

CRIME — NATAL

1988 — 1989

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ONE TRIPS 25/1/88

36

# Rajbansi Corruption Allegations

Own Correspondent

**DURBAN.**— Allegations of corruption against cabinet minister Mr Amichand Rajbansi, Chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates, were made by Mr Pat Poovalingam, MP and leader of the Progressive Reform Party, in the Magistrate's Court here yesterday.

During the hearing held in terms of Section 205 (1) of the Criminal Procedure Act, Mr Poovalingam told the magistrate, Mr B J Olivier, he had been informed of alleged irregularities in the allocation of trading sites, including petrol service station sites

in Indian townships, which included Chatsworth, Phoenix and Cato Manor. Mr Poovalingam wrote the name of his informant, who provided him with allegations, on a piece of paper and handed it to the magistrate. Mr Poovalingam alleged that:

● A top person in the former SA Indian Council had used his influence to ensure that bottle store licences were granted to people favoured by that politician.

● Mr Rajbansi had personal discussions with large multi-national oil companies to obtain dealership agreements for people who were awarded

petrol service station sites.

● Mr Rajbansi was sold a piece of land in Silverglen by the Department of Community Development while he was never a so-called "displaced person" in terms of the Group Areas Act. The land was resold at a high price.

● Durban City Council sold Mr Rajbansi a residential property in Chatsworth when he was still the owner of the land in Silverglen. The council was obliged to give preference only to people displaced by the Group Areas Act or some other law, and who did not own other residential land.

● Mr Rajbansi helped to thwart the proposed sale of land to the Pick'n Pay

group. He arranged the acquisition of a supermarket site from Durban City Council.

● He arranged or influenced the resale of the property to a company under the control of another company alternatively of the Checkers Group.

● He granted a service station site to Mr A M Ameer, husband of Mrs Sara Bee Ameer, and Mr M A Adam, husband of Mrs Satoora Adam, also known as Irene Patricia Hoover.

Mr Andre Oberholzer, who appeared for the state, told the court the police had started investigations into the allegations and the hearing was adjourned *sine die*.

W n o ONE TRIPS



Howard

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

QUESTIONS FOR WRITTEN REPLY

Indicates translated version.

General Affairs:

Certain person: contact with State President/  
Cabinet Members/officials

4. Mr D J DALLING asked the State President:

Whether he, any Minister or Deputy Minister and/or any head of department or senior official has had any direct or indirect contact with a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the State President's Office for the purpose of his reply; if so, (a) what are the names of the persons involved, (b) what was the nature of such contact, and (c) when, in each case?

The ACTING STATE PRESIDENT:

To the best of my knowledge there was no official or unofficial contact between me and the person concerned. It is not up to me to answer this question on behalf of Ministers and Deputy Ministers in respect of themselves or their heads of department or senior officials.

Professionally qualified persons emigrating/  
immigrating

32. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

How many (a) doctors, (b) dentists, (c) lawyers, (d) architects, (e) social workers, (f) quantity surveyors, (g) scientists and (h) other specified professionally qualified persons (i) emigrated from and (ii) immigrated to South Africa in 1988?

Handwritten initials in a circle.

	(i)	(ii)
(a) Doctors and specialists	73	68
(b) Dentists and Dental specialists	10	7
(c) Attorneys and advocates	27	5
(d) Architects and town and regional planners	31	9
(e) Social workers	14	3
(f) Quantity surveyors	6	5
(g) Scientists	69	92
(h) Engineer, engineering technician and related occupations	346	446
(2) Medical, dental and related health service occupations (excluding (a) and (b))	186	123
(3) Mathematical and related occupations and computer sciences	84	100
(4) Accounting and related occupations and economic occupations	176	95
(5) Legal occupations (excluding (c))	7	5
(6) Education and related occupations	196	125
(7) Religious professions	30	88
(8) Author and related occupations	17	20
(9) Artist, plastic arts and designer	41	60
(10) Artist, performing arts and related occupations	18	38
(11) Sports occupations	5	13
(12) Professional, semi-professional and technical occupations n.e.c.	58	73

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

INTERPELLATIONS

Handwritten number 36 in a circle.

The sign \* indicates a translation.

The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

General Affairs:

SAP: three murder investigations

Mr M Rajab to ask the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether the South African Police have made any progress in the investigations into the alleged murders of three persons, whose names have been furnished to the Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply; if so, what progress?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I would like to reply as follows to the question put by the hon member.

As a result of the death of Miriam Cassim on 11 March 1988 and the death of Nirmala Singh on 3 August 1987, the SA Police opened murder dockets which are still being investigated. As is the case with all other murder cases, the investigation of these cases is continuing unabated. The murder and robbery unit of the SA Police in Durban is conducting the investigation in both these cases.

I wish to point out to the hon member that every clue is accurately and carefully followed up. In the process all resources at the disposal of the SA Police are utilised in order to trace the person or persons responsible for the death of the victims. Without furnishing details, I can assure the hon member that a number of important clues are being followed up at present. In addition, the programme "Police File" is also being used to obtain as much information as possible from the public. Particulars of the murder of Nirmala Singh were televised on this programme shortly after the incident occurred. It is expected that particulars of the murder of Miriam Cassim will be televised shortly.

Information regarding these murder cases has also been published in the local media. In spite of the fact that substantial rewards were offered and an appeal was made to the public to furnish information to the Police which could lead to the

Howard

arrest and the conviction of the perpetrators, up until now no reaction has been received. The SA Police is dependent on the co-operation of the public. The public often has at its disposal information which they regard as unimportant while it could be of inestimable value to the SA Police. Unfortunately the public is not mindful of this fact and this apparently unimportant information is never brought to the attention of the Police. Therefore, I wish to make an appeal to hon members to inform their voters in this regard when they move about their constituencies. Hon members can encourage their voters to keep their eyes and ears open and to convey to the Police any information regarding crime which come to their attention. In this way we will be assured of greater success in the apprehension of criminals and will be able to combat crime in general more effectively.

In spite of the fact that the prevention of crime is the statutory responsibility of the SA Police, it is also the personal goal of every Police official. It is for this reason that the co-operation of the public is always greatly appreciated. I would like to reiterate my appeal to the public to assist the SA Police in combating crime.

In conclusion, I would like to assure the hon member that the cases raised here today are receiving the best attention possible. I have confidence in the SA Police. In crime detection their achievements in the past proved that they have produced some of the best results in the world.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, I have listened to the hon the Minister and I immediately want to tell him I am extremely disappointed that in the case of Miriam Cassim Tar Mohamed the Police File television programme was not used for making the public aware of that murder. The hon the Minister knows that it was also a very brutal murder and it is cause for extreme concern that that facility was not utilised.

However, more importantly, I want to tell the hon the Minister this afternoon—if he does not already know—there is disquiet in the community from which all of us come that murderers are not being brought to book. There is ample evidence of this in regard to the greater Durban area from which I come. If the hon the Minister were to look at his records he will see that over the past two years there have been some 11 or 12 unsolved murders involving brutality. I want to say to the hon the Minister this afternoon that genuine



(36) Howard

concern is expressed in the community about its safety. It is our duty to assuage those feelings.

I also want to tell the hon the Minister that there is a perception in that community that two standards are employed when murders are being dealt with, seen against the background of what I have said about unsolved brutal murders in the community. In my community it is perceived that when it comes to the apprehension of murderers one standard is applied for one section of the community and another for another section of the community. When a particular section has the benefit of the use of all resources, the hon the Minister will agree, there is genuine cause for concern.

The case I just raised with the hon the Minister was that of the late Miriam Cassim Tar Mohamed. Why was it not publicised on television timeously? I would like to have a very firm commitment from the hon the Minister this afternoon that in the case of all murders that take place in our community the full resource of the Police department will be employed to track down the perpetrators of these crimes. [Time expired.]

Dr J N REDDY: Mr Chairman, I can only endorse what has been said by the hon member for Springfield because unfortunately—rightly or wrongly—that perception prevails within the ranks of the Indian people. I sincerely trust that the hon the Minister, having heard the case put forward here today, will give this matter his serious attention.

I do not know whether—as in the case of Phoenix where it is visible—the Police authorities do not have adequate transport to patrol such a vast area. That can be one of the reasons for the inadequate police patrols. Similarly, the absence of adequate funds for the Police Force operating in the area denies them certain facilities which could in a way contribute to their performance of their tasks and duties.

I accept the assurances given by the hon the Minister and hopefully in the not too distant future we will have some answers to these unsolved murders which have been recorded and to which the hon member for Springfield referred. I hope that we can win the confidence of the Indian community.

I would like to add a plea in connection with what the hon the Minister has said. The task of policing

Howard (36)

\*However, it seems to me that he is angry with me, because today he is again quarrelling with me about other things.

†Therefore I am grateful to the hon member for Lenasia Central for at least acknowledging the fact.

This stresses the point that I would like to make to hon members. A murder is a murder as far as the SA Police are concerned and we are utilising all our resources to solve every murder. I want to give the unqualified assurance today that it does not matter to us whether a victim is White, Black, Coloured or Indian. If he has been murdered we try to solve the case with all the means at our disposal. I want to give this assurance to hon members. Hon members spoke about perceptions.

I am going back to my department in this regard. We read the things that hon members say here because we are concerned about perceptions. If there is a wrong perception—the hon member mentioned it here too—we want to change it if it is not based on the truth. I want to tell hon members that in the case of a murder the instructions from my office and from the offices of the Commissioner of Police and police officers of the murder and robbery squads right across the country are to follow up every clue to make sure that the perpetrators are caught.

I am sorry that it has not been televised yet, as I have said. You know, we only have limited time on television. We have only 15 minutes on Fridays, but I will make sure that it is done as soon as possible.

Mr M RAJAB: Speak to your colleague!

\*The MINISTER: His time is also limited. He does not want to give me more time. We have also considered doing it in some other way, but we have not yet succeeded in doing so.

†We are also using other methods, but I can assure the hon member that we are, as was his request, going to use the resources of the SA Police fully to ensure that we trace the perpetrators of these evil deeds. I thank the hon member for Glenview for his call upon the public to help us. We cannot do everything on our own. We do not have enough manpower. I need more men and we need more money to do that. Hon members will appreciate that we are doing our utmost with the means at our disposal. If the public can help us, I think it will assist us greatly to catch these people at an early stage. I thank hon members for this balanced view and in conclusion I thank them and assure them that we are doing our utmost to catch these people, like we caught the two men who murdered Dr Asvat.

the country is not the task of the Police alone. I think the Indian community must also make its own contribution. If they have some information that they can pass on to the Police it must be done without fear. I think that is an important contribution that the community can and should make in supplementing and assisting the Police in discharging their responsibilities. I think policing is not a task that can be done entirely by the Police because they need information and assistance if it is at all available. To know about something and not to make it available . . . [Time expired.]

Mr M S SHAH: Mr Chairman, despite what has been said already I want to commend the hon the Minister's department and in particular the SA Police for the swift action that was taken with regard to the Sonwadi murder in Lenasia. Within two weeks of this brutal murder the perpetrators of the crime were arrested and the court case is now pending. We need to give credit where credit is due.

Mr P T POOVALLINGAM: Talk about Stompie as well!

Mr M S SHAH: With regard to the citizens or the community being involved I think we need a much more widely publicised awareness campaign in the community whereby the people are made aware as to what a citizen's arrest is all about and the meaningful role that can be played by the community.

In Lenasia we too have numerous unsolved murders—perhaps too many to mention in such a short period of time. However, as I said initially, where credit is due we give it. I therefore want to place on record our appreciation for the swift action of the Police with regard to the recent arrests that were made.

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I want to thank hon members for their contributions. I want to thank the hon member for Lenasia Central who has just taken his seat in particular.

Last week when I was here I was the target of the hon member for Springfield who said that the Police was not really seriously pursuing the solving of crimes including murders against so-called political people. The hon member requested me to speed up matters as far as possible to solve the murder of Dr Asvat. As we all know two people have been arrested for that murder. I really thought when I came here today that the hon member would thank me.



*Harward*

vating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at each specified police station in the

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)
Amanzimtoti	73	28	171	265	40	78	329	132	1	1 239	205	1	0
Isipingo	115	24	314	276	61	117	187	67	136	709	201	1	5
Louis Botha	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	6	0	150	17	3	2
Airport	80	29	177	392	57	181	240	191	55	486	251	0	0
Montclair	20	4	47	15	10	0	41	6	15	46	3	0	0
Umbumbulu	96	20	278	581	92	28	183	12	163	557	84	0	0
Umlazi	21	6	235	615	22	38	161	70	34	391	89	7	1
Wentworth	14	11	64	249	21	227	335	38	32	806	204	1	0
Brighton Beach	0	1	5	9	0	2	2	0	1	27	0	0	0
Island View													

**Durban: offences**

147. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggra-

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)
Berea	12	7	42	175	11	17	646	58	43	1 888	427	—	—
Point	9	8	79	254	13	185	275	59	64	1 024	291	25	20
Umbilo	23	27	60	234	14	288	452	16	116	1 325	513	—	1
C R Swart Square	54	29	383	879	80	919	382	485	532	4 295	1 742	9	20
Bay Head	—	1	4	12	—	15	—	—	—	503	5	—	—
Maydon Wharf	7	5	53	62	8	102	2	70	11	811	24	1	—

**Durban West: offences**

148. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggra-

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)
Durban West	40	13	131	141	15	76	89	73	17	131	62	0	0
Bellaire	7	6	27	89	4	27	177	6	7	253	72	0	1
Cato Manor	18	3	12	102	17	8	28	18	20	75	8	0	0
Chatsworth	29	45	383	688	28	13	316	28	136	874	342	20	14
Hillcrest	45	24	43	73	28	51	459	20	37	594	83	0	0
Malvern	16	12	50	137	12	59	256	29	10	389	122	0	0
Mayville	5	6	31	144	19	25	314	6	27	699	126	0	0
Pinetown	74	44	164	555	58	403	1 164	176	92	2 114	519	2	1
Sydenham	30	21	149	351	25	32	289	76	19	653	135	17	14
Westville	6	11	18	150	20	25	450	18	34	806	146	0	0
Kwa-Dabeka	143	17	269	156	64	33	190	209	61	292	71	0	0

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

vating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban West police district of the Port Natal Division in 1987?

*Harward*

**Durban North: offences**

149. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggra-

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)
Durban North	7	8	21	99	4	34	313	21	11	827	130	—	3
Glendale	10	42	131	52	9	15	39	24	4	64	12	—	—
Greenwood	31	43	185	435	32	103	842	134	45	2 013	274	1	3
Park	207	41	236	661	128	14	650	241	118	581	64	—	—
Inanda	132	35	326	341	69	18	103	154	85	453	64	—	—
KwaMashu	40	36	299	971	39	126	158	149	148	1 409	345	4	17
Mount	13	4	85	11	15	0	42	6	3	31	—	—	—
Edgcombe	3	10	40	21	4	12	33	10	5	42	7	—	—
Ndwedwe	65	42	444	383	76	215	590	96	99	843	122	1	1
Newark	29	28	207	383	26	187	328	102	82	671	103	5	1
Stanger	20	25	148	93	22	49	290	19	13	311	37	1	—
Tongaat	63	19	258	412	58	162	275	135	44	673	78	—	—
Umlali													
Vernham													

**Suicide**

152. Prof N J J OLIVIER asked the Minister of Defence:

Whether any (a) national servicemen, (b) members of the Permanent Force and (c) members of the Citizen Force/Commandos (i)

attempted to commit and (ii) committed suicide in 1987; if so, (aa) how many in each case and (bb) what means did each such person employ?

	(i)	(ii)
(aa) 335	252	17
(bb) Overdose	63	Shot
Slashed wrists	8	Hanged
Drank poison	7	
Shot	3	
Hanged	1	
Gassed	1	
Jumped from building	1	
(b) Permanent Force		
(i) 57	47	Shot
(ii) 5	7	Gassed
(aa) Overdose	47	
Shot	7	
Slashed wrists	1	
Gassed	1	
Drank poison	1	

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1)	(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
Whites	Whites	1 437	117	97
Coloureds	Coloureds	101	14	40
Blacks	Blacks	278	147	268
Indians	Indians	21	8	9
5 843				
880				
2 339				
153				
(b)	Whites	Coloureds	Blacks	Indians
Unfit for training	5	2	3	—
Deaths	130	15	166	8
Medically unfit	145	20	94	12
Transfer to other Government departments and/or independent States	39	—	195	—

## Resignations of policemen/new recruits

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1)	(a)	(1)	(a)
125. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:	Major	1	8
(1) (a) How many policemen of each rank resigned from the Police Force from 1 January to 31 December 1987 and (b) how many new recruits were there during this period:	Captain	8	43
	Lieutenant	53	53
	Warrant Officer	276	276
	Sergeant	1 318	1 318
	Constable	138	138
(2) what was the shortage of policemen of each rank in each province as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?	Student	—	—
	(b) 8 731 recruits	—	—
	(2) 31 December 1987	—	—

Note: I wish to point out to the honourable member that besides the 8 731 recruits, a further 484 persons were taken into service, comprising re-enlistments, expert and artisan staff.

**Sandton/Bramley/Lombardy East: offences**  
138. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many offences relating to (a) murder, (b) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (c) common assault, (d) burglary, (e) robbery, (f) theft of vehicles and cycles, (g) other thefts,

(h) damage to property, (i) dagga and (j) rape were reported and investigated in the (aa) Sandton, (bb) Bramley and (cc) Lombardy East police station areas during the period 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987?

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Sandton	16	80	226	1 735	106	687	1 752	217	81	17
Bramley	20	100	180	1 262	624	902	1 806	221	29	26
Lombardy East	6	24	67	757	51	377	545	101	9	15

Note: I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

## Alexandra: offences

139. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order:  
How many offences relating to (a) murder, (b) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (c) common assault, (d) burglary, (e) robbery, (f) theft of vehicles and cycles, (g) other thefts, (h) damage to property, (i) dagga and (j) rape were reported and investigated in the Alexandra Township during the period 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987?

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Alexandra	141	749	542	129	340	103	364	308	108	129

Note: I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

## Randburg: offences

140. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order:  
How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Randburg police district in 1987?

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Randburg	48	39	192	364	56	173	728	311	3 181	—
Alexandra	141	12	749	452	129	340	103	308	129	—
Bramley	20	43	100	180	26	624	892	211	1 266	—
Halfway House	13	30	79	102	30	44	169	78	982	—
Sandton	16	26	80	226	17	106	685	217	1 735	—
Linden	12	4	71	149	18	62	859	152	943	—

## Policemen/-women: colleges for training

145. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) (a) How many colleges for training of (i) policemen and (ii) policewomen are there in the Republic, (b) where are they located in each case, (c) how many (i) Whites, (ii) Coloureds, (iii) Asians and (iv) Blacks are on the teaching/instructor staff of each of these colleges and (d) in respect of what date is this information furnished:

(2) how many (a) Whites, (b) Coloureds, (c) Asians and (d) Blacks were trained at each of these colleges during the latest specified 12-month period for which information is available?

## Durban South: offences

146. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggra-



CAP. Times 7/3/88

# Maritzburg: Nearly three murders a day

36

Political Staff

NEARLY three murders a day — 1 068 — were reported to one of the 20 police stations in the Maritzburg Police District last year, more than half of them in Plessislaer.

Crime figures for the district have been disclosed by the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Adriaan Vlok, in a reply to a written question by Mr Roger Burrows, PFP MP for Pinetown.

Unrest incidents alone in the Natal Midlands during the past 14 months have claimed more than 500 lives — most of them in townships around the city, according to information supplied by the University of Pietermaritzburg and the Natal Witness, reports Sapa.

The university's Mr John Aitchison said at the weekend that there had been 402 deaths in 325 incidents of unrest during 1987.

In his reply to Mr Burrows, Mr Vlok said police investigated 623 murders in the Plessislaer area, 149 around Hammarsdale and 64 in Maritzburg.

Plessislaer had the highest crime rate in all categories but two, where it was second-highest.

Mr Aitchison said: "Our survey was conducted on the basis of press reports, police unrest reports and affidavits and information supplied by lawyers and organizations such as the Pietermaritzburg Agency for Christian Social Awareness, PACSA."

According to these figures, there was a total of 896 incidents of unrest in the Natal Midlands, including townships around Greytown, Hammarsdale and Howick.

Between January and August 1987 there was a total of 80 deaths, and from September to December there were 322 deaths, with the highest figure, 108, being recorded in December.

● Many of the special constables sent to Maritzburg to contain unrest were Inkatha members, a PFP official, Mr Radley Keys, said yesterday.

# HoD official suspended

CM Own Correspondent 15/3/80 36

DURBAN.— Dr G K Nair, chief director of education in the House of Delegates, was suspended yesterday pending a charge of misconduct against him following his evidence to the James Commission of Inquiry.

Mr A K Singh, chief executive director of education and culture, said Dr Nair had been informed of his suspension, which came into effect from the close of duty yesterday.

In his findings, Mr Justice Neville James, who conducted the one-man commission of inquiry into irregularities in the House of Delegates, reported that Dr Nair, who was chairman of the Advisory Allocations Committee which handled school-book orders,

had been an "extremely poor witness".

"He made no attempt to ensure that the allocations committee performed its duties properly or to draw its attention to irregularities and absurdities which were manifest within his own knowledge.

"He ultimately agreed that he had been handed a list of allocations to be made to particular booksellers, and his evidence reveals that he regarded it as his task to ensure that the schedule of allocations which he brought to the meetings should be adopted."

Mr Justice James also said Dr Nair was undoubtedly lying in stating that Mr Singh provided him with the schedules.



March 28 1988

Murder up 53 pc, robbery 45 pc at end of 1987

# Durban and Maritzburg 'crime capitals of world'

*(20) Stur 28/3/88*

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Durban and Maritzburg have become the new crime capitals of the world as the unrest and flagging economy tighten the violence's grip on the province.

Their crime rates are higher than in Los Angeles and New York, according to figures obtained from America, while Durban's daily murder figure is higher even than that in Medellin, the Colombian city that has attained notoriety for deaths related to vicious cocaine wars.

During the last six months of 1987, the number of murders in Natal soared by 53 percent and robberies by 45 percent, police say.

Opposition politicians have claimed that the police cannot cope with the crime wave and that the Government is incapable of tackling its causes.

The Progressive Federal Party MP for Durban North, Mr Mike Ellis, says the statistics demonstrate beyond doubt that the crime rate is rising. The causes are obviously related to political unrest and the economy, he says, problems which the Government has proved incapable of solving.

There is a grave shortage of policemen and the force is being "extended beyond its limits by the unrest".

Fellow PFP MP Mr Harry Schwarz said the crime problem was so serious it threatened the country's stability. Every minute, there was one assault on a person and two on property.

"The truth is that crime is a fearful spreading social disease that has to be controlled, it is affecting the stability of the country and is a handmaiden of revolution," he told Parliament.

## UNACCEPTABLY HIGH

Minister of Law and Order Adriaan Vlok said last week the crime rate was unacceptably high and was being given highest priority by the police.

The increase in recent years had coincided with the surge in unrest, he said.

A multipronged campaign had been launched to counter the increasing crime and had already succeeded in some areas, Mr Vlok said.

In 1986, at the height of the unrest, Mr Vlok told a meeting of the Security Association of South Africa that at times, police

crime prevention in some of the larger centres had come virtually to a halt.

The situation has since stabilised in most of the country, Natal being the notable exception.

Mr Vlok's spokesman, Brigadier Leon Mellet, said Natal's crime figures for 1987 had inflated and distorted those for the entire country. Police had succeeded in putting a brake on crime in most of the country.

According to figures for the Maritzburg region released by Mr Vlok in Parliament recently, the murder rate in Edendale Valley had doubled and 623 people had been killed in the area patrolled by the Plessislaer police station. In 1986 this figure was only 298.

In Durban, the number of murders increased from 1 534 in 1986 to 1 557 in 1987, culpable homicides from 685 to 739, and assaults with intent from 6 341 to a chilling 10 473.

Brigadier Mellet has said recent weeks have brought encouraging signs that crime in Natal is beginning to ease off and that police were confident of an improvement during the year.

MODE	1	2	3	4	5
MAG %	101.2	85.0	75.0	70.7	61.5
REG.	0.506	0.425	0.375	0.354	0.308

TOLS ±0.030 INS. MEASURED FROM LEAD EDGE TO HORIZONTAL REF.

FIELD USE ONLY

VERTICAL REFERENCE LINE 10"

VERTICAL REFERENCE LINE 11"

HORIZONTAL REFERR

HORIZONTAL REFER

1.8 2.5 3.0



The information for 1987 is as follows:

Total Enrolment	The North		Zululand		Medunsa		Vista	
	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
(a) Whites	32	19	178	29	3	230	13	13
(b) Coloureds	3	2	3	51	156	18 247	18 247	18 247
(c) Indians	3	13	4 157	4 191	1 388	18 519*	18 519*	18 519*
(d) Blacks	6 533	4 157	1 156	18 247	18 247	18 247	18 247	18 247
Total	6 571	4 191	1 388	18 519*	18 519*	18 519*	18 519*	18 519*

\* 14 819 of these students (teachers) receive further training by means of reletution.

15. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h)

theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Pietermaritzburg and Ladysmith, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Pietermaritzburg	64	13	292	476	25	1 121	381	344	196	—
Ladysmith	39	24	448	544	57	806	212	85	228	—

Note: I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

16. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h)

theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Reservoir Hills, Newlands, Asherville, Overport and Sydenham, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Greenwood Park	31	45	175	435	32	738	179	183	396	1
Mayville	5	6	31	144	19	319	33	93	84	—
Sydenham	30	21	149	351	25	321	95	110	211	17

Note: Reservoir Hills and Asherville form part of the Sydenham police area, Newlands forms part of the Greenwood Park police area and Overport forms part of the Mayville police area.

I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

17. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous

bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Phoenix, Verulam, Tongaat and

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Mount Edgecombe	40	36	299	971	39	453	297	319	787	4
Stanger	65	42	444	383	76	805	195	97	224	1
Tongaat	29	28	207	383	26	515	184	79	206	5
Verulam	63	19	258	412	58	437	179	60	200	0

Note: Phoenix forms part of the Mount Edgecombe police area.

I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

18. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j)

possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Chatsworth, Merebank and Isipingo, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Chatsworth	29	45	383	688	28	509	164	330	939	20
Isipingo	115	24	314	276	61	166	203	183	149	1
Wentworth	21	6	235	615	22	199	104	75	328	7

Note: Merebank forms part of the Wentworth police area.

I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

Laudium: offences

19. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h)

theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian area of Laudium during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Erasmia	13	9	183	293	33	441	121	89	137	0

Note: Laudium forms part of the Erasmia police area.

I wish to point out to the honourable member that for the sake of efficiency, statistics were furnished for the period 1 January to 31 December 1987. All statistical reports will in future be furnished in calendar year periods.

Lenasia: offences

20. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f)

burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian area of Lenasia during the latest specified period for 12 months for which figures are available?

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



HOUSE OF DELEGATES

For the period 1 January until 31 December 1988.

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Phoenix: drugs confiscated

2. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Phoenix during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- |                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| (a)               | (b)         |
| (i) 323,75 kg     | R323 750,00 |
| (ii) None         | None        |
| (iii) 50 Capsules | R4 550,00   |
| (iv) None         | None        |
| (v) 461 tablets   | R6 938,00   |
| (vi) None         | None        |

3. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:  
 What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Chatsworth during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- |                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| (a)               | (b)         |
| (i) 334 kg        | R334 000,00 |
| (ii) None         | None        |
| (iii) None        | None        |
| (iv) None         | None        |
| (v) 4 271 tablets | R42 710,00  |
| (vi) 61 tablets   | R600,00     |

For the period 1 January until 31 December 1988.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Group Areas: exemptions for business premises

124. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(a) How many applications for exemptions from the provisions of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, in respect of business premises did his Department or any provincial administration receive in 1988 and (b) how many persons from each race group applied for permission to occupy such premises in areas proclaimed for (i) Whites, (ii) Coloureds, (iii) Indians and (iv) Blacks in each province?

B276E

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

This matter vests in the Administrators of the different provinces and they have furnished the following information:

- (a) None
- (b) ORANGE FREE STATE
- (i) 1 Indian and 1 Black
- (ii), (iii) and (iv) None

CAPE PROVINCE

- (i) White — 117
- (ii) Coloured — 62
- (iii) Indian — 2
- (iv) Black — None

NATAL

- (i) WHITE GROUP AREA
- 151 applications by members of the Indian population group.
- 15 applications by members of the Coloured population group.

32 applications by members of the Black population group.

(ii) COLOURED GROUP AREA

8 applications by members of the White population group.

22 applications by members of the Indian population group.

4 applications by members of the Black population group.

(iii) INDIAN GROUP AREA

31 applications by members of the White population group.

11 applications by members of the Coloured population group.

8 applications by members of the Black population group.

(iv) BLACK GROUP AREA

None. Black areas are not proclaimed in terms of the Act.

TRANSVAAL

Question	Race group of applicant	White	Coloured	Indian	Black
(i)	White	xxx	2	16	0
(ii)	Coloured	22	xxx	4	0
(iii)	Indian	121	5	xxx	0
(iv)	Black	115	2	1	xxx

Peninsula high schools: school committees

142. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

- (1) Whether any high schools in the Cape Peninsula had functioning school committees or other governing bodies in (a) 1987 and (b) 1988; if so, (i) which schools and (ii) which school committee members were (aa) elected by parents and (bb) appointed by his Department;
- (2) whether any of these school committee members are or were in the employ of his

Indian in the Police Reserve Force and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) 232
- (b) (i) 103
- (ii) 111
- (2) (a) Captain
- (b) 19 April 1988

Inanda/Greenwood Park/Cato Manor/Malvern: offences

1 January - 31 December 1985

Greenwood Park	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Inanda	39	33	156	489	32	661	105	110	535	2
Cato Manor	150	35	253	649	104	824	195	79	376	—
Malvern	22	4	37	147	13	49	24	10	89	—
1 January - 31 December 1986	17	8	27	194	6	229	35	56	114	—

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Inanda, Greenwood Park, Cato Manor and Malvern, respectively, during the latest specified period of three years for which figures are available?

1 January - 31 December 1987

Greenwood Park	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Inanda	33	39	165	399	26	789	156	142	435	4
Cato Manor	175	47	327	78	115	718	248	53	400	—
Malvern	33	3	34	108	10	43	31	8	99	3
1 January - 31 December 1987	17	11	39	251	5	334	18	85	119	1

Thefts from cars

42. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(a) How many thefts from cars were reported during the period 1 January to 31 December 1987 in (i) Wentworth, (ii) Inanda, (iii) Cato Manor, (iv) Greenwood Park and (v) Sydenham and (b) in how many cases were recoveries made?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) (i) 236
- (ii) 20
- (iii) 29

- (iv) 791
- (v) 577

(b) The South African Police do not keep separate records of articles recovered, therefore, the required information cannot be furnished.

Thefts from cars

43. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(a) How many thefts from cars were reported during the period 1 January to 31 December 1987 in (i) Laudium, (ii) Lenasia, (iii) Benoni, (iv) Chatsworth, (v) Phoenix, (vi) Mountain

Rise, (vii) Verulam, (viii) Umzinto and (ix) Isipingo and (b) in how many cases were recoveries made?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) (i) 231
- (ii) 364
- (iii) 894
- (iv) 509
- (v) 908
- (vi) 790
- (vii) 352
- (viii) 82
- (ix) 369

(b) The South African Police do not keep separate records of articles recovered, therefore, the required information cannot be furnished.

Park, (i) Newlands West and (g) Lenasia; if not, why not; if so, (i) when, (ii) what amount, and (iii) when is it anticipated that building operations will (aa) commence and (bb) be completed, in each case?

The MINISTER OF HOUSING:

- (a) No.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) No.
- (e) No.
- (f) No.
- (g) No.

No applications have been received.

- (a) (i) Falls away.
- (ii) Falls away.
- (iii) (aa) Falls away.
- (bb) Falls away.

- (b) (i) Falls away.
- (ii) Falls away.

45. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether the South African Police intend to establish a police station or substation at Merebank; if so, when; if not, why not; (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) No, because a charge office near Merbank Railway Station is manned on a 24-hour basis. Furthermore, sufficient policing of the area is supplied by the Montclair police station.

(2) No.

Own Affairs:

Funds for provision of community halls

68. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Housing:

Whether his Department has allocated or intends to allocate funds for the provision of community halls in (a) Westcliff, (b) Croftdene, (c) Woodhurst, (d) Phoenix, (e) Orient

- (f) (i) Falls away.
- (ii) Falls away.
- (iii) (aa) Falls away.
- (bb) Falls away.

- (b) (i) Falls away.
- (ii) Falls away.
- (iii) (aa) Falls away.
- (bb) Falls away.



**THE MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION:**

Estimated amounts can only be given for the 1987/88 financial year, and are as follows per country of origin:

Country of Origin	Estimated subsidy for 1987/88 in respect of current expenditures	Countries in Asia	Countries in North America	Countries in South America	Countries in Australasia & Oceania	TOTAL
Transkei	R5 383 000					R49 630 000
Bophuthatswana	R6 706 000					
Venda	R3 372 000					R270 000
Ciskei	R1 792 000					
South West Africa	R7 868 000					
Zimbabwe	R10 179 000					
Lesotho	R456 000					
Botswana	R199 000					
Swaziland	R569 000					
Mozambique	R44 000					
Angola	R35 000					
Zambia	R327 000					
Malawi	R248 000					
Other African Countries	R1 171 000					
Countries in Europe	R9 140 000					

The above figures do not include those in respect of the University of Fort Hare.

Pietermaritzburg: offences reported

972. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Pietermaritzburg police district in 1987?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)
Pietermaritzburg	64	13	292	476	25	757	357	199	182	1 879	286	—	—
Inchanga	27	14	121	92	25	40	185	44	22	186	15	—	—
Mid Illovu	22	9	48	19	4	17	24	11	1	49	3	—	—
Alexandra													
Road	10	11	42	133	16	77	604	14	27	899	214	—	1
Bishopstowe	17	1	53	28	2	4	32	6	5	25	6	—	—
Boston	1	4	17	12	—	11	45	1	1	70	4	—	—
Camperdown	22	20	159	89	28	68	203	52	24	308	48	—	1
Cramond	17	7	71	21	3	16	52	7	2	78	6	—	—
Hillton	3	3	31	29	5	23	189	14	6	184	26	—	1
Howick	32	17	285	134	22	46	271	17	21	321	56	—	—
Impendle	15	2	85	51	10	22	60	7	8	66	3	—	—
Mountain-Rise	61	36	444	947	69	206	498	183	2	1 135	211	4	4
Nottingham													
Road	6	3	55	38	8	5	96	2	4	102	13	—	—
Plessislaer	623	96	916	823	197	93	1 107	214	216	989	129	—	—
Prestbury	1	—	3	12	1	27	272	5	3	169	39	—	—
Richmond	43	6	189	98	15	102	250	8	8	257	23	—	—
Thornville	6	8	101	69	7	11	85	5	23	102	11	—	—
Town Hill	4	13	5	19	6	14	236	9	12	236	55	—	—
Hammersdale	149	28	276	281	99	87	425	126	107	421	52	—	—
Pioneer	3	—	7	10	—	20	—	3	4	111	2	—	—

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

**Government Archives Service: posts**

980. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of National Education:

Whether all posts in the Government Archives Service are filled at present; if not, (a) why not, (b) which posts are not filled, (c) for how long has each such post not been filled and (d) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION:

No.

(a) Posts are vacant since the process to fill certain posts has not been completed yet, because funds are not available to fill all posts or because suitable candidates cannot be recruited for appointment.

(b) and (c)	Centre	Vacant since
Vacant posts	Centre	Vacant since
Archive Assistant	Cape Town	31-07-87
Archivist	Pietermaritzburg	31-12-87
Data Controller	Pretoria	28-03-84
Data Typist	Pretoria	01-09-84
Data Typist	Pretoria	23-09-86
Data Typist	Pretoria	24-09-84
Data Typist	Pretoria	31-08-87
Archivist	Pretoria	31-03-88
Commercial Art Technician	Pretoria	16-03-88
Archivist	Pretoria	31-01-88
Archivist	Pretoria	31-01-88
Archivist	Pretoria	31-03-88
Chief Archivist	Pretoria	22-03-87
Archivist	Pretoria	31-01-88

Post	Location	Date
Archivist	Pretoria	31-01-88
Senior Provisioning Administration Officer	Pretoria	01-05-87
Chief Typist	Pretoria	31-01-87
Archive Assistant	Pretoria	25-01-88
Archive Assistant	Pretoria	04-11-87
Artisan Group C	Pretoria	01-03-86
(d)	19 April 1988	

Advertisement concerning church: funds provided by SADF

1003. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Defence:

(1) Whether, with reference to information furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, (a) the Defence Force or (b) he, from any moneys under his control, has provided any funds towards placing in a Sunday newspaper dated 17 April 1988 an advertisement concerning a certain church; if so, (i) what was the (aa) purpose and (bb) purport of the advertisement, (ii) what was the amount involved and (iii) what is the name of the (aa) newspaper and (bb) church in question; if not,

(2) whether the or the Defence Force gave any financial support to any persons or group of persons responsible for placing this advertisement; if so, (a) why, (b) what was the amount involved and (c) by whom was it placed?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) and (2) No.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Howard

## HOUSE OF DELEGATES

† Indicates translated version

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Car thefts: prosecutions/convictions

40. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Justice:

How many (a) prosecutions were instituted and (b) convictions were obtained in respect of thefts of cars reported to the South African Police in (i) Wentworth, (ii) Inanda, (iii) Cato Manor, (iv) Greenwood Park and (v) Sydenham during the period 1 January to 31 December 1987?

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

The required information is not readily available in the Department. In an effort to be of assistance to the Honourable Member, the following information regarding prosecutions was obtained from the South African Police:

- (i) Wentworth — 13
- (ii) Inanda — 13
- (iii) Cato Manor — 2
- (iv) Greenwood Park — 25
- (v) Sydenham — 21

Car thefts: prosecutions/convictions

41. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Justice:

How many (a) prosecutions were instituted and (b) convictions were obtained in respect of thefts of cars reported to the South African Police in (i) Laudium, (ii) Lenasia, (iii) Benoni, (iv) Chatsworth, (v) Phoenix, (vi) Mountain Rise, (vii) Verulam, (viii) Umzinto and (ix) Isipingo during the period 1 January to 31 December 1987?

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

The required information is not readily available in the Department. In an effort to be of assistance to the Honourable Member the following information regarding prosecutions was obtained from the South African Police:

- (i) Laudium — 9
- (ii) Lenasia — 16
- (iii) Benoni — 59
- (iv) Chatsworth — 33
- (v) Phoenix — 35
- (vi) Mountain Rise — 22
- (vii) Verulam — 11
- (viii) Umzinto — not available
- (ix) Isipingo — 40

Howard

## HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

† Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Overseas visits

565. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Communications:

(1) Whether he undertook any overseas visits in 1987; if so (a) which countries were visited and (b) what was the purpose of each visit;

(2) whether he was accompanied by any representatives of the media on these visits; if so, (a) what were the names of the journalists involved, (b) which newspapers or radio or television networks did they represent, (c) to which countries did each of these persons accompany him and (d) why;

(3) whether any costs were incurred by his Department as a result; if so, what total amount in that year?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes, on one occasion,

(a) Italy, Switzerland, France, the United Kingdom and West Germany, and

(b) to investigate the latest technological developments in the field of telecommunications systems, the possible application thereof in South African circumstances and the state of affairs as far as deregulation and privatization is concerned;

(2) no,

(a), (b), (c) and (d) fall away; and

(3) no.

Identity documents: applications

888. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

(1) What number of applications for identity documents was outstanding in respect of (a) Whites, (b) Coloureds, (c) Indians and

(d) Blacks as at the latest specified date for which information is available;

(2) whether there is a delay in the issuing of identity documents at present; if so, (a) why, (b) how long should it take to process each document and (c) what is the (i) average and (ii) maximum delay between the receipt of an application and the issuing of a document in respect of each race group?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

(1) The hon member is referred to pages 13 to 16 of the Department's latest annual report which was tabled in this House on 18 April 1988. The position of the population register as at 31 December 1987 is fully reflected in the above-mentioned pages.

With regard to the issuing of identity documents to Blacks, the hon member's attention is drawn to the fact that since 1 July 1986 this matter has received particular attention. Progress made with the project is reflected in the following figures as at 29 April 1988:

Total applications collected	6 397 784
Identity documents already issued and forwarded	5 413 501

With regard to applications received in the Department but not yet finalised, the position on 1988-04-29 was as follows:

(a)	29 670
(b)	31 654
(c)	12 118
(d)	984 283

Approximately 3% of all applications from Whites, Coloureds and Indians are incomplete and lead to enquiries or further correspondence with the applicant. In the case of Blacks the percentage is 33%.

(2) In the normal course of events, it takes approximately 10 weeks to process an application for an identity document and to mail the identity document to the applicant. Unfortunately, delays are experienced in the processing of incomplete applications. Such delays are to a large



## Drugs confiscated

66. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Inanda, Cato Manor, Umkomaas, Mayville and Greenwood Park, respectively, in the 1987 calendar year?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	Mayville	(a)	(b)
(i) Dagga	771 grams		R771,00
(ii) LSD	58 tablets		R580,00
(iii) Heroin	none		
(iv) Cocaine	none		
(v) Mandrax	none		
(vi) Other	none		
Greenwood Park	(a)	(b)	
(i) Dagga	19 kg		R19 000,00
(ii) LSD	245 tablets		R2 450,00
(iii) Heroin	none		
(iv) Cocaine	none		
(v) Mandrax	none		
(vi) Other	none		

## Drugs confiscated

67. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Benoni in the 1987 calendar year?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	Benoni	(a)	(b)
(i) Dagga	19 000 grams		R1 900,00
(ii) LSD	none		
(iii) Heroin	none		
(iv) Cocaine	none		
(v) Mandrax	2 729 tablets		R27 290,00
(vi) Other	none		

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1384



HOUSE OF DELEGATES

indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Port Natal Division: murder victims

36. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many cases of murder involving (a) White (i) male and (ii) female (aa) adults and (bb) children and (b) Indian (i) male and (ii) female (aa) adults and (bb) children as victims were reported in the Port Natal Division of the South African Police during the latest specified period of three years for which figures are available;
- (2) how many of these cases in each specified category (a) were (i) investigated and (ii) solved by the (aa) Durban murder and robbery squad and (bb) local district police and (b) remained unsolved as at the latest specified date for which information is available;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Crime statistics are kept in respect of police station areas and do not indicate the race, sex and age of the murder victims.

Murder cases are usually investigated by the detective branches of the various police stations in whose station areas the murders were committed. If specialized assistance is required, the Murder and Robbery Squad of Durban is used for this purpose. However, separate records of such instances are not kept. The question of the honourable member in its present form can therefore not be answered.

Drugs confiscated

68. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

PHOENIX

	(a)	(b)
(i) Dagga	18 kg	R18 245 000,00
(ii) LSD	94 tablets	R940,00
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	none	
(vi) Other	Vesperax 12 tablets	R920,00

VERULAM

(i) Dagga	5,341 g	R5 000,00
(ii) LSD	none	
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	none	
(vi) Other	none	

TONGAAT

(i) Dagga	1 154 g	R1 154,00
(ii) LSD	55 tablets	R550,00
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	none	
(vi) Other	none	

STANGER

(i) Dagga	123 kg	373 g	R123 373,00
(ii) LSD	17 tablets		R170,00
(iii) Heroin	none		
(iv) Cocaine	none		
(v) Mandrax	none		
(vi) Other	none		

70. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Lenasia in the 1987 calendar year?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a) and (b) (i) to (vi) None.

Drugs confiscated

71. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and

(b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Chatsworth, Merbank and Isipingo, respectively, in the 1987 calendar year?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

CHATSWORTH

	(a)	(b)
(i) Dagga	88,069 kg	R88 096 000,00
(ii) LSD	2 094,5 tablets	R20 945,00
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	none	
(vi) Other	Vesperax 49 tablets	R490,00

MEREBANK

(i) Dagga	8 kg	R8 000,00
(ii) LSD	none	
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	none	
(vi) Other	none	

ISPINGO

(i) Dagga	2,5 kg	R2 500,00
(ii) LSD	120 tablets	R1 200,00
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	none	
(vi) Other	none	

72. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

What was the (a) mass or number of units and (b) value of the (i) dagga, (ii) LSD, (iii) heroin, (iv) cocaine, (v) Mandrax and (vi) other drugs confiscated by the South African Police in Laudium in the 1987 calendar year?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

LAUDIUM

	(a)	(b)
(i) Dagga	2 177 g	R2 177,00
(ii) LSD	none	
(iii) Heroin	none	
(iv) Cocaine	none	
(v) Mandrax	1 944 tablets	R23 328,00
(vi) Other	none	



1/26/88 27/6/88

## Man shot, 1 338 held in police raids

DURBAN. — A man was shot dead and another injured when they attacked a team of policemen with sticks and pangas during a three-day crime prevention raid in Durban in which more than 1 000 were arrested.

In a similar raid in Maritzburg more than 338 people were arrested for various offences, including murder, rape and theft.

In the Port Natal police district police arrested more than 1 000 people in a clean-up operation which started on Friday and ended last night.

36 Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, police public relations officer for Port Natal, said the arrests in the Port Natal area were made from Stanger in the north to Port Edward, and inland to Hammarsdale.

In the shooting incident a man was shot dead and another wounded when they allegedly attacked a squad of policemen.

Lieutenant Naidoo said police from Sydenham were told that a group of men were smoking dagga at Cartmel Road, Clare Estate.

"When they arrived they saw a group of seven and smelt dagga in the air. When they

tried to search the men they resisted and the group armed themselves with sticks, pangas and knives and attacked the policeman.

"Two shots were fired. Mr Dennis van der Merwe was shot dead and another wounded."

Lieutenant Naidoo said those arrested were allegedly involved in crimes ranging from murder to drunken driving. — Sapa.

"Police also arrested three suspects at Inanda and seized pipes, springs and other equipment used in making home-made guns." — Sapa.

# Natal police bust arms factory, arrest thousands in swoop

*C/Rep  
3/7/88* (36)

By GUGU KUNENE

Police in Durban have uncovered an arms factory in Inanda following a massive crackdown on crime in the province.

Nearly 1 700 were arrested in the operation in Durban, while in Maritzburg, 335 were arrested.

Assembled and partly-completed shot-guns, cartridges and bullets were confiscated at the premises. Police said these guns were as dangerous to the user as to the target because of their tendency to explode when fired.

Other parts used in the manufacture of arms were also discovered, as well as a large haul of ammunition. According to

police spokesman Lt Bala Naidoo, similar weapons have been used in many township killings.

Of the 1 680 suspects netted, 428 were charged with serious offences and the rest with minor offences.

Charges range from armed robbery, car theft, fraud, possession and dealing in drugs, illegal possession of firearms and ammunition and housebreaking.

Police also seized a quantity of mandrax tablets and a large quantity of dagga.

Eighty seven police vehicles and 750 uniformed and plain-clothes police officers carried out the operation.



Friday August 26 1988 3

## Call for action to avert crisis over squatters

### Political Staff

**IMMEDIATE** government action was needed if a human disaster of immeasurable proportions was to be halted in the sprawling and warring squatter settlements outside Durban.

The warning was made today by Mr Roger Burrows MP, Progressive Federal Party Natal leader, in the face of increasing violence, squatter removal and general confusion and chaos in the squatter areas.

In a brief statement today, the Minister of Development Aid, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, said the government was urgently attempting to identify land for the settlement of the burgeoning squatter population.

The problem in Durban is to feature prominently in new plans being spelt out here later today by the Urban Foundation in its attempts to resolve the country's housing crisis.

Mr Burrows said: "The ejection of people from the land in question must be stopped. The only way this can happen is intense discussion with local chiefs and if necessary the use of more police to prevent the apparent intimidation.

"The situation cannot continue out of control."

Howard

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2200

State of a specific criminal case. Such cost could, however, relate to the following items:

- Case record
- 2 Assessors
- Subsistence and travel allowance for judge and assessors
- Witness fees and expenses (for the State)
- Man hours of judge and state personnel apportioned to the case.

Mr D J DALLING: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, was any money spent by the State in funding the defence of the accused persons in the case?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, not by the Department of Justice.

Mr D J DALLING: Sir, the hon the Minister has not answered the question. Was any money expended by the State?

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon the Minister has replied to the question as regards his portfolio.

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman. Apart from the items I have mentioned that could be either allocated or apportioned to this case, nothing else has been expended by the Department of Justice.

Peter Kaye-Eddie: contravention of Group Areas Act

\*9. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Justice:†

- (1) Whether a criminal case, particulars of which have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, was heard in the Benoni regional court earlier this year; if so, (a) who was the accused and (b) what was the gravamen of the charges against him;
- (2) whether the case has been disposed of; if so, what was the outcome thereof;
- (3) whether the case was postponed at any stage; if so, (a) on whose instructions and (b) at whose request;
- (4) whether representations for the postponement of this case were received from any persons or bodies; if so, (a) from whom or from what bodies, (b)(i) to whom were these representations made and (ii) what was the nature thereof and (c) why was the case postponed?

†The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

(1) to (4) I had enquiries made at the Attorney-General and according to him it appears from the case record that Peter Kaye-Eddie is standing trial on a charge of contravening section 26(1) of the Group Areas Act, 1966 (Act 36 of 1966). The case record is a public document and should the hon member require any other information he is at liberty to approach the Clerk of the Court, Benoni, in this regard. The number allocated to the case record is Benoni SH 282/88.

Beer: evasion of GST

\*10. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Finance:

- (1) Whether he or his Department has been informed of and/or received any complaints about alleged general sales tax (GST) evasions involving beer purchased (GST-free in Rosslyn near Pretoria for business undertakings in Bophuthatswana and subsequently transported to South Africa for sale at reduced prices; if so,
- (2) whether he has taken any steps in this regard; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) when;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

- (1) The Inland Revenue Branch of the Department of Finance is aware of such malpractices.
- (2) In terms of regulations made in July 1987 under the Sales Tax Act, 1978, as amended with effect from 1 August 1987, liquor traders from neighbouring states may no longer take possession of liquor in South Africa free of sales tax. It is only where liquor sold in South Africa is delivered or consigned by the seller to the purchaser's address outside South Africa and proof of such delivery or consignment is kept by the seller, that the sale of such liquor is exempt from sales tax. Whenever reports of malpractices in that regard have been received by Inland Revenue, an investigation has been launched, resulting to date in payment of well over R1 million in sales tax and penalty being claimed

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2202

from the liquor traders concerned. Further investigations are still in progress.

- (3) In regard to liquor which is exported from South Africa and then finds its way back into South Africa, there is a clear charge to sales tax in respect of the importation into South Africa of such liquor. However, the lack of clearly defined borders and border control measures such as between some of South Africa's neighbouring states makes effective enforcement of the provisions of the Sales Tax Act extremely difficult. This is a problem which is receiving consideration in the drafting of legislation with a view to introducing the value-added tax recently announced by the Government.

Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS: Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister's reply, does he have any idea how much has been lost in GST revenue to date as far as that contravention is concerned? The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, we obviously do not know how much has been lost, otherwise we would have retrieved it.

Springs: assault of Black person

\*11. Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 1, standing over, on 14 June 1988, the South African Police on the East Rand have conducted any further investigations in connection with the alleged assault of a Black person in a street in Springs by a group of White persons; if not, why not; if so,
- (2) whether any forensic laboratory tests have been carried out to establish whether evidence of any type of blood was found on the pavement stones at the spot where the alleged assault took place; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) with what results?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes.
- (2) Yes.
  - (a) 16 June 1988.
  - (b) The pavement stones which were pointed out to the South African Police and on which blood was alleged to be present, were forensically examined by the South African Police. The examination of these stones indicated no traces of blood.

†The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS: Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister's answer, I would like to ask him whether the SAP could find any facts whatsoever either to support the allegations or to verify the accompanying photograph contained in the propaganda based on a report in the *Springs and Brakpan Advertiser* of 8 January 1988, issued on behalf of the NP, the advertisements widely placed in newspapers by the hon member for Springs on behalf of the NP, used to defame the CP during the by-election campaigns. The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon member is making a speech. That is not allowed. [Interjections.]

Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS: Mr Chairman, further arising . . .

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! There is nothing further arising. I put Question No 12.

†Mr J J NIEMANN: Mr Chairman, on a point of order: After you gave your ruling with regard to the hon member Mr Derby-Lewis, he said that it was "disgraceful". I take it that that was a direct reflection on the Chair, and I ask you to give your ruling in this connection.

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: I did not hear the hon member say that. Did the hon member say it?

†Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS: Mr Chairman, I was speaking to my colleague next to me; it was not meant for the House. [Interjections.]

Mr J J NIEMANN: Mr Chairman, on a point of order: Even if the hon member addressed it to his colleague next to him, he nevertheless spoke loudly enough for me to hear him say it was "disgraceful".

†Mr A L JORDAAN: Yes, we all heard him say that!

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! Did the hon member say it with the intention of casting a reflection on the Chair?

†Mr C J DERBY-LEWIS: Mr Chairman, I was referring to this colleague of mine, as I said before. [Interjections.] That is a lovely choir!



36  
Child tells  
court of <sup>CH</sup>  
sex abuse <sup>7/11/18</sup>

MARITZBURG. — A regional court trial in which a 52-year-old post office technician faces eight counts of sexually abusing children between the ages of five and 10 years, continued in camera yesterday with the evidence of one of the alleged child victims.

The press was excluded while the nine-year-old girl testified.

The accused, Mr Percy Wild of Scottsville, Maritzburg, has pleaded not guilty before Mr F Heuer to the charges against him which include rape, alternatively indecent assault, sodomy, contravening the Immorality Act, and committing unnatural acts with children.

The incidents allegedly took place at Mr Wild's home.

Mr Wild is in custody.

The hearing will continue on November 23.

## 11 await judgment over death of 7 youths

DURBAN — Judgment will be given next May in the trial of 11 men charged in the Durban Supreme Court with kidnapping eight kwaMashu youths and a school-girl, murdering seven of the youths and attempting to murder the eighth.

Mr Emmanuel Khanyile (27), Mr Siphon Ndlovu (32), Mr Bhekani Phewa (30), Mr Lucky Mtshali (30), Mr Siphon Dube (31), Mr Morgan Mkhize (25), Mr Phillip Biyela (40), Mr John Khuzwayo (38), Mr Thami Ndlovu (18), Mr Lawrence Mavuso (18) and Mr Dennis Mchunu (40), all of Lindelani, pleaded not guilty to all the charges.

The State alleges that the 11 accused were members or supporters of Inkatha.

The court heard that on March 16 last year they commandeered four taxis and drove to kwaMashu. They drove around the streets and caught the youths and the girl. They then drove to Lindelani where the girl was released.

It is alleged that the youths were taken to a pool near a cemetery, then pushed into the pool and stabbed. Seven of the youths died and one survived.



tas

# 13 murders in Natal over

Star 27/12/84

## Christmas

36

Crime Reporter

At least 13 people were murdered — nine on Christmas Day — and 18 were injured in widespread township violence in Natal at the weekend, police said.

One of those killed was a policeman.

Most of the deaths and injuries resulted from clashes between opposing groups or attacks on homes. Several arson attacks on houses and cars were also reported.

Police did not say who the groups were or what the motives for the killings were, but clashes between Inkatha and the United Democratic Front (UDF), as well as faction-fighting, have claimed the lives of more than 1 000 people over the past year.

The policeman was murdered by a mob in Willow Fountain near Maritzburg on Saturday.

Three men were murdered in Mpumalanga, near Maritzburg, and two men were killed when two groups attacked each other in Kokstad on Christmas Day.

Two men were murdered in separate incidents at Dindi and Siteng and another two were murdered in Shongweni.

Amelia  
othbart.

# Eight held after Natal bus terror

ARCUS 8/5/89 (36)

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Detectives have arrested the alleged gang which terrorised passengers on Saturday night, stabbing to death a 25-year-old Indian man and wounding several passengers.

Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, police public relations officer for Port Natal, said detectives arrested eight men last night and had taken possession of four wristwatches, three wallets and a pair of sunglasses.

One passenger, Mr Ebrahim Shaik of Essendene Road, Sydenham, was stabbed in the chest and died a short while later in a doctor's consulting rooms.

Lieutenant Naidoo said the gang, armed with knives, boarded a bus outside a Durban hotel late on Saturday and held up and robbed the passengers

who were on their way to Newlands.

The gang terrorised the passengers and robbed them of cash, watches and jewellery.

Lieutenant Naidoo said the robbers got out of the bus in North Coast Road and boarded another bus and continued with their terror campaign — robbing and stabbing passengers.

A member of the Dog Unit at C R Swart Square, Constable Deon Fisher, was sent to investigate and spotted one of the robbers not far from the scene of the first robbery.

The man began to run when he saw Constable Fisher and was tackled by a police dog. He is under police guard in a Durban hospital.

Lieutenant Naidoo said so far 12 people had come forward and made statements to the police.



# Bank robberies work of ANC

36 Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — The police are investigating strong leads, particularly in the Durban area, that ANC members are behind the recent spate of bank robberies. *Saw 7/6/89*

Senior police sources said today that circumstantial evidence alone pointed to ANC members being involved while other firmer leads were being followed up.

In a number of the well-planned robberies, which have netted more than R4-million, Soviet-manufactured AK 47 rifles have been used as the hold-up weapons.

*Source: The Star, 27/6/89, p. 1*

facilitate the objective evaluation of the damage to certain vegetable crops allegedly caused by hormone herbicides.

- (2) Yes, compensation was discussed with the farmers concerned and the Natal Agricultural Union but could not be favourably considered. However, assistance to farmers facing cash flow problems as a result of the damage so caused, was discussed with the Land and Agricultural Bank of South Africa and the Department of Agriculture and Water Supply in the Administration House of Assembly. In the case of the Department, applications by such farmers for the consolidation of their debts will be considered as sympathetically as possible within the framework and norms in terms of the Agricultural Credit Act, 1966 (Act 26 of 1966).

Mr R M BURROWS: Mr Chairman, arising from the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister, did I understand him correctly to say that, whilst there is a suggestion that the Land and Agricultural Bank may aid in the cash flow situation of farmers, this department has said that it is not prepared to consider compensation for the farmers' losses?

The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, that is correct. We do not consider compensation.

**95** Howick: abduction/murder of three persons and Order:

With reference to his reply to Question No 137 on 6 April 1989 in connection with the alleged abduction and murder of three persons near Howick in December 1986, (a) what are the names of the persons of whom particulars and photographs have been published by the South African Police and (b) what is meant by the phrase "in the usual manner" as used in this reply?

B946E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a) and (b)  
Particulars of the persons concerned have been circulated country-wide by means of an internal Police publication. However, it is at this stage not desirable to make known the

identities of the persons, as it may jeopardize the investigation.

†Mr P C CRONJÉ: Mr Chairman, arising out of the reply of the hon the Minister, I just want to ask him if he is aware of the organization to which these people who committed the murder, belonged. I also want to ask him if he is aware that after these murders had been committed, a number of persons were arrested and that after they had been in the police station, their bloodied weapons were handed back to them.

†The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I said that the investigation is continuing, and naturally, I am not prepared and able to say at this stage who the persons are, and to what belonged to, or to comment on the further particulars furnished by the member. However, we shall go into it and then give him a reply if he wishes to ask again.

†Mr P C CRONJÉ: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the reply of the hon the Minister, I want to ask whether he is prepared to give me the names of the persons on a personal basis so that I may try to help.

†The MINISTER: The reply is no.

SATs: actuarial report on pension fund

\*7. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

- (1) Whether he has received an actuarial report on any pension fund of the South African Transport Services; if so, on which fund;
- (2) whether this report showed any deficit; if so, what amount of money is involved?

B947E

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) The evaluations of the New Superannuation Fund and the Pension Fund for Non-White employees have already been received. In view of the fact that the benefits payable and the contributions to the Funds are the same, it has in principle been decided to amalgamate the Funds in the foreseeable future.

It is therefore necessary at this stage to obtain the actuarial evaluation of such a joint Fund. The actuaries are busy therewith and it is expected shortly, after which

the particulars for the joint Fund will be furnished.

- (2) Falls away.

Group Areas Act: applications for exemption granted/refused

\*8. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether, since 1 January 1988, his Department has received any applications for exemptions from the provisions of the Group Areas Act, No 36 of 1966, in respect of residential premises in the Cape Town Gardens constituency; if so, (a) how many such applications had been (i) granted and (ii) refused as at the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) what were the reasons for (i) granting and (ii) refusing each application?

B949E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

This matter vests in the Administrator of the Cape Province and he has furnished the following reply:

— No. Rest of question falls away.

Mr K M ANDREW: Mr Chairman, arising from the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister, I would like to ask him two things. Firstly, I would like to ask him when his department or the provinces are going to transfer the handling of applications to the Department of Public Works, as was announced previously?

Secondly, I would like to ask the hon the Deputy Minister why the province has written to me on various occasions giving me copies of applications for permits, for which he now says there are none.

The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, according to the hon the Minister's announcement last week the Commission for Administration is presently investigating the transfer of certain functions from the provincial administrations to the own affairs administrations. The Administration House of Assembly has already indicated that it is prepared to accept the transfer of the permit function from the provinces. That will happen, of course, as soon as the Commission for Administration has completed its investigations.

As far as the second question is concerned the problem is that the hon member has phrased his question incorrectly. There is no provision in the Act for exemptions in terms of the Act; there is only a provision for permits. If the hon member phrases his question correctly he will get the correct answer. That is the whole point.

Mr K M ANDREW: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, may I ask him whether if in fact one can apply for a permit to be exempted from the provisions of the Act, that is not an application for an exemption from the Act in respect of oneself and one's occupation of a property?

Secondly, may I ask the hon the Deputy Minister, while he knows full well what the question is asking, whether it makes good sense to waste the time of the House and the time of the officials by coming up with smart-alecky replies?

The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, all I would like to indicate to the hon member — this has also happened in the past — is that he should phrase his questions correctly so that we can give him a proper reply. There are no provisions in the Act for exemptions as such. [Interjections.] The point is that we are talking about permits. I can give the answer to the hon member. The answer is, yes, there were applications. The replies to the other questions are: (a)(i) four; (a)(ii) two; (b)(i) no objections were received and (b)(ii) numerous objections were received.

INTERPELLATION

The sign \* indicates a translation. The sign † used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs:

Men/women: salary differentiation

1. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

Whether there is still salary differentiation in his Department between men and women at post level 1; if so, what steps is he taking to eliminate such differentiation?

B1014E.INT

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE: Mr Chairman, the hon member for Pinetown has asked whether there is still salary



**Prisoners  
must pay**

*Sowetan 23/6/87*  
THREE prisoners at the  
Westville 191 were  
ordered by a Durban  
judge yesterday to pay  
R247 774 stolen from the  
Standard Bank in 1986.

According to the  
summons, Patrick  
Shabangu, Themba  
Jeffrey Mkhize, Gabriel  
Zitha and Victor  
Moorosi stole R362 760  
from a Clairwood branch  
of the Standard Bank on  
December 8, 1986. An  
amount of R114 985 had  
been recovered.

# Viljoen must resign over land corruption CP

CAP Times 10/7/89

36

JOHANNESBURG. — Conservative Party MP Mr Clive Derby-Lewis yesterday called on the Minister of Education and Development Aid, Dr Gerit Viljoen, to resign his post, inferring that the minister's department was in a state of collapse.

Mr Derby-Lewis issued the call claiming that Dr Viljoen has failed to investigate an alleged land corruption racket in the KwaZulu homeland.

According to the CP MP, the racket revolves around councillors in the Umlazi township, near Durban, allocating plots to themselves in breach of ethics.

"I appealed to the State President for action in this regard. He has informed me that this matter comes under the jurisdiction of Dr Viljoen's department. It would, therefore, appear that this minister's department is in a state of collapse and I would like to reiterate and support the demand by my colleague, the MP for Potgietersrus, Mr Schalk Pienaar, in calling for Dr Viljoen's immediate resignation."

Mr Derby-Lewis also lashed out at KwaZulu Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, urging him to "come clean and give this matter urgent attention".



# Shembe arrest

ROUND-the-clock investigations have led to the arrest of a suspect who is alleged to have shot and killed the Rev Londa Shembe, leader of the 500 000-strong Nazareth Baptist Church, in April this year. *Sowetan 26/7/87*

Major Charl du Toit, South African Police Relations Officer for Port Natal confirmed yesterday that a black man had been arrested in Gingindlovu by members of the Durban Murder and Robbery Unit.

Shembe (45), died in a hail of bullets when two unknown gunmen burst into his home at 4am on April 7.

It was the second attempt on the life of the religious leader, who was very popular with his community. In 1980 Shembe survived an assassination attempt.

Through his church, Shembe maintained links with both Inkatha and the United Democratic Front.

On the morning of April 7, two men entered through an open window and threatened Shembe's wife, Patricia.

They then went to the bedroom where Shembe was sleeping and fired a number of shots - killing him instantly.

Major Leonard Knipe, head of the Durban Murder and Robbery Unit said that detectives had made the breakthrough after receiving information and went to the Natal North Coast and arrested a man.

36

2 Cape Times, Friday, August 4, 1989

# Raj on fraud charge

**MARITZBURG.** — Mr Amichand Rajbansi is to be charged with fraud, defamation and contravening the Riotous Assemblies and Criminal Procedures Acts.

Mr Rajbansi, the former chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates, has been handed the charge sheet and has been warned to appear in court.

Attorney-general Mr Mike Imber said that Mr Rajbansi would be charged in the Durban Regional Court and would appear in court soon.

Mr Rajbansi will face two counts of fraud, one of defamation, a charge of contravening section 5(2) of the Commissions Act read with section 18(2) (b) of the Riotous Assemblies Act and a charge of contravening section 319(3) of the Criminal Procedures Act.

Mr Imber said the date for the commencement of the trial would be arranged in consultation with his legal advisers.

The report of the James Commission of Inquiry into irregularities in the administration of the House of Delegates was referred to the attorney-general for a decision after Mr Justice James had made adverse comments about Mr Rajbansi in his findings.

Mr Rajbansi was removed as chairman of the Ministers' Council and was suspended from the House of Delegates after the James Commission Report was published. — Sapa

(Report by Ken Daniels, 141 Commissioner Street, Johannesburg)



<sup>Capt</sup>  
<sup>Tinks</sup>  
<sup>12/17/51</sup>  
Natal  
magistrate  
gunned  
down

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — An Umlazi magistrate was gunned down at point-blank range at his home early yesterday by two unidentified assailants after being called to the door.

Mr J T Msweli, 34, the magistrate at Umlazi C Court, was hit in the face and side of his body.

Police said his sister answered a knock at his six-bedroomed Umlazi home about 5am and was confronted by two men demanding to speak to Mr Msweli.

After hearing two gun shots, she saw the two men running down the driveway. She found Mr Msweli lying on the ground.

He was taken to a hospital in Lamontville, where he later died.

The motive for the killing did not appear to be political, police said.

# MAGISTRATE IS SLAIN

## AWWB to hold mass rally

*Sowetan*  
18/9/89

THE AWWB yesterday announced plans for a mass rally on Church Square, Pretoria, next Saturday to protest against the "misuse of Afrikaner monuments."

The organisation's leader, Mr Eugene Terre-Blanche, said the gathering was being organised in protest against the misuse of traditional Afrikaner monuments and

A 1 000 people, mainly blacks, held a lively but peaceful protest meeting on Church Square last week.

The only police action taken occurred when a few white men who confronted black protesters, were restrained.

Police led them away to cheers from the crowd.

- Sapa.

UNIDENTIFIED gunmen shot dead a magistrate in Durban early yesterday, police said.

The magistrate, Mr J T Msweli (34); was

gunned down by two assailants after his sister answered a knock at his Umlazi home at about 5am.

He was taken to Prince Mshiyeni Memorial Hospital in Lamontville, where he later died.

Police said the man's sister heard two

gun shots and then saw the two men running down the drive-way. He was hit in the face and side of his body.

The attackers had demanded to speak to Msweli before killing him.

Police said the killing appeared not to be "politically motivated."

No further details were available.

- Sapa.

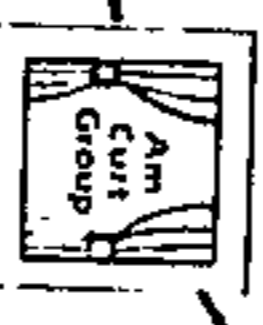
Gunned down at his house

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S 2032



36

SPARK (min) - 11/6/89

'Personal grudge' was motive for slaughter

# 5 arrested for mass murder of Cele family

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Round-the-clock investigations by a team of 25 detectives ended early yesterday when five people were arrested for the mass murder of the Cele family, whose mutilated bodies were found on the banks of the Umlazi River near Durban last week.

Detectives under the command of Lieutenant Udal Singh, head of the Isipingo CID, made the breakthrough at 2 am when they arrested a 15-year-old youth in a house at Umlazi, near the Cele's burned out home, in connection with the murders of Mrs Hawukile Cele, who was pregnant, and her six children.

## Second arrest

In follow-up operations, detectives went to another house in Umlazi and arrested a second suspect who then took them to nearby Engonya men's reserve and three other men were arrested.

Lieutenant Colonel Charl du Toit said those arrested were two 15-year-old youths, a 17-year-old, a 19-year-old and a 22-year-old man.

Colonel du Toit said police had taken possession of pangas, knives and knobkerries which they believe were used to murder the family.

"We have established that the motive for the killing was a personal grudge against Mr Felizwe Cele and the group.

"The detectives worked right through the week and weekend following up information. In fact, they were on the trail of the killers on Friday, but they were just one step ahead of us at that time until they were finally cornered early today," Colonel du Toit said. He ruled out witchcraft as a motive for the killings.

On Wednesday Mr Cele reported to Isipingo police that his house had been set on fire and that his family was missing.

The next day the mutilated bodies of his wife and children — Ntombizini (15), Lungelo (13), Chester (7), Msizi (6), Mbali (3) Mvula (2) were found on the banks of the Umgeni River. They had been repeatedly stabbed and their bodies set alight. One of the victims was in handcuffs.

The five suspects are expected to appear in court tomorrow.

City Press 15/10/89

# Gunman kills policewoman, injures 4 more

A POLICEWOMAN was gunned down and five people — three of them women — wounded when a gunman ran amok in a crowded Durban bus terminal on Friday night.

Police are withholding the identity of the dead policewoman until her next-of-kin have been informed.

The policewoman died after she tried to intervene after seeing the gunman shoot a street vendor.

Sydney Morris, 42, was with a friend at his stall near the Indian market in Warwick Avenue when they were approached by a black man, police spokesman Capt Kurt Marais said.

The gunman threatened Morris and his friend, but thinking the revolver was a toy, they laughed.

The gunman fired a shot at point-blank range, hitting him in the chest.

The friend, known only as Reddy, fled. But the constable, who had seen the shooting, chased the gunman and tried to arrest him.

The gunman started shooting wildly, hitting her in the chest and injuring four commuters.

After snatching the constable's service revolver, the gunman fled amongst a crowd of shocked onlookers.

All the injured were taken to King Edward VIII Hospital. They were Hlengiwe Nxumalo, Fikisiwe Nxumalo, Titisiwe Ndongwe and S. Dangile Mtshali.

Detectives from the Durban Murder and Robbery Unit scoured the area for the gunman, but by late on Friday night had not reported any arrests.

Last week another policewoman, Const Grace Busisiwe Ntembu, 24, was gunned down at her KwaMashu home when four men knocked at the door and asked for money for charity.

They opened fire as she turned to fetch the money.

Sapa.







# Demonstrators held for their

**CP REPORTERS** *Wys Press 15/10/89*  
 ANTI-Labour Relations Act demonstrators caused damage estimated at R45 000 in Maritzburg after looting shops while other protests went off peacefully countrywide this week.

Police liaison officer Maj Pieter Kitching said about 30 youths looted a Retief Street store after a march to present a petition at Manpower Department offices in Church Street. Some arrests were made, he added.

On Friday Manpower Minister Eli Louw called on unions not to hold protest marches, saying it was time for "rational consultations rather than emotional demonstrations".

In Johannesburg, more than 20 000 workers marched from St Mary's Cathedral to Wits University, where they were addressed by Cosatu president Elijah Barayi and Numsa general secretary Moses Mayekiso.

In Cape Town, about 5 000 people marched from Darling Street to Parliament to deliver a letter demanding that Louw scrap the LRA.

In Durban, an empty cup thrown from a block of flats, knocked down a young girl as 15 000 workers marched from Queen Street to Victoria Street.

Marshals had their hands full trying to control irate protesters who wanted to storm the block of flats.

In Nelspruit, about 25 000 protested against the LRA and alleged police and SADF harassment. Marchers handed a memorandum to Col Nicholas Herst at the Nelspruit police station.

In Pretoria, about 5 000 workers marched to the Paul Kruger Street Manpower offices to hand a petition to Manpower chief director Nick Hitchcock.



**Inset: This man made sure he had a bird's-eye view of the march from a scaffold in Plein Street.**

About 20 000 anti-Labour Relations Act protesters marched from St Mary's Cathedral to Wits University in Johannesburg yesterday. While many carried posters supporting the ANC, police kept a low profile.

## Big welcome for leaders

**By CHARLES MOGALE**  
 TENSIONS reached an all-time high yesterday as South Africa awaited the release of eight prominent political prisoners.

By late last night the eight, including former ANC secretary-general Walter Sisulu, were still being expected by large chanting crowds outside their homes.

The others are Rivonia

trialists Andrew Mlangeni, Wilton Mkwayi, Ahmed Kathrada, Raymond Mhlaba and Elias Motsoaledi. Also to be released were South Africa's longest-serving political prisoner, Japhta Masebola of the PAC, and veteran trade unionist Oscar Mphetha.

Sources close to Pretoria said the government had planned the timing of

the release for minimal fanfare. They said it was hoped to make the releases "quiet family affairs".

Other sources said the releases had been delayed because of yesterday's marches in protest against the Labour Relations Act. It was feared the former prisoners would be "hijacked" to the marches.

*Wys Press 15/10/89*



## 2 killed, 3 hurt in fast-food fracas

DURBAN — Two men were shot dead in central Durban yesterday and three others were taken to hospital after a businessman, looking for a snack, found trouble instead.

Mr Satchronlall Lall (41) of Lenasia told police he went to a fast-food outlet in Point Road, where he was stabbed in the feet by a man who then ran away.

Then he was stabbed a second time by one of a group of six women, and a taxi tried to run him down. The first assailant, and other men, emerged from the taxi and threatened Mr Lall with a screwdriver.

Mr Lall said he then produced his firearm and fired several shots as the taxi's occupants ran at him. — Sapa.

26

Star

6/10/89



# Trial of alleged killers delayed

26  
A 27 year old man and three youths accused of murdering a mother and her six children were remanded in custody when they appeared in the Umlazi Magistrate's Court near Durban on Friday.

The seven bodies were found mutilated on the banks of the Umlazi River last month.

The case against Vusumuzi Walter Lumumba Shamane and the youths, who each face seven charges of murder and one of arson, was postponed to December 18.

The State alleges that the killings and the arson attack occurred on October 4.

The three teenagers have pleaded not guilty to all the charges and a plea of guilty has been entered for Shamane. - Sapa

Political comment and newsbills by K Sibhya, headlines and sub-editing by J Belfon, both of 204 Eloff Street Ext., Johannesburg.

# 2 cops shot dead

36

A MASSIVE police dragnet has been launched in the Hammarsdale area between Durban and Maritzburg following the fatal shooting of two black policemen at 11.30am yesterday.

Police spokesman Lt Bala Naidoo would not disclose the names of the two men as their next-of-kin had not yet been informed.

Naidoo said the two bodies had been found close to the Hammarsdale railway station.

Senior police officers rushed to the scene im-

• To page 2

Sowetan 23/1/89

# Cops shot dead

36

• From page 1

mediately after the discovery of the bodies.

Naidoo said the two detectives had gone to a house in the Ham-

marsdale area earlier yesterday to investigate an alleged house-breaking. They had arrested three suspects - "all of them young."

It is believed that the three arrested suspects somehow managed to overpower the two detectives while they were being taken to the Hammarsdale police station.

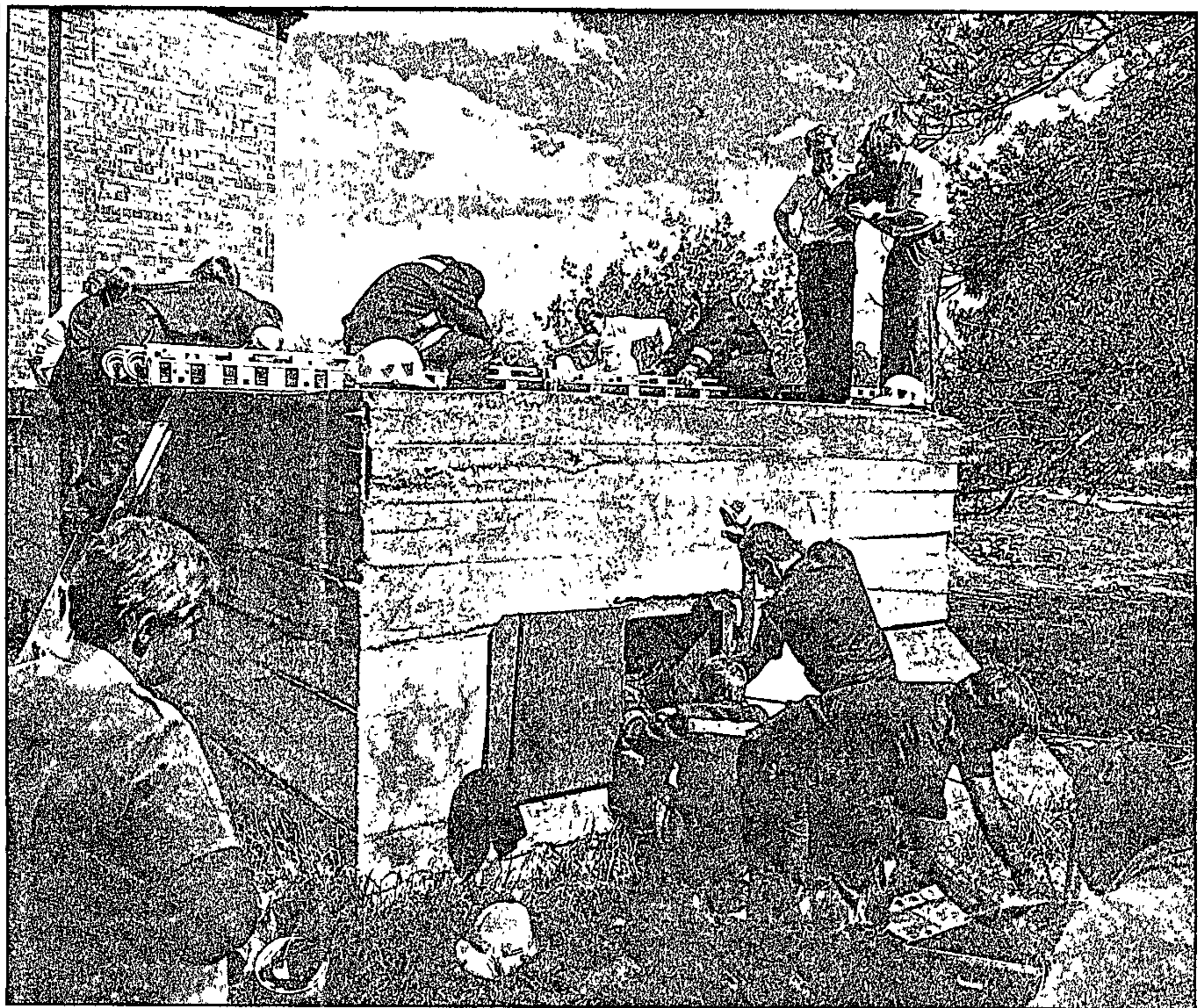
Confirming they had been shot, Naidoo said he could not yet say whether it was with their own guns.

Naidoo said as far as the police knew, the double shooting was not connected with the recent run of public violence in the Hammarsdale area.

Sapa

Sowetan 23/1/89





Grim search . . . policemen and firemen at the disused mine shaft in Johannesburg. The search for the body of Mr Sydney Robson continued today.

● Picture by Alf Kumalo.

## Threats to journalist after Malan report

The Star's Foreign News Service

AMSTERDAM — South African journalist Ada Stuijt has received a number of threatening telephone calls, following a television news report here in which it was claimed that The Star newspaper in Johannesburg had dismissed as lies the "death squad" allegations of former South African serviceman Mr Mervyn Malan.

Mr Malan, who claims to be related to Defence Minister General Magnus Malan, was interviewed on the programme "NOS-laai" on Wednesday night. He repeated assertions that he had belonged to a Special Forces "death squad" in South Africa, providing detailed descriptions of its activities.

He added that he was convinced that similar death squads were

still operating in South Africa.

The threatening phone calls to the Argus Group correspondent started about an hour after the programme was broadcast.

Mr Malan — who said former colleagues had tried to kidnap him in Swaziland, and that he feared for his life — now lives at various "secret venues" in the Netherlands while his application for political asylum is under official consideration by the Dutch government.

Earlier yesterday, several influential Dutch leaders called for an immediate investigation into Mr Malan's allegations. Anti-apartheid activists here view Mr Malan's death squad allegations in a very serious light, pointing to the large number of unsolved ANC-related assassinations.

● See Pages 3 and 11

## 130 teachers face the sack

Scores of teachers in the Johannesburg region are to lose their jobs after a decision by the Department of Education and Training to dismiss underqualified and unqualified teachers.

An undisclosed number of primary and secondary school teachers in Soweto have received letters notifying them that their "services will be terminated with effect from January 1 1990".

But, according to DET regional director Mr Peet Struwig, only 130 teachers may be dismissed.

"We are retrenching all under-qualified and unqualified teachers

but exceptions will be made on merit," he said.

"The region has a surplus of teachers and we have to cut down on their numbers and that of student teachers. However, they may find posts in other regions."

The Johannesburg region has 5 848 primary and secondary school teachers. The DET says 4 percent (234) of them are unqualified or underqualified.

The chairman of the Rand-Central District of the Transvaal United African Teachers' Association, Mr J Maseko, said he planned to take up the matter with the DET.

## Search for man's body abandoned

By Craig Kotze, Crime Reporter

Firemen tried for hours yesterday to find the body of Mr Sydney Robson, caretaker of King Edward VII school, in a disused mine shaft in Selby.

A mine official said the bodies of two unidentified women were found in the same shaft last week.

Detectives and firemen went to the shaft after one of three young suspects arrested in Durban said the body had been dumped there.

Mr Robson disappeared at the weekend. His car was taken. Three suspects were arrested in Durban and the vehicle was recovered.

### ABANDONED

Yesterday, firemen wearing gas-masks were lowered down the 671 m shaft but managed to go down only about 100 m. After about two hours the attempt was abandoned, but the search will continue today.

It emerged yesterday after the suspects were questioned that Mr Robson had allegedly been murdered with martial arts fighting sticks after he picked up the suspects at Johannesburg station on Friday night.

Robbery appears to have been the motive of the three suspects, who allegedly drove his car to Durban, where police spotted it.

One suspect is 17, the others 21 and 19, police said. They now face a murder charge after an abduction docket was originally opened.

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ember 8 to December 14 1989

# Blazing homes ring Durban after 'Christmas war' begins

By CARMEL RICKARD  
In Durban

THE "Christmas offensive" in Natal's townships has begun in earnest. The city was this week ringed with burning homes and unrest-stricken townships.

A pre-dawn raid by well-armed men from the squatter settlement of Lindelani into the neighbouring F section of Ntuzuma yesterday left five died and more than 40 homes damaged, many of them completely gutted.

Dazed refugees sat on the roadside after the raid, the lucky ones surrounded by a few goods they were able to rescue from the flames; the unlucky ones trying to be content they were still alive.

Derrick Mlambo, married last Saturday, his wedding presents still unopened in a corner of the lounge, recalled how his house was attacked in the raid.

Knowing that men are the targets of such marauding attacks, he jumped through the window and ran away.

The women in the house hid. One was dragged from under a bed and forced at gunpoint to hand over about R400. As the raiders left they helped themselves to a television and other goods.

One of the women whose goods and money was taken, has made a statement that among the people who held her up were members of the KwaZulu Police.

Brigadier Zac Buchner of the KZP said late yesterday that he had sent a senior officer to the area to find out what was going on. He had not yet heard formal allegations of KZP involvement but would ask for an investigation into the claims.

Similar reports of an upsurge in violence have come from many of the townships around Durban this week.

Unrest monitors said killings in political conflict around Durban reached the highest level ever recorded in November.

The remarkable similarity in all the attacks and the timing, seemed to indicate some kind of coordination, as though there was a "planned offensive", Democratic Party regional director Roy Ainslie said last night.

All the signs indicate the holiday season from December to January, traditionally time of the fiercest fighting, could see killing on an unprecedented scale, coupled with severe disruption in transport.

Last week 12 people were murdered in 48 hours of havoc in Mpumalanga.

Over the week-end, the centre of violence shifted to Umsunduzi near Cato Ridge where eight died.

Survivors said the raiders were men with crude weapons from Nyabu across the river from Umsunduzi.

They were allegedly headed by men from outside the district.

They said after the youths were shot, the Nyavu men attacked the victims, stabbing and hacking their bodies, and attacking other men from the Umsunduzi hillside area.

Reports of serious violence have come from a number of areas but the consistently worst trouble spot remains Inanda, where 23 people have died since mid-November.

The next worst-hit is Kwamakhutha with 15 confirmed killings since November 19. A common target in the area is funeral vigils, and residents say almost all recent vigils have been attacked.

Another distinct new trend in almost every area is that the attackers do not simply set homes on fire anymore — they first selectively loot the targeted houses,

Many of those involved in the raids appear to be newcomers to the urban areas.

3  
36  
w-mail  
8-14/12/89



# Two Durban policemen shot dead

18/12/89  
36  
DURBAN — A policeman was shot dead in Durban city centre last night and another died from wounds this morning.

They were on duty at the office of the House of Delegates in Stanger Street when they were called to investigate an armed

robbery at the Baldwin Hotel.

When the police arrived at the hotel they were fired on by three men who ran out of the building.

Sergeant J Gopaldass was hit in the stomach and died instantly and Warrant Officer S Habib died of his wounds in Addington

Hospital early this morning.

The owner of the Baldwin Hotel, Mrs M Silva (87), who was tied up during the robbery, was also admitted to Addington Hospital

No money was taken, but a service revolver belonging to one policeman is missing. — Sapa.

# Accused 'did not tell of assault'

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — The alleged Highway Rapist complained to no one — not even to his own mother — about injuries he claimed were inflicted by the police, prosecutor Mr Carl Koenig told the Durban Supreme Court during argument yesterday.

Mr Koenig was addressing the court in a trial-within-a-trial to determine the admissibility of a confession which multi-rape accused, Mr Ernest Mbonjeni Duma (24) made to a magistrate.

Mr Duma has pleaded not guilty to six counts of rape, two of attempted rape and various counts of robbery.

It is alleged that Mr Duma made a confession to Pinetown magistrate, Mr Albert Mitchley, under duress from the police.

Arguing the case, Mr Koenig said: "Failure to complain normally carries with it the inference that there was no reason to complain. In his version it

was fear that seemingly caused him to complain to no-one — not even to his mother — in February this year.

"His failure to do so must weigh very heavily in favour of the fact he had no complaints and coupled with this is the apparent lack of injuries."

Mr Koenig said photographs taken of Mr Duma showed absolutely no signs of any injuries.

Defence advocate Mr L Gering said he did not find it unreasonable for Mr Duma not to complain to anyone, even his mother, because he was at the mercy of the police, knowing full well that if he mentioned anything about the assaults he could be injured or killed.

Mr Duma felt safe only when he spoke to counsel like himself and to the Supreme Court.

Mr Justice Alexander will decide today whether Mr Duma's confession is admissible or not.

The hearing continues.

(26) (26) Staw 15/12/89



# Mother, 6 kids slain

196

A 27-year-old man and three youths, accused of murdering a mother and her six children whose mutilated bodies were found on the banks of the Umlazi River were again remanded when they appeared in Umlazi Magistrate's Court near Durban yesterday.

Mr Vusumuzi Walter Lumumba Shamane and the three youths who each face seven charges of murder and one of arson appeared briefly before Mr SN Nxumalo.

*Sowetan 20/12/89*

## Remand

They were remanded in custody to January 22.

The State alleges that on October 4 they murdered Mrs Mananje Rachel Cele (41), Ntombizini Angeline Cele (15), Lungelo Raymond Cele (14), Siphamandla Chester Cele (9), Thembakuyise Msizi Cele (7), Sebenzile Cele (3) and Mvula Cele (2).

It is also alleged that they set fire to the house belonging to Mr Felizwe Cele at Ngonyameni Reserve.

The three teenagers have pleaded not guilty to all the charges and a plea of guilty has been entered for Shamane.

Mr S.P Shezi prosecuted.

# 14th cop slain in Natal

30

A SOUTH African Police constable was stabbed to death and his body was dumped in a car at Inanda near Durban yesterday.

The policeman has been identified as Constable Muzi Ndlela who was attached to the Dog Unit at C R Swart Square.

Ndlela is the 14th policeman to have died in Natal this month. Last week police revealed that four SAP and KwaZulu policemen were killed during the Inanda unrest.

Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, police public relations officer for Port Natal, said it appeared that a gang went to Ndlela's home in E. Section, and attacked him.

It is believed that Ndlela, who was off duty, was dragged from his home and stabbed repeatedly. His body was found dumped in a car near his home. His pistol and shotgun are missing.

The motive for the attack is unknown. Constable Ndlela joined the Dog Unit six years ago.

Meanwhile a special constable was killed by two men who allegedly shot him with his own gun in the early hours of Tuesday morning.

Sowetan 25/12/89

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# Faction fight deaths

AT least nine people died in violence unrelated to the unrest near Maritzburg during the Christmas weekend.

Several robberies were also reported.

Four men and a 13-year-old youth were killed when the Dlamini family was attacked in the dark on Tuesday morning by members of the Machibeni tribe in the Ahlazaka Location near Mid-Illovo.

The motive for the attack is not known to the police. The names of the dead could not be ascertained.

A man died of assegai wounds in fighting between the Pathine and Esimozomeni factions near Richmond on December 23.

*Sweetan 28/12/89*

*36*

CRIME - NATAL

1990



## SAP HARD PRESSED BY BOOST IN CRIME

DURBAN — The incidence of serious crimes has escalated remarkably in SA since March. However the restrictive budget, coupled with the shortage of manpower, is making the maintenance of law and order by the SAP an increasingly difficult task; according to newly appointed Commissioner Gen Johan van der Merwe.

Speaking in Durban hours after his appointment, Van der Merwe said the police force was entering

Own Correspondent

the most difficult phase it has ever faced.

Van der Merwe said there had been a marked increase in serious crimes since March — with armed robberies soaring to an average monthly increase of 20% in comparison with the same months in 1988.

"The sudden increase in every kind of crime, from brutal armed robbery to sophisticated white-col-

lar fraud, can be attributed to a trend of higher criminality among certain sectors of our population," he said. *NDM 3/11/90*

□ Sapa reports sixteen people were murdered in Soweto over the New Year weekend, SAP Public Relations Officer for Soweto Capt M J Ngubeni, said yesterday.

He said police arrested 401 people for murder, attempted murder, robbery, rape, car theft, assault and road offences. *(30) (36)*

## Black market in forex booms as Mugabe eases restrictions

HARARE — The black market in foreign currency has boomed in Zimbabwe since President Robert Mugabe's government last month allowed travellers to bring back up to R6 000 worth of goods every 30 days without an import licence.

The Herald newspaper reported yesterday that "well placed sources" said some foreign diplomats were making over their funds to Zimbabwean racketeers at double the official rate of one of R1,20 to Z\$1.

SA tourists are reportedly being offered of Z\$2 for a rand.

Zimbabweans are limited to a R540 a year holiday allowance which may be accumulated over three years, with the result that the births registry and passport office are jammed with a two-year waiting list as they try to spot bogus applicants seeking to claim multiple allowances.

Black marketeers are now able to bring

MICHAEL HARTNACK

in R72 000 worth of goods a year in the hope no questions will be asked

The Herald said the most wanted currency was the US dollar, selling at a 250% black market premium.

Economists believe many of Zimbabwe's estimated one million unemployed have no other livelihood than as agents or couriers for the "briefcase businessmen" who finance the "shopping trips". Motor spares or consumer goods bought in Pietersburg are retailed here at a 2 000% mark up.

Some bankers believe R200m worth of goods may have been imported in this way from SA last year, reducing the significance of government statistics which show a move away from SA to Britain and West Germany as Zimbabwe's major supplier.

## Top equity dealer dies

MANDY JEAN WOODS

ONE of the JSE's most respected and well-known equity dealers, Francois Steinmann, 41, died last Thursday of a heart attack.

Steinmann was a director of the firm J D Anderson. He is survived by his wife Linda and three young children.

J D Anderson director Randall Carter said Steinmann, an active sportsman, died while playing squash.

"Everyone who knew him spoke highly of him. There were 700 people at his funeral, all friends. I think that says it all."

He joined his company in 1968 and became a member and partner in 1978.

## Things are looking better, South Africans say

SOUTH AFRICANS are slightly more optimistic about the year ahead than they were last year. But whites are less optimistic than blacks according to a Gallup poll.

The poll, conducted locally by Markinor, embraced 1 000 whites and 1 300 black.

It showed about 42% of people polled said 1990 would be a better year than 1989.

Whites are more pessimistic than blacks

BENJAMIN COCKRAM

about future prospects, the poll showed. Thirty-five percent of whites expected the new year to be worse than 1989, while only 29% of the blacks shared this opinion.

Twenty-nine percent of those polled expected 1990 to be worse than 1989, and 21% thought it would be much the same.

SHAREHOLDERS TO PREFERENCE

rights offer by Bankorp of  
arate offer of 3 026 206

Daughters of banned editor in visit to SA

## NATAL UNREST DEATHS

September 1987 to January 1989: .....	668
February 1989 to December 28 1989: .....	453
Past 120 hours' official toll: .....	15
TOTAL: .....	1 136

# Inkatha leader shot dead

MARITZBURG — A prominent Inkatha member, Imbali councillor Mr Thu Ngcobo, was shot dead in the centre of Maritzburg on Monday.

He was hit twice in the chest outside a fast-food outlet and died in hospital after being taken there by a passerby.

Mr Zamani Mlambi (25) was also hit in the chest, and died later.

The Ngcobo family were on their way to a picnic and had stopped to buy food in Church Street, a friend said.

Mr George Scharambus, the owner of Chicken Licken, where the shooting occurred, said the shop was packed with customers when Mr Ngcobo ran in, followed by a man with a pistol.

There was a scuffle and two shots were fired, one hitting the roof and another the wall. *btw 4/11/90*

Mr Ngcobo fled, but was hit twice as he reached the pavement, Mr Scharambus said.

Mr Ngcobo's wife and two of his younger children were in his car outside the shop, and witnessed the shooting, according to an Inkatha member.

Mr Scharambus said a spent 7.65 mm cartridge was found inside his shop and removed by police. No statements were taken from staff who witnessed the shooting.

Police released few details about the incident, saying an investigation was pending. (36)

Police liaison officer Mr Henry Budhram said the motive for the killing was unknown and there had been no arrests.

The father of the other man killed, Mr Josiah Mlambi, said his son was not involved or connected with any political movement.

Mr Abdula Aweta, also an Inkatha member and Imbali councillor, said Mr Ngcobo was regarded "as a strong and prominent member of Inkatha who had done everything the movement had required of him".

He said Inkatha knew who had carried out the shooting and had passed on details, including a car registration number, to police.

Mr Aweta said Mr Ngcobo was unarmed when shot. — Sapa.



## Warrants out for 'hit squad pair'

MARITZBURG — Warrants for the arrest of self-confessed hit squad members Captain Dirk Coetzee and Mr David Tshikalange were issued yesterday by an Umlazi magistrate in connection with the murder of activist Mr Griffiths Mxenge, according to the Attorney-General of Natal, Mr Mike Imber.

He said no extradition procedures had as yet been instituted against Captain Coetzee and Mr Tshikalange because there was "no concrete evidence as to their present whereabouts".

Meanwhile, the Editor of the *Vrye Weekblad*, Mr Max du Preez, and reporter Mr Jacques Pauw, will also be subpoenaed under Section 205 of the Criminal Procedures Act to appear before a Johannesburg magistrate.

Mr Imber said he had "instituted steps" against Mr du Preez and Mr Pauw, to give "material or relevant evidence" in connection with the murder.

● The charges Captain Coetzee and Mr Tshikalange are to face are the same as those against Butane Almond Nofomela, the Death Row prisoner who confessed to the murder of Mr Mxenge.

Nofomela is due to appear in the Maritzburg Magistrate's Court on February 28. — Sapa.

# Theologian shot dead by young hitchhiker

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Maritzburg theologian the Rev Gert Landmann was shot dead near Villiers on Tuesday after picking up a young hitchhiker on the N3 outside the capital.

The hitchhiker also tried to shoot 20-year-old theology student Miss Donata Lingner, who had been staying with the Landmann family and was travelling with Mr Landmann, but his gun jammed and he fled.

Police yesterday detained a 19-year-old man at Balfour in the Transvaal in connection with the shooting.

The drama began when Mr Landmann, 50, picked up a hitchhiker soon after setting out for Pretoria.

Family members said he detoured from his route to take the hitchhiker to his destination of Villiers.

About 10.30am Mr Landmann stopped the car about 4km from

Villiers and the man, who hardly spoke during the journey, suddenly pulled out a gun and shot Mr Landmann in the back of the head. He demanded money.

Mr Landmann, who was still alive, tried to take out his wallet but was shot a second time and hit in the back. He died instantly.

The gunman demanded money from Miss Lingner and she handed over her purse.

The gunman then turned the fire-arm on Miss Lingner but the weapon jammed and he fled into the veld.

Miss Lingner, who was severely shocked but unhurt, is believed to have attended an identity parade yesterday.

Mr Landmann is survived by his wife Leonore and four children — Tobias, 18, Christian, 15, Lydia, 9, and Raphael, 7.



# Fear grips Durbanites as crime wave hits

## SUN CITY

A CRIME wave is turning Durban into a city of violence and security is now the buzzword in Natal's holiday capital.

Even the police have been hard hit. At least 14 policemen have lost their lives in the greater city area since December 1 last year. Four were killed last weekend.

Two weeks ago the weekend crowd at one of Durban's favourite action bars, the Shunters Arms in The Workshop shopping complex, watched in horror as part-time barman Mr Francis Matthew Bergoff, 22, was stabbed to death.

And last Wednesday morning the mutilated body of a 19-year-old part-time waitress from Pinetown, Miss Julia Cathryn Davis, was found in a field.

A post-mortem examination revealed stab wounds to Miss Davis's head and body. She had 86 head wounds.

Mr Bob Humphreys, owner of the Shunters Arms, said patrons would now be searched by guards with a hand-held metal-detector and all guns and knives would be locked in a safe at the door.

"On Saturday three black guys came

By RYAN CRESSWELL

in drunk and caused a bit of trouble, so the barman would not serve them. Security personnel were on the way to remove them when the barman walked around the bar to do it himself.

"He was escorting one guy out when another man jumped on him and stabbed him in the chest."

Then two men ran from the bar chased by guards and angry patrons.

Police joined the chase and warning shots were fired before the fugitives were arrested.

This week Mr Christopher Mandla Ngunane, 18, and Mr Richard Bhekiswayo, 23, appeared in the Durban Magistrate's Court in connection with the killing.

They were not asked to plead and were remanded until March 27.

Mr Humphrey's said: "There has been

a hell of an escalation of this sort of thing. Some bar owners and managers are calling for armed guards, but I feel that this could result in a wild West situation."

The manager of the Bell Inn in Durban North, Mr Steve Gooderson, said:

"More uniformed guards might be the answer. Whether they are armed or not is a matter for discussion."

"What happened at Shunters Arms is horrifying and it worries me that something could happen to my staff."

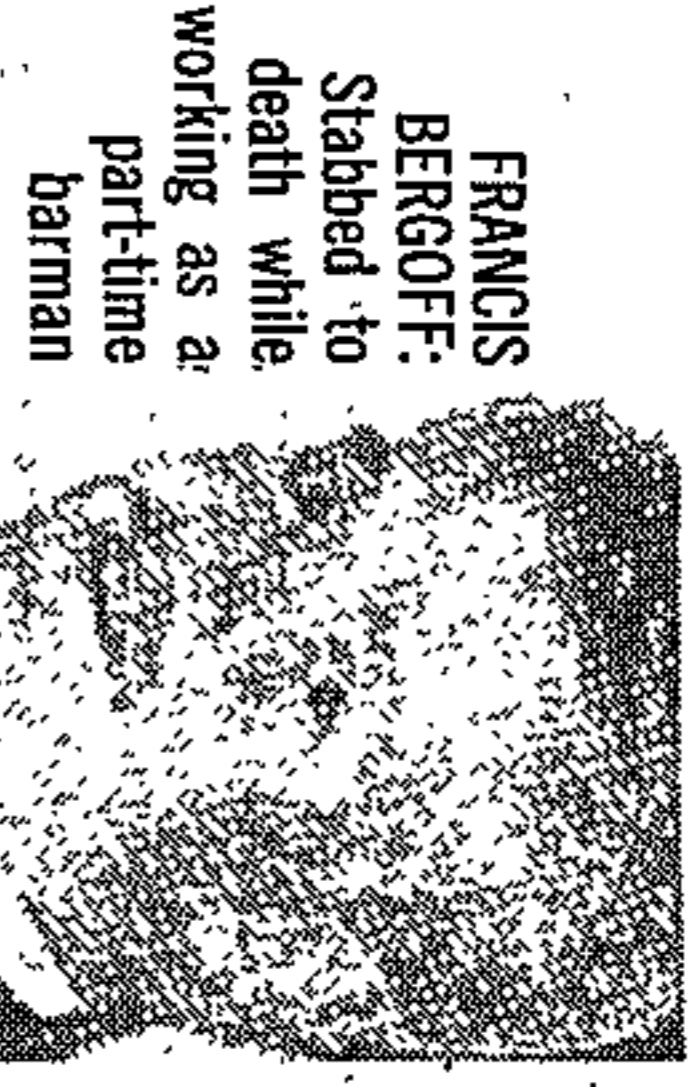
"Race is definitely not the issue here; some people just can't control themselves after a few drinks."

"If violence is in you, it is in you, no matter who you are."

The murdered barman's brother, 28-year-old Mr George Bergoff, said his younger brother had been a police reservist and a final-year electrical engineering student at the Natal Technikon.

"He loved to work at the bar. That's how he put himself through Tech."

In another incident at The Workshop



FRANCIS BERGOFF: Stabbed to death while working as a part-time barman

last Friday, 22-year-old Mr Yusuf Samuels died after being stabbed in the chest. He was apparently attacked in the parkade by two coloured men who then fled the complex.

The murdered girl, Miss Davis, was last seen leaving the Swiss Chalet restaurant in Pinetown at about 4pm on Tuesday.

Her body was found by farmworkers in a field near The Valley of a 1 000 Hills on Wednesday morning. She was lying on a car-seat cover. It is believed Miss Davis left the res-

taurant with about R1 500 in cash after selling a motorcycle.

Police reported a purse with a large amount of cash was found near her body. There was no evidence of sexual assault but her car was missing.

The following day Miss Davis's yellow VW Beetle was spotted by a resident in the Albert Park area of Durban. There were blood stains inside the car and detectives took samples for forensic testing.

Acting on a tip-off, detectives from the Durban Murder and Robbery Unit arrested a 29-year-old white man at Hibberdene, on the South Coast.

Miss Davis, who was previously employed at the Pinetown Licensing Bureau, lived with her mother in a flat. Mrs Yvonne Davis has been too shocked to speak about her daughter's death.

Meanwhile, 56-year-old Mr Jacob Olsen and his wife Pamela have vowed to move from their home in Rockdale

Avenue, in the smart suburb of Westville, after being badly beaten by three intruders on Sunday.

Many people have already abandoned plush homes in nearby Berea West for the same reason.

The intruders were intercepted by the Flying Squad as they ran from the home with a television set.

Some farmers and racehorse owners in the exclusive Summerweld/Shongweni area near Durban have also tightened their security following the brutal murder this month of wealthy mushroom farmer Mr Rob Murray.

The popular 48-year-old bachelor and racehorse owner went out at night to check the temperature in a mushroom-growing shed on his farm. He was hit on the back of the head with a brick and stabbed.

His only brother, Professor Bruce Murray of the History Department at Wits University in Johannesburg, said: "Natal is probably now one of the most violent places on earth."

ment, but says a  
for negotiations has  
by Pretoria.

Zimbabwe and President Jose  
Eduardo dos Santos of Angola are ex-  
pected today. — Sapa-Reuter

# Buthelezi back from 'high-level' Zambian talks

JOHANNESBURG. — KwaZulu Chief Minister Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi yesterday returned from what he described as a "high-level reception" in Zambia where President Kenneth Kaunda has set himself up as mediator between Inkatha and the ANC.

Chief Buthelezi said, on his arrival at Jan Smuts Airport, that although he had not asked Dr Kaunda to act as mediator between the two groups, he was seen as an honest broker and the only person with the necessary credentials to act as mediator.

"He has the confidence of the ANC leadership and I have always had confidence in him — and he has had no problem with me over the years," Chief Buthelezi said.

He would not elaborate on what role Dr Kaunda saw for him in SA's future, saying the president was "a humble man".

Concerning talks on the violence in Natal between himself and ANC deputy leader Mr Nelson Mandela, Chief Buthelezi said no date had been set and such a date would be a "matter for negotiation" between Mr Mandela and Zulu King Goodwill Zwelithini.

Meanwhile, Chief Buthelezi told leading Zambians on Saturday night of prospects of post-apartheid SA's key role in what he called "one huge sphere of economic interest" involving all Southern and Central Africa.

"The SA economy must be linked to those countries around us," he said. — Sapa

## HOME DELIVERIES

The illustration shows a storefront for a shop named "Cape Tin". The sign above the entrance reads "Cape Tin" in a stylized font. Below the sign, there are two large arched windows. The left window has a sign that says "Cape Tin" and "Home Deliveries". The right window has a sign that says "Home Deliveries". There are various items on display, including a large bottle and some smaller items. The shop is surrounded by trees and a fence.



611

*Answered*

WEDNESDAY, 21 MARCH 1990

*Answered*

612

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply: *Answered*

General Affairs: *21/3/90*

Hillbrow police station: estimated numbers

7. Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) What is the estimated population served by the Hillbrow police station over the latest specified period of five years for which information is available;
- (2) whether he will furnish details on the staff and vehicle complement at the Hillbrow police station; if not, why not; if so, (a) what was the (i) staff and (ii) vehicle complement at this police station as at the latest specified date for which information is available, (b) (i) how many of these policemen were (aa) White, (bb) Coloured, (cc) Indian and (dd) Black and (ii) what were their ranks in each case and (c) how many policemen are on foot patrol in Hillbrow (i) by day and (ii) at night;
- (3) what specified tasks are policemen stationed at this police station expected to perform?

B29E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) 1985 — 146 251
- 1986 — 138 080
- 1987 — 136 974
- 1988 — 138 482
- 1989 — 140 020

During 1986 and 1987, at the time of rezoning of police areas, sections of this police area were allocated to Parkview and Yeoville police areas respectively.

- (2) and (3) I do not consider it to be in the public interest or in the interest of policing of the areas concerned to divulge this information. However, I am prepared to provide the honourable member with the

613

*Answered*

WEDNESDAY, 21 MARCH 1990

*Answered*

614

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply: *Answered*

General Affairs: *21/3/90*

C R Swart police station: offences

38. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft from motor vehicles, (l) theft of vehicles and cycles, (m) possession of drugs and (n) dealing in drugs were reported at the C R Swart police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1989?

B90E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n)
- 92 35 335 831 96 75 232 655 648 3313 2290 1978 17 41

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the honourable member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

Cape Town police district: offences

38. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft from motor vehicles, (l) theft of vehicles and cycles, (m) possession of drugs and (n) dealing in drugs were reported at the Berea police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1989?

B91E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n)
- 17 — 67 263 12 153 117 41 81 866294361 4 18

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the

614

*Answered*

WEDNESDAY, 21 MARCH 1990

*Answered*

614

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply: *Answered*

General Affairs: *21/3/90*

SAP: policemen employed

65. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether he will furnish any information on the number of policemen employed by the South African Police as at 31 January 1990; if not, why not; if so, how many of them were (a) Whites, (b) Coloureds, (c) Indians and (d) Blacks;
- (2) how many policemen of each population group resigned from the Police from 1 February 1989 up to and including 31 January 1990?

B161E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes
- (a) 35 254
- (b) 5 879
- (c) 2 824
- (d) 37 625 of which 5 908 are special constables.

Cape Town police district: offences

77. Mr C W EGLIN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h)

B91E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h)
- 2 215 164 36 731

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the

# Family wants killing probed 36

By CARMEL RICKARD ~~36~~  
Durban

THE family of a riot policeman shot dead after his arrest on suspicion of murdering his commanding officer have instructed their lawyers to push for an inquest into the constable's death. *W/Mail 23/3 - 29/3/90*

This week an autopsy was performed on Constable Roy Ngcobo, the riot policeman alleged to have shot and killed Major Deon Terblanche in a car next to the Durban-Pinetown freeway last week.

Ngcobo was arrested soon after Terblanche's death, and is understood to have made a statement admitting he shot Terblanche, for reasons which included a personal grudge.

But Ngcobo himself was shot dead by investigators the day after his arrest, allegedly while in a police vehicle on its way to the scene of Terblanche's killing.

An SAP statement said Ngcobo had been shot while trying to escape.

This week's post mortem was carried out on Ngcobo by two independent experts appointed by his family.



# Murders up by more than 10%

CAPE TOWN — More than 10% more murders were committed last year than in 1988, commissioner of police Gen Johan van der Merwe said yesterday.

This meant that 11 750 people were murdered last year, as opposed to 9 368 the year before.

These figures were presented in the commissioner's annual report, which was tabled in Parliament.

Van der Merwe said he ascribed the dramatic increase "to the extraordinary occurrence of murders in certain areas, particularly Natal and the Witwatersrand where a total of 55,7% of all the reported cases occurred".

The high incidence in Natal was "mainly due to the power struggle between the various factions among the Zulus", he said.

Only 305 of the 11 750 had been white victims, he said.

Factors affecting the increase in crime were unemployment and the weakening of the economy, Van der Merwe said.

Crimes of morality have shown "an alarming increase" over the last year.

These included crimes

## Own Correspondent

related to prostitution, sodomy, statutory rape or intercourse with a female imbecile, cruelty towards children, child stealing and indecent assault.

The number of indecent assaults reported rose by 26,9% and the number of statutory rapes rose 23,2%.

"It is unknown whether this increase should be ascribed to an increase in the incidence of these crimes or merely to a higher number of these crimes being

reported as a result of greater awareness among members of the public," Van der Merwe said.

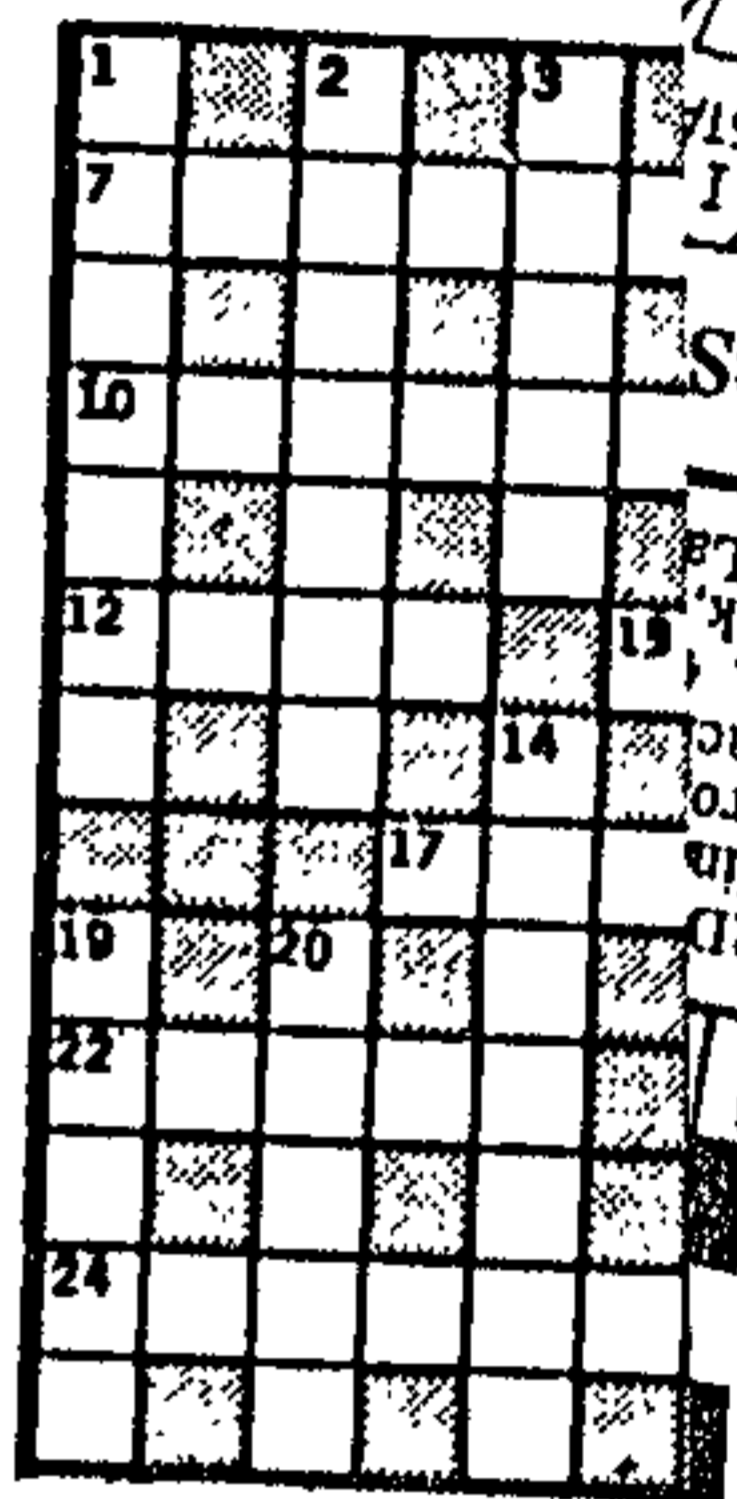
There had also been a 15% increase to 795 cases of sodomy reported and a 5,6% increase in the number of rapes, which last year totalled 20 458.

Van der Merwe also said that 610 children were stolen last year, an increase of 9,9% from 1988; and 1 590 children were cruelly handled in ways other than sexually, by assaults or by murder, representing an 11,1% increase.

## 10 MINUTE X-WORD 7570

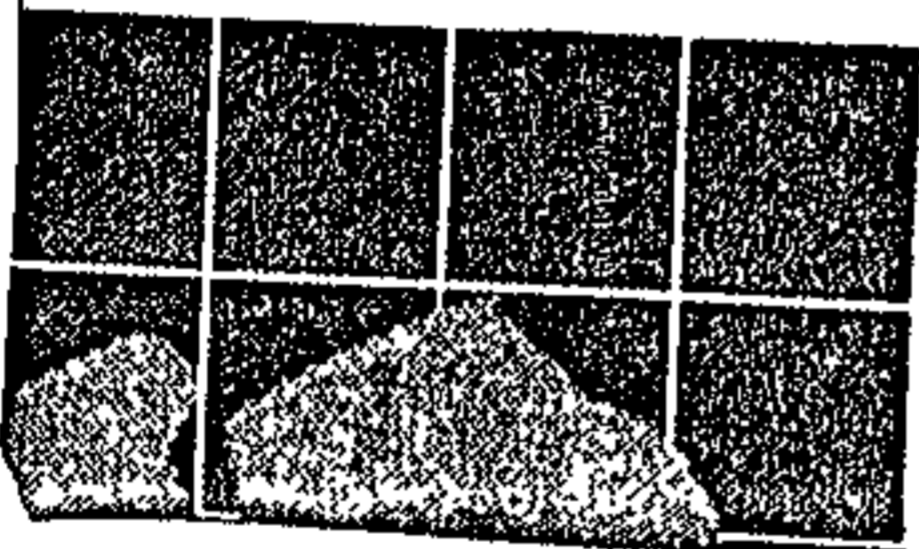
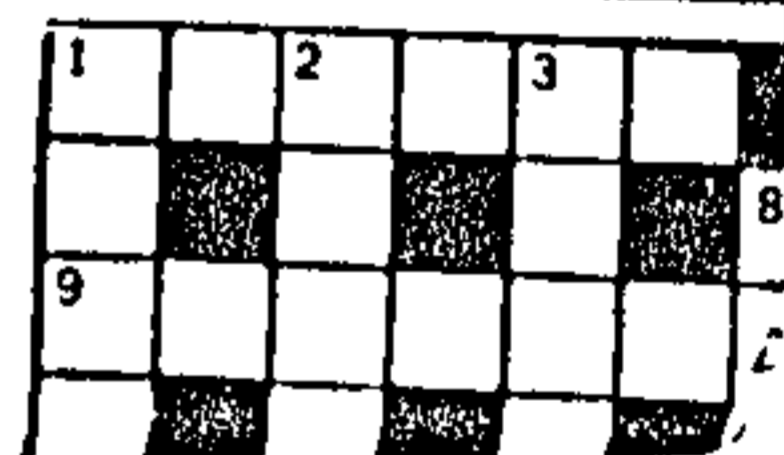
- | ACROSS                    | DOWN                       |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 7 Mass (6)                | 1 African tongue (7)       |
| 8 Enclosing (8)           | 2 Digits (7)               |
| 10 Gaunt and careworn (7) | 3 Grain crop (5)           |
| 11 Telephonic code (5)    | 4 Complain verbally (7)    |
| 12 Song-bird (4)          | 5 Indian dish (5)          |
| 13 Overbearing type (5)   | 6 Lazy person (5)          |
| 17 Dessert (5)            | 9 Lacking all smell (9)    |
| 18 Mugger's weapon (4)    | 14 Death (7)               |
| 22 Pursue (5)             | 15 Confrontation (7)       |
| 23 Zinc alloy (7)         | 16 Travesty (7)            |
| 24 Modulate (6)           | 19 Small piece (5)         |
| 25 Thrown up (6)          | 20 Stringed instrument (5) |
|                           | 21 Central store (5)       |

SOLUTION TO CROSSWORD PUZZLE No 7569— Across: 1 Stocking, 7 Trade, 8 Interfere, 9 End, 10 Lurk, 11 Jester, 13 Depart, 14 Blight, 17 Depict, 18 Hang, 20 Lee, 22 Sculpture, 23 Crave, 24 Pendulum. Down: 1 Swirl, 2 Outcrop, 3 Kerb, 4 Needed, 5 Safer, 6 Verdict, 7 Textile, 12 Propose, 13 Deflect, 15 Gradual, 16 Accuse, 17 Decay, 19 Gleam, 21 Aped.



## 30 MINUTE X-WORD 7781

- ACROSS
- 1 Sample trees (6)
  - 4 Earlier member in aircraft construction (6)
  - 9 Shudder — fag lit! Terrible thing to see! (8,5)
  - 10 Egghead in mistakenly heroic farewell (7)
  - 11 One distribution of cards to ...





Indians, 167 Coloureds and 2 107 Blacks. In the words of the hon member for Springfield, this certainly represents a mosaic of the South African situation—not sufficiently, I accept that. However, regardless of the problems to which I have referred, there is proof of meaningful progress. Given time, I am sure we will be able to show further progress.

Special Fund	Revolving
300 000	300 000
Special grant for the purpose of upgrading designated depressed areas	1 400 000
	<u>R11 650 000</u>

Debate concluded.

*For written reply:*

*General Affairs:*  
Development and Services Board: subsidy payments

3. Mr N SINGH asked the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs: Answer 18/4/90

- (1) Whether the Natal Provincial Administration made certain subsidy payments to the Development and Services Board in respect of the 1988-89 financial year; if not, why not; if so, (a) what total amount was involved and (b) (i) what amount was apportioned by the said Board to each of the areas under its control and (ii) on what basis was it so apportioned;
- (2) (a) on what basis did the Board apportion funds to depressed areas in the above financial years, (b) why was this basis used and (c) what amount was paid over to each of the areas under its control?

The MINISTER OF PLANNING AND PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS: Answer 18/4/90  
D32E

- (1) (a) Grants amounting to R11 650 000 were paid by the Natal Provincial Administration during 1988/89 to the Development and Services Board in respect of the following:
- Basic grant to enable the Board's Head Office and four Regional Offices to provide the services required in the areas approved by the Board.
- Special grant for purposes of the Board's

R9 950 000

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Chatsworth/Merebank/Isipingo: offences

Phoenix	Verulam	Tongaat	Sanger
25	164	46	71
59	25	45	60
417	225	215	242
1418	460	436	153
82	54	44	76
616	490	463	824
469	241	215	231
364	113	117	81
1267	285	232	205
-	-	-	-
11	3	2	4

(1) Burglary and housebreaking constitutes the same crime, no statistics are therefore furnished with regard to paragraph (j).

(2) Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the honourable member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

Reservoir Hills/Newlands/Asherville/Overport/ Sydenham: offences Answer 18/4/90  
D47E

5. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order: Answer 18/4/90

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property, (j) housebreaking and (k) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Reservoir Hills, Newlands, Asherville, Overport and Sydenham, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: D47E

Greenwood Park	Mayville	Sydenham
31	12	32
74	14	22
114	18	207
536	174	352
43	14	40
823	511	438
220	58	79
325	190	176
642	97	260
-	-	-
5	0	1

Note:

- (1) Reservoir Hills and Asherville form part of the Sydenham police area, Newlands forms part of the Greenwood Park police area and Overport forms part of the Mayville police area.
- (2) Burglary and housebreaking constitute the same crime, no statistics are therefore furnished with regard to paragraph (j).

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

13. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order: Answer 18/4/90

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary and housebreaking, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property and (j) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Chatsworth, Merebank and Isipingo, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: D83E

Wentworth	Isipingo	Chatsworth
11	91	41
6	23	23
188	240	396
468	312	662
31	35	57
192	334	526
67	207	149
98	207	334
522	256	931
18	0	37

Note:

- (1) Merebank forms part of the Wentworth police area.
- (2) Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the honourable member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

Police colleges: training capacity

15. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: Answer 18/4/90

(a) What is the total capacity for the training of policemen in each of the police colleges under the control of the South African Police, (b) how many persons are being trained in each of these colleges and (c) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: D99E

Pretoria	Hammanstraal	Bishop Lavis	Wentworth
2114	1260	404	126
1927	1116	154	111

(c) 31 March 1990.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



45 arrests by 35  
enthusiastic cops

THE Peninsula Flying Squad arrested 45 suspects at the weekend — believed to be a record number of arrests in a single weekend.

Colonel Karel Steenkamp, commander of the police unit, attributed the increase to "a new sense of enthusiasm" among his men since the unit doubled in size earlier this month.

The unit operates around the clock with 15 cars and 120 men. For emergencies dial 1011.

**The MINISTER OF HOUSING:**

(a) Not at this stage but it will obviously depend upon the necessary application for a loan for such a project received from the relevant local authority and the Housing Development Board's approval thereof. *Answer 16/5/90*

(b) See (a) above.

(c) See (a) above.

(i) Falls away.

(ii) (aa) Falls away.

(bb) Falls away.

24. Mr D K PADIAACHEY asked the Minister of Housing:  
Whether the Administration: House of Dele-

gates is leasing out any (a) service station and (b) other specified business sites to private individuals or companies in the Lenasia South-East area; if so, (i) to whom, (ii) at what rentals, and (iii) where are these sites situated, in each case? *Answer 16/5/90* D103E

**The MINISTER OF HOUSING:**

(a) No.

(b) Yes.

(i) S Essop; A Rahaman and Z O Abdullah.

(ii) R100 per month; R110 per month and R55 per month respectively.

(iii) Erf 9972 Lenasia Extension 11; Erf 118 Finetown and Portion 1 of Erf 60 Finetown respectively.

**HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY**

**QUESTIONS**

+ Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Gatherings: emergency regulations

126. Mr J VANECK asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether any persons attending gatherings were ordered to disperse in terms of the emergency regulations (a) in 1989 and (b) since 1 January 1989 up to the latest specified date for which information is available; if so, (i) (aa) where and (bb) when was each such gathering held and (ii) (aa) why and (bb) in terms of what provision of the emergency regulations were the persons attending each such gathering ordered to disperse? B288E *Answer 17/5/90*

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

(a) and (b).  
Yes, on several occasions and at various places country wide, in terms of Regulation 2 of the Security Emergency Regulations promulgated in terms of Section 3 of the Public Safety Act, 1953, (Act 3 of 1953) by proclamation R.86 of 1989 as published in Government Gazette 11946 dated 9 June 1989.

**Internal Security Act: section 31**

241. Mr A J LEON asked the Minister of Law and Order:  
Whether any persons were held under section 31 of the Internal Security Act, No 74 of 1982, in 1989; if so, (a) how many, (b) for what purposes, (c) in connection with which trials and (d) what were the results of the testimony of these persons at each such trial? B611E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

Yes *Answer 17/5/90*

(a) 26 persons.

(b) For the purpose defined in the section to which the honourable members refers.

(c) In connection with 10 cases of terrorism and 1 case of murder.

(d) In 6 cases the accused were convicted and sentenced.  
In 4 cases the trials have not yet been concluded.  
In 1 case the accused were acquitted.

**Durban West police district: offences**

321. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Answer 17/5/90*  
How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban West police district of the Port Natal Division in 1989? B811E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Durban West	87	16	255	373	57	320	200	287	429	—
Bellair	3	10	20	107	6	13	90	86	245	—
Hillcrest	87	19	33	78	39	126	139	207	735	—
Malvern	14	15	64	219	28	50	107	149	446	2
Mayville	8	14	19	161	12	56	192	88	467	—
Pinetown	34	22	59	285	29	199	707	386	114	—
Westville	5	14	22	158	14	47	147	129	561	—
Kwadabeka	124	14	210	129	81	260	101	248	181	—

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the honourable member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.



## Durban North police district: offences

322. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansson 17/5/90*

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape,

(f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban North police district of the Port Natal Division in 1989?

B812E

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Durban North	5	18	23	87	9	39	174	156	332	—
Glendale	9	1	115	42	15	13	4	29	71	—
Greenwood Park	29	66	105	503	40	204	338	498	771	5
Inanda	465	62	284	519	158	530	83	471	642	—
Newark	3	9	36	24	3	7	3	7	51	—
Stanger	68	54	226	139	68	210	113	186	758	2
Tongaat	42	37	204	408	51	197	126	205	421	2
Umlhali	26	36	93	117	27	66	37	64	337	—
Ventham	82	23	215	428	51	228	117	270	463	3
Phoenix	27	53	388	1 307	74	435	385	1 177	571	11

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the hon member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

## Durban South police district: offences

323. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansson 17/5/90*

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape,

(f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban South police district of the Port Natal Division in 1989?

B813E

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Amanzimtoti	33	20	68	232	19	75	295	191	342	—
Louis Botha Airport	—	3	—	6	—	1	35	16	2	—
Montclair	98	38	150	344	53	201	245	247	410	—
Wentworth	11	6	190	503	32	67	106	325	192	—
Brighton Beach	23	10	75	262	18	63	230	139	443	—
Island View	—	1	1	4	—	—	—	—	1	—

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the hon member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

## Fire-arms: licences

345. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansson 17/5/90*

(1) (a) How many persons in the Republic were as at 31 December 1989 licensed to possess fire-arms and (b) what was the

total number of licences issued as at that date; *Hansson 17/5/90*

(2) how many applications for licences were (a) received and (b) granted in 1989;

(3) how many fire-arms were reported lost or stolen in 1989;

(4) whether, in 1989, any persons were declared unfit to possess fire-arms; if so, how many? *Hansson 17/5/90* B835E

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) 1 114 738  
(b) 2 880 050
- (2) (a) 130 655  
(b) 123 415
- (3) 7 760
- (4) Yes, 8 367 persons.

## Persons under 18 years awaiting trial

373. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansson 17/5/90* B901E

How many persons under the age of 18 years were awaiting trial in police cells as at 31 December 1989?

*Hansson 17/5/90* B901E

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

742 persons.

B910E

## The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Hillbrow	103	59	412	1 272	128	814	2 678	894	1 762	21
Lombardy East	5	15	27	68	9	132	389	97	724	0
Norwood	14	12	43	119	13	149	673	286	1 091	0
Parkview	6	8	86	181	11	120	691	299	1 190	2
Yeoville	10	3	45	141	17	75	684	254	651	5
Fairlands	1	2	42	89	9	21	231	75	356	1

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the hon member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

## Germiston police district: offences

406. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansson 17/5/90*

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape,

(f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Germiston police district in 1989?

B953E



The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Germiston	42	30	234	365	50	266	721	342	1 210	—
Katehlong	282	53	1 597	1 099	268	749	335	844	546	—
Primrose	19	5	88	166	15	67	380	162	437	—
Alberton	42	51	339	558	69	349	1 447	392	1 925	—
Bedfordview	17	45	63	200	23	132	559	119	693	—
Edenvalle	7	9	35	210	4	144	546	179	869	—
Elsburg	18	25	82	176	18	61	218	103	420	—
Thokoza	133	31	674	461	100	430	137	276	251	—

Note: Because the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the RSA, crime tendencies are continuously monitored. I wish to assure the hon member that everything possible is being done to prevent crime. When it is apparent that there is an increase in crime, active steps are taken to counteract this tendency.

Own Affairs:

Cape Province: rationalisation of school board offices

Howssel

B803E

116. Mr A GERBER asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

1715790

- (1) Whether his Department has undertaken an investigation into the rationalisation of school board offices in the Cape Province; if so, what decisions has his Department taken in this regard;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

- (1) Yes, it was decided to collect further relevant information during the course of 1990;
- (2) no.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version.

For oral reply:

General Affairs:

\*1. Leader of the Official Opposition — Justice:

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL: Mr Chairman, ...

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: On a point of order, Mr Chairman: Is the Chairman of the Ministers' Council capable of taking further questions? If not, I request that this question be deferred.

The CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES: Order! I think that the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council should be given the opportunity to answer the questions. I do not think it is fair to prejudge the issue at this stage.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: On a point of order, Mr Chairman: the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council is an own affairs Minister. This is a general affairs question. He is not a member of the Cabinet, and if he does not have the ability to answer further questions — since further questions are very significant — I move that this question be deferred.

The CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES: Order! I suggest that we adjourn for five minutes, since there may be precedents, in which case the point of order of the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition may not hold water. Let us, therefore, be fair in this regard. I shall check up on this. Business will now be suspended until the bells are rung.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, we have reached consensus that this question should stand over.

The CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES: Order! The ruling is as follows. On the basis that a Deputy Minister may act on behalf of any Minister while the Deputy Minister himself is not a member of the Cabinet, I find it in order that a member of the Ministers' Council may act on

behalf of a member of the Cabinet, and the latest precedent we have is in this House where a Minister of the Ministers' Council on 8 May moved a motion on behalf of a Cabinet Minister from the general affairs cabinet.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, notwithstanding your ruling, I request that this matter be deferred.

The CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES: Order! The hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council may now answer the question.

The CHAIRMAN OF THE MINISTERS' COUNCIL: Mr Chairman, I abide by your ruling. I want to preface my reply with these words: If there are questions arising out of the reply which I will read on behalf of the hon the Minister of Justice, I am not in a position to have information to provide answers. On that basis I will read this reply.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, on a point of order: In the light of that submission made by the hon the Chairman of the Ministers' Council, I hereby withdraw the question.

The CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES: Order! The question is now withdrawn.

\*2. Mr M Rajab — Defence. [Withdrawn.]

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Sydenham police station: offences reported.

21. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) rape, (e) burglary of (i) business and (ii) residential premises, (f) (i) robbery and (ii) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (g) (i) common theft, (ii) theft from motor vehicles and (iii) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) possession of drugs and (i) dealing in drugs were reported at the Sydenham police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1989? D129E



The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)(i)	(ii)	(g)(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(h)	(i)
30	20	187	38	29	385	444	394	170	1	1

Own Affairs:

Indian education: expenditure

35. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

- (1) How much was spent *per capita* on (a) teachers, (b) administrative staff, (c) grounds, cleaning and caretaker staff, (d) books and stationery, (e) equipment, (f) building maintenance and (g) other specified items in respect of (i) primary and (ii) secondary Indian State school pupils in the 1988-89 financial year;

(2) whether the above personnel expenditure includes employer contributions to pension funds; if not, what is the employer contribution to pension funds calculated on the same *per capita* basis?

121519c D141E  
THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

- (1) (a) (i) to (g) (i) information in respect of State school pupils not maintained separately.  
(ii) to (g) (ii) information in respect of State school pupils not maintained separately.

26

(2) Falls away

Educators resigning

47. Mrs D GOVENDER asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

- (a) (i) How many educators resigned from his Department in each year from 1985 to 1990 and (ii) in respect of what date is this information furnished for resignations in 1990 and (b) what are the main reasons advanced by these educators for resigning?

121519c D182E  
THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(a)	(i)	1985	: 169
		1986	: 123
		1987	: 142
		1988	: 206
		1989	: 191
		1990	: 50

- (ii) As at 1990.05.14  
(b) Alternative employment  
Confinement/to take care of child  
Emigration  
Personal  
A large number did not advance reasons.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Recovery of mercury: working conditions

416. Mr R J LORIMER asked the Minister of Manpower:

- (1) Whether his Department monitors conditions under which workers are employed in facilities for the processing and/or recovery of mercury; if not, why not; if so, (a) in terms of what statutory provisions or regulations, (b) (i) which facilities are monitored and (ii) what is the nature of such monitoring and (c) what standards apply in this regard;

(2) whether his Department liaises with any other Government Department in this regard; if so, (a) with which other Departments and (b) why?

121519c B963E  
THE MINISTER OF MANPOWER:

- (1) Yes, with the exception of places of work falling under the Mines and Works Act, 1956 (Act No 27 of 1956), or under the Explosives Act, 1956 (Act No 26 of 1956).  
(a) In terms of regulation 5(f) of the General Administrative Regulations and regulation 2(1) of the General Safety Regulations, made under section 35 of the Machinery and Occupational Safety Act, 1983 (Act No 6 of 1983).  
(b) (i) Subject to (1) above, all places of work where mercury is processed and/or recovered.  
(ii) As set out in the Machinery and Occupational Safety Act, 1983 (No 6 of 1983) and the regulations made thereunder.

(c) For airborne mercury: The "Threshold Limit Values" published by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. For mercury as an alkyl compound: The exposure limit value 0,01 milligrams per cubic metre. For all other mercury compounds: Limit 0,05 milligrams per cubic metre. For biological monitoring: Limits recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO).

(2) Yes  
(a) Department of Environment Affairs; Department of Mineral and Energy Affairs; Department of National Health and Population Development; and Department of Water Affairs.

- (b) To exchange expertise and to prevent unnecessary duplication.

Own Affairs:

Management Boards of certain schools

118. Dr C P MULDER asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

- (1) What are the (a) names and (b) occupations of each of the persons who were members of the management boards of the (i) Laerskool Luijardsvlei, (ii) Laerskool Betsie Verwoerd, (iii) Laerskool Rapportryer, (iv) Laerskool Randfontein, (v) Laerskool Wheatlands, (vi) Laerskool Kocksoord, (vii) Randfontein English Medium School, (viii) Hoërskool Riebeck, (ix) Hoërskool Jan Viljoen, (x) Hoërskool Goudrand and (xi) Randfontein High School on 17 April 1990;  
(2) on what date will the present term of the management board of each of these schools expire?

121519c B854E  
THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

- (1) and (2) It is not possible for the Department to furnish this information. It may,



HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

† Indicates translated version.

For oral reply:

General Affairs:

State President:

Cabinet: appointments from HOR/HOD

\*1. Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the State President:

(1) Whether he intends appointing any members of the House of Representatives and/or the House of Delegates to his Cabinet; if not, why not; if so, when;

(2) for what reasons were no members of the House of Representatives and the House of Delegates included in his team that had talks with certain extra-parliamentary bodies from 2 to 4 May 1990?

House: 7/6/90 D164E

The STATE PRESIDENT: It is not convention for the State President to discuss or to motivate publicly appointment of members of the Cabinet. There is in principle no objection to appointment of members from the House of Representatives or the House of Delegates, as was proved during the period when the Chairmen of both Ministers' Councils served in the Cabinet. There are various reasons why this is not the case at present. This does not, however, mean that the leaders concerned are excluded from negotiations and discussions. In fact, I created a forum for discussion of matters of common interest among the three Ministers' Councils, the State President and members of the Cabinet and regular discussion takes place in this forum.

(2) The meeting between the Government and the ANC from 2 to 4 May 1990 was merely one of several discussions in the pre-negotiation process which the Government is conducting with a variety of parties and organisations. The main purpose of this meeting was the removal of

obstacles which might be standing in the way of the real negotiating process, with special reference to the ANC. Discussions were held recently with other parties and organisations as well. This series of discussions has to be distinguished from the real negotiating process, which will be far more representative.

THE LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, arising out of the answers given by the hon the State President, while I do accept the principle that details in respect of Cabinet appointments are not for public discussion, what would the hon the State President's view be in respect of the genuine concern and criticism that while this Parliament consists of three Chambers, the members of the Cabinet are appointed from one Chamber only? I am not questioning details, I am questioning a principle, particularly in that there were Deputy Ministers with portfolios who were Ministers attached to the Cabinet of this country. 7/6/90

THE STATE PRESIDENT: Mr Chairman, I cannot fully agree with the statement by the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that he accepts that the composition of the Cabinet should not be discussed by the public. They are welcome to discuss it. What I am saying is that it is not the convention for the State President to motivate the composition of the Cabinet.

In circumstances where there can be full co-operation and when there is general agreement about the major policy directions, obviously it would be best if majority leaders from the other Houses also served in the Cabinet. This matter has a history, as the hon member knows, and because of this history I have in a very specific way tried to accommodate the need for regular interaction. Discussions take place on a regular basis between myself and the Chairman of the various Ministers' Councils of all three Houses of Parliament, and we are satisfying the need for proper interaction and communication as best we can. THE ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! We shall now proceed to the next question. We have only five minutes for all four questions, and I regret that we have no more time for this question.

Ministers:

James Commission of Inquiry: representations

\*1. Mrs D GOVENDER asked the Minister of Justice:

Whether he or his Department has received any representations in respect of prosecution arising out of the report of the James Commission of Inquiry; if so, (a) (i) when and (ii) from whom in each case and (b) what was the (i) purport of and (ii) response to each such representation? 7/6/90 D185E

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

As far as could be ascertained no representations in respect of a prosecution arising from the James Commission of Inquiry were received by the Department of Justice. However, the Office of the State President as well as my office received representations pertaining to matters arising out of the report of the above-mentioned Commission.

Motor-car licences: concessions to pensioners

\*2. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of Transport: 7/6/90 Whether it is the intention to grant concessions to pensioners in respect of motor-car licences; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) what is envisaged in this regard? D197E

THE MINISTER OF TRANSPORT:

No, although the present road traffic regulations, which came into force on 1 June 1990 in accordance with the Road Traffic Act, 1989 (Act No 29 of 1989), provide for the exemption from motor vehicle licence fees of certain persons or body of persons, it is envisaged that all exemptions be phased out according to the principle that every person or body of persons that owns a motor vehicle and is a public road user, should pay licence fees; (a) and (b) fall away.

Grey Street: business watch

\*3. Mr M MOHANLALLI asked the Minister of Law and Order: 7/6/90 (1) Whether, in view of the current crime rate in the Grey Street complex in Durban, he intends establishing a so-called business

watch in this area; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) (i) what form will this business watch take and (ii) by how many policemen will it be manned;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? 7/6/90 D205E

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) and (2) During 1989 the Regional Commissioner of Natal and the Chairman of the Natal Chamber of Industries, started a business watch in the central business area of Durban. The business watch consists of 1 lieutenant, 2 sergeants and 10 constables with their own vehicle, radio network and a control centre at the Broad Street charge office.

The South African Police and the Durban City Police also entered into an agreement of co-operation in terms of which the City Police make approximately 15 members per shift available to assist the business watch with the combating of crime. By so doing the activities of the business watch could be expanded to also include Grey Street and Warwick areas. Members attached to the business watch, patrol the business areas concerned mainly on foot.

In addition to this, a satellite police station was opened at the Berea West railway station which borders on Grey Street. At present serious attention is being given to enlarging the numerical strength of the business watch with a further 10 members as soon as possible. Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Rules of Parliament.

Harms Commission: legal team

\*4. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Justice: 7/6/90 (1) Whether he or his Department authorised the State Attorney to engage the services of a legal team to represent any persons appearing before the Harms Commission



## HOUSE OF DELEGATES

## QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

SAP: employees

7. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Answered 11/6/90*

- (1) How many (a) Indian, (b) Coloured, (c) Black and (d) White (i) policemen and (ii)

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:  
Information that is furnished in reply to this question stretches over the period 1 January 1989 until 31 May 1990.

	(1) (a) (i) 2 581		(1) (a) (ii) 237		(b) (i) 5 415		(b) (ii) 404		(c) (i) 35 736		(c) (ii) 1 472		(d) (i) 32 853		(d) (ii) 3 553		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
(2) (a) (i) Indian	215	37	37	50	149	453	127	22	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	93	
Coloured	366	50	113	113	149	453	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	166	269	409	
Black	1 453	113	113	113	149	453	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	625	282	635	
White	3 149	453	127	22	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	93	3	5	166	269	
(ii) Indian	127	22	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	93	3	5	166	269	409	625	
Coloured	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	93	3	5	166	269	409	625	282	635	
Black	518	14	443	1	3	93	3	5	166	269	409	625	282	635	282	635	
White	4 293	443	127	22	194	29	518	14	443	1	3	93	3	5	166	269	
(b) Brigadier	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colonel	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lt-Col	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Major	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Captain	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Lieutenant	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Warrant Officer	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Sergeant	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86

(3) Yes, since 1 March 1988.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

## SAP: aptitude test

14. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Answered 11/6/90*

- (1) Whether persons who apply to join the South African Police Force are required to take an aptitude test; if so, (a) why, (b) how many applicants from each race group (i) wrote and (ii) passed such a test during the latest specified period of three years for which information is available and (c) how many persons who hold a (i) matriculation certificate and (ii) police matriculation certificate failed this test during the above period;
- (2) whether applicants are allowed to repeat this test; if not, why not;
- (3) by whom are these tests (a) controlled and (b) administered?

D85E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

The South African Police has at its disposal an Institute for Behavioural Science and registered clinical psychologists who control and administer psychometric testing of applicants for enlistment.

In addition to this, every Police region has trained test users who are registered with the Test Commission of the Republic of South Africa (TCRSA). These test users are responsible for conducting psychometric tests on applicants of all races who have a matric or equal certificate.

The purpose of psychometric testing is to ascertain whether an applicant indeed has the intellectual ability and the practical insight which is expected of a police official. Should the applicant fail the test, he or she is afforded the opportunity to repeat the test after approximately three months has elapsed.

Lenasia police station: requests for transfers

20. Mr D K PADIACHEY asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Answered 11/6/90*

- (1) Whether any member of the South African Police requested to be transferred from the Lenasia police station during the latest specified period of two years for which information is available; if so, (a) how many and (b) for what reasons;

- (2) whether any members of the South African Police are expected to be transferred from this police station in the near future; if so, (a) how many, (b) for what reasons and (c) when;
- (3) whether there is a shortage of policemen in Lenasia; if so, (a) why, (b) what is the extent of the shortage and (c) what action is being taken in this regard?

*Answered 11/6/90* D126E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes.
- (a) 15 members
- (b) The families of these members all reside in Natal. They requested to be transferred to Natal on the grounds of financial, medical, domestic and personal reasons.
- (2) No.
- (a) to (c) Fall away.
- (3) Yes.
- (a) Owing to the fact that Indian members of the Force originate mainly from Natal and are not prepared to be stationed at Lenasia.
- (b) 12 Sergeants and 16 constables.
- (c) The numerical strength is regularly supplemented with students from the college, and where possible, from other regions where the numerical strength is full.

Chatsworth/Durban, Tongaat/Durban railway lines: murders/robberies *36*

22. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Answered 11/6/90*

- How many persons making use of (a) Chatsworth to Durban and (b) Tongaat to Durban railway lines were (i) murdered and (ii) robbed or otherwise assaulted on trains or at stations during the latest specified period of 12 months for which information is available? D130E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:  
For the period 1 April 1989 until 31 March 1990.

- (a) (i) Murder — 1  
(ii) Robbery — 3

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Hansard		36	
(iii) Assault	—	0	
(b) (i) Murder	—	3	
(ii) Robbery	—	143	
(iii) Assault	—	5	

Durban/Westville: charges under group areas legislation

(b) Westville municipal areas were charged under group areas legislation during the latest specified period of five years for which information is available; if so, (i) how many, (ii) under what statutory provisions, and (iii) when, in each case?

Hansard 11/6/90 D131E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

23. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: Hansard 11/6/90

(a) and (b) No, not as far as could be ascertained.

Whether any persons in the (a) Durban and

(i) to (iii) Fall away.

## HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

### INTERPELLATIONS

The sign \* indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

#### General Affairs:

#### Mandate: election/referendum

1. Mr J H VAN DER MERWE asked the State President:

Whether it is his intention to ask the White electorate by way of a referendum or general election for a mandate sanctioning (a) negotiations with the ANC and the South African Communist Party on a new constitution for the Republic of South Africa without their renouncing violence unconditionally and (b) the acceptance of the principle that a Black man may become president of the Republic of South Africa; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details?

B1278E:INT

\*The STATE PRESIDENT: Mr Speaker, Government action in the recent past has been fully supported by the mandate the NP received on 6 September 1990. [Interjections.] As I shall indicate, it is therefore unnecessary to hold a referendum or a general election to ratify anything we are doing at present. Up to now no negotiations on a new constitution for South Africa have taken place with either the ANC or the SA Communist Party. The talks that were held were aimed at the ANC committing itself to peaceful solutions.

\*Mr W L VAN DER MERWE: Which they never did!

\*The STATE PRESIDENT: The origin of these talks goes back a great deal further than 6 September 1989, and so too does the approach that a commitment to peaceful solutions must be the criterion instead of a formal renunciation of violence. [Interjections.] My predecessor laid down this criterion here in Parliament long before the election. [Interjections.] Subsequently the NP has consistently stated the stand-

point that all who are committed to peaceful solutions are welcome at the negotiating table.

In the NP's *Plan of Action*, the basis of our mandate, it is stated unequivocally that the process of negotiation, and I quote:

... must be preceded by intensive talks with the leaders of all the different groups willing to participate peacefully in a search for fair and practical solutions.

[Interjections.] On 22 July of last year I said at the Cape Party Congress that the party would move forward, and I quote:

... langs hierdie weg van vernuwing en gesprek met almal wat saam met ons wil werk aan vreedsame oplossings.

I also said:

A new dispensation must have the support of the people who will be affected by it. That support will have to be cultivated through a process of intensive dialogue.

On that occasion I also said:

The National Party will, within this framework, continue its efforts to broaden the base of participants in the peaceful pursuit of negotiated solutions.

Our talks with the ANC are therefore aimed at getting them to make that commitment unconditionally. The NP therefore has a mandate and we are carrying it out. [Interjections.]

In fact, we have made progress, and the talks we are holding at present are to get a commitment to the peaceful process from the ANC. To a large extent we did get this during the Groote Schuur conference. We must now, through dialogue, also create the right climate in which the ANC will dissociate itself from all violence, including the "armed struggle", so the political process can be normalised. [Interjections.]

It is in the best interests of everyone that we succeed in this. The question the CP must answer is whether they want people who formally advocated violence, to cease doing so—yes or no. [Interjections.] [Time expired.]

\*Mr J H VAN DER MERWE: As we have come to know him, the hon the State President has now circumvented and sidestepped this interpel-



How many residents of each of the (a) self-governing territories and (b) independent Black states were employed in the Republic by the South African Government in 1989?  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1079E

**THE MINISTER FOR ADMINISTRATION AND ECONOMIC CO-ORDINATION:**

The required information is not available. In order to answer this question, the address details of more than 277 000 Black employees will have to be scrutinised.

**Policemen killed/seriously injured**

468. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many policemen, excluding policemen killed or injured in vehicle accidents or outside the Republic, were (a) killed and (b) seriously injured in the execution of their duties in 1989?  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1089E

**THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

(a) 36  
 (b) 164.

**Imbali township: murders**

489. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) How many murders of persons in Imbali Township were reported to the Plessislaer police station from 1 January 1990 up to the latest specified date for which information is available;  
 (2) (a) How many (i) arrests have been made as a result of such reports and (ii) suspects so arrested have been refused bail and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?  
 B1134E

**THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

(1) 166  
 (2) (a) (i) 33  
 (ii) 11  
 (b) 31 May 1990.

Pietermaritzburg unrest: complaints against SAPS/ADF  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1152E

490. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) How many complaints were laid against members of the (a) South African Police and (b) South African Defence Force in connection with unrest in the Pietermaritzburg district from 1 January 1990 up to the latest specified date for which information is available;  
 (2) whether any charges have been laid or other steps have been taken as a result of such complaints; if not, why not; if so, (a) what charges or steps, (b) for what reasons, (c) against whom and (d) in respect of what date is this information furnished?  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1135E

**THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

(1) (a) 13  
 (b) None.

(2) Yes

- (a) 4 charges of murder;  
 3 charges of attempted murder;  
 2 charges of kidnapping;  
 1 charge of damage to property;  
 2 charges of assault;  
 1 charge of arson.

(b) and (c) I do not consider it advisable to furnish this information because it may possibly prejudice the investigation and anticipate the legal process.  
 (d) 1 January 1990 until 31 May 1990.

**Thefts from cars**

498. Mr H H SCHWARZ asked the Minister of Law and Order:  
 (a) How many thefts from cars were reported in 1989 and (b) in how many cases were recoveries made?  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1152E

**THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

(a) 122 385 instances.  
 (b) Statistics in this regard are not kept.

**Unrest unit: damage to vehicles/equipment**

504. Adv J J S PRINSLOO asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

(1) What is the amount of the damage caused to (a) (i) vehicles and (ii) other equipment of each specified unrest unit of the South African Police in unrest incidents in the Republic in 1990 and (b) how many Police vehicles have to be replaced as a result of having been damaged in such incidents;  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1167E

(2) in respect of what date in 1990 is this information furnished?  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1167E

**THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

(1) (a)	(i) Natal	R155 815,00
	Northern	
	Transvaal	R 5 300,00
	Far Northern	
	Transvaal	R 6 810,81
	Eastern Transvaal	R 3 637,08
	Witwatersrand	R 84 919,00
	Orange Free State	R 64 915,00
	Eastern Cape	R 24 319,59
	Soweto	R 1 010,00
	Western Cape	R 23 781,00
	Northern Cape	R 8 700,00
	Western Transvaal	R 62 538,00
	Witwatersrand	R 3 840,00
	Orange Free State	R 1 600,00
(b)	None	
(2)	1 January 1990 until 31 May 1990.	

**Own Affairs:**

**Rural councils**

123. Mr A A B BRUWER asked the Minister of the Budget and Local Government:†

(1) (a) How are rural councils to be administered and (b) what are the functions of these councils?  
*Answer* 13/6/90

(2) whether rural areas will have to pay rates levied by rural councils; if so, on what basis; if not, from what sources will the funds for such councils be obtained?  
*Answer* 13/6/90 B1052E

**THE MINISTER OF THE BUDGET AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT:**

(1) (a) Rural councils are administered by officials of the Department of Local Government, Housing and Works. Where the Department cannot manage the administration on its own, officials of the Local Government Affairs Council or the regional services councils are used on an agency basis, as the case may be.

(b) Rural councils should —

- (i) identify the needs of their communities and determine such needs in order of priority;
- (ii) state the needs of their communities at meetings of the regional services councils by means of their representatives and negotiate funds; and
- (iii) advise the Minister regarding powers which should, in terms of section 12A(6) of the Regional Services Councils Act, No 109 of 1985, be assigned to rural councils.

No powers have so far been assigned.

(2) No. Section 12A(6) of the Regional Services Councils Act, No 109 of 1985, forbids it. The expenditure regarding the administration of a rural council shall be defrayed from funds appropriated by Parliament for such purpose which appears on the budget item of the Minister of the Budget and Local Government.

# Central Durban shootout

DURBAN — Three gunmen in a red bakkie opened fire on pedestrians in central Durban yesterday, wounding six people including four women.

in which there were two other men. He got into the vehicle which then drove off down Warwick Avenue and turned into Smith Street.

A full-scale manhunt was immediately mounted including flying an armed squad of policemen in a helicopter over suspected escape routes from the central business district and later over surrounding townships.

Without warning the gunman again opened fire on pedestrians.

Police believe the shooting was sparked off by a revenge attack but developed into a random firing on innocent bystanders.

A black man and an Indian man were shot and a stray bullet hit the windscreen of a nearby car parked near the corner of Gale Street and Berea Road.

A witness, Louis Fourie, 80, told police that at about 11am a gunman had walked through a parking lot near the fish market in Warwick Avenue.

Jenny Cunningham of Amanzimtoti, who was in the car with a friend, was hit in the head and later taken to hospital. Her condition was described as serious.

He had suddenly begun to fire at someone in the crowd.

Her friend told detectives that Cunningham, who was sitting in the front passenger's seat, suddenly collapsed with blood pouring from her head.

Pandemonium broke loose and the crowd scattered. Three black women were hit and were later found lying on the ground.

A spokesman for King Edward VIII Hospital named the other injured as Siso Zulu, 18, Makhosazana Dhlamini, 21, and Anna Msomi, 48, who were all shot in the Warwick Avenue area near the fish market.

The gunman then walked toward a red Toyota bakkie with a white canopy

S Naidoo and Eugene Gumede, 25, were shot in Gale Street after fleeing during the second burst of gunfire.

All police units in the area including the dog unit, murder and robbery unit were immediately rushed to the scene of the shooting.

No motive has been established and so far no arrests have been made. — Sapa.

## NATAL UNREST DEATHS

September 1987 — January 1989:	668
February 1989 — July 4 1990:	1 088
Past 24 hours' official toll:	2
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>1 758</b>

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# Rockdale Ave: Natal's new frontier of crime?

BIDAM 19/7/90

36

**MARITZBURG** — A winding suburban avenue in Westville is bearing the brunt of rising crime levels in Natal's middle class suburbs which police ascribe to the dramatically increased security force presence in Natal townships.

The residents of Westville's notorious Rockdale Avenue speak of houses that have been robbed over 50 times and one resident said in an interview yesterday that members of his family were fired on at least once a week.

Dennis Paola said he took an option to buy a property on Rockdale Avenue earlier this year but he will be moving away at the end of the month after being intimidated incessantly by gangs of youths from the neighbouring Chesterville township.

## Guns

Several bullet holes in windows and walls of his house testify to many narrow escapes.

"Every weekend both me and my wife walk around with guns strapped to our hips," he said.

The gangs of between three and six youths had come to his house about once a week, and had, on the first occasion, held a gun to the head of his domestic servant and ordered his wife to hand over money.

The group had fled after his wife

TIM COHEN

fired a shot but returned while workmen were constructing a 2m high fence at the back of his house.

He said the crime rate had got worse recently, and the situation had become more severe because the gangs of youths were now armed with 9mm pistols and .45 revolvers.

Worried about the value of their properties, other residents reluctantly confirmed that the crime rate in the area was severe despite regular police patrols. Residents said it was impossible to sell houses in the area, although some intended getting rid of them by auction.

"I wouldn't stay here if you gave me the house," Paola said.

Almost every house advertises sophisticated alarm systems, including infra-red triggers and many have large dogs. One house has the sign "This is a dog, not a vegetarian".

Natal police spokesman Lt Bala Naidoo admits that the Rockdale Avenue area is probably the worst hit area in Westville, a middle-class suburb about 10km west of Durban.

But he said there was a general rise in crime, especially petty crime, in most Natal urban areas although he denied Rockdale Avenue was "notorious".

He said the rise in the crime levels

could be ascribed to many factors, including the increased security force presence in Natal's townships which is having the effect of encouraging criminals to move into town.

Other factors were the high and rising unemployment rate and the increasing tendency of residents to resist attacks rather than calling the police immediately, he said.

Maritzburg police spokesman Lt Henry Budhram agreed there was a general rise in all crimes in his region, and also ascribed this rise to the increased police presence in townships.

## Crimes

Police Commissioner Johan van der Merwe told Parliament earlier this year that just under 56% of the 11 750 murders that were reported last year took place in Natal or the Witwatersrand.

He said that the 1 473 472 crimes reported in 1989 constituted a 3,49% increase over the year before.

Lt Naidoo also said yesterday that 100 of the 400 policemen who had been assigned from police college to the Natal region would be active in the Maritzburg region.

He said these policemen would assist in managing the Natal unrest, and that they would remain in the area for about six months before they being relieved by a similar number.

# 3 held after biggest-ever cocaine bust

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Drug Squad detectives have arrested three men and seized a stash of cocaine with a street value of more than R600 000 — the largest ever uncovered in South Africa.

Guns and ammunition were also seized.

Two Peruvians and a Portuguese-speaking man from Mozambique were arrested on Saturday after the police swoop on a house in Durban, which netted the haul of three kilograms of cocaine, 24 .22 revolvers and 350 rounds of ammunition.

According to Detective Warrant Officer Gert Grobelaar of the Durban branch of the SA Narcotics and Alcohol Bureau, months of patient detective work by undercover Drug Squad detectives led to the arrest of the men, and the seizure of the drug and firearms.

The drugs and weapons had been sent from Peru. The revolvers, with a street value of R400 each, were destined for the black market — and police have information they were actually part of a larger consignment which had already been imported and distributed.

"The drug haul shows SA has been identified as a market ripe for the introduction and importation of cocaine. There is obviously a demand for the drug in this country", DWO Grobelaar said.

"We have information SA is also regarded as an ideal conduit for importing the drug into Europe and we have no doubt this is not the first consignment to enter the country."

DWO Grobelaar said police were following up certain leads, and further arrests were possible.



## Man 'necklaced' in Natal

ULUNDI — A man burnt to death in a necklacing incident in Mahlabhathini, KwaZulu, and a woman was injured when a petrol bomb was thrown at a house in Umlazi, KwaZulu police said yesterday.

The necklace victim was discovered at 5.30 am yesterday on the

footpath at Mathabela Station.

An Umlazi house belonging to the Msimango family was petrol-bombed and burnt.

Elizabeth Msimango (53), was burnt in the attack and is in a serious condition in hospital. — Sapa.

te-1  
9/6/90

36

# Natal township residents tell of gangsters' reign of terror

## The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — The Legal Resources Centre in Durban has released a dossier of 24 affidavits taken from former residents of K-section Kwamashu who have suffered at the hands of the feared Amasinyora gang of political criminals.

The reign of terror the Amasinyoras has waged for the past two years was exposed last week.

Hundreds of people living in K section have fled their homes after being attacked.

### COMRADES

In many of the affidavits, residents spoke of the Amasinyora demanding money from them. When they were tardy in paying, the gang would attack their homes, loot their clothes, appliances, TV sets, furniture, and often burn the houses down.

Amasinyora gangsters have attacked neutrals, people who supported the ANC and UDF and people whose children were suspected of being comrades, according to the affidavits.

At least 11 of the estimated 50 members of the gang were named in the affidavits.

Nearly all the victims said in their affidavits that they had gone to the SAP for help and protection but were turned away because Kwamashu fell under Kwazulu control.

Most of the victims said the Kwazulu police based in Kwamashu refused to help them.

Brigadier Jac Buchner, Commissioner of the Kwazulu police, said his force was doing its best to bring the Amasinyoras to book.

One man said in his affidavit that at around midnight one night last year, about 15 members of the gang went to his house looking for him, but he was at work on night shift.

### WINDOW BROKEN

Five members of the gang returned in February and demanded R200. They then broke a window. He called the SAP, who arrived but said "they could not do anything since the area was under Kwazulu Police authority".

"The Amasinyoras have come on numerous other occasions and disturbed my wife and me. They threaten and intimidate us and ask for R200 every time."

He has since moved away, abandoning his house in fear of his life.



# Cops outline rewards for illegal arms

Sowetan  
30/8/90  
36

POLICE have launched a massive incentive campaign to help combat the current serious township violence in Natal and a clampdown on the use of illegal firearms which fuel the current unrest situation.

For the first time, the South African Police have come out openly and stated the exact rewards they are offering for information which leads to the recovery of firearms, ammunition and explosive devices.

Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, South African Police public relations officer for Port Natal, said police were concerned about the increase in the number of stolen firearms circulating in the black townships and were offering rewards ranging from R1 a bullet to R1 000 for an automatic rifle.

The SAP's Unrest Unit staged an operation in the Umkomaas area on the Natal South Coast this week and arrested 26 people on charges of murder in the area.

Four others were arrested in connection with arson, nine on theft charges and two for alleged possession of unlicensed firearms.

Police also recovered four home-made rifles, two home-made pistols and revolvers, two rifles and four pistols and revolvers - as well as another 38 home-made guns at Ndwedwe.

"The SAP in Natal is offering rewards for information that would lead to the recovery of illegal firearms.

"The reward for pistols and revolvers is R300 each; automatic rifles, R1 000; ordinary rifles, R600; R1 for every round of ammunition; R300 per hand grenade; and R200 per kilogram of explosives.

Naidoo said police would like to make a special plea to firearm-owners to exercise great care with their weapons. - Sowetan Correspondent.

# Uproar after sentencing in Maritzburg

MARITZBURG — Pandemonium broke out in the Maritzburg Supreme Court yesterday after a youth, found guilty on multiple counts of murder, was sentenced to seven terms of life imprisonment and an additional 32 years in jail.

Police had to intervene after a crowd, many of whom were Imbali residents whose relatives were murdered by the youth, hurled abuse at him and attempted to rush at him.

The trouble started just after the judge had left the court after passing sentence.

The youth raised his fist and shouted "Amandla!"

When he got no response from the public gallery he shouted "You know me. How many people have I killed?"

At this point the crowd rose and some of the women started shouting at him.

The situation was brought under control by police.

Until yesterday, members of the public had been barred from the hearing because of the youth's age, which was given as 17 years.

This was, however, rejected yesterday by Mr Justice Wilson when passing sentence. He said he was satisfied that the youth's age was "between 18 and 19" as medical reports had indicated.

He however accepted that the youth was under 18 when he committed the murders.

Mr Justice Wilson described the youth as "an extremely dangerous person who killed without any reason".

The youth was sentenced to life imprisonment for each of the seven murder convictions.

He was also sentenced to seven years for each of the attempted murder counts and two years each for two counts of assault with the intention to inflict grievous bodily harm.

Mr Justice Wilson said he had taken into account that the youth had grown up under circumstances which could not have assisted him in becoming a respected member of the community.

The court had earlier heard evidence that the youth's father was "a jailbird" and his mother was "in and out of jail".

The judge said that there was no reasonable prospect of the youth being reformed.

Mr Justice Wilson said he was also disturbed by the fact that the youth had reportedly committed the crimes accompanied by "a young boy".

"I shudder to think what his influence might have been to the young boy," he said. — Sapa.

●Police seek details — Page 6.



# Police seek judgment details

Year 30/8/95  
Own Correspondent

DURBAN — The SAP is to obtain the text of the judgment by Mr Justice Wilson in the Maritzburg Supreme Court this week when he convicted a 17-year-old of seven counts of murder.

The judge praised, and criticised, the actions of certain policemen who had investigated the killings.

Lieutenant Bala Naidoo, police public relations officer for Port Natal, said the SAP had taken note of the judgment and would immediately obtain a text of the judgment for an inquiry.

In his judgment, Mr Justice Wilson praised the actions of the final investigating officer in

the case, a Lieutenant Marrion, whom he said had left no stone unturned once he began investigating the case.

But he criticised allegedly misleading evidence and the individual actions of certain policemen; alleged abuse of power under the emergency regulations; and the methods used to send exhibits from one centre to another. A firearm which was a potentially important exhibit was apparently lost in the post.

The judge said his criticisms were directed at individuals, and there was no suggestion at all of any deliberate policy of the police to support or condone acts of violence by any person or organisation.

## Local govt 'not on race lines'

DURBAN. — South Africa could not go into the future with a system of local government based on race, the Minister of Planning and Provincial Affairs, Mr Her-nus Kriel, said yesterday.

Mr Kriel also said that the government ought to be able to make a "firm announcement" early next year on a new non-discriminatory urban and rural land use deal.

But he cautioned that resolving the growing urban squatter problem was not a physical or financial possibility in the next few years.

Mr Kriel said that the racially based structure of local government was simply not acceptable to a large percentage of South Africans, and that it would have to be "totally reformed."

# Shock Natal crime wave

*Capt 7/10/90 1/9/90*  
Political Staff  
DURBAN. — Natal has the highest crime rate in the country, and it could still go higher, according to Minister of Law and Order Mr Adriaan Vlok.

Releasing details of the shock crime wave in the province at the Natal National Party congress yesterday, he said that from January 1 to June 30 this year, Natal's crime figure per 100 000 people was 39% higher than in the Trans-

vaal, 50% higher than the Cape's and a massive 121% higher than the Free State's.

Mr Vlok said men from around the country were being stationed in Natal to combat the situation but warned: "Unless we get community support we are not going to win this battle."

He also appealed to all communities to become involved in neighbourhood watch organisations in an effort to cut the crime rate.

● Sapa reports that Mr Vlok said the police were playing a mediating role between conflicting parties to prevent violence and unrest.

He said if policemen had exceeded their legal powers in the process and if there was factual evidence of this, they would be acted against departmentally.

The minister also said that police were taking careful note of people still carrying firearms to political meetings.

## FW: Path for talks 'open'

By ANTHONY JOHNSON  
Political Correspondent

DURBAN. — The climate for "more structured" negotiations was "fast becoming ripe", President F W de Klerk said yesterday.

Mr De Klerk said: "The negotiation path is more open than ever before."

He said that the government was holding bilateral talks with a wide variety of political leaders on a regular basis.

"We talk to Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi just as

often as we talk to Mr Nelson Mandela," he said.

The government was also remaining in "constant contact" with homeland leaders and political leaders in Parliament about negotiations towards a new South Africa.

Later, the Minister of Constitutional Development and the government's chief negotiator, Dr Gerrit Viljoen, said he believed there was "a reasonable chance" that the government would have its commitment to the protection of minorities included on the negotiation agenda because it was not trying to entrench white privilege.



# Constable denies pressure to testify

## Court Reporter

A POLICEMAN and former member of the force's "gang-busting unit" said he had lied to his colleagues in telling them that he was pressurised into testifying against them, for fear of being ostracised.

Constable Sidney Lewis Adams was testifying at the hearing of 13 members of the Peninsula's SAP Gang Unit facing charges of abduction, assault and culpable homicide in Cape Town Regional Court yesterday.

Constable Adams has said that members of the gang unit tortured and shocked, and poured water over the heads of, blindfolded youths in a Bellville South warehouse.

The body of one youth, Mr Kevin Ruiters, was later found in the warehouse.

He said he and the accused had been told by Captain Hein van Tubbergh Smit to "stick to their story" and "stand together".

He said he had decided to "tell the truth" of his own accord, but when it emerged that he had gone against their version of the alleged incidents he had been "pressurised".

Under cross-examination by Mr D Uijts, for the defence, Constable Adams said he bore no grudges against any of his former colleagues.

The trial continues tomorrow.

# Top cop was told of youth's death

THE District Commissioner of Police for Athlone told Cape Town Regional Court yesterday that Captain Hein Smit of the police Gang Unit had reported to him that a youth had died during interrogation in December last year.

Captain Smit, 32, Sergeants Phillip Swanepoel, 28, and Raymond Charles Titus, 37, Constables Rudolf Johannes St Bernard, 27, Alan George Williams, 29, Allan George Manuel, 25, Jacobus van Wyngaardt, 25, Adriaan John Saulse, 23, Eric Johnny Freddie Rossouw, 36, Arlene Tracie Minnaar, 21, Kenneth Patrick, 24, and Carl Kannemeyer, 30, and Mr Andries Stephanus Strydom, 43, have all pleaded not guilty to abduction, assault and culpable homicide charges, following allegations that they tortured Hanover Park gang members.

Lieutenant-Colonel H Matthee said in his evidence yesterday that on the afternoon of December 22, 1989, Captain Smit approached him and reported that a youth had died during interrogation.

"Captain Smit informed me that he had not been present at the time of the death and no assaults had taken place during the interrogation in his presence," said Colonel Matthee.

The trial continues this morning.

The magistrate was Mr. F. Botes. Mr. J. Tredoux appeared for the state. Mr. Dirk Uijs and Mr. Francois van Zyl, instructed by the state attorney, appeared for the accused.



# Illegal guns are aplenty in Natal

THE SOUTH African Police are extremely worried about the huge number of illegally possessed guns, and in the past three months in Natal they have seized 785 firearms and more than 3 000 rounds of ammunition.

Colonel Reg Reynolds, head of the police public relations division in Natal, said yesterday that since June this year the police had seized a variety of guns, ranging from revolvers to AK47 assault rifles.

Colonel Reynolds said the illegal possession of firearms was a cause of "great concern to the SAP".

"These firearms are being used to commit a variety of crimes, some related to the unrest situation, such as murders and attempted murders, as well as in faction fighting. Sowetan 26/9/90

"However, these guns are also used in armed robberies and hi-jacking of large transporters and motor vehicles, which crimes are prevalent daily.

"The SAP has special firearm units based in Natal, whose specific task is to locate illegal guns. During the past three months police have taken possession of 785 guns - 176 revolvers, 322 pistols, 112 civilian rifles, five military rifles, 51 AK47 rifles, 52 shotguns and 68 rifles,+ said Colonel Reynolds.

He said that the police had also confiscated 3 072 rounds of ammunitions for guns ranging from 9mm pistols to R1 rifles. (36)

"Over and above the factory-manufactured weapons, police are faced with the problem of home-made firearms - some of which are rather primitive and others more sophisticated - but all of them deadly.

"In the past three months police have seized 340 of these home-made guns in Natal.

"The guns were designed as rifles, shotguns and pistols. These weapons are obviously being manufactured by persons who have access to welding, turning and other precision steel-working equipment," said Colonel Reynolds.

He added that these home-made guns were obviously all made by the same person or "factory" and it could only be assumed that they were being made for monetary gain.

Colonel Reynolds said that in cases of murder, robbery and housebreaking it was mainly firearms that were stolen: in many instances the possession of a firearm was the only motive for the offence.

"Firearms are much sought-after by criminals and a loss of a gun through carelessness of the owner is viewed in a very serious light by the police," said Colonel Reynolds.

Early this month the SAP announced a massive incentive campaign to help combat the current serious township violence and a clampdown on the use of illegal firearms which fuel the current unrest.

State President Mr FW de Klerk also announced an amnesty to those with illegal weapons that were returned to the SAP.

The police rewards for information leading to the recovery of such weapons are: automatic rifles, R1 000 - ordinary rifles, R600 - pistols, revolvers and hand grenades, R300 - explosives R200 a kilogram - and R1 a round of ammunition.





Nelson Mandela was introduced to SA ambassador David Tothill, left, by Foreign Minister Gareth Evans when Mandela arrived in Canberra for a five-day Australian visit yesterday. Picture: REUTERS

### 12 appear in Durban court after stabbings

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Eight men and four youths appeared briefly in the Durban Magistrate's Court yesterday in connection with the stabbing of eight people, one of them fatally, on Durban's beachfront two weeks ago.

They were remanded by magistrate G J Maree until December 6.

One of the men, Howmone Ngcobo, 40, made a special request to the court for assistance "as I sustained bullet wounds all over my body".

Senior public prosecutor C Meiring said he would make arrangements for Ngcobo to be admitted to the prison hospital.

Basil Buthelezi, 21, told the court he was a student and wanted to write exams, while Welcome Hadebe wanted to know why they could not have bail.

Meiring said if bail applications were made he would get from the attorney-general a certificate in terms of the Criminal Procedure Act forbidding the granting of bail.

### 'Mandela playing on West's heart-strings'

SYDNEY — SA Ambassador David Tothill criticised ANC leader Nelson Mandela yesterday for playing on the "heart-strings of the Western democracies" in fund-raising efforts around the world.

Mandela was received as an honoured guest by the Australian government yesterday when he arrived for a five-day stay following visits to India and Indonesia. He will hold talks with Prime Minister Bob Hawke today.

Only hours before Mandela arrived in Canberra, Tothill told a Foreign Correspondents Association luncheon that Mandela was not the clear-cut leader of all SA's blacks.

"The ANC itself recognises that it is not the only spokesman for black opinion. Their level of support cannot be quantified until an election is held.

"Mr Mandela and the ANC ... know how to pull on the heart-strings of the Western democracies," Tothill said.

Tothill said SA's "irreversible" programme for reform meant sanctions against his country should end.

Later Australian Foreign Minister Gareth Evans lowered expectations raised by Hawke at the weekend that Australia might be planning to lift sporting and other sanctions.

He said "not enough has changed yet".

"The Separate Amenities Act has been repealed, but there are many other pillars of apartheid still remaining intact including, in particular, the constitutional prohibition on black people voting."

Mandela's visit is opposed by some of Australia's 230 000 Aborigines, who make up 1.5% of the population.

Aboriginal lawyer and activist Michael Mansell told reporters last week: "The stigma of Nelson Mandela linking arms with the Australian government will be shoved in our face every time we say something." — Sapa-Reuter-AP.

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Day 23/10/90

Day 23/10/90



# Police hold 5 over huge arms cache

POLICE uncovered a big arms cache after they stopped and searched a car in the Table Mountain area near Maritzburg last night.

The five occupants, including a special constable, have been arrested.

Police said the vehicle was stopped at 10pm and, after searching the car, they found two AK-47 rifles, two F1 hand-grenades, detonators, four AK-47 magazines with rounds, a 9mm Star pistol with magazines, a Z88 pistol with magazines, 120 R4 rounds, 26 .45 rounds, two 30.06 rounds, two 7.6 rounds, one .38 bullet, two 2.32 rounds, 50 9mm rounds and two cleaning kits for AK-47 rifles.

Police refused to give further details about the arrest as investigation are continuing. - *Sowetan Correspondent.*

*Sowetan*  
*7/11/70*  
*36*

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# Classroom project at risk – canoeists

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Continued violence against canoeists in the Umgeni Valley threatens to destroy a seven-year classroom building project which could seriously jeopardise the education of black children, said Brian Moore, chairman of the Valley Assistance Fund.

He said that every canoeist contributed an average of 17 percent of the race entry fee to the fund. Increased violence was causing canoeists to have second thoughts about the area.

He felt that the violence directed at canoeists over the weekend were criminal acts rather than political.

The parents of two top Natal paddlers, Wayne Volek and Mark Hutson, were robbed by three men while seconding their sons competing in a canoe race from Inanda Dam to Blue Lagoon on Saturday.

During the incident, Errol

Hutson's vehicle was stolen and Len Volek's arm was injured when he was struck with an iron pipe.

Mr Moore said that the classroom fund had been started and was supported by members of the Natal Canoe Union.

Mr Moore said that violent incidents over the years had increased, and stone throwing, attacks by groups on competitors and seconds, and robbery were on the increase.

"We have 35 events a year and at least five of them are in the Umgeni Valley, and with continued violence the lives of canoeists are in danger.

## Tsotsis

"Our contribution is in jeopardy through the senseless acts of violence perpetrated by a small percentage of tsotsis," said Mr Moore.

Mr Moore said that the danger points were Nagle Dam area, Marianny-Foley Causeway, the banks of the Inanda Dam, Molweni and the Pump House area.

During the race on Saturday, several incidents of rock and stone throwing at canoeists were reported. There were no reports of other injuries.

The Voleks and Hutsons were approached by three men armed with iron bars at the pump station on the Umgeni River, a vantage point, while they waited for their sons.

After the men had attacked Mr Volek, they took Mr Hutson's wristwatch and car.

With the build-up to the Dusi Canoe Marathon at the end of January, several races were scheduled for the Umgeni and Dusi valleys.

From the weekend race R400 was raised for the fund, and on December 1 and 2 another R2 000 was expected to benefit the community.

The Dusi was expected to bring in R1 500 for the fund.

At the last audit, there was R23 000 in the fund, all of which was earmarked for classrooms.

The fund worked closely with the Urban Foundation in its classroom project.



# ANC men arrested after heist, say police

TWO ANC regional officials had been arrested after an armed robbery in the Natal south coast town of Umzinto this week, police said last night.

Police said the men — whom they did not name — robbed an SA Perm agency on Monday of R50 700, but were arrested after a shoot-out and high-speed car chase.

The men were attached to an ANC branch in Durban, the police said. One of them held a senior post. ANC comment was unavailable last night.

Our Durban correspondent reports that while making their getaway the robbers

8/24 12/12 90  
Business Day Reporter

unwittingly distributed a cash windfall of R40 000 to amazed pedestrians.

The robbers, armed with an AK-47 and a pistol, held up the agency manager Amerith Lalla Daya and his son Dhirej. They fled with more than R50 000.

But in their hurry to escape, the robbers failed to zip up their money bags.

Pursued by several policemen, the robbers headed for their getaway car, apparently unaware they had left a trail of bank notes behind them.

36  
A shootout ensued between the robbers and police. After the shooting pedestrians scooped up the abandoned loot.

The getaway car and the robbers were eventually forced off the road between Umkomaas and Scottburgh and police recovered R10 155.

An Umzinto police spokesman confirmed that several pedestrians and residents of a nearby village were searched, but only R1 600 was recovered.

He added that a few people had returned small sums of cash to the police station.

## ANC robbers to stand trial

Call Time 13/12/90 Own Correspondent 36

DURBAN. — Two ANC members, including an office-bearer, are expected to appear in court soon in connection with the R50 000 armed robbery of an agency of the Perm in Umzinto on Monday.

Police said the men, who are aged 27 and 43, are thought to be members of the ANC southern Natal region, but an ANC statement yesterday claimed they belong to the party's Umgababa branch.

The ANC confirmed that one of the men serves on the branch committee while the other is a member.

The suspects were arrested when a dramatic shoot-out and a high-speed chase ended with police recovering only R10 155 in cash and seizing an AK-47 rifle and a pistol.

The remainder of the money was snatched by pedestrians when it fell out of the thieves' bags which they apparently forgot to zip closed.



**DURBAN.** — Mr Jeffrey Mkhwanazi is lucky to be alive. Stabbed 14 times, he collapsed outside Osindisweni Hospital, near Verulam, and was saved only when a policeman warded off his attackers with a shotgun.

Today his scars are still clearly visible, and he is a very angry young man. "If I had the power, and if I knew who they were, I would seek revenge," he says.

The horrific stories of kidnapping, assault and murder in this area north of Durban have quietened in the past month. But yesterday reports of another body reached the Inkatha stronghold of Ndwedwe. "And it's (the corpse) still stinking, so you know it did not happen long ago," said a community representative.

More worrying still is the anger of victims and their families, many of whom will not be so discriminating as Mr Mkhwanazi — often friends, families or political colleagues will suffice for revenge.

Mr Mkhwanazi said he was travelling in a

# Revenge! The war-cry of Natal's political gangs

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Cape Times  
28/12/70

taxi in Osindisweni on November 24. He was dragged from the vehicle and stabbed repeatedly. Through a haze of pain, he heard his attackers talk about GwaDane Forest, where he knew a number of kidnap victims had been slaughtered. Mr Mkhwanazi escaped, was caught and stabbed again, but still made it to the hospital gates.

Asked why he was attacked, he said his assailants had claimed they were revenging attacks by Inkatha on the UDF. He had not taken part in such attacks, he said.

In another incident, Mr Moffet Ngcobo, chairman of the Ekwazini youth branch of Inkatha, was taken from Verulam by a gang of 16 people. After stopping to smoke dagga they drove him to a forest near Umhlazini,

where one of his kidnappers, armed with a bush-knife, ordered him to put his head on a tree stump.

What saved his life, he says, was that he told his kidnappers he knew a particular UDF member. It was on the way to see this man that the gang was stopped by police.

The alleged kidnappers were arrested and go on trial on January 14.

The ANC leadership in Verulam and Osindisweni believe that Inkatha is trying to crush the congress in these areas.

However, Inkatha spokesman Mr Senso Mfayela, who lives in Ndwedwe, said the tension had begun when UDF-supporting youths started to disrupt local schools, calling for a boycott of school fees. — Sapa



CRIME - NATAL

1991 - 1992



36  
Mobi  
bank  
heist nets  
R90 000

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — A policeman who ran into a Volkskas Bank branch at Mobeni to investigate a robbery complaint was bundled to the floor and threatened with an AK 47 assault rifle yesterday morning.

The AK 47 gang, believed to number nearly a dozen members, entered the bank in South Coast Road at 11.15am. Staff were held up while the gang helped themselves at the tills and escaped with at least R90 000 after a car-park shootout with a second policeman.

The gang also tore away a TV surveillance camera from the wall before fleeing in two vehicles, one of which had KwaZulu government (ZG) number plates which police believe were either stolen or false.

At least one suspect has been arrested by police and a wide-scale hunt for the rest of the gang was under way late yesterday.

# Gangsters bash man

## with gun

*CMC 11/13 16/1/71*  
DURBAN. — A man was bashed over the head with a revolver when a gang of five gunmen wearing balaclavas and gloves burst into an SA Perm agency bank in Umbilo yesterday and robbed it of R11 000.

The man, Mr Glenn Needle, 36, was drawing money from the bank in Davenport Centre when he was assaulted by the gang, who were armed with a sub-machinegun and revolvers.

The men fled in a stolen dark-grey Ford Sapphire fitted with a false registration number, NPN 826.

● Meanwhile, another two men have been arrested in connection with the 'AK-47 gang' attack on the Volkskas Bank branch in South Coast Road, Mobeni.



# call on people to lay charges

By S'BU MNGADI

POLICE have "dragged their feet" in investigating more than 150 criminal complaints that have been pending against members of the security forces in Durban since 1988.

This allegation was made by the Democratic Party's Unrest Monitoring Action Group this week when it released to *City Press* a dossier containing information on some of the complaints, including Criminal Report numbers.

The dossier also contains affidavits by complainants and correspondence between the DP's Durban office and various government departments.

The DP charges that policemen had "dragged their feet in conducting investigations against fellow colleagues".

In one of the cases witnesses made numerous statements to police at Durban's CR Swart Square last March, in which they implicated a Ntuzuma security policeman in the murder of four local youths.

Durban DP director Roy Ainslie, and lawyer Yunus Mahomed, made witnesses and other information available to the police for the purpose of an investigation.

A year later, the alleged killer still remains at large, harassing Ntuzuma and KwaMashu residents.

Ainsley said since 1988 he has personally assisted between 60 and 70 complainants in laying charges against members of the KZP and the alleged police-aligned gang, "Amasinyora" at KZP stations in the Durban region.

There had been no progress in any of them, he said, adding this lack of investigation made a mockery of the police's repeated insistence that people must lay charges at their nearest police station.

*City Press* forwarded 16 of the Criminal Report numbers to the the KZP Headquarters in Ulundi and asked if any progress had been made in investigating them.

KZP public liaison officer Lt-Col Lingelihle Khanyile said one of the cases had been finalised through the payment of an admission-of-guilt fine.

He also said a charge of assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm had been withdrawn by the complainant, a claim the complainant vehemently denied this week.

Five complaints were "still being investigated", Khanyile said.

The rest, he said, had been "closed as undetected" because there was no trace of their details in KZP records.

A Captain Ngidi of the SAP Public Relations Division in Durban said on Friday that the Division would in "due course" be responding to the DP's allegations of lack of progress in investigations. *City Press* had faxed its questions to police on March 7.

■ The cases include that of Ntuzuma activist Dumisani Mabizela who was allegedly brutally assaulted in 1988 by policemen.

Mabizela laid charges of assault at the KwaMashu KZP station and later identified the alleged culprits at an identification parade.

He was, for the same case, paid R1 500 in an out of court settlement after suing Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok.

# 'Cops drag their feet on cases'

APrem 13/3/91  
A mockery, says DP of

36

Capl. Tim B 15/3/91 (36) 176 (10481)

# Isandlwana desecrations: Police strike

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Police have mounted a huge operation to trap the desecrators of British graves at Isandlwana in KwaZulu.

Homes in Britain as well as South Africa have been raided and prosecutions are expected within the next week or two.

Mr Barry Marshall, director of the KwaZulu Monuments' Council, said last night that up to 20 graves had been looted in one night over the 1,000-hectare battlefield, where more than 1,300 British troops lie buried.

"The problem started with collectors removing debris of war from the battlefield

and it's now got to a stage where the looting is alarming," he said.

Police here said investigations were continuing countrywide and that several people had been questioned. As many as 10 homes in Britain had also been raided and items allegedly taken from the graves — including gold — were seized.

Applications were being considered for the extradition of at least two people from Britain, the main conduit for the distribution of the loot.

Much of the booty was taken from graves of men of Britain's 24th Regiment, now known as the Royal Regiment of Wales.

Prices for the relics in Britain range from around R400 for a few nails or screws to many thousands for campaign medals.

At the cheaper end, small pieces of musket have been selling for between R500 and R625. Army general service buttons can fetch R750, while a set of infantry collar badges may fetch R2100.

Items retrieved by the police in their raids include gold rings, 24th Regiment porcelain, badges and belts, white canvas-covered cork tropical helmets, epaulette badges, sphinx medals awarded to the 24th when one of its battalions served in Egypt, brass screws, bullets and musket balls.



	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Parow	10	11	85	244	22	70	482	131	755	1
Elsiesriver	77	37	1 060	689	116	499	191	850	868	19
Ravensmead	51	18	676	355	62	166	102	523	484	6
Brackenfell	16	14	148	84	23	31	120	48	300	—
Bellville	41	19	533	372	91	205	137	457	710	3
South	336	232	4 054	3 245	519	1 621	2 604	3 237	6 612	44

Note:  
I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

**Durban South police district: offences**

93. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansard 20/3/91*

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Amanzimtoti	77	26	53	195	19	196	441	206	550	—
Louis Botha	—	—	2	6	2	—	63	10	2	—
Airport	115	45	118	248	41	446	368	222	526	4
Montclair	27	10	181	589	44	125	129	353	253	29
Wentworth	32	14	96	245	25	134	338	139	627	2
Brighton	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beach	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	1	—
Island View	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note:  
I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no. 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

**Durban North police district: offences**

130. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansard 20/3/91*

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Durban North	8	9	22	113	9	69	312	261	496	—
Glendale	8	2	69	34	4	24	5	19	54	—
Greenwood	55	51	94	597	50	395	520	560	1 084	6
Park	409	46	67	174	41	427	66	262	232	—
Inanda	5	8	52	21	4	11	9	16	70	2
Newark	80	45	145	128	72	231	181	231	797	9
Stanger	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban North police district of the Port Natal Division in 1990? B362E

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Tongaat	67	50	200	403	55	304	164	233	444	19
Umhali	29	54	62	81	18	75	70	114	413	—
Verulam	97	42	136	324	37	202	175	301	513	1
Phoenix	45	65	459	1 253	60	548	427	1 338	705	35

Note:  
I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

**Pretoria police district: offences**

154. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Law and Order: *Hansard 20/3/91*

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Pretoria Central	26	36	225	973	65	574	1 211	440	879	7
Sunnyside	12	9	38	445	27	54	1 168	541	916	2
Pretoria West	12	41	110	461	35	104	381	242	558	1
Brooklyn	10	23	123	347	32	121	1 574	242	2 890	—
Wierda Bridge	16	28	112	203	27	98	600	217	1 029	—
Erasmia	5	16	57	79	20	38	44	56	294	—
Atteridgeville	26	12	665	1 080	165	430	149	511	370	—
Lytelton	5	40	65	154	21	55	455	129	1 006	—
Laudium	6	6	90	190	23	38	121	111	197	5

Note:  
I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

**Radiographers: improvements**

165. Mr B B GOODALL asked the Minister for Administration and Economic Co-ordination:

- Whether any improvements are envisaged in the salary and service conditions of radiographers; if not, why not; if so, (a) what improvements and (b) when;
- whether there is a salary structure for radiographers in the employ of the State or the provinces; if so, what is this structure; *Hansard 20/3/91*
- whether his Department has information on the salary structures for radiographers in the self-governing territories; if not,

The MINISTER FOR ADMINISTRATION AND ECONOMIC CO-ORDINATION:

(1) The investigation programme for the coming (1991/92) financial year has not been finalised yet. It is, therefore, not possible to indicate what improvements, if any, will be effected in respect of radiographers and when it will occur; (a) and (b) fall away;

(2) yes, the salary structure is as follows:  
Student Radiographer: R7 011—8 685 + 10% non-pensionable allowance  
Radiographer/Senior Radiographer: R15 414—24 675/23 766—29 205 + 10% non-pensionable allowance



707

WEDNESDAY, 20 MARCH 1991

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## HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

## QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

## Durban West police district: offences

4. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

B33E

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Pinetown										
West	84	37	197	249	55	393	212	348	574	—
Bellair	11	19	23	130	15	28	81	92	329	2
Hillcrest	73	25	21	126	25	156	284	255	987	—
Malvern	23	11	38	237	16	102	168	131	498	3
Mayville	9	13	33	145	17	93	352	94	489	—
Pinetown	15	30	45	252	25	263	672	556	1 539	—
Westville	5	16	25	133	7	68	178	123	620	—
Kwadabeka	82	12	123	47	40	102	88	94	138	—

Note:

As the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the Republic of South Africa, drastic measures are being taken to combat the occurrence of crime in the country. In this regard I wish to draw the honourable member's attention to Operation Sentry, which is presently in progress, including Operation Thunderbolt and other similar operations during the past twelve months. These operations have proved to be very successful. The situation, however, is continuously being monitored and I wish to assure honourable members that everything possible is being done to prevent crime.

I also wish to inform the honourable member that the Durban West Police District is now known as Pinetown Police District and the Port Natal Division as Natal Region.

Pietermaritzburg police district: police stations

15. Mr R F HASWELL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) (a) How many (i) police stations and (ii) (aa) emergency and (bb) mobile police

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

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WEDNESDAY, 20 MARCH 1991

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316

Hilton

: Dennis Shepstone Road, Hilton

(3) Alexandra Road Bishopstowe

39 887

Howick

: 15 Moring Street, Howick

Boston

20 000

Impendle

: East Street, Impendle

Camperdown

41 000

Inchanga

: Inchanga

Cramond

21 000

Mid-Illovo

: Mid-Illovo

Hammarisdale

32 000

Mountain Rise

: 17 Royston Road, Mountain Rise

Hilton

13 000

Nottingham Road

: 9 Main Road, Nottingham Road

Howick

119 800

Pietermaritzburg

: 231 Loop Street, Pietermaritzburg

Impendle

55 400

Plessislaer

: 9 Edendale Road, Edendale

Inchanga

32 000

Presbury

: 106 Swartrops Road, Pietermaritzburg

Mid-Illovo

34 000

Richmond

: 40 Albert Street, Richmond

Mountain Rise

137 000

Thornville

: 9 Main Road, Thornville

Nottingham Road

35 000

Town Hill

: 7 Montgomery Drive, Pietermaritzburg

Pietermaritzburg

74 400

Emergency Police Stations

: 106 Swartrops Road, Pietermaritzburg

Plessislaer

136 000

Mpophomeni

: Mpophomeni black residential area

Presbury

10 000

Sobantu

: Sobantu black residential area municipal office

Richmond

100 000

Imbali

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Thornville

6 000

Fredville

: Nchanga black residential area

Town Hill

20 000

Mobile Police Stations

: Durban Main Road, Shongweni Assegai Road, farm of Mrs Bates

Mpophomeni

40 000

Mobile Caravan

: Corner of Berg and Retief Streets, Pietermaritzburg.

Sobantu (Municipal Police)

25 000

(2) It is not in the interest of the members at the relevant police stations, and policing in general, to furnish information of this nature. I am however prepared to give this information to the honourable member on a personal and confidential basis.

Imbali

18 000

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

: Sobantu black residential area municipal office

Fredville

10 000

Summerfeld

: Sobantu black residential area municipal office

Mobile Caravan (c/o Berg and Retief Streets)

10 000

16. Mr R F HASWELL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Pietermaritzburg police district in 1990?

Fredville

18 000

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

B60E

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

I also wish to inform the honourable member that the Durban West Police District is now known as Pinetown Police District and the Port Natal Division as Natal Region.

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

Pietermaritzburg police district: police stations

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

15. Mr R F HASWELL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

(1) (a) How many (i) police stations and (ii) (aa) emergency and (bb) mobile police

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

Hammarisdale

: Imbali black residential area, Plessislaer

Pietermaritzburg police district: offences

10 000

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY



	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Cramond	11	10	55	27	5	9	14	8	110	—
Hilton (N)	6	5	28	29	8	22	25	11	147	—
Howick	46	19	233	128	25	74	52	69	377	—
Impendle	17	2	63	38	7	24	1	19	96	—
Mountain										
Rise	112	34	416	957	80	237	275	282	877	23
Nottingham										
Road	7	5	98	28	6	11	23	25	215	—
Plessislaer	800	68	298	264	107	603	112	397	760	1
Prestbury	3	4	11	25	—	11	39	7	174	—
Richmond										
(N)	74	20	76	64	14	55	45	51	289	—
Thornville	16	4	49	27	5	22	18	25	91	—
Town Hill	3	2	27	21	5	31	56	7	294	—
Hammarsdale	24	6	30	39	2	111	19	29	169	—

Note:

I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

33. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at the Berea police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1990?

- The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:
- (a) 26
  - (b) 8
  - (c) 44
  - (d) 168
  - (e) 11
  - (f) 4
  - (g) 878
  - (h) 159
  - (i) 1

	(c) 351	(d) 859	(e) 86	(f) 1 033	(g) 245	(h) 1 078	(i) 666	(j) 3 746	(k) 2 618	(l) 75	(m) —
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Note:

I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

35. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at the Point police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1990?

- The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:
- (a) 15
  - (b) 3
  - (c) 84
  - (d) 292
  - (e) 20

	(f) 196	(g) 173	(h) 105	(i) 103	(j) 1 266	(k) 462	(l) 25	(m) —
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Note:

I also wish to draw the honourable member's attention to the note on the answer to written question no 4 which was asked in the House of Assembly.

39. Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Justice:

How many persons appeared in (a)(i) district and (ii) regional courts and (b) the Supreme Court in each province in 1990 without legal representation?

- The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:
- (a) \*659
  - (b) 75.
- \*Public secondary schools.
- Cape Town police district: offences
40. Mr C W EGLIN asked the Minister of Law and Order:
- How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Cape Town police district in 1990?
- The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:
- |           |        |        |         |         |        |         |         |         |           |        |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--------|
| Cape Town | (a) 29 | (b) 13 | (c) 245 | (d) 415 | (e) 50 | (f) 538 | (g) 806 | (h) 424 | (i) 1 490 | (j) 31 |
| Camps Bay | 2      | 1      | 10      | 17      | 9      | 8       | 52      | 26      | 210       | 1      |
| Maitland  | 4      | 10     | 88      | 121     | 15     | 97      | 115     | 71      | 430       | 2      |

# AMBULANCE CURFEW AS CRIME RATE RISES

By RYAN CRESSWELL

SICK and injured people from 10 crime-ridden areas around Maritzburg will have to make their own way to hospital after dark because a curfew has been slapped on ambulances.

The night curfew has been introduced because three ambulances from Edendale Hospital

were stolen and a driver shot and injured during the last nine weeks.

Ambulances from the hospital no longer fetch patients after dark from Edendale, Machibisa, Imbali, Dambuza, Caluza, Azalea, Pata Sweetwaters, Elandskop and Ashdown. *SITimes 21/4/11*

This week, medical superintendent Dr Peter Evans circulated a

memorandum among staff instructing that ambulances should not go to these areas between 5pm and 6am.

Dr Evans said: "The drivers have shown enormous courage in going into these areas at night, but the situation has deteriorated so much I just cannot allow it any more."

He said if the crime rate improved he would lift the curfew.

Maritzburg police spokesman Lieutenant Henry Budhram confirmed the thefts of the ambulances.

"The unrest situation in these townships has normalised, but the criminal element has become very active," he said.



Capt Temb 30/4/91

# Teenage gang hijacks bus

DURBAN. — A gang — one with an army issue R4 rifle — climbed on board a bus outside Newcastle on Sunday, raped three passengers and robbed others while forcing the driver to take them to Osizweni.

All four were later arrested by police.

The bus had 40 passengers on board when the gang boarded at Madadeni at 4am after a shot was fired.

After threatening to shoot the driver, Mr Stephen Mashinini, they forced him to drive towards Osizweni.

The youths — all aged between 17 and 19 years — then robbed passengers and raped three women aged 25, 18 and 21.

However, police were alerted and set up a roadblock between Volksrust and Newcastle.

When the bus stopped, the youths kicked out the back window and tried to flee. However, two were arrested on the spot.

The other two — including the youth with the rifle — ran off but were later apprehended by police.

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) The Jackals.

(b) The names which the hon member furnished.

(2) Should the lives of the persons be threatened by the organisation, they can approach the South African Police for protection whereafter it will be determined what measures of protection will be afforded the persons.

(3) Yes, in one instance a charge of contravening section 1(1) of the Intimidation Act, 1982 (Act 72 of 1982) is being investigated. Until now the accused have not been traced. The investigation is continuing. In the other four instances the persons did not wish to lay any charges with the South African Police.

Tugela Ferry police station: charges

\*8. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether he will disclose the purport of the charges contained in CR 31/12/89 at the Tugela Ferry police station; if not, why not; if so, what are the charges;

(2) whether identification parades were held in regard to the investigation of these charges; if so, (a) when, (b) where and (c) with what result;

(3) what progress has been made in the above investigation to date;

(4) whether any members of the South African Police laid charges relating to the matter referred to above; if so, what are the relevant details;

(5) whether the policemen who laid these charges had previously been involved in other incidents leading to charges being laid against them; if so, (a) what charges and (b) what was the outcome? B952E

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes, three charges of alleged assault and one charge of pointing of a firearm.

(b) Murder

Attempted murder

Assault

Malignous injury to property

TOTAL

Note:

The difference in the numbers per case between (2)(a) and (2)(b) can be attributed to the fact that several of the arrested persons were involved in more than one case.

Kwamagoda/Ndalen: unrest-related incidents

\*10. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) How many unrest-related incidents of (a) murder, (b) attempted murder and (c) destruction of property occurred in Kwamagoda and Ndalen near Richmond in each week during the period 21 January to 3 March 1991;

(2) how many (a) arrests and (b) prosecutions were made as a result of these incidents? B954E

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1)

21 January until

27 January 1991

28 January until

3 February 1991

4 February until

10 February 1991

11 February until

17 February 1991

18 February until

24 February 1991

25 February until

3 March 1991

(a) (b) (c)

3 0 2

2 1 0

2 2 2

1 2 2

0 3 0

1 2 3

1 2 3

3 6 4

(2) (a) Attempted murder 2

(b) Attempted murder 2

Death of schoolboy in SAP custody

\*11. Mr J VAN ECK asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether a 16-year-old schoolboy recently caught by the South African Police while allegedly sniffing a chemical solvent died

in police custody; if so, what are the circumstances surrounding the incident;

(2) whether the matter is being investigated; if not, why not; if so, what progress has been made;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the frequency with which allegations are being made in regard to the use of violence by the Police against persons held by them? B955E

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

On 15 February 1991 the South African Police reacted to an anonymous complaint of two suspect persons. Two boys were found where they were publicly sniffing "TTPPEX" thinners. They were obviously intoxicated and the members concerned judged it to be in the best interests of the youths' safety to take them to their parental homes where they could be cared for.

Their addresses were obtained and they were taken in a patrol vehicle to their parental homes. The deceased's parents were not home and he was taken with to the home of the second child. On their arrival there the Police officials noticed that the deceased did not appear normal and immediately rushed him to the nearest day clinic in Hanover Park, where he was certified dead on arrival.

A post mortem found that he died as a result of "Verstikking" (Suffocation).

(2) An inquest docket has been opened and is still being investigated.

(3) No, except that I wish to draw the attention of the hon member to my answer to Oral Question No 9 in the House of Assembly on 7 May 1991.

Unrest situations: additional remuneration for SAP

\*12. Mr J VAN ECK asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether members of the unrest and/or operational units of the South African Police received or have received any



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Certain police stations: offences

6. Mr L T LANDERS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(i) Pinetown	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
(ii) Clairwood (Montclair police station)	15	30	45	252	25	263	672	556	1 539	0
(iii) Mayville	9	13	33	145	17	93	352	94	489	0
(iv) Greenwood Park	55	51	94	507	50	395	520	560	1 084	6

Note:

As the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the Republic of South Africa, drastic measures are being taken to combat the occurrence of crime in the country. In this regard I wish to draw the hon member's attention to Operation Sentry, including Operation Thunderbolt and other similar operations during the past twelve months. These operations have proved to be very successful. The situation, however, is continuously being monitored and I wish to assure hon members that everything possible is being done to prevent crime.

I also wish to draw the attention of the hon member to the fact that since 1 January 1990 the Port Natal Division no longer exists, but is part of the greater Natal Police Region.

Judges/magistrates: visits to police cells

8. Mr P R E D A GAMA asked the Minister of Law and Order:

On how many occasions in 1990 did (a) judges and (b) magistrates inspect or pay visits to police cells in connection with persons awaiting trial?

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

C44E

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) 633.
- (b) 372.
- (2) Yes, 4.
- (3) Yes.

(a) R888 212,88.

(b) 1 January 1990 until 30 December 1990.

Note:

I also wish to draw the attention of the hon member to my reply to oral question no 9 in the House of Assembly on 7 May 1991.

People's courts: incidents

13. Mr L T LANDERS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many incidents involving people's courts were (a) reported to and (b) investigated by the South African Police in 1989 and 1990, respectively?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:	
1989	1990
(a) 12	127
(b) 12	127

Policing activities: drug abuse

16. Mr T R GEORGE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many members of the South African Police were involved in policing activities relating to drug abuse in the (a) Greater Johannesburg area and (b) Republic as at the latest specified date for which figures are available;
- (2) (a) how many policemen of each race group were convicted of offences relating to (i)(aa) dealing in, (bb) using and (cc) theft of drugs and (ii) aiding and abetting drug dealers in each specified police station area in the Greater Johannesburg area during the latest specified 12-month period for which figures are available and (b) what disciplinary steps were taken against these policemen;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) (a) 101

(b) 716 (including the 101 members referred to in paragraph (a)).

(2) (a) (i) (aa) 1 Black member.

(bb) No members.

(cc) No members.

(b) After his conviction in a magistrate's court the member was discharged from the South African Police.

(3) No.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Sydenham police station: offences

3. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: **36**

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of residential premises, (g) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (h) robbery, (i) common theft, (j) theft of vehicles and cycles, (k) possession of drugs and (l) dealing in drugs were reported at the Sydenham police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1990? D31E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Sydenham

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l)
- 41 32 136 288 34 403 121 8 449 173 0 0

Note:

As the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the Republic of South Africa, drastic measures are being taken to combat the occurrence of crime in the country. In this regard I wish to draw the hon member's attention to Operation Sentry, including Operation Thunderbolt and other similar operations during the past twelve months. These operations have proved to be very successful. The situation, however, is continuously being monitored and I wish to assure hon members that everything possible is being done to prevent crime.

I also wish to draw the attention of the hon member to the fact that the Port Natal Division no longer exists, but is now part of the greater Natal Police Region.

Suburban trains: crime

5. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: **36**

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Sydenham police station: offences

3. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: **36**

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of residential premises, (g) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (h) robbery, (i) common theft, (j) theft of vehicles and cycles, (k) possession of drugs and (l) dealing in drugs were reported at the Sydenham police station in the Durban police district of the Port Natal Division in 1990? D31E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Sydenham

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l)
- 41 32 136 288 34 403 121 8 449 173 0 0

Note:

As the South African Police is not satisfied with the crime situation in the Republic of South Africa, drastic measures are being taken to combat the occurrence of crime in the country. In this regard I wish to draw the hon member's attention to Operation Sentry, including Operation Thunderbolt and other similar operations during the past twelve months. These operations have proved to be very successful. The situation, however, is continuously being monitored and I wish to assure hon members that everything possible is being done to prevent crime.

I also wish to draw the attention of the hon member to the fact that the Port Natal Division no longer exists, but is now part of the greater Natal Police Region.

Suburban trains: crime

5. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order: **36**

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

(1) Whether there has recently been an increasing tendency in crime on suburban trains between (a) Phoenix and Durban and (b) Chatworth and Durban; if so, what are the relevant details;

(2) whether any steps are being taken to combat such crime; if so, what steps? **36** D33E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) No, since November 1990 there has been a decrease in the number of crimes committed on trains.

(a) On the Phoenix to Durban section, serious crimes decreased from seven in November 1990 to three in February 1991.

(b) On the Chatworth to Durban section the number of serious crimes decreased from nine in November 1990 to two in February 1991.

(2) Yes, the upgrading of railway stations, as well as co-operation between the South African Police and the South African Rail Commuter Corporation Limited regarding security on trains, ensures safer journeys.

The policing of the trains appears to be effective and the South African Police will continue to render a service so that law and order can be maintained on trains and railway stations.

Cabinet Committees: own affairs Ministers

9. Mr S PACHAI asked the State President:

(1) Whether own affairs ministers serve on Cabinet Committees; if not, why not; if so, on which Cabinet Committees does each such minister serve;

(2) whether any own affairs ministers and/or deputy ministers serve on any State committees other than Cabinet Committees; if not, why not; if so, what are the names of (a) these committees and (b) the ministers and deputy ministers serving on each such committee? D91E

The STATE PRESIDENT:

(1) Yes. All of the own affairs ministers are serving on one or more of the four

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Cabinet Committees, as well as on a few Ministerial Committees. However, it is not customary to disclose particulars concerning the composition of committees of the Cabinet.

(2) Apart from the Cabinet Committees and Ministerial Committees which are appointed by the State President, no list is kept of the committees on which ministers and deputy ministers serve.

Certain offences: statistics **36**

10. Mr S PACHAI asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) How many cases of offences relating to (a) liquor laws, (b) drug abuse and (c) child abuse were investigated in (i) Ladysmith, (ii) Estcourt, (iii) Greytown and (iv) Howick during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available;

(2) in respect of each of the above-mentioned offences and areas, how many persons (a) were charged, (b) had the charges against them withdrawn, (c) were fined, (d) paid admission of guilt fines and (e) were found (i) not guilty and (ii) guilty in court? D102E.1

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) (a) (i) 960

(ii) 63

(iii) 252

(iv) 18

(b) (i) 200

(ii) 0

(iii) 61

(iv) 48

(c) (i) 2

(ii) 0

(iii) 10

(iv) 1 **36**

(2)(i) Ladysmith

	(a) Liquor laws	(b) Drug abuse	(c) Child abuse
(a) Charged	960	200	2
(b) Withdrawn	188	60	—
(c) Fined	—	—	—
(d) Paid admission of guilt	500	—	—
(e) (i) Not guilty	2	18	—
(ii) Guilty	270	122	2

(ii) Estcourt

	(a)	(b)	(c)
(a)	63	—	—
(b)	15	—	—
(c)	—	—	—
(d)	—	—	—
(e) (i)	4	—	—
(ii)	44	—	—

(iii) Greytown

	(a)	(b)	(c)
(a)	252	61	10
(b)	94	5	6
(c)	—	—	—
(d)	121	35	—
(e) (i)	7	4	—
(ii)	4	5	—

Trials not yet concluded: 26 12 4

(iv) Howick

	(a)	(b)	(c)
(a)	18	48	1
(b)	—	2	1
(c)	—	—	—
(d)	8	—	—
(e) (i)	1	2	—
(ii)	9	44	—

Note:

As regards (2)(c) and (d) it is brought to the attention of the hon member that in all instances where an admission of guilt was paid, the persons were regarded as being fined.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

SAP applicants: test results

12. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many (a) Indians, (b) Coloureds, (c) Whites and (d) Blacks who applied to join the South African Police Force (i) wrote the necessary tests in Durban during the period 1 January 1990 to 30 April 1991 and (ii) (aa) passed and (bb) failed these tests;
- (2) how many (a) Indians, (b) Coloureds, (c) Whites and (d) Blacks who passed these tests were accepted into the Police Force?

D140E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) (i) 1 672.  
(ii) (aa) 430.  
(bb) 1 242.
- (b) (i) 141.  
(ii) (aa) 59.  
(bb) 82.
- (c) (i) 970.  
(ii) (aa) 534.  
(bb) 436.
- (d) (i) 1 667.  
(ii) (aa) 300.  
(bb) 1 367.

(2) (a) 360 members.  
(b) 29 members.  
(c) 534 members.  
(d) 138 members.

Note:  
I would like to draw to the attention of hon members that in respect of Indians, Coloureds

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) (i) 336  
(ii) 115
- (b) (i) 705  
(ii) 299
- (c) (i) 53  
(ii) 14

(2) (i) Pietermaritzburg

(a)	(a)	(b)	(c)
(b)	336	705	53
(c)	5	38	18
(d)	106	0	2
(e)	23	6	4
(ii)	202	616	29

Trials not yet concluded

(ii) Newcastle

(a)	(a)	(b)	(c)
(b)	115	229	14
(c)	1	32	1
(d)	67	0	0
(e)	4	27	0
(ii)	32	232	6

Trials not yet concluded

11 8 7

Note:

As regards (2)(c) and (d) it is brought to the attention of the hon member that in all instances where an admission of guilt was paid, the persons were regarded as being fined.

The figures are furnished for the period 1 May 1990 until 30 April 1991.

Leasing of official residences: compensation

18. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Public Works and Land Affairs:

- (1) Whether compensation is payable to political office-bearers and office-bearers of Parliament whose private residences are leased by the State as official residences; if so,
- (2) whether he will furnish further particulars in regard to residences so leased; if not, why not; if so, (a) which (i) members of the Ministers' Council in the House of

Delegates, (ii) members of the Executive Committee and (iii) Ministerial Representatives attached to the House of Delegates are paid such compensation and (b) what are the amounts paid in each case;

(3) on what basis is this compensation calculated?

D193E

The MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS AND LAND AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes

(a) (b)

(2) (i) Chairman: Ministers' Council

Minister of Health Services and Welfare	R8 727,08
Minister of Local Government and Agriculture	R8 377,08
Minister of Education and Culture	R8 727,08

p.m. plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

p.m. plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

p.m. plus actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes

(ii) and (iii)

The compensation to Members of the Executive Committee and Ministerial Representatives is not payable by the Department of Public Works and Land Affairs but by the respective Provincial

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



Administrations or Administration:  
House of Delegates.

- (3) Members of the Ministers' Council of the House of Delegates are entitled to furnished official residences in both Cape Town and Durban. Office-bearers have the option to reside in either State accommodation or private residences. Should office-bearers choose to reside in their private residences the Department of Public Works and Land Affairs will, subject to certain conditions, compensate office-bearers for the use of their private residence as official residences. Such compensation consists of: Basic rental for the use of the residence, general maintenance, use of own furniture, cleaning and gardening services as well as actual expenditure on municipal services and rates and taxes. The compensation is paid throughout the year as State-owned residences are continuously at the disposal of office-bearers.

**Offences relating to Mandrax: arrests**

19. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many arrests were made in Chatsworth in respect of offences relating to Mandrax during the period 1 January 1991 up to the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b)(i) how many Mandrax tablets were confiscated during this period and (ii) what is the monetary value of these tablets? 36

D207E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 67.  
(b) (i) 815 Tablets and 7 capsules.  
(ii) Approximately R28 405,00.

Note:

The figures are furnished for the period 1 January 1991 until 12 June 1991.

**SAP: fraudulent claims in film industry**

20. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether the South African Police have been investigating a claim by the Department of

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Home Affairs that certain film producers or distributors submitted fraudulent claims for the payment to them of film subsidies, if so, what are the relevant details? D209E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Yes, it is alleged that false claims with regard to 64 films were submitted by 26 film producers and distributors, as a result of which approximately R12 million was paid out as film subsidies. The investigation of this matter is of great magnitude and is expected to carry on for quite a while.

*Written replies to questions set down for oral reply on Tuesday, 25 June 1991:*

**SABC: extension of Radio Lotus service**

\*1. Mr E JOOSAB asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

- (1) Whether he or his Department has received any representations to request the SABC to extend the Radio Lotus service to the Cape and Eastern Transvaal; if so,  
(2) whether this request has been conveyed to the SABC; if not, why not; if so, with what result;  
(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter? D212E

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

- (1), (2) and (3)

Except for a request addressed to me by the hon member for Eastern Transvaal on behalf of the hon member for Rylands during the debate on the Budget Vote: Home Affairs on 5 June 1991 to extend the services of Radio Lotus to the Cape Province, no representations were received by me or my Department. The SABC itself has received requests in the past from Indian cultural leaders and listeners to extend the Radio Lotus service to other areas in South Africa, including the Cape and Eastern Transvaal.

The Indian communities of the Cape and the rural parts of Transvaal do not receive the Radio Lotus broadcasting service as the provision and hire of additional transmitters for the coverage of the relatively small Indian communities in these geographically large areas is not economically viable.

It is estimated that the introduction of such a service would almost double the present costs of broadcasting. Since the introduction of Radio Lotus it has never shown an operating profit and the suggested extension would require abnormally large subsidies to serve an estimated 16% of the total Indian community of South Africa.

Radio Lotus presently reaches approximately 84% of the total Indian population.

In an attempt to alleviate the problem for the communities which do not receive the normal Radio Lotus programmes, a special two-hour programme is broadcast on Sundays from 11:00 to 13:00 on the transmitters of Radio Lotus and Radio 2000 at a cost of approximately R180 000 per annum. It is also important to note that no additional income is obtained from advertisers in these regions.

**Fraud in film industry: legal action**

\*2. Mr E JOOSAB asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

Whether, with reference to recent allegations that certain members of the film industry submitted fraudulent claims to his Department for the payment to them of film subsidies, he intends taking legal action against the persons concerned; if not, why not; if so, (a) what legal action, (b) when and (c) against whom? D213E

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

Yes.

- (a) The Department has instituted civil and criminal actions and will continue to do so, depending on the ongoing departmental and police investigations  
(b) This is done on an ongoing basis whenever investigations are completed.  
(c) It is deemed not expedient to divulge names of persons against whom legal steps have been instituted at this stage as none of the persons involved had an opportunity to reply in court to allegations made against them.

**Natal Prov Executive Committee: certain members**

\*3. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Planning, Provincial Affairs and National Housing:

- (1) Whether he will furnish information on the hours worked daily by and punctuality of a certain member of the Executive Committee of the Province of Natal, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply; if not, why not; if so, (a) what is this person's name, (b) how regularly is he present in his office in Pietermaritzburg and (c) how punctual is he in arriving at his office;  
(2) whether he has received any complaints in regard to the manner in which this person performs his official duties; if so, what is the nature of these complaints;  
(3) whether he has investigated or will investigate these complaints; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details? D216E

The MINISTER OF PLANNING, PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL HOUSING:

- (1) Yes.  
(a) Mr I Omar.  
(b) Whenever he is required to be present.  
(c) His punctuality is satisfactory.  
(2) No. Remainder of question falls away.  
(3) Question falls away.

**Own Affairs:**

**Improper land/house allocations: legal action**

43. MR S PACHAI asked the Minister of Housing:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 33 on 21 May 1991 in connection with alleged improper land and house allocations in Richards Bay and Howick West, any legal action has as yet been taken against the 18 persons who had sub-let their accommodation; if not, why not; if so, (a) what are the names of these persons and (b)(i) when was legal action taken and (ii) what legal action was taken;  
(2) whether, in respect of this sub-letting, any improper enrichment took place; if so, (a) to what amount and (b) by whom;

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



ARGUS 26/6/91

## Natal crime 'up by 61 percent'

The Argus Correspondent (36)

DURBAN. — Serious crimes in the Natal Midlands increased by 61,4 percent from 1989 to 1990 and the trend seems to be continuing this year.

Warrant Officer Gerhardus Claasen of the Maritzburg

Murder and Robbery Unit was speaking during a Supreme Court murder case last week.

Murders in this area increased from 42 in 1989 to 57 last year, he said. Robberies nearly doubled from 117 in 1989 to 232 last year.

## Farmers plan new security after killing

36 Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Farmers from the Winterton area met last night to discuss stepping up security measures on their properties following the death of local farmer Mervyn Gray on Wednesday afternoon.

16/9/91  
36  
"The farmers here are very angry," said a friend of Mr Gray, Mr Keith Arde, who owns the local golf course.

36  
● Police confirmed yesterday morning that four youths had been arrested in connection with the killing. Two firearms, one of which had belonged to Mr Gray, were recovered.



# Squatters blamed for crime

Star 6/11/91 (36)  
DURBAN — Howick residents are up in arms over their town council's apparent inability to solve a growing squatter and refugee problem which they fear is leading the town into a "state of anarchy".

Armed soldiers patrol the streets, and talk of curfews and roadblocks is common after the fatal stabbing of a pensioner and the killing of a policeman and a truck driver in a "wild west" shoot-out.

There have also been numerous armed robberies and attacks on residents. All these incidents took place in the last month.

Ratepayers blame much of the crime on inhabitants of the town's two squatter settlements and the recently established refugee tent settlement. They complain that the council is not moving quickly enough to relocate them.

The occupants of "Tent Town" are refugees who fled the vio-

lence which rocked nearby Mpophomeni in July.

The council insists it is doing what it can to solve the "extremely delicate" squatter problem, but lays responsibility for the refugees at the doorstep of the province.

The Natal Provincial Administration says the refugees, who are within municipal boundaries, are Howick's problem, but the NPA accepts its responsibility in assisting to identify suitable land for relocation.

# Cops seize arms for IFP rally

36  
Soweto  
17/12/91

A NUMBER of firearms were seized in Umlazi on Sunday from buses headed for an Inkatha Freedom Party rally in the township.

South African Police spokesman Captain Bala Naidoo said also a member of the force was found killed in the township early on Sunday morning.

## Bullet wounds

Special constable Juliet Xulu was found dead with stab and bullet wounds on Sunday morning. No arrest has been made.

Seventeen G3 rifles, two shotguns and about 2 800 rounds of ammunition were confiscated from buses heading to the rally, but no charges were laid as all the weapons were licensed.

Meanwhile there was a huge police contingent and a number of unrest monitors at the rally to ensure that it was peaceful and without incident.

## Handgrenades

In another seizure of weapons, two people were arrested after a man, carrying a bag containing two F1 rifles, several handgrenades and a 0,357 pistol, was stopped and searched.



## New 'bobbies' on the beat

Own Correspondent

(36)

DURBAN — The city is considering introducing an innovative neighbourhood crime prevention scheme involving "people who regularly trudge the streets" — milkmen, postmen, street cleaners and newspaper vendors.

Management committee chairman Peter Mansfield said all groups could be briefed to report crime but would not be asked to detain people. *Bloom 30/1/92*

He said the scheme would mean hundreds of extra eyes and ears for crime detection.

SAP members: complaints

27 Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether, with reference to the reply to Question No 15 on 14 May 1991, he will furnish particulars in regard to complaints laid against policemen and policewomen in 1991 arising out of incidents that occurred while they were on duty; if not, why not; if so, (a) how many such complaints were laid, (b) how many policemen and policewomen were prosecuted for crimes committed whilst on duty and (c) (i) how many policemen and policewomen faced disciplinary hearings and (ii) how many of those who faced such hearings were dismissed from the Police Force?

B74E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 10 597
- (b) 1 467
- (c) (i) 3 476
- (ii) 80

Crime statistics: Berea police station

28. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at the Berea police station in the Durban police district of the Natal Region in 1991?

B90E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 10
- (b) 15
- (c) 42
- (d) 189
- (e) 13
- (f) 3
- (g) 791
- (h) 123

Crime statistics: Point police station

30. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at the Point police station in the Durban police district of the Natal Region in 1991?

B92E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 15
- (b) 3
- (c) 107
- (d) 396
- (e) 21
- (f) 184
- (g) 62
- (h) 122
- (i) 117
- (j) 1 415
- (k1) 372
- (k2) 81
- (l) 427
- (m) 131

Note:

- k1—vehicles
- k2—bicycles

Women: assault/battery complaints against husbands

50. Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many women laid complaints against their husbands for assault and battery during the latest specified 12-month period for which information is available;
- (2) (a) how many of these complaints have been investigated, (b) how many of the

men involved have been (i) charged, (ii) brought to court, (iii) sentenced and (iv) imprisoned for assault and battery and (c) in respect of what date is this information furnished;

- (3) whether any of these charges have been withdrawn; if so, how many?

B102E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1), (2) and (3)
- The South African Police does not keep statistics in respect of this question.

Own Affairs:

Hospitals: bed occupancy rate

1. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare:

What was the average bed occupancy rate in 1991 in each specified hospital falling under the control of her Department in (a) Natal, (b) the Orange Free State, (c) the Cape Province and (d) the Transvaal?

B23E

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE:

(a) Natal	(b) Orange Free State	(c) Cape Province	(d) Transvaal
Greys Hospital, Pietermaritzburg	Voorrekker Hospital, Kroonstad	Alexandra Hospital, Cape Town	Andrew McCollm Hospital, Pretoria
63,13%	61,95%	104,00%	32,7%
Hillcrest Hospital	Bethlehem Hospital	P E Provincial Volks Hospital, Cape Town	
92,72%	58,06%	53,06%	
Greytown Hospital	Sasolburg Hospital	William Slater Hospital, Cape Town	
36,33%	38,43%	45,23%	
	Jagersfontein Hospital	Walvis Bay Hospital	
	Zastron Hospital		
	8,26%		



South African Police with a view to keep awaiting-trial juveniles out of prison.

**Civil claims against SAP**

89. Mr A J LEON asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many civil claims were instituted against the South African Police in 1988, 1989, 1990 and 1991, respectively;
- (2) in respect of each such year, (a) (i) how many such claims were settled out of court and (ii) at what cost to the State and (b) what total amount in damages was awarded against the Police by the courts?

B234E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

	1988	1989	1990	1991
(1)	3 903	3 768	5 456	4 791
(2) (a) (i)	360	277	229	231
(ii)	R699 594,86	R686 135,78	R611 132,48	R107 304,69
(b)	R209 995,74	R182 422,28	R845 317,67	R847 209,91

**Labour disputes/work stoppages/strikes: SAP called**

93. Mr P H P GASTROW asked the Minister of Law and Order:

In how many instances were the South African Police called to the scene of (a) labour disputes, (b) work stoppages and (c) strikes in 1991?

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

- (a) 287.  
(b) 113.  
(c) 523.

**Pinetown police district: crime statistics**

95. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Pinetown Police district of the Natal Region in 1991?

B241E

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(gii)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Bellair .....	1	12	27	150	5	21	59	27	83	322	73
Hillcrest .....	47	20	34	178	43	148	158	66	150	828	44
Kwa-Dabeka .....	65	15	187	137	74	117	92	—	117	285	44
Malvern .....	17	15	73	267	15	77	151	22	140	629	74
Mayville .....	13	12	23	200	25	72	288	17	152	542	106
Pinetown-West .....	64	23	251	236	85	366	151	5	290	636	50
Westville .....	8	11	27	106	10	74	84	54	102	635	54

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

- (gi) — vehicles  
(gii) — bicycles

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

**Durban South police district: crime statistics**

96. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f)

robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban South Police district of the Natal Region in 1991?

B242E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(gii)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Amantsozi .....	51	57	57	220	33	194	360	76	163	656	163
Brighton Beach .....	36	14	73	302	25	166	251	49	161	602	147
Louis Botha Airport .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	29	—	12	2	—
Montclair .....	55	32	98	256	51	323	167	16	148	365	211
Wentworth .....	19	11	207	689	24	128	103	11	370	234	240
Lanontville .....	41	16	73	185	58	182	12	7	79	128	—

Note:

- (gi) — vehicles  
(gii) — bicycles

**Pretoria police district: crime statistics**

97. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f)

robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Pretoria Police district in 1991?

B246E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(gii)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Atteridgeville .....	29	7	638	991	200	400	115	2	498	337	215
Brooklyn .....	4	27	98	341	32	112	961	753	289	2 800	194
Erasmia .....	11	5	64	106	16	46	36	16	70	290	37
Veroerdburg .....	7	31	72	164	20	83	396	170	164	1 099	55
Pia Central .....	21	37	243	910	53	537	983	67	426	932	579
Pia West .....	18	8	99	517	58	121	297	96	314	659	233
Sunnyside .....	8	13	33	501	17	55	1 042	134	629	1 140	170
Wierdabrug .....	11	14	105	247	38	101	243	173	207	1 286	81
Laudium .....	6	2	75	201	23	42	101	—	128	248	132

Note:

- (gi) — vehicles  
(gii) — bicycles

**Crime statistics: Cape Town police district**

103. Mr C W EGLIN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f)

robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Cape Town police district in 1991?

B263E

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY



way (for inquiry table) me

- FINANCE:
- (a) 18  
 (bb) 15
- (ii) The secrecy provisions contained in section 4 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, prohibit the disclosure of such information.

(b) R10 852 708

(c) The expenditure which serves as a basis for the determination of the concession must in the first instance comply with the general deduction formula contained in section 11(a) or (b) of the Income Tax Act, before it can be considered for the sponsorship allowance.

Furthermore, the Minister of Finance in consultation with the Minister of National Education, must be satisfied that the cultural event which is being sponsored, is of an international nature. The guidelines which the Act prescribes in this regard are the following:

- (1) it must be an event which is commonly participated in on an international basis;
- (2) a substantial number of the participants or the key participants must be non-residents of the Republic; and
- (3) the holding of the event must be of material advantage to cultural activities in the Republic.

(2) Yes: R 449 780  
 R 270 000  
 R1 350 000  
 R 180 000  
 R 150 300  
 R 75 600

R 26 828  
 R 495 000  
 R 826 500  
 R 121 500  
 R 30 000  
 R 450 000  
 R1 287 200  
 R3 380 000  
 R1 760 000

SAP: guard duty at homes of MPs

3. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether any members of the South African Police performed guard duty at the homes of members of Parliament in 1990 and 1991; if so, in respect of each of these years, (a) why, (b) at whose request and (c) how many (i) policemen and (ii) homes were involved;
- (2) whether he will disclose the names of the members of Parliament involved; if not, why not; if so, whose homes were so guarded in 1990 and 1991, respectively?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: D21E

(1) Yes.

(a) The nature of threats against individual members, their families and property necessitated the (guard) duties.

(b) Requests by individual members were carried out after evaluation and with the Minister's approval.

(c) (i) 1990 — 74 policemen  
 1991 — 237 policemen  
 (ii) 1990 — 62 policemen  
 1991 — 234 policemen

(2) No, the disclosure of their names could expose them to intimidation.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply: 36

General Affairs:

Transfer of trial cases: Natal Supreme Court

38. Mr M A TARR asked the Minister of Justice:

Whether any cases of (a) murder, (b) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (c) culpable homicide and (d) attempted murder, related to political violence, were transferred from the Natal Supreme Court to other divisions of the Supreme Court in South Africa for hearing in 1990; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details in each case? B124E

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

No.

Crimes committed within the area of jurisdiction of an attorney-general must be tried within that area of jurisdiction. Where the Minister of Justice deems it in the interest of the administration of justice, he may in terms of section 111(1) of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act 51 of 1977), direct that a trial be removed to the area of jurisdiction of another attorney-general. In practice such directions are normally issued when crimes are committed by the same person(s) in the area of jurisdiction of more than one attorney-general, in order to centralise the trials.

Crime statistics in 1991

49. Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Justice:

- (1) How many persons were convicted of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) rape, (d) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (e) common assault and (f) theft in each province in 1991;
- (2) how many of the above persons were members of the (a) White, (b) Coloured, (c) Indian and (d) Black race group? B101E

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

(1) The information is not readily available in the Department of Justice. In an effort to be of assistance to the Honourable Member, the following information was obtained from the Central Statistical Services:

Period: 1 July 1990 — 30 June 1991

Crimes	Total number of convictions	Cape	Natal	Transvaal	Orange Free State
(a) Murder	2 681	1 063	508	903	207
(b) Culpable homicide	3 051	1 282	629	899	241
(c) Rape	4 661	1 720	552	1 950	439
(d) Assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm	43 926	19 220	5 158	15 587	3 961
(e) Common assault	36 381	15 513	5 098	11 656	4 114
(f) Theft	114 145	41 155	21 750	41 036	10 204

(2) The information is no longer separately kept for each race group by the Central Statistical Services.

Conf. — B



HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Gazankulu 743 958 hectares  
 Lebowa 2 140 333 hectares  
 KwaZulu 3 288 740 hectares

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Self-governing territories: size

187. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Regional and Land Affairs:

What was the size in hectares of each of the self-governing territories as at the latest specified date for which figures are available?

B431E

The MINISTER OF REGIONAL AND LAND AFFAIRS:

As at 31 March 1992:

Owagwa 103 794 hectares  
 KwaNdebele 264 278 hectares  
 KaNgwane 364 078 hectares

Crime statistics: Durban North

197. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) housebreaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban North police district in 1991?

B452E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g1)	(g2)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Durban N.	10	19	30	112	14	56	198	60	280	457	25
Glendale	7	1	32	23	9	12	5	0	13	43	22
Greenwood Park	45	54	98	424	50	298	324	55	502	990	130
Inanda	192	64	151	254	110	459	79	0	197	334	65
Newark	5	8	47	36	9	23	4	2	25	89	85
Stanger	116	54	163	172	78	311	151	19	270	1 104	515
Tongaat	59	17	181	491	61	323	184	10	235	465	212
Umlhali	32	39	83	100	30	84	108	21	141	575	78
Verulam	66	27	169	357	42	235	192	17	304	768	101
Phoenix	59	58	394	1 451	66	546	402	8,1	477	803	361
Newlands N.	5	10	13	87	6	25	49	2,	93	81	31

Note:

(G1)—vehicles  
 (G2)—bicycles.

Public Service officials seconded to self-governing territories

209. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Regional and Land Affairs:

(1) (a) How many officials in the Public Service had been seconded to each self-

(2) whether all posts in these territories in respect of which secondment is required are filled at present; if not, how many remained vacant as at the latest specified date for which figures are available;

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

(3) whether any further secondments are envisaged; if so, how many?

B466E  
 for the period 1 April 1991 to 31 December 1991.

The MINISTER OF REGIONAL AND LAND AFFAIRS:

(1) (a) and (b) The latest date for which figures are available is 31 December 1991 and, as requested, is contained in the attached schedule.

(2) No. A survey indicated that 1 652 of the posts concerned were vacant on 31 December 1991.

(3) Yes. Numbers will be determined on the basis of stated requirements, the availability of funds and the availability of manpower.

POST IDENTIFIED FOR OCCUPATION BY SECONDED STAFF: 31 DECEMBER 1991

	KwaZulu	Lebowa	Gazankulu	Owagwa	KwaNdebele	KaNgwane	Total
Prosecutor	2	2	1	1	0	0	6
Administrative Officer	83	55	3	0	0	9	157
Administration Clerk	18	15	10	8	2	1	54
Artisan Staff	247	78	117	97	13	7	679
Pharmacist	47	30	1	1	14	6	99
Occupational Therapist	8	3	1	1	6	5	24
Architect	8	1	0	0	1	0	10
Business Economist	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
Taxation Officer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drilling Inspector	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Forester	9	3	5	3	0	0	20
Forestry Foreman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forestry Scientist	3	2	2	0	0	0	7
Quantity Surveyor	6	1	0	0	0	0	7
Fireman	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Departmental Inspector	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dietician	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Director: Health Services	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Efficiency Officer	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Economist (Agriculture)	4	0	3	2	0	0	9
Ethnologist	1	1	1	1	0	0	4
Physiotherapist	24	6	2	1	7	5	45
Community Development Officer	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
Medical Technologist	20	7	0	0	2	2	31
Health Inspector	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY



# I was necklaced by police, youth claims

By TERRY VAN DER WALT

**A BADLY burnt teenager claims he was necklaced and left for dead by six police officers, including a woman constable.**

Vusi Phiri, 19, of Marimahl, near Durban, survived the flames and now plans to sue the Minister of Law and Order for R1,5-million.

He has already made a complaint of attempted murder against members of the group, and a police spokesman confirmed that a docket had been opened.

The officers, from the Pinetown Crime Prevention Unit, have not been charged and are still on duty while an investigation is under way by the SAP's legal department, said police spokesman Captain Bala Naidoo. He said the police — three white men, two black men

and a white woman — had been questioned. One had made a statement before a magistrate while the others had given statements to the police.

Deputy attorney-general Les Roberts confirmed yesterday that a dossier had been handed to the

## Burnt teenager to sue Minister for R1,5m

5 Times 13/12

Natal attorney-general

But Mr Phiri's lawyer, Mr Themba Mithethwa, of Mhamba, Makhaya and Partners, said: "I feel that this is a clear-cut case which does not require the attorney-general to give a decision. They should be charged and suspended and then the matter could be referred for a decision."

Swathed in bandages with second and third-degree burns over half his body, Mr Phiri is in Durban's Chairwood Hospital. In an interview this

week, he said that at midnight on January 13, five policemen and a policeman, accompanied by a woman, accompanied by a police informer, known to him, came to his family's house and searched it.

"One policeman said they were looking for a 9mm pistol and I said I did not know anything about it," he said.

The policeman said they would take him for interrogation. The highest ranking officer was a lance-sergeant and the rest are believed to be recently out

of police college. The police took him into the bush and made him sit on the ground.

Mr Phiri said: "One African policeman said that if I didn't show them the pistol he would leave me in the hands of the whites. "Three of them started to assault me. One burnt me with a cigarette lighter on my ears, feet and fingers."

"I kept jumping to get away from the flame, but they had planned me down on my side. One of the

while policemen went to the van and came back with a tyre which he put around me.

"Another policeman came back with petrol and sprinkled it on the tyre and on me. It must have been about two litres."

Mr Phiri said he thought this was being done to frighten him into giving them information.

But then one of the policemen stepped forward and held a burning cigarette lighter to his petrol-soaked head.

He said there was a "whoop" sound as the petrol ignited.

### Agony

"I jumped up and they moved backwards from the heat ... I ran off towards some bushes. I must have run about 20 metres and managed to get the tyre off.

"I was not burning by this time and when I looked back I could not see the police vehicles," he said.

Crying in agony, Mr Phiri stumbled through the bush until he came to a house. The occupants took him to Marimahl hospital.

He has burns on his face, chest, arms, back and buttocks and will need many skin grafts.

Mr Phiri believes an informer told police that he had fired into the air with an unlicensed firearm on New Year's Eve. He disputes this.



ON THE MEND ... necklaced victim Vusi Phiri with lawyer Themba Mithethwa Picture: MS ROY

1



# Concern over killing of suspects

8/3/92  
36  
S. Times  
MZO NXUMALO was in the bush showing a group of armed policemen where he had hidden a revolver used to murder a housewife at Mariannhill Park near Pinetown last month.

His handcuffs were faulty, police claim, and he managed to slip them off and make a bolt for freedom. He ran 80 metres through the bush before being stopped by two bullets in the back.

Family members and lawyers find the police version of Nxumalo's death difficult to believe.

They claim the 19-year-old suspect, wanted for the fatal shooting of Mrs Anne Laue on February 12, was wearing leg irons the day he was shot, February 23, and it would have been impossible for him to get very far.

By TERRY van der WALT

Relatives testify to seeing more than two bullet wounds when they went to identify his body the following day, and said the bullets appeared to have entered from the front.

Statements have been taken by the Legal Resources Centre in Durban, which says this incident is typical of numerous cases where suspects end up in mortuaries instead of court.

Legal Resources Centre attorney Howard Varney said: "We support any measures that would prevent a recurrence of these shootings, but the question is, what practical steps can be taken?"

"Having a legal representative present is a good idea, but I don't know if this would be possible in every case. Maybe the Department of Justice could second people to central police stations to monitor police on such trips."

Police defended their actions, saying that in most cases "reasonable steps" were taken to prevent the suspect from escaping.

Police spokesman Captain Bala Naidoo said a suspect was entitled to have his lawyer present during a visit to the scene of the crime.

From April 1990 to April 1991, 87 people died in police custody, according to the Ministry of Law and Order.

(iv) the implementation of a direct radio link between the Medical Emergency Service Unit and the Valkenberg Hospital; ~~and~~ the launching of an investigation into the effective safeguarding of the Hospital.

**Maximum security psychiatric facilities**

\*12. Miss M SMUTS asked the Minister of National Health: ~~asked~~

- (1) Whether there are any maximum security psychiatric facilities available in the Cape Peninsula at institutions other than the Valkenberg Hospital; if so, what are the relevant details; if not, why not;
- (2) whether any funds have been allocated to any administration for the erection of maximum security facilities; if so, (a) to which administration, (b) how much and (c) when?

B302E

**The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH:**

- (1) No, planning was undertaken and completed in January 1991 for the building of a maximum security unit on the grounds of Lentegeur Hospital, Mitchells Plain, Cape Town. No funds were specifically allocated to the Administration: House of Representatives, Department of Health Services and Welfare for the building of a maximum security unit and secondly, since the total budget for the financial years 1990/1991 and 1991/1992 were significantly reduced, the project could not be proceeded with;
- (2) no, (a), (b) and (c) fall away.

**Codesa: assistance of public servants**

\*13. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Constitutional Development: ~~asked~~ 150

Whether any public servants have been re-leased temporarily or permanently from their normal duties to assist any political parties in their work at Codesa; if so, (a) what are their names, (b) what positions do they hold, (c) which political parties are they assisting and (d) what is the cost to the State of this assistance?

B304E

**The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT:**

(a), (b), (c) and (d)  
No, no officials of the Constitutional Development Service have been relieved of their normal duties to assist any political party involved in Codesa.

**Commuters killed/injured: two persons**

\*14. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether, with reference to an incident in which two persons allegedly killed three commuters and injured ten others on a train between Kahllehong and Wadeville on the East Rand on or about 9 October 1991, the two persons in question were overpowered by passengers and handed over to the Police; if so, what are their names;
- (2) whether these persons were arrested; if not, why not; if so,
- (3) whether they have been charged; if not, why not; if so, (a) with what offences and (b) what stage has their trial reached?

B305E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

- (1) Yes, one of the assailants, Albert Dlamini, was arrested at the Natalispruit Hospital after being pointed out to the South African Police by witnesses. A second assailant was arrested at the Wadeville railway station after he too had been pointed out to the South African Police.
- (2) Yes.
- (3) (a) Only Albert Dlamini was charged on 2 counts of murder and 9 counts of attempted murder. The case against the second assailant was withdrawn by the State Prosecutor because of insufficient evidence.
- (b) On 19 December 1991 Albert Dlamini pleaded not guilty to all the charges. The case remanded to 8 April 1992.

**State funds for political parties: Namibia**

\*15. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:†

Arising from his reply to Interpellation No 1 on 19 February 1992, (a) to which political parties or groupings of political parties in South West Africa did the South African Government make funds available with a view to the election of members of the Constituent Assembly in South West Africa/Namibia in November 1989 and (b) what amounts were made available to these parties or groupings of parties?

B306E

**The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:**

(a) and (b)  
This matter was conclusively dealt with in my reply to Question No 29 of 27 March 1990 as well as in my reply to Interpellation No 1 of 19 February 1992.

**Black local authorities: quorums**

\*16. Mr J CHIOLÉ asked the Minister of Local Government and National Housing:†

How many Black local authorities in the (a) Transvaal and (b) Orange Free State still had quorums as at 31 January 1992?

B307E

**The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING:**

- (a) Transvaal  
36 out of 85.
- (b) Orange Free State  
19 out of 73.

Questions standing over from Wednesday, 11 March 1992:

**SAP: examination fees**

\*1. Mr A JLEON asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether the South African Police will no longer be required to pay the examination fees for policemen studying for the National Diploma in Police Administration; if so, why; if not, what is the position in this regard;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter

B288E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

- (1) and (2)

It was never required from the South African Police to pay the examination fees for policemen studying for the National Diploma (Police Administration) nor was it a condition of service.

The amount was approved by the Treasury on condition that funds were available. As a result of the reduction in state expenditure, funds have been withdrawn and expenses that were paid to members for obtaining the National Diploma (Police Administration) were recently suspended.

Since January 1992 a new dispensation has come into effect, whereby a cash amount of R3 740,00 for the three year study course is allocated to students after successful completion of the course.

**Theft of medicines**

\*2. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of National Health:

- (1) Whether any instances of theft of medicines from the State hospitals and clinics occurred during the course of 1991; if so, (a) from which hospitals and clinics and (b) what is the value of the medicines stolen;
- (2) whether her Department is investigating these thefts; if not, why not; if so, with what result;
- (3) whether she will make a statement on the matter?

B313E

**The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH:**

*Provincial Administration of the Cape of Good Hope (CPA)*

- (1) Yes, (a) Eben Dönges Hospital, Worcester and (b) R15 000,00;
- (2) yes, in accordance with regulations all investigations by the CPA are undertaken in conjunction with the South African Police and the Department of Justice. The above-mentioned case is still to be finalized; the accused has been brought to trial;
- (3) no.



*Provincial Administration of Natal*

- (1) Yes, ~~(b) R2 292.45~~ (b) R2 292.45. (Excluding losses routinely written off during annual stocktaking);
- (2) yes, the Health Services Branch of the Natal Provincial Administration investigates all cases of reported theft and these are also referred to the South African Police for investigation. Losses are written off under delegated authority if the South African Police are unable to resolve the case;
- (3) no.

**Aids: educational programmes**

\*3. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of National Health:

- (1) Whether her Department has drawn up any Aids education programmes for use in schools, if so, (a) (i) for which standards and (ii) in which education departments are these programmes available and (b) what has been the response of the above departments to these programmes;
- (2) whether she will make a statement on the matter?

B315E

**The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH:**

- (1) Yes,
  - (a) (i) an Aids and Life Style Education Programme for pupils in secondary schools, has been compiled after extensive research during 1991. Research is also being undertaken during this year for the development of programmes for children of primary school age as well as for pre-school children and (ii) the programme will be made available to all education departments, including those of the TBVC States and Self-governing Territories and

(b) extensive liaison with the education departments took place during the period of research and establishing of the programme. They all accepted in principle that children should be Aids literate by standard five. The programme will be made available in a draft format to incorporate feedback from users;

- (2) yes, the programme will be introduced by myself and Mr L A Pienaar, Minister of National Education and of Environment Affairs, on 30 March 1992 in Cape Town. The package will then be available for distribution.

**Gambling legislation: casinos**

\*4. Mr A J LEON asked the Minister of Justice:

- (1) Whether the Government is considering changes to the gambling legislation governing the operation of casinos within the borders of South Africa; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

B323E

**The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:**

- (1) and (2) Yes. In a press statement released on 27 February 1992 I pointed out that the Government's policy on gambling and lotteries is embodied in the Gambling Act, 1965 (Act No 51 of 1965), which prohibits participation in, or allowing games of chance.

During a Parliamentary debate on State Lotteries in 1991 the Deputy Minister of Justice pointed out the following:

- \* Gambling and lotteries purely for personal material gain is unacceptable and remains illegal.
- \* There is reason, however, for an investigation into the legalisation of games of chance with which funds are raised for health, welfare and educational institutions.
- \* The case for fund raising competitions in which chance plays a role, controlled by the State, has however not been made out yet.

The Government would approach this matter very carefully and would not take steps before having available all the facts and before having consulted the churches. This process has not yet been concluded.

The Departments of Justice and National Health and Population Development are jointly in a process of preparing a Green Paper wherein certain proposals will be made in regard to amendments to the Gambling Act. The Green Paper will be published for comment and all interested parties will be afforded an opportunity to comment thereon.

**Telephone services/private post boxes: Pretoria and Telecommunications:**

\*5. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications:

- Whether any applications for (a) telephone services and (b) private post boxes were outstanding in the Pretoria area as at the latest specified date for which figures are available; if so, (i) how many and (ii) when is it anticipated that the backlog will be eliminated?

B340E

**The MINISTER OF POSTS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS:**

- (a) yes;
  - (i) 6 497 as at 29 February 1992; and
  - (ii) approximately 3 440 of the waiting applicants will be provided with telephone service during the 1992/93 financial year. It is at this stage not possible to indicate when the requirements of the remaining applicants, whose applications are being deferred owing to a shortage of cable leads and insufficient capacity in certain exchanges, will be met.
- (b) Yes;
  - (i) 2 668 as at 29 February 1992 (Alkantrant 50, Bon Accord 50, Brooklyn 200, Faerie Glen 200, Laudium 200, Lynn East 50, Totiusdal 50, Menlo Park 200, Onderstepoort 50, Pretoria 200, Pretoria West 100, Pyramid 100, Rosslyn 300, Silverton 300, Sinoville 200, Valhalla 50, Waterkloof 100, Oifantfontein 30, Pierre van Ryneveld 38, Hennopsmcer 200)

(ii) *Alkantrant*—Negotiations are in progress to procure a suitable site for the provision of additional boxes for allocation to applicants residing mainly in Ashlea Gardens, De Beers, Lynnwood, Lynnwood Manor and Newlands. Some 600 vacant boxes are available at the Lynnwood Ridge Post Office which is situated approximately 2,5 km from the Alkantrant Post Office.

*Bon Accord*—Additional boxes will be installed during 1992/93.

*Brooklyn*—Space is not available for the installation of additional boxes at this office but 3 000 boxes will be installed during 1993/94 at the Hatfield Post Office, only 2 km away.

*Faerie Glen*—Additional boxes will be provided during 1992/93.

*Laudium*—A new post office with 2 400 boxes is being planned for completion during April 1993.

*Lynn East and Totiusdal*—450 additional boxes have been installed at the Villiera Post Office which should relieve the demand at both Lynn East and Totiusdal.

*Menlo Park*—Additional boxes will be installed during 1992/93.

*Onderstepoort*—Space is not available for the installation of additional boxes at this office but additional boxes will be installed at the Pretoria North Post Office during 1992/93 which should relieve the demand at Onderstepoort.

*Pretoria*—The possibility of installing additional boxes is being investigated.

*Pretoria West*—Additional boxes will be installed during 1993/94.

*Pyramid*—Additional boxes will be installed during 1992/93.

*Rosslyn*—Additional boxes will be installed during 1992/93.

*Silverton*—1 150 additional boxes will be installed during 1992/93.

*Sinoville*—A new post office with



AD QUIL  
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SING: Mr Chairman,  
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in the low-income group.

LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, notwithstanding the fact that is a local authority project, would the hon the Minister accept that this is part of a resettlement scheme of the former Department of Community Development? In view of this, would the hon the Minister agree that there is a moral obligation on the part of the House of Delegates to assist?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, there is no question about that. We are all in agreement on that. I should just like to reassure the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that we have been talking about Welbedacht. In addition to that, I am talking about land that is within the area of Chatsworth as we know it. A report is being sent out and I shall be able to indicate at some time in the near future what progress we can make with this. I am optimistic that we have an answer in that area, if we can lay our hands on that land very quickly.

I do not want to refer to the area in question, because I might be laying myself open to criticism.

Dental faculty: Durban-Westville

\*2. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Health Services and Welfare:

- (1) Whether a final decision has been taken on the establishment of a dental faculty at the University of Durban-Westville; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D58E

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE:

- (1) No, a final decision has not been taken.
- (2) Yes. This Department has established the need norm to erect a 61 chair dental

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

training hospital and the University has agreed in principle to bear proportional costs as required by the Department of National Education.

The Cabinet has placed a moratorium on the building of any new hospitals. The Department of National Health and Population Development has ratified the need norms and all documentation is in their possession for transmission to Central Treasury and Cabinet for a decision. The academic norms have also been submitted.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, would he give this House an indication of when the Treasury is expected to take that decision?

The MINISTER OF HEALTH SERVICES AND WELFARE: Mr Chairman, once the Cabinet has decided on the moratorium I presume the Treasury will release that information. The Treasury has advised that no further action can be taken until the moratorium has been lifted. This matter is going to be submitted to the Cabinet. We hope that the financial position in the country will result in the lifting of the moratorium on not only this hospital, but also others.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, I do not want to ask a question, but I suggest that the hon the Minister check his facts.

Mr M MOHANLALL: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, am I to understand that the hon the Minister has indicated that there is a moratorium on the building of new hospitals?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, according to the Cabinet decision there is a moratorium on all hospitals. May I also say that as far as my facts are concerned, a decision in principle was taken by the Cabinet.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: That is a final decision, a monetary decision. [Interjections.]

The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon the Minister is speaking.

The MINISTER: If the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has any other facts which

could possibly assist us, I am quite amenable to accept that.

Mr M MOHANLALL: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, it is a pity that in reply to my question he brought in other aspects, thus deviating from the essence of my question. Do I understand that the Phoenix Hospital will not be put up?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I am not in a position to say "yes" or "no" with regard to that matter. As I said, the Cabinet will have to decide on these matters. Representations with regard to all hospitals are with the Cabinet at present.

For written reply:  
General Affairs:

Crime statistics: Sydenham police station

9. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with the intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of residential premises, (g) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (h) robbery, (i) common theft, (j) theft of vehicles and cycles, (k) possession of drugs and (l) dealing in drugs were reported at the Sydenham police station in the Durban police district in 1991?

D41E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 41
- (b) 34
- (c) 150
- (d) 329
- (e) 27
- (f) 547
- (g) 129
- (h) 13
- (i) 524
- (j) 175
- (k) 107
- (l) 172

Note:  
(1) — vehicles  
(2) — bicycles

Crime statistics: Reservoir Hills/Newlands/Asherville/Overport

10. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i) damage to property, (j) housebreaking and (k) possession of drugs were reported and investigated at each specified police station serving the Indian areas of Reservoir Hills, Newlands, Asherville and Overport, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

D49E

	GREEN WOOD PARK	MAY-VILLE	SYDENHAM
(a)	45	13	41
(b)	54	12	34
(c)	98	23	150
(d)	424	200	329
(e)	50	25	27
(f)	206	67	76
(g)	298	72	142
(h)	324	288	175
(i)	502	152	231
(j)	784	475	547
(k)	130	106	172

Note:  
Reservoir Hills and Asherville fall under Sydenham, Newlands falls under Greenwood Park and Overport falls under Mayville police stations. These figures include White areas.

Crime statistics: Chatsworth/Merebank/Isipingo

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HOUSE OF DELEGATES



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**D58E  
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HOUSE OF DELEGATES

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D41E

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10. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law  
and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable  
homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous  
bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f)  
burglary, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i)  
damage to property, (j) housebreaking and (k)  
possession of drugs were reported and investi-  
gated at each specified police station serving  
the Indian areas of Reservoir Hills, Newlands,  
Asherville and Overport, respectively, during  
the latest specified period of 12 months for  
which figures are available?

D49E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

	GREEN WOOD PARK	MAY- VILLE	SYDENHAM
(a)	45	13	41
(b)	54	12	34
(c)	98	23	150
(d)	424	200	329
(e)	50	25	27
(f)	206	67	76
(g)	298	72	142
(h)	324	288	175
(i)	502	152	231
(j)	784	475	547
(k)	130	106	172

Note:  
Reservoir Hills and Asherville fall under Sy-  
denham, Newlands falls under Greenwood  
Park and Overport falls under Mayville police  
stations. These figures include White areas.

**Crime statistics: Chatsworth/Merebank/Isipingo**

11. Mr K CHETTY asked the Minister of Law  
and Order:

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable  
homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous  
bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f)  
burglary, (g) robbery, (h) theft of vehicles, (i)  
damage to property and (j) possession of drugs  
were reported and investigated at each speci-

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



Fed police station serving the Indian areas of Chatsworth, Merebank and Isipingo, respectively, during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

*36*

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: D50E

	WENT- WORTH	ISPINGO	CHATS- WORTH
(a)	19	159	30
(b)	11	28	22
(c)	207	163	339
(d)	689	319	588
(e)	27	43	43
(f)	234	380	704
(g)	128	309	185
(h)	103	203	358
(i)	370	293	730
(j)	240	92	536

Note: Merebank forms part of Wentworth police station and the figures include White areas.

Policemen recruited/re-enlisted: all races

12. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many (a) White, (b) Indian, (c) Coloured and (d) Black policemen were recruited in 1991;

(2) how many of these policemen were officers who re-enlisted?

*51*

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: D51E

- (1) (a) 7 025  
(b) 563  
(c) 1 888  
(d) 5 228
- (2) 8 officers.

Note: The amount mentioned in one (1) includes Municipal Police and Police Assistants.

Prisoners on parole rearrested/sought

17. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many prisoners who were released on parole in the 1991 calendar year (i) have been rearrested for and (ii) are being sought in connection with criminal offences and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

D68E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) (i) 4 099  
(ii) 1 509  
(b) January 1991 until 31 December 1991.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

parts of the present curricula and syllabuses will be maintained

(2) No.

Teacher/pupil ratio

110. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of National Education:

- (1) Whether he or his Department has made any calculation regarding the likely effect on teacher personnel of the application to all education departments of a ratio of 1 teacher per 30 pupils; if not, why not; if so, (a) what effect would such a change have on teacher distribution and (b) what is the likely educational effect of such a changed ratio in each department;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? B270E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL EDUCATION:

- (1) The formula for ordinary school education which is currently being used as a guide-line for the distribution of funds for education (excluding universities, technicals, and private ordinary school education), assumed a pupil-teacher ratio of 30:1 for primary and junior secondary education and 20:1 for senior secondary education. Provision scales for CS educators are, however, determined by each Department of State responsible for education, taking into account the norms for the post level ratios which are determined as general policy by me and which have been set out in the report NATED 02-142(91/07). In view of the above-mentioned my Department has not yet determined the probable effect that the application of a ratio of 1 CS educator to 30 pupils will have on the CS educators, as such calculations are not needed for general policy purposes. These are the typical calculations linked to the management function of Departments of State responsible for education and to whom this question should be directed. This matter should, however, not be considered in isolation from the Education Renewal Strategy (ERS) which is at present being finalized. It is possible that certain struc-



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

QUESTIONS

+ Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Old-age homes: financial assistance/population groups

1. Mr M A HENDRICKSE asked the Minister of National Health:

(a) How many old-age homes (i) fall under the control of her Department and (ii) are in receipt of financial assistance from her Department, (b) what is the amount of such financial assistance, (c) for which population groups do these homes cater and (d) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

**THE MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH:**

(a) No old-age homes fall under the control of the Department of National Health and Population Development.

(b), (c) and (d) Fall away.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

INTERPELLATION

The sign \* indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

General Affairs:

Victoria Street bus rank in Durban: attacks

**THE LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION** asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether there have recently been attacks on persons in the vicinity of the Victoria Street bus rank in Durban; if so, (a) to what extent and (b) what steps are the South African Police taking to curb crime in this area;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

D69E.INT

**THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:** Mr Chairman, since December 1991 the following crimes have taken place in the vicinity of the Victoria Street bus rank in Durban.

In December 1991 nine robberies took place, resulting in five arrests, in January 1992 seven robberies took place, resulting in three arrests, and in February four robberies took place, resulting in two arrests. In December one rape took place leading to an arrest, in January one rape took place with no arrest being made and in February one rape took place leading to an arrest. In December there were nine incidents of assault, followed by three arrests, in January there were 11 incidents of assault, followed by five arrests, and in February there were seven incidents of assault, followed by three arrests. In December there were 12 cases of handbag-snatching, resulting in seven arrests, in January there were also 12 cases of handbag-snatching, resulting in two arrests, and in February there were no cases of handbag-snatching and consequently no arrests.

In lighter vein, perhaps the last figure can be attributed to the fact that there were no handbags left in that area to be snatched. On a more serious note, may I say that I believe that if we

look at the crime figures for February 1992, we shall find that there is a marked improvement.

The problem areas were identified around the Oriental Plaza and Victoria Street more than a year ago. There are various taxi ranks in this area. A satellite police station, operating on a 24-hour basis, is being established in Wills Road. Thirty members police the Warwick triangle, which borders the Oriental Plaza. An additional ten members of the mobile unit, who were allocated primarily to escort train commuters, are also utilised for crime prevention in the Victoria Street-Oriental Plaza area. The C R Swart Square Crime Prevention Unit, as well as patrol vehicles, regularly operate in that specific area.

On Friday, 20 March, at 17:00, approximately 200 members of the SA Police Force and four dogs performed a block search and crime prevention action in the above-mentioned area. Smaller block searches are also conducted in the troubled area by the mobile unit on a daily basis. In addition, the SAP established the Pine Parkade satellite police station, which is adjacent to the Oriental Plaza area. The station is manned by 30 members and one vehicle. Members perform beat duties between Aliwal Street and Grey Street. An additional 25 police assistants are earmarked for the satellite police stations to improve visible policing. [Time expired.]

**THE LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION:** Mr Chairman, I am very appreciative of the fact that the hon the Minister has given us the official figures. The SA Police will, of course, acknowledge the fact that statistics of reported offences and arrests are recorded, but I am sure, in the light of the numerous calls my hon colleagues in this House and I receive, that a large number of minor offences go unreported, because people are too terrified to report incidents of molestation and robbery to the police. I want the hon the Minister to accept what we are saying in good faith.

Petty crime, and in some instances serious crime, is on the increase in this area and the area adjacent to it. There are many educational institutions in this vicinity and the bus ranks situated here are mainly for buses which serve the Indian areas. The construction of the railway station and the bridges is such that they provide what I would describe as easy dungeons for those



people who want to catch the train. The victims are mainly members of the Indian community.

I want to remind the hon the Minister that the satellite station was provided as a result of continuous attacks on the members of the Indian community. I want to make an appeal for a continuous 24-hour foot patrol and the visible presence of policemen in this vicinity at all times.

Furthermore I want to ask the hon the Minister whether he does not think that since Indians always appear to be the victims in this particular area, the time is now right for the Government to take very stern action against those who are caught with unlicensed firearms. Let us look at the legislation so that even if a person is caught being in possession of an unlicensed firearm . . . [Time expired.]

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, like the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition, I am grateful to the hon the Minister for having provided us with those up-to-date statistics on that Victoria Street area. I am also pleased to hear from the hon the Minister this afternoon that generally the police appear to be doing their job fairly satisfactorily, and we all know how difficult it is to do that job at the present.

I also agree with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition when he says that the perception, and the reality certainly, is that there are a large number of minor crimes which go unreported. Perhaps that is why the hon the Minister is not aware of the situation. I agree with the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition that perhaps one of the remedies would be to institute a 24-hour foot patrol.

Two weeks ago there was a report in the *Sunday Tribune Herald* that traders in that particular complex in Victoria Street were running scared because of the crime in that area, and that as a result, several had closed down their operations. The report indicated that five had already left those premises and that a few more were contemplating shutting up shop. This was because of the muggings and the thefts that are prevalent in that area.

The hon the Minister indicated this afternoon that we had a satellite station in that area. That satellite station is some distance away from this particular area and the idea was mooted that a mobile unit be established on those premises which are owned by the SBDC. I would like to

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

ask the hon the Minister whether any representations have been made to him or his department in that regard.

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: Mr Chairman, may I first of all thank the hon member for Springfield for his kind words to the SA Police.

Mr M RAJAB: I am kind to all hon Ministers who do their jobs properly.

The MINISTER: Well, I thank the hon member specially for that compliment. I would appreciate it if he could put it in writing and send it through to me. Perhaps I could use it in the near future to find a job somewhere in South Africa.

As hon members see, we are really trying to do our best. The hon member will remember that just before the referendum I announced a plan to increase visible policing. We have already decided to allocate another 25 policemen to that specific unit. If the hon member will bear with us so that we can get our act together and get those people trained, we hope that we shall be able to prevent crime through this greater visibility. I am sure that if we can get our training programme implemented and these new policemen recruited as soon as possible, we shall be able to effect a marked improvement with regard to the whole crime situation in South Africa.

This brings me to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition. I hope he does not mind when I say that we do not want to protect only Indians from being mugged, etc. We want to protect everybody in South Africa, regardless of their colour, religion, etc. [Interjections.] That is the duty of the SA Police. We try to act in an unbiased fashion in our protection of people wherever they may be, because we believe that is the duty of the SA Police. [Time expired.]

Mr K CHETTY: Mr Chairman, Victoria Street is branded as the famous Casbah area. Over the years this has been a problem area as far as the working class people are concerned. People in our and other communities use the bus rank to get to their homes and work respectively. However, this place is plagued with problems of violence, robbery, pickpocketing etc. Crime is on the increase in this area. Over the years this was basically a forgotten area as far as the SA Police was concerned. [Interjections.]

An HON MEMBER: It is used by all people.

Mr K CHETTY: I agree, it is used by all people.

In this area, right at the bus rank, people are robbed on buses and even on trains. People are even mugged and robbed right at the Berea station. In fact, a number of Indian women, wearing their religious chains around their necks, were almost throttled when robbers tried to pull these chains off.

As much as we appreciate what the SA Police are doing, I know their hands are tied, because they do not have the necessary manpower. At the same time, however, people's lives are important. I think the hon the Minister must also take that into consideration. He must see whether he can step up police protection in that area, because it is really needed.

A person works for a whole month, and when he finally gets to the bus stop on his way home, he is robbed of his monthly earnings. That is a blow to any person. When somebody loses a loved one because that person has been stabbed to death, it is a great loss for a family. Such a tragedy puts a family back.

It is therefore important that this area must be patrolled at all times, even if it is patrolled on a 24-hour basis, as the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition said.

Mr M F CASSIM: They must use mini-cameras for surveillance.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, I referred to members of the Indian community, because there is no doubt about the fact that these muggers concentrate mainly on Indians.

The morale of people is very low. During the referendum campaign the hon the Minister announced quite a lot of measures to protect people. Notwithstanding the excellent job the SA Police is doing, I wish to put forward another two proposals.

Firstly I want to repeat that we need a 24-hour foot patrol. Secondly I am extending an invitation to the hon the Minister—I see they are advertising in the *Chatsworth Sun* for support for the NP—to make his presence felt in the Casbah area. I am inviting not only him, but also Black, Coloured and White leaders, to come to the Casbah area so that they can see that we are looking after all communities. I ask him please not to refuse this invitation. [Time expired.]

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: Mr Chairman, I can only say to the hon member for Chatsworth Central once again that I understand the problem. We are well aware of the situation. There is definitely not an apathy within the SA Police; we do not accept this situation. We are using all kinds of methods, such as better and more modern methods of policing and more policemen to fight this situation. Somebody said something about a camera. [Interjections.] I have announced that that is the sort of thing we are going to do. We are even going back in time by instituting some old, proven methods, such as bicycle patrols. We are really doing our best.

The Government was kind enough to allow a tremendous increase in the allocation made to the SA Police in comparison with the increase in the budget of other departments. We have to be very grateful for this increase.

At the same time, however, we want to step up our police protection. I want to draw the attention of the hon member to the fact that there are foot patrols in that area.

I said so in my initial speech. I could repeat myself, but I do not think that is necessary. We go out of our way. We had a special crime prevention clean-up in which we used 200 members of the Force. Hon members must remember that we draw those members from other areas just to concentrate on a certain area. So, although I understand the problem, we are doing our best, and I think we are succeeding. As I proved here today, the crime rate is decreasing.

In conclusion, I want to appeal to the people of this country to report crimes to the SAP. Unless they do so, we cannot deal with the problem.

Debate concluded.

Own Affairs:

Shopping complex in Chatsworth: agreement cancelled

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Housing:

(1) Whether his Department has cancelled any purchase and sales agreement in respect of any shopping complex in Chatsworth; if so, what are the relevant details;

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



# Criminals blamed 36

*Sowetan 7/4/92*

Sowetan Correspondent

**CONFIDENT** criminals who believe the death penalty is not in operation was one of the main reasons for the recent increase in serious crimes in Durban.

This is the view of Lieutenant-Colonel Vlaggies Roux, head of the Durban Murder and Robbery Unit, following the sudden spate of murders in Durban and surrounding areas over the past fortnight.

He said many criminals

appeared to act under the premise that if a new government came into power they (the criminals) would be granted amnesty and freed from jail.

Last week was a particularly busy period for crime-busters in Natal with four killings in five days, stretching detectives to their limits.

"What we are seeing now is a sudden surge of confidence among crimi-

nals. They are callous people who have no value for human life, not even their own.

"The brutal killing of Mrs Violet West at her home in Padfield Park, Pinetown, last week clearly demonstrates this point. The victim was a frail woman who was stabbed 38 times.

"Criminals are becoming increasingly brazen. In most of the killings, rob-

bery has been the prime motive. There were no reasons to shoot or stab their victims.

"Take the killing at Groutville on Tuesday. The victim Miss Dhanpathy Ramlall was preparing to pray when she was attacked. Another cold-blooded murder was that of an Umbilo cafe owner last month. His only sin was that he pressed the alarm button. He was shot dead," said Roux.

Roux said that in February his unit investigated six

murders including that of a policeman.

Last month there were eight murders. The first day of April started with the slaying of Mr Wolf Bense, who was hacked to death at his home in Margate.

Roux added that in most of the killings the victims had been "soft targets".

"Our success rate in solving the murders is about 93 percent this year. "My detectives are being stretched to the limit and they have done a great job," said Roux.

# And another killer cop goes free

Wymark 8/5-14/5/92

**BY ENOCH MTHEMBU**  
ANOTHER killer policeman has been released after serving only 17 months of his 18-year sentence for two counts of murder. SAP Constable Thulani Phillip Choeni was released early this year after receiving a stiff sentence for shooting down two people and attempting to murder a third, because they had accidentally bumped his car earlier in the day.

The 30-year-old Choeni was employed by the SAP car theft unit at Empangeni in 1989. On February 5 1989 Choeni was driving in an unmarked (private) SAP vehicle when he collided with a car driven by

Thulani Zwane. Zwane's friends Arthur Morolong and Sibusiso Madondo were in the car at the time. All three fled the scene of the collision immediately. Six hours later, Choeni tracked down the three to their flat in Esikhawini. Zwane—who survived the attack—told the Mthunzini Supreme Court in Zululand that he was sleeping in a bedroom when he heard the first shots from an adjacent room. Zwane jumped out the window. Choeni found Morolong and Madondo in the other room and shot them in the eye at point-blank range. Choeni told the court that he used all

the bullets in his gun as well as putting in a new magazine and kept shooting at Morolong and Madondo as they lay bleeding on their beds. "I was doing that because I was angry when these people bumped my car," said Choeni in court. "When I approached them they said why should I worry because this is a government car. They didn't want to tell me who was driving when they bumped my car." Nhlanhla Kubheka—who was in the main bedroom during the shooting—said he heard Choeni shouting: "I will kill all of you and get through with the case." Choeni claimed that he was under the influence of liquor after drinking two pints of beer. Mr Justice NS Page, in passing sentence, said that the only factor that saved Choeni from the gallows was that "his emotions were so bizarre" that they disturbed him from having good judgment of what he was doing. For this reason only did he conclude that the extreme penalty was inappropriate. Judge Page convicted Choeni on two counts of murder and one of attempted murder. On 17 August 1990, he was handed three sentences to run concurrently, totalling 18 years.



**N**ATAL universities appear to have become a seedbed for criminals — with gangs of armed robbers operating on campuses behind the guise of academia.

Most incidents reported this year have involved students arrested for off-campus criminal activity or intruders masquerading as students.

Since the beginning of the year, seven students from the University of Zululand have been arrested in connection with a spate of armed robberies, stolen cars, unlicensed firearms and rapes around Durban and Zululand.

Many of the students arrested or sought by police are doing postgraduate degrees and are political activists on campus.

University of Zululand chief of security Kenny Mackay said three separate gangs had been arrested on campus for armed robberies and serious criminal cases since March.

●The first gang was arrested for a bank robbery in Stanger during which R15 000 was stolen. Police recovered a stolen car used during the robbery, as well as a substantial amount of money.

Three students — Themba Mwalase, Thabani Cele and Mfanafuthi Ndlovu — have been charged in the Durban Regional Court with armed robbery, car theft and possession of unlicensed

## Thieves in the ivory towers

*Students at universities in Natal have taken time off from their studies to take part in armed robberies.*  
**Weekly Mail Reporter**

firearms, according to Durban Murder and Robbery Squad spokesman Colonel Elaggies Roux. A fourth person wanted for questioning in connection with the incident, Job Sithole, is on the run. Sithole, doing his honours in African languages, as well as LLB student Mwalase are well-known members of the Azanian Students' Congress.

●Two alleged members of a gang, Cedric Koltjas and Mduduzi Mthethwa, were arrested on April 24 with a stolen car, and in possession of an AK47 and Makarov semi-automatic pistol. They appeared in Mtunzini Regional Court on April 27 and were denied bail. Koltjas, a final-year educa-

tion student, is a former member of the Students' Representative Council and an executive member of the local South African National Students' Congress branch.

●Late last year, University of Durban-Westville student Pika Ndlovu — doing a BSc Engineering course — was shot dead by a security guard during a robbery in Isipingo. A friend of his was arrested and sentenced to four years' imprisonment for the robbery.

●Female students at the Westville hostels fear for their safety after a male student allegedly made three attempts to rape a woman last month. According to UDW spokesman Dr Mike Sutcliffe, a man was arrested by university security, but no formal charges have been laid against him.

●A Natal University student was arrested in connection with an armed robbery at the local Rotary Club in February this year.

●Last month two of the university's students were arrested for an Amanzimtoti robbery.

●Natal University spokesman Pat Duminy said five males dressed as students had robbed the campus' Nedbank branch of R8 000 last Tuesday. Despite these cases, however, she said campus crime appeared to be on the decrease this year.



- \* rural land with a view to the acquisition thereof for purposes of agricultural settlement;
- \* the planning and development of such land; and
- \* the allocation of such land.

Within this context and these parameters the Advisory Commission have received applications from a broad spectrum of individuals and communities across the country. Various enquiries and discussions have already taken place. No advice on how to deal with the applications has as yet been submitted to the State President. Some requests and representations could not be considered due to the fact that the relevant applications fell outside the ambit of the Advisory Commission's statutory powers.

- (2) No. The Advisory Commission is an independent creation of statute which must advise the State President. It would not be proper for me to make any statements prior to or in anticipation of reports still to be forwarded to the State President.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister's reply, could he tell this House whether any applications were made for the return of vacant property held by State departments to former owners of those properties?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I think the answer to that question is yes. However, I am not able to supply full details in that regard, because, as I have indicated, the advisory commission is an independent body, and does not function within the ambit of my Ministry. I do not receive information directly from that commission, and therefore I shall have to make enquiries.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, could he let us know what the policy of the State is concerning restitution and redistribution, on matters relating to the return of land that was expropriated?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I refer to the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition to the White Paper we published last year on the whole process that we utilized in Parliament during the course of 1991. This led, *inter alia*, to the

establishment of the Advisory Commission on Land Allocation. Within the ambit of this commission and of discussions, we reached consensus in Parliament on how to deal with this. The other matters should be debated elsewhere.

The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, is he aware of the fact that undertakings were given by former Ministers of Community Development that resettlement premises would be supplied and restoration of land, wherever applicable, would be done on the basis of the cost price at the date of construction or acquisition? If such undertakings are confirmed, is the State prepared to honour them?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I have made a note of the points the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition has raised. I am not aware of these undertakings given by other Ministers, because I do not deal with that portfolio. However, I will have the matter investigated and then supply the hon the Leader of the Official Opposition with an answer.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, will he concede that, primarily because we are in a reconciliation mode, the activities of this particular advisory commission should be completed as soon as possible?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I do think it is important that the activities of the Advisory Commission on Land Allocation should be completed as soon as possible. However, I also believe those investigations should be done properly. One cannot hasten a body which has to investigate fully all the circumstances, and then has to come up with definite advice for the hon the State President.

**Death of certain person of Phoenix**

\*2. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether the South African Police have investigated the circumstances relating to the death of a certain person of Phoenix who died of brain injuries allegedly sustained as a result of police action on or about 22 March 1992, and whose name has been furnished to the Police for the

purpose of the Minister's reply; if not, why not; if so, what are the findings;

- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? D154E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, a case of murder has been investigated by the South African Police. Except for an identification parade, to be held in the coming week, and the post mortem report, which is still being awaited, investigations have already been completed. The case docket will be handed to the Attorney-General for his decision as soon as these aspects have been dealt with.
- (2) No.

*Business interrupted in accordance with Rule 180C (3) of the Standing Rules of Parliament.*

**Rezoning of sites: Lenasia/Lenasia South**

\*3. Mrs R EBRAHIM asked the Minister of Local Government and National Housing:

- (1) Whether any residential, crèche or religious sites in the Lenasia and Lenasia South area have been rezoned by his Department for business purposes since January 1989; if so, what sites;
- (2) whether any betterment fees were paid; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details;
- (3) whether the comments of the respective management committees were obtained in this regard; if not, why not; if so, what were their comments;
- (4) whether he will make a statement on the matter? D160E

The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING:

- (1) Yes, the following sites have been rezoned from residential, crèche, or religious sites for business purposes since January 1989:
  - (a) Erf 1879, Lenasia South
  - (b) Erf 136, Lenasia
  - (c) Erf 4423, Lenasia
  - (d) Erf 2612, Lenasia

- (e) Erf 4859, Lenasia Extension 4
- (f) Erven 2434 and 2437, Lenasia Extension 1.

(2) Yes. Particulars with regard to betterment fees are as follows:

- (a) Erf 1879, Lenasia South: No betterment fees were necessary because no services had to be improved.
- (b) Erf 136, Lenasia: Dispute with the calculation of the betterment fees. Contribution is being recalculated.
- (c) Erf 4423, Lenasia: No betterment fees were necessary because no services had to be improved.
- (d) Erf 2612, Lenasia: No betterment fees were necessary because no services had to be improved.
- (e) Erf 4859, Lenasia Extension 4: Contribution R506,00.
- (f) Erven 2434 and 2437, Lenasia Extension 1: Contribution R236,00.

(3) Yes. Comments are as follows:

- (a) Erf 1879, Lenasia South: Committee supported the application.
- (b) Erf 136, Lenasia: Committee objected.
- (c) Erf 4423, Lenasia: Committee had no objection.
- (d) Erf 2612, Lenasia: Committee was consulted. (Comments not available.)
- (e) Erf 4859, Lenasia Extension 4: Committee objected.
- (f) Erven 2434 and 2437, Lenasia Extension 1: Committee objected.

(4) No.

**Overseas women wrestlers**

\*4. Mr K PANDAY asked the Minister of National Education:

- (1) Whether he intends allowing overseas women wrestlers to take part in wrestling contests in South Africa; if not, why not; if so, when;
- (2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? D171E



(36)

# Marching to another tune

WIMM 22/5-28/5/92  
Weekly Mail Reporters

LAST Friday was meant to be Sergeant Siphwe Mvuyane's wedding day. Instead of marching down the aisle, the notorious kwaZulu policeman was led out of the detention cells into the CR Swart Regional Court in Durban.

He had been arrested by Montclair South African Police members at his home in Umlazi last Wednesday, on charges of extortion, illegal possession of weapons (all KZP-issued) and explosives, and alleged operation of a protection racket — along with 10 other gang members. Mvuyane was granted R5 000 bail last Friday.

His arrest is seen as a breakthrough in the SAP's response to the Natal unrest, coming on the heels of recent SAP arrests of KZP hit-squad member Vela Mchunu and Jerry Mdanda.

Mvuyane is perhaps the most loved and feared man in Natal. He has been implicated in more than 30 murders, and still walks free. In July 1990, Mvuyane was appearing in the Umlazi Magistrate's Court when, ordered into police custody, he drew his pistol and walked out of the court. A few days later, he arrested the magistrate who had given the order, claiming he had assaulted a KZP colleague.

When Mvuyane was implicated by witnesses in the murder of Lamontville youth Austin Zwane on August 7 1990, the Umlazi station commander refused SAP members from Montclair access to Mvuyane's gun for ballistic tests. The investigation has since stalled.

Mvuyane's arrest by the SAP was, by admission of the investigating officer Detective Warrant Officer JW Bronkhurst, in defiance of the jurisdiction issue — the SAP have always refused to assist in investigations in kwaZulu areas.

"We've been trying to get hold of this guy (Mvuyane) for a long time, but we were prevented because of this jurisdiction thing," said Bronkhurst, who is part of the Unrest and Violent Crime Investigation Unit.

brought to the notice of the Government of Kwazulu.

**Cultivation of cannabis: Okhahlamba magisterial district**

\*6. Mr R J LORIMER asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether it has been reported to the South African Police that cannabis is being cultivated in the Amangwane Tribal Ward area in the Okhahlamba magisterial district of the Upper Tugela Location; if not, why not; if so,
- (2) whether any action has been taken against those responsible; if not, why not; if so, (a) what action and (b) by whom?

B717E

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) No. The South African Police is aware of the situation.

(2) Yes.

(a) Mopping up operations and the investigation of cannabis offences gave rise to 65 arrests and 46 cases registered pertaining to the possession of cannabis between 15 November 1991 and 15 June 1992. During the above period a total of 25 867 kg of cannabis was confiscated.

(b) Members attached to SANAB assisted by other units of the South African Police took part in these operations.

Mr R J LORIMER: Mr Chairman, arising from the hon the Minister's reply, can he tell us whether there is any possibility of stopping the growing of dagga there through police action, in view of the fact that such enormous environmental degradation is taking place which is damaging an area which supplies something like 10% of the Witwatersrand's water and 30% of that of Natal?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I think we would like to stop the growing of dagga wherever we can. To take out or stop the growing of dagga by hand is a very costly exercise, as the hon member will understand. At the moment we are looking into the use of, and we are already using, chemicals to kill young dagga plants. [Interjec-

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tions.] We are doing this according to the strict rules prescribed by the United Nations about which chemicals can be used.

In answer to the hon member's question I say yes, we will try to stop this to the best of our ability. We are doing so, but it is a costly operation, and where smaller patches are being grown, it is extremely difficult to use chemicals against such plants. [Interjections.]

Mr R J LORIMER: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, I should like to ask him whether he would not take a trip up there to see for himself that these are not small areas. It is evident that there a huge fields of dagga which are planted up and down the mountains, so that tremendous erosion is taking place. These are not just little areas, but enormous areas.

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I bow to the hon member's superior knowledge about dagga and will see to this when I can. [Interjections.]

†Adv C H PIENNAAR: Mr Chairman, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, I want to ask him whether the use of "Folldol" has been considered. [Interjections.]

Ladybrand post office: post office boxes

\*7. Mr C E HERTZOG asked the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications:†

- (1) Whether he or his Department recently received representations in connection with post office boxes that had not been installed at the Ladybrand post office; if so, (a) when were the representations received, (b) by whom were they made and (c) how long has installation been awaited;
- (2) whether any steps are envisaged in this regard; if not, why not; if so, what steps;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

B722E

†The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING AND OF MANPOWER (for the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications):

- (1) Yes.
- (a) 17 June 1991.

(b) Mr C E Hertzog, MP. Installation of additional private boxes could, as yet, not be undertaken for the reason I shall furnish against item 2.

- (2) Yes. The provision of additional private boxes is to be undertaken simultaneously with other additions and internal alterations to the post office building. The architectural working drawings in this regard have been completed. If nothing unforeseen occurs tenders for the execution of the work should be invited during August/September 1992.
- (3) Yes. As the existing post office building no longer meets the requirements of a functional post office it is regarded essential not only to provide additional private boxes, but to also effect certain alterations to the building with a view to improving the working conditions of the staff as well as the level of service to the public. In this regard several options had to be considered in terms of practicability as well as economy. Although a decision as to the best way of reaching the objective was reached some time ago the planning of the project had to be fitted in with that of numerous other projects countrywide.

SARCC: loss of revenue owing to boycott

\*8. Mr J CHIOLE asked the Minister of Transport:†

- (1) What was the total loss of revenue for the South African Rail Commuter Corporation as a result of the boycotting of the said corporation's services during April/May 1992 because violence is allegedly not being combated;
- (2) (a) what is the additional cost per year of security in respect of rail commuting services planned by *inter alia* the South African Police and announced after 19 February 1992 and (b) what is the nature of the above-mentioned planned security;
- (3) whether it is envisaged to make provision for part of or for the total cost of security in the said corporation's budget; if so, (a) what is envisaged in this regard and (b) for what reasons?

B729E

†The MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND NATIONAL HOUSING AND OF MANPOWER (for the Minister of Transport):

Mr Chairman, the reply to this question is approximately one page long and with the leave of the House I would like to table it on behalf of the hon the Minister of Transport, otherwise I shall read it.

†Mr J CHIOLE: Mr Chairman, I think it is important that cognizance is taken of that. I therefore request that the answer be read.

†The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I read it as follows:

- (1) The estimated loss in income for the SA Rail Commuter Corporation due to the boycott action is R2,0 million. For the sake of completion it has to be pointed out that the boycott action was started on 2 May 1992, but that it really gained momentum from 4 to 8 May 1992. The boycott was terminated on Sunday, 10 May 1992.
- (2) The SA Police indicated that—

- (a) an amount of R44 800 800 has been budgeted for the securing of commuter services for the 1992/93 financial year. No cost additional to the budgeted amount is envisaged as all services in this regard will be rendered by means of existing manpower, logistics and funds; and
- (b) the planned security action comprises of two components, namely:
  - (i) 1 234 members of the SA Police in the Vaal Triangle area are being incorporated in a special unit for securing commuter services, under control of a senior officer of the SA Police; and
  - (ii) the SA Police will have over-all responsibility with the support of the Management of the SA Rail Commuter Corporation, the SA Rail Commuter Corporation Security Services and community organizations.
- (3) Yes. Provision for an amount of R38 million for security has been made in the

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one room and carrying out essential renovation work, which included re-placement of toilet and bathroom fittings, was R18 009;

(2) Vote 4L1—Works Branch—Minor Works;

(3) (a) and (b) the flat is being used as an overnight and changing facility, as well as a Durban office and meeting venue for the Deputy Director-General: Health Services and his senior staff. The purpose is inter alia to save on overnight hotel accommodation.

Number of murders in Natal Midlands/Natal

307. Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many murders were reported in (a) the Natal Midlands and (b) Natal in 1988, 1989, 1990 and 1991, respectively;
- (2) with reference to the murders reported, (a) how many cases have resulted in (i) an investigation, (ii) prosecution and (iii) conviction and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1)	1988	1989	1990	1991
(a)	1 971	1 718	2 132	1 882
(b)	4 650	4 481	5 642	4 986

- (2) (a) (i) The number of cases reported is the same as the number of cases investigated.

(ii)	1988	1989	1990	1991
	803	654	670	671
	2 193	1 945	2 086	2 079

(iii) Although the particulars of convictions are kept by means of fingerprint records, statistics as such are not kept by the South African Police.

(b) 31 December 1991.

- (3) whether the Government has taken or is going to take any steps in this regard; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) when?

B755E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) No.
- (2) Falls away.
- (3) (a) and (b)

No, private security firms are regulated by the Security Officers Act, No 92 of 1987.

Section 12 of the Act determines the requirements with which security officers must comply.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Total amount collected in GST

309. Mr A E DE WET asked the Minister of Finance:

- What, in respect of the 1990-91 financial year, was the total amount of general sales tax collected in (a) the whole of South Africa and (b) each of the (i) provinces and (ii) self-governing territories?

The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

1990/91-financial year

(a)	Total	1986/87	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91
(b)						
	Cape Province	4 289 300 964	1 805 391 418	11 297 961 181	622 986 700	5 995 852
	Natal	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	Transvaal	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	Orange Free State	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	Lebowa	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	Gazankulu	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	KwaZulu	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	OwaOwa	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	Kangwane	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787
	KwaNdebele	2 737 360	12 958 936	5 726 007	2 652 727	1 129 787

Tax revenue from mining industry

317. Dr F H PAUW asked the Minister of Finance:

- In respect of each of the latest specified five years for which information is available, (a) what was the tax revenue from the mining industry and (b) what percentage did this constitute of the total (i) revenue of this industry and (ii) State revenue?

B789E

The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

(a)	Financial year	Rm
	1986/87	3 450
	1987/88	2 838
	1988/89	2 552
	1989/90	2 274
	1990/91	2 201

(b) (i) Not available

(ii) Financial year

Financial year	Percentage
1986/87	10,1%
1987/88	7,5%
1988/89	5,3%
1989/90	3,7%
1990/91	3,3%

Clinics for sexually transmitted diseases: amount allocated

341. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of National Health:
- What total amount was allocated for the (a) running of clinics for sexually transmitted diseases and (b) establishment of new clinics for such diseases in the Republic for the 1991-92 financial year?

B833E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH:

- (a) R183 010 million was spent on subsidizing local authorities for the rendering of primary health care services which included sexually transmitted diseases and
- (b) R8 962 million was allocated for the establishment of new services.

Sources of GST: certain magisterial districts

308. Mr A E DE WET asked the Minister of Finance:

- What were the sources of general sales tax collected in the magisterial districts of (a) Bloemfontein, (b) Welkom, (c) Odendaarsrus, (d) Virginia, (e) Sasolburg, (f) Kroonstad, (g) Bethlehem, (h) Hartismuth and (i) Bothaville in the 1989-90 and 1990-91 financial years, respectively?

B770E

The MINISTER OF FINANCE:

The information requested is not available at present. I have requested my Department to contact the hon member with a view to discussing which available information of this nature may be of assistance to him.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

# R5 000 'to kill ANC man'

W/maail 12/6-18/6/92

By LENA SLACHMUIJLDER

AN UNIDENTIFIED group of 15 camouflaged and balaclava-clad white, coloured and African men is alleged to have promised R5 000 each to a gang of criminals in Inanda, outside Durban, to help them assassinate the local African National Congress leader and his cohorts.

One of the whites, speaking Afrikaans, allegedly asked the criminals if they wanted to help the police kill ANC Inanda branch chairman and key local activist Tinzi Dlodla. Democratic Party unrest monitor Roy Ainslie has detailed records suggesting a long-standing security force vendetta against Dlodla, who is under arrest and faces attempted murder charges.

Details of the alleged planning of an attack on Dlodla are given in an affidavit by 44-year-old Inanda resident David Cebukhulu, who says he was abducted on the night of May 3 and pushed into the back of a yellow police van by balaclava-clad English, Afrikaans and Shangaan-speakers later found to be led by a sergeant in the South African Police riot unit.

Police and the South African Defence Force have denied that any of their members were in the area on the night in question.

After being repeatedly questioned as to Dlodla's whereabouts, Cebukhulu says he was hit on the head by two of the white men in the group, and threatened with death if he did not tell the "truth".

He was then taken to area 4 of Congo, where a large group of people known to Cebukhulu as criminals were waiting. Cebukhulu says he was pushed in the back of the police van, and noticed two SADF Hippos nearby.

While in the van, Cebekhulu says he overheard a discussion between the criminals and a white, Afrikaans-speaking man, speaking through a translator, who told them if they wanted to work with the police and get "Tinzi (Dlodla) and their friends", they should go to area 3 — where Dlodla lives — and start shooting.

This would force Dlodla and his friends to come out armed, whereupon the police — who would be stationed nearby — would shoot them. The man, he said, promised each criminal R5 000 if they "were prepared to work hard".

Cebekhulu says the operation was on the point of being finalised and a date set, when the group realised that he might be listening and broke off the discussion.

Dlodla, Inanda's most prominent ANC activist, has been a focus of police attention for some time. According to reports compiled by Ainslie, Dlodla was sent to hospital on July 18 last year after being assaulted by Criminal Intelligence Service members travelling in an unmarked vehicle.

Ten days later, he again needed medical care after an assault by SAP and SADF members. Nine days later, he was "arrested" by eight armed men in civilian clothes. Police said dockets regarding Dlodla's assault have been forwarded to the attorney general.

Civic member Vusi Mohapi told *The Weekly Mail* that on several occasions residents were turned away from the local police station when attempting to lay criminal charges, and told "just go and bring us Tinzi".

Mohapi said that on May 22, two residents were shot dead, and suspects were identified. When residents attempted to report the incident to the SAP station at Emtshebeni, they were told that the police "only wanted Tinzi" and refused to open a docket. Only after lawyers intervened was the case opened.

Dlodla has now been arrested on charges of attempted murder and intimidation and denied bail. Residents allege that the man he is alleged to have attacked, Siphos Mpanza, was in fact shot by the security forces while dispersing a rent boycott meeting. Contacted for comment, the SADF said they had no record of an incident on the day of Mpanza's shooting.



## Warning to UK tourists from consul

By Bronwyn Wilkinson  
and Own Correspondent

The British consul in Durban, Jamie Waterton, warned British tourists yesterday to avoid remote areas and isolated beaches after the rape on Tuesday of a British woman on a beach at Umgababa on the Natal South Coast. *STAR*

The rape, which follows last week's savage murder of two British women, is expected to prompt some UK newspapers to discourage again the public from visiting South Africa.

After the murders, Fleet Street newspapers, which carried the horror attack across their front pages, urged their readers to cancel any planned holidays to the Republic. *STAR*

Britain has not yet officially warned citizens to avoid touring the country. *16/12/92*

Police said the rape victim, in her forties, was reading on a rock on the beach at Umgababa, which was recently declared an unrest area, at about 8.30 am when two youths — one with a knife, the other with a screwdriver — dragged her under a bush and raped her.

Crime - kwa Zulu NATAL

1993 - 1999



**P**RIVATE security companies are becoming embroiled in Natal's war zones, where the line between political and criminal violence is increasingly blurred.

At least two companies and scores of individual security guards have been implicated in the political conflict between the African National Congress and the Inkatha Freedom Party. Exacerbating the situation is a lack of adequate controls and the fact that the companies are often staffed by former security force members and rightwingers.

Security companies and guards operating in kwaZulu are not subject to the restrictions imposed by the Security Officers Board, which stipulates that all companies and their employees be registered and that all employees have clean records. In effect, a convicted mass murderer may work as a security guard in kwaZulu.

Employees of Reaction Against Theft (Rat) have allegedly participated in attacks in Umlazi township. According to Umlazi residents, the Rat guards were approached by Inkatha-aligned councillors to help in an attack on ANC supporters last year. They said the Rat guards wore brown camouflage uniforms and that while men in identical garb were spotted at the scene of the conflict.

Shane Lockston, who heads Rat, allegedly sells rounds of ammunition to IFP supporters. He denied this, saying: "I can't afford to sell ammunition to Inkatha. I would lose my licence for weapons and have to close down."

Lockston also denied that his guards had participated in any violence, though he added that he had heard rumours to this effect. "I'm not at the site, I don't know what the guys are doing in the day. You don't know who you're employing these days. I employ 90 percent whites, and half of them are Afrikaner Weerstandsbeweging members. The AWB is Inkatha-orientated."

A source in the industry said many security company bosses had joined the IFP, which gives them easy access to gun licences in kwaZulu. Last year kwaZulu leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi issued a statement saying gun licences must be given on demand to IFP members, to protect their communities.

Gavin Ainsworth, a manager at Springbok Patrols, denied that he is an IFP member, though he was photographed as a delegate at the IFP's annual conference last year, wearing IFP garb.

According to security guards, their bosses prefer to recruit IFP members. Two employees

# Security industry booms in Natal

W/Max 512-11/2/93.

*Private security firms are having a field day in kwaZulu, where they are unregulated and the line between political and criminal violence is blurred.* By PHILIPPA GARSON and SARA BLECHER

from CRG in Empangeni said they had been told they would be fired if they refused to become "informers" for their boss. Their company refused to employ ANC supporters, they said.

The industry source said: "Because of the good relations between Inkatha and the AWB, we employ mostly Inkatha members. When a person applies, he is asked about his political affiliation. But there's no trust of Inkatha people either. So those who do the dirty work are mostly whites."

"Most of the white members in the security companies are AWB members or sympathisers. Most companies take former army or South African Police guys because it's cheaper. They don't have to be trained."

The source described security companies as "the best front you can use. You can work in the townships and no one's going to ask you what's going on."

"People in companies do get up to things that are not necessarily company policy. There's no control over them, like in the police force. They work as individuals. The owner isn't in the field, he sits in his office. The guys in the field can do what they like."

Many guards, he added, move from one company to another to avoid detection. "A guy will pull off a job, maybe there'll be an unnecessary killing, then he'll move off to the next company."

Security Officers Board registrar Frans Lubbe confirmed that some companies were moving their offices to kwaZulu, where they do not fall



Gavin Ainsworth, a manager at Springbok Patrols, photographed at the IFP's annual conference last year, wearing IFP garb

under the ambit of the Security Officers Act.

"They are not compelled to register there," Lubbe said. "But that's kwaZulu's problem. They should say they would like to have them registered in terms of our Act. They don't fall under our control, but there's nothing we can do about it."

Even if a company is registered in South Africa, it may use unregistered guards in kwaZulu. Many Natal townships, like Umlazi and kwaMashu, which are a mere stone's throw from Durban, also fall under kwaZulu's jurisdiction.

Since the board was established in September 1989, it has registered 100 000 security personnel, who are subjected to extensive screening. According to Lubbe, "terrible stuff" has been weeded out in the screening process. "Some of the potential security officers we've eliminated are habitual criminals," he said.

The board has lodged an application in the Durban Supreme Court to shut down the business of controversial Combat Force director

Norman Reeves. In the murder trial last October of a Combat Force employee, it emerged that Reeves had issued "shoot to kill" instructions to his guards and offered R100 "bonuses" for every "black head".

During the trial, Mr Justice P Meskin referred to Combat Force as "nothing less than an unlawful private army". The trial led to an investigation of Reeves and his company by Natal attorney general Karl Koenig, which is still under way.

Reeves employs ex-32 Battalion and Selous Scouts members, and also uses *kitskonstabels* and police ammunition for his security operations. He was fined last year for possessing a number of unlicensed firearms, some belonging to the SAP.

Last week, the controversial director and his guards were at the centre of conflict between taxi drivers and a kwaZulu-owned bus company, Eagle Liner Intercity Coach Services, in Durban. Employed by the bus company to protect passengers and the driver, Reeves and his armed guards provoked angry responses from a crowd after arresting a man.

In Port Shepstone on New Year's Eve, a white security guard shot several people, injuring four, at a taxi rank. The incident occurred during a skirmish between residents and off-duty police, who arrived at the rank in a bakkie with covered number plates. A security guard from Balam Security also arrived and opened fire. Witnesses said the guard had arrived together with the off-duty police, but the police denied this. Peace monitors now fear that the carefully negotiated peace pact in the area is in jeopardy.

Evidence of the involvement of private security companies in political violence is not restricted to Natal.

In the Ciskei, Peaceforce, which aims to hire 2 000 people — the size of the Ciskei Defence Force — was involved in an incident in November during which schoolchildren were shot.

The Goldstone Commission is also investigating an incident where guards from Springbok Patrols were allegedly involved in an attack on train commuters in Soweto in November last year.

Lubbe said he had never received any information implicating security companies in violence: "Maybe there are certain security officers with political preferences, but they have specific duties prescribed by their employers."

No employers, Lubbe added, would admit to having political agendas.

# A-Team members join police force

w/ Mail 19/2 - 25/2/93

By ENOCH MTHEMBU

AT least two members of the "A-Team" gang, notorious in the Durban townships, have joined the South African Police.

Originally a criminal gang in Chesterville, the A-Team was expelled from the township and moved to kwaMashu in the mid-1980s, where members joined an equally feared gang called the AmaSinyora. An affidavit by a former gang member, Bheki Mvubu, states that the gang assisted the kwaZulu Police and the Inkatha Freedom Party. He said that Mandla Shabalala, whom he described as an Inanda warlord, gave weapons and IFP membership to the gangsters.

The gang earned notoriety for its brutal attacks on United Democratic Front activists. Mvubu said an Inkatha strongman, whom he named as "Shozi", used to fetch them to fight comrades at Umlazi.

Recently, a *Weekly Mail* reporter saw the former gang leader, Phemba Mpanza, in a constable's uniform at the Lamontville police station. He refused to be interviewed, but station commander Captain A Shamase confirmed that Mpanza had "worked for years" for the police. Another former gang member, Constable Msuthu Molefe, is based at CR Swart police headquarters in Durban. Two other members, Sifiso Mbambo and a man known only as Bhunu, are also said to have joined the SAP.

Asked about Mpanza and Molefe's gang links, police spokesman Bala Naidoo refused to comment.



	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(gi)	(gii)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Claremont	3	2	56	116	10	83	422	114	103	935	007
Steenberg	22	7	399	523	62	211	101	72	309	795	014
Kirstenhof	6	7	58	84	2	33	96	65	98	439	006

Note:  
(gi) — Motor vehicles  
(gii) — Bicycles

**Natal: murders**

53. Mr L FUCHS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many murders were reported in (a) the Natal Midlands and (b) Natal in 1992;
- (2) with reference to the murders reported, (a) how many cases have resulted in (i) an investigation, (ii) prosecution and (iii) conviction and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

B146E

**The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:**

- (1) (a) 2 175  
(b) 3 397
- (2) (a) (i) Natal 3 397, Natal Midlands 2 175  
(ii) 1 296, 614  
(iii) 456, 183  
(b) 1 January 1992 to 31 December 1992.

Persons awaiting trial: period of time between arrest/sentencing

54. Mr A J LEON asked the Minister of Correctional Services:

- (a) What, in respect of persons awaiting trial in prisons, was the average period of time that elapsed between arrest and sentencing calculated as at the last day of each month in 1992 and (b) what was the (i) age and (ii) gender distribution of persons awaiting trial in that year?

The MINISTER OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES:

- (a) The precise information cannot be provided to the Honourable Member as it is, *inter alia*, not centrally available and

there are various practical problems with the recording of such statistics. In this regard I refer to my reply of 26 February 1992 in the House of Assembly to question number 87 for written reply (Hansard coll 313-315) and wish to quote the following appropriate section:

“Statistics out of an exercise which was done on 2 January 1991 of all awaiting-trial prisoners who were detained in South African prisons on that day, are as follows:

25,7% — 1 day until 14 days  
30,5% — 14 days until 1 month  
33,3% — 1 month until 3 months  
8,3% — 3 months until 6 months  
2,5% — Longer than 6 months

A further spot check at the Johannesburg, Pretoria, Pollsmoor, Witbank, Durban and Port Elizabeth Prisons on 13 February 1992 where a total of 10 999 awaiting-trial prisoners were in detention on that day, delivered the following statistical data:

26,33% — 1 day until 14 days  
22,48% — 14 days until 1 month  
32,74% — 1 month until 3 months  
2,16% — 3 months until 6 months  
16,29% — Longer than 6 months

(i) and (ii)

As on 31 December 1992.

Age	Male	Female
Younger than 20 years	4 522	166
20 years and younger	5 197	186
than 25 years	9 574	384
25 years and older		
Total	19 293	736

Grand total: 20 029

Section 29 of the Correctional Services Act, 1959 (Act No 8 of 1959) stipulates,

*inter alia*, that a person under the age of eighteen years who is accused of having committed an offence shall not be detained in a prison prior to his conviction unless his detention is essential and no suitable place of safety as mentioned in the Child Care Act, 1983 (Act No 74 of 1983) is available for his detention. In every such case the particular judicial officer issues a certificate to this effect. In deciding on the suitability of the place of detention, the nature of the offence with which a person is charged is taken into account as well as age, sex, character etc.

The MINISTER OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES:

- (a) and (b) Yes

A juvenile who is detained in terms of section 29 of the Correctional Services Act, 1959 shall not be permitted to associate with a person over the age of 21 years who is in custody, excluding such a person who was charged jointly with him, provided the Head of the Prison is of the opinion that such association will not be detrimental to him. Juveniles are also separated with regard to age groups where facilities permit.

Discussions take place regularly between the Department of Correctional Services, the local magistrates, prosecutors and the South African Police with a view to keeping awaiting-trial juveniles out of prison.

As the Honourable Member may be aware, the Government has taken the initiative of addressing the problem of juveniles in custody by means of a Working Group with regard to Alternative Centres for Juveniles in Custody under the Chairmanship of the Deputy Minister of National Housing. This Working Group has already made good progress and issued various reports. Should the Honourable Member require more information in this regard, I suggest that he contact the Chairman of the Working Group concerned.

Whether any (a) awaiting-trial and (b) sentenced prisoners held in custody escaped from prisons in South Africa in 1992; if so, (i) how many prisoners escaped, (ii) from which prisons did they escape, and (iii) how many were recaptured, in each case?

The endeavour continually remains to eliminate escapes, hence every escape incident is thoroughly investigated in order to identify shortcomings and introduce preventive measures where necessary.

Appropriate disciplinary steps are taken in cases of negligence whilst in cases where aiding in escaping are suspected, the matter is reported to the SA Police for the necessary judicial process to take its course. Flaws which may be found to exist in directives are rectified while the correct application and fulfilment of directives are regularly brought to the attention of members. Defects to buildings and over-population are also factors attributing to escapes and corrective steps are also taken in this regard although financial implications sometimes play a restrictive role.



HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

QUESTIONS

Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Durban South police district: crime statistics

How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) robbery, (g) theft of vehicles and cycles, (h) damage to property, (i) house-breaking with intent to steal and theft and (j) possession of drugs were reported at each specified police station in the Durban South police district of the Natal Region in 1992?

B155E

61. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

26

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Amantsoyi	80	28	70	182	20	179	429	70	133	526
Brighton Beach	32	19	79	348	31	150	214	28	182	539
Lemonville	26	6	73	151	31	67	15	2	70	60
Louis Botha Airport	0	0	0	6	0	0	14	0	10	0
Montclair	92	19	97	207	30	311	180	7	106	339
Wentworth	17	4	206	625	26	94	74	11	266	263

National servicemen placed outside SADF

131. Lt-Gen R H D ROGERS asked the Minister of Defence:

(a) How many national servicemen in the (i) February 1992, (ii) August 1992 and (iii) February 1993 intakes were placed in organizations and institutions outside the South African Defence Force in terms of section 16 of the Defence Act, 1957 (Act No 44 of 1957), and (b) in which organizations and institutions were they placed?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(a)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(b)
(i) 29.				
(ii) 28.				
(iii) None (as on 3 March 1993).				
Advanced Technologies Engineering	2			
Armscor	3			
Atomic Energy Corporation of South Africa	1			
Constitutional Development Service	1			
Council for Mineral Technology	2			
Council for Scientific and Industrial Research	4			
Department of Agriculture and Development (Administration: House of Assembly)	3			
Department of Education and Culture (Administration: House of Assembly)	4			
Department of Local Government Housing and Works (Administration: House of Assembly)	2			
Department of Regional and Land Affairs	1			
Department of Water Affairs and Forestry	3			
ESD South	1			
Laboratory for Advanced Engineering (University of Pretoria)	4			
Office for Privatisation	1			
Office of the Auditor General	5			
Provincial Administration of Natal	2			

Provincial Administration of the Cape of Good Hope	4
Provincial Administration of the Orange Free State	2
South African Communication Service	1
Umgeni Water Board	1
	57

Radiographers: vacancies/students qualifying

161. Mr B B GOODALL asked the Minister of National Health:

(1) (a) How many vacant radiographer posts are there in all provinces and disciplines in South Africa and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished;

(2) (a) how many students qualified in radiography in each province at the end of 1991 and (b) how many of these radiographers were still in practice with the province concerned at the end of 1992?

B375E

The MINISTER OF NATIONAL HEALTH:

(1) (a) 177, and

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) Yes.	(a)	(b)	(c)
(a) 23			
(b)			
29 Jan 92	Kidnapping		
01 Feb 92	Assault		
01 Feb 92	Alleged assault		
21 Feb 92	Rape		
24 Feb 92	Housebreaking and rape		
02 Mar 92	Pointing a weapon and alleged assault		
07 Mar 92	Theft and assault		
10 Mar 92	Alleged assault		
13 Mar 92	Assault		
01 May 92	Shooting incident		
01 May 92	Attempted murder		
10 May 92	Attempted murder and assault		

(b) 1 January 1993;	
(2) (a) Transvaal—53, Cape—59, Natal—31, Orange Free State—21; and	
(b) Transvaal—48, Cape—16, Natal—17, Orange Free State—14.	

Troops in Black townships: complaints

171. Lt-Gen R H D ROGERS asked the Minister of Defence:

(1) Whether any official complaints were lodged with the South African Defence Force in 1992 regarding the actions of troops in any Black townships; if so, (a) how many, (b) on what dates and (c) what was the nature of the complaints in each case;

(2) whether these complaints have been investigated; if not, why not; if so, what were the findings in each case;

(3) whether any action has been taken as a result; if not, why not; if so, what action?

B385E

(2) and (3) Yes.	Finding/Action
	Case referred to AG.
	Members tried in civilian court. Admission of guilt of R300 paid.
	Claim instituted. Investigation continuing.
	Case still under investigation.
	Member is still absent without leave.
	Case investigated. Charge apparently unfounded.
	Case still under investigation.
	Case investigated. No grounds found for complaint.
	Member tried and found not guilty.
	Member awaiting trial.
	Member tried in civilian court. Case partly heard, postponed.
	Charge withdrawn.



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Immigrants to RSA

14. Mr T ABRAHAM asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

- (1) How many (a) Whites, (b) Blacks and (c) other persons legally immigrated into the Republic in each specified year during the period 1 January 1982 to 31 December 1992;
- (2) whether any incentives are offered to potential immigrants; if not, why not; if so, (a) to which of the above three categories of persons and (b) what are the details of these incentives? C62E

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:



Year Jan-Dec	(a)	(b) †	(c) †
	1982.....	45 662	
1983.....	30 385		
1984.....	28 691		
1985.....	17 195		
1986.....	6 947	2	45
1987.....	7 459	77	417
1988.....	9 592	160	648
1989.....	10 191	196	883
1990.....	12 299	302	1 898
** 1991 12 379			
*** 1992 7 563			

(2) Due to shortage of funds, financial aid by the Department of Home Affairs to immigrants was suspended with effect from 11 December 1991.

Note:  
\* Statistics as required by the hon member was only kept since 14 June 1986.  
\*\* Population group not available.  
\*\*\* Population group not available. The figure is for the period 1 January 1992 to 30 November 1992 as information for December 1992 is not available yet.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

General Affairs:

Natal Police Region: crime statistics

17. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- How many cases of (a) murder, (b) culpable homicide, (c) assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm, (d) common assault, (e) rape, (f) burglary of business premises, (g) burglary of residential premises, (h) robbery with aggravating circumstances, (i) robbery, (j) common theft, (k) theft of vehicles and cycles, (l) possession of drugs and (m) dealing in drugs were reported at the (i) Sydenham, (ii) Phoenix and (iii) Mayville police stations in the Natal Police Region in 1992? D88E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(a) .....	57	50	18
(b) .....	26	64	10
(c) .....	162	398	34
(d) .....	394	1 671	221
(e) .....	37	88	25
(f) .....	567	927	50
(g) .....	508	655	372
(h) .....	107	584	60
(i) .....	25	0	43
(j) .....	540	1 331	488
(k) .....	168	260	262
(l) .....	9	4	34
(m) .....	147	275	59
	78	157	10

Note: (ki)—motor vehicles  
(kii)—bicycles

Food prices: report of investigation

20. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Trade and Industry:

- (1) Whether, with reference to the reply to Question No 2 on 10 June 1992, the Board on Tariffs and Trade has completed its investigation into food prices; if not, why not; if so,

- (2) whether the Board has brought up a report in this regard; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) what were the findings contained in this report? D107E

The MINISTER OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY:

- (1) Yes.
- (2) Yes.



- (a) The Board on Tariffs and Trade published a preliminary report in June 1992 which served as a discussion document on which interested groups could submit further contributions until 30 September 1992. The Board completed its final report in December 1992 and presented it to Government. The report was released on 8 February 1993, after it had been studied by Government.
- (b) Due to the Board's extensive conclusions and recommendations, the report cannot be repeated here. A copy of the report is therefore being furnished to the hon member.

Films submitted for censoring

23. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Home Affairs:

- (a) How many (i) English, (ii) Afrikaans and (iii) Indian-language films were submitted to the Directorate of Publications for censoring during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available and (b) how many films in each of the above categories (i) were rejected and (ii) had age restrictions imposed on them? D148E

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

- (a) (i) 873
- (ii) 5
- (iii) 385

(b)	English	Afrikaans	Indian
(i)	86	—	—
(ii)	515	2	1

Information is for the period 1 January 1992 to 31 December 1992.



THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes, but only from one person.

(a) 3

(b) Mr Fazel Carrim

(2) Yes, in the first case the firearm was returned to Mr Carrim as a result of the fact that the Senior State Prosecutor refused to institute a prosecution on a charge of failing to safeguard a firearm whilst in his lawful possession; and in the second case Mr Carrim's firearm was found in the possession of the owner of a shebeen when the South African Police searched it, who subsequently explained that Mr Carrim handed it in whilst he was drinking there. In the third case the firearm was seized after a shooting incident and it is still in the possession of the Police.

(3) Yes.

Ennerdale police station.

(4) Yes, on one occasion.

INTERPELLATION

The sign \* indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

Own Affairs:

\*1. Mr N M ISAACS — Housing. † [Withdrawn.]

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For written reply:

Own Affairs:

Number of schools without electricity

17. Mr C I NASSON asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

- (a) What (i) number and (ii) percentage of (aa) public, (bb) Government, (cc) community and (dd) State-aided schools falling under his Department does not have electricity at present and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished? C64E

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(a) (i) (aa) None

(bb) 41

(cc) None

(dd) 318

(ii) (aa) Not applicable

(bb) 3,7%

(cc) Not applicable

(dd) 39,4%

(b) April 1993.

Education and Culture: capacity of schools

18. Mr C I NASSON asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

What was the (a) total potential capacity of, and (b) enrolment in, (i) primary and (ii) secondary schools under the control of his Department in the first term of 1993? C65E

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(a) (i) 609 250

(ii) 219 120

(b) (i) 654 379

(ii) 238 695

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

INTERPELLATION

The sign \* indicates a translation. The sign †, used subsequently in the same interpellation, indicates the original language.

General Affairs:

Chatsworth: crime prevention unit

1. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether it is his or his Department's intention to re-establish a certain crime prevention unit in Chatsworth, Durban, particulars of which have been furnished to the South African Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply; if not, why not; if so, what (a) is the name of this unit and (b) are the further relevant details? D217E.INT

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: Mr Chairman, the crime prevention unit in Chatsworth that has been referred to, namely the so-called A Team, was established by the district commissioner of Chatsworth during 1989 and was under the administrative control of the district commissioner. This unit operated in a district context and concentrated mainly on the prevention and control of drug smuggling and liquor offences as well as gambling and other petty offences.

However, numerous complaints were unfortunately received from the residents of Chatsworth and other community institutions with regard to some of the actions of the unit, which unfortunately included assault, the pointing of firearms, harassment and even corruption. These complaints are currently under investigation.

Notwithstanding the fact that this unit functioned effectively, it was decided to incorporate the unit into the crime prevention units of the amalgamated districts of Pinetown and Chatsworth on 1 April 1993, as part of the rationalisation process of the SA Police. The result of the incorporation is that this newly formed and greatly expanded crime prevention unit will serve under the strict control and supervision of an officer. The incorporation of the so-called A Team into the new unit will

promote effectiveness as far as costs and the general rendering of services to the community are concerned. The new unit will also concentrate on several of the activities that were previously dealt with by the so-called A Team. The former unit will not be re-established as an independent crime prevention unit for the reasons set out above.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, the hon the Minister has indicated that this unit was disbanded because of several complaints from the community and organisations within the community. However, the hon the Minister did not indicate the sources of those complaints, and this is in fact not borne out by the media reports and the many letters that have appeared in local newspapers. I would therefore question that particular statement.

Drug abuse in this country has become a menace and a scourge in our society and the hon the Minister is aware of this. There is a constant need to protect all our citizens from this evil. Accordingly it is the duty of the Department of Law and Order to ensure that the fight against this cancer in our society is not allowed to flag in any way.

Against the background of the growing incidence of this disease, it is not surprising that there is growing public concern in Chatsworth that this so-called A Team has now been disbanded. It is difficult to understand the rationale behind this decision given the international magnitude of the problem, the growing incidence of drug dealing in South Africa, which as the hon the Minister is aware has now become a new market for the drug barons of the world, and the fact that Chatsworth in particular has become a haven for these unscrupulous criminals.

We question the official explanation that the five plain-clothes members who made up this unit could be better utilised in the uniform branch, where they could work on other crime prevention cases. We are of the view that this decision results from bureaucratic short-sightedness, because it has been reported that in the three years of its existence this unit has made more than 8 000 arrests. The hon the Minister would admit that by any standards this is a small but impressive beginning in a struggle without end.

Only the drug lords would applaud the decision of the hon the Minister to disband this unit, because the A Team, unlike some other



branches of the Police Force, has managed to win the respect and the confidence of the community it has served. As I have already indicated, this is evidenced by the number of letters which have appeared in the local news media in support of this unit.

I want to tell the hon the Minister that the rumour that is going around in Chatsworth at this time, is that this unit has been disbanded precisely because these drug lords have connections in so-called high places. I do not say that this is so, but this is the perception of the community in Chatsworth. We therefore make an earnest appeal to the hon the Minister urgently to reconsider this decision and to listen to the people of Chatsworth. After all, as the hon the Minister is aware, the new motto of the Department of Law and Order is, in fact, to work in close co-operation with the community it serves. I submit that it should listen to the wishes of the people of Chatsworth. [Time expired.]

Mr D K PADIACHEY: Mr Chairman, I rise in support of the hon member for Springfield.

The reputation of the A Team has reached the Transvaal and we were thinking of approaching our district commissioner to form such a team. The A Team has a great deal of work and, as the hon member for Springfield has said, there will always be complaints from the public. However, the question we must ask is which part of the public? The members of the public who have been complaining about the A Team have definitely been the drug lords and the people involved in gambling and so forth.

By getting rid of the A Team we have created a problem in the community. The community now feels they have been let down by the politicians as well.

Mr P NAIDOO: Why don't you take this up in your caucus?

Mr D K PADIACHEY: The hon member must realise that this problem is being faced by our community as a whole.

I also appeal to the hon the Minister to re-establish the A Team. This should not only be done in the Chatsworth area. We should have such units throughout the country. It was a small team, but the work they did was tremendous and we applaud them for that.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

We also have to raise the quality of life in our communities. We find that problems with regard to gambling, gangsterism and drugs are always rife in the areas in which there is low-cost housing. This is where these problems occur.

If we as politicians do not do something about this, we are going to create a problem also in our communities. We do not want this to happen. [Time expired.]

Rev C PILLAY: Mr Chairman, I must state that there are far more serious and urgent police matters affecting the Chatsworth area than the matter raised on the Question Paper. These include the additional new areas which include Shallcross, Savanna Park and Burlington Heights, which have been allocated to Chatsworth to police although no additional staff or vehicles have been allocated.

Be that as it may, I must state in this House that there are nine members of Parliament who have as part of their constituencies the giant township of Chatsworth. I therefore find it strange, although I can understand it, that this matter has been raised by the hon member for Springfield.

The bare facts must be placed on the table. When the so-called A Team was established, it was under the command of the Indian police district which has since been abolished. We on this side of the House say "Hear, hear!" to that. All parties, including the DP, were critical of the duplication of services. It now seems as though the hon member for Springfield is not in favour of rationalisation. This is the perception created.

The truth of the matter is that this crime prevention unit, referred to as the A Team, is non-existent in name only. What is in a name? The so-called A Team has been further strengthened in its fight against drug smuggling, liquor offences and gambling, and has been incorporated into the newly formed and greatly expanded crime prevention unit, thus making it not the A Team, but the A-1 Team. It is under the able command of the people's station commander, Maj P Naidoo, who is well respected, well liked and a friend of the community. This newly formed A-1 Team is bigger and better, and we believe its success rate will be even greater.

I say we should not give in to the whims and fancies of insubordinate policemen who want to be a law unto themselves. [Time expired.]

Mr A RAJBANSI: Mr Chairman, I have written to the hon the Minister's department in connection with this matter. I do not agree with the hon member for Montford, because in the Montford by-election we were shocked to see people openly dealing in Mandrax. [Interjections.] No, not the hon member. He did not win that election as a result of buttons. [Interjections.] Nevertheless, I want to say to the hon the Minister that we should have further discussions about this matter in his office. We should look at both sides of the matter.

I am satisfied that the disbanding of the A Team is not the result of rationalisation. I know that if one examines the success record of the A Team, one will see that they were among the best in the country when it came to the arrest of drug barons. Drug barons have their contacts, even in the ranks of politicians and other respectable members of society. My investigation reveals that this A Team trod on the toes of the wrong drug barons, people who claim to have contacts in high places.

There is sadness on the part of the people who want to see an excellent society in Chatsworth. I can assure the hon the Minister that I have personal knowledge that the drug barons in Chatsworth are celebrating as a result of the disbandment of this A Team. I think the hon the Minister has an obligation to protect society.

Let us look at the crime statistics from the day on which this A Team was disbanded. The hon the Minister should give us the statistics relating to arrests in Chatsworth and the areas previously served by the A Team.

I know of a drug baron who poses as the finest gentleman in Chatsworth. Whenever the A Team goes near him—they know he is the biggest distributor of Mandrax in Chatsworth—a call is made to a senior police officer to ask why they are interfering with such a respectable person. [Time expired.]

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, I must admit I was rather taken aback by the contribution made by the hon member for Montford. It seems to me that his constituency is made up of three elements: the wardlords and the shebeen owners, supporters of the NP, and sycophants who want promotion through his intervention. [Interjections.]

I am very pleased to have had the input of the hon member for Arena Park who, we must admit, certainly knows what is going on in Chatsworth. The hon member suggested that this matter should be debated calmly with the hon the Minister in his office. I feel there is some merit in that. I believe this is of such great public importance, however, that that discussion should not take place behind closed doors, but in public. [Time expired.]

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: Mr Chairman, I have known the hon member for Springfield for quite a number of years now. He is a very soft-spoken man, but sometimes his tongue is a bit sharp. [Interjections.] To say that the statement I made that these people were removed because of allegations made by the community that . . .

Mr M RAJAB: I said they were perceptions.

The MINISTER: Will the hon member listen to me? I did not interrupt him while he was speaking. To say that he does not believe me because articles in and letters to the press did not support the allegations made by members of the public, is not a very sound argument. I have heard the hon member argue his case more convincingly in the past.

We are all concerned about drug abuse, obviously. I am proud to say that the SA Police, throughout this country, has one of the best records in the world when it comes to the prevention and detection of drug smuggling. We take a back seat to no one in that regard.

The hon member said this was bureaucratic short-sightedness. May I ask him, if it is true—I am not saying it is, because the matter is being investigated—that they assaulted people, pointed firearms at and harassed people, and were guilty of corruption, whether he expects me as the Minister of Law and Order to allow them to carry on perpetrating these abuses just because they catch drug smugglers? Obviously not!

What I am saying is that the hon member is arguing a case without having the facts at his disposal. These complaints are being investigated at the moment, because we thought that was the best thing to do.

Mr A RAJBANSI: Mr Chairman, is the hon the Minister prepared to answer a question?

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



*Hungweel*

*Hungweel*

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, but only from one person.
  - (a) 3 ~~3~~
  - (b) Mr Frazel Carrim ~~3~~
- (2) Yes, in the first case the firearm was returned to Mr Carrim as a result of the fact that the Senior State Prosecutor refused to institute a prosecution on a charge of failing to safeguard a firearm whilst in his lawful possession; and in the second case Mr Carrim's firearm was found in the possession of the owner of a shebeen when the South African Police searched it, who subsequently explained that Mr Carrim handed it in whilst he was drinking there. In the third case the firearm was seized after a shooting incident and it is still in the possession of the Police.
- (3) Yes.
  - Emerdale police station.
- (4) Yes, on one occasion.

INTERPELLATION

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*Own Affairs:*

\*1. Mr N M ISAACS — Housing. † [Withdrawn.]

QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

*For written reply:*

*Own Affairs:*

*Hungweel*

*Hungweel*

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

INTERPELLATION

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*General Affairs:*

Chatsworth: crime prevention unit

*36*

1. Mr M RAJAB asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether it is his or his Department's intention to re-establish a certain crime prevention unit in Chatsworth, Durban, particulars of which have been furnished to the South African Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply; if not, why not; if so, what (a) is the name of this unit and (b) are the further relevant details?

D217E.INT

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: Mr Chairman, the crime prevention unit in Chatsworth that has been referred to, namely the so-called A Team, was established by the district commissioner of Chatsworth during 1989 and was under the administrative control of the district commissioner. This unit operated in a district context and concentrated mainly on the prevention and control of drug smuggling and liquor offences as well as gambling and other petty offences.

However, numerous complaints were unfortunately received from the residents of Chatsworth and other community institutions with regard to some of the actions of the unit, which unfortunately included assault, the pointing of firearms, harassment and even corruption. These complaints are currently under investigation.

Notwithstanding the fact that this unit functioned effectively, it was decided to incorporate the unit into the crime prevention units of the amalgamated districts of Pinetown and Chatsworth on 1 April 1993, as part of the rationalisation process of the SA Police. The result of the incorporation is that this newly formed and greatly expanded crime prevention unit will serve under the strict control and supervision of an officer. The incorporation of the so-called A Team into the new unit will

promote effectiveness as far as costs and the general rendering of services to the community are concerned. The new unit will also concentrate on several of the activities that were previously dealt with by the so-called A Team. The former unit will not be re-established as an independent crime prevention unit for the reasons set out above.

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, the hon the Minister has indicated that this unit was disbanded because of several complaints from the community and organisations within the community. However, the hon the Minister did not indicate the sources of those complaints, and this is in fact not borne out by the media reports and the many letters that have appeared in local newspapers. I would therefore question that particular statement.

Drug abuse in this country has become a menace and a scourge in our society and the hon the Minister is aware of this. There is a constant need to protect all our citizens from this evil. Accordingly it is the duty of the Department of Law and Order to ensure that the fight against this cancer in our society is not allowed to flag in any way.

Against the background of the growing incidence of this disease, it is not surprising that there is growing public concern in Chatsworth that this so-called A Team has now been disbanded. It is difficult to understand the rationale behind this decision given the international magnitude of the problem, the growing incidence of drug dealing in South Africa, which as the hon the Minister is aware has now become a new market for the drug barons of the world, and the fact that Chatsworth in particular has become a haven for these unscrupulous criminals.

We question the official explanation that the five plain-clothes members who made up this unit could be better utilised in the uniform branch, where they could work on other crime prevention cases. We are of the view that this decision results from bureaucratic short-sightedness, because it has been reported that in the three years of its existence this unit has made more than 8 000 arrests. The hon the Minister would admit that by any standards this is a small but impressive beginning in a struggle without end.

Only the drug lords would applaud the decision of the hon the Minister to disband this unit, because the A Team, unlike some other



branches of the Police Force, has managed to win the respect and the confidence of the community it has served. As I have already indicated, this is evidenced by the number of letters which have appeared in the local news media in support of this unit.

I want to tell the hon the Minister that the rumour that is going around in Chatsworth at this time, is that this unit has been disbanded precisely because these drug lords have connections in so-called high places. I do not say that this is so, but this is the perception of the community in Chatsworth. We therefore make an earnest appeal to the hon the Minister urgently to reconsider this decision and to listen to the people of Chatsworth. After all, as the hon the Minister is aware, the new motto of the Department of Law and Order is, in fact, to work in close co-operation with the community it serves. I submit that it should listen to the wishes of the people of Chatsworth. [Time expired.]

Mr D K PADIAACHEY: Mr Chairman, I rise in support of the hon member for Springfield.

The reputation of the A Team has reached the Transvaal and we were thinking of approaching our district commissioner to form such a team. The A Team has a great deal of work and, as the hon member for Springfield has said, there will always be complaints from the public. However, the question we must ask is which part of the public? The members of the public who have been complaining about the A Team have definitely been the drug lords and the people involved in gambling and so forth.

By getting rid of the A Team we have created a problem in the community. The community now feels they have been let down by the politicians as well.

Mr P NAIDOO: Why don't you take this up in your caucus?

Mr D K PADIAACHEY: The hon member must realise that this problem is being faced by our community as a whole.

I also appeal to the hon the Minister to re-establish the A Team. This should not only be done in the Chatsworth area. We should have such units throughout the country. It was a small team, but the work they did was tremendous and we applaud them for that.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

We also have to raise the quality of life in our communities. We find that problems with regard to gambling, gangsterism and drugs are always rife in the areas in which there is low-cost housing. This is where these problems occur.

If we as politicians do not do something about this, we are going to create a problem also in our communities. We do not want this to happen. [Time expired.]

Rev C PILLAY: Mr Chairman, I must state that there are far more serious and urgent police matters affecting the Chatsworth area than the matter raised on the Question Paper. These include the additional new areas which include Shallcross, Savanna Park and Burlington Heights, which have been allocated to Chatsworth to police although no additional staff or vehicles have been allocated.

Be that as it may, I must state in this House that there are nine members of Parliament who have as part of their constituencies the giant township of Chatsworth. I therefore find it strange, although I can understand it, that this matter has been raised by the hon member for Springfield.

The bare facts must be placed on the table. When the so-called A Team was established, it was under the command of the Indian police district which has since been abolished. We on this side of the House say "Hear, hear!" to that.

All parties, including the DP, were critical of the duplication of services. It now seems as though the hon member for Springfield is not in favour of rationalisation. This is the perception created.

The truth of the matter is that this crime prevention unit, referred to as the A Team, is non-existent in name only. What is in a name? The so-called A Team has been further strengthened in its fight against drug smuggling, liquor offences and gambling, and has been incorporated into the newly formed and greatly expanded crime prevention unit, thus making it not the A Team, but the A-1 Team. It is under the able command of the people's station commander, Maj P Naidoo, who is well respected, well liked and a friend of the community. This newly formed A-1 Team is bigger and better, and we believe its success rate will be even greater.

I say we should not give in to the whims and fancies of insubordinate policemen who want to be a law unto themselves. [Time expired.]

Mr A RAJBANSI: Mr Chairman, I have written to the hon the Minister's department in connection with this matter. I do not agree with the hon member for Montford, because in the Montford by-election we were shocked to see people openly dealing in Mandrax. [Interjections.] No, not the hon member. He did not win that election as a result of buttons. [Interjections.] Nevertheless, I want to say to the hon the Minister that we should have further discussions about this matter in his office. We should look at both sides of the matter.

I am satisfied that the disbanding of the A Team is not the result of rationalisation. I know that if one examines the success record of the A Team, one will see that they were among the best in the country when it came to the arrest of drug barons. Drug barons have their contacts, even in the ranks of politicians and other respectable members of society. My investigation reveals that this A Team trod on the toes of the wrong drug barons, people who claim to have contacts in high places.

There is sadness on the part of the people who want to see an excellent society in Chatsworth. I can assure the hon the Minister that I have personal knowledge that the drug barons in Chatsworth are celebrating as a result of the disbandment of this A Team. I think the hon the Minister has an obligation to protect society.

Let us look at the crime statistics from the day on which this A Team was disbanded. The hon the Minister should give us the statistics relating to arrests in Chatsworth and the areas previously served by the A Team.

I know of a drug baron who poses as the finest gentleman in Chatsworth. Whenever the A Team goes near him—they know he is the biggest distributor of Mandrax in Chatsworth—a call is made to a senior police officer to ask why they are interfering with such a respectable person. [Time expired.]

Mr M RAJAB: Mr Chairman, I must admit I was rather taken aback by the contribution made by the hon member for Montford. It seems to me that his constituency is made up of three elements: the warlords and the shebeen owners, supporters of the NP, and sycophants who want promotion through his intervention. [Interjections.]

I am very pleased to have had the input of the hon member for Arena Park who, we must admit, certainly knows what is going on in Chatsworth. The hon member suggested that this matter should be debated calmly with the hon the Minister in his office. I feel there is some merit in that. I believe this is of such great public importance, however, that that discussion should not take place behind closed doors, but in public. [Time expired.]

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER: Mr Chairman, I have known the hon member for Springfield for quite a number of years now. He is a very soft-spoken man, but sometimes his tongue is a bit sharp. [Interjections.] To say that the statement I made that these people were removed because of allegations made by the community that . . .

Mr M RAJAB: I said they were perceptions.

The MINISTER: Will the hon member listen to me? I did not interrupt him while he was speaking. To say that he does not believe me because articles in and letters to the press did not support the allegations made by members of the public, is not a very sound argument. I have heard the hon member argue his case more convincingly in the past.

We are all concerned about drug abuse, obviously. I am proud to say that the SA Police, throughout this country, has one of the best records in the world when it comes to the prevention and detection of drug smuggling. We take a back seat to no one in that regard.

The hon member said this was bureaucratic short-sightedness. May I ask him, if it is true—I am not saying it is, because the matter is being investigated—that they assaulted people, and pointed firearms at and harassed people, and were guilty of corruption, whether he expects me as the Minister of Law and Order to allow them to carry on perpetrating these abuses just because they catch drug smugglers? Obviously not!

What I am saying is that the hon member is arguing a case without having the facts at his disposal. These complaints are being investigated at the moment, because we thought that was the best thing to do.

Mr A RAJBANSI: Mr Chairman, is the hon the Minister prepared to answer a question?

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



CIPress 915193

## 3 charged with Hani murder

THREE suspects have now been charged with murder in the Hani assassination case, but the investigation is continuing, police spokesman Brig Frans Malherbe said last night.

Malherbe said high-profile CP member Clive Derby-Lewis was now charged, along with his wife Gaye and Polish immigrant Janusz Walus, for the April 10 assassination of SACP general-secretary Chris Hani.

None have had formal charges put to them in court.

"That is for the Attorney General to

do, but as far as the police are concerned they are charged with murder," the brigadier said.

Clive Derby-Lewis appeared briefly in the Boksburg Magistrate's Court on Friday afternoon.

No formal charge was put to him, no plea was tendered and no bail application was lodged. He now stands remanded, along with Gaye Derby-Lewis and Walus, to this Wednesday.

"The investigation is continuing. No further comment or details will be given," Malherbe said. - Sapa

CIPress 915193

## Body dug up: 4 cops held

(36)

TWO policemen and two assistant constables have been arrested in connection with the body of an unidentified man which was unearthed from a shallow grave on a farm near the Natal town of Raisenhorpe this week.

An SA Police spokesman said the four men arrested had also been connected with the killing of Capt J Durugiah in the South Coast town of Umkomaas on April 21 this year.

"The SA Police has made it known on numerous occasions that it does not tolerate or condone this type of behaviour from members of the service," said the spokesman. - Sapa

## Mom w

By FRED KHUMALO

NOMATHEMBA Dlamini forget standing before the flames engulfing her shack, 14-month-old son Sifiso, side.

Her home in the sprawling shackland near Durban was eight which were burnt to after being torched by 20 men amok in the sprawling shack following an argument with lo

Her fury and frustration etched on her face as she stumbled in the darkness shack after hearing gunshot

Outside she was confronted by a wall of flames. When she in-



# Policemen arrested

Sunday Times Report

FOUR Maritzburg policemen have been arrested in connection with the murder of a man whose body was found in a shallow grave this week. *(Times)*

Police spokesman Captain Bala Naidoo said the man was killed before Christmas last year, just after he had laid a charge of attempted murder. *9/5/93*

The arrested policemen are also being questioned in connection with the killing of Captain Jeffery Durgiah, who was shot dead outside his Umkomaas home on the Natal South Coast last month.

Sowefen 10/5/73

### 4 policemen arrested

TWO policemen and two assistant constables have been arrested in connection with the death of an unidentified man unearthed from a shallow grave on a farm near the Natal town of Raisethorne this week.

— Sapa. (24) (36)



# Dying by the gun and dying young

STimes 23/5/93

36

By CARMEL RICKARD

**DEATHS** by gunshot wounds have increased by nearly 1 000 percent in the Natal region over the past four years — and more victims come from the 20 to 29-year age group than any other.

These statistics were released this week by a specialist doctor and lecturer in the department of forensic medicine at Natal University Medical School, Dr Reggie Perumal.

He was addressing the first joint conference of the British Academy of Forensic Sciences and the South African Medico-Legal Society, held in Durban.

In an interview, Dr Perumal said he had made a detailed analysis of the statistics from post mortems carried out in Durban for the Natal/Kwazulu region.

In 1989, doctors performed autopsies on 521 people who died of stab wounds, and 354 who died from gunshot wounds. Last year, the stab-wound rate had dropped

to 366, while fatal shootings accounted for 1 109 post-mortems, an increase of almost 1 000 percent.

Ninety percent of these cases were black men; most were aged from 20 to 29, with a second peak aged from 30 to 39. Very few victims were women, children or elderly.

He said those most affected were therefore the men of the "lost generation" — those who dropped out after the 1976 unrest — who had become unemployable due to lack of schooling.

High levels of alcohol were found in 35 percent of all the victims — a far higher proportion than the five percent elsewhere in the world who died from gunshot wounds. The alcohol level peaked in the 20 to 29-year-old age group, with many bodies showing more than double the legal limit.

Dr Perumal said this "unacceptably high level of alcohol abuse"

indicated that the easy availability of alcohol was a contributing factor to violence.

The type of gunshot wounds on the bodies examined proved that military-type weapons were commonplace, with the AK-47 now being used even for petty crime.

Victims were also being killed more violently. Where a body would have one or two shots in the past, 10 bullet wounds were now the norm.

## Fewer

The Durban government mortuaries carry out post mortems on anyone, from any part of Natal, killed by the police. Almost a third of the country's population lives in this region.

Dr Perumal said police were responsible for an average 20 to 25 percent of the fatal shootings seen by him and his colleagues.

However there had been a slight decrease during 1991/2. He agreed this could mean that police were being more disciplined and shoot-

ing fewer people, or that "some other force was doing the shooting for them".

One of the most interesting observations by Dr Perumal follows a week by week analysis from 1989 to 1992.

He noted the major political events during that period and the death rate, and concluded there was no correlation between increases in violence and political developments.

There is a perception that violence is stepped up shortly before important political events. However, Dr Perumal said he could find no evidence to support the "switch on, switch off" theory.

He said the continuing high level of violence was hampering efforts to improve health care in Natal. Many gunshot wounds had to be treated in the intensive care unit. The cost of hospitalisation in an ICU was about R4 000 per patient per day.

This added up to a large part of the budget which was badly needed for primary health care.

months for which information is available and (b) what was the total pecuniary value of compensation so awarded during this period?

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

Statistics of the kind requested by the hon member are not kept by the Department and accordingly the required information is not readily available. To obtain the information all court records in the country would have to be scrutinized which would be so time-consuming as to be not economically feasible.

Justices of the peace appointed in Randburg/Johannesburg

213. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Justice:

(a) How many persons were appointed as justices of the peace in the magisterial districts of (i) Randburg and (ii) Johannesburg in 1991 and 1992, respectively, and (b) what are their names?

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

- (a) (i) 1991—1; 1992—4
(ii) 1991—5; 1992—19
(b) (i) Randburg
1991
Mr G R Dowling
1992
Mr A K Parker
Mr A G A du Toit
Mr G L Higgs
Mr B S Mzamo
(ii) Johannesburg
1991
Mr B P Geldenhuys
Mr W C J Johnson
Mr J C de Villiers
Mr S Stoltz
Mr H J J Orkin
1992
Mr B G S de Wet
Mr S M J van der Westhuizen
Mr N J Smit
Mr J A Vermeulen
Mr O F Mahomed
Mr A S Mohamed
Mr N M H Tisaker

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

(1) All the required information is not readily available. In an effort to be of assistance to the hon member, the following information regarding dockets relating to complaints alleging criminal conduct on the part of members of the South African Police has been obtained from the attorneys-general and the South African Police:

Total number of dockets received by the attorneys-general country-wide:

Table with 2 columns: Year (1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992) and Information status (not readily available, not readily available).

Total number of cases country-wide where prosecutions were refused or verdicts of not guilty were reached:

Table with 2 columns: Year (1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992) and Information status (not readily available, not readily available).

Total number of cases country-wide where a verdict of guilty was reached:

Table with 2 columns: Year (1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992) and Percentage (22%, 13.6%, 11.9%, 5.2%).

(2) and (3) The required information is not readily available as statistics are not kept in this category. To obtain the information requested all the dockets relating to complaints alleging criminal conduct on the part of members of the South African Police during the six past years would have to be scrutinized. This will be very time consuming and accordingly not economically feasible.



Criminal case involving security firm/managing director

288. Mr M J ELLIS asked the Minister of Justice:

(1) Whether, with reference to the reply by the Minister of Law and Order to Question No 106 on 18 March 1992, a criminal case involving a certain security firm and/or the managing director of this firm, whose names have been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, has been heard; if not, why not; if so, (a) when, (b) what was the outcome of the case and (c) what is the name of the (i) firm and (ii) managing director in question;

(2) whether there are any other cases pending against the said managing director; if so, what are the relevant details;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter? B671E

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

(1) Yes. (a) The trial started on 27 February 1992 and lasted until 16 July 1992.

(b), (c) (i) and (ii) The security firm 'Combat Force, Natal (Pty) Ltd' as accused No 1 and Mr Montague Kenneth Norman Reeves, the managing director of the said firm as accused No 2, were convicted on 16 July 1992 on 34 counts of contravening section 2 of the Arms and Ammunitions Act, 1969 (Act 75 of 1969) (possession of arms without a licence) and 1 count of contravening section 36 of the said Act (possession of ammunition without being in lawful possession of a weapon capable of firing that ammunition). The firm was sentenced to a fine of R10,00 on each count—in total R350,00. Mr Reeves was sentenced to a fine of R500,00 on each count, in total R17 500,00, or 35 months' imprisonment. The firearms and ammunition were declared forfeited to the State. (2) As far as can be ascertained at this stage no criminal court cases are pending against Mr Reeves. (3) A statement is not necessary.



## 'Apla raiders' rob store

*S/ Times 37* *36*  
FOUR thieves claiming to be Apla members tied up a Natal South Coast bottle store manager and stuffed a pear in his mouth to keep him quiet before robbing his shop.

The men, two armed with handguns, walked into the Karridene Liquor Store near Kingsburgh on Friday and robbed Mr Leslie Hall, 51, of R5 000.

In another incident on the South Coast, a customer was shot in the wrist when four men armed with AK-47s robbed the Sisizee General Dealer shop at Ubombo of R900.

*30/5/93*

volved or amounting to an offence on the part of any person.

(3), (4) and (5) Yes, on 15 January 1993. In this regard cognizance has to be taken of the provisions of sections 17 and 21 of the Inquests Act, 1959 (Act 58 of 1959), which enables an attorney-general to, after considering the record of the proceedings, request the re-opening of the inquest or to institute criminal proceedings if he is of the opinion that it should be done.

No decision has been made as the Attorney-General is awaiting representations from the legal representatives of the deceased's mother.

#### Crime prevention unit at Chatsworth

\*3. Mr A RAJBANSI asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether any arrests have been made by the crime prevention unit at Chatsworth since the so-called A Team unit was disbanded; if not, why not; if so, how many;
- (2) whether, since the disbandment of the above-mentioned unit, any Mandrax tablets have been seized in the area concerned; if so, how many? D280E

#### The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, 235.
- (2) Yes, 731.

Mr A RAJBANSI: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is he prepared to give us comparative data in respect of the efficiency of the present restructured crime unit and the performance of the A Team?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, if that question is placed on the Question Paper, I will gladly do so. Permit me to say that considering what the hon member said at the World Trade Centre on Thursday evening, I wish he was as concerned about the deaths of people murdered by Apla as he is about this particular issue.

Mr A RAJBANSI: Mr Chairman, on a point of order: That is an unrelated matter. If the hon the Minister has guts here, he should also have guts at the World Trade Centre.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

cise was also present and we took decisions on various matters.

Firstly, we decided that a press statement would be prepared by the commissioner for publication. This statement will deal with requirements and restrictions in respect of the clearance of imported goods by returning residents. It is anticipated that a better knowledge of the do's and don'ts will go a long way towards removing misunderstandings between customs and the public. The public is also being made aware of the fact that officers are required to wear name plates, so that offenders may be identified. That is the first step.

Secondly, the commissioner reissued an instruction that all officers who interact with the public should wear name tags in future. That is an important step.

Thirdly, the commissioner and I will visit Durban. I am sorry that it will not be possible for me to spend a whole day there during this parliamentary session, since I have many duties regarding legislation. However, I shall be visiting Durban. During that time I intend to visit the airport for an *in loco* inspection, and I shall inform the hon member of my visit.

#### Public Service: merit awards

\*5. Mr M RAJBAB asked the Minister of Education and Training (Minister responsible for the Commission for Administration):

Whether the Commission for Administration administers a system of merit awards for all members of the public service; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details? D291E

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING (Minister responsible for the Commission for Administration):

No. The various departments mentioned in the Public Service Act, 1984, themselves administer certain prescribed systems with regard to merit awards in the case of members of the Public Service.

#### Own Affairs:

Funds for housing: insurance company

\*1. Mr M F CASSIM asked the Minister of Housing:

(1) Whether his Department recently obtained funds for housing programmes through a certain insurance company, the name of which has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, below the market interest rate; if not, what is the position in this regard; if so, (a) when, (b) what is the name of the company in question, (c) what amount and (d) under what conditions?

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? D261E

#### The MINISTER OF HOUSING:

(1) No. As far as could be ascertained, the former Financial Consultant had exploratory discussions with an Insurance Company. However, it appears that no tangible results were derived therefrom. (a), (b) (c) and (d) fall away.

(2) No.

Mr M F CASSIM: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is he aware that this particular insurance company has advertised its intention to make available vast sums of money for housing at an interest rate of 10%?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, for the information of the hon member Mr M F Cassim, such monies are not loaned by this Administration. Local authorities have to apply for such loans. Their applications have to be made in consultation with the administrator in charge of local authorities. In turn, the administrator concerned has to consult with Treasury to ascertain whether such loans can be serviced.

Mr M F CASSIM: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, why can the necessary machinery not be put in place to explore all the possibilities for obtaining this much needed funding for social upliftment in the country?

The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I have stated on many occasions in this House that we must naturally explore every possible way of ensuring the upliftment of the underprivileged community, particularly with regard to housing, welfare, etcetera. Money is required.

In any event, with the restructuring of the Administration, there has to be a new scenario. A

HOUSE OF DELEGATES



*Hansford*

T L Mcerwa	R K Robinson
A S Kriel	A C Odendaal
P J Judeel	D J Hattingh
W J Steynberg	M J van der Wal
P S A Nel	A J Schwan
L Nieuwhof	M C Ras
J P Kruger	S V Dolo
J Leboana	J O Sefatsa
M P Radebe	B M Swazi
L S Mlotswa	W P Makosi
J Nyambi	J Z Mathiso
M L Mlonyeni	C S Mnani
J J Ndabambi	S G Komani
J Owabe	O S September
K C Manya	S B Cako
Z S Ntlembeza	E N Mpitsha
N P Mpitsha	N Mnani
S G Mlamandle	B I Zwane
S S Mngongeni	N T Cebisa
E Mashaba	M Nzwana
J H van der Merwe	J S Visser
R P du Toit	F G Wilson
S P Marais	T Monyanyedi
M S Maborija	G T Letu
S S Twani	M M Klaas
B A Mtya	M N Kaza
F E Mzomba	M Klaas
B A Bashi	E M Mokhutu
R M Solane	P T Lenyatsa
T E Malebese	P Mlia
D T Mohala	C M Libata
E T Nooe	T Mohouse
T Masemola	A Rando
I J Chaotsane	T S Lehaba
L C Biljoen	I T Maseko
P H Mosoenyane	P H Tsolo
A P Mosae	J S Lehtonolo
D Motshoane	M Marolloane
M Jikila	S Leone
R M Kekana	R S Mogotlane
S N Mamabolo	D B Snyders

the above-mentioned areas during this period? *B896E*

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

*328*

(a) (i)	<i>328</i>	July	0
1992		August	3
January	1	September	1
February	0	October	0
March	2	November	1
April	0	December	1
May	1		
June	1		

1993	April	1
January	May	0
February		
March		

(ii) As KwaZulu has its own police force, statistics are not kept by the South African Police.

*329*

(b) (i)	July	5
1992	August	3
January	September	5
February	October	4
March	November	6
April	December	1
May		
June		

1993	April	0
January	May	1
February		
March		

(ii) As KwaZulu has its own police force, statistics are not kept by the South African Police.

**Murders in Natal/KwaZulu**

383. Mr W U NEL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(a) How many persons were murdered in (i) Natal and (ii) KwaZulu in each month during the period 1 January 1992 up to the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) how many of these murders were attributable to political violence? *B897E*

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

*326*

(a) (i)	July	74
1992	August	98
January	September	76
February	October	85
March	November	65
April	December	108
May		
June		

(ii) As KwaZulu has its own police force, statistics are not kept by the South African Police.

1993	January	78
February		58

(ii) As KwaZulu has its own police force, statistics are not kept by the South African Police.

**Farmers killed in Natal/KwaZulu**

382. Mr W U NEL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

How many (a) farmers were killed in attacks in (i) Natal and (ii) KwaZulu in each month during the period 1 January 1992 up to the latest specified date for which information is available and (b) armed attacks and/or robberies on farmers were reported in each of

[Interjections.] The hon member must listen to what I am saying.

Water is a national asset and we shall have to have some or other central mechanism which controls water in a co-ordinated way, so that they can see to it that there is uniformity and certain minimum standards are maintained and so that the distribution of water can be done mutually by regions, etc.

I now come back to the issue of the reconstruction of the dam. [Interjections.] Although he says I have not yet answered the question, I want to point out to him that I have already told the hon member that the reconstruction of the dam is entirely a decision of the Lebowa government. The Lebowa government is going to decide on this after they have completed the investigations, which are examining the ecological and other adverse effects, are involved in.

I have already told the hon member that because of what has happened the Lebowa government has become thoroughly aware of the necessity for dam safety. The Department of Water Affairs has for that specific reason been invited to be part of the planning and to supervise operations as if the dam were being built in South Africa. That is their standpoint. Although the rules of dam safety have not yet been applied to it, it will be as if the dam were being built in South Africa. They will then apply those rules to ensure that the dam is built according to the safety standards.

I do not know what answer the hon member still wants.

Debate concluded.

#### QUESTIONS

†Indicates translated version.

For oral reply:

General Affairs:

State President:

\*1. Mr P G SOAL—State President. [Withdrawn.]

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

the service of the South African Defence Force and stationed at a base at Swartkop.

(2) Yes.

The investigation was completed and the two men were arrested on 18 September 1992 and brought to court after which they were released on their own recognisances. They had to appear in court again on 7 January 1993, but did not show up and warrants for their arrest were issued. One of the men was re-arrested on 12 June 1993.

(3) No.

Pietermaritzburg Regional Court: Case No RC 958/92

\*2. Mr P C CRONJÉ asked the Minister of Justice:

(1) Whether case No RC 958/92 was heard in the Pietermaritzburg Regional Court; if so, what (a) are the names of the accused in this case and (b) were the charges involved;

(2) whether the accused appeared in court in connection with these charges; if not, why not; if so, what was the outcome;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter? B912E

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

(1) Yes.

(a) Alfred Kock and Willem van Wyk.

(b) Count 1: Rape.

Count 2: Robbery.

Count 3: Attempted murder.

(2) Yes. After the case had been postponed to 7 January 1993 for trial, both accused failed to appear in court on this date and warrants for their arrest were issued. The accused have to date not been apprehended.

(3) A statement is not necessary.

Jan Smuts: aircraft fired upon

\*3. Mr J P I BLANCHÉ asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

(1) Whether any aircraft of the South African Airways were recently fired upon with firearms or other weapons in the vicinity of a South African airport; if so, (a) when, (b) at which airport and (c) what was the (i) nature and (ii) extent of this incident or these incidents;

can Airways were recently fired upon with firearms or other weapons in the vicinity of a South African airport; if so, (a) when, (b) at which airport and (c) what was the (i) nature and (ii) extent of this incident or these incidents;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter? B927E

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) 27 May 1993 between 19:15 and 19:30

(b) Jan Smuts Airport

(c) (i) and (ii) Members of the South African Police noticed, on two occasions whilst aircraft were flying over the Tembisa area, a limited number of tracer rounds being fired from the ground. No aircraft were hit. It is not known which type of firearm was used to fire the shots.

(2) No.

†Mr J P I BLANCHÉ: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, I want to ask him whether he can perhaps tell us whether the SA Police have taken any measures to deal with similar cases in future.

†The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, yes, security measures have been introduced to deal with such problems. The hon member will understand, however, that it would be unwise of me, and not in the public interest, to explain what we have done.

Jan Smuts: aircraft fired upon

\*4. Mr J CHOLÉ asked the Minister of Transport:†

(1) Whether flight routes to and from Jan Smuts Airport had to be altered as a result of recent alleged rifle fire or other ground-to-air attacks on passenger aircraft en route to or from this airport; if so,

(2) whether passenger flights of any airlines have been affected by these altered flight routes; if not, what is the position in this regard; if so, what are the relevant details;

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY



# Anti-crime swoop in Durban to shine up 'Golden Mile'

(36) ARG 13/1/95

## The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — A police task force has swooped on Durban's crime-tarnished Golden Mile arresting 23 people, including vagrants, illegal parking attendants, beggars, drunks and even a man impersonating a policeman.

And police have not ruled out even tougher action, including cordon-and-search operations, in their ongoing effort to stamp out crime in the area.

Durban beachfront's image in recent months has been seriously dented by muggers preying on unsuspecting local and overseas tourists and convention delegates.

Crime in the area peaked at such a level that the area was dubbed "Mugger's Mile".

"But from now on things are going to be different," promised Warrant Officer Glen Nayager, commander of the Tourism Support Unit which carried out the raid.

In their blitz tough-talking Warrant Officer Nayager said, his men came across a man in a full police uniform.

"None of my men recognised him so they approached him and asked whether he was really a policeman and he replied 'yes'.

When asked for his credentials, the man could not produce any. After checking with headquarters, it was found the man was a fake. He was promptly charged for impersonating a policeman," he said.

Police also arrested four beggars and fined them R10, with the alternative of appearing in court. "They surprised me by paying immediately," he said.

Other people arrested included four ricksha-pullers who plied their trade in a prohibited area, seven illegal parking attendants, five people for sleeping in a public place and two for drinking in public.

SAPS spokesman, Lieutenant-Colonel Bala Naidoo said the raid was one of a series aimed at stamping out beachfront crime.

He reiterated his assurance that police had not abandoned the proposed cordon-and-search measure which involves cordoning off an area and searching people inside.

"Our other measures, including raids like that carried out yesterday, have meant we have not had to use the cordon-and-search. But if it becomes necessary, we will. It has the support of the wider community."

The Durban Regional Chamber of Business welcomed the tough police action.

Said the chamber's John Bryce: "The beachfront is probably Durban's most important attraction. It is unfortunate that police action is necessary, but any measures to rid the area of crime must be welcomed."

But policing was only a short-term solution to the problem which would have to be tackled at its roots, poverty and unemployment.

## Fivaz plan to fight KwaZulu/Natal crime

ULUNDI — Police Commissioner Gen George Fivaz said yesterday a plan had been formulated to combat rising violence and crime levels in KwaZulu/Natal.

Addressing a news briefing in Ulundi after meeting regional police chiefs, he said competent people were being sought to serve on a joint KwaZulu Police and SA Police Service team. The team would be responsible for implementing the plan, but he did not release details.

He visited Ulundi as part of a whistle-stop national tour to introduce himself to police chiefs in the provinces. Discussions had been held in a good spirit and he had stressed that he had not been appointed to

serve a political master.

KwaZulu/Natal safety and security minister Celani Mthethwa urged Fivaz to be wary of deploying troops to assist in quelling violence. "Experience has shown that the intervention of the armed forces, often in a reactionary manner, serves only to curtail, not solve the problem."

He cautioned against army deployment to perform primary police functions because of its perceived ANC control. The ANC has previously suggested calling on central government to increase troop strength in KwaZulu/Natal to curb political fighting. Fivaz said he favoured troop

To Page 2

## Crime (36) BD 10/2/95

From Page 1

deployment only in support of police. Ideally this would not be necessary.

Mthethwa encouraged Fivaz to ensure a speedy resolution to investigations into the KwaZulu Police as they were affecting police morale.

Fivaz said it had been agreed the outstanding testing of KwaZulu Police trainees, recently barred from graduation,

would hopefully be completed in less than a fortnight, to clarify their fate.

The trainees who had been due to graduate from the Ulundi police college protested outside the police meeting yesterday. Investigations into the recruits are aimed at establishing whether they are medically fit and without criminal records. Investigators maintain at least 38 of the 600 are convicted criminals. — Sapa.



# Minister gears up anew <sup>(36)</sup> against <sup>(285)</sup> crime <sub>ARG/5/95</sub>

Weekend Argus Political Staff

PRETORIA. — The government is going to deploy additional soldiers and police in specific crime-ridden areas in Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal — and, if need be, police will be given more powers.

"We cannot wait until political disputes have been settled before acting against crime in specific areas," Minister of Safety and Security Sydney Mufamadi said at a Press conference here yesterday.

Mr Mufamadi said as a result of the cabinet's decision to place a greater focus on combating crime, the SA Police Service (Saps) set about formulating a Community Safety Plan (CSP) to provide additional and more effective crime combating measures in flash-point areas.

A Joint Security Staff meeting comprising Saps, SANDF, correctional services, intelligence services and justice department officials will meet today to discuss the practical details of intensifying the fight against crime in these flash-points areas.

The plan makes provision for:

- High-density patrols by the Saps and SANDF;
- Stationary and mobile roadblocks;
- Door-to-door searches; and,
- A Rapid Reaction Safety Services Component (RRSSC), consisting of members from the intelligence and detective services who will be responsible for search and arrests teams.

Should it become necessary to give the police more powers, everything would be done to do so, said Mr Mufamadi.

The plan would also ensure community support by distributing pamphlets of most wanted persons in the areas.

## Drop in campus crime

Southern Reporter

(35)

THE deployment of more police and campus control officers at the University of Cape Town resulted in a dramatic drop in crime last month — but there was a general increase in crime in Rondebosch in May. *ART 2/6/95*

On the university campus, only four cars were stolen last month compared to 10 in April.

According to Rondebosch station commander Captain Henry Hubbard thieves were foiled because there were more police and campus control officers on duty day and night.

He said patrols would be "beefed up" even more once the Rugby World Cup matches were over. "The campus had a bad spell over the long weekend of April 27 to May 1 when eight cars were stolen," he said.

Citigolfs and Mazdas appeared to be the favourite targets of thieves.

The crime situation in Rondebosch generally appeared to deteriorate last month.

Captain Hubbard said latest figures showed 50 houses and businesses were burgled and 94 cars were broken into in May.

"This represents a big increase and we now have to address it urgently."



# 'Culture change' needed to fight crime in the Western Cape

Staff Reporter

THE Western Cape will remain an unsafe, high-crime area unless a significant proportion of its population is mobilised, says Wilfred Schärf, associate professor at the University of Cape Town's Institute of Criminology.

Speaking at an Idasa strategic issues seminar in Bellville, on finding a strategy for crime prevention in the province, Professor Schärf said bringing about a culture change was what was needed effectively to address crime and safety issues.

The challenge to improve safety and security was partly shaped by the Western Cape's

third-world population pyramid where 67 percent of the population was under 25, and the fact that the province's economy was not yet geared for absorbing large numbers of poorly skilled or unskilled people into the formal or informal sectors.

He pointed out that South Africa had never had a comprehensive crime prevention, management and response strategy.

But, in the last few weeks, the wheels had been set in motion to develop such a plan — as announced by Police Commissioner George Fivaz earlier this year.

What was crucially different,

Professor Schärf said, was that the plan would take shape within the framework of reconstruction and development programme thinking.

He pointed out that the Western Cape RDP document highlighted, as the biggest safety problems facing the townships, violence against women, taxi conflict, gangs and their range of activities.

"The document left out the problems created by attacks on the police, shacklord manoeuvres and the posturing and violence-mongering in the run-up to local government elections."

At the very time when South Africa needed an efficient, effective police agency, transi-

tional dynamics robbed it of the will and capacity to act resolutely against those exploiting the new opportunities created by the uncertainty, said Professor Schärf.

A brain drain from the police occurred as senior police either feared the Truth and Reconciliation Commission or could not associate themselves with the new order in which affirmative action appointments would see them passed over for promotions.

The amalgamation of 11 different forces, combined with rationalisation and affirmative action, had caused high levels of anxiety and plummeting morale, which was hard to convey.

Professor Schärf also said corruption, one of the pernicious hangovers from the past, was and still was rife at all levels of the police agency.

At the same time as the branches of the criminal justice system were struggling to come to terms with pressures, the scenarios within civil society were changing dramatically to increase the levels of crime, he said.

The down-scaling and dissolution of civil society structures that fought against the apartheid government and provided direction and leadership, had allowed for more opportunity to commit crime and

robbed township communities of the power of social censure that had been fairly strong during the "struggle years".

But, Professor Schärf said, in many instances the Western Cape had been the pioneer province in responding to the safety challenge.

The Western Cape Anti-Crime Forum had been the most important new post-election development towards changing attitudes and actions about the crime situation.

And, he said, compared to other provinces, the Western Cape had an attorney-general who was prepared to take risks and experiment with new solutions to old problems.

# Tourism is a mug's game in CBD, city council body told

ARC 12/6/95  
**JOSEPH ARANES**  
Municipal Staff

MUGGINGS in Cape Town's central business district are so bad that tour guides warn tourists not to walk around the city on their own, and especially not after dark.

So said Ralph Rosen of the Western Cape Community Police Liaison Forum, who added that police figures for the number of muggings in the CBD were wrong — the true number was more like twice the official statistics.

Police figures show that between 46 and 50 muggings and robberies are reported in the

CBD every month.

Mr Rosen said most tourists who were robbed did not bother to report the crime to the police. In a state of shock, they just wanted to return to the safety of their hotels.

"Guides at the hotels tell the people not to wander in the streets on their own because the city centre is generally unsafe. This is killing tourism and business in the centre.

"We need to work together as a city and support initiatives designed to make the city a safe place, like the new business initiative ... of a company

headed by Allan Barnard," Mr Rosen told the Cape Town City Council's emergency and protective services committee.

Mr Barnard's plan, which calls for the establishment of a private metro police force and 40 cleaners to keep the city in tiptop shape, could see businesses band together to combat the CBD's image as dirty and dangerous, and transform it into a safe, vibrant shopping and entertainment hub.

The committee decided to convene a special meeting next month to work out strategies to combat the rising crime rate.



# Levy to combat crime?

ET 2/16/96

(35)

## STAFF REPORTER

THE newly elected steering committee of the Central Business District, formed to combat rising crime in the area, has a plan to make the CBD safer and more business friendly.

Some of the measures proposed include a council-imposed levy and privatising the traffic police.

Acting committee chairman

Mr Alan Barnard said the levy would cover the projected cost of the initiative, about R350 000 per month. The committee would have to employ 80 to 100 security personnel.

Mr Ralph Rosen, a member of the Cape Town Chamber of Commerce, said "the majority of the chamber's members opposed any move by the council to make businessmen pay for a job it should be doing".



Gang activity down

— police

Staff Reporter

GANG-related crimes like murder, attempted murder and armed robbery have stabilised and gang fights have dropped on the Cape Flats, police figures show.

In the week from June 8 to 15, police reported a total of nine murders, attempted murders and armed robberies, while gang fights decreased from 46 to 21 reported incidents, compared with the previous week.

Most gang fights took place in the Bellville South area (six incidents). Hanover Park in the Phillippi area, had a steady increase.

Hout Bay was quiet with no incidents reported during the period, indicating successful policing strategies, chief police spokesman Raymond Dowd said.

The decrease in gangsterism was mainly because of increased police action and the participation of the community.

Colonel Dowd said the Hanover Park community had decided to hold a community march against gangsterism on July 22 to hand over a memorandum to provincial Police Minister Patrick McKenzie.

In Ocean View, the community was planning to condemn gangsterism in a press statement in a local newspaper.

Although the Manenberg area indicated a drastic decline in gang-related crime, it was still being policed by the Visible Gang Unit.

But Colonel Dowd warned the drop in gang-related activity could be a smokescreen for concentration on drug-related activities which, according to information, were becoming a priority among gangs.

The eradication of gangs was a priority for the SA Police Service and the successes were indicative of this, Colonel Dowd said.

# Gangsterism options to be probed

□ But scepticism surrounds launching of new initiative on Cape Flats

## BACKGROUND TO THE NEWS

ROGER FRIEDMAN, Staff Reporter

THE leaders of the Western Cape underworld have formed a steering committee to explore "options for the transformation of gangs and gangsterism". But there are fears that they are merely in the process of reorganisation.

IT is difficult to argue against any process aimed at reducing gang-related violence on the crime-racked Cape Flats.

Yet a number of experts working in the field of organised crime are sceptical about the aims of the recently launched initiative bringing traditional gangster enemies around the table to talk peace.

They fear that gang leaders are merely trying to partition the Western Cape into areas they can exploit — in peace — without worrying about the costs of gang warfare or police attention.

The peace process was initiated by the Bishop Lavis Advice Office, according to a statement issued after the first summit meeting last Thursday.

But, earlier that day, a senior member of the advice office told The Argus that the process had actually been initiated by the son of a well-known "reformed" gangster.

The gangsters met at the offices of the Independent Media-Lion Services of South Africa (Imssa) after the police refused them permission to use the Bishop Lavis Training College facilities they had requested.

After the meeting, a "working committee" issued a statement: "Today, a meeting was convened between so-called gang leadership from Western Cape communities.

"The purpose of the meeting was to explore options for a process for the transformation of gangs and gangsterism. All parties agreed that the first stage in this process should be a comprehensive and inclusive peace agreement.

"At the meeting a working committee was appointed to take the process further. The

working committee consists of Simon Stansfield, Ernest Solomon, Rashied Staggie, Shafiek Dollie, Charles Martin, Roland Olince, Mervyn Abrahams, Cyster Williams, Desmond Holland, Gregory Maynar, Jonathan Oliver and Jonathan Miller.

"The following organisations were also represented: Bishop Lavis Advice Office, Western Cape Anti-Crime Forum, South African Police Services and the South African National Defence Force.

"It was agreed that all other stakeholders would be invited to future meetings of the steering committee, including the Department of Safety and Security, Department of Justice, Department of Correctional Services and Nicro.

The police and the Western Cape Anti-Crime Forum say that although they had certain members there, neither party was "officially" represented at the meeting. Neither party supported the process.

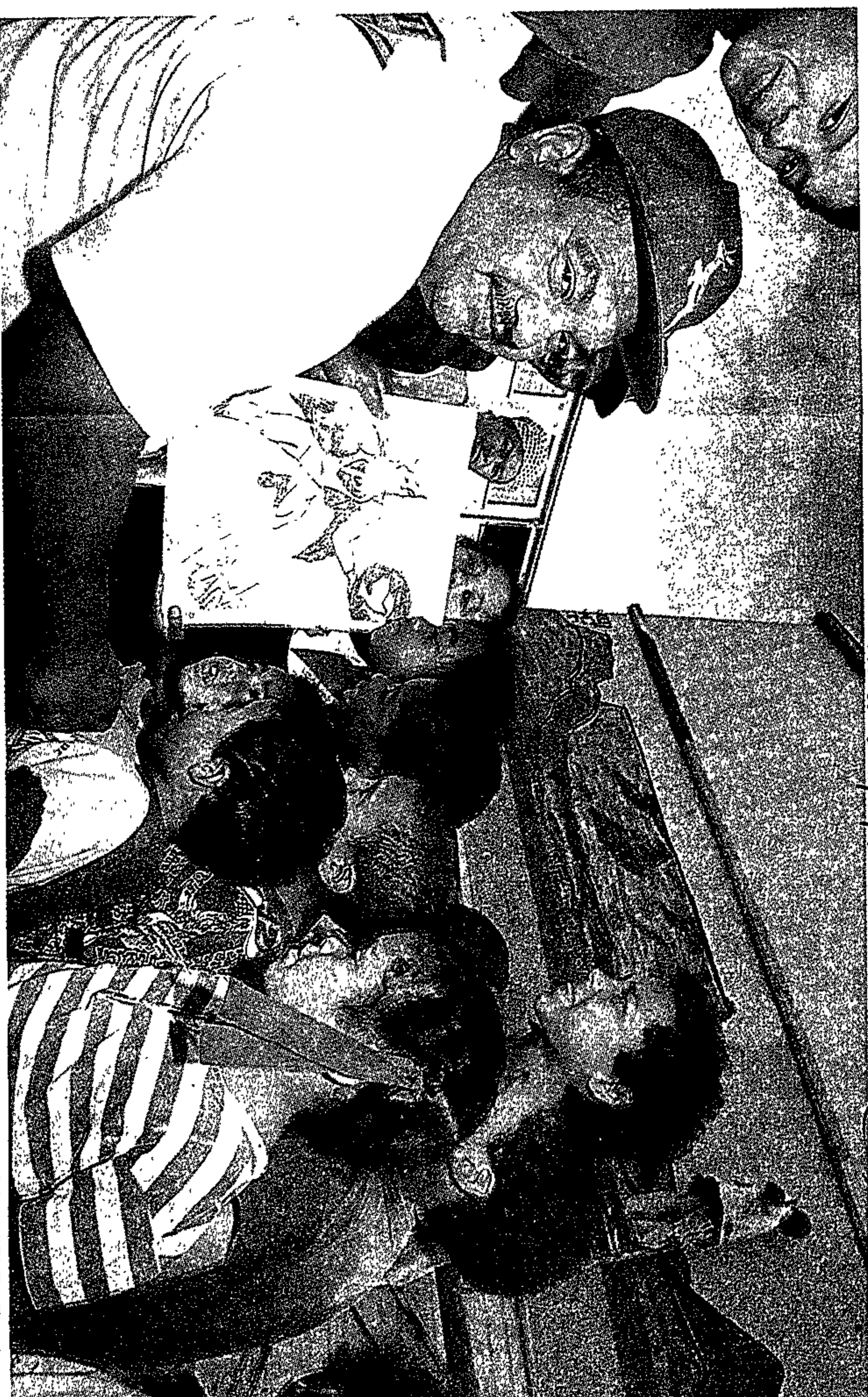
Nor does Nicro.

A spokesperson for Justice Minister Dullah Omar said the department "supports all initiatives seeking to further peace within a framework of public safety and compliance with the law."

"However, such processes should be genuine in their intention to operate within the framework and must involve the support of all stakeholders.

"The interests of justice and the broader community should be served at all times."

Western Cape senior police spokesman Raymond Dowd said the positions of both provincial Police Minister Patrick McKenzie and police management were clear.



POWER OF PAINT: Moeagamat Zame shows children a sketch of the next mural planned for the Nellie Court area in central Manenberg. The Neighbourhood Watch employed an artist to paint the murals in Nellie Court, and other Manenberg residents have followed their example to brighten up residential areas. Neighbourhood Watch chairman, Fuaad Groenewald, says people have formed more branches of the Neighbourhood Watch to curb crime in Manenberg.

"We are not going to allow police facilities to be used for meetings of gangsters," and ● The police will not be party to the brokering of peace between gangsters in a vacuum. We do not see the problem of gangsterism being restricted to fighting. The whole concept of gangsterism is unacceptable and anti-social."

Last Thursday's meeting had been attended in an "observer" capacity by two police liaison officers from the Elsie River police station.

Colonel Dowd said that making peace did not mean the gangs intended stopping their other illegal activities, including running protection rackets and dealing in arms and drugs.

"Meeting the gangs means giving them recognition. Our information is that the heat is on for them . . . they are squirming. They are trying to draw the police into the initiative to divert attention from their other activities," said Colonel Dowd.

Indeed, before last Thursday's meeting, a member of the 21s prison gang admitted that fighting among gangs was having a negative impact on the Mandrax trade.

"Peace is good for business. How can we give up dealing buttons . . . are you prepared to give up your job?" he asked this reporter.

A senior Western Cape police and gang source who asked to remain anonymous said the criminal justice system had exerted huge pressure on organised crime. Gangsters were spending more time evading the police and big money on retaining lawyers.

The drug trade was in the midst of a "shake-up". There were fears that Mandrax was about to make way for crack, highly addictive processed cocaine.

"This is happening faster in Gauteng than in Cape Town. But the beginning of the shake-up is starting to take place."

The source said the gang leadership was "essentially trying to get the police off their backs . . . and create a fictitious separation between themselves as respectable businessmen and gangsters on the streets."

The police could not afford to bargain unless the gang leaders supplied information on supply routes, existing assets and membership.

"Clearly the gangs will not divulge that information," he said.

● The Independent Media-Lion Service of South Africa, which provided a facilitator for last Thursday's meeting, said yesterday they would no longer provide this service "until such time as (the process) receives the support of all stakeholders including the Justice Ministry, the police and the anti-crime forum."

ART 22/6/95

(35)



# Dagga at the heart of new turf battles in KwaZulu-Natal

(36)

ARC 14/6/95

Violence in Kwazulu-Natal shows no sign of abating with some 10 000 lives lost in the past decade. But the warring is being increasingly underlined by drug barons and arms smugglers, reports CHRISTINA LAMB of the Sunday Times in London.

IT is a normal night in Umlazi, near Durban. Masked gunmen have boarded the 6.15 KwaMashu to Umlazi commuter train, spraying a carriage with gunfire before jumping out and disappearing into the crowded township.

One person has died and four are injured. The inside of the carriage appears spray-painted with blood. A pack of cards lies scattered, the joker on top spotted with blood. "We are sick of this fighting," NC Luthuli, the station supervisor, said. "It is like living in a war."

The violence that has claimed 10 000 lives in KwaZulu-Natal over the past decade shows no sign of abating in the new South Africa. Yet something has changed. The fighting was once political — the Inkatha Freedom Party and the African National Congress struggling for turf and power — or feudal, as Zulu chiefs thrashed out old grievances.

Now Natal is increasingly being taken over by drug barons, car thieves, protection racketeers and arms smugglers taking advantage of the political unrest to mask their activities and disrupt any attempts at peacemaking.

"The last thing these people want is peace," said Stanley Brose, an ANC monitor in Bambaye, Natal's marijuana capital. "They know if there is peace, their activities will be easier to spot."

Bambaye is where Mahatma Gandhi lived during his years in South Africa. The ruins of his printing press and house are covered in graffiti. Nearby is a skeleton tree, which marks the boundary between two rival communities. One side is Inkatha and the other ANC, but the real division is between which drug faction they are involved with — Transkei Red or Zulu Green.

Dennis Mkosi, director of the regional peace monitoring office, ex-

plains: "These people were all ANC. They came here from the Transkei looking for work, but soon found they could not leave the place because of the surrounding violence.

"They needed some way of making a living here so turned to smuggling dagga. Eventually they started fighting over trade and one group threatened to expel the others. These people went to the government for protection and were told that first they had to join the IFP.

"So you can now call the two sides ANC and IFP, but the labels have nothing to do with any political or even tribal differences."

Natal is fertile ground for drugs and arms smuggling. Aside from its volatility, it has two ports on the Indian Ocean and borders Mozambique, which has plenty of guns left from 16 years of civil war.

Townships are replete with gangs running protection rackets who demand money from businesses and contractors operating in the area.

Last week a Scottish-born director of a construction company was shot dead in KwaMashu, where he was building a community hall. His company had refused to pay protection money.

Senzo Mchunfu, the ANC's provincial secretary, admits: "It is becoming very difficult to discriminate between criminal and political violence — the whole thing is completely intermeshed. Community workers say the province's political leaders are not helping. Rather than getting together, the IFP is preaching secession and the ANC is advocating a state of emergency and the sending-in of troops."

Mervyn Frost, professor of political science at Natal University, warned: "If President Mandela imposes a state of emergency, that will be handing the IFP a grievance on a platter." — The Sunday Times, London.

AL

# KZN leads in high levels of crime

*Sowetan 7/2/96*

More than 13 000 people have died in political and factional violence

By Rafiq Rohan  
Political Correspondent

**K**WAZULU-NATAL STANDS OUT as the leading province for high levels of crime, particularly political murders.

Figures for 1994 and 1995 show a marked escalation in incidents of political and factional murders in the province. In 1994, 6 230 people died due to political strife while the figure last year was 7 254, almost one thousand more.

This was revealed to the Safety and Security portfolio committee in Parliament yesterday by police commissioner George Fivaz and three of his provincial commissioners who painted a bleak picture of crime and policing in South Africa.

Speaking on KwaZulu-Natal, the regional commissioner Mr Chris Ser-

fontein told the committee that clashes between members of the Inkatha Freedom Party and the African National Congress were the main causes for the high murder rate.

He said the fast pace of political change and the resultant struggle for political power have contributed to the continuing killings.

He complained that the security forces in the region were stretched to the absolute limit and usage of personnel and work hours to police the situation was costing the tax-payer millions of rands.

Up to 1 000 security force members are used at a time in some areas just to police protest marches or even ordinary meetings.

The Shobashabane funeral, following the horrific massacre, cost R2,5 million. Using police to deal with the bail application for those arrested in Margate amounted to R450 000.

At least 7 645 illegal weapons were recovered. These included AK47's, revolvers and pistols.

Hijackings and robberies have affected RDP projects. He also pointed to the "unfortunate increase" in rapes, serious assault, attempted murder, armed robbery and theft.

On accusations that police took sides in the IFP-ANC strife he said: "We don't arrest IFP or ANC supporters. We arrest criminals and murderers."



## DP to unveil major anti-crime strategy in Durban

Linda Ensor

CAPE TOWN — The DP would unveil a major anti-crime strategy at a meeting of all its public representatives in Durban next month, leader Tony Leon told the party's Western Cape provincial congress at the weekend.

The set of practical policies and draft legislation was aimed at tackling in "the most decisive and determined way the crime problem which is rapidly destroying the fabric of our society and undermining our communities and our best hopes for the new SA", Leon said.

President Nelson Mandela had already been given an outline of the proposals.

Leon endorsed a suggestion by

political consultant Lawrence Schlemmer that an overarching ministry of crime be established.

Discussing the challenges facing the party, Leon said its first mission was to again become a political force outside of Parliament. To achieve this, party workers would have to go back into the communities to secure existing and new support.

Secondly, the party would have to consider the question of a principled political realignment with other parties.

"Should there be a rearrangement of the political furniture in this country, I would rather we anticipate it and direct it, than simply get left behind after the rearrangements have been completed," Leon said.

Re-elected DP Western Cape leader Hennie Bester said that an important challenge facing the party was management of the public sector, where no delivery was taking place.

In the year ahead the party would establish itself organisationally in coloured communities where it would assist with their economic empowerment.

By these means the party was confident that it would win votes in coloured areas in the 1999 general election.

Bester issued a call on big business leaders provincially and nationally to give coloured people "a major ownership stake in the commanding heights of our economy. It is not only Nail and Kagiso who should be brought to the table."

### **Kalahari Goldridge Mining Company Limited**

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)  
(Registration number 82/02818/08)  
("KalGold" or "the company")

#### **ABRIDGED PRE-LISTING STATEMENT** PREPARED IN TERMS OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE JOHANNESBURG STOCK EXCHANGE ("the JSE")

*This abridged pre-listing statement is not an invitation to the public to subscribe for shares in the company. The information set out below is provided in terms of the listings requirements of the JSE with regard to abridged pre-listing statements and has been extracted from the detailed pre-listing statement of KalGold which was issued to shareholders of West Rand Consolidated Mines Limited on 30 September 1996.*

## Security firms hired to protect farmers

Farouk Chothia

BD 20/11/96

DURBAN — Farmers and companies such as Sappi and Mondi have teamed up to hire private security to combat rising crime in rural KwaZulu-Natal.

NP provincial MP Rudi Rendinger said yesterday annual contracts of R1m-R2m each had been awarded to Sandrich Partnership and Enviro Watch to protect lives and property in the midlands. Executive Outcomes, known for its mercenary operations, was among the firms bidding for a third contract. The firms would protect forestry operations and sugar cane and livestock farms of up to 100 000ha.

Rendinger said the private security firms were offering 24-hour security, which police were unable to do. Ninety farmers had been murdered in the province in the past five years, 11 this year alone. Farmers paid millions of rands in taxes and faced the added burden of a land tax, yet insufficient measures were taken to protect them.

ANC KwaZulu-Natal safety and security spokesman Bheki Cele warned against giving the contract to Executive Outcomes, saying it had shown "no patriotism" towards SA. Its presence in the province could exacerbate political violence, he said.

All sectors of society were affected by crime, and government was trying its best to reduce crime levels. The problem was that farmers had been "spoilt" by the apartheid government, which had incorporated them into the security establishment and spent a lot of money on them, Cele said.



## Victim leaves pregnant wife

MARITZBURG: The death of a police reservist — who applied last week for a permanent post in the SA Police Service — during a Pagad protest has rocked the tightly-knit community in which he grew up.

Constable Manoj Balgobind was well-known and liked on the streets of his home suburb, Bombay Heights.

His wife of three weeks, Raksha, is six months' pregnant.

His father, Mr Dayanand Balgobind, said he had tried to persuade him not to work a shift during the Pagad gathering on Saturday. However, his son was enthusiastic about doing his job, so he drove him to the police station.

His son had returned home briefly for supper. The family drove to Port Shepstone on Saturday night and heard of the tragedy hours after it happened.

"If these gatherings must be held, then it should be with one Pagad member backed up by many policemen, instead of 100 Pagad members with only a handful of policemen," Balgobind senior said.

"No one should be armed except the police. People have guns all over the place — they do what they like.

"This is not for human beings any more," he said. —  
Own Correspondent

## RESERVIST DIES IN NATAL MARCH

# Pagad commander wounded in fracas

ET 17/6/97

(25) (36)

**MARITZBURG:** A police spokesman says Pagad members who marched on an alleged drug dealer's supermarket did not appear to be armed. **CAROL CAMPBELL** reports.

**P**AGAD'S national commander, Mr Aslam Toefy, was wounded in the leg in a shootout between Pagad members and an alleged drug dealer in Maritzburg at the weekend.

Constable Manoj Balgobind, 20, was killed while police were trying to form a barrier between the adversaries early on Saturday night.

When the shooting began, Balgobind was caught in the crossfire. He was shot twice and died at the scene. Balgobind's wife of three weeks, Raksha, buried her husband on Sunday.

Toefy discharged himself from Grey's Hospital hours after the battle.

Maritzburg police spokesman Superintendent Henry Budhram said the reservist was killed when police formed a barricade between an estimated 100 People Against Gangsterism and Drugs members and their target, an alleged drug



**SHOT IN LEG:** Aslam Toefy

dealer and his family who were holed up in their Bombay Heights supermarket.

"We haven't had much Pagad activity here before," Budhram said. "Usually the area is quiet and peaceful. The situation in Cape Town is different from Maritzburg. In Cape Town there are a lot of drug dealers, but it is not so bad here. As far as gangs go, Cape Town is also far worse than Maritzburg."

Witnesses said many of the Pagad marchers covered their faces with scarves and chanted "Allah Akbar" ("God is the greatest") as they swooped on the supermarket, where they were to hand over a memorandum. As the memoran-

dum was handed over, a shot was fired.

"It seems a shot was fired from the supermarket and after that it was chaos. Everyone, except the police, was shooting," Budhram said.

The alleged drug dealer, his mother and two teenage customers were also admitted to Grey's Hospital with gunshot wounds. One is in a critical condition.

Budhram said the Pagad marchers had not been visibly armed when they set off for the supermarket. Nor had there been a problem when they marched on the homes of two other alleged drug dealers after their national executive meeting earlier.

"A number of vehicles were being driven along with the march — and it could be the guns were taken from these cars. Also, it was pitch-dark and difficult to see if people were armed."

Police have established a task team to investigate the shootout.

Budhram said the police welcomed community initiatives to control crime, but people involved in these initiatives had to behave.

"We will not condone unlawful activities."

Investigators were still taking statements from those involved and, as yet, no charges had been laid.

# Costs prevent retrenchment of redundant public servants

Reneé Grawitzky

BD 5/11/97

THE costs of retrenching public servants, including 60 000 redundant personnel, prevented government from opting for mass retrenchments, Public Service and Administration Deputy Director-General Neva Seidman Makgetla said yesterday.

Makgetla assured delegates at the Industrial Relations Association of SA (Irasa) seminar in Midrand that the complexities facing public service restructuring and collective bargaining were much greater than those facing the private sector.

She said government would not opt for mass retrenchment in the public service as the costs of such an exercise prevented this but discussions with labour would have to take place to explore other options.

This was essential, she said, to ensure the successful restructuring of the public service to ensure service delivery. Costs of retrenchment, she said, were also preventing departments

from outsourcing various functions while major institutional changes were causing problems in the public service.

University of the Witwatersrand sociology professor Eddie Webster said that in the private sector there were growing signs of acceptance by labour and business of the new labour market institutions introduced in terms of the Labour Relations Act.

Webster said this was despite a letter from an employer, publicised in the media, that the Commission for Conciliation Mediation and Arbitration (CCMA) would prove to be the "vlakplaas for industrial relations".

The CCMA and the National Economic Development and Labour Council were gaining acceptance by the parties. The CCMA, to date, had received 40 000 disputes.

The growing acceptance of the new labour relations system was further reflected in the decline in strikes, wage settlements closer to the inflation rate and longer term wage agreements, Webster said.

## Total of 20 convicted for welfare fraud

Farouk Chothia

BD 5/11/97

DURBAN — A total of 20 people had been convicted since 1995 for mainly defrauding the KwaZulu-Natal government's social welfare department of about R1m, department spokesman Isabel de Klerk said yesterday.

De Klerk said that 25 other cases were before the courts, and 130 were "on hand". More prosecutions could be expected as 20 000 files of false disability grants were still being investigated, she said.

De Klerk said the 20 people who had been convicted as a result of investigations conducted by private sector forensic auditors and the SA Police

Service (SAPS), included four public servants and two employees of Cash Payment Services, the company which made welfare payments on behalf of the department. The remaining 16 were ordinary citizens, who made false claims for grants, De Klerk said.

The biggest case for which a conviction had been obtained involved department employee Lethiwe Dlamini. She defrauded the department of R819 000, and was sentenced to five years and four months imprisonment last year, De Klerk said.

De Klerk said it had also come to light that public servants at the Ulundi offices were using official order books to purchase furniture for private use.



# KwaZulu-Natal youth desks to tackle crime

(36) ~~348~~ BD9/1/98

DURBAN — KwaZulu-Natal youth should form partnerships with police to fight crime and violence, premier Ben Ngubane said yesterday at the launch of the police service's youth desk in KwaMashu, north of Durban.

Several youth desks have been formed in the province since the launch of the youth initiative on December 12.

Addressing about 500 young people at the Princess Magogo Stadium, Ngubane referred to the murder on New Year's Eve of German tourist Helmut Wilhelm Kriegbaum, 44, on the Durban beachfront. Three youths were charged with Kriegbaum's murder in the Durban Regional Court yesterday.

"The German and US governments, since the brutal murder of the German tourist, have cautioned tourists against visiting KwaZulu-Natal," Ngubane said.

"True peace requires prosperity, but ... prosperity requires peace. Now, if you remember that for every nine tourists visiting South Africa one job is created, we see the link between violence and prosperity very clearly," Ngubane said.

He praised the youth for their decision to stand up against crime and to protect their communities. "Partnering with your local police is the best way to do this," he said.

"The community, and specific sectors within the community such as the youth, must take control of the problem by joining forces with the police.

"Partnerships such as yours are the first steps towards this, and I am very

proud to see that they are being so confidently taken," Ngubane said.

The chairman of the provincial campaign to involve the youth in fighting crime, Sipiwe Ngcobo, said they hoped to get the youth involved in several crime prevention initiatives.

The campaign could see the deployment of youths as marshals at Durban International Airport and the beachfront to assist tourists.

Young people, especially the unemployed, would be encouraged to engage voluntarily in the campaign.

## Stability

Ngcobo stressed it was first necessary to create stability to encourage the investment in the province that would in turn provide employment.

The campaign also involves workshops in townships to educate communities on the negative effects of crime and violence on the economy and on unemployment.

The youth desks idea originally came from the police, who were assisting the campaign by providing some infrastructure at the provincial police offices in Durban.

Provincial police co-ordinator Joe Ngcobo said the initiative was a multiparty one, involving all races.

"Crime is not selective, it affects everyone," he said.

A planned three-year programme involving both the youth and the police is to be launched on January 17. — Sapa.

Tourist death:

# Durban's crime 'worse than perceptions indicate'

Stephen Lauffer

THE rate of serious crimes in Durban and Johannesburg is more similar than public perceptions or police statistics indicate, and whites are less often victims than their fears suggest, surveys of the two cities show.

Commissioned by the Institute for Security Studies in Midrand, the representative surveys of victims of crime show that Durban is a more dangerous place than is

generally believed.

The murder and violent robbery rates in the port city were significantly higher between January 1993 and July last year than they were in Johannesburg. In 1996, car theft rates were exactly the same, and there were more burglaries per capita in Durban.

The city's traditionally white suburbs were nevertheless generally safer than Johannesburg's northern suburbs, the institute's Mark Shaw said at the weekend.

BD 26/11/98

Durban hardly featured in the SA Police Service statistics on the 10 most crime-ridden urban areas in the country, probably because of lower reporting rates.

The city's Umlazi township had only one police station and one satellite station serving more than 300 000 people, Antoinette Louw of the institute said.

Victim surveys are believed to be more accurate than police crime statistics because they include people who have been at the receiv-

ing end of crimes, but have not reported them to the police.

White residents of Durban live in acute fear of violent crime, the survey shows, but are much safer than black residents. Blacks fear crime less, but are much more likely to become victims of assault, murder or hijacking.

More than 17% of Durban's black population and 20,6% of its coloured population were victims of

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Continued on Page 2

## Crime

(36)

Continued from Page 1  
BD 26/11/98

In Durban, a majority indicated that they thought police responded slowly and inadequately to crimes, that they treated victims badly, and that they were corrupt. Only 9% of victims thought the police were efficient, but hampered by poor resources.

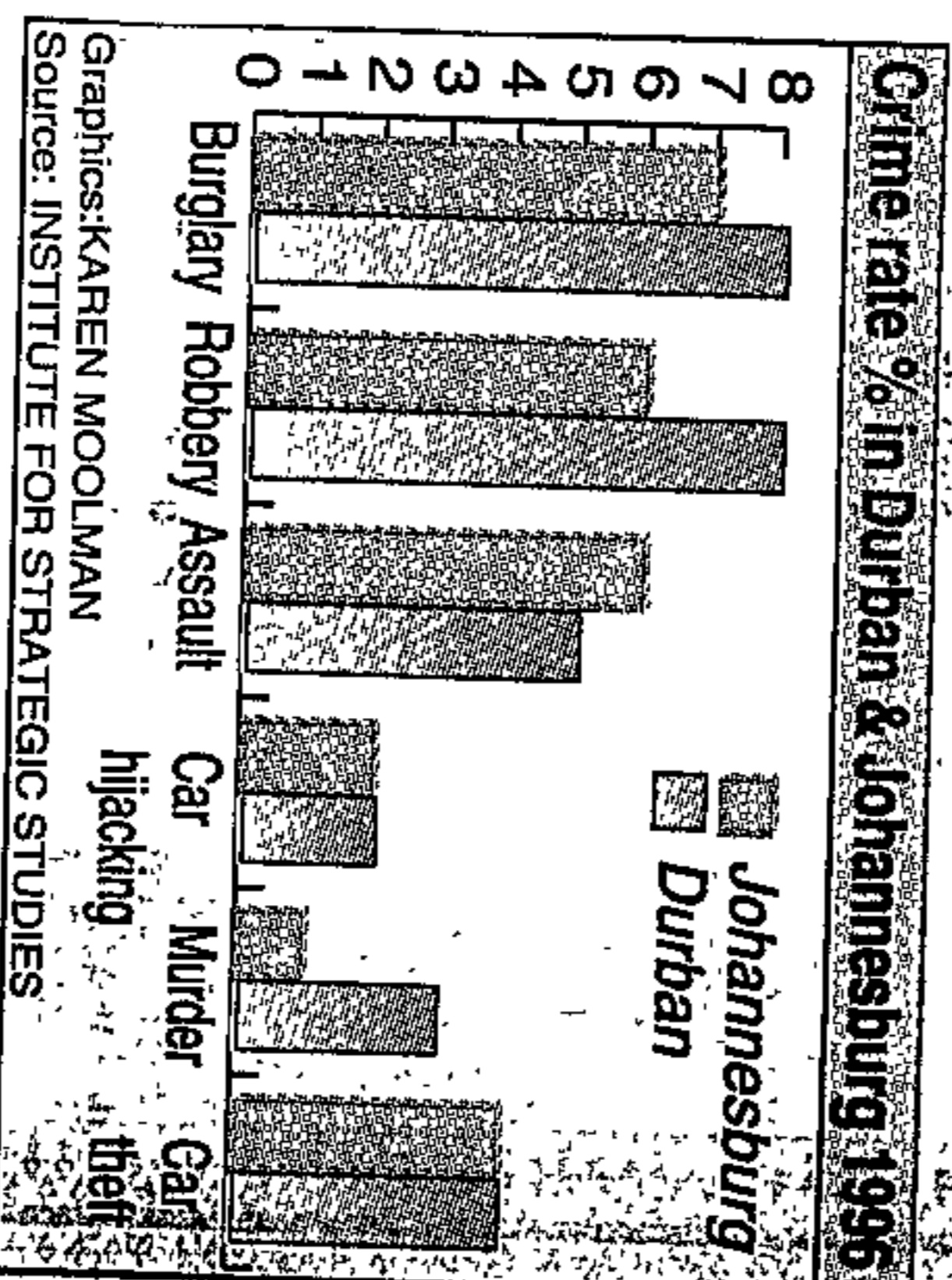
The contrast is even more marked when it comes to murder, with 16,9% of blacks experiencing a murder within the household compared with only 0,6% of whites.

The disparity between fears of crime and the statistical possibility of becoming a victim suggested that a separate strategy to address perceptions was necessary, Shaw said.

Police attitudes can make a marked difference, the survey suggests. Many victims said they wanted to be treated more courteously in charge offices, and would like follow-up calls to indicate police concern.

The Johannesburg survey, which examined the same period, showed that when it came to crime aimed at property, those living in the suburbs were more at risk. The use of violence in the course of these property crimes was more of a threat to blacks. Violence was used in 20% of all burglaries reported to the survey. Twenty-five per cent of black victims experienced violence compared with only 9% of white burglary victims.

The Johannesburg survey found that as many as 73% of hijack victims were black. Blacks were also more exposed to violent interpersonal crimes such as assault, rape and murder.





# Aliens posing as refugees threaten 'massive crime

KAREN JACKMAN

Durban - Aliens entering South Africa pretending to be political refugees are one of the most sinister threats to law and order, says Piet Meyer, head of the police squad fighting organised crime in Kwazulu Natal.

Senior Superintendent Meyer and detectives at Point Road station in Durban have called for an urgent review of the screening of asylum seekers by the Home Affairs Department.

"During the past year in particu-

lar we have seen a huge influx of Nigerians to Durban. We believe the crack cocaine syndicates are controlled by them," said Superintendent Meyer.

Nigerian syndicates were also believed to be master-minding fraud and white-collar crimes.

"We are fighting a losing battle here and we need to make a stand to keep them out of the country to stop a massive crime explosion."

He said Nigerian crime rings had entrenched themselves as lawless syndicates, taking over blocks of flats. "I have lost count of the hundreds

of people arrested for drug-related crimes, and they all have temporary residence permits saying they are political asylum-seekers."

Police have piles of charge sheets implicating Nigerians classified as asylum-seekers charged with drug crimes.

Cases take months to come to court while the accused are granted bail and abscond "like ghosts in the night" before the trial date, Superintendent Meyer said. "We cannot trace them because they have no fixed address or ID. They move around South Africa freely, leave the country

and come back to apply for asylum under a new name."

He said Home Affairs officials were not screening asylum applicants adequately, despite his appeals for them to tighten up.

Applicants are given temporary residence through Home Affairs, at no cost, which allows them to live and work in the country for three months. The period is renewed every three months for an indefinite period.

They do not need documentation to approve their identity and applications can take years to process. Home Affairs says it has 2 338 Nigerian asy-

lun-seekers in South Africa. Only two have been recognised as refugees since 1998.

According to Home Affairs, the asylum procedure, which applies to any foreigner, has been carried out in terms of the international principles covered by the 1951 United Nations Convention, the 1967 OAU Protocol on the Status of Refugees and the 1969 AU Convention on the Specific Problems of Refugees in Africa. South Africa became a signatory in 1998.

Mike Thlonelang, in charge of refugees at the Home Affairs Department in Pretoria, said the screening

of refugee-seekers was adequate.

"Officials do in-depth interviews with an applicant before he is given temporary residence as an asylum applicant. Some of them have documents and some do not, but our officials are knowledgeable about the countries they come from, so will soon know if someone is genuine or not."

Mr Thlonelang said there could be abusers of the system, "but we will weed them out".

He said political asylum-seekers could be deported to their home countries if convicted of serious crimes,

which included drug-dealing.

In Nigeria the punishment for crimes involving cocaine and LSD is life imprisonment. Several years ago drug-peddling in Nigeria carried the death penalty by public execution.

Adamu Abbas, Nigeria's acting consul-general in Johannesburg, said his government was "very concerned" with the reported criminal activity of Nigerians.

"But there are also an appreciable percentage of Nigerians living in South Africa who are professionals contributing to the development of South Africa," he said.

Explosion! says top cop

(36)

RRG 28/2/98

# Farm unions say attacks are escalating

Criticism mounts after two KwaZulu farmers die and others are attacked

STAFF REPORTER AND SAPA

**A**gricultural unions believe attacks on farmers are escalating, following the murder of two farmers in the past five days.

Police disagree, saying the recent attacks are sporadic.

"This weekend was a bit tough, but we're still confident that we're winning the battle against these people taking advantage of the farming community for their criminal activities," said investigative task unit spokesman Superintendent Martin Aylward.

The farmers were killed in KwaZulu Natal. In addition, a farmer was ambushed in Bothaville in the Free State on Sunday, and one was attacked in Mpumalanga on Friday.

An elderly KwaZulu Natal Midlands farmer was shot dead and his wife assaulted on their farm near Pietermaritzburg yesterday.

Dave Ronaldson (68) of Sunrise Seedlings, about 10km from Pietermaritzburg, was shot by a number of attackers. His wife Faye (65) fired two shots at the attackers, who fled.

On Friday three men broke in to the home of Wilfred Murley (47) of Edwards Farm, Peacevale, in the Inchanga area of KwaZulu Natal.

His wife Sharon was awakened by a man demanding firearms. The lights went out and the suspects fled. Mrs Murley later found her husband lying on the floor with a gunshot wound to his head.

KwaZulu Natal Agricultural Union president Graham McIntosh said the latest murders gave harsh relevance to the statistic of 65 murders a day in South Africa.

(36)  
"The Government seems incapable of recognising that criminals commit crime, and it is time the criminals were punished and lived in fear. Instead, law-abiding citizens live in fear," he said.

Burt Webber (44) of Mpumalanga was in a serious condition in Pretoria's Eugene Marais Hospital yesterday after he and his wife Pieta were attacked on their Toitskraal plot near Marble Hall on Friday. They were accosted by five armed men after midnight. Webber was wounded three times in the struggle.

Free State Agricultural Union president Dr Pieter Gous said the attack on Bothaville farmer Hennie Louwrens and his wife and daughter on Sunday showed that the attackers aimed to kill farmers and sow terror.

He criticised a police report presented to President Mandela this month that said common criminals were responsible for attacks on farmers.

Louwrens had parked and his family were heading towards the house when shots rang out. He returned fire. After taking cover they saw the back door had been forced and the house ransacked.

Louwrens' wife Snoekie entered one of the bedrooms and saw that her husband had been shot in the abdomen. The robbers took an Uzi submachinegun, an R-4 rifle, two 9mm pistols, a shotgun and a 6.35 pistol. Louwrens was in a serious but stable condition in a Klerksdorp hospital.

■ A man apprehended for the death on Wednesday of Benoni farmer Theo Taitz was shot dead last night as he ran away from police.



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CRIME PREVENTION

FM 27/3/98

## You're being watched

Durban cops turn to photography

**Durban city** police Constable Daynandh Lukraj, like any other bobby on the beat, must keep his eyes peeled as he patrols up Point Road, an area notorious for its drug dealers and call girls. But that's where the similarity ends.

Instead of pounding his beat on foot or wheels, Lukraj does it from an office chair in front of video monitors, with what could pass for a TV games joystick in his right hand. The controls enable the policeman to glide effortlessly through Durban's CBD streets and the beachfront.

Using closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras is not a new crime prevention concept in Durban. In 1994 a pilot programme for the beachfront resulted in a 70% reduction in crime. The concept is now being expanded to the CBD.

The programme is a R9m initiative, involving the Durban Metro, SA Police Service and the private sector. The bulk of the capex, funded through an even three-way split, will go to increasing the number of cameras to 38.

The Metro and the provincial government recognise that KwaZulu-Natal's tourism industry suffers whenever a tourist is killed. A provincial tourism spokesman says: "Even more serious are the longer-term consequences. A blacklisting through a single incident such as a murder can bring a thriving tourism industry to its knees."

City police head of communications CI Ray Smart is the first to concede that the CCTV network, which works with the force's two-way radio and emergency telephone network, is not in itself a panacea for the metro's crime problem. "Part of the problem is that operators need specialist training not available in SA. In addition the cameras cannot replace the bobby on the beat or the co-operation from the public."

Business Against Crime MD Dave Marshall emphasises the importance of bringing the broader public into the campaign as the eyes and ears of the police. This includes upgrading the status of traffic wardens and car-park watchers.

Marshall says the car-park watch system — which has reduced car theft by 60%-70% — is to be completely overhauled thanks to a R5m grant from KwaZulu-Natal premier Ben Ngubane.

Herb Payne



# Workers furious at murder of Taiwanese man

## Threat to pull investments out of SA

AKG 25/4/98 (36)

ISMAIL SUDER  
in Durban

She spoke no words, but her tearful face outlined a story of pain and anguish. Susan Wang was helped to the podium to face 2 000 guests who had come to pay their respects to her husband, Neng-shih Wang, who was murdered by gunmen at his Isithebe, KwaZulu Natal, clothing factory last Friday.

Unable to understand or speak English, the emotion written on her face was read clearly by every person who attended the memorial service outside the factory where her husband was killed.

Her two daughters, Annie, 20, and Megan, 13, draped in simple, white customary headgear, held up their distraught mother, who was bent double with grief.

Her brother, Michael Lin, expressed her pain when he addressed the crowd, which represented staff from the 30 Taiwanese factories that rent space from the KwaZulu Natal Finance Corporation.

"The children have no father and my sister does not have her loving husband anymore. He came to this country and worked hard for his family and provided jobs for people — but he was killed for no reason.

"Now that he is gone, what must she do, close the factory and go back to Taiwan? If she stays, we will do everything possible to ease her pain and assist her, but it will not replace the love of her husband," he said.

If Mrs Wang decides to remain in the country, she would probably be helped by her son, Ron-Che, 18.

After a Buddhist ceremony performed on the factory premises by Master Hwei-Yi, the funeral procession of three hearses led 2 000 placard-waving staff through the industrial estate.

The 5 000 workers who depend on

the Taiwanese factories carried placards which read "Enough is Enough" and "Life is Cheap in Isithebe".

The hearse carrying Mr Wang's body was sent to Durban for cremation tomorrow, after which the ashes will be kept at a Buddhist temple at Bronkhorstspuit, about 50km from Pretoria.

A family member said that should the Wang family decide to leave, they would take the ashes with them to Taiwan.

Earlier in the day, speaker after speaker spoke out against the scourge of violence sweeping South Africa.

Piet Mathee, National Party spokesman for safety and security, said crime had touched virtually every South African's life. In this country, 67 people were murdered every single day, he said.

Gary Lin, director-general of the Taipei liaison office in Durban, told the gathering: "We are often told that South Africa is a beautiful rainbow nation and a miracle in modern history in terms of the democratic transformation.

"If this were true, many of us don't understand why the crime rate is so high. This land has actually become a paradise for criminals.

"It seems to us that little action has been taken to effectively deal with murderers," said Mr Lin.

"The worsening situation in Isithebe is a notable case in point. Taiwanese industrialists have long been victims of rampant crime. Many of them not only were robbed, but there also was a threat of physical violence.

"The government of the people of the Republic of China and Taiwan is deeply concerned about the safety of our investors in South Africa. This development has received international media attention," he said.

He said unless the authorities stepped up security in Isithebe, man-

ufacturers were determined to embark on a rent boycott and even a campaign of disinvestment from South Africa.

He said Taiwanese businessmen were looking to more investor-friendly countries such as Botswana, Swaziland and Namibia to set up factories which offered safer societies.

"The culture of entitlement and violence will not advance the cause of African renaissance, but self-destruction and self-delusion.

"I say to accomplish the vision of African renaissance, we need to come together and take a strong stand to stop violence, to stop crime and to uphold law and order."

Dr Derek Arbuckle, representing the premier of KwaZulu Natal, said he had every confidence that the killers of Mr Wang would be arrested and made to pay for their crime.

Meanwhile, the KwaZulu Natal Finance Corporation (KFC), which owns the industrial estate at Isithebe, said immediate measures would be taken to improve security at the estate.

KFC Properties executive Jan van Niekerk said guard posts at each of the industrial estate's access points would be erected "as soon as it is practically possible". He said the organisation was investigating the possibility of erecting a perimeter fence around the entire estate.

He said individual security could unfortunately not be provided to each of the 160 factories in the estate. A manufacturer at the estate, George Fu, said unless security improved, the Taiwanese would go elsewhere.

And Andy Liu of Louis Fabrics said he came to South Africa five years ago to invest his money, but had become a target of robbery.

Another manufacturer said he had been hijacked three times and robbed 10 times during his 10-year stay at Isithebe.



RIEF STRICKEN: Susan Wang is helped on to the podium during the memorial ceremony for her slain husband



## Taiwanese firms protest against crime

~~36~~ (36)  
Dustin Chick

BD 21/4/98

ABOUT 26 Taiwanese companies in KwaZulu-Natal had started a rent boycott and threatened to disinvest if the crime situation there did not improve, Taipei's liaison office said yesterday.

The office said it was shocked by the shooting of businessman Neng-Shih Wang on April 17. Wang was shot after an attempted robbery at his company, Chinatown Garment Manufacturers.

The office claimed there was "continuing murder of Taiwanese industrialists" which had prompted the companies to start the protest.

The Association of Taiwanese Businessmen said it was deeply distressed by the murder and it seemed as if criminals were targeting Taiwanese businessmen.

KwaZulu-Natal premier Ben Ngubane said he was appalled by the murder of Wang, whose death meant about 400 jobs would be lost. Ngubane said the murder was "another nail in the coffin of business confidence" in SA. Violence was unacceptable and every effort would be made to bring the attackers to book, he said.

The liaison office said investors in KwaZulu-Natal were particularly concerned about security at the Isithebe industrial park, where Wang was murdered.

# Provinces lose R1-m in crime incidents

*Sowetan 6/8/98*

By Noxolo Nxusani

MORE than R1 million was stolen in North West and Kwazulu-Natal provinces in separate incidents of crime this week, Police said yesterday.

North West police said more than R800 000 was snatched when two cars forced a Khulani Springsbok Patrols vehicle to stop near Orkney, in the Free State, on Tuesday.

Six occupants of both vehicles who were wearing balacayas, poured petrol over the security van and threatened to set it alight. The guards got out of their car and were tied

up with a rope, Captain Louis Jacobs said. He said the robbers then fled with five containers of money.

Police are investigating the possibility that the robbery was based on inside information, because the security vehicle had used an alternative route when the robbery occurred.

In Durban, more than R140 000 was taken and two Springsbok Patrol security guards were injured when their car was ambushed on the Kwadabaka Highway.

Director Bala Naidoo said the car was forged off the road after its tyres were shot at by robbers. Fifteen armed robbers shot at the guards who

were inside the security car, wounding two. They then fled with cash and cheques.

Naidoo also reported that the Durban branch of Standard Bank was robbed of R799 000 by three men who locked staff members in a toilet before fleeing.

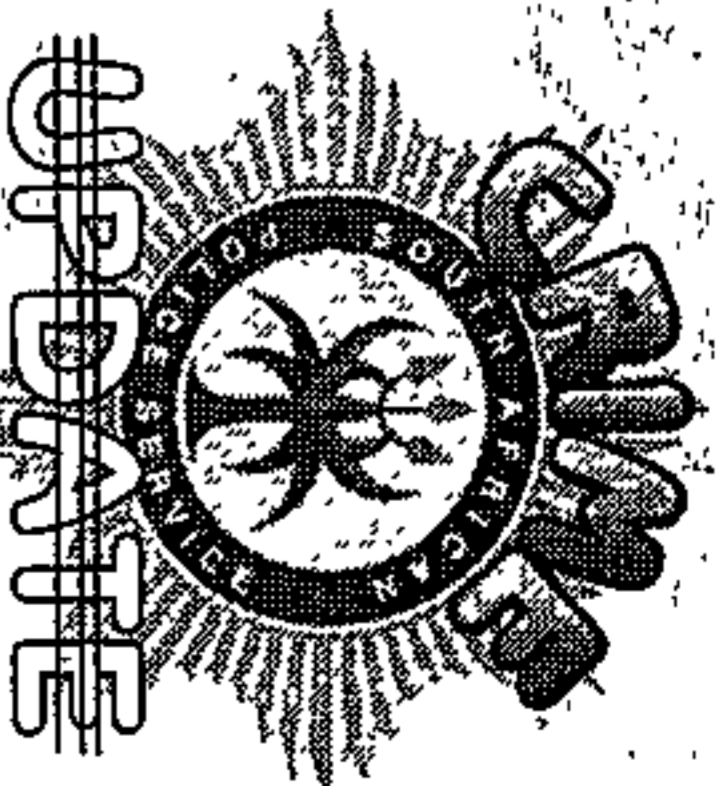
Cape Town police said Sergeant Christian Maritz of the Faure public order policing unit was killed when his car was involved in a three-car pile-up on Tuesday evening.

A two-year-old boy and two other people aged 30 were also killed in the incident. Soweto police reported that a member of the Soweto dog unit was in a serious condition at

a local hospital after being shot at while on patrol duty in Mapeta on Thursday evening.

East Rand police are investigating six armed robberies in which goods worth R500 000 were stolen.

Johannesburg police arrested two men and a woman after a 17-year-old girl was raped in Rosebank.



A Nation Building Project



Sitting ducks for violent criminals, the Kwazulu

Natal farming community - both black and white - has decided to go high-tech in the fight, often to the death, against the attackers, reports **Kim Robinson**

# New security system beacon of hope for farmers

The first chairperson of a newly formed district agricultural council, Themba Nyoka, was tending his farm just outside Greytown when he, his son and his neighbour's son were gunned down by three attackers last week.

While the community mourns the loss of the local farmer, the killers are still at large.

Nyoka was just one of 34 000 district farmers who belong to the Kwazulu Natal Agricultural Union (Kwanalu). "We only hear about the murders of the white farmers when, in reality, so many of our black farmers are being murdered as well," said Kwanalu di-

rector Steve Shone.

The farmers of Kwazulu Natal have been pushed to take any legal means necessary to protect their families, livestock and labourers.

The start of darkness brings hidden terrors for those who live in the province's rural areas.

Added to their fears are the presences of cattle rustlers who destroy fences and steal livestock. Farm workers are also afraid and never walk alone.

As their way of life falters before the murderous onslaught, farmers may have found a solution to their plight. A joint venture with the Agricultural Union and Dain-

ler-Benz has seen Kwazulu Natal getting involved in the pilot programme for a high-tech security system involving ultra-modern satellite and remote communication.

The Agricultural Union's director of general services, Kobus Visser, said the Inmarsat-C system was the brain-child of the Dainler-Benz company.

The security system is linked to a computer, modern and the farm's existing alarm set-up. If the alarm is triggered, a signal is sent through the modem to a network of neighbours. The farmer can even send

messages to a cellular phone.

The main control centre will be the hub of the network, alerting defence force members to a farmer's plight. Visser added that the farmers will be

## Darkness brings hidden terrors

farmer to differentiate between animal, vehicle and human using his computer. A map of his farm will show where his livestock, vehicles and farm-workers are and he will be able to track their movements.

Visser said they were ironing out a few details, such as being able to identify when an intruder gained entrance to the property.

He added that they were hoping to test the radar project during the pilot phase of the Inmarsat-C system.

The provinces worst affected by farm attacks have been prioritised, and Kwazulu Natal has been awarded three

trained as commando members.

Visser said they are also working on another high-tech feature using radar technology. This system will enable the

## Darkness brings hidden terrors

farmer to differentiate between animal, vehicle and human using his computer. A map of his farm will show where his livestock, vehicles and farm-workers are and he will be able to track their movements.

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The provinces worst affected by farm attacks have been prioritised, and Kwazulu Natal has been awarded three

pilot sites.

According to Shone the programme will begin within the next few weeks and if it proves both effective and viable, it will be implemented throughout the province.

Shone said his main concern was for the small scale or emergent farmers. He wants farmers like Nyoka to be better protected against attacks. "I want to make sure whatever the advantages of the new system are, we bring it as close as possible and make it as affordable as possible to those farmers and not just the white farmers."

"That is our official position," said Shone.

Milne de Lange, who head Kwanalu's security desk, said there were some other hi-tech security systems in the pipeline, such as a radar monitoring device.

His north coast farm will be the site of the first pilot programme which will be tested early next month.

Four sites, involving different aspects, have been identified for this programme and D Lange said they hoped to test the system on various problem areas, including areas where cattle theft is rife, mountainous terrain, farms in built-up areas and farm-attack areas.

The farmers hope technology will be their salvation.

(36) Raw 21/1/99

# Troubled Zambian mine to retrench 3 000 workers

ANTHONY MUKWITA

(364)

20/7/99

Lusaka - Three thousand miners at the troubled Roan Antelope Mining Corporation of Zambia (RAMCZ) would be retrenched in an exercise aimed at streamlining and strengthening operations, the company and the Mineworkers' Union of Zambia (MUZ) said this week.

Management indicated the retrenchments would be take effect soon, but did not specify when.

The move will reduce the workforce at the mining company by half, and anxious miners are seeking government intervention.

RAMCZ management and the MUZ confirmed the retrenchments to the Zambian media in separate statements this week. They intimated that much as they regretted the move, it was necessary in a liberalised economy like Zambia's.

"We are waiting for the next move from the government," said Cameron Pwele, the MUZ chairman for the RAMCZ branch.

Zambia started to liberalise its economy in 1992 after President Frederick Chiluba, a former unionist, took power from socialist Kenneth Kaunda.

RAMCZ, which was bought by Binani, an Indian group, has not had it easy for some time now. Miners have constantly gone on strike over wages while operations have sometimes been disrupted because the owners have failed to pay electricity bills.

Critics of Zambia's economic recovery programme, the fastest moving in Africa, have often cited RAMCZ as an example of privatisation gone sour. But the sponsors of the programme, the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, say it has recorded more successes than failures. - Independent Foreign Service