane were still "pretty full" yesterday.

However, a press liaison spokesman for CTC, Mr Wessel van Wyk, said a "slight upturn" in the use of buses had

been recorded yesterday and the boycott seemed to be "easing off".

The company on Friday reported that buses were running at 50 per cent capacity and Mr Van Wyk said early morning figures yesterday indicated a further increase in passengers.

The systems manager of the South African Transport Services, Mr L. du Toit, said the extra services laid on for Mdantsane commuters last week were still in operation.

He said trains were "pretty full" yesterday

and Sats would continue with the additional trains and coaches until demand no longer warranted them.

"We are more or less coping at the moment. But with the larger volumes of commuters it is difficult to exercise control.

"People cram into the trains and we know we are not getting all the fares," said Mr Du Toit.

Brigadier Bekker said his staff were still monitoring the boycott in East London. No incidents had been reported and the police were trying to maintain the calm, he said.

"The buses are still empty and we have not noticed an overall increase in passengers. But it is difficult to assess the situation because we understand many passengers now lie flat in the buses." — DDR

## Station assaults unconfirmed

EAST LONDON — Reports that people had been assaulted by Ciskeian policemen at Mount Ruth station on Friday night could not be confirmed with the Department of Justice yesterday.

A spokesman for the department referred inquiries to the Ciskei police public relations officer, Major G. A. Ngaki, who said he would investigate the matter.

The South African

Transport Services Police asked Ciskei policemen to leave the station on Friday evening and passengers claimed they had been assaulted by policemen as they alighted from trains.

The Commander of the Sats Police, Colonel J. Sydow, said yesterday Ciskei policemen had not visited the station again since they were asked to leave on Friday evening. — DDR

## Police to probe shootings

EAST LONDON — Ciskei police authorities were silent yesterday on shooting incidents in which five people were wounded near Fort Jackson station on Friday night.

A spokesman for the Department of Justice referred inquiries to the Ciskei police public relations officer, Major G. A. Ngaki, who said he would investigate the matter.

Major Ngaki could not be reached last night and efforts to reach the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, were unsuccessful.

The five injured people, four men and a woman, were admitted to Cecilia Makiwane Hospital with bullet wounds they sustained near Fort Jackson station on Friday evening.

— DDR

# Sebe detention not lawful argues counsel

(105)

ZWELITSHA — Mr Justice Pickard reserved judgment until tomorrow morning on the application for a court interdict calling for the release of Ciskei police and army officers detained in the recent swoop.

Mr H. W. Levy, SC, counsel for seven applicants, argued that one of the fundamental principles of Ciskeian law was individual liberty.

However, Mr Levy said, the state in certain circumstances, like war or a state of emergency, deemed it necessary to curtail this principle and legislated accordingly. Nevertheless, the courts scrutinised such legislation and interpreted it, he said.

In terms of the Criminal Procedures Act, the detention of a person for more than 48 hours was, subject to certain qualifications which were inapplicable to the present case, unlawful.

It was clear that an applicant had to show deprivation of liberty, in which case the onus would rest upon the arresting authority to justify the arrest, Mr Levy said.

In the present case, all the detainees had been held for more than 48 hours by the respondents — the Ciskei Government, the Commissioner of Police and the Commissioner of Prisons — and they had now tried to justify the detentions by a purported reliance on the provisions of the National Security Act.

He said the crisp question for decision in this matter was whether the respondents' opposing affidavits were adequate to discharge the onus.

The provisions of Section 26 (4) ousted the court's jurisdiction only in respect of actions taken in terms of this section.

Mr Levy said that on the proper construction of Section 26, the respondents were required to set out facts showing that they had acted in terms of that section.

The far-reaching consequences of detention in terms of this section — the denial of the right of access even by a legal representative — demanded from the arresting officer strict compliance with the requirements of the act for the arrest and detention, as well as meticulous scrutiny by the courts as to whether there had been such compliance.

Mr Levy said should the officer not state his reasons, the court would not know if its jurisdiction was ousted or not.

He submitted it was clear that some reasons had to be divulged. This had not been done and therefore the detainees concerned should be released.

He said Mrs Nomakathi Sebe, wife of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, had alleged in her founding affidavit that there was a family feud, the existence of which was confirmed by the respondents.

She had also alleged that because the post of Commander-General of Ciskei State Security was not filled or had been abolished, all arrests subsequent to the dismissal of General Sebe must have been unlawful.

He said the affidavits of the respondents, although short, were so unsatisfactory that the court could decide the applications on the probabilities.

Mr D. Kuny, SC, for Mrs M. E. Minnaar, wife of the former security adviser to General Sebe, Major-General T. Minnaar, agreed with most of the points raised by Mr Levy.

Mrs Minnaar had filed a separate application.

Mr L. Dison, SC, counsel for the respondents, said in his argument the onus was on the applicant to show that the decisions taken were irregular and improper.

He said it was not even necessary for the respondents to file affidavits since allegations

did not prove any irregularity or impropriety on them.

The allegations that the detainees had done nothing wrong could not be entertained as they were made by people who could not have personal knowledge of the allegations, as they were not made by the detainees themselves.

In view of the privative provisions of the National Security Act, the court had no jurisdiction to examine the decision in question except in the most limited respects.

Mr Dison submitted that the allegations in the present matter did not constitute a prima facie case of mala fides sufficient to give the court jurisdiction in the matter in view of the privative clause in the act.

Furthermore, the decisions, in this case by the Commissioner of Police, were those in which an unlimited administrative discretion was conferred in the official concerned.

The act laid down affirmatively that no person, with certain statutory exceptions, could have access to the detainee, Mr Dison said.

He submitted that the ordinary principles of habeas corpus, enabling the court to have the body produced and calling upon the jailer to justify the continued detention, did not apply. They were excluded by the act.

Mr Dison also submitted that on the question of the alleged abolition of the post of Commander-General, the mere fact that the previous incumbent of the office had resigned or was dismissed would not mean that the powers entrusted to officials under Section 26 had been withdrawn by implication. — DDR.

Mr R. R. Dison, SC, and Mr P. J. du Preez, instructed by I. C. Clark Incorporated, appeared for the respondents Mr D. Kuny, SC, and Mr S. Cole, instructed by Barnes and Ross, appeared for Mrs Minnaar Mr W. A. Levy, SC, and Mr C. J. Mouton, instructed by the Bax Partnership, appeared for Mrs N. Sebe and six others.

# Sebe stays inside, rules Ciskei court

(105)

26/07/87  
Jowetan

APPLICATIONS for the release of eight detainees — including former Head of Security Lieutenant General Charles Sebe — were dismissed with costs in the Ciskei Supreme Court yesterday.

Advocate Harold Levy, SC for General Sebe and six officers, and Advocate Dennis Kuny SC for Ciskei's former Security Adviser Major General Tallefer Minnaar brought the applications on grounds of illegal detention.

Delivering judgment Mr Justice J Pickard said the respondents, who were represented by Advocate Dison SC, had discharged the onus to prove the arrests were legal as called for by the applicants.

In terms of Section 26(4) of the National Security Act the court could not pronounce on the validity of the continued detentions.

In a further development a Supreme Court application re-

stricting the Commissioner of Police Brigadier Madolo from evicting the former Deputy Head of Intelligence Brigadier N Tamsanqa's family from their Frankfurt home was struck from the role.

Brigadier Madola gave Mrs Ethelina Tamsanqa an unconditional undertaking that the family would not be evicted without a court order.

Brigadier Madolo will pay the costs.



*D. Disputer*  
*24/1/83*

# Judgment in Sebe case reserved

*105*

ZWELITSHA — Judgment on seven applications calling for the release of the former Commander-General of Ciskei State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and other police and army officers detained recently has been reserved by Mr Justice Pickard until tomorrow.

Yesterday, legal counsel for the applicants and respondents presented their arguments in the Supreme Court here.

Mr H. W. Levy, SC, counsel for seven applicants, including General Sebe's wife, Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, argued that the onus was on the State to justify the arrests if called upon to do so. The respondents had failed to discharge this onus.

Mr Levy said that although the provisions of Section 26 of the National Security Act ousted the court's jurisdiction, it did so only within strict requirements.

Mr D. Kuny, SC, for Mrs M. E. Minnaar, wife of General Sebe's former security adviser, Major-General Tailefer Minnaar, agreed with most of the points raised by Mr Levy.

Mr L. Dison, SC, for the respondents, said the onus was on the applicants to show that the detentions were irregular and improper.

He said in view of the privative provisions of the National Security Act, the court had no jurisdiction to examine the detentions except in the most limited respects and that the applicants had failed to provide a prima facie case of mala fides sufficient to give the court that jurisdiction. — DDR

Full report, page 17.

# Big roundup of firearms and licences for Ciskeians

Mercury Correspondent

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PORT ELIZABETH—Ciskei's new security authorities yesterday prepared to confiscate all firearms and licences issued while the detained Lt Gen Charles Sebe was commander general of state security.

The new Commissioner of Police, Brig L B Madolo, has ordered owners of firearms issued by the former Department of State Security to hand in their guns and licences within a fortnight at the nearest police station where they must apply for new licences.

Brig Madolo said yesterday that firearm owners refused new licences

would 'be allowed to dispose of their weapons to their benefit'.

Successful applicants would have their firearms returned.

'This action is being taken to regulate the control of firearm licences and to issue new licences to deserving applicants,' Brig Madolo said.

Meanwhile, an uneasy calm prevailed in Ciskei yesterday — also President Lennox Sebe's 57th birthday.

The Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba, has still not returned to work — he has been absent since Thursday. A domestic worker at his home said yesterday 'he was down with flu'.

105  
Mercury

# All firearms in Ciskei called in for re-issue

**Own Correspondent**  
**PORT ELIZABETH.** — Ciskei's new security order yesterday recalled all firearms and licences issued while the detained Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe was in command of State security.

The new Commissioner of Police, Brigadier L B Madolo, has ordered owners of firearms issued by the former Department of State Security to hand in their guns and licences at the nearest police station within a fortnight. They must apply simultaneously for new licences.

Brigadier Madolo said yesterday that firearm owners who were refused new licences "would be allowed to

dispose of their weapons to their benefit". Successful applicants would have their firearms returned.

"This action is taken to regulate firearm licensing," he said.

## Confiscation threat

Notification of the firearm licence review was sent to all firearm owners yesterday. If they fail to comply to the order within 14 days, Brigadier Madolo could confiscate their firearms and licences permanently, he said.

Meanwhile, an uneasy calm prevailed in Ciskei yesterday, which was President Lennox Sebe's 57th birthday.

The Vice-President, the Rev W M Xaba, has still not returned to

work, from which he has absented himself since Thursday. A domestic worker at his home said yesterday that he was "down with 'flu".

Ciskei's new police liaison officer, Major G A Ngaki, confirmed that police investigations on the shooting attack on Mr B N Pityi's home were nearing completion.

He could not say whether the 15 members of the Ciskeian forces jailed in the past fortnight would be joined by others.

The Attorney-General, Mr W F Jurgens, said charges against the 15 had not yet been formulated. He did not know when he would be asked to decide on their prosecution.

**R990 000**

**Ciskei** (105)

**industry  
complex**

*P.O. Spitzkoppe  
27/5/83*  
MDANTSANE — A R993 000 small business industries complex is to be built in Zone 11 here soon and the first sod will be turned at the site on Friday.

The manager of the Ciskeian Small Business Corporation, Mr J. G. Rowles, said the sod-turning ceremony would be held on the sports field site converted to a business site at 11 am.

He added a large number of factory workshops, mechanical and panel beating business sites would be built in a joint venture between the Ciskeian Small Business Corporation and the South African Small Business Development Corporation.

Building work would commence in two weeks on the site, Mr Rowles said. — DDR

**Ex-CCIS (105)**  
**men held** ~~(2)~~

KING WILLIAM  
TOWN - two former  
Ciskei Central Inter-  
elligence Services men  
Warrant Officer M Ukh-  
ona and Sergeant N.  
Matenjwa, have been de-  
tained in Ciskei, the  
head of the security  
police, Colonel Z.  
Makuzeni, confirmed  
last night.

Col Makuzeni also con-  
firmed the detention of  
the vice-president of the  
South African Allied  
Workers Union (Saawu),  
Mr Sisa Njikelana, and  
two other Mdantsane  
men, Mr Mzwandile  
Mampunye and Mr  
Newell Faku. — DDR.

2  
6  
16

*D. D. D. Faku 27/1/83*

(105) (105) D. DIFAZA 27/2/83

# Police identify 5 shooting victims

**EAST LONDON** — The Ciskei police yesterday identified the five people who were wounded in a shooting incident near Fort Jackson.

The Ciskei police public relations officer, Major G. A. Ngaki, gave their names as Mr Tembile Toto, 28, of Zone 15, Mr Sipho Khatala, 23, of Zone 13, Miss Vuyiswa Mgobozi, 32, of Zone 14, Mr Jongilanga Nkwenkwana and Mr Enoch Ntuli, no addresses given.

The condition of all the patients was said to be improving yesterday.

Major Ngaki said the shooting incident occurred after train commuters from Fort Jackson station were proceeding in a crowd towards the township.

He said police in the vicinity who were performing their normal duties, approached the crowd to check whether

they had paid the Ciskei development tax.

Major Ngaki said a mob started to throw stones at the police. The number of stone throwers swelled to a hundred, against 20 policemen, who were armed with side-arms. When the policemen found that their lives were in danger they opened fire. Several warning shots had been fired.

Major Ngaki said the police were investigating an attempted murder case following the incident.

Referring to an incident at Mount Ruth station, Major Ngaki said people who were in the district of Mdantsane had been stopped by police who were checking whether they had paid Ciskei tax.

He said the police in the patrol vehemently denied that they had ever been on railway

premises in an official capacity as Colonel J. Sydow, of the SA Railway Police, claimed.

Colonel Sydow had said that Ciskei police were asked to leave railway premises.

Major Ngaki said the Ciskei police had been within the Ciskei border en route from Mount Ruth where they had been deployed on duty.

He said there had been reports that people were stoning buses and interfering with residents who were using the buses.

Major Ngaki said the police were there to protect property and maintain law and order.

He said those who were found to have not paid the Ciskei development tax were arrested and taken to the Mdantsane police station and charged. — DDR

**ZWELITSHA** — All persons with firearm licences issued by the abolished Ciskei Central Intelligence Services have been asked to submit their firearms to their local police station for the issue of new licences.

The Ciskei Police public relations officer, Major G. A. Ngaki, said: "The commissioner of the Ciskeian Police, Brigadier L. B. Madolo, orders all people owning firearms with licences issued by the former Department of State Security to call at their local police stations with

# Firearms to be relicensed in Ciskei

their firearms and licences.

"At the police station the firearm and the licence will be temporarily withdrawn from the owner and a receipt will be issued by the police official taking possession thereof. The owner

will be required to tender an application for review of his application documents so that he or she can be issued with a new licence."

Major Ngaki said the owner would not be deprived of the ownership thereof and in case of

any change regarding the licence already authorised, he would be allowed to dispose of the weapon to his benefit.

This action was taken to allow the commissioner to regulate the control of firearm licences and also to issue new licences to deserving applicants.

A grace of 14 days after the receipt of a letter notification addressed to each licensee would be given, after which the commissioner might authorise the withdrawal of the firearm and licence. — DDR.

# Police PR explains procedures

**ZWELITSHA** — A Ciskei police public relations officer has been established at the ground floor of the Wongama Building in Zone Six where the offices of the disbanded Ciskei Central Intelligence services were.

The new public relations officer, Major G. A. Ngaki, said that although his office was

there to serve the public interest, it should not be regarded as a place to lodge complaints against the police.

He requested the public to still observe the old procedure of reporting everything that needed police attention at the police stations.

From the police station only would the public relations officer be expecting information concerning any occurrence of public interest.

The media was always welcome to inquire and consult the office for further information or official statements if available.

"I also take this opportunity to warn the public against the habit of consulting offices which are



MAJOR NGAKI

## Bus boycott easing up — CTC spokesman

EAST LONDON — There had been little change in bus occupancy, which was slightly above 50 per cent, the public relations manager of the Ciskei Transport Corporation, Mr Wessel van Wyk, said yesterday.

Mr Van Wyk was commenting on the latest position in the bus boycott which started last week.

He added it was clear there was a slight upturn, "an indication that the boycott is easing off."

It had come to the

notice of the company that some employees were approaching employers and asking for extra money because they had to travel by taxi as buses were not running, he added.

"There is no truth in that and in every instance when we have been telephoned by employers, we have checked the route concerned and found the claims were unjustified."

Mr Van Wyk said some employees were using the situation to get extra money from their employers

"Buses on all routes are running according to schedule and we shall continue to do this," he said.

However, a large number of commuters were still walking, using trains and taxis to get to work and shopping in East London.

The police roadblocks, set up at the entrances and exits into and out of Mdantsane last week, were not put up on Monday and yesterday.

The last major roadblocks were seen last Friday — DDR

# Action to free Gen Sebe fails

105

~~329~~  
C. P. Ost

27/7/83  
By KEITH ROSS

ZWELITSHA — The Ciskei Supreme Court today dismissed applications for the release of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and eight others detained under the country's security laws.

Among the detained is Major-General Taillefer Minnaar, the former security adviser of General Sebe.

The applications were also made on behalf of Gen Sebe's son, Corporal Khambashe Sebe, Lieutenant Toni Sebe, Captain Joe Ntwasa, Brigadier H M Tamsankqa, Captain Mahlubandlle Diabantu, Lieutenant Colin Sebe and Lieutenant Mbulelo Xaba.

In giving his judgment Mr. Justice Pickard outlined the evidence in the affidavits of the applicants.

He said there was evidence of a feud within the Sebe family, but this did not mean the arrests were not made in terms of the National Security Act.

The fact that the detained men had been good citizens in the past was no

proof that they did not intend to change their ways.

There was direct evidence that people in responsible positions — such as the Commissioner of Police and the Minister of Justice — had acted in good faith.

Mr Justice Pickard said he was satisfied these men had good reason to believe the detainees had committed an offence, or intended to commit one.

He said the applicants had failed to substantiate a claim that the National Security Act no longer applied in Ciskei. The claim was made on the basis that the post of Commander-General of State Security, once held by General Sebe, had been abolished.

General Sebe has been in detention since his arrest on July 20.



# Court dismisses bid to release detainees

28/7/33  
P. Dispatch  
105

ZWELITSHA — An application for the release of eight police and army officers detained by the Ciskei Police was dismissed with costs by Mr Justice Pickard in the Supreme Court here yesterday.

Among those detained is the former Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and his adviser, Major-General Tailefer Minnaar.

Wives and families of the detainees had made an urgent application for a court interdict for their release.

In his judgment, Mr Justice Pickard said on the probabilities from the facts before court, the respondents — the Ciskei Government and the Commissioners of Police and Prisons — had discharged their onus to show that the arresting officer had reason to believe that the detainees had committed or were intending to commit offences in terms of the National Security Act.

Section 26 (4) of the act empowered an officer from the rank of Lieutenant Colonel to arrest a person if he had reason to believe that he had committed or intended to commit an offence in terms of the act.

He said once it was accepted that the arrest and detention were actions in terms of the section, the court had no jurisdiction except in the case of fraud and mala fides.

"Much as the courts jealousy guard their jurisdiction against inroads thereon, they must give effect to enactments of the legislature whom

we accept to be best equipped to determine the needs and requirements of our society," he said.

In analysing the facts, he said save for the allegations that the actions of the Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Lulama Madolo, in arresting the detainees, was mala fide and that they stemmed from a family feud between the sons of President Lennox Sebe and General Sebe, which was strenuously disputed by the respondents, nothing was alleged which would indicate that the arrests and detentions were not done in terms of the act.

The fact that the detainees may have been good citizens in the past did not in itself preclude the possibility or likelihood that they might have changed their ways or were about to do so.

Mr Justice Pickard said great reliance had been placed in the applicants' affidavits on press cuttings regarding statements by the President and the Minister of Justice. The contents of these did not indicate any mala fide or ulterior motive. Furthermore they were in their very nature hearsay, not to mention the proverbial inaccuracy of reporting so frequently seen in the press. They took the matter no further.

"Accordingly, the direct evidence of responsible senior public officials in positions which demand the greatest integrity and wisdom, such as the Commissioner of Police and the Minister of Police, stating that the commissioner, in order-

ing the arrests, acted bona fide, after careful consideration of all information in his possession in respect of each individual detainee without influence exerted upon him by any other person, including the President, and had reason to believe as provided in Section 26, is to my mind sufficient to discharge on the probabilities the onus which the respondents bear," Mr Justice Pickard said.

"This is all the more so when regard is given to the possible dire consequences for him if he were not honest in his affidavits to this court. I say this taking into account the fact that the persons detained are senior officials of the police and militia and that some of them, particularly General Sebe, are public figures who had been held in the highest regard by the public at large."

Mr Justice Pickard said the facts deposed to by the applicants regarding the past conduct of the detainees, although honestly believed, were not necessarily accurate as their knowledge might be limited.

He said the applicants argued that since the post of commander-general was abolished and since the provisions of section 26 of the act or, for that matter, the whole act, was dependant for its operation on the existence of such a post, the provisions of the section had become inoperative and could no longer be put into effect. The evidence for this allegation was based on the press cut-

tings he had already referred to.

The respondents, by the direct evidence of the Minister of Justice and the Commissioner of Police, had denied this fact stating that only the Department of State Security as a separate department of state had been abolished and that its functions and duties had been transferred to the Department of Justice under its minister. They alleged that the post of commander-general still existed and that Brigadier Madolo was presently fulfilling that post in an acting capacity.

"Suffice it to say that despite the onus that the respondents bore as stated herein before, the onus to show that an act of Parliament has become ineffective must remain with him who alleges this. On the evidence before me, I have no hesitation in declaring that no such onus has been discharged and that on the meagre information available I can make no such finding. Therefore the argument must fail.

"Accordingly I am of the view that the applicants cannot succeed in any of the eight applications and each of the eight applications is therefore dismissed with costs. As was common cause between all counsel, costs are to include the costs of two counsel." — DDR.

Mr L. R. Dison, SC, and Mr P. J. de Bruyn, instructed by I C Clark Incorporated appeared for the respondents Mr D. Kuny, SC, and Mr S. Cole, instructed by Barnes and Ross appeared for Mrs E. Minnaar and Mr W. Levy, SC, and Mr C. J. Mouton, instructed by the Bax Partnership, appeared for Mrs N. Sebe and six others.

EAST LONDON — The increased bus fares were not the real issue behind the boycott which started four days after fares were increased, the managing director of the Ciskei Transport Corporation, Mr Hans Kaiser, said yesterday.

Mr Kaiser said he had seen a pamphlet calling on residents in areas including Duncan Village, Braelynn and Buffalo Flats to support the boycott.

Of the nine separate bus routes serving the area, the fares on five routes had not been increased at all, he said.

Of the three different 10-ride workers' weekly tickets available to commuters only one increased in price, by 50c a

# Fare hike not reason for boycott CTC

(105) ~~Harlem~~  
D. P. P. patch  
28/7/85

week.

Mr Kaiser said CTC had one of the lowest fare structures in Southern Africa.

For these reasons the pamphlet, issued by the East London Youth Movement, had led him to the conclusion that the fare increase was merely "being exploited" to enforce a boycott "for other reasons".

"The effect of this boycott can only harm

the social and economic well-being of the residents of Mdantsane and the Border area in general," said Mr Kaiser.

Mrs Zelda Holtman, of the East London Youth Movement last night confirmed that the pamphlet had been distributed by the organisation.

The movement in a statement however, described Mr Kaiser's conclusions as "utterly ridi-

culous".

"It is inconceivable that political connotations can be attached to this pamphlet or that the fares increase can be exploited for any purpose at all," said the statement.

The pamphlet had been distributed merely to mobilise resistance to the increases which, when taken in conjunction with other cost of living increases, were a burden to the people on the lowest rung of society.

"In the light of this, we felt that the bus boycott had validity and therefore deserved the support of everybody, whether they live in Mdantsane or Buffalo Flats," said the statement. — DDR

## Commuters use trains

EAST LONDON — The boycott of Ciskei Transport Corporation buses continued yesterday with buses still running at 50 per cent capacity.

Both the police here and a company spokesman said no incidents involving the boycott now in its second week, had been reported.

The system manager of the South African Transport Services, Mr L. du

Toit, said additional services laid on as result of the bus boycott were still being used to capacity.

He said some trains had been late because of increased numbers of commuters and rain-related problems.

"One delayed train affects the whole pattern and we have had complaints from both individuals and employers about delays," said Mr

Du Toit, adding that Sats would avoid delays where possible.

The secretary of the East London Chamber of Commerce, Mr Jock Allison, said no chamber member had raised "any complaint" related to the boycott.

The president of the Border Chamber of Industries, Mr Dave Saunders, could not be reached for comment. — DDR

# Jobs at cut price created in Ciskei

By LOUIS BECKERLING  
Business Editor

TOTAL investment in Ciskei increased by 50% to R186 million during the year ended March 31, according to the annual report of the Ciskeian National Development Corporation.

In its recently released report the CNDC reveals also that the number of new jobs created through this increased investment increased by 32% to a total of 18 254.

"Significant of this achievement," says chairman Dr P K Hoogendyk, "is the fact that the Corporation has, over the seven years of its existence, managed to create employment at a cost of just more than R7 400 per job — roughly one third of the current cost per job achieved by developmental agencies elsewhere in Southern Africa."

Dr Hoogendyk says that in the industrial sector of the corporation's activities these figures are even more encouraging, with job opportunities increasing dur-

ing the past year by 53%.

"The cost per new job created in this period averaged just more than R6 100 — less than one quarter of the cost per job achieved by some developmental concerns elsewhere," says Dr Hoogendyk.

The CNDC chairman confesses in his statement published with the annual report that the present economic recession "has benefitted the development of the Ciskei".

"Industrialists are finding it more profitable and attractive to establish new industries or to expand here rather than elsewhere, where concessions do not match those of the Ciskei.

"The concessions, being as attractive as they are, also made it possible for the corporation to be more selective in the industries approved for establishment, and to expect bigger financial contributions from the private sector for such establishment.

The CNDC was established in 1976 to replace the

old Xhosa Development Corporation.

At independence in 1981 the corporation and all its assets were transferred to the Ciskeian Government.

As at 31 March last year the issued share capital of the Corporation amounted to R45,8 million and during the year under review, report the directors, additional share capital amounting to R10,6 million was issued by the Ciskeian authorities to the corporation.

Loan funds, observe the directors, were once again a major factor in financing the corporation's activities.

Loan funds received during the year from the Corporation for Economic Development (CED), amounted to R21 million, though the directors add that "these funds should preferably have been provided in the form of share capital".

"It would have benefitted the corporation and Ciskei to a greater extent had these loan funds been injected in this form."

Total loan funds reflected in the annual report amount to R33,8 million,

"which is 60% of issued share capital, and this is still an acceptable financial ratio", say the directors.

The loans are repayable over periods ranging from two years to 20 years.

A breakdown of the corporation's cumulative total investment of R186 million shows the following percentage allocations:

Sector	% invest.
Industrial	45,6%
Agricultural	1,2%
Transport	11,8%
Infrastr	3,0%
Comm service	10,0%
Small bus	4,6%
Commerce	8,0%
Own projects	2,4%
Admin	13,4%

In their report the directors observe that "taking into account that on average every breadwinner has four dependents, it means that the corporation has, after seven years, directly contributed to the improved quality of life of at least 91 000 Ciskeians — almost one sixth of the de facto population".

Ciskeians employed in jobs created through the efforts of the corporation, says the annual report, "are now receiving an annual income of over R26 million".

~~105~~ 105 E. Post  
~~105~~ 28/7/83  
**Man held in  
Ciskei taken  
to hospital**

ZWELITSHA — A security detainee was admitted to hospital after being held for two weeks, his wife said.

Mrs Mabel Twede said Mr Moses Twede, a former Robben Island prisoner, was in Mount Coke Hospital.

The chief of the Ciskeian security police, Colonel Zebulo Makuzeni, today confirmed that Mr Twede had been admitted to Mount Coke Hospital.

Mr Twede was detained at his home in Dimbaza township near King William's Town two weeks ago.

Mrs Twede said her husband had been seen yesterday in the surgery of the district surgeon of King William's Town, Dr G M Peer.

Colonel Makuzeni yesterday confirmed the detention of the vice-president of the South African Allied Workers Union, Mr Sisa Njikele, and another union member, Mr Bonifile Tuluma, last week, at a roadblock at Mdantsane.

He could not confirm the detention of another unionist, Mr Shepherd Dumezweni.  
— Sapa

*D. Pickard*  
ZWELITSHA — Applications for the release of Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe and seven other police and army officers from detention were dismissed with costs by Mr Justice Pickard in the Supreme Court here yesterday

Wives and families of the detainees had made the urgent applications for a court interdict for the release of the detainees

Mr Justice Pickard said the respondents — the Ciskei Government, and the Commissioners of Police and Prisons,

*(105)*  
~~105~~ *28/7/83*  
**Detainees' release rejected by court**

had discharged their duty to show that the arresting officer had reason to believe that the detainees had committed or were intending to commit offences in terms of the National Security Act

He said once it was accepted that the arrests and detentions were lawful, the court had no

jurisdiction except in the case of fraud and mala fides

Mr Justice Pickard accepted a denial by the respondents that the men had been detained as a result of a family feud between the sons of President Lennox Sebe and General Sebe.

He said the direct evidence of the Commis-

sioner of Police and the Minister of Justice, who were responsible senior public officials in positions which demanded integrity and wisdom, that the arrests were ordered only after careful consideration, was sufficient to discharge the onus which the respondents bore. — DDR

Full report, page 19

# Detainee in ~~hospital~~ hospital

28/7/83  
D. Dispatch  
105  
ZWELITSHA — A former Robben Island prisoner detained in Ciskei, Mr Moses Twebe has been admitted to the Mount Coke Hospital

This was confirmed by the chief of the Security Police, Colonel Z. Makuzeni.

He said he did not know what Mr Twebe was suffering from.

Colonel Makuzeni said Mr Twebe of Dimbaza was detained two weeks ago by the Ciskei Police and not the South African Security Police

Mr Twebe's wife, Mrs Mabel Twebe, said she was concerned about her husband. She said she was only told yesterday that her husband had been admitted to hospital on Tuesday and then only after inquiring at the Dimbaza Police Station. She was not told what he was suffering from.

Colonel Makuzeni said he knew nothing about an alleged assault on Mr Twebe.

Mrs Twebe said her husband was in good health when he was detained.

Mr Twebe was seen in handcuffs at the surgery of the district surgeon, Dr G. M. Peer, on Tuesday afternoon by a Daily Dispatch reporter.

His eyes were bloodshot and swollen.

He seemed extremely nervous. He wore no socks and shivered at times.

Mr Twebe told one of the people at the surgery he had been arrested and assaulted by the South African Security Police. He said after his first visit to the surgery, the doctor had said he should be taken to the Mount Coke Hospital but he was not

The head of the security police in the Border, Colonel A. van der Merwe, said the South African Police had had nothing to do with the arrest of Mr Twebe. He said the South African Police at present were not holding anyone for questioning in terms of security legislation.

According to Mrs Twebe her husband was picked up by white and black security policemen in three cars two weeks ago. The house was searched from 1 am to 2 am but nothing was removed

One car remained while the other two left with Mr Twebe. The police instructed the family to remain indoors and the children were told not to go to school that day.

Mr Twebe was arrested in 1963 for ANC activities and released in 1969. — DDR.

28/1/82

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — The detention of an Mdantsane man was confirmed by Ciskeian police yesterday and relatives reported that a second man had been detained.

Colonel Z Makuzeni, head of Ciskei security police, confirmed the detention of Mr Bonisile Tuluma, who was picked up last week with the vice-president of the

South African Allied Workers Union (SAAWU) Mr Sisa Njikelana.

Miss Faniswa Dumezweni of Zone 5 Mdantsane, said her cousin, Mr Shepherd Dumezweni, had been arrested at the highway bus terminal, Mdantsane, last Wednesday.

The family believed he was detained in Dimba-

za and Mr Dumezweni's mother had gone there to see him yesterday but had not returned by early evening

Col Makuzeni said he was not in a position to confirm the detention of Mr Dumezweni because he did not have the full list of detainees with him.

He said he would check today. — DDR.

CALL TIMES 28/7/83

## Ciskei eight still held

ZWELITSHA. — An application for the release of eight police and militia officers detained by the Ciskei police was dismissed with costs in the Ciskei Supreme Court yesterday.

Among those detained were the former chief of state security, Lieutenant-General X C Sebe, and his adviser, Major-General T Minnaar.

Wives and families of the detainees had made an urgent application for a court interdict for their release.

They were detained in terms of Section 26 (4) of the Ciskei National Security Act, a clause of which empowers an officer of the rank of lieutenant-colonel to arrest a person if there is reason to believe he committed, or intended to commit, an offence under that Act. — Sapa



# Fifteen detainees released by Ciskei security police

25643 29/7/83

Argus Bureau

(105) EAST LONDON

Fif

teen people who were detained by Ciskei security police last week have been released from detention.

and East London, were released.

A woman, held in connection with "another" matter, was also released.

Colonel Makhuzeni also confirmed the detention of a Mdantsane man, Mr Shephard Dumezweni, on Wednesday last week. He was being held in terms of the National Security Act, Section 26.

The head of security, Colonel Z Makhuzeni, said 14 people held in connection with an on-going bus boycott in Ciskei

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(105) 209 29/7/83

## Bid for detainees' release fails

Mall Correspondent

ZWELITSHA — An application for the release of eight police and militia officers held by the Ciskei Police was dismissed with costs by Mr Justice Pickard in the Zwelitsha Supreme Court yesterday.

Among those detained is the former chief of state security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and his advisor, Major-General T Minnar.

Wives and families of the detainees had made an urgent application for a court interdict for the detainees' release.

In his judgment, Mr Pickard said on the probabilities of facts before court, the respondents — the Ciskei Government and the Commissioner of Police and Prisons — had discharged the onus to show that the arresting

officer had reason to believe the detainees had committed or intended to commit offences in terms of the National Security Act.

Section 26 (4) of the Act empowers an officer from the rank of lieutenant-colonel to arrest a person if he has reason to believe that person has committed or intends to commit an offence in terms of the Act.

He said once it was accepted that the arrest and detention were actions in terms of the section, the court had no jurisdiction except in the case of fraud and mala fides.

Save for the allegation that the Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Lulama Madolo, was mala fide in affecting the arrests and the detentions stemmed from a family feud, nothing would indicate the arrests and detentions were not done in terms of the Act.

## *Ciskei worst hit*

KING WM'S TOWN — Compared to other national and independent states, Ciskei had probably suffered most from the current drought, according to the Operation Hunger team which visited Ciskei last week.

Although certain areas in some of the other states were far worse than in Ciskei, the overall position in Ciskei was considered to be one of the worst, the national co-ordinator of the campaign, Mrs Ina Perlman, said.

Members of Operation Hunger, which aims to channel food and financial aid to Ciskeians and Transkeians through grants made by national

companies, toured Ciskei at the end of last week to identify the worst areas and to set up the infrastructure for the relief work.

Initially the campaign aims to distribute R100 000 worth of fortified maize meal and protein-enriched soup. Future plans include the distribution of skim milk for children, but were dependent on supplies being made available.

The team, including Mrs Perlman, Mrs Roselle Frasca, the manager of the Border Branch of the Institute of Race Relations and Mr Patrick McLaughlin of a company donating the maize, found the demand for aid "overwhelming".

D. Dispatch  
29/7/83  
Cell-death  
man identified

Major Ngaki said Mr Breakfast had been put in a cell until medical documentation could be completed and he would have been taken to a mental institution

MDANTSANE — A man who was found dead in the police cells here this week has been identified by the police as Mr

Meltafa Breakfast, 45 of Zone Two

The Ciskei police public relations officer, Major G A Ngaki, said Mr Breakfast was known to have had a mental problem

He said the process could not be completed on Monday because of certain delays. He was found dead in the cell the next day

Major Ngaki said a post-mortem had been completed but the results were not yet available

Police were investigating — DDR

DAILY DISPATCH  
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32330/1/2/3/4

On Friday he was fetched by police from his home after a report had been made by his father, Mr Mtunzi Breakfast

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN — An urgent interim interdict restraining the Ciskei authorities from assaulting a detainee. Mr Moses Twebe, was granted late last night by Mr Justice Pickard from his home here

The urgent application was brought before Mr Justice Pickard by Mr Twebe's wife, Mrs Mabel Twebe.

Mr Justice Pickard said the applicant's affidavits contained allegations that the detainee was seen at a doctor's surgery on July 26 with what appeared to be injuries to his face.

The applicant alleged that her husband was removed from their home by people who described themselves as policemen and from these facts she inferred that her husband was being detained by the police and was unlawfully assaulted by them.

Mr Justice Pickard said the respondents had had no opportunity to reply to the allegations because of the short notice with which the application was brought.

He said that accordingly, one could not at this stage even attempt to determine with any degree of accuracy whether the allegations and inferences were true or false.

However, he said, in view of the fact that the court would not allow any person, whether in detention or otherwise, to be unlawfully assaulted, where the risk of his being assaulted and whereas no person ever had the right to unlawfully assault another, no harm could be done in making an order prohibiting an assault.

The application was postponed to August 5,

# Ciskei court order on assault claim

105  
Dispatch  
29/7/83

and the respondents were ordered to serve and file answering affidavits by noon on Tuesday and applicants to serve and file replies by noon on Thursday

"I grant an interim interdict prohibiting such person as may have control over Moses Twebe from in any way unlawfully assaulting his person and the respondents are requested (if the said Moses Twebe is in custody of the Ciskei police or Ciskei prison department) to bring the contents of this interim interdict to the notice of such persons as may now have such control," Mr Justice Pickard ordered.

"This interdict is not to be considered as an acceptance at this stage of the correctness of the facts alleged in the application and shall not have any effect on the future determination of the issue of costs in this matter," he said

The urgent application before Mr Justice Pickard called on the Ciskei Minister of Justice and Commissioner of Police to show cause:

- Why an order should not be made declaring Mr Twebe's purported detention as unlawful, null and void and of no force;

- That Mr Twebe be immediately released from detention, and

- Interdicting and restraining the police from unlawful and unreason-

able interrogation of Mr Twebe, alternatively appointing a magistrate to interview him at his place of detention to ask him by whom he had been detained, if he had been assaulted or threatened with assault or if his physical, mental or spiritual health or welfare had been impaired, in any respect

Mr Mzwandile Msoki, of Mdantsane, in papers before Mr Justice Pickard, said he saw Mr Twebe in Dr Peer's surgery in King William's Town on Tuesday.

He said he observed a severe cut on Mr Twebe's upper lip and a lump on the right side of his face

He also noticed that Mr Twebe was not wearing any socks and appeared to be extremely nervous.

When questioned, Mr Twebe said he had been assaulted by white police at Dimbaza police station. He said the police wanted him to point out arms and ammunition allegedly hidden by him and further said he feared going back to Dimbaza police station where he would be further assaulted. — LDR

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# **ATTENTION ALL EMPLOYEES**

**THERE IS NO REASON WHY THE BUS  
BOYCOTT SHOULD DISRUPT YOUR BUSI-  
NESS OR HOME BECAUSE:**

- ALL SERVICES ARE RUNNING AS SCHEDULED, IN SPITE OF WHAT YOU MAY BE TOLD
- ON ALL ROUTES
- AND ON TIME

**THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOUR WORKERS  
SHOULD BE:**

- LATE IN THE MORNING
- LET OFF EARLY IN THE AFTERNOON, BECAUSE THEY WILL  
BE DEERSON VSAEONNIIERIS ES

- THERE IS NO REASON WHY YOU SHOULD LOSE PRODUCTIVITY BECAUSE OF TIRED WORKERS THAT WALK LONG DISTANCES
- THE INCREASES IN FARES AMOUNT TO BETWEEN 1 CENT AND 5 CENTS PER TRIP
- MANY ROUTES ARE NOT AFFECTED BY THE INCREASES AT ALL
- THE INCREASES WERE HELD BACK FOR ALMOST A YEAR IN THE INTEREST OF PASSENGERS
- THE FARES ARE AMONGST THE LOWEST IN SOUTHERN AFRICA, AND WE WILL PROVE IT TO ANYONE WHO IS INTERESTED

*THE*

# **COMPO TRANSPORT**

## **BUS SERVICE**

WILL BE MAINTAINED, BECAUSE IT IS VITAL TO THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC STRUCTURE OF THE WHOLE REGION

105  
**Boycott  
continues**

29/7/83  
EAST LONDON — The boycott of Ciskei Transport Corporation buses was confined to the East London area, a spokesman for the company said yesterday.

Mr Wessel van Wyk, press liaison spokesman for CTC, said commuters in the East London and Mdantsane area were continuing the boycott and buses were running below 50 per cent capacity.

He said although fares had also increased on bus routes serving the King William's Town area, services there were not being boycotted. — DDR



## LENNOX SEBE

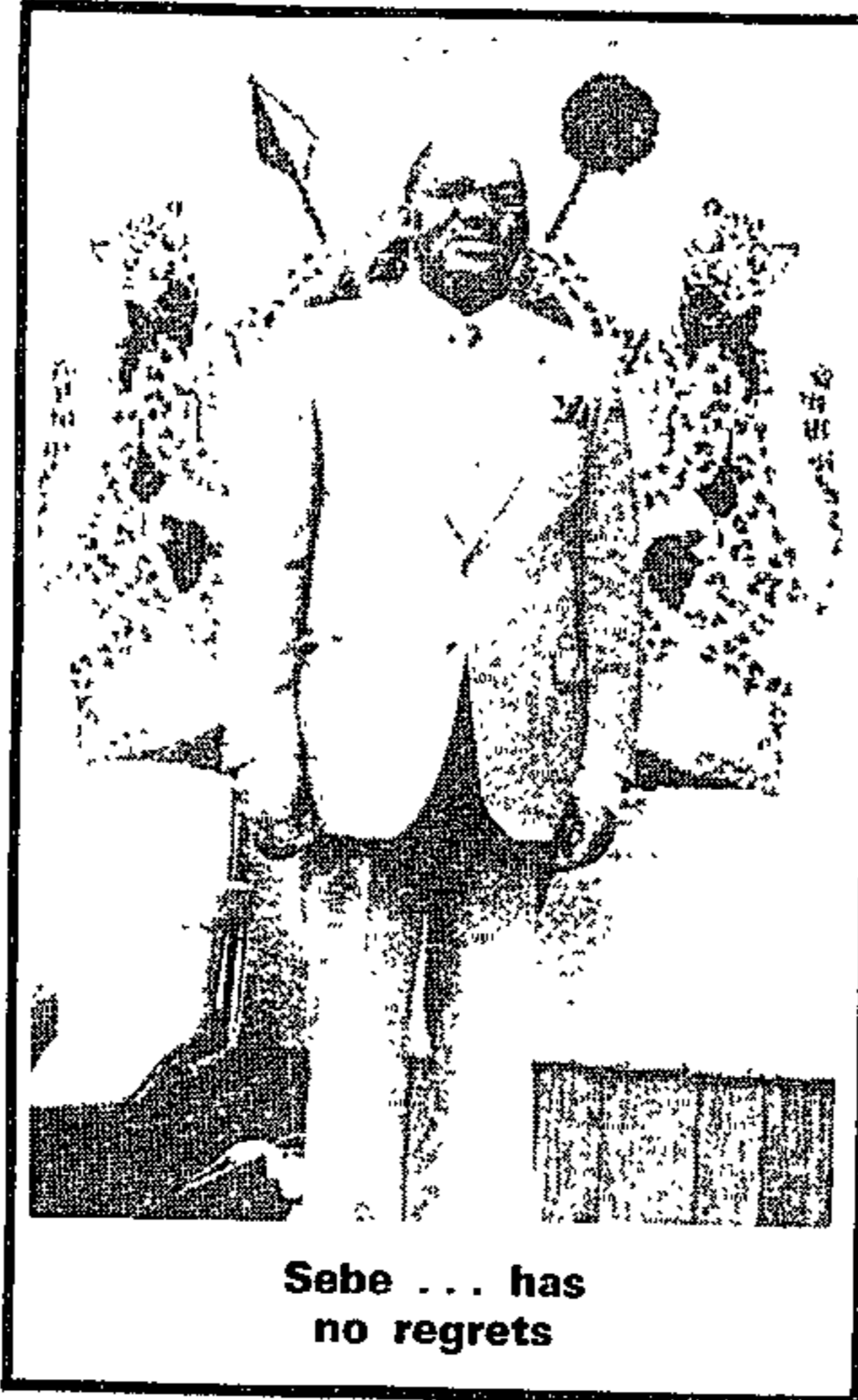
### A brave front

Lennox Sebe, President of the Ciskei, is not easily daunted. Barely two weeks after his brother — ex-head of the infamous Department of State Security — was checked from leading what many think may have been a political insurrection, Sebe claims to regard the upheaval as no more than a storm in a teacup.

Certainly, the government buildings in Zwelitsha are quiet and no sign of unrest is apparent either in the administration or on the streets. "It's as if nothing has happened," Sebe remarks, with more than a hint of self-assurance. "The faith of the man in the street hasn't been shaken."

A rally held in the homeland capital last weekend drew a crowd of over 6 000 supporters. They came, Sebe confidently claims, despite heavy rains and the short notice given before the meeting.

Furthermore, "the incident," as Sebe refers to it, has on the surface done nothing to weaken the support of his caucus of MPs and chiefs. He sums up: "We don't regard the incident as serious. It was nipped in the bud. The number of people involved are insignificant compared with those who have shown their support."



Sebe ... has  
no regrets

Sebe will not say whether the scotched activities amounted to an abortive coup. He is waiting for the results of an investigation

currently in progress, after which the dozen implicated men in detention will appear before a government executive hearing.

Meanwhile, he says, he harbours no grudges, not even against the leader of the fracas. In fact, General Charles Sebe, although still in detention and stripped of his rank as collective head of the police, army and security, was last week chosen to lead the newly created Ciskei National Intelligence Service. But no longer will the man Ciskeians nicknamed "the general" have any executive powers.

Although Lennox Sebe admits a great deal of authority had been placed in his brother's hands, he says this was done out of necessity: "At the time of independence, lack of able personnel forced us to make some people collective heads of numerous departments. Since then, however, each section has grown and gained momentum. We have watched the gifted men rise in the administration and come closer together."

In fact of course, it was precisely this situation which ultimately gave some of his top defence and security officials the power to strike out on their own. Sebe, however, has no regrets.

He says: "In the beginning, we had a lot of opposition — not only from terrorists, but also from some of our neighbouring states. We had to have a man who could

## FRANS MEISENHOLL

105 FM 29/7/83

take decisions on the spot." Charles Sebe's original appointment, he concludes, "paid dividends and saved thousands of lives."

That is one way of seeing the reign of Charles Sebe. Others have long questioned the kind of authority conferred by the legislation which has been used to lock him up.

Sebe has been concerned to show "benevolence" in the wake of the political disturbances. He is very aware that the stormier side of the "incident" has been, given much "sensational press coverage."

Importantly, however, he is confident that even this negative publicity will have no effect on outside interest and future investment in the Ciskei.

The first indication, he says, that overseas confidence has been little shaken came shortly after the incident. A group of Israeli educationists, medical practitioners and agriculturalists confirmed that they would be coming to the Ciskei in August — some to visit, others to take up posts in the administration.

"If the incident was to have any impact on overseas attitudes," he adds, "it would definitely have stopped these people from coming here."

But while Lennox Sebe and his advisers are concerned to display a front of stability to the world, it is only natural to wonder whether the future of the mini-state is really as secure as propaganda would have it. The problem is that even if some investment is scared off, the poverty which grips the homeland will intensify — and the potential for future unrest well and truly laid.

# CISKEI

## A feud or coup?

105

The Ciskei's National Security Act is a draconian piece of legislation. Not only does it provide for detention without trial, but Section 26 prevents the courts from ordering the release of anyone detained under it.

No doubt there is considerable satisfaction that some of those now detained under the Act are men who in the past have made wide use of it to detain others. They include the former "Commander-General" of State Security Charles Sebe (brother of President Lennox Sebe) and most of his principal lieutenants. Life does not often provide such an abrupt and appropriate come-uppance.

However much remains to be revealed of the events that led to the detention of Charles Sebe and his cohorts. Explanations range from implications that it was "just the Sebe family feud" by lawyers acting for Charles Sebe, to allegations that the State Security Service attempted a coup.

Certainly Lennox Sebe returned hurriedly from Israel to first demote, then detain his brother. According to some reports, he was advised to return by Pretoria after the Department of Foreign Affairs and Information received an alarming letter from someone in the Ciskei — possibly Charles Sebe himself. A Foreign Affairs spokesman says he has no knowledge of such a letter.

Whatever the real explanation, the confusion does nothing to enhance the Ciskei's already poor image — undermined as it is by allegations of corruption, security force brutality and union-bashing.

Ironically, the confusion struck in the very week in which the Ciskei National De-

**"A man's personal liberty is essential to the function of the law."**

— Harold Levy SC in trying to obtain the release of his client, Ciskei's "lock-them-up" prone former security chief, Charles Sebe.



**Charles Sebe ... 'not a common criminal'**

Financial Mail July 29 1983

development Corporation announced substantial progress in attracting investment to the poverty-stricken region. Certainly the talk of attempted coups will do nothing for the confidence of potential investors.

As the Ciskei is one of the government's major decentralisation targets, the chaotic incidents there cannot have pleased Pretoria. However, the SABC did its best to limit the damage by devoting the major part of a TV news programme to promoting Ciskei's development potential and to minimising the impact of the attempted coup, if that's what it was.

One good effect of recent events is that it has focused renewed attention on Ciskei's security laws. It is, after all, one thing to lock up large numbers of trade unionists and quite another to detain practically the whole top echelon of a country's security service. As Harold Levy SC, representing Charles Sebe and six other detainees, told the Ciskei Supreme Court: "We are not dealing with common criminals."

105 FM 29/7/83

MADISON ACADEMIC COMPUTING CENTER PROJECT

5...CATEGORIES OF L1134

CCOUNT FROM

6...CATEGORIES OF L1135

MIS-100  
COUNT FROM

7...CATEGORIES OF L1136

CCOUNT FROM

8...CATEGORIES OF L1137

MIS-100  
COUNT FROM

<sup>105 E. Post</sup>  
capital's  
<sup>29/7/83</sup>  
CBD to  
expand

ZWELITSHA — The central business district of Bisho, capital of Ciskei, is to be expanded.

The Minister of Public Works, Chief D M Jongilanga, said yesterday the first phase of the expansion — two office and shopping blocks — was due to be completed by September 1.

Plans were being made for the construction of other commercial buildings, a service station and various Government office blocks.

Also in the near future, Bisho would get a main post office, a bus terminus and various institutional buildings.

Meanwhile President Lennox Sebe yesterday announced the appointment of Mr Fikile Gatya as Press liaison officer.

Mr Gatya, 42, is a former member of the disbanded Ciskeian Central Intelligence Service. — Sapa

# Employers urged to consult workers

EAST LONDON — The Institute of Race Relations yesterday appealed to employers to consult with their workers before reaching any conclusions regarding the current bus boycott.

The Boulder regional manager of the Institute, Mrs Roselle Frasca, in a statement said it should be recognised that the average black commuter was "caught in a situation not of his or her own making".

Daily Dispatch yesterday by Gompo Transport, the Mdantsane subsidiary of Ciskei Transport Corporation whose buses are being boycotted.

The advertisement was aimed at employers and claimed that there was no reason why the boycott should disrupt their businesses or homes.

Mrs Frasca said workers would not choose to walk long distances if it could be avoided and most workers were anxious to keep their employment, particularly in view of the current depressed job-market.

"While we recognise the economic necessity for increasing bus fares, we believe it should be recognised that the average black commuter is caught in a situation not of his or her own making."

"There has been evidence that intimidation and pressure is a very real element with which the black commuter still has to contend, and that many of them have to walk long distances," said Mrs Frasca.

She urged employers to "take time" to listen to and communicate with their workers on the matter of the bus boycott.

This, she said, would enable employers to assess for themselves what the real needs, pressures and grievances of the workers were before they reached any conclusions. — DDR.

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# Bus fares won't be lowered

EAST LONDON — The Ciskei Transport Corporation has no intention of lowering its bus fares to bring an end to the bus boycott.

Mr Wessel van Wyk, press liaison spokesman for the CTC, said yesterday the company "under no circumstances" would lower its tariffs or revert to the fares charged before the start of the boycott two weeks ago.

"We are only now recovering the losses which should have been recovered last year," he said.

The company, he added, had consulted and negotiated extensively with the local authorities in affected areas before introducing the increases.

"They all approved the increases months before they became effective," said Mr Van Wyk.

CTC buses during the past week had run at an average capacity of 48,5 per cent and were only being boycotted on the Mdantsane and Duncan Village routes.

The bus fares were "heavily" subsidised by the governments of both

Ciskei and South Africa.

Citing examples of the subsidisation, Mr Van Wyk said the 10-ticket weekly fare from Mdantsane cost an effective R5, but commuters were only charged R2,90.

Similarly, the weekly fare from Mdantsane to the West Bank was R6,50 but subsidies from both governments meant that workers only paid R3,50 for the service.

Weekly trips from Mdantsane to Potsdam cost the company R4,50 but subsidies resulted in passengers only having to pay R1,15 for the service.

Meanwhile, scores of motorists with more than one passenger were again stopped by Ciskei traffic officers and policemen in the area of the Highway bus terminus in Mdantsane yesterday morning.

Passengers were seen ordered out of cars and police and traffic officials searched goods and vehicles.

Ciskei's Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Lulama Madola, said the checks were "not at all" connected with the bus boycott.

"This is a routine duty. We will hold roadblocks and check cars as we deem necessary," he said.

It is also understood that 14 people detained by Ciskei Security Police last week in connection with the boycott have been released.

Ciskei's security chief, Colonel Z. Makuzeni, could not be reached for comment yesterday. — DDR

# Interim ruling on detainee's 'assault'

KING WILLIAM'S TOWN. — The wife of a former Robben Island prisoner, who is being detained in Ciskei, was granted an interim interdict by the Ciskei Supreme Court yesterday restraining the police from assaulting her husband.

Mr Moses Bonisile Twebe was detained recently under the Ciskei National Security Act.

In terms of the court's ruling, Ciskeian authorities were given until August 6 to oppose the application.

In an affidavit before the court, Mrs Twebe said she was told by a field worker attached to the Border Council of Churches, Mr Mzwandile Msoki, on July 26 that he had seen her husband at the

King William's Town surgery of Dr G M Peer, the district surgeon.

"He said he had spoken to my husband and my husband told him that he had been assaulted by the police.

"Mr Msoki said the injuries he observed on my husband were consistent with an assault upon him," Mrs Twebe said

She went to the police when she heard of her husband's whereabouts.

"I was told my husband was at the Mount Coke Hospital, but the policeman who told me refused to tell me why he was there. He was not even willing to admit or deny that my husband had been assaulted by the police."

On arrival at the hospital, she was told her husband was no longer at Mount

Coke, but back at the police station.

Mrs Twebe also told the court that the Ciskei Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Lulama Madolo, had told her he would only permit her to hand in clothing for her husband at the Dimbaza Police Station, but that she had been turned away without being able to do so

She said she was "bothered" by the involvement of white policemen in her husband's detention, and that she had reason to believe they were South African policemen

Mrs Twebe said that on one visit to the police station, she was referred to the SAP in King William's Town

"They denied knowledge of his whereabouts after initially informing me that he was present." — Sapa.

(105) My country  
is stable,  
says Sebe

Mail Correspondent

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30/7/83  
EAST LONDON. — There was order and stability in Ciskei as there was in the past despite the "unfortunate events" which had recently taken place, President Lennox Sebe said yesterday.

He was speaking at a sod turning ceremony of the Ciskei Small Business Corporation in Mdantsane.

"I wish to give the assurance today in the strongest terms that order and stability is, as ever, present in Ciskei today as it was in the past," he said.

"You have no doubt followed the text of the various Press statements which have been made by myself and the Minister of Justice in regard to high ranking officials in the service of my government who have been detained."

The stability of Ciskei had not in any way been affected by these occurrences, he said.

D. Disputch

# Families have not visited the detainees

July 1983

EAST LONDON — None of the 17 police and military personnel detained in Ciskei was

known to have been seen by relatives, a relative of the former Commander-in-Chief of State Security, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, said

Miss T. Sebe, General Sebe's niece, said all she knew was that members of the security police had taken clothes from relatives for the detainees.

An arrangement by which Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, wife of Gen Sebe, was to have seen her husband last week fell through when Mrs Sebe arrived at the Mdantsane prison later than the time arranged.

In terms of the National Security Act under which the men are detained they are not entitled to visits but the Minister of Justice, Mr D. M. Takane, said at a press conference last week they were entitled to visits.

He said that the Ciskei Government was doing this on humanitarian grounds, adding that the release of Col. M. F. Tele after the death of his wife was in line with this attitude. — DDR

ONE man has died in Ciskei police custody today and a second man who spent six years on Robben Island for ANC activities has been admitted to hospital after two weeks in security police detention.

The dead man is Mr Melitafa Breakfast, 45, of Mdantsane.

Ciskei police say Mr Breakfast was a mental case who was being kept in custody at his parents' request pending his admission to a mental hospital.

He was found dead in his cell in Mdantsane on Tuesday, according to Ciskei police. An inquest is to be held.

Meanwhile former Robben Island prisoner Mr Moses Twede from Dimbaza has been admitted to the Mount Coke hospital after being detained two weeks ago, reportedly by one white and one black security policeman.

Reporters who saw Mr Twede said his face was bruised, his eyes were swollen and red and he had a cut

## Ciskei detainee dies, another injured

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CP Correspondent

on his upper lip.

Two Mdantsane men have also been detained, apparently in connection with the bus boycott of Ciskei Transport. They are Mr Mzwandile Mampunye and Mr Newell Faku. A third man, Mr Shepherd Dumezweni, was reportedly arrested at the township bus terminus.

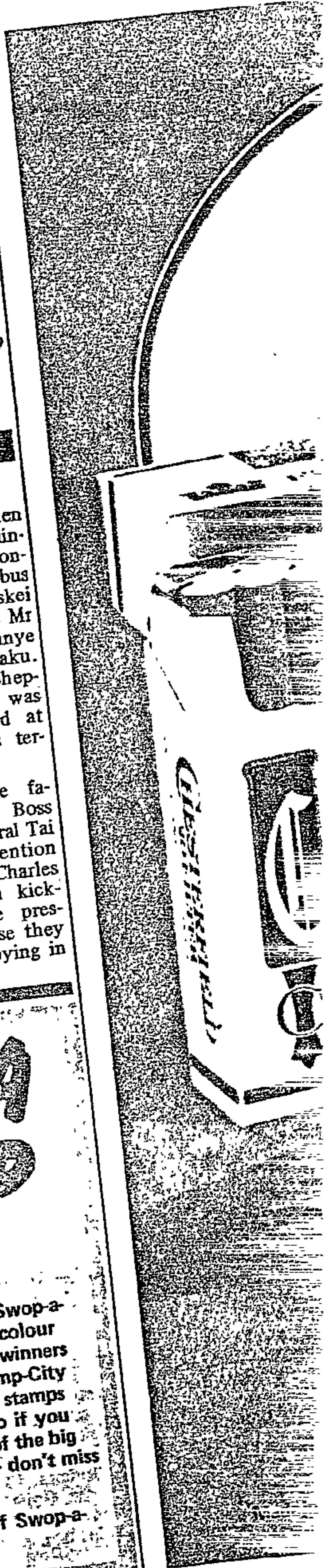
Meanwhile the family of former Boss agent Major-General Tai Minnaar, in detention with General Charles Sebe, have been kicked out of the prestigious farmhouse they had been occupying in Ciskei.

# SWOP-A STAMP

ARE you a Swop-a-Stamp winner?

Don't miss next week's special Swop-a-Stamp supplement. Packed with colour pictures and stories, it features the winners in this year's massive Swop-a-Stamp-City Press promotion. Over 6-million stamps came flooding into our offices. So if you want to find out if you won one of the big prizes or were a regional winner — don't miss it.

Remember: All the results of Swop-a-Stamp in next week's City Press.





# HAPPY BIRTHDAY!

PRESIDENT Lennox Sebe got his birthday wish on Wednesday when the Ciskei Supreme Court rejected a plea to release his brother, Lieutenant-General Charles Sebe, and seven other military and security officials detained amid rumours of a coup plot.

General Sebe, once one of South Africa's toughest cops, has been caught in his own web.

*Ciskei Press* (105) 31/7/83

## Brother Lennox

He is being detained under the very security laws he devised with the assistance of his security advisor, Major-General Tallefer Minnaar.

This week, Mr Justice J Pickard found that the two ex-cops were being legally held under their own laws.

The applications for

their release were dismissed with costs on Lennox's birthday.

Mrs Nomafakathi Sebe, wife of the deposed general, told the court no-one knew what went on in detention - a fear she never expressed when her husband detained other people.

She also said she feared for the safety of her husband.



● CHARLES SEBE ... plea rejected.

Get out, ~~254~~  
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**Cops told**

By BENITO PHILLIPS

SOUTH African Transport Services Police threw Ciskei police out of a station after claims of assaults from passengers.

Ciskei police had been patrolling Mdantsane and the Mount Ruth station during the week-long bus boycott over increased fares. Workers say they have been continually assaulted and harassed.

Meanwhile the five people — four men and one woman — shot by Ciskei police on Friday night, are still recovering in Mdantsane's Cecilia Makiwane Hospital.

Colonel J Sydow, commander of the SATS police in the border area, told City Press: "When we heard Ciskei police were at Mount Ruth we asked them to leave.

"We asked them not to interfere with passengers on our premises be-

cause we did not want our police to be seen as part of their action."

The Ciskei police Press liaison officer Major G A Ngaki, gave the names of the five in hospital. They are Mr Temba Toto, 28, of NU15 599 Mdantsane, Mr Siphon Katala, 23, of 1456 NU13 Mdantsane and Mrs Vuyiswa Bobosi, 32, of 778 NU14 Mdantsane, Mr Jongi Nkwenkwana and Mr Enoch Ntuli.

Explaining the shooting, Major Ngaki told City Press a huge crowd of workers had been walking from the Fort Jackson Railway Station to Mdantsane where police officers were on duty.

The police, he said, approached some of the men in the crowd to check if they had paid their Ciskei development tax. The mob became violent and started throwing stones and the police had been forced to open fire.

# SUBSIDY STAFF

## How SA taxpayers fork out millions to keep business sweet in the Ciskei

By Eddy Andries

105  
10/11/83  
Z. F. Remwe  
**QUOTE**

It stinks. It's a plan doomed to failure and shows how the Government doesn't have a clue what it takes to make a business work. It sometimes forgets it has no money itself, but makes use of taxpayers' money. This whole plan in incredibly naive — and the methods are a total disaster.  
— Andrew Savage MP

**PROSPECTIVE** industrialists in Ciskei are being offered the most attractive business incentives in the world — all subsidised by South African taxpayers.

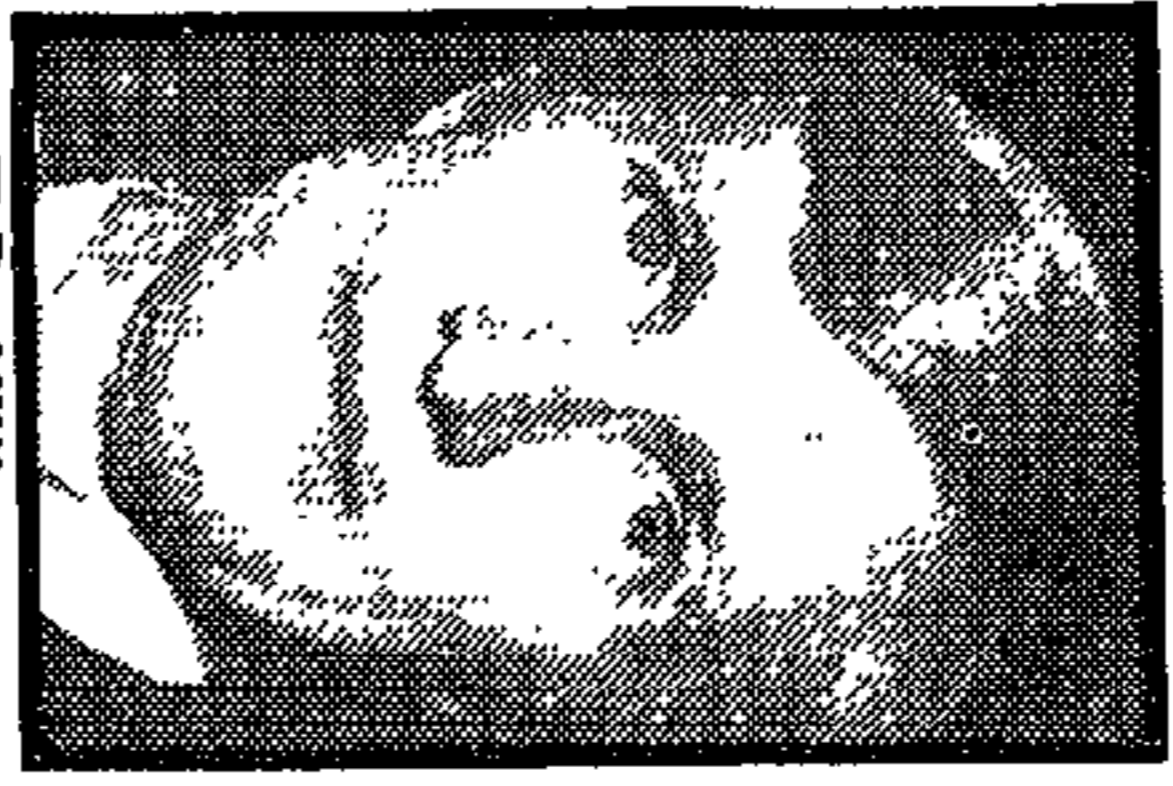
Millions of rands are being forked out to sponsor the Government's controversial decentralisation measures which Opposition politicians have labelled "the pursuit after will-o'-the-wisp".

In terms of the plan and as a reward for investing in the fledgling homeland, industrialists can obtain loans at 2,84 percent interest, are re-funded up to 95 percent of their labour wage bill and may receive grants of 125 percent of training costs.

And as if that isn't enough, there is more.

There are huge rebates available on rail and harbour rates, housing loans for key personnel, relocation allowances for South African or foreign industrialists moving to the area — and even preferential prices on Government tenders.

Almost all is subsidised, directly or indirectly, by the South African public in terms of a pre-independence agreement.  
An advertisement in the most recent issue of



De Villiers

the Ciskei National Development Corporation's official brochure states that failure for those setting up new businesses should "not only be inconceivable, but impossible."

It goes on to say "Ciskei will help your company prosper with large cash grants and rebates. In return, you will stimulate economic growth."

A double-page scenic picture is headlined: "An investment in stability... Africa's most beautiful business climate".  
And with the Ciskei being the first of the "independent" states to

grant freehold ownership of property to non-citizens it is hardly surprising that there are already queues of industrialists waiting to set up factories.

Although more jobs are created with the establishment of each new industry, unemployment in the country is still rife at about 40 percent. And it would cost close to R10 000 in capital investment for the creation of each new job.

Progressive Federal Party spokesman on industry and commerce Andrew Savage, among the most bitter and best informed opponents of the decentralisation scheme, said: "It stinks. It's a plan doomed to failure and shows how the Government doesn't have a clue what it takes to make a business work. Instead of taking industry to the people it should be the other way round."

"The whole grand plan is nothing more than an attempt to prevent a vast black influx into white areas."  
Though there was some argument in favour of the scheme, the Government had "warped its

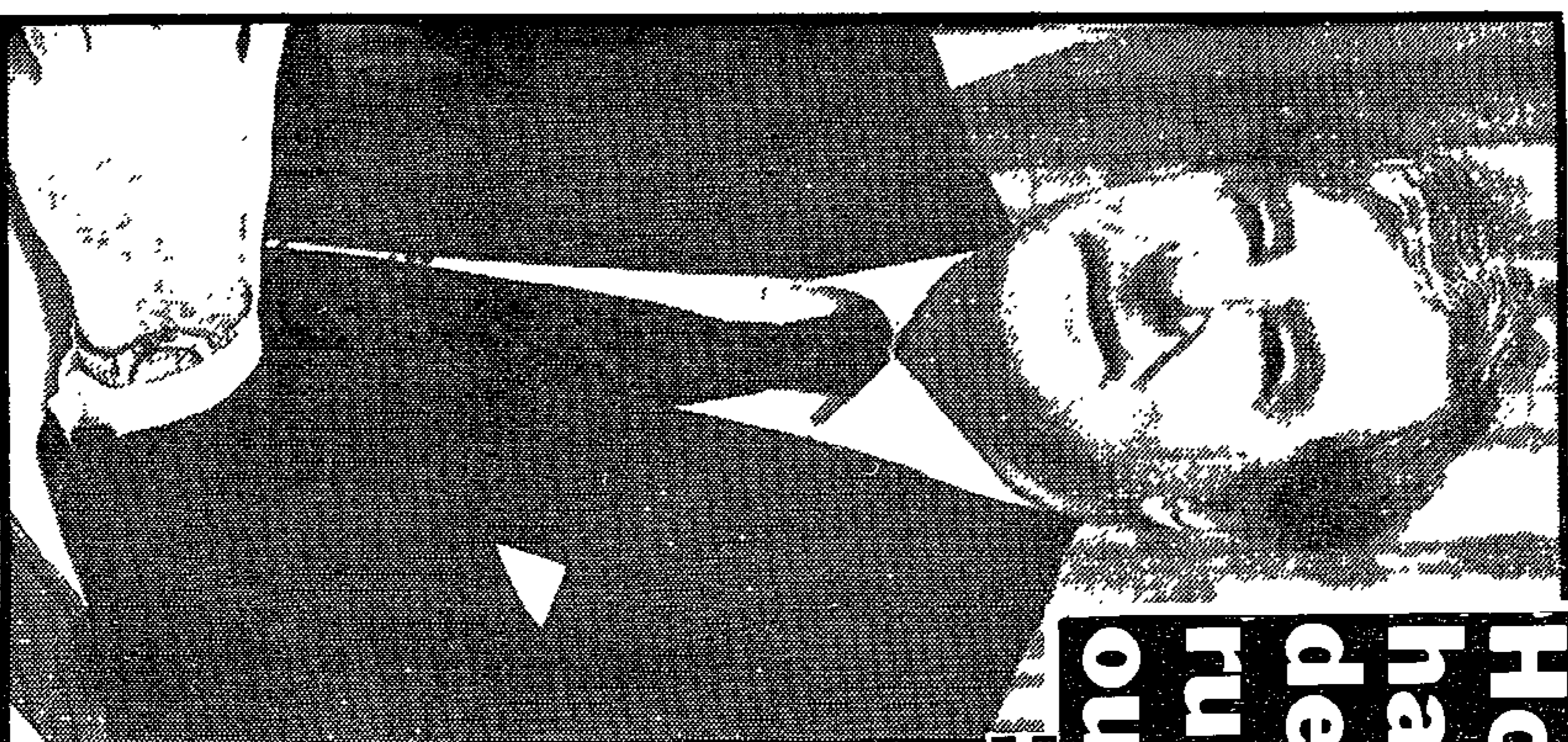
reasoning" for ideological reasons.  
Mr Savage has calculated how, by encouraging industrialists to move away from areas with established infrastructures and to set up factories in remote decentralised zones, such as Ciskei, the Government was forfeiting millions of rands of taxpayers' money.

Instead of half the established business's profits accruing to the State through taxes, the Government was now actually paying out money through concessions.

"The Government sometimes forgets that it has no money itself, but makes use of the taxpayers' money."  
"This whole plan is incredibly naive — and the methods are a total disaster."

However, the policy has been vigorously defended by the Minister of Industries and Commerce, Dr Dawid de Villiers.  
"One must calculate not only the cost of decentralisation, but also the cost of over-concentration in urban areas where the infrastructure costs are higher."

Horwood: 'When I decide to retire, I'll make up my own mind'



**Horwood hasn't denied rumours outright**

By PETER MANN  
Political Correspondent

**NEDBANK** chief Dr Frans Cronje is not quitting until the end of next year — despite rumours that his job is to be taken by Finance Minister Owen Horwood.

Intense speculation about Mr Horwood thus seems to be premature, although he has not denied outright suggestions that he is preparing to leave the Cabinet.

In a statement this week he said: "When I decide to retire, I will make up my own mind."

"It will not be necessary for any newspaper to anticipate my decision."

He was commenting on reports in National Party newspapers that he was set to leave the Cabinet for the top Nedbank job and that he was also likely to take up a Rembrandt directorship.

In an interview, however, Dr Cronje made it obvious that the speculation was premature.  
"I have to retire when I am 72. That means that

I will go at the AGM at the end of next year. Whoever my successor is, he will only be appointed then," Dr Cronje said.

Asked if Mr Horwood would be his successor, he said: "Why don't you ask him?"

Speculation about Mr Horwood's future began when Die Afrikaner, newspaper of the Herstigte Nasionale Party, reported that Mr Horwood had approached the Commission for Administration at the end of June and had asked what his pension and golden handshake would be should he quit.

## 'Rubbish'

According to Die Afrikaner, Mr Horwood was told he would receive a payout of R46 496 and a pension of R50 392 a year.

But Mr Horwood described that report as "a load of rubbish" and said it was the first he had heard of it.

The speculation has sparked a wave of rumours about who will replace Mr Horwood.

There is a dearth of talent within the ranks of the National Party and the only possible parliamentary successors appear to be either Mr Chris Heunis who, with his constitutional wheeling and dealing, seems to be aiming for much higher things; or Mr F W de Klerk, the Transvaal leader of the National Party.

The appointment of Mr de Klerk, Mr Botha's main party political rival, to the finance ministry would be a shrewd political move.

The finance job is supposedly non-political and Mr de Klerk would effectively be neutralised.

If Mr Botha is forced to look outside his caucus the men he is most likely to consider are the Governor of the Reserve Bank, Dr Gerhard de Kock, or the Director-General of Finance, Dr Joop de Loor.

Another favoured candidate is said to be Dr Simon Bränd, economic adviser to the Prime Minister and head of the Southern Africa Development Bank.